MARRIAGE

WALSH-HARRYSTON.—On May 12, at St. Mary's Catholic Church, Clapham, Kathleen, daughter of Mr. H. Harrington, of Alexandria, to Major Chas. R. Walsh, 3rd Australian Divisional Train, A.P.F.

DEATH

DE BILINSKI, on May 16, at Maadi, Cairo, Mary, the beloved wife of the late General de Bilinski.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

The Sultan gave audience at the Bourtan Palace on Saturday to Sheikh Mohamed Nagi, President of the Cairo Superior Mehkemeh Sharia, Mr. Sachtouris, Greek Diplomatic Agent at Cairo, presented to His Highness the Greek Consul at Alexandria and Mr. Roussor formerly Greek Diplomatic Agent in the United States. The Sultan also received Mr. Youssef Kattaoui Pasha.

H.H. Prince Youssef Kamel who arrived from Cairo on Thursday has taken a suite of rooms at the Regina Palace Hotel, Alexandria.

The Hellenic Community of Alexandria has been greatly elated over the occupation of Smyrna, and on Saturday last a huge congregation, which extended to the outer precincts of the Patriarchal Church of Saint Sabas, attended a thanksgiving service for the deliverance of that ancient Greek city. The Patriarch of Smyrna delivered a stirring patriotic address.

Sirry Pasha has finally accepted the invitation of the Greek Government to go to that country and draw up the plans of an irrigation scheme in a certain province there, and is expected to leave in the course of August next for that purpose.

The "Wady el Nil's" special correspondent accompanying the Egyptian Delegation in Paris telegraphs to his journal that several problems connected with Turkish territory will be submitted to the League of Nations for solution.

The marriage took place at Beirut on Saturday, May 10 of Captain Sir Robin J. Paul, Bart., Commanding Arab Gendarmerie, Aleppo, to Miss Evelyn Whitaker, niece of Mrs. Whitaker, of Constantinople. Col. Campbell-Ross gave away the bride. Captain Hugh Buxton was best man.

Midhat Yeghen Pasha, ex-Governor of Alexandria, who held the portfolio of Agriculture in the second Roushdy Ministry which served about a fortnight, came down to Alexandria on Friday last and visited the Governorate on the following day to bid good bye to his former staff. Midhat Pasha was in Cairo when he received his appointment as Minister, and had no time to return to Alexandria before the fall of the resignation of the Ministry. There is no truth in the statement that His Excellency will give a tea to the officials of the Governorate.

To-day's telegrams state that Slatin Pasha is one of the Austrian Peace delegates. When the war broke out Slatin Pasha, who was in the service of the Egyptian Sudan Government found himself bound by close ties to two opposing belligerents. Rudolf Carl von Slatin was a baron of the Austrian Empire, but also a lieutenant-general in the Egyptian army and a major general in the British army, as well as a G.C.V.O., a K.C.M.G., and a C.B. In August, 1914, he was inspector general of the Egyptian Forces under Sir Francis Wingate. He seemed to be confronted with the alternatives of fighting either against his native country, for which he still cherished a strong affection, or against the nation which had lavished its honours upon him and in whose service he had spent the most notable parts of his career.

He resigned his English and Egyptian commissions and returned to Vienna. There—influenced, no doubt, by the memory of his own sufferings during twelve years in captivity as a prisoner of the Mahdi—he attached himself to the Austrian Red Cross, and devoted himself especially to the task of improving the condition of prisoners of war. His keenest desire was to bring about reciprocal arrangements among all the nations in arms, and with that object he recently visited Stockholm. His mission was to meet there a representative of the American Embassy at Petrograd, in order to discuss further means of relief for the hundreds of thousands of Austian prisoners of war now in Russia.

In conversation with an American journalist in the Swedish capital Slatin Pasha paid a high tribute to Lord Kitchener, whom he described as "one of the most remarkable men the world had ever known. "His regard," he said, "was not easily won. But once you knew him and he had tested you, no man could wish for a truer, more whole-hearted friend." Kitchener and Slatin, by the way, were lunching together as late as the 18th of July, 1914—only a few days before the beginning of the war. They spoke of the Eastern situation at the time, but neither of them dreamed what it would all mean.

