PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

The Sultan visited the races at the A.S.C. on Saturday afternoon accompanied by Said Zulficar Pasha the Grand Master of Ceremonies. His Highness was received there by the President of the club including Prince Omar Toussoun, the President; Midhat Yeghen Pasha, Governor of Alexandria, and the leading officials of the Palace who had gone there to receive His Highness. The Grand which performed at the club played the Sultanic anthem on the arrival of the Sovereign who proceeded to the Sultanic kiosk and received some visitors there, taking tea at the kiosk. After witnessing the races the Sultan returned to his Ramleh Palace.

Sultana Melek leaves Cairo this morning by a special train, at 7.50 o'clock for Mandara accompanied by her daughters and suite. Their Highnesses will arrive at the summer Palace at noon.

On Saturday afternoon their Excellencies the High Commissioner and Lady Wingate paid a visit privately to the War Trophies Exhibition, recently opened on behalf of the funds of the British Red Cross, where they spent a considerable time inspecting the many relics and souvenirs of the Palestine Campaign. Their Excellencies were received by Dr. Granville, the Red Cross Commissioner for Alexandria, and were personally conducted through the rooms by Major Beckles-Wilson who as Staff Officer for War Trophies has been responsible for the collection and arrangement of the exhibits, and who was warmly congratulated by their Excellencies on the very interesting, and successful result of his efforts.

General Sir Edmund H.H. Allenby, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief, E.E.F. and Lady Allenby also visited the War Trophies Exhibition on Saturday.

Several thousand visitors have already visited the War Trophies Exhibition at the Annex to the Alexandria Museum. It is hoped to be able to arrange for all the school children to have personally conducted tours round the Exhibition from time to time.

Roushdy Pasha, the Prime Minister arrived in Cairo, on Saturday evening on his return from his estates at Beni Suef.

Mr. Alexis Smyrnow, Russian Diplomatic Agent in Egypt, who went up to Cairo on Friday morning, returned to Alexandria on the following day.

Senator Adamoli, Italian Commissioner of the Caisse de la Dette, who had been for a few days in Cairo returned to Alexandria on Saturday.

The American Consulate at Alexandria, Egypt has received the following telegram from the President of the United States: "In recognition of the valour, courage and heroism with which the people of France have for nearly four years defended the liberties of the world it is hereby ordered that the national flag of France be displayed on all public buildings and vessels of the United States at home and abroad on July 14, 1918, in honour of the French National holiday, Bastille Day."

The initial work of the American Red Cross Commission which has arrived in Palestine will be to establish four medical units to combat typhus, cholera, and other diseases. The lay assistants attached to the medical units will devote their time to general civilian relief, such as the distribution of clothing and food and the rehabilitation of devastated areas.

Mr. Ernest Dowson, Acting Under-Secretary for Finance, who has been spending his leave at Port-Said, resumed his duties at Cairo on Saturday.

It is proposed to hold an Old Marlburians Dinner at 7.30 p.m. on Saturday, August 3, at the Casino San Stefano, Alexandria. The price of the dinner has been fixed at P.T. 50 each, exclusive of wines. Old Marlburians who intend being present are requested to communicate with the Secretary, O.M. Dinner, A.O.D. Base, Gabbary.

Mrs. Sachtouris, wife of the Greek Diplomatic Agent, gave birth to a son on Saturday last.

Mohamed Allam Pasha, Governor of Assiout province, is now on a short visit to Cairo and had an interview with the Adviser to the Ministry of Interior on Saturday in connection with his province.

Ahmed Safwat Effendi, one of the Substitut of Parquet in Egypt, has been detailed for duty in Palestine as inspector. Judge Corey has also been detailed for duty there and granted the temporary rank of Major.

The Oriental Carpet and Rug Stores, opp. Savoy, Cairo, and 10 Rosette, Alexandria have a special service for dry-cleaning repairing and storage of carpets during the summer months.

