ROLL OF HONOUR.

("Gazette's Special Service.")

The following casualties are officially reported:—

London, Nov. 18.

Killed:—
Abbott, 2Lt., S.SH., Bedford R.
Bain, Lt., Alt., Irish Gros.
Barker, 2Lt., T.C., R.E.
Beattie, Lt., T., Duke of Wellington's W. Riding R.
Booth, 2Lt., J., Mach Gun Corps.
Boucher, 2Lt., C.A., Duke of Wellington's W. Riding R.
Brown, Lt., A.G., Northumber'd Fus.
Bullock, 2Lt., A.M., London R.
Burfoot, 2Lt., H., Northumber'd Fus.
Burnley, 2Lt., E.S., W. York R.
Chadwick, 2Lt., J., Lanc Fus.
David, 2Lt., E.H., Cheshire R.
Evans, 2Lt., N.K., Welsh Fus.
Field, 2Lt., J., Berkshire R.
Fisher, 2Lt., H.L., Durham L.I.
Golder, Cap., G.D., Duke of Wellington's W. Riding R.
Gunter, 2Lt., G.R., Grenadier Grds.
Hartley, Cap., N.T., W. York R.
Hodgson, 2Lt., J., Durham L.I.
Hunt, 2Lt., A.G., R. Irish Grds.
Jewitt, 2Lt., J.W., York R.
Jones, 2Lt., H.T., S. Wales Bord.
Keeper, 2Lt., R.C., R. Welsh Fus.
Lamb, 2Lt., J. McN., R.F.A.
Lewin, Cap., C.O.H., Somerset L.I.
Long, 2Lt., J., R. Berkshire R.
Macdougall, Lt., A., Scottish Rifles.
Macdougall, Lt., A., Scottish Rifles.
Martin, Lt., T., Scottish Rifles.
Moore, 2Lt., E.P.A., Coldstream Grds.
Paton, 2Lt., R. Scots Fus.
Perks, Cap., R.C., Duke of Wellington's W. Riding R.
Pomfret, 2Lt., J.W., Northumber'd Fus.
Puddicombe, 2Lt., F.C., Devonshire R.
Rowland, 2Lt., J.W.B., R.F.A.
Sk. Hill, Lt.-Col., A.A., Northumber'd Fus.
Soleh, 2Lt., F.W., York R.
Sommervill, 2Lt., J., R. Scots Fus.
Sterling, Cap., G.P., Northumber'd Fus.
Stott, 2Lt., R.S., Lanc Fus.
Summerville, 2Lt., J., York R.
Tate, 2Lt., L.P., North Stafford R.
Virgin, 2Lt., W.F., Wiltshire R.
Woodhouse, 2Lt., H., Duke of Wellington's W. Riding R.
Yeoll, 2Lt., J.S., Northumber'd Fus.

Previously missing, now killed:—
Bayliss, Cap., P.B., Tank Corps.
Sabine, Lt., G., Sherwood For.

Died of wounds:—
Baugh, 2Lt., J.T., Manchester R.
Filmer Strangeways Rogers, 2Lt., A.F.F., Grenadier Grds.
Oates, 2Lt., Walter, R.E.
Seddon, 2Lt., M.H., A.S.C.
Sylvester, 2Lt., G.H., London R.

Previously wounded, now died of wounds:—
Barrett, 2Lt., V., Northampton R.
Blackburn, 2Lt., G.S., Border R.
Coade, 2Lt., W.H., Leinster R.

Died:—
Beak, 2Lt., B.C., Mach Gun Corps.
Bemrose, Lt., R.H., R.F.A.
Goulding, 2Lt., S.C., R.F.A.
Guthrie, 2Lt., W.C., R.F.A.
Hodge, Lt., W.B., R. Scots Fus.
Hyman, 2Lt., E.H., Gloucester R.
Jobling, Cap., J.B., Labour Corps.
King, Lt., H.F.I., R.F.A.
Lamb, Lt., E.R., Manchester R.
Mitchell, 2Lt., T., Northumber'd Fus.
Morin, Cap., J.A.S., R.G.A.
Plummer, Lt., F.R., R.G.A.
Robbins, Lt., W.H., R.E.
Rolle, Cap., T.W., Labour Corps.
Rooke, Cap., D.G., Coldstream Grds.
Thomas, 2Lt., W., E. Lanc R.
Traylen, Lt., N.A., A.S.C.
Treves, Lt., G.V., R.E.
Tyrrell, 2Lt., E.J., Middlesex R.