Monsignor Camasei, the Latin Patriarch of Jerusalem, who is on his way to Rome, arrived in Cairo on Thursday and is staying with the Father of the African Mission at St. Mark's. Shubra accompanied by his secretary Don Gustavo Petrelli. His Beatitude, after having endured many sufferings while detained by the Turks as a hostage, is now in good health and is hastening to the Eternal City to do homage to the Holy Father. His Beatitude journeyed from Jerusalem to Cairo in a reserved compartment placed at his disposal by Brigadier General R. Storrs, Military Governor of Jerusalem, who accompanied him to Cairo, doing everything to make his journey agreeable.

Mohamed el-Sayed Abou Aly Pasha, representing the Menufia Mudiria in the Legislative Assembly, will leave Alexandria on May 28 for Paris where he will join the Delegation as a member.

Ismail Sirry Pasha, ex-Minister of Public Works, arrived at Alexandria on Saturday afternoon from Cairo. He intends to find a summer residence for his family at Ramleh.

DEPARTURES FOR PALESTINE

The Cairo Permit Office states that departures for Syria and Palestine have been suspended until further notice.

It is probable that these restrictions will not be raised until June 1.

LIBERTY HALL.

An Egyptian committee of twelve members was organised on Saturday afternoon with the object of carrying out the so called Liberty Asylum scheme in Alexandria. Haafal Bey, Chief Inspector of the Municipal Health Service was elected President; Sayed Bey Mursi, a native cotton merchant, and Dr. Abdul Sayyed, a well-known Coptic physician, of Alexandria were appointed vice presidents. Mr. Mukhtar Nadouri Secretary, and Kalza Effendi, proprietor of "Wadi el Nil," treasurer. The subscriptions which have been collected for the scheme in Alexandria, amount to about L.E.1,100.

NILE BOAT THEFTS.

During the last few days several robberies have taken place on Nile boats in the district under the Giza Mudiria control in the west of Cairo.

The Cairo Governorate has sent the following incident to the press: Sixteen mercerial merchants and natives, have informed the Cairo City Police that on proceeding to Upper Egypt in a Nile boat they were raided between the Eyat and El Saf Markazes near Heluoan. Money and goods worth L.E.1,521 were stolen. An unfortunate incident took place when one of the passengers, getting panic stricken, jumped into the water. His body was recovered and L.E.1,000 was found in his possession. The passengers accuse the boatman with being an accomplice and participating in the crime.

The "Ahram" states that the frequency of these raids was probably due to the great amount of water transport and travelling which took place up to last Wednesday, due to the lack of railways.

THE BOVINE PLAGUE.

Owing to the appearance of bovine plague in Manfalut district, Assiut province and in those of Samallut and Abu Kerkas, Minia province, orders have been given by the veterinary authorities of the Ministry of Agriculture for the closure of all cattle markets in those districts and the suspension, until further notice, of all transport of and dealing in cattle, cattle flesh, and fresh and dry hides. The slaughter of cattle outside public abattoirs is also strictly forbidden.

THE BESSON MURDER.

It appears from the confessions made by the men arrested in connection with the murder of Mr. Bresson that after they arrived at Kantara from Cairo they joined the Egyptian Labour Corps, but after a day or two of work they deserted and escaped to Port Said.

Two brothers of Affy, the servant of Bresson, have been arrested as they were wearing European garments, and the bowab has also been arrested as an accomplice, since his evidence taken after the crime has been found to be untrue.

PROVINCIAL EPIDEMICS.

The village of Kotaifet El Azidieh, Benha district, Sharkia province has been declared infected with small pox.

THE CAIRO ASSIZES.

During the Wednesday sitting the Cairo Assizes tried four workmen of the Melconian Cigarette factory, charged with having destroying some of the factory's property. The Court sentenced each to six months' hard labour.

The case was tried of Naguib Ibrahim Karkour charged with having swindled in Cairo and the suburbs on January last, when several lady doctors and midwives fell into his trap. The Court accused the swindler as an habitual criminal and applied Art.2 of the Criminal Code.

