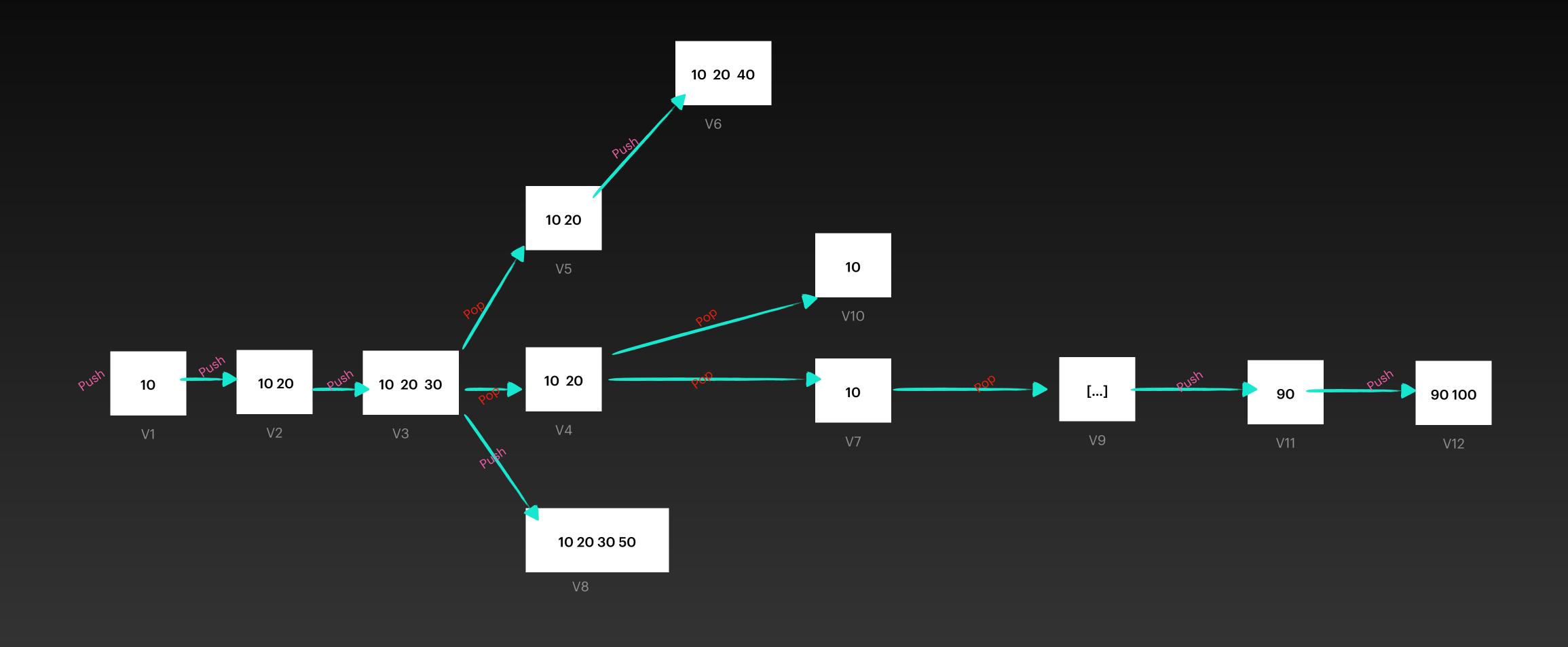
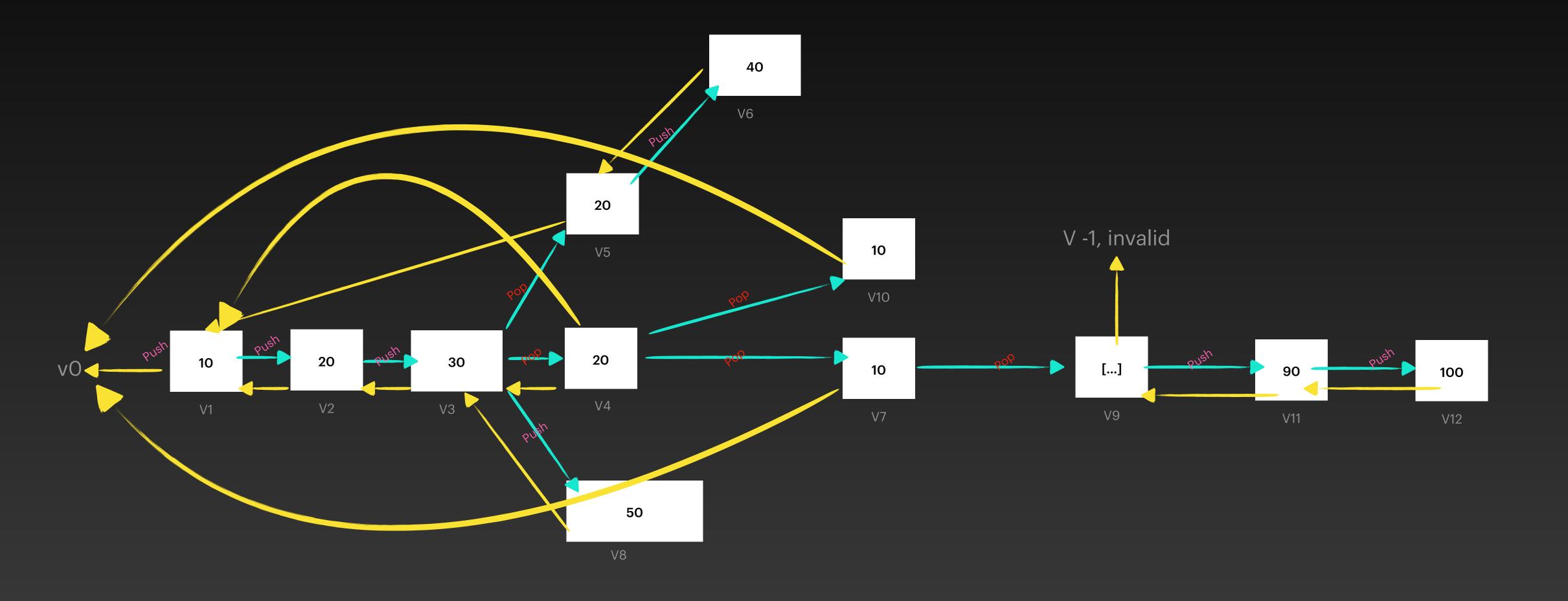
# Full Persistent Stack Using Directed Acyclic Graph

