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Monday June 16 at 8.30 p.m.
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Tuesday June 17 at 8.30 p.m.
THE EARL & THE GIRL

Wednesday June 18 at 8.30 p.m.
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COMING EVENTS.

CAIRO.

June.
Sat. 14., Zoological Gardens, Gizeh. Open Daily, 9 a.m.
Nile Aquarium, Gezireh Grotto. English Tea gardens; open daily.
Lipton's Oriental Tea Rooms and Grill Rooms and Gardens. Lunches and dinners. Music from 5 to 9 p.m.
Kursaal. 8.30 p.m. Maurice E. Bandman presents The Bandman Musical Comedy Company: "The Chinese Honeymoon."
Empire Cinema. At 6.15 and 9 p.m.
Cinema Salle Kleber. At 6.15 and 9.15 p.m.
AMERICAN COSMOGRAPH. At 6 and 9 p.m. Thurs. & Sun. at 3 p.m. Tih-Minh 11th Episode: "The Magic Globe." "France's Children during the War."
Radium Cinema. At 6 and 9 p.m.
Continental Hotel. Restaurant on the terrace from 7.30 p.m.
Zebekiah Gardens Soldiers' Club. Open daily, admission free.
Zebekiah Gardens. The Welsh Band will play every Sunday from 8.45 to 10.45 p.m.
Luna Park, Heliopolis. Open every Thursday and Sunday from 2.30 to 9 p.m.
Every Tuesday at 2.30 p.m. Officers Pigeon Shoot at Rod-el-Farag.
Every Saturday. British Recreation Club. Whist Drive, 9 p.m.
Every Saturday. Grand Continental Hotel, Small Dance.

ALEXANDRIA.

June.
Sat. 14., Majestic Picture Palace near Ramleh Station. At 6 and 9 p.m., Sunday matinée at 3 p.m. English titles. Change of programme every Thursday.
AMERICAN COSMOGRAPH. At 6 and 9 p.m. Thurs. & Sun. at 3 p.m.

Cinema Iris. At 6 and 9 p.m. Sunday matinée at 3 p.m. Change of programme every Wednesday.
Cinema Chantecler. At 6 and 9 p.m. Change of programme every Thursday.
Alhambra Theatre. The New Bandman Comedy Company: "The Man who Stayed at Home," 8.30 p.m.
Every Saturday. San Stefano Casino. Small Dance.
Regina Palace Hotel. Small dance every Wednesday evening.
San Stefano Casino. Classical Concert every Sunday morning at 10.45.
Municipal Art Exhibition, Rue du Musée, May 31 to June 14.
Summer Palace Hotel Daily Concerts on the Verandah. Dance every Thursday evening.

Alexandria Amusements !

Majestic Picture Palace
Rue Gare d'e Ramleh. (Tel. 39-14).
Programme from Thurs. June 12
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Cinedrama in 4 acts
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CHARLIE CHAPLIN
In THE VAGABOND.
And Several other Films.

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Superb Drama in 4 parts played by the best Italian Artistes.
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Featuring SUZANNE GRANDAIS.
Charlie Chaplin
In "Lieut. Don José."
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The Man who Stayed at Home.
A comedy in 3 acts.
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"Daddy Long-Legs"
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The Great Success from the Duke of York's Theatre, London.
Tuesday June 17 at 8.30
The Clever Satirical War Comedy in 3 acts
"GENERAL POST"
Record run at the Haymarket Theatre, London.
Wednesday June 18 at 8.30
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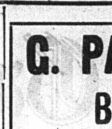

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MUNICIPALITE D'ALEXANDRIE.

La Municipalité met en adjudication les travaux de construction d'une canalisation à la rue El Nakhle.

Le cautionnement est fixé à L.E.5

Le cahier des charges est déposé au Bureau des Services Techniques, où il peut être consulté par les intéressés tous les jours de 9 heures à midi, les jours fériés exceptés.

Les offres devront être adressées sous pli cacheté à Monsieur le Directeur Général de la Municipalité avant le 24 Juin 1919.

Elles pourront également être déposées en séance de la Délégation le même jour à 9h. p.m.

L'enveloppe devra porter en outre la mention : "Soumission pour la construction d'une canalisation à la rue El Nakhle."

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Tout cautionnement en titres doit être calculé au cours du jour avec une marge de 10 pour cent.

Les chèques seront refusés.

Toute offre qui ne remplit pas les conditions ci-dessus sera écartée.

La Municipalité se réserve le droit de ne pas accepter l'offre la plus basse, comme aussi de ne donner aucune suite à l'adjudication.

Le Directeur Général,
(signé) H. Hopkinson.

Alexandrie, le 10 Juin 1919. 6568-1

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SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1919.

THE TREATY AND ITS CRITICS.

