Intro to Blockchain DATA-X

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- Why Should You Care?
- Understanding Bitcoin and Consensus
- Blockchain Types and Platforms
- 4 Use Cases and Application
- Blockchain at Berkeley





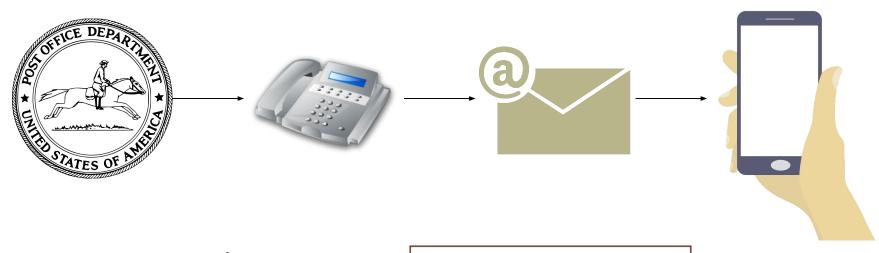


WHY SHOULD YOU CARE?







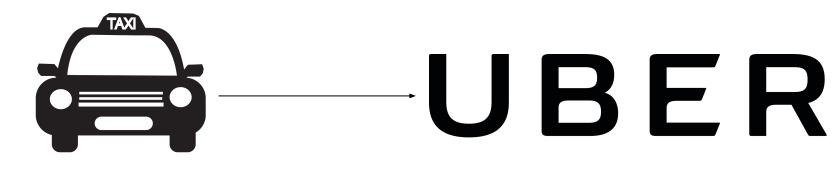




owner: String balance: Dollars = 0 deposit (amount: Dollars) withdrawal (amount: Dollars)















EXPONENTIAL GROWTH

EXPLOITING THE TECHNOLOGY

INTENSIFICATION SEQUENCING

WASTING THE TECHNOLOGY

PROLIFERATION PARALLELIZING

COMPUTATION

MOORE'S LAW

MAINFRAMES SUPERCOMPUTERS PC'S CLOUD COMPUTING

COMMUNICATION

BUTTERS LAW

BELL SYSTEM

INTERNET

MEMORY/STORAGE

KRYDER'S LAW

BIG DATA

BLOCKCHAIN

NETWORK

AND POWER



STATIC EFFICIENCY

STRATEGY

BENEFIT

TYPICALLY SUSTAINING



ADAPTABILITY, ROBUSTNESS, UPTIME

TYPICALLY DISRUPTIVE









Internet is for sharing **information** instantly as Blockchain is for sharing **value** instantly.







Volunteers?







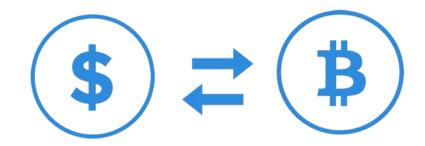
BITCOIN AND CONSENSUS







- Inspiration for the blockchain
- "Cryptocurrency"
- Secured with cryptography
- Value based on speculation









Bitcoin was created by Satoshi Nakamoto in 2009

- First ever decentralized, trustless system for transactions
- Prices rose sharply, fell, then rose back again
 - Notorious for volatile value
- Inspired creation of other cryptocurrencies
 - Ethereum, Litecoin, Dogecoin...



Dorian Satoshi Nakamoto (not actually Satoshi Nakamoto)







- Software to hold Bitcoin with a unique address
- Private and Public Keys
 - Think Password and Email address
- Transaction components:
 - Sender
 - Receiver
 - Amount
- "Miners" check for:
 - Signature
 - Balance
 - Duplicates



Send Funds	
Recipient	
Email or bitcoin address	
Amount	
0.00	BTC ▼
My Wallet	0.8635703 BTC ‡
Note	
Write an optional message	
write an optional message	

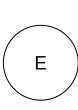


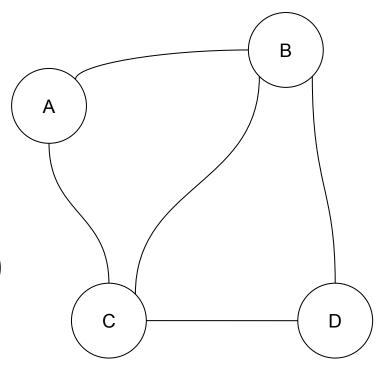
WHO REGULATES BITCOIN?