ALEXANDRIA AMUSEMENTS.

An entertainment will be given by the Cape Corps Officers' Party on Wednesday, May 21 at 8.45 at the Cosmopolis Theatre, opposite the Windsor Hotel, in aid of St. Dunstan's Home for the Blind and the Cape Corps Memorial Fund. Booking may be effected only at the the tre box office.

CYPRUS.

Mount Olympus Camp, Troodos. Open 15th June.

Apply, Miss Young, Nikosia. 64564-10*

If requiring First class Persian or Turkish Rugs, you may be assured of obtaining the genuine article at the Oriental Carpet and Rug Stores, opp. Savoy Headquarters, Cairo, and 10 Rue Rosette, Alexandria. Reasonable prices.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

THE SELF-GOVERNMENT SCHEME.

LONDON, May 14.

The Church of England Powers Bill, which was introduced into the House of Lords yesterday by the Archbishop of Canterbury is regarded as one of the most important measures of the present session. Its object is to confer upon the church large powers of autonomy while safeguarding the State connection, thus preparing the way for a scheme of church reform recently much debated in the Convocation. Yesterday's Bill empowers the Church Assembly to regulate its own constitution, the scheme being laid on the table of Parliament and becoming law unless adverse motions are passed within a prescribed period.

Reuter's Special Service.

The above telegram refers to the scheme of Dr. Temple for endowing the Church of England with a system of self-government. Dr. Temple does not want to separate Church and State, and he holds that if a scheme leaves sufficient control in the hands of Parliament to make good the authority of the Nation over the Church. This Bill is the embodiment of what is known as the Life and Liberty Movement and it has encountered great opposition as well as support from Churchmen. Some admirable criticisms of it by the Editor of the "Spectator" have been appearing for some weeks past in that review in a series of articles, entitled "A Vindication of Erastianism." The Editor holds that while in Dr. Temple's scheme there would remain some vestige of Parliamentary control, yet in effect, if not in theory, the scheme secularises the Nation and makes the Church a mere epiphenomenon. It does this in the first place by providing a test for Church membership, and the Editor of the "Spectator" says:

"Those who are to exercise self-Church franchise by law are to be baptised persons who will make a declaration that they regard themselves as members of the Church of England and do not belong to any other religious body; while the members of the Church Parochial Council must be confirmed persons. The result, of course, the un-Churching, by exclusion from the Establishment, of every man and woman who does not make the declaration. The position thus created is police assunder from the many fleet comprehension of the Church of England as by law established. Under our present system the Church by the law of the land is, and always must be, as wide as the Nation itself—a body which comprehends as all in the spirit and in the letter, no matter how many of us may happen to be nonconforming. As soon as the proposed test had been applied, and reforms, even if good in themselves, had been made by the new machinery of government, the Church would become an episcopal sect, and there would be nothing left but to disestablish it in name as well as in fact. The "unceasing word" would have been found in Dr. Temple's scheme, and we should have lost the most precious spiritual asset possessed by the Nation.

ANGLICAN EPISCOPATE.

NEW BISHOP OF CHICHESTER.

("Gazette's" Special Service.)

LONDON, May 15.

The vacant See of Chichester is to be filled by the Rt. Rev. Winfrid Oldfield Burrows, Bishop of Truro since 1912.

The new Bishop of Chichester is the son of the Rev. H. W. Burrows, Canon of Rochester, and was born in 1858. He was educated at Eton, Corpus Christi and Christchurch, Oxford, and was tutor of the latter College from 1884 to 1891. From 1891 to 1900 he was the Principal of the Leeds Clergy School, and Vicar of Holy Trinity at Leeds from 1900 to 1905. He married the daughter of the late Rt. Hon. J. G. Talbot in 1896.

THE LATE ANDREW SUARES

At the request of General Storrs, Military Governor of Jerusalem, a memorial service for the late Andrew Suares, who died in Italy, was held at the Mount Zion synagogue by the Rabbi Schor. There were present many distinguished Rabbis, the Military Governor and his Staff. After the funeral oration, the Ark of the Law was opened, and the benediction for Kings and the Royal Family read, the Military Governor also spoke some words of consolation in Hebrew.

