

## THE PEACE TERMS.

## CONSTERNATION IN GERMANY.

## LUDENDORFF'S MESSAGE TO AMERICA.

## ATTEMPTS AT VERBAL NEGOTIATIONS.

BERLIN, May 8. The House has closed for three days as a result of the crushing impression of the Peace Terms.

The "Berliner Zeitung am Mittag" learns that all German Parliamentary Parties, without exception, regard the peace treaty in its present form as impossible.

Everyone is discussing the probable consequences in the event of the refusal of a sign that nobody even entertains the possibility of accepting the terms unchanged. A poll known public opinion that the German delegates should immediately present counter-proposals. Workers are not favourably disposed at the "impudence of the international proletariat regarding Germany's destruction."

LOXON, May 9. The "Daily Chronicle" learns from Berlin that Ludendorff declined to be interviewed, but sent the correspondent a message: "If these are peace terms then America can go to Hell."

It is reported from Versailles that the German delegation have received their first instructions from the German Government and have met to frame a preliminary reply to the Entente. It is reported that a draft counter-treaty will be submitted. Moreover Count Rantauw will request a personal meeting with President Wilson for the purpose of an interview.

COPENHAGEN, May 10. The German Government has convoked a meeting of representatives of the Federal States in Berlin on May 12.

## COUNT RANTAUW'S KEENS.

PARIS, May 10. Count Rantauw's secretary says that the Count spoke at the Peace Conference seated because he could make his voice heard, but not his knees. He was afraid he would be unable to stand.

VERSAILES, May 10. After Count Rantauw has examined the first part of the treaty, the translation of which is proceeding as rapidly as possible, he will leave for Berlin to confer with the Government. He has presented a Note to M. Clemenceau in which he asserts the basis agreed on of a peace of right has been abandoned in numerous points. The draft treaty contains demands, no people can bear. Moreover experts believe that much is incapable of accomplishment. The German delegation will provide detailed report and constantly furnish observations and material to the Entente.

Count Rantauw last presented a second note defining the delegation's attitude towards the question of the League of Nations by transmitting the German programme which the delegation signed concerning essential suggestions concerning the League. The delegation is ready to accept to express detailed views regarding the Entente draft and asks whether and in what circumstances it was contemplated to invite Germany to enter the League in view of the fact that Germany was asked to sign the status of the League as a component part of the draft treaty, but was not included among the states invited to enter the League.

COPENHAGEN, May 9. The German Government has issued a proclamation denouncing the peace terms as unbearable and impracticable. The Government will reply with proposals for a peace of right on the basis of the lasting peace of nations and will strive to secure similar consideration as has been extended to other European peoples. It concludes by appealing to national unity in the present crisis.

PARIS, May 10. The Allies' reply to the German notes of today's date is dignified in tone and regards the German terms as the Allies frame the terms of the treaty with constant thought to the principles upon which the initiative and peace negotiations were based. The Allies cannot admit any discussion of the right to insist upon terms of peace substantially drafted. They can consider only such practical suggestions as the Germans may submit. The Allies further intimate that the German programme of a League of Nations will be referred to an appropriate committee and point out that the matter of admission of additional members of the League has not been overlooked, but is specifically provided for in the second paragraph of article one of the League Covenant.

PARIS, May 10. The counter-proposals sent in by the Germans rightly adhere to the thirteen points enunciated by Mr. Wilson.

## THE GERMAN ASSEMBLY.

BERLIN, May 9. After five hours' Cabinet meeting, Herr

Scheidemann addressed the committee appointed to consider the Peace Treaty and said the conditions were nothing less than a sentence of death for Germany. The Government must discuss the document with political sobriety. The delegation to Versailles had been instructed to present a note to the Allies setting forth the differences between the treaty and President Wilson's fourteen points. The delegation will also submit detailed counter-proposals and endeavour to start out on Herr Fehrenbach on behalf of the leaders of all parties, suggested Herr Scheidemann's declaration as to the incapability of the conditions. The National Assembly has been summoned for May 12.

POCH RETURNS TO THE FRONT. PARIS, May 9. Marshal Poch returns to the front tomorrow.

PARIS, May 10. The Big Four have deliberated upon the German notes which were handed in on Saturday. The reply has not yet been given up, but is expected that other German Notes will be sent in.

PARIS, May 10. The morning papers declare that Germany has been overpowered by the fate of the world. The "New York World" says German warplanes are killed.

THE "New York Times" regards the terms as lenient compared with what Germany would have imposed if triumphant.