# Ephemeral Equivalent



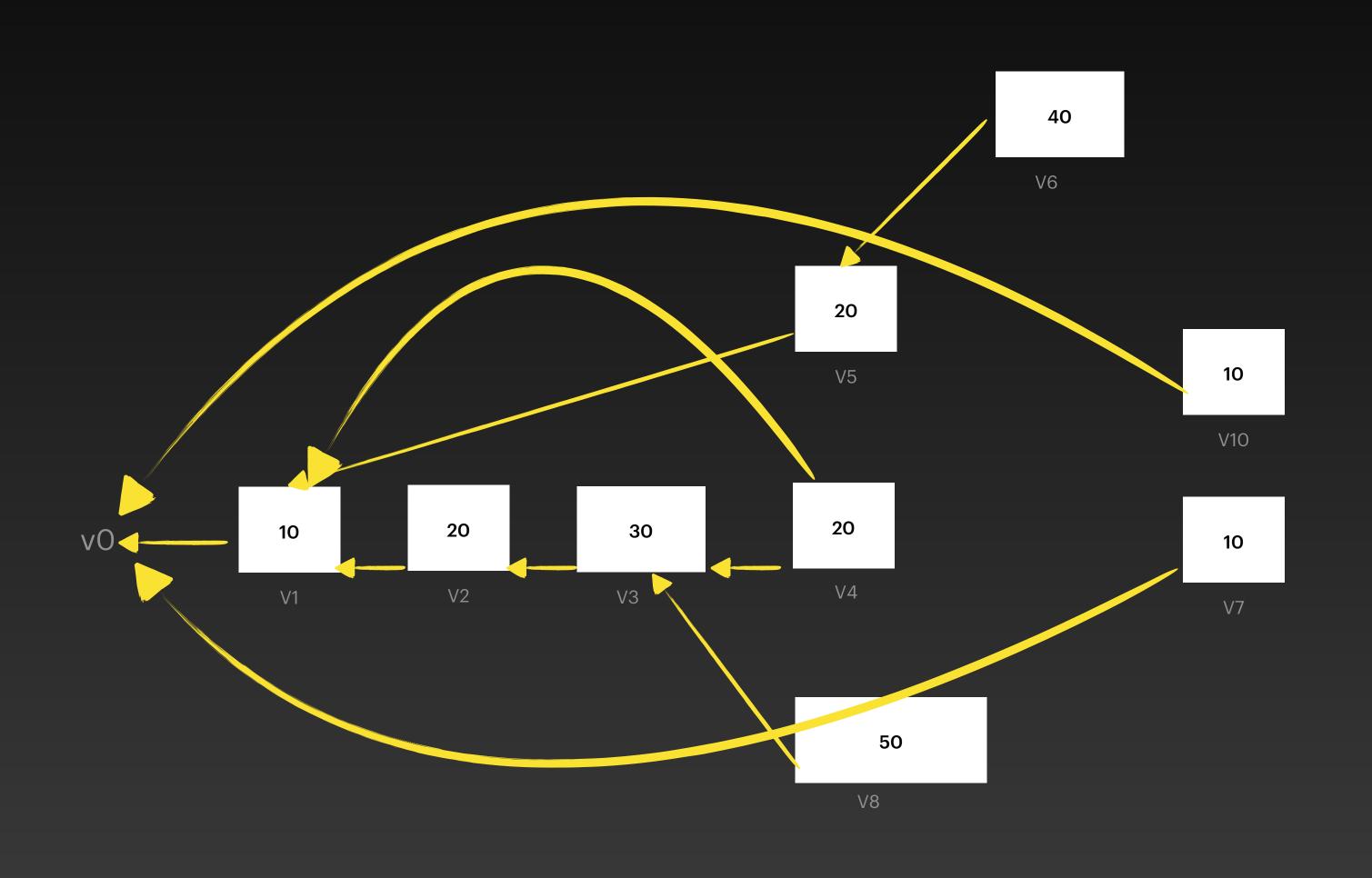
#### **To Make It Persistent**

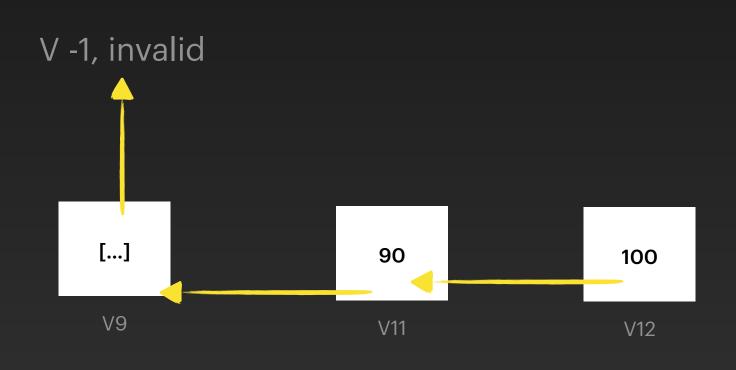
- -> First Of All ... We Have to think it as a Directed Graph
  - -> Here, the vertices of the Graph represent the versions and it holds the TOP Value of the stack at that version
  - -> Here, the SKY Line shows the Forward Branching Of The Versions.
  - -> Here, the YELLOW Line directs the TOP at version V(say) to the NODE which is just Before TOP at version V.



# We don't need to store the SKY / Forward Lines, as Propagation through STACK happens only in backward direction

So Now It Looks Like A Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG)





