

NEARING PEACE.

GERMAN DELEGATES TO GO
TO FRANCE.
THE COUNCIL OF FOUR.

PARIS, March 29.

It is believed that the Council of Four has reached a practical agreement concerning most of the territorial questions affecting Germany, including the vexed question of the State of Schleswig. Outstanding matters are being with a Polish commission to the sea and indemnities. The passage of troops through Germany to which Germany protested, the Allies have informed Germany that Polish divisions are under French officers and will be regarded as forming part of the Allied army. The armistice compels Germany to afford unhindered passage to the Allied troops.

Reuter.

PARIS, March 30.

It is semi-officially stated that M. Ducloux, the Secretary General of the Peace Conference, visited Versailles for the holding of the Congress for peace preliminaries. As soon as the Great Powers have reached an agreement on the text of the preliminary, the German plenipotentiaries headed by Herr Brockdorff-Rantzau, will be summoned to Versailles. About two hundred Germans altogether are expected who will be lodged in the Town Hall. Preparations for their installation will occupy at least three weeks so the Congress cannot well open earlier than Easter.

The Council of Four is methodically working and meeting twice daily. The utmost reserve is maintained with regard to the outcome of their deliberations but it seems certain that a certain amount of material and information has been sent to Romania in view of the military measures necessitated by the latest developments in Bulgaria. The French Government is about to leave Paris for Poland, where he will take command of the Allied forces. The Spa intimations that the French will be allowed to negotiate with neutral forces, provided that approval of the Supreme Block Command be obtained. Reuter.

CZECHOSLOVAKS.

PARIS, April 1.

Messrs. Lansing, Balfour, Picot, Sanjuno and Makino met today at the Quai d'Orsay from three to five o'clock in the afternoon. The conclusions arrived at by the Czechoslovak Committee were delineated upon.

The four chief of the various Governments appear to have deliberated upon the Polish question this morning. The Foreign Ministers of the various Powers have passed the findings of the report relative to the Czechoslovak frontiers. The future of the Czechoslovak frontiers has not been decided. No decision has been arrived at with regard to the full members of the League of Nations with regard to the place where the peace preliminaries are to be presented to the German delegates.

ZETICH, April 2.

Fresh proposals with regard to the Polish question have been received from the request of Marshal Foch the Cabinet has decided to call all the leaders of parties to Berlin on April 2 in order to arrive at an agreement between the Cabinet and the parties.

Havas.

The German Financial Commission arrived today at Pont Saint-Maxence.

Havas.

KING ALBERT IN PARIS.

PARIS, April 2.

The King of the Belgians, arriving from Belgium in an aeroplane, landed at Montpet and has left for Versailles.

DAYLIGHT IN CANADA.

PARIS, April 2.

The House of Commons by 105 votes to 51 endorsed the Government's decision against the resumption of the Daylight Saving Bill. The confused position is established as all the railways intend advancing the time by 30 minutes on March 30. The cities and towns are also adopting daylight saving, while rural districts continue to use standard time.

HELP FOR ROMANIA.

LONDON, March 31.

The Canadian Government is granting Romania a loan of five millions sterling for the purchase of agricultural necessities.

Reuter.

LONDON, March 31.

Reuter learns that the Government has arranged to open credit with Romania for the purchase of immediate necessities, especially railway material. The complete equipment for a hundred and fifty thousand men will also be sent.

Reuter.

CINEMA SALLE KLEBER, CAIRO
TO-NIGHT
"THE COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO."
4th episode in 4 parts.

LUNA PARK
HELIPOLIS.
Open every Thursday & Sunday
2.30 to 9 p.m.

EMPIRE'S FUTURE.

CLOSER CO-OPERATION
WANTED.
LORD MILNER'S VIEWS.

LONDON, March 29.

