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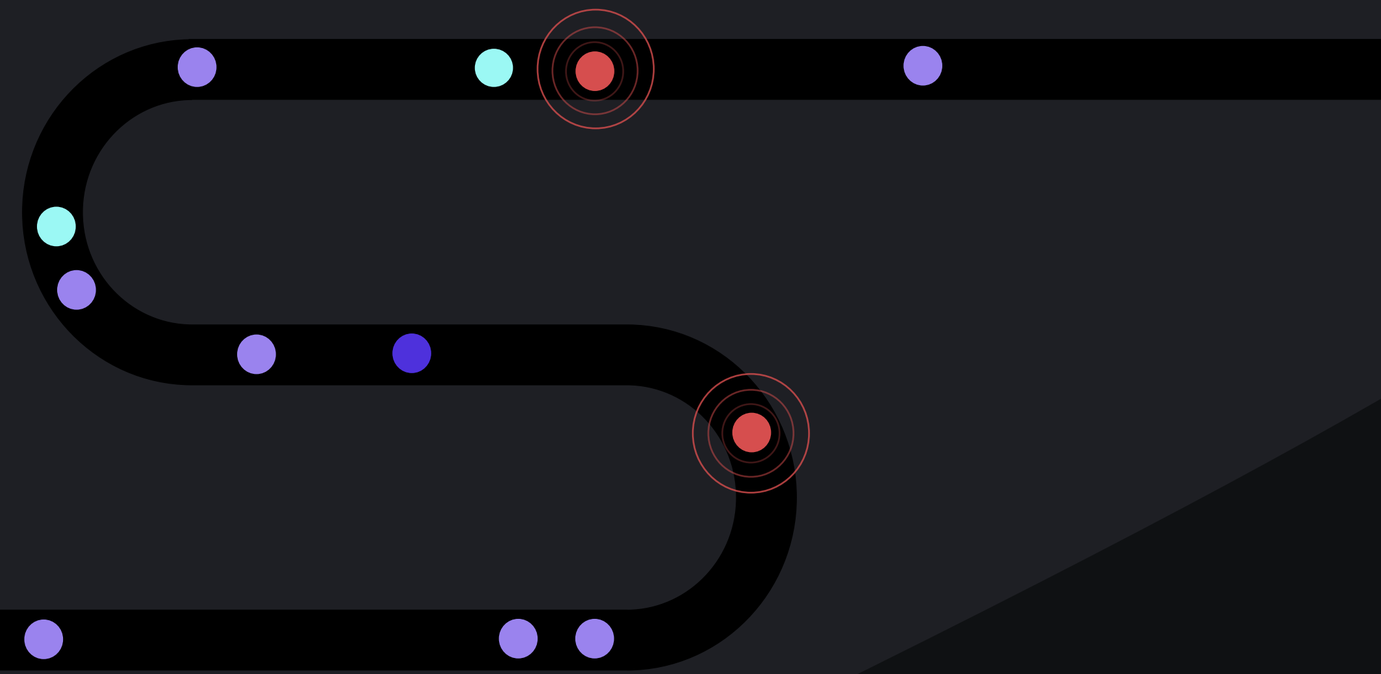
# **10** Advanced Data Pipeline Strategies for Data Engineers

Get advanced-level strategies for managing data pipelines in the real world from our data engineers with dozens of years of experience scaling architecture.



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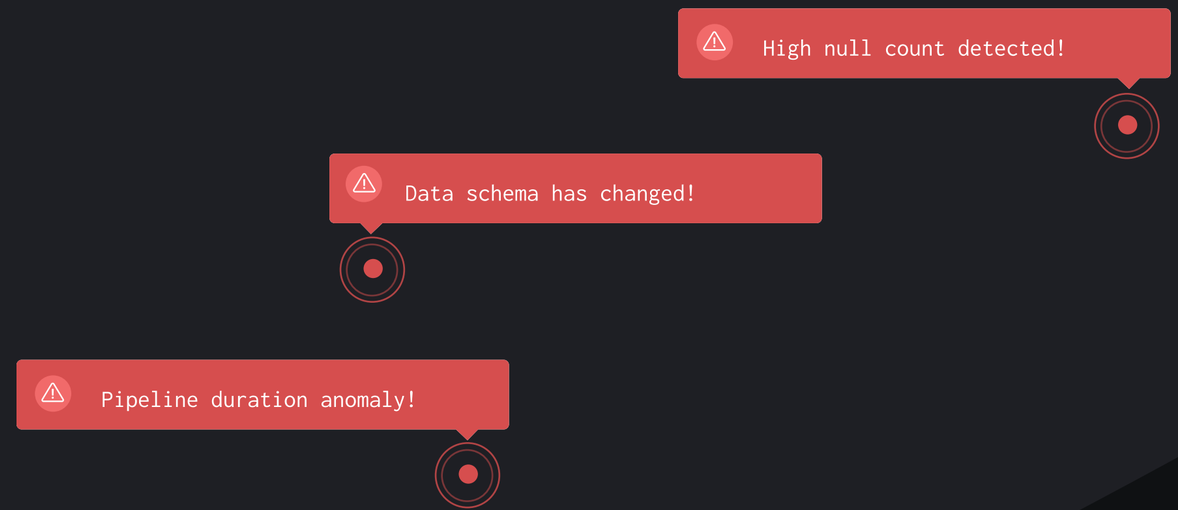
# Building and managing data pipelines