#### **How To Push Element at any version?**

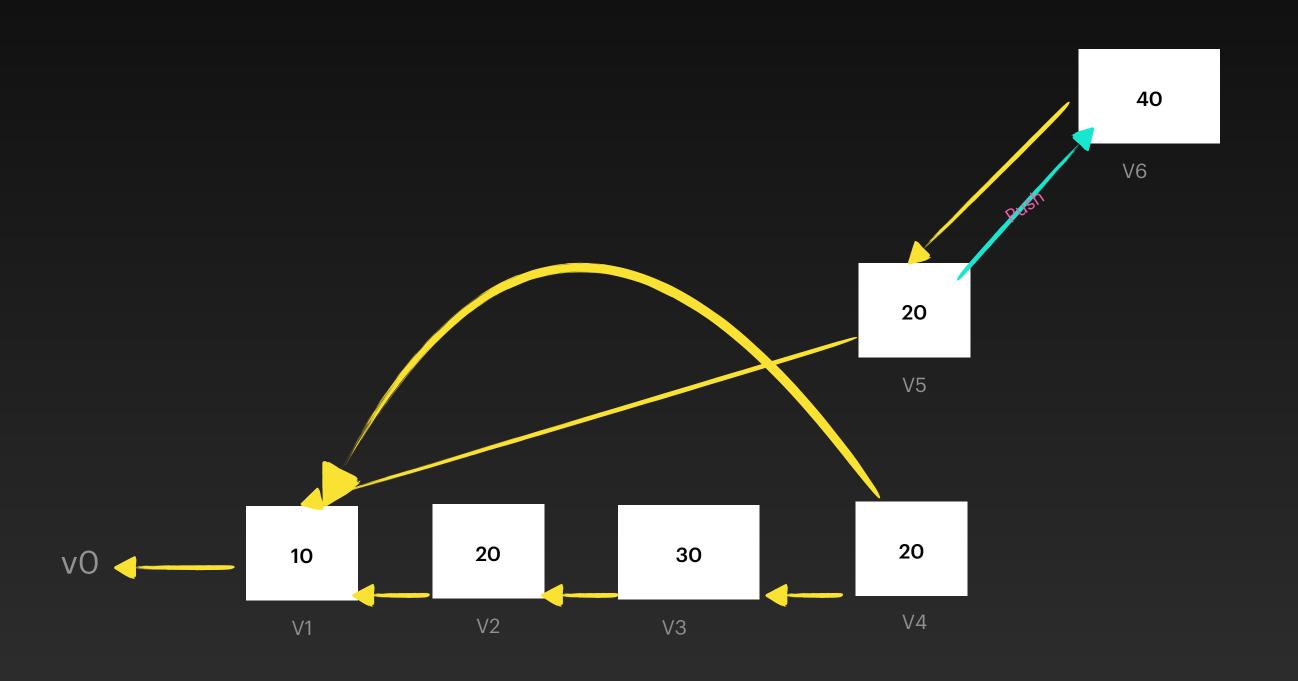
```
// to push data at par_ver
void push(int data, int par_ver);

Example: S.push(40, 5);
```

### 20 V5 V1 V2 V3 V4

#### **Strategy**

