BIRTH

OPIE.— On the 25th inst at the Anglo-American Hospital, Cairo, to Major and Mrs. Opie, a son.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

On Wednesday the Sultan arrived at Abdin Palace at 10 a.m. when he received Mr. Paraskevopoulos, Greek Charge d'Affaires in Egypt and at 1 p.m. attended the banquet His Highness gave in honour of General Sir Edmund and Lady Allenby. In the afternoon His Highness received Ferik Mahmoud Hilmy Pasha el Masri, the retiring Under Secretary for War, and handed him the Brevet of the rank of Ferik recently conferred on him. His Highness returned to the Bostan Palace in the evening.

Most cordial telegrams have been exchanged between His Highness and Mr. Lloyd George on the occasion of the signing of the Armistice.

A dinner to Lieut. General Sir E.H. Allenby, will be given by members of the British Community at the Savoy Hotel on Monday, December 2 at 8 p.m.

During the visit of General Allenby to Alexandria, on Monday, December 2, the garden in the French Square, opposite the Majestic hotel will be reserved for officers and repatriated prisoners of war. There will also be a limited space for warrant officers Class I. Entrance only from the sea front.

On Tuesday, December 3, officers in uniform and warrant officers Class I, will be admitted into the Sporting Club enclosure. Entrance only from the North side.

Owing to the Garden Party to be given by the Municipality to General Sir Edmund Allenby, Nouzha Gardens will be closed to the public on Monday next.

Sir George Lloyd, M.P., Governor of Bombay arrive from India this week. Sir George Lloyd was serving in the Intelligence Department of the Egyptian Expeditionary Force and took part in the Gallipoli, Palestine and Hedjaz campaigns.

Mr. John Langley, Under Secretary for Agriculture, who was laid up for a few days, has now resumed his duties at the Ministry of Agriculture.

We are asked to state that the name under "Civilian" among those mentioned in despatches in connection with Military Operations in the Hedjaz, published in our issue of the 11th inst. as Hussein Eff. Rubie should be Hussein Eff. Ruhi.

A marriage has been arranged and will take place on December 12 next between Amy, Charlotte, daughter of Henry E.A. Demech, and Staff-Sergeant Roland Rothwell, of Bolton, Lancs. The religious ceremony will take place at St. Andrew's Church at 1.45 p.m. There will be no reception.

Mr. and Mrs. Ekins have arrived at Mena House Hotel for a lengthened stay.

We are informed that the Antoniadis Garden will be open to the public every day until further notice.

The subscriptions collected by "Al Ahram" for the victims of the Bab el Farag tragedy have attained L.E.678 exclusive of the sum of L.E.200 contributed by the Sultan.

Mr. G. Zissou, a Greek originating from Northern Epirus, established at Neila Enab, lately made a promise to give a donation to the Greek Community of Alexandria of L.E.250 yearly for a period of ten years. The same gentleman now announces that he has decided to make another gift to the Community, consisting of house property yielding L.E.120 per annum. This sum will be divided so that L.E.40 will be devoted for a service to be held yearly at the Communal Church of Alexandria in the memory of all the Philhellenes who have died for the liberation of Greece, and every Philhellene, who has worked for the same aim, L.E.40 for the care of poor Epirotes in the Greek Hospital of the Community and L.E.40 for the care of poor Epirotes in the Hospital at Corfu.

The Oriental Carpet and Rug Stores, opp. Savoy Headquarters, Cairo, and 10 Rue Sultan Fouad, Alexandria, are now in receipt of 400 Persian and Turkish Carpets and Rugs which have been on order for many months. All are offered at very reasonable prices.

MAIL FROM EUROPE.

Two mailboats are expected at Port Said to-day with mails from France and Italy.

It is announced that henceforth the mails from Italy to Egypt will no longer be sent by way of Marseilles, but will come direct from Naples, which will be a great saving in time as during the war the mails between Italy and Egypt have often undergone extraordinary delays.

ALEXANDRIA HEALTH.

The deaths registered in Alexandria during the week-ending, November 25, were just double the number of births, the figures being 301 births (275 among natives and 26 among foreigners) and 602 deaths (513 among natives and 89 among foreigners). There were 14 still-births among the native, and 1 among the foreign population. Of the deaths from notifiable infectious diseases 50 were from tuberculosis, 7 from dysentery, 2 from typhoid fever, 3 from puerperal fever and 1 (out of 5 cases) from exanthematic typhus.

STEALING BRASS PLATES FROM LETTER BOXES.

According to an Arabic contemporary of Cairo, the Cairo Hakemdarieh has sent a circular letter to all Kisms of Cairo, to the effect that it was asking the police to pay particular attention to the brass plates which are placed on the street letter boxes as they frequently disappear.