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The results of the final examination of the School of Engineering have been issued. Out of 45 students who went up for the final diplomas in the different branches of the school, 37 have been successful, namely 24 in Irrigation Engineering 7 in mechanical engineering, 4 in municipal engineering and 2 in civil engineering.

At eleven o'clock on Friday night, as Miss Marika Yannopoulo, a well-known member of Greek society in Alexandria, was walking with an English lady friend between Bulkeley and Mustapha Pasha, she stooped to pick up her brooch which had fallen down. Just then an automobile belonging to Mr. Rolo, coming at a great speed, knocked her down and passed over her. The young woman was transported to the Greek Hospital, where she died the next morning.

CRIME IN THE PROVINCES.

HIRED MURDERERS TO BE TRIED.

In August next, the Beni Suef Assizes will try a case of murder in which the victims were a woman of Bahr Abou Mir in Atsa Markaz, Fayoum Province, and her child. The accused are six in number including the victim's two sisters and her brother. It appears that the crime was committed as a punishment for the woman's having become a mother while unmarried. Her brother conspired with her two sisters to murder her together with her child and for this purpose they hired three natives for P.T.150 who carried out the crime. The two sisters then went to the murdered sister's house and asked her to come and see her brother who was, they said, in a dangerous condition. The poor woman went to the house unsuspectingly and there found the three hired natives who strangled her and her child.

The Cairo Assizes has sentenced to four months the woman who has beaten and bit her husband's other wife causing her death. It may be remembered that this woman on June last was delivered a child in the Court while the case was tried (as already reported in our columns).

A SAD CASE.

Tewfik Rifaat Pasha, President of the Assize Court which tried the Behera raid case a fortnight ago at Alexandria, has written a formal letter on behalf of the Court to Zewer Pasha, Minister of Wakfs, asking him if he could give a monthly grant for the family of one of the men who lost their lives during the raid. "This man," remarked the Judge, "was at his house when the robbers attacked the Izbeh, and he went out to give help to the attacked party when he was killed leaving a widow, seven daughters, and a baby son. His family had no other support but himself and his death left that family entirely without any resources." The reader may remember that six of the brigands accused in the above case were sentenced to capital punishment and six others to penal servitude for life. The villager who lost his life while he was attempting to save others was Ahmed el Fouli.

SHOT AT WHILE PRAYING.

It is reported from Tanta that a few days ago, when the omdeh of Natas was saying his morning prayer in the mosque a native named Mohamed Rizk fired at him but missed him. The Tanta Parquet Agent was informed of the crime. The aggressor was arrested and an enquiry is still proceeding.

MORMON GRAIN FOR ALLIES.

The saving of wheat in the United States as the result of the Hoover Regulations is estimated to-day at 60 per cent, and the substitution of war bread has improved the health of the people. Even in the most luxurious clubs the regulations are compulsory, and nobody objects. Stores which make default are promptly closed, and a second offence entails imprisonment. To maintain adequate supplies for the Allies more than a quarter of a million bushels of grain in the Mormon granaries, at Salt Lake City, built up by Brigham Young as a protection against famine, are being swept clean. Never before in the history of the Church has the reserve been depleted, but Mormons are just as patriotic as the rest of the country, and warmly approve the measure.

THEFTS IN CAIRO.

Moustafa Effendi Kamel has informed the Darb el Ahmar Police, Cairo, that gold ornaments and bank-notes to the value of L.E.300 have been stolen from his house during his absence in the cemetery. A native named Mohamed Tantawi has been arrested on suspicion.

Riad Bey Ghali, a lawyer of Cairo, has informed the Ezbekieh Police that objects to the value of L.E.300 have been stolen from his house.

ALEXANDRIA LIBRARY.

During the month of June there were 283 European and 311 Arab readers in the Library, making a total of 593; 359 works in 488 volumes were consulted in the European section and 370 works in 436 volumes were consulted in the Arabic section, making a total of 729 works in 924 volumes. Of the 359 works in European languages 300 were in French, 52 in English, 3 in Italian, 3 in Greek and 1 in Latin.