- 1. Just Create A Version At V
- 2. Set The DATA field of version V as data
- 3. Set Back Pointer Of The V as par\_ver



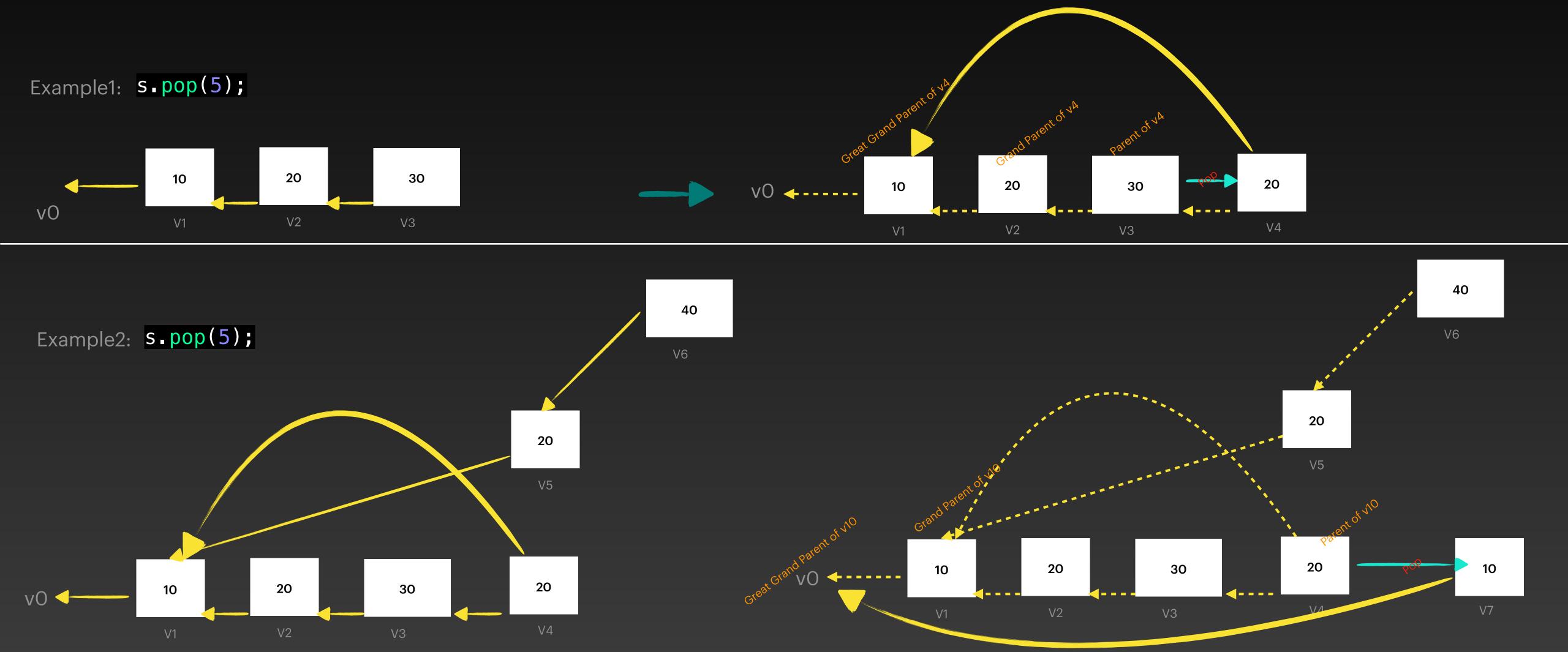
#### **How To Pop Element at any version?**