Wounded:—
Adair, Cap., A.H.S., Grenadier Grds.
Adams, 2Lt., C.J.N., Grenadier Grds.
Adler, 2Lt., S., Cheshire R.
Ainsworth, 2Lt., B., York R.
Alexander, Cap., E., Northumber'd Fus.
Allan, 2Lt., H., York R.
Anderson, Major, J.N., R.F.A.
Andrew, Lt., M., Lanc Fus.
Armstrong, Major, C.M., W. York R.
Ashton, 2Lt., W., Bedford R.
Baker, Lt., J.D., R. Irish Fus.
Bell, 2Lt., H.K., R.F.A.
Bell, 2Lt., J.J., Northumber'd Fus.
Berry, 2Lt., H., W. York R.
Blaker, 2Lt., H.R., Tank Corps.
Bowers, Cap., E.G., Northumber'd Fus.
Brown, Cap., W.N., Gordon Highrs.
Bruce, 2Lt., K.C., York R.
Cambell, Lt., K.A., Grenadier Grds.
Carstairs, Lt., C.C., Grenadier Grds.
Chapman, Lt., T.H., Ordnance Dept.
Clarke, 2Lt., H.R., Connaught Rang.
Clarke, 2Lt., J.G.H., Northumber'd Fus.
Clifford, 2Lt., A.G., London R.
Crams, 2Lt., G.H., R.G.A.
Cresse, 2Lt., S.H., Shropshire L.I.
Cunningham Smith, 2Lt., L., Sherwood For.
Dickens, 2Lt., L.C., York R.
Dickinson, 2Lt., C.S., Northumber'd Fus.
Donald, 2Lt., A.M., Tank Corps.
Dowling, 2Lt., R.F.O.B., Connaught Rang.
Driver, 2Lt., R.J., Northumber'd Fus.
Dunhill 2Lt., A.H., W. Surrey R.
Earle, 2Lt., H.E., W. Surrey R.
Edgar, 2Lt., W.G., Northumber'd Fus.
Edwards, 2Lt., F.G., Mach Gun Corps.
Findlay, Major, C.D., R.E.
Flewett, 2Lt., T.F., R. Dublin Fus.
Foster, Major, H.W.B., Northumber'd Fus.
Fox, 2Lt., E.O., E. Lanc R.
Gibbons, Cap., C., Durham L.I.
Gibbons, Cap., R., Devonshire R.
Gill, Major, R.H., Northumber'd Fus.
Gunn, 2Lt., A.D., R.F.A.
Gwynn, Major, K.H., R.F.A.
Hall, Lt., N.B., Durham L.I.
Harris, 2Lt., A., Tank Corps.
Harris, Cap., M.R.H., R.F.A.
Harris, Lt., R.E., North Stafford R.
Haslam, 2Lt., C., R. Welsh Fus.
Hedges, Lt., F.W., Bedford R.
Hill, 2Lt., S.A.G., Bedford R.
Hill, 2Lt., T.L.G., R. Welsh Fus.
Hillingworth, Cap., F.V., Manchester R.
Holness, Lt., F.R., Lincoln R.
Hudson, 2Lt., D.P., Cheshire R.
Iredale, Lt., H.C., Bedford R.
Jeans, 2Lt., G.M., Wiltshire R.
Jones, Cap., C.W., York R.
Jones, 2Lt., J.P., Welsh Fus.
Qendrick, (?) Cap., F.A., S. Stafford R.
Leakie, Lt., L.H., W. Surrey R.
Llewellyn, Lt., D., R. Welsh Fus.
Lockwood, Lt., C.M., Tank Corps.
McClure, 2Lt., R.V., W. York R.
McLean, 2Lt., W., Mach Gun Corps.
McNaughton, Major, F.L., R.F.A.
Marsh, 2Lt., J., Manchester R.
Mason, 2Lt., L.W., Essex R.
Matthews, 2Lt., F.T., Bedford R.
Morrison, 2Lt., J.H., York R.
Mowat, 2Lt., J., Highland L.I.
Oldfield, 2Lt., H., York R.
Partridge, 2Lt., E., R. Fus.
Pearson, 2Lt., G.L., Mach Gun Corps.
Pennington, 2Lt., W., Bedford R.
Perret, 2Lt., F.L., R. Welsh Fus.
Pigney, 2Lt., J.D., Cheshire R.
Pocock, 2Lt., J.C., R.E.
Pontefract, Lt., J.W., Duke of Wellington's W. Riding R.
Prime, 2Lt., H.G., R. Welsh Fus.
Russell, Major, D.H., R.A.M.C.
Rutledge, Lt., A.H., W. York R.
Salisbury Jones, Cap., A.G., Coldstream Grds.
Shaw, 2Lt., A., Cyclist Corps.
Sinclair, Cap., R.S.B., Gloucester R.
Slater, 2Lt., P.N., E. Lanc R.
Smith, Lt., F.S.L., Irish Grds.
Smith, 2Lt., W.J., Durham L.I.
Stafford, Lt., K.J., R.F.A.
Stead, 2Lt., E.L., E. York R.
Swinton, Cap., A.H.C., Scots Grds.
Thomas, 2Lt., E.M., R.F.A.
Thornton, 2Lt., A.S., W. York R.
Townend, 2Lt., H., W. York R.
Vansenden, Cap., E.A., York & Lanc R.
Wade, 2Lt., J.T., Durham L.I.
White, 2Lt., A.F., Welsh R.
White, 2Lt., W., Tank Corps.
Whitehead, 2Lt., H., Lanc Fus.
Williams, 2Lt., C.W., Coldstream Grds.
Williams, Cap., W.G., S. Wales Bord.
Wilson, Lt., A.C., Lincoln R.
Wilson, Lt., H., Mach Gun Corps.
Wood, 2Lt., H.H., Wiltshire R.
Wynne, Major, R.O., Liverpool R.
Yates, Major, R., R.F.A.
Young, 2Lt., J.L., Highland L.I.