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THE COIN CRISIS IN EGYPT.

EFFECT OF HOARDING.

The coin crisis has never been so acute since the beginning of the war as it has been during the last few days and the public are experiencing great difficulty in making their purchases as practically all coins and notes of small denominations—paper silver and nickel—are disappearing from circulation gradually and one can hardly buy anything and expect to receive change. It was generally believed that as soon as the Government put into circulation the notes of smaller denominations, the coinage crisis which had been prevalent for a long time past, would be relieved but the effect of the issue of these small value notes has proved to be just the contrary of what was expected and instead of the crisis being somewhat relieved, has been greatly accentuated.

It is true that the demands of Palestine and the Sudan for coins of small denominations have been great but the Ministry of Finance has foreseen all this and has issued so far about seven million pounds of silver coins for the purpose. The Sudan Government has authorised the circulation of British shillings and florins of King George V. issue in the Sudan as legal tender. The cause of this crisis therefore is thought to be the public themselves, many of whom have been hoarding silver in great quantities as they cannot and will not understand the value and advantages of the paper money and unless the public can help the Government in this direction there can be no hope of improvement in the situation as no matter how great the quantity of coins may be, they are bound to disappear in the same manner so long as the ignorant agricultural and mercantile classes —who, by the way form the majority—are making fortunes, and increasing their savings in the banks, keep them in the form of silver coins or in gold whenever the latter is available.

It is to be hoped that our native contemporaries will take this question up more seriously and will try to explain to the ignorant natives the advantages of paper money and the folly of hoarding silver in such large quantities especially as silver coins do not contain at present more than 60 or 65 per cent of their face value in silver.

GRESHAM'S LAW.

(To the Editor, "Egyptian Gazette.")

Sir,—Is it possible that the remedy of issuing P.T.25 as P.T. 10 in paper money to cure the evil of the shortage of silver, has had the reverse effect? Since the issue of these notes, the difficulty of getting silver and nickel change has been pronounced. Is it possible also that the "powers that be" had not foreseen the working of Gresham's law that "bad money drives out good."

This dictum was first used in the proclamation of 1560 respecting the decrial of base silver coin in which Sir Thomas Gresham, banker and merchant, took an active part in advising Queen Elizabeth. During her reign there was much concern at the impossibility of maintaining sound and unbefaced coin in circulation. All the money was clipped or otherwise depreciated, and though much new money was issued from the Mint it speedily vanished from circulation, leaving in the country only the depreciated coins. The mistake of the authorities lay in their issuing the new money without having first withdrawn the depreciated currency, and this mistake was first pointed out by Sir Thomas Gresham. In effect, Gresham said that *bad money always drives good money out of circulation*; this formula is now generally known as Gresham's Law.

There is an old but useful statement of the law that "when two sorts of coins are current in the same nation, of like value by denomination, but not intrinsically, that which has the least value will be current, and the other as much as possible hoarded" or dealt with as a subject of merchandise or "profiteering." At the present moment in England, the issuing of paper money has not in any manner put the silver out of circulation, because there it is recognised that paper and currency are of equal value and interchangable, but here we have to deal with an ignorant population that look on paper money as "bad" and hard the currency.

Yours, etc.,
"Sarrar."

CASHIER'S DEFALCATIONS.

The enquiry which was opened by the Cairo Parquet in the case of embleszement which occurred in the Frontiers Department, involving the cashier of the Department, shows that the amount embezzled was over L.E.500. The Parquet has found out that the method which the cashier followed in embezzling was to add a figure to the original sum for which the cheques had been drawn and which he was ordered to cash from the National Bank. For instance, if the cheque was for L.E.40, he placed 1 to the left of the L.E.40 so that it read L.E.140. He then cashed the cheque and kept the extra amount for himself. The cashier is said to have confessed to his crime and he will shortly be referred to the Juge de Renvoi who will send him to the Cairo Assizes for trial.