Lord Milner, in his speech to the House of Commons, said that not merely the bloodshed on the battlefield but the fact that hundreds of thousands of British troops have lived among us for four years has strengthened the sense of real brotherhood which will inform the councils of the War Cabinet. This tendency is reflected in our own constitutional machinery. The Dominion Premiers have been called to the councils of the War Cabinet. This temporary expedient must become permanent policy.

"In ever administrative act you ought to think of the Dominions as friends and relations of the British Empire. It is not a Delian league, as some free, equal members of one community and while we have no hostility to foreign friendly nations still we will give preference in all things to our own kind."

Lord Milner welcomed the decision immediately to relax the restrictions on trade within the Empire, pointing out that he was not responsible for them. Preference was a much wider thing than a mere matter of tariffs. Every nation in the Empire ought to settle its fiscal system on its own merits and then give preference to the others. Preference included emigration, shipping, cables and financial matters. It was directed directly to the Dominions, secondly to the United States, as a great and free community with like ideas and sympathy to our countries, like the Argentine.

The Government and the Colonial Office are in the process of settling the terms of the Dominion, our own friends and our own trade partners. The Government is regarding shipping, cables, wireless and finance the aim of the centre Empire ought to be to help sister communities with like ideas and sympathy to our countries, like the Argentine.

The Prime Minister, the Colonial, Foreign and Indian Secretaries and probably the Secretary of State for the Colonies of the Admiralty would be ex-officio members of such a committee. Other ministers would attend when they were called upon. The committee would be a committee of the Cabinet for Home Affairs, while the whole Cabinet might meet when a question of great importance involving the fate of the Government.

The Imperial Committee of the Cabinet should be open to statesmen of the Dominions as the War Cabinet has been. The committee should be representative of the Dominions must permanently sit on the Imperial Committee and must be able to advise the Government on matters of the Dominions. The only way to solve this puzzle was that when the Dominions Premiers came here they should have prominent members of their Governments present to take their place. Thus the representative will speak authoritatively in the Councils of the Empire and be up to date in his own home politics. Such a committee will have no real executive power except with the assent of the Dominion prime minister, but it will have the greatest influence in shaping the future.

Reuter.

THE NEW ARMY.

"Gazette" (Special Service).

LONDON, March 27.

In the House of Commons the Military Secretary has laid the report made with regard to the proposed to limit the operation of the Bill to Dec. 21, 1919 in force. The Bill would be reduced by 282 votes to 20. Another amendment, excluding liability to service in Russia from the scope of the Bill, was defeated by 281 votes to 48. Mr. Churchill is declining to accept this amendment said the Government did not intend raising a large conscript army for Russia. The general question of Russian policy was not a question for the British Government, it was a matter whether the League of Nations or a League of victorious nations must address itself.

"Gazette" (Special Service).

LONDON, March 25.

The New Army Bill provides that members of Imperial forces who are discharged and sentenced to penal servitude need not serve their sentence in the United Kingdom as in the case of other soldiers, but in the Dominion in question.

U.S. STEAMER IN DISTRESS.

NEW YORK, March 30.

The steamer Comstock, bound for London returning troops, was wrecked that it is in distress, six hundred miles south of New York.

Reuter.

THE HUMBERT CASE.

PARIS, April 2.

The Humbert affair is being carried on. The Court is now hearing the report on the participation of the Humbert and Lachaux during the negotiations for the return of the "Journal".

Havas.

Roberts, Hughes and Co. of Cairo, Alexandria and Manshara are offering only a special line of real pigskin Attaché Cases at P.T. 250, usual price P.T. 300.

WALKING STICKS
Sherratt's Stock, Building Case, Price.

IN RUSSIA.

ALLIES' EFFORTS TO KEEP
ORDER.
STRONG FORCES AT WORK.

PARIS, March 27.

In the Chamber of Deputies, the Allied forces in the East were as follows: French, British and American, each a hundred and forty thousand Romanians, 100,000, Italians 40,000 and Greeks 300,000.