RABBI SCOR'S ADDRESS.

"(Ezekiel 21). The prophet Ezekiel says "Take saith the Lord God: Remove the diadem and take off the crown; this shall not be the same: exalt that is low and abase him that is high," which means that one must weep over a man crowned with the crown of honour and invested with a robe of repute, he must suddenly expire and lose all his greatness. He spirit ascends on high, while his body returns to the earth from which it was taken. This may be said of the late Andrew the son of Felix of the House of Levi, who was a superior man, an image of simplicity and perfectness. He was crowned with precious virtues, and when on the ladder of excellence he was taken from us, in the bloom of youth. Great indeed is the sorrow at the taking by death of such an excellent man, for although we were not privileged to know the deceased, his excellence and true friend, His Excellency General Storrs, the Military Governor, speaks in praise of him and bears testimony to his intimacy to us of the character of the departed soul. As the well known proverb runs "Tell me who are your acquaintances, and I shall know who then art." Our rabbis, the wise men of the Talmud, commenting on the verse "And it came to pass after the death of Abraham," said, "Wherever it is said after the death, "the world turned back." When a righteous man expires, the grief caused by his removal cannot easily be replaced. The Prophet Isaiah (61) said "As one whom his mother comforteth, so will I comfort you, and ye shall be comforted in Jerusalem."

Standing as we now do on Mount Zion, the sacred mount in Jerusalem, in the presence of His Excellency General Storrs, in memorial to the soul of the deceased, this in itself is a double consolation. May the Almighty who dwelleth in Zion and who chooseth Jerusalem, comfort the Military Governor and the whole Suares family. May the soul of the deceased be bound up in the bond of life and be of good solicitation in the Upper World for the noble family in general and particularly for his faithful friend His Excellency General Storrs our Governor, may he have longevity and prosperous days. Amen!

The stationmasters employed by the Rhodesia and Katanga Bay Railway Company are now paid less wages than the porters.

Maison Suisse TH. BONORAND,

1 Old Bourse St., Alexandria.

4 Sharia Manakh, Cairo

CIGARS Sole Agt for the best brands of Havana Dutch and Indian Cigar

THE STATE OF EGYPT.

MORE PROCLAMATIONS.

The "Journal Officiel" in an "extraordinary number" dated Saturday May 17, publishes an important proclamation under martial law signed by General Allenby to the effect that owing to the disturbed state of the country and the interruption of communications it has in many instances been impossible for interested parties to perform within the prescribed time certain formalities necessary for the preservation of their rights and as it is expedient so far as possible to set at rest any doubts that may arise as to the extent and effect of such impediments, and to provide a remedy therefore he, in virtue of the powers with which he is invested as General Officer Commanding-in-Chief His Majesty's Forces in Egypt orders:—

(1) Every period of prescription or peremption or other term prescribed for the performance of any act whether judicial or extrajudicial on pain of forfeiture of any right shall be deemed to have been suspended during an interval of time beginning on March 12, 1919, and terminating on such date or dates as may be fixed by Order of the Minister of Justice.

(2) The Minister of Justice is empowered to determine by Ministerial Order the dates on which the period of suspension above mentioned shall terminate in various districts and in respect of the various jurisdictions. He is empowered to postpone terminal dates already fixed and to promulgate any other provisions or rules which may be necessary for the due execution of this Proclamation.

(3) Any judicial decision given during such period of suspension against any person who has not appeared before the Court, or has not presented his defence, shall, by way of exception, be open to opposition, provided:—

(1) That such decision be not open to any of the ordinary modes of recourse; and

(2) That it be established to the satisfaction of the Court that the party making such opposition was prevented from appearing or presenting his defence, as the case may be, as a consequence of the disturbed state of the country.

And provided that such opposition be made within fifteen days from the expiration of the above-mentioned period of suspension or from the date of the publication of this Proclamation, whichever shall be later.

THREATS TO STUDENTS.

