Vimba .NET API



Vimba .NET API Programmer's Manual

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1 Contacting Allied Vision Technologies

Note



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2 Introduction

2.1 Document history

Version	Date	Changes
1.0	2012-09-27	Initial version
1.1	2013-03-05	Added which methods can be called within a callback, fixed wording and for-
		matting issues
1.2	2013-06-18	Small corrections, layout changes
1.2.1	2013-08-25	Corrected error code chapter, small changes
1.3	2014-08-11	Appended the function reference, re-structured and made corrections

2.2 Conventions used in this manual

To give this manual an easily understood layout and to emphasize important information, the following typographical styles and symbols are used:

2.2.1 Styles

Style	Function	Example
Bold	Programs, inputs or highlighting important things	bold
Courier	Code listings etc.	Input
Upper case	Constants	CONSTANT
Italics	Modes, fields, features	Mode
Blue and/or parentheses	Links	(Link)

2.2.2 Symbols

Note



This symbol highlights important information.

Caution



This symbol highlights important instructions. You have to follow these instructions to avoid malfunctions.

www



This symbol highlights URLs for further information. The URL itself is shown in blue.

Example: http://www.alliedvisiontec.com



3 General aspects of the API

AVT Vimba .NET API is an object-oriented API for .NET languages that enables programmers to interact with AVT cameras independent of the interface technology (1394, Gigabit Ethernet). It utilizes GenICam transport layer modules to connect to the various camera interfaces (1394, Gigabit Ethernet) and is therefore generic in terms of camera interfaces.

The entry point to Vimba API is the Vimba class. The Vimba class allows to control the API's behavior and to query for interfaces and cameras.





The Vimba User Guide contains a description of the API concepts.

4 API Usage

Note



The entry point to the Vimba .NET API is the Vimba object. Use new Vimba to obtain a .NET reference to it.

4.1 API Setup

Vimba .NET API is a .NET 2.0 assembly. Hence, a C# application using the Vimba .NET API should ideally be built with the .Net 2.0 framework. If a newer .NET framework version is used, the following text must be added to the app.config file (example given for .NET framework 4.0):

4.2 API Version

Even if new features are introduced to Vimba .NET API, your software remains backwards compatible. Please use the property Vimba . Version to check the version number of Vimba .NET API.



4.3 API Startup and Shutdown

In order to start and shut down Vimba .NET API, use these paired functions:

- Vimba. Startup initializes Vimba API.
- Vimba. Shutdown shuts down Vimba API when you're done (as soon as all observers are finished).

Vimba. Startup and Vimba. Shutdown must always be paired. Calling the pair several times within the same program is possible, but not recommended. In order to free resources, shut down Vimba API when you don't use it.

Successive calls of Vimba. Startup or Vimba. Shutdown are ignored, and the first Vimba. Shutdown after a Vimba. Startup will close the API.

4.4 Object Lifetime

All .NET Vimba objects are connected to a corresponding internal object by a kind of shared pointer. That means a Vimba .NET object will not be destroyed by a simple dereferencing in the user application. It will be destroyed when the last reference within the complete application (consisting of the user application and Vimba) is dropped. If an internal situation causes longer lifetime of this object, it could be destroyed at a later time.

The best example for this is a Camera object, which is created during Vimba startup (if the camera is already plugged in) or during runtime (when plugged in later). The Camera object will not be destroyed by Vimba until it is physically unplugged or Vimba is shut down. Consequently, for a camera that stays connected, the returned Camera object reference will always stay the same.

Another example is the Frame object created by the user application. This object will live as long as the framework works with it and will be destroyed when the framework and user application have no reference anymore.



4.5 Listing available cameras

Note



For a quick start, see ListCameras example of the Vimba SDK.

Vimba. Cameras enumerates all cameras recognized by the underlying transport layers. With this command, the programmer can fetch the list of all connected cameras. Before opening any camera, the camera object contains all static details of a physical camera that do not change throughout the object's lifetime such as:

- Camera ID
- Camera model
- Name or ID of the connected interface (for example, the network or 1394 adapter)

1394 cameras:

On the 1394 bus, changes to the plugged cameras are detected automatically. Consequently, any changes to the camera list are announced via discovery event.

GigE cameras:

For GigE cameras, discovery has to be initiated by the host software. This is done automatically if you register a handler for a CameraListChanged event with the Vimba class. In this case, a call to Vimba. GetCameras returns immediately. If no CameraListChanged event handler has registered, a call to Vimba. GetCameras takes some time because the responses to the initiated discovery command must be waited for.

See Listing 1 for an example of **getting the camera list**.

Listing 1: Get Cameras

```
string strName;
2 Vimba sys = new Vimba();
3 CameraCollection cameras = null;
5 try
6 {
    sys.Startup();
    cameras = sys.Cameras;
8
9
    Console.WriteLine( "Cameras found: " + cameras.Count );
10
    Console.WriteLine();
11
12
    foreach (Camera camera in cameras)
13
14
15
      try
16
         strName = camera.Name;
17
18
      catch ( VimbaException ve )
19
20
         strName = ve.Message;
21
22
      Console.WriteLine( "/// Camera Name: " + strName );
23
```

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```
24    }
25 }
26 finally
27 {
28    sys.Shutdown();
29 }
```

The Camera class provides the properties listed in Table 1 to obtain information about a camera.

Туре	Name	Purpose
string	Id	The unique ID
string	Name	The name
string	Model	The model name
string	SerialNumber	The serial number
VmbAccessModeType	PermittedAccess	The mode to open the camera
string	InterfaceID	The ID of the interface the camera is connected to

Table 1: Basic properties of the Camera class

Notifications of changed camera states

To get notified whenever a camera is detected, disconnected, or changes its open state, define and add a delegate for CameraListChanged events. The delegate has to be of type OnCameraListChangeHandler().

Note



Vimba. Shutdown blocks until all events have finished execution.

Functions that must **not** be called within the event routine:

Caution



- Vimba.Startup
- Vimba.Shutdown
- Vimba.Cameras.get
- Feature.xxxValue.set
- Feature.RunCommand



4.6 Opening and closing a camera

A camera must be opened to control it and to capture images.

Call Camera.Open on the camera list entry of your choice, or use the function Vimba.OpenCameraByID with the ID of the camera. In both cases, also provide the desired access mode for the camera. Vimba API provides several access modes:

- VmbAccessModeFull read and write access. Use this mode to configure the camera features and to acquire images
- VmbAccessModeConfig enables configuring the IP address of your GigE camera
- VmbAccessModeRead read-only access. For GigE cameras that are already in use by another application, the acquired images can be transferred to Vimba API.

An example for **opening a camera** retrieved from the camera list is shown in Listing 2.

Listing 2: Open Camera

```
1 Vimba sys = new Vimba();
2 CameraCollection cameras = null;
4 try
5 {
    sys.Startup();
    cameras = sys.Cameras;
    foreach (Camera camera in cameras)
9
10
11
      try
      {
12
         camera.Open( VmbAccessModeType.VmbAccessModeFull );
13
         Console.WriteLine( "/// Camera opened" );
14
15
16
      catch ( VimbaException ve )
17
         Console.WriteLine( "/// Camera open error : " +
18
                             ve.MapReturnCodeToString() );
19
      }
20
    }
21
22 }
23 finally
24 {
    sys.Shutdown();
25
26 }
```

Listing 3 shows how to open a camera by its IP address.

Listing 3: Open Camera by IP