Previously missing, now wounded not missing:—
Vaisaire, 2Lt., H.J., Tank Corps.

Wounded and missing:—
Yapp, Lt., C.P., Bedford R.

Missing, believed killed:—
Dunny, 2Lt., J.-R.-Irish Fus.
Rigenstrison, Cap., G.H., Manchester R.

Missing:—
Bedford, 2Lt., T.A., W. York R.
Marsden, 2Lt., F.G., W. York R.
Marshall, 2Lt., C.C.B., R.I rish Fus.

Previously missing, now prisoners:—
Dawson, 2Lt., F.A., Loyal N. Lanc R.
Here, Lt., L.B., Yeomanry.
Wilkes, 2Lt., A.H.P., R.F.A.

AIR FORCE CASUALTIES.

("Gazette's Special Service.")

London, Nov. 18.

Killed:—
Fletcher, 2Lt., C.A., R.A.F.
Hunter, Lt., H.T., R.A.F.
McNeale, 2Lt., T.C., R.A.F.
Packham, 2Lt., C.T., R.A.F.

Died of wounds:—
Crump, 2Lt., C.D., R.A.F.
Lee, 2Lt., C.P., R.A.F.

Died:—
Fatcher, Lt., H.E., R.A.F.
Lesley, Cap., R.V.B., R.A.F.
Price, Lt., J.W., R.A.F.

Previously missing, now killed:—
Pacey, 2Lt., J.B., R.A.F.

Wounded:—
Argles, 2Lt., H.A., R.A.F.
Bolter, Cap., A.W., R.A.F.
Bettante, Lt., W., R.A.F.
Pudsey, Cap., W.S., R.A.F.
Rose, 2Lt., J.A., R.A.F.
Thomson, 2Lt., F.E., R.A.F.
Tomz, 2Lt., H., R.A.F.

Missing:—
Aitken, 2Lt., J.T., R.A.F.
Barden, 2Lt., S.S., R.A.F.
Craig, 2Lt., W.D., R.A.F.
Grant, 2Lt., H.C.P., R.A.F.
Levy, Lt., W.G., R.A.F.
Ricky, 2Lt., C., R.A.F.
Scott, Lt., F.C.D., R.A.F.
Simpson, Lt., T.F., R.A.F.
Symons, 2Lt., J.G., R.A.F.