INTRO TO BLOCKCHAIN

No central authority; anyone can join

- Just requires a computer
- All peers are created equal*
- All peers connected





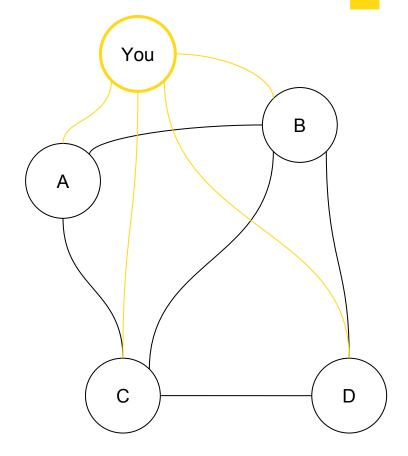






Of course!

- No formal registration process
- Generate public and private key
- Secure access to funds









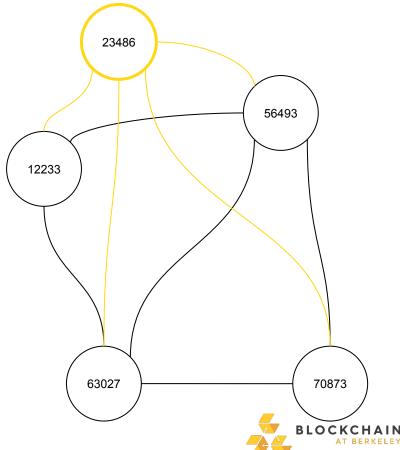
WHAT DO PEOPLE KNOW ABOUT ME?

EVERYONE'S A STRANGER

Not much....

- No central regulation
 - Just don't share public key
- Difficult to trace activity
 - But not impossible







BLOCKCHAIN TYPES AND PLATFORMS





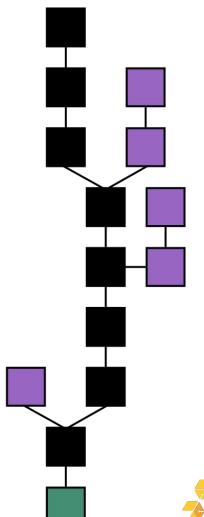


WHAT IS BLOCKCHAIN?

INTRO TO BLOCKCHAIN

- The technology underlying Bitcoin
- Data management infrastructure
- Enabler of distributed consensus
- An unbreakable chain of truth





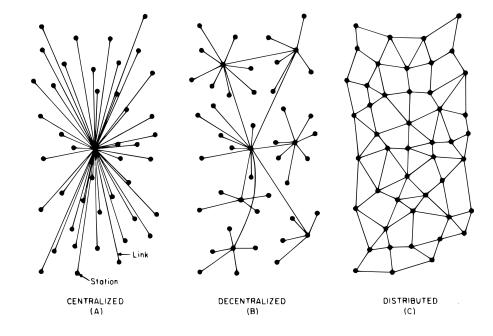




Fully Private Blockchain - write permissions are kept centralized to one organization.

Consortium Blockchain - the consensus process is controlled by a preselected set of participants

Public Blockchain - anyone in the world can participate in the consensus process.









TYPES OF BLOCKCHAINS

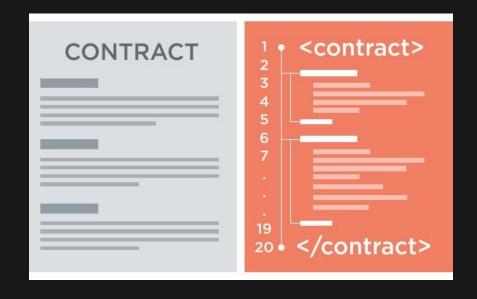
Public Private • ripple Platform Blockstream **Blockchains** Software **Digital Asset Holdings** HYPERLEDGER PROJECT





WHAT IS ETHEREUM? AUTOMATING THE BLOCKCHAIN

- Ethereum: Smart Contract Platform
 - Complex and feature-rich
- **Bitcoin:** Decentralized Asset
 - Simple and robust









WHAT IS A SMART CONTRACT?

ONLY AS SMART AS YOU MAKE IT

con-tract

(noun) / käntrakt/

 a written or spoken agreement ... that is intended to be enforceable by law.

smart con-tract

(noun) /smärt käntrakt/

- code that facilitates, verifies, or enforces the negotiation or execution of a digital contract.
 - a. Trusted entity must run this code

```
contract token {
    mapping (address => uint) public coinBalanceOf;
    event CoinTransfer(address sender, address receiver, uint amount);

/* Initializes contract with initial supply tokens to the creator of the contract */
function token(uint supply) {
    if (supply == 0) supply = 10000;
        coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] = supply;
    }

/* Very simple trade function */
function sendCoin(address receiver, uint amount) returns(bool sufficient) {
    if (coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] < amount) return false;
        coinBalanceOf[msg.sender] -= amount;
        coinBalanceOf[receiver] += amount;
        CoinTransfer(msg.sender, receiver, amount);
        return true;
    }
}</pre>
```