```
1 Vimba sys = new Vimba();
2 Camera camera=null;
3
4 try
5 {
6    sys.Startup();
7
8    try
```



```
{
9
     camera = sys.OpenCameraByID( "192.168.0.42",
10
                                    VmbAccessModeType.VmbAccessModeFull );
     Console.WriteLine( "/// Camera opened" );
12
13
   catch ( VimbaException ve )
14
15
     Console.WriteLine( "/// Camera open error : " +
16
                         ve.MapReturnCodeToString() );
17
    }
18
19 }
20 finally
21 {
   sys.Shutdown();
22
23 }
```

To close a camera, use Camera. Close.



4.7 Accessing Features

Note



For a quick start, see ListFeatures example of the Vimba SDK.

GenICam-compliant features control and monitor various aspects of the drivers and cameras. For more details on features, see the Vimba SDK Features, the 1394 Transport Layer Feature Description (if the AVT1394TL has been installed) or the GigE Vision Transport Layer Feature Description and the AVT GigE Camera and Driver Features Manual (if the AVTGigETL has been installed).

There are several feature types which have type-specific properties and allow type-specific functionality: Integer, Float, Enum, String, Boolean, Raw data. Vimba API provides its own set of access functions and properties for each of these feature types.

Table 2 lists Vimba functions and properties of the Feature class used to access feature values.

Feature Type	Set/Get	Range	Other
Enum	EnumValue	EnumRange	IsEnumValueAvailable
			EnumEntries
	EnumIntValue		EnumValues
			EnumIntValues
long	IntValue	IntRangeMin	IntIncrement
		IntRangeMax	
double	FloatValue	FloatRangeMin	
		FloatRangeMax	
string	StringValue		
bool	BoolValue		
Command	RunCommand		
	IsCommandDone		
Raw	RawValue		

Table 2: Properties and functions for accessing a Feature

With the properties XXXValue, a feature's value can be accessed.

Integer and double features support read-only properties XXXRangeMin and XXXRangeMax. They return the minimum and maximum value that a feature can have. Integer features also support the IntIncrement property to query the step size of feature changes. Valid values for integer features are min <= val <= min + [(max-min)/increment] * increment (the maximum value might not be valid).

Enumeration features support properties EnumValues and EnumIntValues that return an array of strings or integers. The values returned in these arrays can be used to set the feature according to the result of IsEnumValueAvailable. An enumeration feature can also be used in a similar way as an integer feature.



Since not all the features are available all the time, the current accessibility of features may be queried via methods IsReadable() and IsWritable(), and the availability of Enum values may be queried with functions IsEnumValueAvailable(string) or IsEnumValueAvailable(int).

With property Camera. Features, you can list all features available for a camera. This list remains static while the camera is opened. The Feature class of the entries in this list also provides information about the features that always stay the same for this camera. Use the following properties of class Feature to access them:

Property	Purpose
Name	Name of the feature
DisplayName	Name to display in GUI
DataType	Data type of the feature. Gives information about the available functions for the feature. See table 2
Flags	Static feature flags, containing information about the actions available for a feature and how changes might affect it. Read¹ and Write¹ flags determine whether get and set functions might succeed. Volatile features may change with every successive read. When writing ModifyWrite features, they will be adjusted to valid values
Category	Category the feature belongs to, used for structuring the features
PollingTime	The suggested time to poll the feature
Unit	The unit of the feature, if available
Representation	The scale to represent the feature, used as a hint for feature control
Visibility	The audience the feature is for
ToolTip	Short description of the feature, used for bubble help
Description	Description of the feature, used as extended explanation
SFNCNamespace	The SFNC namespace of the feature
AffectedFeatures	Features that change if the feature is changed
SelectedFeatures	Features that are selected by the feature

Table 3: Static properties of a Feature

For an example of **reading a camera feature**, see Listing 4.

Listing 4: Reading a camera feature

```
1 FeatureCollection features=null;
2 Feature feature=null;
3 long width;
4
5 try
6 {
7 features = camera.Features;
```

¹For the current availability, query methods IsReadable() and IsWritable(), and the availability of Enum values may be queried with functions IsEnumValueAvailable() or IsEnumValueAvailable(int).



```
8  feature = features[ "Width" ];
9  width = feature.IntValue;
10  Console.WriteLine( "/// Width = " + width.ToString() );
11 }
12 catch ( VimbaException ve )
13 {
14  Console.WriteLine( "/// Feature error: " + ve.Message );
15 }
```

As an example for writing features to a camera and running a command feature, see Listing 5.

Listing 5: Writing features and running command features