The following order under martial law is issued:—

"Any person who, by use of force, or threats of violence or other harm, prevents or attempts to prevent any student from attending any Government school or college, or any private school or college subject to Government inspection, shall be guilty of an offence against Martial Law, and is liable to arrest and prosecution." The order is signed by Lieutenant-General Edward S. Bulfin, Commanding the 20th Corps.

SENTENCES UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

The Press Bureau announces that the following persons have recently been convicted by Military Courts in Cairo of offences against Martial Law:—

Ibrahim Mohamed Attar: For (1) striking an official of the E.S.R. 31/3/19. (2) Striking a British N.C.O., 31/3/19. Sentenced to 20 years Penal Servitude. Sentence confirmed 2/4/19, but 15 years penal servitude remitted.

Ali Hassan Soliman: For attempting to purchase arms at Mena Camp, 28/3/19. Sentenced to 2 years hard labour. Sentence confirmed 23/4/19.

Mohamed Aly, Aly Ghoneim, Hussein Mohamed: For attempting to purchase arms at Hawamdia on April 2, 1919. Sentenced to 2 years' hard labour each. Sentence confirmed 24/4/1919, but 12 months' hard labour remitted in each case.

Abdel Hamed Hassan: For (1) extorting money at Cairo on March 7, 1919 and menaces 17/4/19. (2) Being in possession of a dagger. Sentenced to 15 years' penal servitude. Sentence confirmed May 1, 1919, but 10 years' penal servitude remitted.

Press Bureau, May 16, 1919.

OUT OF BOUNDS TO SOLDIERS.

(To the Editor, "Egyptian Gazette.")

Sir,—The article, in your paper of May 14th, is true to a degree. It is positively galling to a "Tommy" to observe these conspicuous notices. After what he has been through, Camp de Cæsar is not the only part of the beach where soldiers are forbidden to bathe. At Stanley Bay, officers may indulge to their hearts content, but Tommy is shut out.

If as your correspondent points out Tommy is good enough, to protect the Europeans here, having to sacrifice home comforts, for that purpose, surely it is a gross injustice to slight him in this manner.

People here, have an erroneous impression of the present day soldier, they liken him to the noendown of pre-war days. Might I ask do they realise, that most of us, have made great sacrifices leaving businesses, homes, and also been financially ruined, through taking a voluntary part in this war. We are clamouring now to get out of Egypt, where we have received so many rebuffs. Perhaps had the Turks got to Egypt, people here would have then found to their sorrow. They did not enjoy that peaceful serenity they now are participating in.

Tommy is in a strange land thousands of miles from home, suffering many discomforts. It is up to the people here, to at least treat him kindly and lead him to believe that the sacrifice he has made, has not been in vain.

Yours, &c.,

"One of the outcasts."

Alexandria, May 14.

Safer & cheaper than FRESH MILK

THE ONLY

"ASTRA" Sterilised Milk

— P.T. 5 per 2 lbs. tin. —

12 Boulevardin Ramleh.

SPATHIS MINERAL WATERS ARE THE BEST. (ADVT.)

MOTOR UNION GARAGE,

Telegrams: Magnetos, Cairo. SHARIA MADBOULI, near Military Police Barracks. CAIRO. Telephone 64.

"A modern Workshop is now installed in this Garage enabling the most intricate Repairs to be executed with precision and despatch.

Estimates for General Overhaul of Cars, including Painting and Varnishing given on application."

"A little book of Helpful Hints to Motorists, which every Car and Cycle Owner should possess, can be had gratis by sending a card to:—

MACDONALD & Co.,

37, Sharia Sollman Pasha, CAIRO.

CARS INSURED AGAINST ALL RISKS.

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GRANDS MAGASINS

Avenue Bonaparte CAIRO. **CHEMLA FRERES** Opposite All Saints Church.

Haberdashery, Millinery, Hats, Hosiery, Boots & Shoes, Gent's Linen.

The Cheapest House in Town. New Stocks Continually Arriving

COTTON EXPORT.

DURING APRIL, 1919.