Previously missing, now prisoners:—
Cabot, 2Lt., T.C., R.A.F.
Senior, 2Lt., H.H., R.A.F.
Sinclair, 2Lt., A.S., R.A.F.
Stewart, 2Lt., E.B., R.A.F.

Previously missing, now wounded and prisoners:—
Crossley, 2Lt., H., R.A.F.
Farrand, 2Lt., E.S., R.A.F.

STATUS OF ADAM CASE.

The appeal lodged by Sheikh Mohamed Abou Zeid against the judgment passed upon him by the Damanhour Mehkemeh Sharieh, in the case of the prophethip of Adam will come before the Alexandria Mehkemeh of First Instance for consideration on Sunday next.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON SEED CAKE DISTRIBUTION.

We are informed that the Controller of Petroleum Distribution has arranged with the Egyptian Salt and Soda Co. Ltd to continue to supply from their store in St. Catherine's Square, cotton seed cake exclusively for household use from December next against payment of P.T.400 per ton. Persons requiring cake for this purpose are requested to apply in writing to the Local Controller of Petroleum Distribution, P.O.B.388, Alexandria, for permits. The maximum quantity allowed per household will be one ton monthly.

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ALEXANDRIA BOURSE.

The market was a little weaker yesterday.

Unified dropped 3/8 £ to £90 3/4 while Privileged closed in demand at £78 1/2.

There was no change in Agricultural Bank which finished at £6 19/32. Banque d'Athenes being weaker at fr.113 showing a drop of a franc.

Credit Foncier bonds issues 1886, 1903 and 1911 were quoted at fr.411, 294 1/2 and 286 1/2 respectively.

Land Bank were unchanged at £7 9/16. Building Lands remained at £1 11/16 and there was no change in Union Foncierc d'Egypte which closed at £3 9/32.

Priv. Trams rose 1fr. 1/4 to fr.108 3/4 while Ord. Khedivieh dropped 10 1/2d. closing at 72/6d.

Egyptian Salt and Soda remained unchanged at 58/3d.

There was half a pound drop in Filatures Nationales which finished at £10 1/2 and there was no change in Cotton Ginners and Alexandria and Ramleh Railways Co. which closed respectively at £-29/32 and £5 11/16.

Port Said Sers were a little firmer at 80/6d, a three pence rise; deferred Comptoir Financier advancing an eighth and closing in demand at £1 7/8.

New Egyptian Ds. dropped three pence to 20/4 1/2 while Aboukir Co. of Egypt closed in demand at 23/-.

EGYPTIAN SHARES.

ANTICIPATION IN LONDON.

The "Evening Standard" remarks:—

It is curious that the Turkish collapse has not yet led to a revival in the Egyptian section, on which it should have an immediate bearing. Egypt has had four years of solid prosperity in consequence of the high prices received for its agricultural products, and this prosperity having gone to the broad mass of the people, a solid basis has been created for developments after the successful conclusion of the war. These developments should be all in favour of the country, as with the regrouping to take place in the Near East, Egypt will become the centre of a vastly extended British sphere of interest. Already there are reports of an increasing demand for land, and shares of land companies such as Sidi Salem, Garbieh, Delta Land, New Egyptian, Behera, Union Foncire, Aboukir, should be worth picking up at present prices, not so much for capital appreciation as for materialisation of hopes in the shape of dividends.

GOVERNMENT CONTRACTS.

As a result of the call for tenders for the supply of uniforms and general stores for the General Post Office during 1919-1920 published in the "Official Journal" of August 29 last, twenty-eight offers were received and opened on November 15. The following tenders were accepted:— Ali Hussein L.E. 240; J. Arvanitaki, 8,710; Const. Choueri, 1,092,500; J. Compton & Sons Ltd. 12,864,050; W. W. Davies, 93,374; A. Daninos (The Egyptian Carbide Co.), 2,841,500; Y. De'ono (Cordonnerie Parisienne), 61,200; Fendion & Co., 18,000; Geo. Fistouris, 761,910; T. & D. Henry of London (Mr. W. Delanoy), 2,617,000; Th. Hinshelwood & Co. Ltd., 296,520; B. Hanania, 245,890; H. Margasches, 540,000; Model Workshops, 75,390; Alex. J. Nehme, 131,020; S. & S. Salmoni & Co. 28,800; The Shannon Ltd., 27,000; H.A. El-Wakkad, 1,554,450; Thos. De La Rue & Co. Ltd. of London, 56,500.