```
1 FeatureCollection features=null;
2 Feature feature=null;
3
4 try
5 {
6    features = camera.Features;
7    feature = features[ "AcquisitionMode" ];
8    feature.EnumValue = "Continuous";
9    feature = features[ "AcquisitionStart" ];
10    feature.RunCommand();
11    Console.WriteLine( "/// Acquisition started" );
12 }
13 catch ( VimbaException ve )
14 {
15    Console.WriteLine( "/// Feature error: " + ve.Message );
16 }
```

Table 4 introduces the basic features of all cameras. A feature has a name, a type, and access flags such as read-permitted and write-permitted.

Feature	Туре	Access Flags	Description
AcquisitionMode	Enumeration	R/W	The acquisition mode of the camera. Value set: Continuous, SingleFrame, MultiFrame.
AcquisitionStart	Command		Start acquiring images.
AcquisitionStop	Command		Stop acquiring images.
PixelFormat	Enumeration	R/W	The image format. Possible values are e.g.: Mono8, RGB8Packed, YUV411Packed, BayerRG8,
Width	Uint32	R/W	Image width, in pixels.
Height	Uint32	R/W	Image height, in pixels.
PayloadSize	Uint32	R	Number of bytes in the camera payload, including the image.

Table 4: Basic features found on all cameras

To **get notified when a feature's value changes**, use Feature.OnFeatureChangeHandler. In the implementation of this function it is possible to react on updated feature values as it will get called by



Vimba .NET API on the according event.

Note



Vimba. Shutdown blocks until all events have finished execution.

Functions that must **not** be called within the event routine:

Caution



- Vimba.Startup
- Vimba.Shutdown
- Vimba.Cameras.get
- Feature.xxxValue.set
- Feature.RunCommand



4.8 Image Capture (API) and Acquisition (Camera)

Note



The Vimba User Guide describes the principles of synchronous and asynchronous image acquisition.

Note



For a quick start, see SynchronousGrab or AsynchronousGrab examples of the Vimba SDK.

4.8.1 Image Capture and Image Acquisition

Image capture and image acquisition are two independent operations: **Vimba API captures** images, the **camera acquires** images.

To obtain an image from your camera, setup Vimba API to capture images before starting the acquisition on the camera:

Note



Note that the .NET API provides convenience functions for standard applications. These functions perform several procedures in just one step. However, for complex applications with special requirements, manual programming as described here is still required.

4.8.2 Image Capture

To enable image capture, frame buffers must be allocated, and the API must be prepared for incoming frames.

This is done in convenience function Camera. StartContinuousAcquisition (Camera. StopContinuousAcquisition stops acquisition.).

Please find below how to asynchronously capture images step by step:

- 1. Open the camera as described in chapter Opening and closing a camera
- 2. Query the necessary buffer size through the feature *PayloadSize* (A)¹. Allocate frame buffers of this size.(B)
- 3. Announce the frame buffers (1).
- 4. Start the capture engine (2).
- 5. Queue the frame you have just created with Camera. QueueFrame, so that the buffer can be filled when the acquisition has started (3).
 - The API is now ready. Start and stop image acquisition on the camera as described in chapter Image Acquisition.

¹The bracketed tokens in this chapter refer to Listing 6.



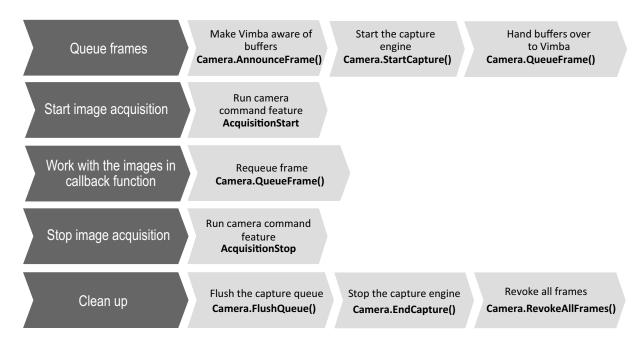


Figure 1: Typical asynchronous application using Vimba.NET

- 6. Register a delegate (C) that gets executed when capturing is complete.

 The delegate has to be of type Camera.OnFrameReceivedHandler. During event handling, queue the frame again after you have processed it.
- 7. Call Camera.FlushQueue to cancel all frames on the queue. In case the API has done memory allocation, this memory is not released until the camera class' RevokeAllFrames / RevokeFrame, EndCapture or Close function has been called.
- 8. Stop the capture engine with Camera. EndCapture.
- 9. Revoke the frames with Camera. RevokeAllFrames to clear the buffers.

To **synchronously capture images** (blocking your execution thread), follow these steps:

- 1. Open the camera as described in chapter Opening and closing a camera
- 2. How you proceed depends on the number of frames you need:
 - A single frame: Use Camera. AcquireSingleImage to receive an image frame.
 - **Multiple frames:** Use Camera. AcquireMultipleImages to receive several image frames (determined by the size of your vector of FramePtrs).

To assure correct continuous image capture, use at least two or three frames. The appropriate number of frames to be queued in your application depends on the frames per second the camera delivers and on the speed with which you are able to re-queue frames (also taking into consideration the operating system load). The image frames are filled in the same order in which they were queued.

Note



Always check that Frame. ReceiveStatus returns

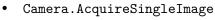
VmbFrameStatusComplete when a frame is returned to ensure the data is valid.

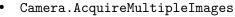


Functions that must **not** be called within the event routine:

- Vimba.Startup
- Vimba.Shutdown
- Camera.Open
- Camera.Close

Caution





- Camera.StartContinuousImageAcquisition
- Camera.StopContinuousImageAcquisition
- Camera.StartCapture
- Camera.EndCapture
- Camera.AnnounceFrame
- Camera.RevokeFrame
- Camera.RevokeAllFrames

4.8.3 Image Acquisition

If you have decided to use one of the functions AcquireSingleImage, AcquireMultipleImages, or StartContinuousImageAcquisition of the Camera class, no further actions have to be taken.

Only if you have setup capture step by step as described in chapter Image Capture, you have to start image acquisition on your camera:

- 1. Set the feature Acquisition Mode (e.g. to Continuous).
- 2. Run the command AcquisitionStart (4).

To stop image acquisition, run command AcquisitionStop.

Listing 6 shows a **simplified streaming example** (without error handling).

Listing 6: Streaming

```
1 Camera m_Camera=null;
3 private void StartCamera()
    Vimba sys = new Vimba();
    CameraCollection cameras=null;
    FeatureCollection features=null;
    Feature feature=null;
9
    long payloadSize;
    Frame[] frameArray = new Frame[3];
10
11
    sys.Startup();
12
13
14
    cameras = sys.Cameras;
15
    m_Camera = cameras[0];
16
    m_Camera.Open(VmbAccessModeType.VmbAccessModeFull );
17
18
    m_Camera.OnFrameReceived +=
19
                                                                         (C)
            new Camera.OnFrameReceivedHandler(OnFrameReceived);
20
21
    features = m_Camera.Features;
22
    feature = features[ "PayloadSize" ];
                                                                         (A)
```



```
payloadSize = feature.IntValue;
    for ( int index=0; index<frameArray.Length; ++index )</pre>
26
27
      frameArray[index] = new Frame( payloadSize );
                                                                          (B)
28
      m_Camera.AnnounceFrame( frameArray[index] );
                                                                          (1)
29
30
31
32
    m_Camera.StartCapture();
                                                                          (2)
    for ( int index=0; index<frameArray.Length; ++index )</pre>
35
      m_Camera.QueueFrame( frameArray[index] );
                                                                          (3)
36
37
38
    feature = features[ "AcquisitionMode" ];
                                                                          (4)
39
   feature.EnumValue = "Continuous";
40
41
    feature = features[ "AcquisitionStart" ];
                                                                          (5)
42
    feature.RunCommand();
43
44 }
46 private void StopCamera()
47 {
    FeatureCollection features = m_Camera.Features;
48
    Feature feature = features[ "AcquisitionStop" ];
49
    feature.RunCommand();
50
51
    m_Camera.EndCapture();
52
    m_Camera.FlushQueue();
53
    m_Camera.RevokeAllFrames();
    m_Camera.Close();
55
56 }
                                                                            (C)
58 private void OnFrameReceived(Frame frame)
59 {
    if (InvokeRequired) // if not from this thread invoke it in our context
60
61
      // In case of a separate thread (e.g. GUI ) use BeginInvoke to avoid a deadlock
62
      Invoke(new Camera.OnFrameReceivedHandler(OnFrameReceived), frame);
63
    }
64
65
    if (VmbFrameStatusType.VmbFrameStatusComplete == frame.ReceiveStatus)
67
      Console.WriteLine( "/// Frame status complete" );
68
69
70
    m_Camera.QueueFrame(frame);
71
72 }
```



4.9 Converting Frames into Bitmaps

After acquiring a Frame object, you may want to convert the contained image into a Bitmap object, either to display it or to perform further transformations. This can easily be done by providing a Bitmap object of the correct size to the Frame.Fill() function.

See Listing 7 for an example of converting a frame to an Rgb8 bitmap.

Listing 7: Converting an acquired frame to an Rgb8 bitmap

Since the Bitmap class of .Net 2.0 supports different image formats than the AVT ImageTransform target formats, only a subset of the capabilities of the AVT ImageTransform library is implemented. The usable transformations are shown in Table 5 (for a complete list see the AVT Image Transform Manual):

Sonnos				
Source 🛱	Format8bppIndexed	Format16bppGrayScale ²	Format24bppRgb	Format32bppRgb ²
Mono8	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mono10	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mono12	✓	✓	✓	✓
Mono12Packed	✓	-	~	~
Mono14	✓	✓	~	~
Mono16	✓	✓	~	✓
BayerXX ¹ 8	✓	-	~	~
BayerXX ¹ 10	✓	✓	~	✓
BayerXX ¹ 12	✓	✓	~	~
BayerXX ¹ 12Packed	✓	✓	~	~
BayerXX ¹ 16	✓	✓	~	~
Rgb8	✓	-	~	✓
Bgr8	✓	-	✓	-
Argb8	✓	-	✓	✓
Bgra8	✓	-	✓	✓
Yuv411	✓	-	✓	✓
Yuv422	✓	-	✓	✓
Yuv444	✓	-	✓	✓

Table 5: Possible transformations by function Frame.Fill()

¹BayerXX is any of BayerGR, BayerRG, BayerGB or BayerBG

²This format cannot be used for displaying



If you omit the creation of a suitable bitmap and just provide a null pointer reference to Frame.Fill(), a default conversion is performed that can be looked up in Table 6:

Source format	Target format
Mono8	Format8bppIndexed
Mono10	Format8bppIndexed
Mono12	Format8bppIndexed
Mono12Packed	Format8bppIndexed
Mono14	Format8bppIndexed
Mono16	Format8bppIndexed
BayerXX ³ 8	Format8bppIndexed
BayerXX ³ 10	Format24bppRgb
BayerXX ³ 12	Format24bppRgb
BayerXX ³ 12Packed	Format24bppRgb
BayerXX ³ 16	Format24bppRgb
Rgb8	Format24bppRgb
Bgr8	Format24bppRgb
Argb8	Format24bppRgb
Bgra8	Format24bppRgb
Yuv411	Format24bppRgb
Yuv422	Format24bppRgb
Yuv444	Format24bppRgb

Table 6: Default transformations done by function Frame.Fill()

³BayerXX is any of BayerGR, BayerRG, BayerGB or BayerBG



4.10 Using Events

Events serve a multitude of purposes and can have several origins: The Vimba System, an Interface and cameras.

In Vimba, notifications are issued as a result to a feature invalidation of either its value or its state. Consequently, to get notified about any feature change, add a delegate of the desired type (OnCameraListChangeHandler, OnInterfaceListChangeHandler, or OnFeatureChangeHandler) with the appropriate OnXXXChanged method (OnCameraListChanged(), OnInterfaceListChanged, or OnFeatureChanged), which gets called if there is a change to that feature.

Three examples are listed in this chapter, one for camera list notifications, one for explicit camera event features, and one for tracking invalidations of features.

See Listing 8 for an example of being notified about camera list changes.

Listing 8: Getting notified about camera list changes