HELIOPOLIS RACES.

The programme of races published in yesterday's edition refers to Heliopolis and not to Gezira.

PICK-POCKETS AT ALEXANDRIA.

While an Indian soldier was at a public café at Alexandria on Wednesday evening, a native came to him and asked him whether he was a Moslem or not and he replied that he was. The native then drew nearer to him and snatched a portfolio from his pocket containing some money in bank notes and attempted to run away, but the soldier caught him so tight, that he was unable to break loose, and both men were struggling together an other native appeared and took the portfolio from the man's hand and disappeared. The pick-pocket was arrested, and the police is still searching for the other person who took the money.

DISHONEST SARAFS AT MANSOURAH.

It is reported from Mansourah that certain brokers set the rumour going that the fellaheen were hoarding nickel coins, with the result that nearly all the inhabitants of the place are now using postage stamps instead of money. According to an Arabic contemporary, however, the fellaheen are not in real by hoarding nickel and silver coins, because they are afraid of thieves and brigands putting an end to their lives because of their money, but these coins are being hoarded by the money-changers or sarafs who change P.T. 10 per every pound changed.

THEFT IN CAIRO.

A certain Mohamed Ashour el-Bostany of the Sayeda Zenab Quarter has informed the Police that L.E. 243 in gold and L.E. 19 in silver has been stolen from his house during his absence, and he accused his neighbours of the theft. An enquiry is proceeding.

DRUNKEN MAN'S VAGARIES.

It is reported from Teh-el-Baroud that a few days ago, a Greek aged 35 years went there and attempted to throw himself under the wheels of a train but failed to do so he then went and attempted to drown himself in the Mahmoudieh Canal but he was pulled out.

The man was then sent to the Markaz where he was found to be in a state of intoxication with about L.E.70 in bank-notes in his pocket. The cause of his action is still doubtful.

PROTESTANT CEMETERY. OLD CAIRO.

(To the Editor of the Egyptian Gazette.)

Sir,—It has struck me as strange, more particularly at this present time, that the Protestant Cemetery at Old Cairo is entirely tended by natives of this country, mostly Moslems at that, a truly deplorable state of affairs.

I was disgusted to find that the grave I went to see was covered with deep grass and a number of other graves were similarly neglected. Seeing that so many British soldiers who have died in the service of their country are buried in this cemetery it would appear fitting that a disabled soldier should be employed, with a native staff under him, to supervise the care of the graves of our countrymen.

Yours, etc.,

BRITISHER.

CRIME IN EGYPT.

GREAT INCREASE IN 1918.

During the judicial year ending last month; the number of crimes which occurred in Egypt are set down as 4,496, against 4,241 in 1917 and 3,980 in 1916. The crimes of murder are estimated at 875 crimes, as against 785 in 1917 and 803 in 1916.

The following list shows the number of murders and the total crimes committed during the year just ended in each Governorate and Mudirieh of Egypt:—

Governorate or Mudirieh	Murders	Total Crimes.
Cairo	36	252
Alexandria	25	157
Canal	11	54
Suez	4	21
Damietta	2	12
Caliubieh	25	224
Dakahlieh	38	217
Sharkieh	28	241
Behera	80	330
Gharbieh	100	527
Menoufieh	49	278
Gisch	25	306
Beni Suef	50	187
Fayoum	55	266
Minia	95	414
Assiout	105	405
Girga	68	358
Kena	65	290
Aswan	10	75

CRIME IN THE PROVINCES.

According to an Arabic contemporary crimes in the district of Nakla el-Enab, Teh el-Baroud Markaz, have increased. The paper remarks that this is not to be wondered at since the population is about 15 thousand inhabitants who for about three years have had no omdeh in their district. We should have thought, from recent official reports on the subject of omdehs that this would have been all the better for the district.

A certain Ahmed El Tabakh informed the Cairo Parquet that his father, who died in August last was murdered and then burnt to hide the crime, and he accused a man named Ahmed Abu Rabbuh of being the author of it. The Parquet ordered the dead man's body to be taken out of the grave for post-mortem examination which showed that the man was really murdered and then burnt as his son had said. An investigating official went to Ashmoun Markaz and found other proofs confirming the charge against the accused Abd Rabbou who is head of a gang which has disturbed public security in the district. It is regarded as very strange that although the accused has one of his legs cut off yet he manages to scale walls and to run as nimbly as other thieves.