That the conditions of such a document as the Peace Treaty would give birth to criticism among the Allies as well as among the enemy Powers was obvious, and among the various comments that have of late been passed upon it the letter, published in the latest London papers, in which Mr. William Bullitt, the "Assistant of the Department of State attached to the American Commission to "Negotiate Peace," announces his resignation to President Wilson, has attracted considerable attention. Mr. Bullitt is a young man of great ability who came to Europe with the President full of enthusiasm for the new world which, with the eye of faith, he saw rising on the ruins of the old Europe. He is now, with five of his colleagues, going back, sad and disillusioned, and he addresses the President as a lost leader. But President Wilson's task is less simple than Mr. Bullitt appears to realise. While Mr. Bullitt was writing his letter to him Senator Sherman was also attacking him in the Senate on quite opposite lines—attacking him for his attempt to set up the League of Nations, for having given too little where Mr. Bullitt thought he had given too much, for having "betrayed" Poland by not giving her Danzig, for having compromised the independence of America by joining in guarantees for the new world-order. Mr. Bullitt thinks that greater publicity would have enabled the President to steer a clear course between th distracting cross-currents of European affairs; but with the abundant proofs before us of the far greater skill and resourcefulness with which the apostles of Chauvinism have wielded that weapon than the champions of the new order, it is impossible to be quite certain about that. For ourselves we are heartily glad that President Wilson does not, like his zealous disciple, despair of the job, or cast off the dust of his shoes against Europe and all its works.

The President's example rather than Mr. Bullitt's is to be commended to others who feel the Treaty to be a disappointment of high hopes. They have to stick to it, whatever comes. The simple remedy, which is open to Mr. Bullitt, of betaking themselves across the Atlantic and retiring to some solitude in the far west, is not open to them. They have known from the beginning the conditions in which they would have to fight for the new order, that its foundations would inevitably be laid at the moment least propitious but most imperative for its birth, and that it would need to be nursed into a durable existence by years of patient and undismayed effort. Only so could it be born, and only so can it be brought into life. So we counsel the impatient idealists to hold on and to remember that this Treaty gives us for the first time the beginnings of a rational Government for the world, and provides for the continuous co-operation of the Governments with a permanent secretariat and at least a skeleton administration. The Treaty, as Lord Robert Cecil said last month, will not work without the League of Nations, and the League of of Nations, we may add, will not be able to work the Treaty unless it has the power to make those adjustments which it may be necessary to make in certain parts of Europe. When the Treaty is signed, all the Liberal forces in the world will have to combine to give it power and life, to arm it with authority, to help it to make the Treaty what they wish it to be.

No doubt, the people of the United States will be as deaf to Mr. Bullitt as to Mr. Sherman, when either of them advises that they should refuse to "entangle the United States" by entering the League of Nations because it does not for the moment give them all they wish. If Mr. Bullitt or his friends supposed that the League was going at once to rid the world of the danger of war, or that the United States could enter it without undertaking any liability, they were bound to be disillusioned. There is no such security, there is only a rational belief and hope that if the nations will stand together and realise that they are all in danger, they may, by common action, reduce their risks to a minimum and gradually enforce the rule of law.

SHIPPING ACTIVITY.

Some idea of the activity at the present time in shipping circles can be gained from the most recent statistics from Lloyds In June 1913, the tonnage under construction was 3,446,558, inclusive of all classes of vessels. This year 7,796,266 tons are on the stocks, of which 4,185,523 tons are building in America. The United Kingdom comes next with 2,254,845 tons, but the difference does not seem so great when we reckon that the British Empire is building 2,557,983 to all other countries 5,641,421 tons. Japan is fourth on the list with 254,835 tons, while Sweden comes last with 100,123 tons. Scandinavia and Great Britain, hitherto the centres of most shipping are taking a secondary place. Comparing figures from Spain, France, and Sweden, we find that Spain is building 41 ships of a gross tonnage of 122,285, while France has on the stocks 33 ships of a tonnage of 109,795. This shows that of these three countries Spain is constructing the largest ships. The size of the average American ship is 3,624 tons, that of the British ship 3,432 tons, but of the United Kingdom's total of 657 ships building, 258 are of 5,000 tons and upwards, of which 22 are of over 10,000 tons each.

MINERS AND INCOME TAX.

At Cardiff on May 19 a delegate meeting of Welsh miners decided to oppose the income-tax on incomes of less than £250 a year by methods of passive resistance. This campaign is a blow at the very heart of representative government. It may be true that the value of money has so much declined that £250 now is not worth more than £160 before the war, but the war itself has still to be paid for, and the revenue to defray our debt has to be collected from individual taxpayers in one form or another. But the more serious feature of the miners' action is their decision to disregard the authority of Parliament altogether. If people with incomes of less than £250 a year object to the relative incidence of taxation, they are surely sufficiently numerous to make their wishes felt in an ordinary and constitutional manner.

