

21:32:58 / RUNNING / Remaining: 66:10:25

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for A-310553. 1d-array

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem A: 310553. 1d-array

A company needs to calculate the total sales of its products for the day. The sales data is stored in an array, with each element representing the sales of a different product.

Input format

First line integer n - amount of sales $(1 \le n \le 100)$. Next line n integers a_i - number on the i-th card $(0 \le a_i \le 100000)$ - i.e array of integers, representing the sales of different products for the day.

Output format

The total sales of all the products for the day.

Examples

Input

1 2864

Output

2864

Input

2 576 7274

Output

7850

Input

2 8288 7104

Output

Send!

15392

Submit a solution



Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
313	4:39:34	167	Α	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>
181	2:12:55	174	Α	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>



22:29:10 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:14:13

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for B-186901. Ashift.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 3 s
Real time limit: 6 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem B: 186901. Ashift.

Freshmen have midterms. Therefore, Professor Akshabayev asked Asman to move the tables and chairs to make everyone feel comfortable. Asman began to move the furniture and the podium, but what if you move the array? What is it to shift an array to the left or right?

Input format

You are given n - number of elements in the array. Next line contains n integers - elements of the array. The last line contains an integer z (-n < z < n).

Output format

Cyclically shift the array to the right by z positions and print the resulted aray.

Examples

Input

```
5
1 2 3 4 5
2
```

Output

4 5 1 2 3

Input

```
6
1 2 3 4 5 6
-2
```

Output

3 4 5 6 1 2

Input

4 1 1 2 7 0

Output

1 1 2 7

Send!

Submit a solution



Previous submissions of this problem

Send!

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
1270	48:05:51	273	В	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
1269	48:03:24	273	В	g++	Partial solution	56	56	<u>View</u>
318	4:44:56	314	В	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
194	2:36:40	591	В	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
187	2:19:57	587	В	g++	Partial solution	56	56	<u>View</u>
185	2:19:10	549	В	g++	Partial solution	56	56	<u>View</u>



22:30:10 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:13:13

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for C-186813. Fully symmetric array

Full score: 100
Time limit: 3 s
Real time limit: 6 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem C: 186813. Fully symmetric array

Array of numbers is called fully symmetric if its' first half equals to reversed second part (with numbers reversed too). Determine if given array is fully symmetric or not.

Input format

The first line contains an even integer n ($2 \le n \le 10^6$), number of elements in the array. The next line contains n integers, elements of the array ($1 \le a_i \le 10^9$).

Output format

Print "YES" if the array is fully symmetric, and "NO" otherwise.

Examples

Input

8 92 24 19 1 1 910 42 29

Output

YES

Input

6 1 2 3 6 2 11

Output

NO

Input

1 1 1 1000 100 10

Output

YES

Notes

File

In the first example, the array is fully symmetric, because if we reverse its' second part we will get [92, 24, 019, 1] which is equal to the first part of the array. Note that leading zeros are not important, so 019 = 19.

In the second example, the array is NOT fully symmetric, because its' first part is not equal to the reversed second one.

In the third example, the array is fully symmetric, because if we reverse its' second part we will get [01,001,0001] which is equal to the first part of the array.

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

Выберите файл Райл не выбран

Send! Send!

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
180	2:11:33	780	С	g++	OK	100	100	View



22:30:51 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:12:32

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for D-191358. Number of good students.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem D: 191358. Number of good students.

As we all know, students often have many deadlines. A student is good if he did the assignment at a given time. You are given n - size of two arrays, first array a - start time, second b - end time, and integer t - query time. The i-th student started doing his homework at the time a[i] and finished it at time b[i]. You need to find the number of students who finished their assignment before the deadline(at time t) More formally, print the number of students where t lays in the interval [a[i], b[i]] inclusive.

Input format

The first line of the input contains an integer number n ($1 \le n \le 100$). The second line of the input contains an integer array a. The third line of the input contains an integer array b. The fourth line contains integer t ($1 \le t \le 1000$).