It is reported from Kom Ombo that a big village fight took place a few days ago at El Shath district in which all the inhabitants took part using nabouts. The result was that one of the combatants was seriously injured. The Mamour of the Markaz with the help of the police succeeded in putting an end to the fight and arrested a number of the combatants. The Parquet has opened an enquiry into the incident.

A gang of robbers at Kafr el-Dawar, who have hitherto eluded arrest, have just been caught by the mulahez of Kom el-Hannach outpost, who took a body of camel men and attacked the gang. A stiff fight took place during which one brigand was killed.

ARMISTICE CELEBRATION IN MALTA.

The spirit of enthusiasm was in the air, says the "Daily Malta Chronicle," and it had spread like wildfire throughout the length and breadth of the Island; the busy hum of exultant conversation had developed into applause which finally resolved itself in loud and frequent outbursts of cheers. In this exultant condition the evening approached without any cessation of enthusiasm. The Bands of the Casals assembled at Porte des Bombes and marched to music through Floriana on route for the city, flying high their banners as they made their way through the surging crowds.

But all this had yet to be eclipsed by what was in the immediate perspective, and the memory of which will not be effaced by years. At 5.20 the lights of the public lamps were switched on, relieving the darkness which had prevailed since 1916. As the town was suddenly flooded with light, the excitement and enthusiasm became intense and absolutely indescribable, the situation being emotional in the extreme as the crowds cheered and cheered and cheered again! The appearance of His Excellency the Governor on the Palace Balcony was the signal for a renewal of the wildest enthusiasm, the crowds becoming almost frantic with excitement. His Excellency delivered a stirring speech, frequently interrupted by tremendous cheering and clapping of hands; after which the Bands played the National Anthem the strains of which were almost drowned by the cheering, of which there was no abatement for a considerable time; in fact the demonstrators appeared to gain fresh vigour as the evening wore on, the streets being rendered impassable, and night was turned into day while crowds sang God Save the King! and cheered lustily... It was a spontaneous and whole-hearted awakening of unparalleled enthusiasm seldom if ever before heard or witnessed in Malta.

The mints of the United States turned out 598,341,479 pennies during the year ending June 30, 1918.

CAIRO AMUSEMENTS.

Cairo Brotherhood Lectures.—This week's lecture was the concluding one of a series of four by Judge McBarnet on "The White Slave Traffic." The lecturer dealt on this occasion with the woman's part in the matter and discussed at length the causes that lead up to the deplorable evil in our big cities. He stated that exhaustive enquiries have proved that no individual factor can be named as the cause of prostitution but a combination of economic defects. The majority of the victims are drawn from the poorer working classes where the following seven causes seem to be eradicated. (1) Lack of education and weak-mindedness, the latter the result rather than the cause of sexual excess. (2) The poverty-stricken and bad homes to be found in large numbers in the great cities. (3) The shame of illegitimate motherhood and the absence of any great organisation to help rescue the fallen to personal chastity. (4) Bad advice on the part of so-called friends who direct the attention of girls to fine raiment and ornaments and gay living. The speaker stated that such are generally possessed of an artistic temperament in their class and revolt against their often dull and sordid surroundings. (5) Poverty alone, it is not usually sufficient cause for prostitution but is a powerful factor when combined with those above. (6) Casual employment or seasonal labour. (7) Perfectious employments such as waiting in cabaret and bars and amusing work in low-class theatrical companies, and other occupations where only nominal wages are paid.

The lecturer pleaded for improved housing and town-planning schemes for the working-classes, provision of facilities for recreations of all kinds and the careful use of labour bureaus with the transfer of surplus labour. He relied on the newly-enfranchised women of England raising the status of their sex by measures which men had, perhaps, lamentably failed to put into force.

Cairo Soldiers' Entertainments.— On the subject of "Why Germany was so Formidable," a particularly interesting lecture was delivered by Lt. Col. Sir J. W. Barrett in Esbekieh Gardens on Tuesday evening last. The lecturer accompanied his address with some excellent lantern slides showing the vital statistics relative to the efficient training of the German nation for peace and war. He showed how emigration increased from England in the few years preceding the great war, whilst in Germany it fell in the same period to next to nothing. This was due to Germany's statesmen encouraging the people to support the Fatherland. The speaker dealt at length with Germany's national measures and provides efficient housing etc., and the schemes to make each workman a specialist in his own trade. Amongst Germanys vast network of training colleges were to be found a section for waiters and a school for chimney sweeps! Taking the former, for example, the student was taught all essential facts about the growth of cattle, the most profitable way to cut up a carcass and the many uses to which the parts could be put. Thus such a comprehensive plan the student became not merely a most efficient waiter but a thoughtful worker. Germany's scientific intelligence was put into the work of forestry, cattle farming and other leading industries. The lecturer dealt with the commercial growth of the German army expenditure, and her various preparations for war. How by holding Alsace-Lorraine, France and Belgium, Germany had a combination of coal areas in excess of the rest of the world. Germany was fully aware that coal is the dominating factor in competitive industry. Exports of Germany, France and the United Kingdom were compared and the lecturer brought forward such startling statistics as those relating to the million dyes. Germany's exports of these in 1910 reaching 9 1-2 millions whereas Great Britain's was barely 1/2 million! The speaker pleaded for higher education at our elementary schools, particularly between the ages of 14 and 18. He expressed his belief that Germany will not risk fighting again for the industrial supremity she now sees she could have gained by peaceful penetration in less than 20 years. Only informal political greed had robbed Germany of the victory that her efficient education and trade schemes would have brought about. He appealed to his khaki audience to be prepared in the future, to see to it that they and their children were given the opportunities of being educated and trained up to the necessary standard and not to ignore the future.