"Behold I was shapen in iniquity. Behold; Thou desirest truth in the inward parts. Create in me a clean heart, O God; and renew a right spirit within me."

Psalms 51 : 5, 6, 10.

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UPPER EGYPT UNREST.

MINIA NOTABLES TRIAL.

SOME IMPORTANT EVIDENCE.

The court resumed its sitting, with the same members present. Mohamed Bey Nasrat continuing deposed that on March 29 two steamers arrived at Minia with troops, Bimb, Saheen and he had a discussion with the officer in charge and they decided that Riad el Gamal and Sh. Hetata should be arrested. He did not know the decision of the committee either as regards petroleum, or as to the return of employees until March 23. As regards appointments to the E.S.R. he would have used his influence to prevent them. He never authorised the committee to interfere with petroleum, but gave orders to the company's agent. Witness deposed that he first heard of the request of the chief of the Parquet for a copy of the enquiry of the Deirut train murder on March 23, when the chief of the Parquet came and asked for it. Witness said that there was no objection. He further stated that he knew that the committee had no right to ask for these papers, but he wanted to avoid more serious harm; either he would be obliged to use force by any means without looking at the consequences or he would have to be lenient. Owing to the police force being inadequate, a hundred men, and the army force one hundred and thirty (which were guarding the houses of Wittingham Pasha and the British colony) he could not use force. He did not know of the decision of the committee as to Rahmy taking control of the revenue. The committee was not competent to give decisions as to the railway. He had nothing to do whatever with the committee and today was the first time he had ever seen its terms as no copy was sent to him. Yunis Bey Salih told witness that he Yunis, had made a speech in order to persuade the people to keep quiet.

Cross-examined by Mr. Perrott witness stated that from the beginning until the 18th Riad El Gamal assisted in preserving order. Witness remembered that Abdel Rasiq had influence; he made speeches to the public. On the day of the murder there was a big demonstration at which Riad el Gamal was present. He did not remember Riad coming for him. He believed Riad tried to quell the disturbances but thought that he was one of those who organised the demonstrations which although they commenced peacefully always became disorderly. Riad el Gamal delivered a speech in which he called out, "Long live the Mudir" but he delivered another speech against the policy of the British Government in arresting the four Pashas.

In answer to another question witness deposed that Riad el Gamal delivered a speech on the 18th at the mudiria which was a protest against what had happened to the Nationalist Party, and was not to calm the people (Mr. Perrott called for the report of the mudir but Mr. Forster objected and the court refused the request). The looting on the 19th was done by the people of Talla and Minia and some of the stolen property was found in these villages. It was never suggested that the committee should have any power, it desired to maintain order. If witness had asked for troops it would have been to protect the Minia Province and not Minia alone. He had not sufficient force to quell the disorders; there were 75,000 inhab. in the mudiria and it was over one hundred miles long. Witness thought that the attacks was either serious or exaggerated and if the latter there was no harm in not landing troops. He thought that with leniency and explanations of the situation to the people he would have been able to keep order and avoid bloodshed. If it was serious it would have necessitated 2,000 troops and even then it would have meant a lot of bloodshed. Witness remembered Riad el Gamal, Abdel Rasiq and Tewfik Bey went to Mansourah to try and quell the disorders and he agreed that it was a good plan to try and run the A.S.R. Witness ordered the repairing of the railway. The omdas met, not in the mudiria, or his house, as he expected, but at the club. A copy of the message sent to the omda was produced in court, witness informed the committee that the railway would not be run without his approval. When Riad el Gamal told him that the committee had decided upon the independence of Minia witness treated it as a joke.

Cross examined by W. Bey Doss witness said the chief of the Parquet inquired into the disturbances. Witness did not receive a report of the meeting of the omdas as he did not send a representative; he was surprised when he heard that they had met at the club. Witness stated that Tewfik Bey as omda of Beni Ahmed, discharged the orders given by the Military Authorities to the best of his ability. The change of the Egyptian flag is not known by all classes of people. It was due to the Egyptian officials that the fellaheen had complained against the Military Authorities, but there were no complaints against British officers. During the demonstrations no complaints were made against the village of Beni Ahmed. The case is proceeding.

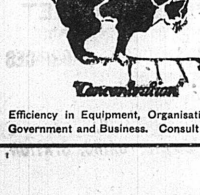
NO HOME FROM HOME.

"Catering for the dining-room is nowadays child's play compared to satisfaction of the demands of the kitchen", says the "Glasgow Herald."

"Disheartened by discomfort in the home young couples are beginning to acquire the 'restaurant habit' and to think seriously of 'communal kitchens' and 'care-free residence in flats, boarding houses, and hotels.'"

The Minister of Finance of the Kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes will make an announcement to the effect that banknotes in dinars will shortly be issued throughout the Jugo-Slav Kingdom. The designs for the notes as well as the paper have been made in Paris.

The Conditions of the New World Demand Concentration.



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