ALEXANDRIA'S SIGHTS.

During June there were 273 paying visitors at the Museum and 933 free; at Pompey's Pillar there were 245 paying and 813 free; at Kom el Shougafa 991 paying and at Anfoushy 11 free visitors.

NOTICE.

ALEXANDRIA DOG TAX.

Summer visitors are advised that within a fortnight of their arrival they are liable for a tax of P.T.50 for each dog in their possession. In default of payment within the prescribed delay, dog owners are liable to prosecution and to the payment of a double tax.

Alexandria, July 13.
H. Hopkinson, Director-General.

EGYPT'S FOOD.

THE OIL CRISIS.

TRICKS OF THE PROFITEERS.

The oil crisis still continues and nothing appears to have been done so far by the Supplies Control Board to relieve the situation although the disappearance of this most necessary article from the markets is being greatly felt in both industrial and domestic circles. As regards olive oil, as already stated a short time ago, this is practically unobtainable in the market and wherever it is to be found in small quantities, it cannot be had under P.T.50 per oke. There may be an excuse for the sale of olive oil at such a high price as its importation from Greece, Syria and other countries has ceased altogether and it is now imported in very small quantities either from Spain and Italy, but these quantities are far from meeting even a very small portion of the domestic demands and such a price it cannot be utilised at all for the manufacture of soap or for other industrial purposes. There remains the cotton seed oil manufactured in the country and hitherto used as a substitute for olive oil, both in kitchen purposes and in factories. A few months ago the authorities fixed its price at 9 piastres the oke, according to its quality, and since this official fixing of the prices, it has practically disappeared from the market and can only be had now unofficially at P.T.16 to P.T.20. Some of the cotton oil factories have ceased its manufacture altogether while others are said to be still manufacturing large quantities of it and disposing of them in different ways at prices far above the tariff. We are informed that some of these factories are mixing cotton seed oil with 20 per cent only of cocoa nut oil and owing to the fact that cocoa nut oil is not tariffed they are selling this mixture to soap manufacturers as "cocoa nut oil" at prices far above those fixed by the authorities. Other factories pretend to have ceased to manufacture this oil but continue its sale secretly at high prices, and arrange matters in such a way as to conceal all proofs necessary for conviction. For instance, they appoint one sole agent and promise him a fairly good margin of the profits — which by the way are extremely elevated. The latter arranges secretly for its sale to soap manufacturers and retailers and gives them invoices in his name in which the official price and not the real selling prices are marked. The purchaser on the other hand enter the transactions in their books at the official prices, as they are also subject to trial as tariff offenders in the event of their being discovered to have purchased at more than the official prices. We are informed that a factory, the case of which is now being investigated by the authorities, belongs to this category of tariff offenders and that its proprietor has made thousands and thousands of pounds illegally in this manner. His sole agent is said to have been arranging all sales of oil on his behalf secretly while the owner used to pretend that he had no oil at all for sale. No doubt the authorities will be able to clear all these points and if proved to be true it would be necessary in public interest to advise proprietors a good lesson which will serve as an example to others who are taking no notice of official orders and try to go against them by all tricks possible. It must be borne in mind that in England, people in high official positions have been prosecuted for profiteering in such matters. Why, therefore, should anyone in Egypt be spared. As the Supplies Control Board has cleverly tackled the petroleum and wheat problems it is hoped that it will be able to tackle this problem as well. Cotton seed oil is the produce of the country and there appears to be no reason why it should not be obtainable at fairly reasonable prices.

THE ONION TRADE.

Last week, about 9,800 kantars of onions reached Alexandria. During the same period of last year only 2,727 kantars arrived. The quantity exported last week amounted to 7,419 kantars. During the same period last year only 2,493 kantars of onion were exported to foreign countries.

From April last up to the week ending Friday, July 12, 1918, about 459,572 kantars of onions reached Alexandria and 97,446 kantars were exported. During the same period last year, 509,733 kantars arrived and 377,618 kantars were exported.