// to pop data at par\_ver
void pop(int par\_ver);

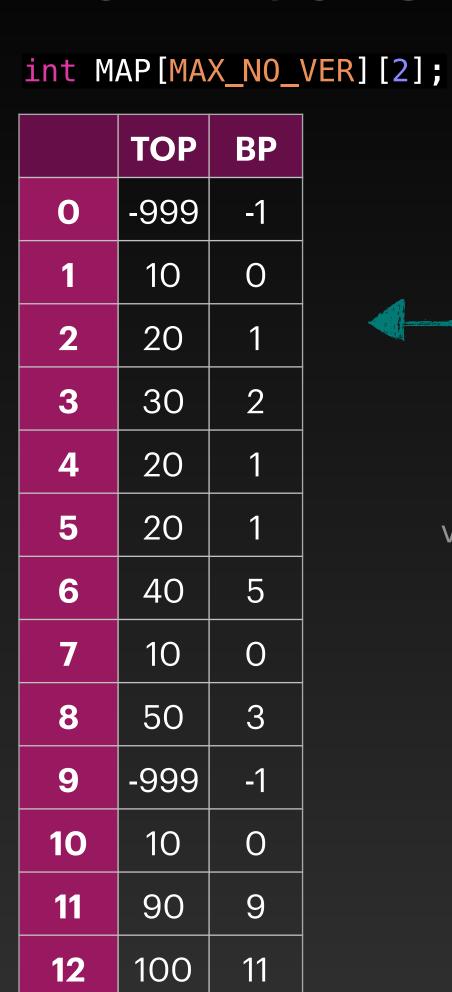
NOTE: HERE WE HAVE CONSIDERED PARENT OF VERSION WITH EMPTY QUEUE AS -1

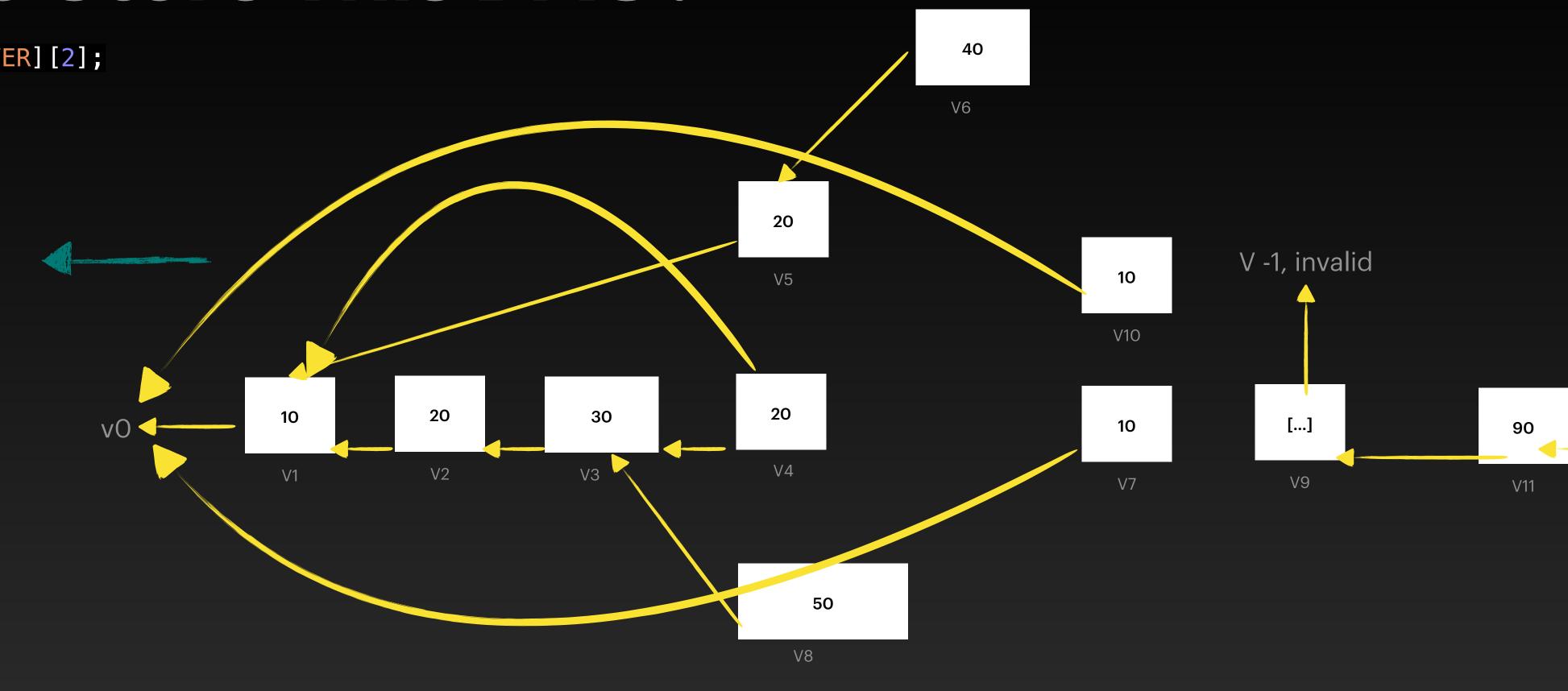
#### **Strategy**

- I. Just Create A Version At V
- 2. Set The DATA field of version V as TOP of its grand\_parent version
  - . Set Back Pointer Of The V as its Great\_Grand\_parent version



## How to Store This DAG?





100

V12

# Implementation 1

Full Persistent Stack Class (shown in C++)

```
1 class FP_STACK
2 {
3 private:
      int MAP[MAX_NO_VER][2];
      int cur_time;
 7 public:
      FP_STACK();
8
      // to push data at par_ver
      void push(int data, int par_ver);
10
      // to pop data at par_ver
      int pop(int par_ver);
12
      // to get TOP at par_ver
13
      int getTop(int ver);
14
      // to iterate from TOP to BOTTOM at par_ver
15
      void iterateFromTop(int ver);
16
      // to get current Real Time
17
      int getCurTime();
18
19 };
```



# Implementation 2

C++ Code For PUSH

12

```
1 void FP_STACK::push(int data, int par_ver)
2 {
3    CHECK_VERSION_(par_ver);
4    if(cur_time == MAX_NO_VER){
5        cout<<"No Support to hold further versions in RAM ... You store them in Disk\n";