Output format

The output should contain the number of students, who passed the assignment at a given time.

Examples

Input

```
3
1 2 3
3 2 7
4
```

Output

1

Input

4 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 4 7

Output

0

Input

```
6
8 6 3 1 5 7
1 3 5 7 9 8
5
```

Output

3

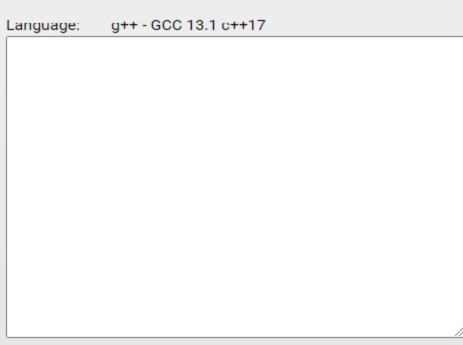
Notes

File

Send!

In the first example, a = [1, 2, 3], b = [3, 2, 7], t = 4, and the answer is 1 because 4 lays only between a[2] and b[2], which means, only in one interval.

Submit a solution



Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Previous submissions of this problem

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Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
179	2:11:22	348	D	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>



22:31:30 / **RUNNING** / Remaining: 65:11:53

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for E-187378. Maximum product of two elements.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem E: 187378. Maximum product of two elements.

You are given an integer array. Print the maximum product of any two elements in the array.

Input format

The number of elements in the array - n($2 \le n \le 500$) and array a($1 \le a_i \le 100$).

Output format

Integer number - the maximum product of any two elements.

Examples

Input

4 5 2 1 7

Output

35

Input

7 9 4 7 4 8 9 10

Output

90

Output

32

Notes

File

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In the first example, the maximum product is 35 because if we multiply 5(0th) and 7(3rd) elements of the array we will get 35.

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
178	2:11:11	292	Е	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
177	2:09:18	259	Е	g++	Partial solution	82	82	<u>View</u>



22:32:08 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:11:15

Submit a solution for F-143619. List modes.

Full score: 100 Time limit: 1 s Real time limit: 5 s Memory limit: 256M

Problem F: 143619. List modes.

You are given a list of integer numbers. Print its mode. Mode is the number that occurs most frequently in the list. If there is several modes, print them in descending order.

Input format

The first line of the input contains integer number n ($1 \le n \le 1000$) elements in the list. In the next line you are given a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n - elements of the list. ($1 \le a_i \le 1000$).

Output format

Print list's mode(-s) in descending order.

Examples

Input

1 2 2 9 8 9 6 6 7 6

Output

Input

6

7 1 9 4 8 2 8 1

Output

8 1

Input

6 9 20 64 7 3 92

Output

92 64 20 9 7 3

Input

5 1 1 1 1 1

Output

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send!

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
176	2:09:07	402	F	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>



22:32:38 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:10:45

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for G-193529. Order.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem G: 193529. Order.

Daniil and Vanya decided to play a game. N cards were put in a row on the table. Daniil takes all cards with even number on it, and transfers them to the left edge of the row, without changing their order of sequence. And Vanya takes cards with odd numbers, and transfers them to the right without changing their sequence. Help automate this process, write your program!

Input format

First line integer n - amount of cards ($0 \le n \le 100$).

Next line n integers a_i - number on the i-th card ($0 \le a_i \le 100000$).

Output format

Sequence of numbers in the right order.

Examples

Input

5 1 2 3 4 5

Output

2 4 1 3 5

Input

10 345 1 2 3 4 4 3 2 1 345

Output

Send!

2 4 4 2 345 1 3 3 1 345

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Previous submissions of this problem

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Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
175	2:08:56	282	G	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>

ABCDEF<mark>G</mark>HIJKLMNOPQRSTU



22:33:14 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:10:09

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for H-143757. Cocktail max and min.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem H: 143757. Cocktail max and min.