```
2 // 1. Implement the delegate for OnCameraListChanged event
3 private void CamListChanged(VmbUpdateTriggerType reason)
   Console.WriteLine(reason);
5
6 }
7
8 {
    // 2. Get Vimba system features
9
    Vimba sys = new Vimba();
10
    FeatureCollection features = sys.Features;
11
12
    // 3. Select the desired event
13
    sys.OnCameraListChanged += new sys.OnCameraListChangeHandler(CamListChanged);
14
15
   // 4. for GigE cameras, invoke "GeVDiscoveryAllOnce"
16
   Feature feature = features["GeVDiscoveryAllOnce"];
17
    feature.RunCommand();
18
19 }
```

See Listing 9 for an example of being notified about **feature changes**.

Listing 9: Getting notified about feature changes

```
1 // 1. Implement the delegate for FeatureChanged event
private void FeatureChanged(Feature feature)
3 {
    Console.WriteLine(feature.Name);
4
5 }
6
7 {
   // 2. Get camera features
8
   Camera
              camera:
   FeatureCollection features = camera.Features;
10
11
   // 3. Enable the desired event notification
12
  Feature feature = features["Width"];
   feature.OnFeatureChanged += new Feature.OnFeatureChangeHandler(FeatureChanged);
```



```
15
16  // as an example, binning is changed, so the change event will be fired
17  Feature featureBin = features["BinningHorizontal"];
18  featureBin.Value = 8;
19 }
```

Camera events are also handled with the same mechanism of feature invalidation. See Listing 10 for an example. For more details about camera events, see the AVT GigE Camera and Driver Features Manual (if the AVTGigETL has been installed) or the 1394 Transport Layer Feature Manual (if the AVT1394TL has been installed).

Listing 10: Getting notified about camera events

```
1 // 1. Implement the delegate for FeatureChanged event
2 private void FeatureChanged(Feature feature)
    Console.WriteLine(feature.Name);
4
5 }
6
7 {
   // 2. Get camera features
8
   Camera
              camera:
  FeatureCollection features = camera.Features;
10
11
   // 3. Select the desired event
   Feature feature = features["EventSelector"];
   feature.EnumValue = "ExposureEnd";
15
16
   // 4. Enable the corresponding event notification
   feature = features["EventNotification"];
17
   feature.EnumValue = "On";
18
19
   // 5. Register the event observer for this event
20
    feature = features["EventExposureEnd"];
21
   feature.OnFeatureChanged += new Feature.OnFeatureChangeHandler(FeatureChanged);
23 }
```



4.11 Additional configuration: Listing interfaces

Vimba. Interfaces will enumerate all interfaces recognized by the underlying transport layers. See Listing 11 for an example.

Listing 11: Get Interfaces