Several questions were asked and answered and the lecturer was heartily applauded.

ALEXANDRIA AMUSEMENTS.

Peg O' My Heart at the Alhambra.— The Bandman Comedy Company, before a "standing room only" audience, on Wednesday night, for the first time since they have been in Egypt, gave a "Hartley Manners Comedy of youth," "Peg O' My Heart". The plot of the play is somewhat original. A rather eccentric Irish lady, who is far as the country is humdrum middleclass family with aristocratic leanings is concerned, and even more eccentric daughter. Her has brought up in a dull and rather ignorant. He decides after a time that she ought at any rate to know a few things more than the evidently very profound knowledge of human nature which she has acquired during her wandering with him. It is therefore arranged that she should be sent to the eminently, at least, respectable and respectable family of the Chichesters, consisting of Mrs. Chichester, admirably portrayed by Miss H. Dudley Ward, Mr. Chichester, Mr. Compton Coutts, and Ethel, her daughter, cleverly impersonated by Miss Doris Lewis. This family are on the verge of ruin until Mr. Hawker, a lawyer, and Mr. Jerry, unknown to her Peg's guardian, strike upon the idea of her with them to be educated and brought up properly. For this (also unknown to Peg) they are to be paid a thousand pounds a year. Peg objects to study and more particularly objects to be brought up. In fact she only begins to do anything but detest the people she so dislikes when she discovers Ethel, after a harmless escapade on her own part, trying to an Assembly room ball with her teacher, stealing out to fly with a married man who only a few hours before had had his face slapped by Peg for making love to her. We may here mention that Miss Calhoun as Peg, has never appeared to better advantage than in this piece, which seems so admirably suited to her temperament. Her Irish brogue, her quaint mannerisms and her direct manner of speech when it is necessary to be truthful rather than politic, show her to be a born artist. She does not act Peg, she is Peg. Her scene with Ethel, whom she saves from making a fool of herself with a worthless man, shows all the tenderness of her soul, while her scene with Mrs. Chichester, where by her bravery Irish wit she admits her escapade while at the same time warding off suspicion from her companion, are two splendid contrasts. Naturally Peg falls in love and, almost as naturally, it has to be with Jerry, who, sympathetically played by Mr. Ian Lawson, becomes her guardian in every sence of the word. A pretty play and well acted. Mr. Cyril Kingsley as the wrecker of homes made himself very unpopular, which shows his histrionic power. Mr. Jerry bravely what the author wanted him to do. Mr. John Carr made a dignified butler and Miss Margaret Graham a pert maid.

American Cosmograph.— The new programme at this popular Cinema, which starts this evening, is of quite exceptional interest, and the Charlie Chaplin film, "Hit Him Again," is one of the most humourous characterisations of that sublime actor. "The Bored Queen" is gradually drawing to the end and to-night begins the 14th and 15th episodes of which the 15th is the last of this amazingly breathless series of adventures. It is entitled "Four Flasks of Scent," and consists of the usual thrilling scenes. "His Highness the Wandering Prince" is a great modern drama in five parts and will be found quite as stupendous as was "The Jockey of Death." There are some very good war pictures of campaigning in France and Italy.