Lets do mix with maxima and minima elements from array.

Input format

The first line contains integers N, M where $1 \leq N, M \leq 100$. Your task is to rearrange array of integers.

Output format

Output changed 2D array, check Notes.

Examples

Input

3 4 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11

Output

11 0 10 1 9 2 8 3 7 4 6 5

Notes

Send!

In final array, first element should be maximum value, second minimum value, third second maximum value, fourth second minimum value, fifth third maximum value and so

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
326	4:52:58	762	Н	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
325	4:52:20	762	Н	g++	Partial solution	3	3	<u>View</u>
220	3:25:02	829	Н	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
193	2:30:28	485	Н	g++	Partial solution	58	58	<u>View</u>
192	2:28:47	484	Н	g++	Partial solution	59	59	<u>View</u>
190	2:25:29	467	Н	g++	Partial solution	59	59	<u>View</u>
189	2:23:25	351	Н	g++	Partial solution	2	2	<u>View</u>



22:34:02 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:09:21

A B C D E F G H J J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for I-193586. Art.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem I: 193586. Art.

One day Daniil decided to paint art. He had a canvas with a width w and height h. Since Daniil is not a humanist, he started with an easy one - to draw rectangle. He measured them by 4 coordinates x1, y1, x2, y2. (x1, y1) - coordinates of the upper left corner. Coordinates (x2, y2) - coordinates of the lower right corner. Find unpainted area of the canvas

Input format

First line integers w,h - width and height of the canvas $(0 \leq w,h \leq 100)$

Next line integer n ($1 \le n \le 10$)

Next n lines integers x1, y1, x2, y2 - coordinates of rectangle $(0 \le (x1, y1, x2, y2) \le w, h)$

Output format

Integer - unpainded area of the canvas

Examples

Input

10 10 3 1 1 3 3 4 4 5 5 0 0 2 2

Output

92

Input

5 6 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 3 3

Output

28

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send!

nd! Send!

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
328	4:53:39	629	I	g++	ок	100	100	<u>View</u>
327	4:53:26	533	1	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
306	4:35:28	457	I	g++	Partial solution	82	82	<u>View</u>
305	4:34:55	533	1	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
304	4:34:20	635	1	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
300	4:32:51	557	1	g++	Partial solution	67	67	<u>View</u>
174	2:08:26	629	1	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
173	2:08:02	648	1	g++	Partial solution	67	67	View
172	2:06:21	748	I	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
171	2:05:37	653	1	g++	Partial solution	5	5	<u>View</u>
170	2:03:13	550	1	g++	Partial solution	82	82	<u>View</u>
169	2:01:53	550	I	g++	Partial solution	82	82	<u>View</u>



22:34:40 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:08:43

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for J-187464. Perfect matrix or not?

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem J: 187464. Perfect matrix or not?

Check whether the given matrix is perfect or not and print the result. We call the matrix perfect if and only if it is symmetric over the main diagonal. The main diagonal is the one that goes from the upper left corner of the two-dimensional array to the lower right.

Input format

The first line is integer number $n(1 \le n \le 100)$ - the number of rows and columns in the array $a(1 \le a_{i,j} \le 10^6)$. Next, there are n lines, n numbers each, which are the elements of the array.

Output format

If the array is perfect print Perfect., otherwise print Not perfect.

Examples

Input

3 0 1 2 1 5 3 2 3 4

Output

Perfect.

Input

3 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0

Output

Not perfect.

Input

2 1 2 2 1

Output

Perfect.

Notes

File

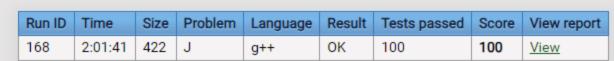
In the first case, the matrix is perfect because it is symmetric about the main diagonal. The elements of the main diagonal: 0 $\,$ 5 $\,$ 4.

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send! Send!