USE CASES







Prediction markets draws on the wisdom of the crowd to forecast the future









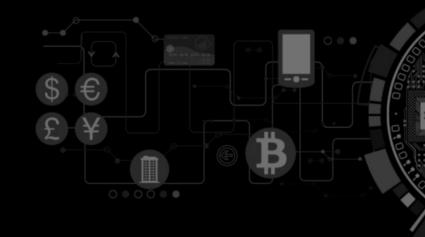


Cryptographic Token

24/7 Trading

Equity Token vs. AppCoin

Capitalism for Open-Source









DECENTRALIZED ESCROW

BUY A HOUSE IN AN HOUR

Definition:

"...Money held by a <u>third-party</u> on behalf of transacting parties. It kept in the custody of a third party and taking effect only when a specified condition has been fulfilled"

Example use cases:

- Buying a house
- Business Deals (If-this-then-that)
 - Redundant, logical, task-related
- Peer-to-Peer community crowdfunding
 - \circ Gofundme with lower the fees (8% \rightarrow 0.1-1%)







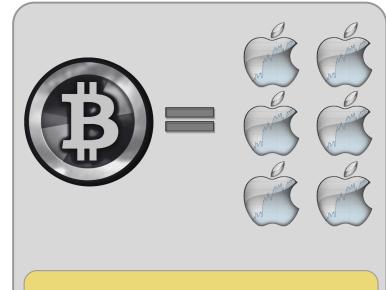








\$1BTC = \$1USD



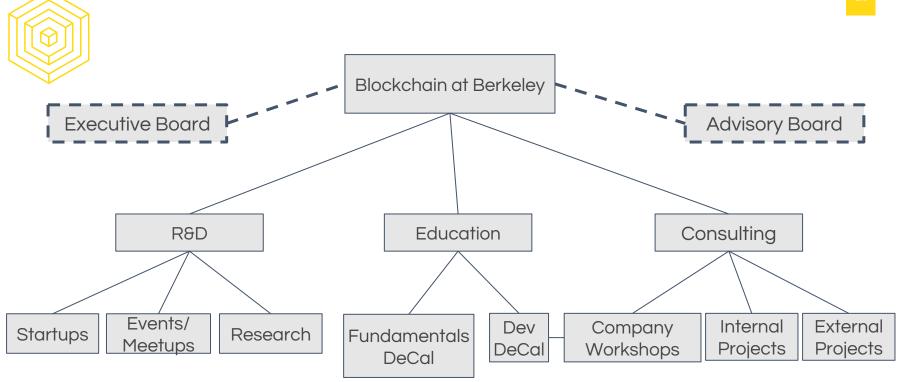
\$1BTC = 10 APPL



5 BLOCKCHAIN AT BERKELEY













EXonMobil

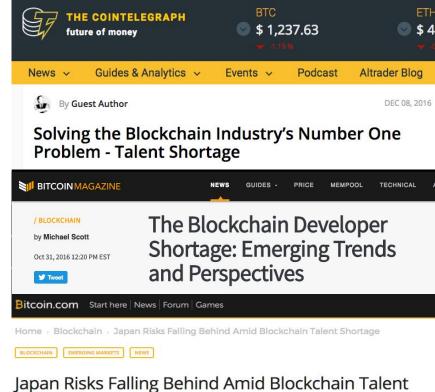


Deloitte.







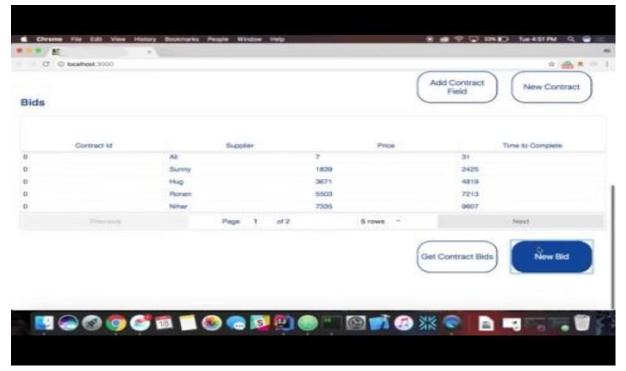


Japan Risks Falling Behind Amid Blockchain Talent Shortage





Decentralized Auction Bidding & Smart Contract Modularity









PHARMACEUTICALS TRACEABILITY

Immutable Audit Trail for Traceability of Physical Goods

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 = 25 manual
   2 ---
  -
  (In section)
   (E) Non-Peri
                            manufactual Literature;
4-12 rom 3000
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 Classical in
  D. STATE OF
. 0----
                                00 8 8 4 7 6 0
```