WHEAT ARRIVALS AT ALEXANDRIA.

Last week, about 6,055 ardebs of Saidi and 11,257 ardebs of Beheri wheat reached Alexandria from the Provinces. During the same period last year only 2,935 ardebs of the first and 10,696 ardebs of the second arrived to Alexandria.

LICENCES FOR BUTCHERS.

The Supplies Control Commission in Alexandria will meet to-day at the Governorate in order to consider the question of giving licences to European butchers. On Thursday next the same Commission will meet to organise an official committee for the cereal merchants of Alexandria.

FRUIT FROM ARABIA.

Fruits are now being imported to Port Sudan from El Taif, Hejaz, such as grapes, plums, apples and the like. These fruits are fetching good prices.

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CAIRO AMUSEMENTS.

Radium Cinema.—In the Garden Cinema of the Radium, Sharia Emad ed-Din, from to-day the 15th inst. a special attraction is being screened entitled "The Foundling" in which the famous actress, Mary Pickford, takes the chief role. Another attraction is a local production entitled "The Black Gang of Cairo." From Monday, the 15th, prices of all seats are raised as follows: Boxes (to seat 6 persons) P.T. 60, numbered stalls P.T.10; numbered fauteuils, P.T.8, chairs P.T.5. From Monday, 22 July, an important piece entitled "The Invasion of the United States," will be screened.

The Salle Kleber.—The programme of films for the current week shown for the first time on Tuesday evening last— attracted a very large and attentive audience at the Salle Kleber, where the patrons are accustomed to see photoplays of a very high class. In accordance with the principle laid down by the management, the programme was a varied one, and included films of dramatic, humourous and general interest. "French Mothers," from the scenario by Jean Richepin (of the French Academy) was a powerful 4 part drama, remarkable for the inclusion in the cast of Mme. Sarah Bernhardt in the role of Marie Lebrun. The play itself dealt with the early days of the war, and was unfolded with their wealth of detail for which the French films are noted. Very vivid were the scenes, while the plot itself contained many moving episodes calculated to appeal not only to French mothers, but to all others whose dear ones are involved in this world struggle. "Chase Me, Charlie" created immense amusement, and showed this unique comedian in many guises, each offering full scope for his genius as an entertainer. This film consists of 6 reels, of which the first and second only will be shown this week. Gaumont's beautiful scenic production of The Amazon (Rio de Janeiro) were much admired, and gave a convincing representation of this renowned beauty spot.

The American Cosmograph.—A very large audience was present on Friday evening last at the American Cosmograph, where a new bill for the current week was exhibited amid much enthusiasm. "Fatty in Love" was the first item on the programme, and as is generally the case with American farces, it was received with shouts of laughter. Another excellent film—also of American origin—was "Jerry's Baby," a very good story with a slight touch of romance being unfolded as a result of a casual meeting on a street car. Next came "Lily's Elopement," remarkable for the superb acting of such cinema stars as Rene Cresta, Marcel Levesque, Michel, Derna and Yvette Andreyor. Some of the incidents portrayed were most moving, and throughout the play there was nothing which could not be described as morally elevating. Films of this class cannot but produce good effect on general public. Gaumont's World Events proved of unusual interest, and included a wide selection of topical happenings in all climes. Some of the most successful pictorial results were those obtained by the British official cinema operator in Palestine. Apart from the great merit attaching to them as war pictures of local interest, many were works of art, especially those of the camels marching across the desert. A new serial brought the programme to a conclusion, the first episode holding the audience spellbound. There are seven others to come, and if they are as thrilling as the first, Cairo should swarm to see them.

CRICKET.

——th Co. M.T. v. B.W.I.'s

A league match was played yesterday between the Co. M.T. and the B.W.I.'s on the former's ground. The B.W.I.'s won the toss sent in their opponents. The attack was concentrated to Hall and Clairmonte the M.T. opened their innings with Hall and Miller. Runs came slowly, five overs being bowled before a score was made. Small and Clairmonte being practically unplayable, the side being all out for a paltry total of 29 runs, none of the batsmen reaching double figures.