22:35:10 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:08:13

ABCDEFGHIJ<mark>K</mark>LMNOPQRSTU

Submit a solution for K-195870. Puzzle.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem K: 195870. Puzzle.

Boris wants to play a puzzle. He has a square of size $N \times N$, all the cells of which are filled with different numbers. He needs to find the maximum number in each row and fill that row with that number.

Input format

First line contains integer N, $(1 \le N \le 10^3)$ - size of square. Each next N line contains N different numbers, $(0 \le square_i \le 10^6)$.

Output format

Print new square.

Examples

Input

Output

3 3 3 23 23 23 19 19 19

Input

5 64 72 9 57 3 9 77 36 1 9 11 82 84 6 44 93 7 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 5

Output

72 72 72 72 72 77 77 77 77 77 84 84 84 84 84 93 93 93 93 5 5 5 5

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send!

Send!

Previous submissions of this problem

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
167	2:01:28	405	K	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T



22:35:37 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:07:46

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for L-191556. Don't get a penalty!

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem L: 191556. Don't get a penalty!

There're lots of Sergek cameras in our city, and many drivers usually don't like it because of a high penalty. So let's help drivers to know will they get a penalty for increasing speed or not. You're given m x n matrix arr, arr[i][j] is speed on current interval. You're also given the limit number, so if at least one of the checked speed is greater than a limit, the driver will get a penalty and you should print Penalty!, else print No penalty for today.

Input format

First two numbers - m and n - dimensions of a 2d array, where $1 \le m, n \le 100$ next m \times n numbers are elements of the array $1 \le a[i][j] \le 100$. The last line contains single integer limit $(2 \le t \le 100)$.

Output format

If any element of the array is bigger than limit print Penalty. else print No penalty for today..

Examples

Input

3 3 58 59 60 43 47 53 54 58 61

Output

Penalty!

Input

2 3 39 38 40 32 36 40 40

Output

No penalty for today.

Input

2 2 78 80 79 82 80

Output

Penalty!

Notes

File

Send!

In the first example, a [2] [2] is 61, which is bigger than the limit number - 60, so the answer is Penalty!.

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
165	2:01:16	418	L	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>



22:36:06 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:07:17

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T L

Submit a solution for M-187425. Squid game.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem M: 187425. Squid game.

Let's change the rules for the squid game a bit. The winner of this game is the one who has the biggest number of total points earned during the game rounds. You are given an $m \times n$ integer matrix points where points[i][j] is the number of points the i_{th} player has in the j_{th} round. Your task is to print the winner's number of points - the maximum number of gained points. Note, that there can be few winners only if they have an equal number of total points.

Input format

First two numbers - m and n - dimensions of a 2d array, where $1 \leq m, n \leq 100$ next m \times n numbers are elements of the array $1 \leq a[i][j] \leq 100$.

Output format

Print single integer number - the number of points the winner earned during the game.

Examples

Input

3 3 2 8 7 7 1 3 1 9 5

Output

17

Input

Output

10

Input

2 3 1 2 3 3 2 1

Output

6

Input

Output

293

Notes

For example, in the first case 1st player has: 2+8+7 = 17 points, 2nd player: 7+1+3 = 11 points, 3rd player: 1+9+5 = 15 points. So the answer is 17 - the maximum number of points.

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

 File
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 Send!

Previous submissions of this problem

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
217	3:20:35	313	М	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U



22:36:34 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:06:49

ABCDEFGHIJKLM<mark>N</mark>OPQRSTU

Submit a solution for N-188278. Boris's grades

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem N: 188278. Boris's grades

The last bell rang and Boris realized that the holidays were beginning! Finally, he received his grades diary. However, in order to make happy his mother, he needs to know his average mark in each subject. Unfortunately, the teacher forgot to do this ... Help Boriska find out his grades!

Input format

In the first line you are given integer N - number of subjects, M - number of grades for each subject. 1 <= N, M <= 200. The next N lines contain grades X for each subject. 1 <= X <= 200.