## If you’re like us, schematics for an ideal data pipeline are nice, but not always helpful.

The gap between theory and practice is vast and it’s common for people to make suggestions online irrespective of realities like, say, budget. Or, without knowing that you rarely spin up data pipeline architecture entirely from scratch.

Far more common is to inherit a lovely data pipeline mess. Or if you do get to build something from scratch, you’re working under serious constraints.

**Save yourself a few headaches next time you have to untanggle messy pipelines.**

Databand.ai is a unified data observability platform that can help you:

- Deliver on-time data
- Ensure data completeness
- Maintain data accuracy
- Expedite remediation on data issues

Pipeline observability made manageable

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# **10** strategies for building resilient data pipelines

Here are ten strategies for how to build a data pipeline drawn from dozens of years of our own team's experiences. We have included quotes from data engineers which have mostly been kept anonymous to protect their operations.

1. Understand the precedent

2. Build incrementally

3. Document your goals as you go

4. Build to minimize cost

5. Identify the stakes and tolerance

6. Organize in functional work groups

7. Implement monitoring and observability data pipeline tools

8. Use a decision tree to combat tool sprawl

9. Build your pipeline to control for all four dimensions of data quality

10. Document things as a byproduct of work

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# 1 Understand the precedent

Before you do anything, spend time understanding what came before.

>> Know the data models of the systems that preceded yours
>> Know the quirks of the systems you're pulling from and importing to
>> Know the expectations of the business users

Call it a data audit and record your findings along with a list of questions that still need answering.

For example, at a large retailer, the most exciting thing isn't the tool that works by itself but the one that works cooperatively with a legacy architecture and helps you migrate off it. It's not uncommon for these teams to have 10,000 hours of work invested in some of their existing products.

If someone tries something new and it fails in a big way, they may lose their job. Given the option, most would rather not touch it. For them, compatibility is everything, and so they must first understand the precedent.

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# 2 Build incrementally

## Build pieces of your pipeline as you need them in a modular fashion that you can adjust.

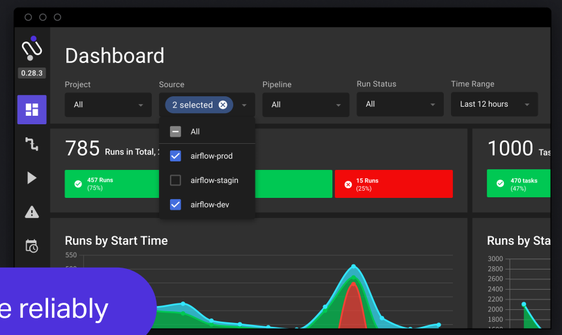
The reason is, you won't know what you need until you build something that doesn't quite suit your purpose. It's one of the many paradoxes of data engineering. The requirements aren't clear until a business user asks for a time series that they only just now realized they need, but which is unsupportable.

## Guarantee every incremental build is hitting your performance KPIs

As you build incrementally, you should be comparing each iteration's performance in a local environment against the pipeline already in production.
Without the right tools, its difficult to quickly compare pipeline performance across different environments.

Databand.ai makes it easy to:

- Centralize your pipeline metadata in one place
- Compare and visualize pipeline performance metrics
- Quickly ID the sections of your pipeline causing delays




Scale your infrastucture reliably

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# Document your goals as you go

Your goals will continue to evolve as you build.

Create a shared living document (Google Docs will do) and revisit and update it.

Also ask others who will be involved in the pipeline, upstream or downstream, to document their goals as well.