ARMISTICE CELEBRATIONS IN THE SUDAN.

The conclusion of the armistice and the victorious termination of the war were celebrated in a formal and public manner throughout the Sudan. On Thursday afternoon, November 21, a garden party was given at the Palace by the Governor General and was attended by a large number of officials, military and civil, and notables of all the various communities in Khartoum and vicinity.

On the following afternoon the Governor General, accompanied by his staff, the Governor of Khartoum and a number of other high officials, proceeded to Omdurman, where a celebration was held at Mosque Square. His Excellency received delegations representing the various communities to express their congratulations on this great occasion.

Saturday, November 23, was observed as a public holiday. Government offices, banks, business house, etc., being closed on that day.

LEGAL DOCTORS' SALARIES.

It is proposed to increase the salary of the European Legal Doctor at the Native Courts of Appeal from L.E.900 to L.E. 1,200 a year, and to increase that of each of the two other doctors who are appointed with him, from L.E.600 to L.E.900 a year.

Referring to rumours that Kerensky was going to Petrograd for a rest cure, the "Dia" urges the Government to do "as all Governments where anarchy is not imminent and as an institution have done, and treat him as an undesirable," forbidding him to enter the territory of the Republic.

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INFLUENZA IN EGYPT.

THE EPIDEMIC IN CAIRO.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH'S INSTRUCTIONS.

Lieut.-Colonel Garner has arrived in Cairo from Palestine where he has been successfully conducting the campaign against cholera and typhus and he is taking measures to fight influenza in Cairo. The epidemic has been making ravages in the Abdin, Khalifa, Darb el Ahmar and Boulac quarters of the capital. The native newspapers announce that some Government departments will have to appeal to retired officials to fill up temporarily the posts vacant owing to the malady. It is stated that the schools and public establishments may have to be closed for a fortnight. An official publication will be issued on the subject of the measures that will be taken to stamp out the epidemic. It must be admitted that in spite of much investigation influenza is not yet completely understood, and, indeed, that it is not even easily defined. Its essential cause is generally believed to be the microbe described simultaneously in 1892 by three observers, and named, after one of them, Pfeiffer's bacillus. But this cannot be held to be absolutely proved, and in a recent memorandum of the Local Government Board the question whether this germ is the "specific" cause of influenza is left an open one. Recently some doctors have noted anomalous features in their cases, but this is not surprising, for influenza has always been peculiar and protean, and it may well be that in this disease, as in typhoid fever, we have to deal with a family of allied organisms each capable of giving rise to a similar group of symptoms.

A SHORT-LIVED EPIDEMIC.

The most striking feature of the disease is its high degree of infectiousness. It spreads with extreme rapidity—though not more swiftly than modern modes of conveyance—and attacks some 40 per cent of the population in an affected area. Hence it tends to become a universal plague, a pandemic rather than an epidemic; for whereas, an Egyptian outbreak of scarlet fever might select Alexandria and affect Ramleh particularly, influenza may sweep the globe from China to Peru. Fortunately it does not last longer than some two months in any given locality, and fortunately also its rate of mortality is low—about 1/2 per cent of the cases—though the total number of deaths may be appallingly high. It should be remembered, however, that many of the deaths attributed to influenza are not due to it alone, for invalids from other disease, such as tuberculosis and heart disease, readily succumb to an attack from which a healthy man would recover.

Meetings have recently been held at the Department of Public Health to consider the taking of all possible steps to limit the spread of the present influenza epidemic.

For the information of the Public, we are asked to point out that the disease is apparently the same as that which on several different occasions in the last century has caused a pandemic. At the present moment it is again reported from most parts of the world and in certain countries it has caused a very high mortality, usually from pulmonary complications.