```
1 string strName;
2 Vimba sys = new Vimba();
3 InterfaceCollection interfaces=null;
5 try
6 {
    sys.Startup();
    interfaces = sys.Interfaces;
8
    Console.WriteLine( "Interfaces found: " + interfaces.Count );
10
    Console.WriteLine();
11
12
    foreach (Interface interFace in interfaces)
13
15
      try
16
      {
        strName = interFace.Name;
17
18
      catch ( VimbaException ve )
19
      {
20
        strName = ve.Message;
21
22
      Console.WriteLine( "/// Interface Name: " + strName );
23
24
25 }
26 finally
27 {
28
      sys.Shutdown();
29 }
```

The Interface class provides the following properties to obtain information about an interface listed in Table 7.

Туре	Name	Purpose
string	ID	The unique ID
string	Name	The name
VmbInterfaceType	Туре	The camera interface type
string	SerialNumber	The serial number (not in use)
VmbAccessModeType	PermittedAccess	The mode to open the interface

Table 7: Basic properties of Interface class

To get notified when an interface is detected or disconnected, use Vimba.OnInterfaceListChangeHandler. In the implementation of this function, it is possible to



react on interfaces being plugged in or out as it will get called by Vimba .NET API on the according event.

Note



Vimba. Shutdown blocks until all events have finished execution.

Functions that can **not** be called within the event routine.

- Vimba.Startup
- Vimba.Shutdown
- Vimba.Cameras.get
- Feature.xxxValue.set
- Feature.RunCommand

4.12 Troubleshooting (GigE cameras)

Make sure to set the *PacketSize* feature of GigE cameras to a value supported by your network card. If you use more than one camera on one interface, the available bandwidth has to be shared between the cameras.

- GVSPAdjustPacketSize configures GigE cameras to use the largest possible packets.
- StreamBytesPerSecond enables to configure the individual bandwidth if multiple cameras are used.
- The maximum packet size might not be available on all connected cameras. Try to reduce the packet size.

Further readings:

The AVT GigE Installation Manual provides detailed information on how to configure your system.



4.13 Error Codes

All Vimba API functions may throw a VimbaException. Each exception contains an error ReturnCode of type VmbErrorType, whose possible values are listed in table 8.

Error Code	Value	Description	
VmbErrorSuccess	0	No error	
VmbErrorInternalFault	-1	Unexpected fault in Vimba or driver	
VmbErrorApiNotStarted	-2	Startup was not called before the current comand	
VmbErrorNotFound	-3	The designated instance (camera, feature etc.) cannot be found	
VmbErrorBadHandle	-4	The given handle is not valid	
VmbErrorDeviceNotOpen	-5	Device was not opened for usage	
VmbErrorInvalidAccess	-6	Operation is invalid with the current access mode	
VmbErrorBadParameter	-7	One of the parameters was invalid (usually an illegal pointer)	
VmbErrorStructSize	-8	The given struct size is not valid for this version of the API	
VmbErrorMoreData	-9	More data was returned in a string/list than space was provided	
VmbErrorWrongType	-10	The feature type for this access function was wrong	
VmbErrorInvalidValue	-11	The value was not valid; either out of bounds or not an increment of the minimum	
VmbErrorTimeout	-12	Timeout during wait	
VmbErrorOther	-13	Other error	
VmbErrorResources	-14	Resources not available (e.g. memory)	
VmbErrorInvalidCall	-15	Call is invalid in the current context (e.g. callback)	
VmbErrorNoTL	-16	No transport layers were found	
VmbErrorNotImplemented	-17	API feature is not implemented	
VmbErrorNotSupported	-18	API feature is not supported	
VmbErrorIncomplete	-19	A multiple registers read or write was partially completed	
VmbErrorNETBadParameter	-100	One of the .NET parameters was invalid (usually an illegal reference or empty)	
VmbErrorNETIncomplete	-101	A multiple .NET frame acquisition was incomplete	
VmbErrorNETInvalidCall	-102	A .NET call is invalid in the current context (e.g. acquisition is already running)	
VmbErrorNETNotSupported	-103	A .NET parameter value is not supported (e.g. unsupported pixelformat)	
VmbErrorNETInternalFault	-104	Unexpected fault in VmbAPINET	

Table 8: Error codes returned by Vimba exceptions



5 Functional reference

This chapter lists available methods and properties.

Methods in this chapter are described in this way:

- The caption states the name of the function with empty parentheses.
- The first item is a brief description.
- The parameters of the function are listed in a table (with name and description).
- The return value is stated.
- Finally, the exceptions that this method may throw are listed.

Properties are described in this way:

- The caption states the name of the property.
- The first item it a brief description.
- The return value is stated.
- Finally, the exceptions that may be thrown are listed.



5.1 AncillaryData

AncillaryData encapsules additional data that was sent together with an image. It is equivalent to GenICam's chunk data.

5.1.1 Buffer

The raw memory buffer of the ancillary data.

Return value: array of Bytes

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.1.2 Close()

Drops access to the ancillary data inside a frame.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.1.3 Features

A collection of Features dependent on this object.

Return value: FeatureCollection object

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.1.4 Open()

Allows access to the elements of the ancillary data, either via feature access or via the raw buffer. Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

Note



Since ancillary data is only valid for a single frame, but receives its definition from the camera the frame came from, it should be closed as soon as possible.



5.2 Camera

A Camera object represents a physical camera.

Before opening it with Camera. Open, only the static properties can be queried.

After opening, the camera features are accessible and you may acquire images.

5.2.1 Camera()

Protected constructor. Only for use in derived classes.

Name	Description
cameraID	The ID of the camera.
cameraName	The name of the camera.
cameraModel	The model name of the camera.
cameraSerialNumber	The serial number of the camera.
interfaceID	The ID of the interface the camera is connected to.
interfaceType	The type of the interface the camera is connected to.
interfaceName	The name of the interface the camera is connected to.
interfaceSerialNumber	The serial number of the interface the camera is connected to.
interfacePermittedAccess	The access mode of the interface the camera is connected to.

5.2.2 AcquireMultipleImages()

Gets multiple images synchronously.

Name	Description
frames	Reference to array of empty Frame objects. The size of the array determines the exact number of images to grab.
timeout	timeout how long the function should wait for the image (in milliseconds). The timeout is used for each image, not for the whole sequence.

Exceptions:

- AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment or when the passed Frame array is invalid.
- **System.TimeoutException:** Thrown if acquisition times out.
- **System.ExecutionEngineException:** Thrown on issues in the system environment.

Note

This is a convenience function, doing all the necessary startup functions and cleanup afterwards.



Note



If a timeout is encountered, the function is aborted.

5.2.3 AcquireMultipleImages()

Gets multiple images synchronously and returns the number of valid frames.

Name	Description
frames	Reference to array of empty Frame objects. The size of the array determines the maximum number of images to grab.
timeout	timeout how long it should wait for the image (in milliseconds). The timeout is used for each image, not for the whole sequence.
numFramesCompleted	number of frames with valid frame data.

Exception:

 AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment or when the passed Frame array is invalid.





This is a convenience function, doing all the necessary startup functions and cleanup afterwards.

5.2.4 AcquireSingleImage()

Acquires one image into a Frame.

Name	Description
frame	Reference to an empty Frame object. It will contain the image after the call.
timeout	Timeout how long it should wait for the image (in milliseconds).

Exceptions:

- **AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException:** Thrown on issues in the Vimba environment.
- **System.TimeoutException:** Thrown if acquisition times out.
- **System.ExecutionEngineException:** Thrown on issues in the system environment.

Note



This is a convenience function, doing all the necessary startup functions and cleanup afterwards, so using it in a loop will be relatively slow. Instead, consider using AcquireMultipleImages or StartContinuousImageAcquisition



5.2.5 AnnounceFrame()

Announces a frame to the API that may be queued for frame capturing later.

Name	Description
frame	Frame to announce.

Exception:

 AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment or when the passed Frame is invalid.

5.2.6 Close()

Closes a Camera. Frees the access to this camera.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.7 EndCapture()

Stops the API from being able to receive frames from this camera.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.8 Features

A feature collection of the camera.

Return value: FeatureCollection.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.9 FlushQueue()

Flushes the capture queue.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.10 ld