	Bales	Cotton
Carver Brothers & Co., Ltd.	2,713	,, ,,
Peel & Co., Ltd.	1,610	,, ,,
J. Planta & Co.	1,560	,, ,,
Choremi Benachi & Co.	1,503	,, ,,
Gregucci C. & Co.	1,287	,, ,,
Alexandria Cotton Co. Ltd.	1,282	,, ,,
Reinhart & Co. Ltd.	1,049	,, ,,
A. Adda	913	,, ,,
P. Hahnloser & Co.	887	,, ,,
Cotton Control Commission	871	,, ,,
Yannaco, Choremi & Co.	575	,, ,,
Andritsakis Barsoum & Co.	311	,, ,,
N. Huri & Co. *	290	,, ,,
J. Rolo & Co.	247	,, ,,
D. Pasquinelli & Co.	230	,, ,,
A. Alby & Co.	176	,, ,,
Ed. Carcas	128	,, ,,
M. Melachrino	120	,, ,,
W. Escher	110	,, ,,
Th. P. Mitsarachi	109	,, ,,
N. G. Casulli	101	,, ,,
Behor Barki & Co.	75	,, ,,
D. Sidi & Co.	75	,, ,,
Aghion Frères	56	,, ,,
W. Getty & Co.	50	,, ,,
Anglo-Egyptian Trading Co.	31	,, ,,
Sasson Israel & Co.	25	,, ,,
I. Galanti & Co.	24	,, ,,
Fitusi, Arditi & Co.	20	,, ,,
W. Bowa & Son	10	,, ,,
Various	50	,, ,,
Total	16,478	,, ,,

(weighting 120.429 cantars) of which 4,956 bales to England; 1,389 to France; 792 bales to Italy; 8,192 to Spain; 6,239 to United States.

EXPORT MANIFESTS.

By s.s. Sardegna sailed on May 10 for Napoli:—

	Bales	Cotton
Tamvaco Chiremi	360	,, ,,
Alexandria Cotton Coy.	300	,, ,,
A. Reinhard	270	,, ,,
Wm. Gelly Coy.	224	,, ,,
J. Planta	200	,, ,,
M. Melachrinos	150	,, ,,
E. Mallison	100	,, ,,
Ch. Benachi	95	,, ,,
Ph. Hahnloser & Co.	80	,, ,,

By s.s. Indu Maru sailed on May 12 for Japan:—

	Bales	Cotton
A. Reinhardt	2000	,, ,,
Peel & Co.	400	,, ,,
J. Planta	324	,, ,,
Ch. Benachi	300	,, ,,

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS.

ALEXANDRIA HARBOUR.

ARRIVALS.

May 8:- s.s. Entella, Italian, from Genoa; s.s. Indu Maru Japanese from Marseilles.

May 9:- s.s. Tantah British from Cyprus.

May 10:- s.s. Ada Italian from Salonica; s.s. Trentino British from London.

May 12:- s.s. Kioto British from Liverpool.

May 16:- s.s. Hejouan Italian from Trieste.

DEPARTURES.

May 5:- s.s. Syria Hellenic for Marseilles.

May 6:- s.s. Politis British for Calcutta.

May 10:- s.s. Sardegna Italian for Genoa and Napoli.

May 11:- s.s. Tanlah British for Cyprus; s.s. Media British for Liverpool.

May 12:- s.s. Indu Maru Japanese for Japan.

May 13:- s.s. Wuhu British for Malta.

May 14:- s.s. Haru Maru Japanese for Pyreo; s.s. Vigo American for Pyreo; s.s. Assiout British for Liverpool.

May 16:- s.s. Entella, Italian for Napoli.

SHIPS AT QUAYS TO-DAY.

Name.	Nationality.	Quay No
Kenah	British	3
Spridon	Greek	8
Ada	Italian	20
Nevis	Norwegian	21
Windsora	British	22
Yaliko Maru	Japanese	23
Trentino	British	24
Helouan	Italian	25
Danube	French	26
Ismailia	British	27
Kioto	British	28
Wada Maru	Japanese	29
Taito Maru	Japanese	30
Aspelia	Spanish	31
Winberne	British	53
Carawa	British	54
At Buoys, Inner Harbour:		
Rio Melta	Portuguese	
At Anchor Outer Harbour:		
War Spray	British	
Wesperkarspel	Dutch	
Agone	American	
Chitagong	British	

WEATHER REPORT.