Output format

Print the average grade for each subject on one line.

Examples

Input

5 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 2 3 4 5 2 2 2 2 5 5 4 5

Output

2 2 3 2 4

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send! Send!

Previous submissions of this problem

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
164	2:00:25	301	N	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U



22:37:00 / **RUNNING** / Remaining: 65:06:23

ABCDEFGHIJKLMN<mark>O</mark>PQRSTU

Submit a solution for O-140479. Reverse 2x.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem 0: 140479. Reverse 2x.

You are given one integer number reverse it and multiply by 2.

Input format

One integer n ($1 \le n \le 10^6$).

Output format

Integer number - result.

Examples

Input

123

Output

642

Input

1000000

Output

2

Input

1

Output

F 100

Notes

Ex: 123 reverse -> 321*2 = 642

Submit a solution



File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send! Send!

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
200	2:42:26	284	0	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>



22:37:39 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:05:44

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for P-186812. Beautiful number.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem P: 186812. Beautiful number.

A number is called beautiful if its' first digit equals to sum of all other digits modulo 10. Determine if given number is beautiful or not.

Input format

The only line of input contains an integer x ($10 \le x \le 10^{18}$).

Output format

Print YES if the given number is beautiful, and NO otherwise.

Examples

Input

1123456

Output

YES

Input

790

Output

Input

NO

7111111111111111111

Output

YES

Notes

In the first example, the number is beautiful, because (1+2+3+4+5+6) MOD 10=1 which is equal to first digit of the number.

In the second example, the number is NOT beautiful, because (9 + 0) MOD 10 = 9 \neq 7.

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send!

Previous submissions of this problem

Send!

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
160	1:59:08	232	Р	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>



22:38:02 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:05:21

Submit a solution for Q-187101. Doubled pair

Full score: 100 Time limit: 1 s Real time limit: 5 s Memory limit: 256M

Problem Q: 187101. Doubled pair

A pair of numbers is called doubled if there are exists an integer n, such that:

 $a*2^n=b$,

where a and b are the numbers from pair. Note that n must lie in the range [-60;60].

Input format

The only line of input contains a pair of integers, a and b ($1 \le a, b \le 2^{60}$).

Output format

If the given pair of numbers is doubled print "YES" and the integer n, otherwise just print "NO".

Examples

Input

2 32

Output

YES 4

Input

640 10

Output

YES -6

Input

1152921504606846976 1

Output

YES -60

Input

Output

12 98

Input

NO

100500 100500

Output

YES 0

Notes

In the first example $a*2^4 = b$, so n is 4.

In the second example $a*2^{-6} = b$, so n is -6.

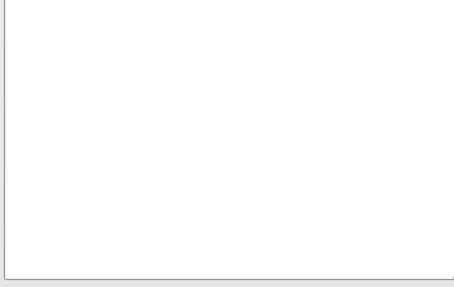
In the third example $a*2^{-60} = b$, so n is -60.

In the fourth example there is no such integer n that $a*2^n=b$. So the answer is "NO".

In the last example $a*2^0 = b$, so n is 0.

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17



File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран Send!

Send!

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
159	1:58:57	379	Q	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
158	1:58:28	381	Q	g++	Partial solution	78	78	<u>View</u>
153	1:55:33	379	Q	g++	Partial solution	49	49	<u>View</u>



22:38:31 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:04:52

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for R-105365. Max and min digits of a number.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem R: 105365. Max and min digits of a number.

Given a number N. The task is to find the largest and the smallest digit of the number.

Input format

In single line given integer $\widehat{N.}$

Output format

Print it's the largest and the smallest digit of the given number.