Gets the camera id.

Return value: System::String.

Exception:



5.2.11 InterfaceID

Gets the camera interface id. Return value: System::String.

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.12 InterfaceType

Gets the type of the interface the camera is connected to, and consequently the type of the camera itself. Return value: VmbInterfaceType.

Exception:

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.13 Model

Gets the camera model.

Return value: System::String.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.14 Name

Gets the camera name.

Return value: System::String.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.15 OnFrameReceived()

Event will be triggered when a Frame buffer is filled with data. See AVT.VmbAPINET.Camera.OnFrameReceivedHandler for the expected signature of event subscribers.

5.2.16 OnFrameReceivedHandler()

Delegate used for OnFrameReceived events.



5.2.17 Open()

Opens a Camera. Use this function to access features of a camera and - in case of full access - to acquire images.

Name	Description
accessMode	Parameter of type VmbAccessModeType to set the desired accessibility.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.18 PermittedAccess

Gets the permitted access of the camera.

Return value: VmbAccessModeType.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.19 QueueFrame()

Queues a frame that may be filled during frame capturing.

Name	Description
frame	Frame to queue.

Exception:

• **AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException:** Thrown on issues in the environment or when the passed Frame is invalid.

5.2.20 ReadMemory()

Reads a block of memory. The number of bytes to read is determined by the size of the provided buffer.

Name	Description
address	start address to read.
bufferArray	Reference to array of data buffer. Memory will be saved to this array.
readLength	uiReadLength determines how many bytes to read.
completedReads	Reference to an uint. The number of read memory bytes will be saved to this variable.

Exception:

 AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment or when the length is invalid.



5.2.21 ReadRegisters()

Reads one or more registers consecutively. The number of registers to read is determined by the number of provided addresses.

Name	Description
addressArray	Array of addresses. Size of address buffer determines how many registers to read.
dataArray	Reference to array of data. Registers will be saved to this array.
completedReads	Reference to an uint. The number of read registers will be saved to this variable.

Exception:

• **AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException:** Thrown on issues in the environment or when the address array is invalid.

5.2.22 RevokeAllFrames()

Revokes all frames assigned to this certain camera.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.23 RevokeFrame()

Revokes a frame from the API.

Name	Description
frame	Frame to revoke.

Exception:

• **AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException:** Thrown on issues in the environment or when the passed Frame is invalid.

5.2.24 SerialNumber

Gets the camera serial number.

Return value: System::String.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.2.25 StartCapture()

Prepares the API for incoming frames from this camera.

Exception:



5.2.26 StartContinuousImageAcquisition()

Starts streaming and allocates the needed frames.

Name	Description
frameCount	count of Frame(s) which should be used for this function.

Exception:

 AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment or when the passed frame count is invalid.



This is a convenience function. Register a FrameObserver and queue the received Frame(s).

5.2.27 StopContinuousImageAcquisition()

Stops streaming and frees the used frames

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.



This is a convenience function. Deregister the FrameObserver again.

5.2.28 ToString()

Returns the name of camera. Return value: System::String.

5.2.29 WriteMemory()

Writes a block of memory. The number of bytes to write is determined by the size of the provided buffer.

Name	Description
address	start address to write.
bufferArray	array of data buffer.
completedWrites	Reference to an uint. The number of read memory bytes will be saved to this variable.

Exception:

• **AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException:** Thrown on issues in the environment or when the length is invalid.



5.2.30 WriteRegisters()

Writes one or more registers consecutively. The number of registers to write is determined by the number of provided addresses.

Name	Description
addressArray	Array of addresses. Size of address buffer determines how many registers to write.
dataArray	Array of register data.
completedWrites	Reference to an uint. The number of written registers will be saved to this variable.

Exception:

• **AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException:** Thrown on issues in the environment or when the address/data array is invalid.



5.3 CameraCollection

Collects functionality for a list of cameras, e.g. used in the Vimba. Cameras property.

5.3.1 CopyTo()

Copies the elements of the ICollection to an Array, starting at a particular Array index.

Name	Description	
items	The one-dimensional Array that is the destination of the elements copied from ICollection.	
index	The zero-based index in array at which copying begins.	

Exceptions:

- System.IndexOutOfRangeException: Thrown when index exceeds range.
- System.ArgumentNullException: array is null.
- System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException: index is less than zero.
- **System.ArgumentException:** array is multidimensional.
 - -or- index is equal to or greater than the length of array.
 - -or- The number of elements in the source System. Collections. ICollection is greater than the available space from index to the end of the destination array.

5.3.2 Count

Gets the number of elements contained in the collection.

Return value: An int representing the number of elements.

5.3.3 GetEnumerator()

Returns an enumerator that iterates through the camera collection.

Return value: A System::Collections::IEnumerator for iterating through the collection

5.3.4 IsSynchronized

Gets a value indicating whether access to the ICollection is synchronized (thread safe).

Return value: A bool value

5.3.5 Item

Fetches the camera with the given index from the current list.

Name	Description
index	Index of the camera to get.

Return value: A Camera object.

Exception:

• System.IndexOutOfRangeException: Thrown when index exceeds range.



5.3.6 SyncRoot

Gets an object that can be used to synchronize access to the ICollection.

Return value: A System::0bject.

5.3.7 default

Fetches the camera with the given ID from the current list.

Name	Description
cameraId	Camera id.

Return value: A Camera object.

Exceptions:

- System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException: Thrown when index exceeds range.
- System.ArgumentNullException: cameraID is null.



5.4 CameraCollectionEnumerator

Supports a simple iteration over a CameraCollection . See System . Collections . IEnumerator . See also AVT . VmbAPINET . CameraCollection .



5.5 EnumEntry

Provides Enumeration feature functionality.

5.5.1 Description

Gets the description of an enumeration.

Return value: String value.

5.5.2 DisplayName

Gets a more declarative name of an enumeration.

Return value: String value.

5.5.3 Name

Gets the name of an enumeration.

Return value: String value.

5.5.4 SFNCNamespace

Gets the standard feature naming convention namespace of the enumeration.

Return value: String value.

5.5.5 Tooltip

Gets a tooltip that can be used as pop up help in a GUI.

Return value: String value.

5.5.6 Value

Gets the integer value of an enumeration.

Return value: Int64 value.

5.5.7 Visibility

Gets the visibility of an enumeration.

Return value: VmbFeatureVisibilityType value.



5.6 EnumEntryCollection

Collects functionality for a list of EnumEntry items, e.g. used in the Feature class.

5.6.1 CopyTo()

Copies the elements of the ICollection to an Array, starting at a particular Array index.

Name	Description
items	The one-dimensional Array that is the destination of the elements copied from ICollection.
index	The zero-based index in array at which copying begins.

Exceptions:

- System.IndexOutOfRangeException: Thrown when index exceeds range.
- System.ArgumentNullException: array is null.
- System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException: index is less than zero.
- **System.ArgumentException:** array is multidimensional. -or- index is equal to or greater than the length of array. -or- The number of elements in the source System.Collections.ICollection is greater than the available space from index to the end of the destination array.

5.6.2 Count

Gets the number of elements contained in the ICollection.

5.6.3 GetEnumerator()

Returns an enumerator that iterates through a collection.

5.6.4 IsSynchronized

Gets a value indicating whether access to the ICollection is synchronized (thread safe).

5.6.5 Item

Gets the EnumEntry of the selected input index.

Name	Description
index	Number of EnumEntry list index to get.

Return value: EnumEntry object.

Exception:

• **System.IndexOutOfRangeException:** Thrown when index exceeds range.

5.6.6 SyncRoot

Gets an object that can be used to synchronize access to the ICollection.