ALEXANDRIA.

From Observations taken at Kom-el-Nadura at 8 a.m. 17th May, 1919.

Barometer reduced to 0°C., Sea-level		Inches
and Mean Gravity (mm)		762.1 = 30.0.2
Wind	Direction	S.S.E.
	Velocity (in kms. p. hour)	8
	Force (0-10)	2
State of sky		Clear
State of sea		8 light
Air temperature	Dry bulb	18.8
	Wet bulb thermometer	16.0
	Max. for previous day	22.1
	Min. ,, ,, night	15.0
Black bulb therm. at 2 p.m. yesterday		48
Relative Humidity		67
Rainfall for 24 hrs. ending 8 a.m. (mm)		0.02
Evaporation ,, ,, (mm)		1.0

Observer H. Shearp.

MARCHE DE MINET-EL-BASSAL.

17 MAI 1919.

PRIX DES CEREALES.

Blés:-			
Qualité Beheri	Cond.	Saha	P.T. 306 - 312
Qualité Saidi		,,	,, 316 - 322
Blés Hindi		,,	,, 316 - 322
Mawazi		,,	,, 333 - 338
Fèves:-			
Qualité Saidi		,,	,, 245 - 250
Nabati		,,	,, 250 - 255
Lentilles		,,	,, 253 - 258
Lentilles concassées		,,	,, 258 - 263
Orges		,,	,, 171 - 178
Helba		,,	,, 303 - 308
Maïs		,,	,, 206 - 207

Observations. Arrivages:-

Balles 406 contre même jour de l'année précédente 703.

Graines de coton: Ardeb 5781 contre même jour en 1918: 47.98.

Oignons: 21197 contre même jour en 1918: 9618.

NOTICE.

THE BREWERIES known as the "Crown Brewery" (Ibrahimieh) and the "Société anonyme des Brasseries d'Egypte" (Karmous and Giza) beg to inform Exporters and Merchants that they have just started a central Exportation Office for Egyptian beers, for the sole purpose of receiving and carrying out orders for beers in barrels or in cases of bottles (pasteurised) for Syria, Palestine, Tripoli, Cyrenaica, the Mediterranean Islands, the Aegean Isles, etc., etc.

For all particulars apply to Bureau Central d'Exportation des Bieres d'Egypte, 1, Rue Belonachi à Alexandrie, P.O.B. 1375.

NOTICE.

We the undersigned inform the public that from to-day May 15, 1919 we are selling our alcohol wholesale as follows:

Extra fine 95-96 degrees at P.T.S. 5/10 per oke or P.T.5: 525/000 per litre.

No.1 debased 90-91 degrees at P.T.6 per oke or P.T.3: 900/000 per litre.

The above are at a temperature of 15 degrees Gay Lassac.

Consumers, in order to avoid any misunderstanding on the part of the dealers are requested to take into consideration that the alcoholometre at actual temperature, shows extra fine quality as 97-98 deg. and No.1 debased quality as 92-93 degrees.

64848-3. P. Cozzika & Co.

A SAILING YACHT. For sale, half-rater, length 24 ft., Southampton built, centre-board, roller-reefing sails, spinnaker forces, newly rigged, caulked and painted. E.H.S., C.E.B., 14 Sh. Abdin, Cairo. 64874—6.

ENGLISH NURSE wishing to travel to England end of June or early July, would take charge of children, or as companion to lady, in return for passage. Apply 64871 Egyptian Gazette, Alexandria. 64871—6.

TO LET. Camp Caesar, well furnished flat, nine rooms, electricity, gas in kitchen, hot baths, piano, large garden suitable for cure and rest. Servants' accommodation. Bathing cabin optional. Apply No. 64869 Egyptian Gazette. 64869—6.

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Orders received by post receive prompt attention.