6        return;
7    }
8    cur_time++;
9    MAP[cur_time][0] = data;  // TOP
10    MAP[cur_time][1] = par_ver;  // BP
11 }
</pre>
```

#### C++ Code For POP

```
1 int FP_STACK::pop(int par_ver)
      CHECK_VERSION(par_ver);
      if(cur_time == MAX_NO_VER){
          cout<<"No Support to hold further versions in RAM ... You store them in Disk\n";
          return SENTINEL;
      // previously no element present
      if(MAP[par_ver][1]==-1){
          cout<<"Stack UnderFlowed!!\n";</pre>
          return SENTINEL;
14
      cur_time++;
      int grand_par_ver = MAP[par_ver][1];
      // previously only element was present
      if(grand_par_ver==0){
          MAP[cur_time][0] = SENTINEL; // TOP
          MAP[cur\_time][1] = -1;
                                       // BP
          return MAP[par_ver][0];
      int great_grand_par_ver = MAP[grand_par_ver][1];
      MAP[cur_time][0] = MAP[grand_par_ver][0];//TOP
      MAP[cur_time][1] = great_grand_par_ver;// BP
      return MAP[par_ver][0];
30 }
```

# Time Complexity

- push(data,par\_ver): O(1)
- pop(par\_ver): O(1)
- getTop(ver): O(1)

# Auxiliary Space Complexity

O(V) to Hold The MAP