Return value: Returns an object that can be used to synchronize access to the ICollection.



5.6.7 default

Gets the EnumEntry of the selected input string ID.

Name	Description
enumEntry	String of the enum entry.

Return value: EnumEntry object.

Exceptions:

- **System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException:** Thrown when index exceeds range.
- System.ArgumentNullException: string is null.



5.7 EnumEntryCollectionEnumerator

Supports a simple iteration over an EnumEntryCollection . See System.Collections.IEnumerator . See also AVT.VmbAPINET.EnumEntryCollection .



5.8 Feature

Collects all functionality for Vimba features.

5.8.1 AffectedFeatures

Gets collection of Features.

Return value: FeatureCollection object.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.2 BoolValue

Sets/Gets value of Feature.

Return value: Boolean value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.3 Category

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.4 DataType

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: VmbFeatureDataType value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.5 Description

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:



5.8.6 DisplayName

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.7 EnumEntries

Gets collection of EnumEntries.

Return value: EnumEntryCollection object.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.8 EnumIntValue

Sets/Gets int value of Feature.

Return value: int value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.9 EnumIntValues

Gets all possible Int64 enums of Feature range in an array of Int64.

Return value: Int64[] value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.10 EnumValue

Sets/Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.11 EnumValues

Gets all possible string enums of Feature range in an array of strings.

Return value: String[] value.

Exception:



5.8.12 Flags

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: VmbFeatureFlagsType value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.13 FloatRangeMax

Gets maximum value of Feature range.

Return value: Double value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.14 FloatRangeMin

Gets minimum value of Feature range.

Return value: Double value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.15 FloatValue

Sets/Gets value of Feature.

Return value: Double value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.16 IntIncrement

Gets int increment value of Feature.

Return value: long value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.17 IntRangeMax

Gets maximum value of Feature range.

Return value: long value.

Exception:



5.8.18 IntRangeMin

Gets minimum value of Feature range.

Return value: long value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.19 IntValue

Sets/Gets value of Feature.

Return value: long value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.20 IsCommandDone()

Checks if command Feature is done.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.21 IsEnumValueAvailable()

Indicates whether an existing enumeration-value is currently available.

An enumeration value might not be selectable due to the camera's current configuration.

Name	Description
enumValue	int64 enum value to test.

Return value: Boolean value.

Exception:

AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException:

Thrown on issues in the environment. Possible ReturnCodes are:

- VmbErrorSuccess: If no error
- VmbErrorInvalidValue: If the given value is not a valid enumeration-value for this enum
- VmbErrorApiNotStarted: Startup() was not called before the current command
- VmbErrorInvalidAccess: Operation is invalid with the current access mode
- VmbErrorWrongType: The feature is not an enumeration

5.8.22 IsEnumValueAvailable()

Indicates whether an existing enumeration-value is currently available.

An enumeration value might not be selectable due to the camera's current configuration.

Name	Description
enumValue	String enum value to test.

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Return value: Boolean value.

Exception:

AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException:

Thrown on issues in the environment. Possible ReturnCodes are:

- VmbErrorSuccess: If no error
- VmbErrorInvalidValue: If the given value is not a valid enumeration-value for this enum
- VmbErrorApiNotStarted: Startup() was not called before the current command
- VmbErrorInvalidAccess: Operation is invalid with the current access mode
- VmbErrorWrongType: The feature is not an enumeration

5.8.23 IsReadable()

Checks if it is readable.

Return value: Boolean value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.24 IsStreamable()

Checks if it is streamable.

Return value: Boolean value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.25 IsWritable()

Checks if it is writable.

Return value: Boolean value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.26 Name

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.27 OnFeatureChangeHandler()

Delegate used for OnFeatureChanged events

Name	Description
	Feature that was the reason of this event



5.8.28 OnFeatureChanged()

Event will be triggered when the feature changes. See AVT.VmbAPINET.Feature.OnFeatureChangeHandler for the expected signature of event subscribers.

5.8.29 PollingTime

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: int value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.30 RawValue

Sets/Gets value of Feature.

Return value: Byte[] value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.31 Representation

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.32 RunCommand()

Executes a command Feature.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.33 SFNCNamespace

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:



5.8.34 SelectedFeatures

Gets collection of Features.

Return value: FeatureCollection object.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.35 StringValue

Sets/Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.36 **ToString()**

Returns name of feature.

5.8.37 ToolTip

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.38 Unit

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: String value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.8.39 Visibility

Gets value of Feature.

Return value: VmbFeatureVisibilityType value.

Exception:



5.9 FeatureCollection

Collects functionality for a list of features, e.g. used in Camera, Interface, or AncillaryData. See AVT.VmbAPINET.Feature. See also AVT.VmbAPINET.Gamera.Features. See also AVT.VmbAPINET.Interface.Features.

5.9.1 ContainsName()

Checks the existence of a feature by a feature name string.

Name	Description
name	String of the feature name.

Return value: Boolean value.

Exception:

• System.ArgumentNullException: Thrown if name string is null.

5.9.2 CopyTo()

Copies the elements of the ICollection to an Array, starting at a particular Array index.

Name	Description
items	The one-dimensional Array that is the destination of the elements copied from ICollection.
index	The zero-based index in array at which copying begins.

Exceptions:

- System.IndexOutOfRangeException: Thrown when index exceeds range.
- System.ArgumentNullException: array is null.
- System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException: index is less than zero.
- **System.ArgumentException:** array is multidimensional. -or- index is equal to or greater than the length of array. -or- The number of elements in the source System.Collections.ICollection is greater than the available space from index to the end of the destination array.

5.9.3 Count

Gets the number of elements contained in the ICollection.

5.9.4 GetEnumerator()

Returns an enumerator that iterates through a collection.

5.9.5 IsSynchronized

Gets a value indicating whether access to the ICollection is synchronized (thread safe).



5.9.6 Item

Gets the Feature of the selected input index.

Name	Description
index	Number of feature list index to get.

Return value: Feature object.

Exception:

• System.IndexOutOfRangeException: Thrown when index exceeds range.

5.9.7 SyncRoot

Gets an object that can be used to synchronize access to the ICollection.

Return value: Returns an object that can be used to synchronize access to the ICollection.

5.9.8 default

Gets the Feature of the selected input string name.

Name	Description
name	String of the feature name.

Return value: Feature object.

Exceptions:

- **System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException:** Thrown when index exceeds range.
- System.ArgumentNullException: featurename is null.



5.10 FeatureCollectionEnumerator

Supports a simple iteration over a FeatureCollection . See System.Collections.IEnumerator . See also AVT.VmbAPINET.FeatureCollection .



5.11 Frame

Collects functionality for handling image data sent by a camera.

5.11.1 Frame()

Creates an instance of class Frame.

Name	Description
buffer	Buffer array to use.

5.11.2 Frame()

Creates an instance of class Frame.

Name	Description
bufferSize	Size of internal buffer to be created.

5.11.3 AncillaryData

Returns the part of a frame that describes the chunk data as an object. See $\,$

AVT.VmbAPINET.AncillaryData

Return value: AncillaryData object.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.4 AncillarySize

Returns the memory size of the chunk data.

Return value: System::UInt32.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.5 **Buffer**