THE "Vorwarts," under the heading "Peace of Versailles," says May 10, this peace is because we have bowed to force.

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While still denouncing the peace terms the "Freiheit" says: "We must sign even because experience has shown that refusal to sign increased our misfortunes." The president of the Imperial Ministry has telegraphed to the Governments of German States asking them in order to express "the bitter disappointment and unpleasurable grief" caused by the peace terms to suspend all public amusements for a week and allow theatres to produce only plays "corresponding to the seriousness of these grievous days."

THE "Exposition of the German Press is increasing, especially with regard to the economic clauses, which will deprive Germany of a hundred and twenty five million francs worth of gold and will impose upon her such sacrifice that will prevent her entering into any international economic movements. Count Brockdorff-Rantauw is very disappointed. Belgium, Poland, Denmark and Bohemia have declared themselves to be satisfied, but the Belgians protest against East Africa being assigned to the British.

THE "Daily News" says the treaty is the severest sentence ever passed on a Great Nation. No fault can be found with the disarmament provisions. The president of Germany must be followed by disarmament of all nations.

The "Mail" says the provisions are good on the military and naval side, but dangerously full of loopholes on the financial side. The real security is the close continued union between Great Britain, the United States and France.

PROTECTION OF FRANCE. LONDON, May 9. Today's comments of the Peace Treaty

A Gramophone in the home church the idle hour.

The Gramophone Co. Ltd., E. F. Vogel, Sole Concessionaire, 28, Chancery Lane, Alexandria, and Continental Buildings, Cairo, have the best musical records produced.

GROCERIES, SPIRITS, DUTCH STORES. s. Sharia Maghraby, CAIRO.

DAVIES BRYAN & Co. Alexandria, Cairo, Port-Said and Khartoum.

LADIES HATS. Special Spring Show of Latest. London & Paris Styles in Trimmed Panamas, Tagels, and Fancy Straws.

WINDSOR HOTEL. The only English hotel in the City.

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emphasis that ripe consideration confirms the view that the treaty is a great beneficent charter. The papers express satisfaction at the optimistic tone of the French Press, which is attributed to the Anglo-American undertaking to assist by France in the event of a German attack. It is generally agreed that the Germans, despite the loudness of their claims, will not refuse to sign though they may declare the terms impossible of fulfilment and throw the onus of applying them on the Allies. It is urged that the Allies must stand by the whole document and not allow the Germans to invite them to discuss the details of picking it to pieces. In Paris it is believed that the treaty will be signed within a month.

Reuter's Special Service. CONFERENCE TALK. PARIS, May 8. Count Rantauw's speech is the chief topic in conference circles. Distinguished persons who were present summed up the Allied plenipotentiaries' views as "unanimous that the speech showed that Germany was not a par with their enemy, but out of the war. It is noteworthy that men like Mr. Barrow and Joseph Ward are more interested than most others."

Reuter's Special Service. PARIS, May 9. In French Peace Conference circles it is general believed that the Germans will reply to the preliminary treaty in a fortnight with definite counter-proposals, which will probably be examined by the Allied plenipotentiaries. This may occupy at least another week, after which the Germans will be allowed four or five days finally to accept or refuse the treaty in its present form, or as amended. This period of from 25 to 30 days must be expected to elapse before the signature of the treaty. Reuter's Special Service.

EASTERN PRUSSIA. COPENHAGEN, May 9. A joint proclamation of the Imperial and Prussian Governments assures the Eastern Prussians that the Republic will do its utmost to ward off the dangers threatening them and declares that the proposed treaty respecting incorporation in East Prussia, set up a complete economic barrier between Germany and the Great Russian people.

Reuter. THE AUSTRIAN DELEGATES. PARIS, May 8. The Austrian Peace delegates have been invited to Paris on May 12. The nomination of these delegates has been delayed owing to differences regarding incorporation with Germany. The Austrian Press indicates a growing opinion against incorporation.

The Council of Foreign Ministers met to discuss the boundaries of Austria and Hungary.

PARIS, May 10. The Austrian delegation under the presidency of Dr. Lammach, the former Prime Minister, will reach Paris tomorrow and will be followed by the Hungarian delegation the next day.

COPENHAGEN, May 9. The Austrian National Assembly unanimously approved the appointment of Herr Reuter as German-Austrian plenipotentiary to the Peace Conference, and by the Christian Socialists and the post-German School Baurer.