Examples

Input

274

Output

7 2

Input

840

Output 8 0

Submit a solution

Language:

g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send! Send!

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
152	1:55:19	329	R	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>



22:39:01 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:04:22

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for S-187658. Fouramida.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem S: 187658. Fouramida.

You are not from planet Earth and you meet earthlings who built something similar to a triangle, they called them a pyramid, your goal is to help them build a pyramid, you must program a program to calculate how many cubes are needed fir a specific pyramid height and advise architectures

Input format

1st line N is height of fouramida $1 \le N \le 100$.

Output format

Output every block and height with symbol "*"

Examples

Input

7

Output

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send! Send!

Previous submissions of this problem

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
332	5:00:31	693	S	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>
207	2:59:46	670	S	g++	ОК	100	100	<u>View</u>
205	2:58:29	694	S	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>
204	2:57:54	692	S	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U



22:39:25 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:03:58

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U

Submit a solution for T-194546. Loop-square.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem T: 194546. Loop-square.

Asman decided to give a simple task to his students. All that is needed is to print the numbers from n to m which have integer square root.

Input format

You are given $n(1 \le n \le 1000)$, $m(1 \le m \le 10000)$, direction(If 1, then output the sequence in the ascending order, if -1, then print the sequence in descending order.).

Output format

Sequence of numbers.

Examples

Input

1 100 1

Output

1 4 9 16 25 36 49 64 81 100

Input

1 100 -1

Output

100 81 64 49 36 25 16 9 4 1

Input

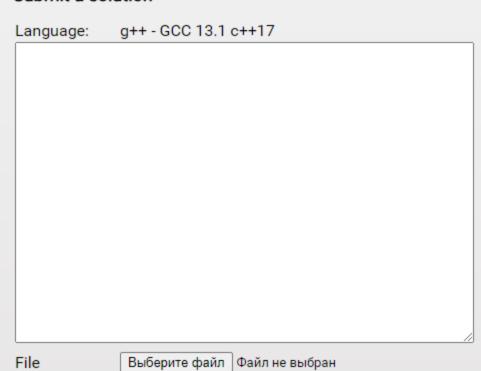
4 9 1

Output

4 9

Send!

Submit a solution



Previous submissions of this problem

Send!

Run	ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
149		1:54:59	369	Т	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>



22:39:48 / RUNNING / Remaining: 65:03:35

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST

Submit a solution for U-140258. Powerful hero.

Full score: 100
Time limit: 1 s
Real time limit: 5 s
Memory limit: 256M

Problem U: 140258. Powerful hero.

Daniil decided to make an "AAA" level game. One of the ideas is that hero can use both arms. Each hand has two parameters, the sum and the number of killed. Each enemy has an even or odd number. The left hand stores the sum of the even, and the count of the even. The right hand stores the sum of the odd, and the count of the odd. When the hero uses superpower, energy appears in each of his hands. Energy strength is the sum of hand multiplied by counter of the hand. Calculate the strength for each hand.

Input format

First line n (0<=n<=100) - amount of enemies. Second line n positive integers.(1<=n<=1000)

Output format

First line: Left hand magic power: number. Second line: Right hand magic power: number.

Examples

Input

0

Output

Left hand magic power: 0 Right hand magic power: 0

Input

3 55 12 33

Output

Left hand magic power: 12

Right hand magic power: 176

Input

14 67 90 70 96

Output

Left hand magic power: 1080 Right hand magic power: 67

Input

7 12 84 14 79 98 57 50

Output

Left hand magic power: 1290 Right hand magic power: 272

Input

4 34 85 45 76

Output

Left hand magic power: 220 Right hand magic power: 260

Submit a solution

Language: g++ - GCC 13.1 c++17

File

Выберите файл Файл не выбран

Send!

Send!

Previous submissions of this problem

Run ID	Time	Size	Problem	Language	Result	Tests passed	Score	View report
148	1:54:44	394	U	g++	OK	100	100	<u>View</u>

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U