Returns the complete buffer including image and chunk data.

Return value: Byte[] array.

Exception:



5.11.6 BufferSize

Returns the memory size of the frame buffer holding both the image data and the ancillary data.

Return value: uint value.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.7 Fill()

Fills the given bitmap with current buffer data in an appropriate pixel format.

If bitmap is null, an appropriate object will be created and filled with frame data.

If bitmap is not null, the existing object will be filled with frame data.

For more details, see chapter "Converting Frames into Bitmaps" in the Vimba .NET manual.

Name	Description
bitmap	Reference to a bitmap.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment or bitmap failure.

5.11.8 FrameID

Returns the frame ID.

Return value: System::UInt64.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.9 Height

Returns the height of the image.

Return value: System::UInt32.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.10 ImageSize

Returns the memory size of the image.

Return value: System::UInt32 value.

Exception:



5.11.11 OffsetX

Returns the x offset of the image.

Return value: System::UInt32.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.12 OffsetY

Returns the y offset of the image.

Return value: System::UInt32.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.13 PixelFormat

Returns the GeV compliant pixel format.

Return value: VmbPixelFormatType.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.14 ReceiveStatus

Returns the receive status of a frame.

Return value: VmbFrameStatusType.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.15 Timestamp

Returns the time stamp.

Return value: System::UInt64.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.11.16 Width

Returns the width of the image.

Return value: System::UInt32.

Exception:



5.12 IFrame

Interface to cover important properties of the Frame class.

5.12.1 **Buffer**

Gets the buffer of a Frame.

Return value: An array of unsigned char.

5.12.2 Height

Gets the height of a Frame.

Return value: System::UInt32.

5.12.3 PixelFormat

Gets the pixel format of a Frame.

Return value: VmbPixelFormatType.

5.12.4 Width

Gets the width of a Frame.

Return value: System::UInt32.



5.13 Interface

An Interface object represents a logical interface as provided by the underlying transport layers. Before opening it with Interface. Open, only static properties can be queried. After opening, the interface features are accessible.

5.13.1 Close()

Closes an interface. Will free the access to this interface.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.13.2 Features

Returns a feature collection of the interface.

Return value: FeatureCollection object.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.13.3 ld

Gets the ID of an interface.

Return value: System::String.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.13.4 Name

Gets the name of an interface.

Return value: System::String.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.13.5 Open()

Opens an Interface. Will provide access to an interface.

Exception:



5.13.6 PermittedAccess

Gets the access mode of an interface.

Return value: VmbAccessModeType.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.13.7 SerialNumber

Gets the serial number of an interface.

Return value: System::String.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.13.8 **ToString()**

Returns name of interface.

Return value: System::String.

5.13.9 Type

Gets the type of an interface, e.g. FireWire or Ethernet.

Return value: VmbInterfaceType.

Exception:



5.14 InterfaceCollection

Collects functionality for a list of Interface elements.

5.14.1 CopyTo()

Copies the elements of the ICollection to an Array, starting at a particular Array index.

Name	Description
items	The one-dimensional Array that is the destination of the elements copied from ICollection.
index	The zero-based index in array at which copying begins.

Exceptions:

- System.IndexOutOfRangeException: Thrown when index exceeds range.
- System.ArgumentNullException: array is null.
- System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException: index is less than zero.
- **System.ArgumentException:** array is multidimensional. -or- index is equal to or greater than the length of array. -or- The number of elements in the source System.Collections.ICollection is greater than the available space from index to the end of the destination array.

5.14.2 Count

Gets the number of elements contained in the ICollection.

5.14.3 GetEnumerator()

Returns an enumerator that iterates through a collection.

5.14.4 IsSynchronized

Gets a value indicating whether access to the ICollection is synchronized (thread safe).

5.14.5 Item

Gets the Interface of the selected input index.

Name	Description
index	Number of the interface list index to get.

Return value: Interface object.

Exception:

• **System.IndexOutOfRangeException:** Thrown when index exceeds range.

5.14.6 SyncRoot

Gets an object that can be used to synchronize access to the ICollection.

Return value: Returns an object that can be used to synchronize access to the ICollection.



5.14.7 default

Gets the Interface of the selected input string ID.

Name	Description
interfaceId	String of the interface id.

Return value: Interface object.

Exceptions:

- **System.ArgumentOutOfRangeException:** Thrown when index exceeds range.
- System.ArgumentNullException: interfaceId is null.



5.15 InterfaceCollectionEnumerator

Supports a simple iteration over an InterfaceCollection. See System.Collections.IEnumerator.See also AVT.VmbAPINET.InterfaceCollection.



5.16 Vimba

The Vimba singleton class is the entry point to the Vimba API. To start working with Vimba, call Startup() first. After finishing work, call Shutdown().

5.16.1 Cameras

Retrieves a list of all cameras.

Return value: CameraCollection.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.16.2 CreateCamera()

See AVT. VmbAPINET. Vimba. CreateCameraHandler for the expected signature of event subscribers.

5.16.3 CreateCameraHandler()

Delegate used for CreateCamera events.

Name	Description
cameraID	Camera ID.
cameraName	Camera name.
cameraModel	Camera model.
cameraSerialNumber	Serial number of camera.
interfaceID	Interface ID.
interfaceType	Interface type.
interfaceName	Interface name.
interfaceSerialNumber	Serial number of interface.
interfacePermittedAccess	Permitted access of interface.

5.16.4 GetCameraByID()

Gets a specific camera identified by an ID. The returned camera is still closed.

Name	Description
cameraID	ID string used to select the camera.

Return value: Camera object.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown when ID not found or function parameter invalid.



5.16.5 GetInterfaceByID()

Gets a specific interface identified by an ID.

Name	Description
interfaceID	ID string used to select the interface.

Return value: Interface object.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown when ID not found or function parameter invalid.

5.16.6 Interfaces

Lists all the interfaces currently visible to Vimba API.

Return value: InterfaceCollection.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.16.7 OnCameraListChangeHandler()

Delegate used for OnCameraListChanged events.

Name	Description
reason	VmbUpdateTriggerType enum.

5.16.8 OnCameraListChanged()

Event that will be triggered when the camera list changes. See AVT.VmbAPINET.Vimba.OnCameraListChangeHandler for the expected signature of event subscribers.

5.16.9 OnInterfaceListChangeHandler()

Delegate used for OnInterfaceListChanged events.

Name	Description
reason	VmbUpdateTriggerType enum.

5.16.10 OnInterfaceListChanged()

Event that will be triggered when the interface list changes. See AVT.VmbAPINET.Vimba.OnInterfaceListChangeHandler for the expected signature of event subscribers.



5.16.11 OpenCameraByID()

Gets a specific camera identified by an ID. The returned camera is already open.

Name	Description	
cameraID	ID string used to select the camera.	
accessMode	Parameter of type VmbAccessModeType to set the desired accessibility.	

Return value: Camera object.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown when ID not found or function parameter invalid.

5.16.12 OpenInterfaceByID()

Open an interface for feature access.

Name	Description
interfaceID	ID string used to select the interface.

Return value: Interface object.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown when ID not found or function parameter invalid.

5.16.13 Shutdown()

Performs a shutdown on the API module.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.16.14 Startup()

Initializes the Vimba API module.

Exception:

• AVT.VmbAPINET.VimbaException: Thrown on issues in the environment.

5.16.15 Version

Retrieves the version number of Vimba API.

Return value: VmbVersionInfo-t structure.

Exception:



5.17 VimbaException

The exception that is thrown when there are problems in the execution of VimbaNET functions.

5.17.1 VimbaException()

Initializes a new instance of the AVT::VmbAPINET::VimbaException class.

Name	Description
returnCode	exception/result value
message	exception/result text

5.17.2 MapReturnCodeToString()

Maps current return code to a message.

Return value: System::String.

5.17.3 ReturnCode

Holds the return code of the underlying functions which triggered the exception.

Return value: System::Int32.