Scottish Concert at Alexandria.— On Saturday next the Alexandria District Military Concerts Committee are arranging a Grand Scottish Concert to celebrate St. Andrew's Day. The Concert which will commence at 8.30 p.m. sharp will be held at the Alhambra Theatre. Special selections on Bagpipes will be given by well-known Scotsmen. There will also be Scottish Reels, foursomes and solo dances. In addition to that the following well-known artiste will sing and play, Miss Frangoon Davies (Mrs. M. Norburg), late Lord Ashwell's Concert party; Mrs. A.G. Griffin centralte; Miss S. Cossart (aged 10 1/2 years) pianist. This little lady who is a pupil of Prof. Felix plays remarkably well. Mdlle Irene Drahidis, violinist; Sgt. Major J. R. Morfitt; London Ballad Concerts, baritone; Sgt. Sandford Robertson humourist, and Sgt. George Jeffreys, the well known and popular impresionist humourist; Pte. Michael O'Connor, comedian. The Band of the Alexandria District will also be in attendance. With such an array of talent as this the success of the performance is guaranteed and it would be advisable to book early. The plan is at the Theatre daily 9 to 12 a.m. and 2.30 to 4.30 p.m. It will be remembered that the last effort made by the Alexandria District Military Entertainments Committee was such a success that no seats were available after the first day the bills were out.

INFRINGEMENT OF TRADE MARK.

The manager of the Melkonian cigarette factory in Cairo heard recently that a cigarette seller in Abdin street, was making cigarettes from cheap tobacco and using an imitation of the Melkonian trade mark. The manager informed the Police who seized a large quantity of the imitated paper in the possession of the merchant. He thereupon confessed and told the police the name of the man who had imitated the Melkonian mark and he was also put under arrest.

YESTERDAY'S EXCHANGE. QUOTATIONS.

	Bank Buying	Bank Selling
London cheque	97	97 5/8
,, 3m. bank	96 5/16	—
Lon. one per mille brokerage.		

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WEATHER REPORT.

ALEXANDRIA.
From Observations taken at Kom-el-Nadura at 8 a.m. 24 November 1918.

Barometer reduced to 0°C., Sea-level		Inches
and M an Gravity [mm]		763 5 ± 20 060
Wind	Direction	S.S.W.
	Velocity [in kms. p. hour	10
	Force (0-10)	2
State of sky		¼ Clouded
State of sea		Very slight
Air	Wet bulb thermometer	14 5
Temperature	Dry bulb	16 0
	Max for previous day	16 6
	Min. ,, ,, night	14 5
Black bulb thermometer at 2 p.m. yesterday		48
Relative Humidity		66
Rainfall for 24 hrs. ending 8 a.m. [mm]		0.0
Evaporation ,, ,,	[mm]	1.8
	Observer	H. Sherif.

MARCHE DE MINET-EL-BASSAL.

28 NOVEMBRE 1918.

PRIX DES CEREALES.

Blés:		
Qualité Behéri Cond. Saba	P.T.	306—312
Qualité Saidi	,,	28—322
Blés Hindi	,,	316—322
Mawani	,,	332—338
Fèves:		
Qualité Saidi	,,	245—250
Nabate	,,	250—255
Lentilles	,,	253—258
Lentilles concassées	,,	268—287
Orges	,,	171—178
Helba	,,	302—308
Maïs	,,	203—207

Cotons.— Arrivages du 28 Novembre 1918:— Balles 3338 contre même jour de l'année précédente 6594.

Graines de coton.— Arrivages du 28 Novembre 1918, ardebs 24768 contre même jour en 1918: 4260.

Oignons.— Arrivages du 28 Novembre 1918 — contre même jour en 1918: 523.

ARRIVAGES.

Depuis le 1er Sept. au 29 Novembre 1918:	1918/19	1917/18
Le 23 Novembre	23,671	26,975
24 ,,	15,917	41,905
25 ,,	15,171	43,652
26 ,,	20,775	19,582
27 ,,	30,242	18,827
28 ,,	19,236	4,522
29 ,,	—	2,611
Arr. de la semaine	—	163,474
Total du 1er Septembre au 22 Nov. 1918	955,644	1,205,068
Total des arrivages au 29 Nov. 1918	—	1,348,542

MUNICIPALITE D'ALEXANDRIE

Le public est informé que le 12ème tirage d'amortissement de l'Emprunt Municipal devait avoir lieu le lundi 2 décembre 1918, est renvoyé au mardi 3 Décembre à 4h. 1/2 p.m.

Le Directeur Général,
(Signé). H. Hopkinson.

Alexandrie, le 27 Novembre 1918. 63392-1

PRIX DES SACS VIDES.

Sacs a coton 58lbs	P.T.	29.15—29 25
Sacs a graines 58lbs.	,,	11.—11.25
Sacs a graines 3 1/4lbs.	,,	6.—6.25
Sacs a ris 2 1/4lbs.	,,	6.20—6.45
Sacs a ris 2 1/4lbs.	,,	5.35—6.15
Sacs a oignons	,,	7.— N

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Gaz Coke	445/- à 450/-	