A number of villas at St. Germaines-laye are being requisitioned for the Austrian and Hungarian delegates. The officials are sufficiently afraid so that the delegates may not communicate with each other, that the conference will be held in the Chateau of St. Germain.

Reuter's Special Service. HUNGARY'S REPRESENTATIVES. PARIS, May 10. The "Echo de Paris" states that the invitation to attend the Peace negotiations addressed to the Hungarians has been stopped while in course of transmission, owing to the desperate position of Bela Kun.

Reuter. NEW YORK, May 9. The missing airplane has been towed to Chatham Harbour (Massachusetts). All on board are safe. The machine was forced to descend owing to engine trouble.

CHALON-SUR-SAONE, May 9. One out of five British aeroplanes flying from London to Italy today, which were given an Orbite owing to engine trouble and then descended to the ground. The pilot was injured, but the airplane was not damaged.

Reuter's Special Service. SLOVENIAN PLOT. ROME, May 11. A plot to proclaim the republic of Slovenia has been discovered. The leaders of the movement have been arrested.

L.T.B. BELGIUM AND HOLLAND. BRUSSELS, May 10. The Belgian Minister to the Hague, M. Carton de Wiart, will shortly open preliminary negotiations with Holland concerning the Meuse and Scheldt questions.

A Dutch steamer near Ouden fired on two unarmed Belgian soldiers who were walking along the frontier. One was mortally wounded. An enquiry is proceeding.

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Reuter. LAW COURTS RESUME WORK. Quing to the improvement of the situation it has been decided to hold the May sittings of the Zagat-i-ni Munsur Asire Court, which will consist of Mohamud Rifat Pasha as president and of Raghib Bey Badr and Ahmed Irfan Bey as members. They will hold their sittings on the 17th inst. at Cairo and will be composed of Yehia Ibrahim Pasha as president and of Aziz Kahlil Pasha, Raghib Bey Badr, and Yehia Irfan Bey and Yusef Soliman Bey as members.

LESSONS OF THE WAR. At a banquet in Glasgow S. D. Haig said the outstanding lesson of the war was the extraordinary military advantage gained by superior preparation for war. We had no right to count upon getting an opportunity of building up an army during the campaign. Despite expectations as regards the League of Nations we could not expect to disregard the necessity of military preparations; it was to the Territorial citizen army that we must look for our defence.

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HELP FOR GEN. DENKIN. DISORDERLY MEETINGS PROHIBITED.

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The memorandum asks for information as to Allied policy in regard to Russia and pleads for assistance to fight Bolshevism. It requests that a diplomatic representative of the Allies be attached to Denikin. It is pointed out in London that large supplies of war material have been sent to Denikin. He must now be receiving them through transport to the Caucasus has been slow.

According to a review of the situation by a professor of the Military Academy in (Moscow) the Soviet forces in Siberia have been completely defeated on a front of 50 miles. It is estimated that 15,000 troops will require another six weeks' fighting to reach Simbirsk, a month to capture Samara and less than a month to Lake Kaza.

Reuter. GENERAL IRONVILLE reports on May 5 the enemy bombarded our position on the Vaga with 5,000 shells and subsequently launched two infantry attacks, which were repulsed. Our casualties were very few.

General Maynard reports that we occupied Kordlia May 5. The Russian General reports on May 8. All villages on the lake are now clear of Bolshevists. On the railway the enemy is still at a point ten miles south of Mawladaya.

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L.T.B. A decree has been issued closing all non-munition factories and enrolling all workmen in the Red Army for despatch to the front.

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Reuter. THE HUMBERT TRIAL. PARIS, May 8. The Humbert treason trial, which began on March 21 and in the course of which witnesses were examined, ended today with the condemnation of death of Leon and the sentence of five years' imprisonment on Olympe. Both Humberts' associates were charged with communicating with the enemy. Humbert was charged with trading with the enemy and his associate Lodoix was charged with complicity in trading with the enemy. Both were acquitted. It was alleged that Humbert had bought the newspaper "Le Journal" from money furnished by Germany. Humbert spent fourteen months in prison before trial.

Reuter. TRANS-ATLANTIC FLIGHT. AMERICANS FINISH FIRST LAP. LONDON TO INDIA FLIGHT.

HALFAY, May 9. Two American seaplanes have arrived at St. Johns (Newfoundland), May 10. Two American seaplanes have arrived at Trepassey. The American airmen expect to attempt the flight to the Azores at the end of next week. A Handley Page machine has arrived, on board a steamer.

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