The B.W.I.'s then occupied the wickets and at drawing of stumps had scored 70 for the loss of 9 wickets, thus running by 41 runs and 1 wicket. For the winners Cessair 24, Strachan 12 and Fernandes 13 were the chief scorers, and Clairmonte 17 was the ball. The scores were B.W.I.'s 70; ——th Coy., 29.

SALE OF OLD STORES.

Tenders are invited for the purchase of Iron, Steel, Vehicle Tyres, Canvas, Tentage, Haynets, Grass Rope, Cycle Wheels, Glass, Crockery, Files, Tin Scrap, Leather Wood Shavings, Sawdust, Ground Sheets, Tins, Horse Rugs, Camel Rugs, Gloves, Boot Soles, Boot Uppers, etc., etc.
Tenders returnable on July 24, 1918. Full particulars and forms may be obtained from (a) the Chief Ordnance Officer, Base, Gabbari, Gabbari, Alexandria, or (b) D.O.S., Base, 8 Rue Sidi el Metwalli, Alexandria.

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Marché du coton: assez calme que vendredi. Ventes : 1200 balles.

Prix irréguliers et en faveur des acheteurs, les vendeurs continuant à forcer les ventes.

Arrivages coton : balles 138 contre meme jour l'année précédente 138.

Graines disponible pas de quotations en graines.

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Qualités Beheri:	Cond.	Saha	306 à	—
Qualités Saidi	,,		306 ,,	—
Qualités Hindi	,,		316 ,,	—
Fèves:—				
Qualité Saidi	,,		235 ,,	245
Lentilles	,,		253 ,,	268
Mais	,,		205 ,,	212
Orges	,,		171 ,,	—
Coton Afifi		Tallaris	28½ à	43½N.
,, Nubari	,,		28½ ,,	44 N.
,, Haute-Egypte	,,		25 ,,	41½N.
,, Sakellaridis	,,		28 ,,	49

EXPORTATION DU 13 JUILLET 1918.

Coton.— Balles —— contre balles ——, l'année precedente.

Graines de coton.— Ardeb —— contre —— à la meme date de l'année precedente.

Oignons.— Arrivages de ce jour —— contre 200 à la meme date de l'année précédente.

MUNICIPALITE D'ALEXANDRIE

A partir du Lundi 15 Juillet 1918, et jusqu'à nouvel ordre le Jardin Antoniadis sera ouvert au public: les vendredi, samedi, et dimanche de chaque semaine de 8h. du matin à 8h. du soir.

Il sera ferme les autres jours de la semaine. Les prix d'entrée sont fixes pour les vendredi et dimanche à P.T.2 et pour le samedi a P.T.5.

Alexandrie le 13 Juillet 1918.

Le Directeur General:
62458-1. H. Hopkinson.

THEFTS FROM LETTERS.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

We have lately received a remarkable number of complaints from subscribers that letters sent with remittances have not been acknowledged. As these remittances have not been received by us and are sent in the shape of bank notes in unregistered letters, we advise subscribers to send remittances in registered letters in future.

OUR NEW SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Subscribers are asked to note that through force of circumstances, we have been obliged to raise our subscription rates as follows:—Egypt, Sudan and Palestine, 3 months, P.T.100; 6 months, P.T. 180. Countries in the Postal Union, 3 months £1. 3. 6d.; 6 months, £2. 1. 0d. The annual subscription remains as it is, viz: P.T.300 and £3. 8. 6d. respectively. The monthly subscription is abolished.

U.P.N.

NOTICE TO MILITARY SUBSCRIBERS.

Much confusion and mistakes could be avoided if military subscribers, when changing their address, renewing or stopping their subscriptions, would send us one of the latest wrappers received.

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