In Egypt, the position is not at present comparable with that of such countries but there is every evidence to suggest that the disease is likely to attain here very considerable proportions.

It must be borne in mind that there is no definite line of action which the State can take which will afford protection to the individual without his co-operation. The disease can only be avoided by the adoption by each individual of the necessary precautions. These have already been shown in the Press at the request of the Department of Public Health. In order to obtain still more publicity, the Health Department will issue as soon as possible posters and pamphlets showing in detail the precautions to be adopted to avoid contracting the disease and to limit its spread when contracted.

A circular is also being issued to all Government offices, religious denominations, large employers of labour, etc., explaining the necessity for free ventilation in closed spaces where large numbers of people are congregated, and for the immediate isolation of cases of the disease. Patients whose circumstances are such that they cannot be isolated at home are being received into Government hospitals.

A vaccine, the action of which is directed mainly against the pulmonary complications, is at present on trial in Europe both for prophylactic and curative purposes and the Department will shortly have available a quantity of this vaccine for issue against payment to such medical practitioners as may wish to use it. Medical practitioners will be informed when this vaccine arrives.

The course of the epidemic is being carefully watched in order that further measures, such as the closure of schools, restrictions with regard to places of amusement, etc. may be undertaken as soon as necessity for them arises.

In the meantime—the attention of the public is again called to the following points:—

HOW TO AVOID THE DISEASE.

It is to be remembered that the disease, which is highly infectious, is contracted in the great majority of cases by one individual directly inhaling infected material spayed into the air from the nose, throat or lungs of an infected person in the immediate vicinity, especially by the acts of speaking, coughing and sneezing. Therefore all cases occurring in a house should be isolated in the house in a room or rooms separate from the rest of the family.

Abundance of fresh air dilutes and destroys this infection. Therefore all houses should be kept freely and continuously ventilated night and day.

Crowded tram cars and trains and all crowds in closed spaces should be avoided as far as possible. Windows in tramcars and trains should be kept sufficiently open to ensure free ventilation.

In a house in which a case or cases are isolated, full and continuous ventilation is specially necessary in the other rooms occupied by the non-infected people.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN ATTACKED.

The disease is evidenced by headache, sore throat, discharge from the nose, cough, pains in various parts of the body, and fever.

(1) All cases should be isolated as far as possible in their homes.

(2) The disease is not as a rule dangerous unless pulmonary complications occur. The best method of avoiding these is for the patient to go to bed at once when attacked, no matter how slight the symptoms are, and to stay there till the fever is gone or the doctor in attendance allows the patient to get up.

(3) The relatives of a case should obtain through the doctor in attendance or the nearest Public Health Office, the pamphlet explaining in detail the precautions which ought to be taken.

SMOKED HADDOCKS are again being supplied by the Nile Cold Storage Company. These fish are prepared by an expert Fish-curer from Portland, and are equal in flavour, if properly cooked, to the best Scotch finnan Haddocks. As a breakfast dish they provide a welcome variant to the unchanging Egyptian egg. They are also excellent when served with eggs or tomatoes.

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Agencies: Alexandria, M. Laurencin & Co., 29, Rue Cherif Pasha; Port Said and Ismailia, Jg. G. Saroldis. Illustrated catalogue on demand.

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ANTIQUITIES DEPARTMENT.

From December 1, 1918, the special tickets which have of late admitted civilians to the monuments of Luxor, Karnak and Thebes (West Bank) will be suppressed.

All persons, except soldiers in uniform, who wish to visit these monuments must be provided with a Monuments Ticket (price P.T. 120).

These tickets are on sale at the Museum, Kasr-el-Nil, and at the offices of the provincial inspectors of Antiquities.

Special tickets at reduced prices, for soldiers only, may be obtained from the provincial inspectors.

CONTINUED RISE OF FOOD PRICES

The "Labour Gazette" states that in England there was a marked rise in the level of retail prices of the principal articles of food during September, and at October 1 the average percentage increase since July, 1914, was 129 per cent, as compared with 116 per cent a month arlier. The increase is due to higher prices of meat, butter, milk and eggs.

Japan has a channel tunnel scheme. Permission has been applied for to construct a tunnel under the Shimonoseki Straits connecting Kynsho with the mainland. The tunnel would be more than six miles in length.

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