At Odessa were four French and three Greek regiments and a Romanian detachment. Reinforcements were being sent. At Arachang there were thirty-five thousand British and eleven thousand Russian.

Admiral Kolchak's army consisted of a hundred thousand Russians and a hundred and eighty thousand Allies, including fifty-five thousand Czechoslovaks, twelve thousand Poles, twenty-eight thousand Finns, sixteen hundred British and four thousand Canadians.

The Allied expedition now in Russian territory have given protection to large sections of the population which are opposed to the Bolsheviks, and have enabled them to set up one of their own choosing. In the original objects of these expeditions have been in many cases fulfilled, the view is held in official circles that the Allies have in honour not to desert those people whom they have saved.

The main object of the original expedition to Russia was to reduce to a minimum the chaos as possible. Other objects were to protect the Czech-Slovak force, which has rendered invaluable assistance in the cause of the Allies against Germany, and to prevent, in the present predicament of Russia by German troops, German troops are now fighting in the Bolshevik ranks and German troops are now fighting in the Bolshevik ranks and German troops are now fighting in the Bolshevik ranks.

The Bolshevik financial position is becoming worse. The Treasury submitted by Krestinsky for Finance, for the second half of 1918 was an enormous deficit. The "single tax" for the following class, which was estimated to yield 10,000 million roubles, only yielded 50 million, as the increase in the deficit was financially enhanced and the peasants offered armed resistance to forced payment.

The moral and discipline of the Bolshevik forces in North Russia are reported to be very low. The Petrograd garrison is generally disaffected. Several of the higher members of the Bolsheviks in North Russia have been dismissed for incompetence. The Allied position in North Russia is in a completely satisfactory position.

A Bolshevik agent has gained some ground. An attack by Germans and Letts against the Bolsheviks is making excellent progress. The enemy are everywhere retreating, and Russia is seriously threatened. In the south the Volunteer Army is holding its ground, but the Don Cossacks are slowly retreating before the reinforced Bolshevik army.

On the Eastern front the Sherinians have gained considerable success, advancing westwards from Moscow. The Cossacks of General Durov are still in a serious position.

AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

NEW VICTORY LOAN.
RECORD TRANSPORT TRIP.

(From the American Agency).

WASHINGTON, March 30.

It is unofficially announced that the War Department will issue an immediate call for 100,000 volunteers for service in France to take the place of the men in the Expeditionary Force desiring to re-enlist. These enlistings will become part of the regular army and will have the prospect of being sent overseas early which is suggested as a special inducement.

(From the American Agency).

WASHINGTON, March 30.

The Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Glavin, announced that the payment of the New Victory Loan will be most liberal of any ever offered by the Government. Interest payments may extend over a period of six months from May 10 to November 11. Ten per cent to be made with the application by May 10, ten per cent of July 15, and four subsequent payments of twenty per cent each on September 8, October 7, and November 11. In the fourth loan the Government has offered millions of dollars for bonds and then allowed the public to pay for them in a period of ten months. If similar extensions are given in this loan the Treasury officials believe the result should be great stimulation for popular subscriptions.

(From the American Agency).

WASHINGTON, March 30.

It is announced that five surrendered German submarines which passed by the Atlantic coast have been sent to the United States to be studied by Naval experts and which will be used in the forthcoming war. It would have been seen in view of the unexpected weather the boats will arrive before the end of April.

(From the American Agency).

WASHINGTON, March 30.

It is announced that the German oxen, which are due to arrive at New York on April 2 with twelve thousand tons of the greatest number ever brought across by this great fleet. It is an expedition by the Atlantic coast and will be the largest number of the 85th division, composed of National Army troops from Wisconsin and Michigan.

(From the American Agency).

ST. LOUIS, March 30.

Dr. Stuart C. Dyer, a widely known scholar, died suddenly. He graduated from Yale in 1873 and for fifteen years was professor of the School of Administration, School Teachers College, Chicago, and University of Chicago. He was a member of the American Historical Association in 1915. During the past four years he has actively participated in the Committee for Armenian Relief and was also Treasurer of the American School of Constantinople.

FRENCH MILITARY CREDITS.

PARIS, March 30.

The Chamber after an all night sitting rejected by 362 votes to 213 the motion brought forward by the Socialist Republics for reduction of the military credits of one hundred and fifty million pounds sterling for the second quarter of 1919, thereby giving a vote of confidence to the Government for which M. Pichon and M. Abnami, the Under Secretary of State for War asked.

M. Abnami in his speech declared that the French forces in Russia were the smallest possible. The Government did not wish to organize an expedition to Russia without another man would be sent. The Allied policy in regard to Russia was to lend all possible assistance against Bolshevikism in the way of food, clothing and shoes to Poland, Rumania and the Baltic States.

Reuter.

FOOD FOR AUSTRIA.

ROME, March 26.

Italy has undertaken to send immediately to Austria via Trieste and Fiume eighty thousand tons of provisions over Italian railways and in Italian ships. During April Italy will send 450,000 tons of food and other necessities to Austria. These provisions will be carried in ships formerly belonging to the Italian merchant marine.

I.O.T.B.

COURTS MARTIAL.

LONDON, March 31.

It is said that Mr. Justice Darling will preside over the Courts Martial Committee which will include the members of the House of Commons. Mr. Batemay, Lord Hugh Cecil, Major C. Lowther, S. Walsh and Lord Cavan.

Sir Felix Colson and Major General Childs and Mellor will inquire into the laws and rules of procedure regulating the Courts, which will be in session for the first time and will make recommendations.

Reuter.

GOING HOME — F.

Morans are making a small showing of travelling goods. Trunks, Comfy, Wraps for ladies and all that they need for the voyage.

GROPPIS, CAIRO.
Group of Sharia Manshah and Maghaby, Cairo, so renowned for their delicacies, are now specialising in saunas and land. The latter can be recommended as an excellent substitute for fish for cooking purposes on account of its moderate price.

HOTEL BEAU-ROUGE
On the Nile, Large Garden.
NEW ARRIVAL
OPEN AIR TRAM ROUTE.
Special Price for the Military.

THE UNREST IN EGYPT.

DEMONSTRATION AT ABDIN SQUARE.
TWO CAIRO RESIDENTS 'MURDERED.'

(From the American Agency).

CAIRO, April 3.

The following are some of the rural centres in the Delta visited by mobile ambulances during the last few days: Kaf el Dewar, Heli, Isha, Damamhour, Delingat, from Hamada, Shubarkhi, Taka Kaf el Shaki, Kadi, Dala, Sheikh el Rom, Meut, Ashmun, Kom el Tawil, Magara, Malakia el Kubra, Zitta, Mit-Gharra, Shabin el Kanani, Damietta, Farafra, Shubelwara, Iking, Gumb, Kabr Sagar, Ufna, Fagha, and El Salbia.

Official Communiqué.

CAIRO, April 3.

The reconstruction train carrying out repairs to the Upper Egypt railways has restored the line as far as Wasta. Another train operating from Wasta has already repaired a considerable stretch of the line between Wasta and Beni Suif.

Reuter.

CAIRO, April 3.

Yesterday, disorderly mob gathered in the neighbourhood of the Abdin Square and Mohammed Ali Street in Cairo. Mr. Deyles of the Egyptian Railways was murdered by rifle shot on the Abdin Square about 11 o'clock and a Greek resident was killed by the mob in Mohand.

Reuter.

CAIRO, April 3.

The following prices however remain in force as maxima: Wholesale (from Messrs. Worn & Co., or Vacuum Oil Co.) P.T. 24 1/2 per tin, and retail, 17 milles per litre, both delivered within the Municipal limits of Alexandria.

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