In our experience, everyone is going to tend to presume others are thinking what they're thinking. It's only by documenting that you realize someone wants a metric that, say, includes personally identifiable information (PII) and so is not allowed.

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# Build to minimize cost

## Costs will always be higher than you expect.

We have never met an engineer who said, “And to our great surprise, it cost half as much as we first thought.” When planning spend, all the classic personal finance rules apply: Overestimate costs by 20%, don’t spend what you don’t yet have, avoid recurring costs, and keep a budget.

If there are components that will need to grow exponentially, and you can pull them off of a paid platform and do it for (nearly) free, that may be the key to you accomplishing twice as much with this pipeline, and to building more.

Even as data lake providers launch features like cost alerts budgetary kill-switches, the principle remains: Build to minimize cost from the very beginning.

### Optimize your pipeline costs to score quick wins for your team

Business people have a hard time understanding the nuances of data engineering. But they do understand costs. Reducing the cost of projects currently in production can win your team the favor you need to get your next project pitch approved.

Pinpoint exactly where inefficiencies in your tech stack are occurring and quickly ID the proximate and root causes.

Increase your operational efficiency

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# Identify the stakes and tolerance

High stakes and low tolerance systems require careful planning. For example, a rocket going into space with human lives onboard. But in the data world, most decisions are reversible. That means it can often be cheaper in terms of your time and effort to simply try it and revert rather than agonizing for weeks while deciding.

For an ecommerce company, the stakes might at first seem low. But after talking to business users, you might learn that the downstream effects of a data error could make millions of products appear available in a store when they're not, creating a web of errors and missed expectations you can't easily untangle.

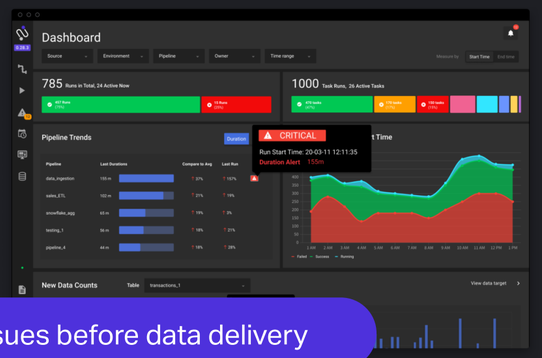
Knowing the stakes and tolerance tells you how much "breaking" you can afford to do.

## Mitigate the risk of failure in low tolerance systems

When you're dealing with high stakes, low tolerance pipelines, you need to know there's an issue before your data SLAs are missed.

With Databand.ai, you can use out-of-the-box and customizable metrics tracking and ML-powered anomaly detection to get notified of issues as they crop up.

Receive alerts on the leading indicators of data pipeline issues for your critical assets so you can begin working on a resolution immediately.




Fix issues before data delivery

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# Organize in functional work groups

Create working groups that include an analyst, a data scientist, an engineer, and possibly someone from the business side.

**Have them focus on problems as a unit.**
It's far more effective. If they simply worked sequentially, tossing requirements over the fence to one another, everyone would eventually grow frustrated, there'd be a lot of inefficient 'work about work,' and things would take forever.

**Functional groups tend to build better data pipelines that cost less.**
This approach also gives data engineers a seat at the table when decisions are being made so they can vet ideas at the outset.

If all they do is wait for notebooks from the data scientist, they'll often discover they don't work and they'll either have to send it back or rewrite it themselves. Or, they'll find that other teams continuously ask for columns that are derivable from other data, but which must be transformed.

> "A constant challenge is ensuring my data engineers have a good contract with data scientists and know how to take products from them and smoothly integrate them into the system. Even with pods, it's not always smooth."
>
> -Data Engineering Team Lead

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# Implement data pipeline monitoring and observability tools

## Some tools help you keep costs low, and observability tools fall into that category.

They provide instrumentation to help you understand what's happening **within your pipeline.** Without highly specific answers to questions around why data pipelines fail, you can spend an inordinate amount of time diagnosing the proximal and root causes of pipeline issues.


### Guarantee Your SLAs

Identify when anomalous durations or failures will cause late data deliveries and missed SLAs

### Root Cause Analysis

When issues occur, drill into the source of errors or data corruptions across your pipelines


### Unified Logging

Access execution details, success logs, error messages, and runtime states from your data tasks, queries, and functions

### Manage Resources

See pipeline resource consumption levels and durations from underlying cloud or compute systems

### Trace Lineage of Issues

Track how data corruptions or execution issues cascade across your pipelines, from central teams to downstream consumers

### Data Health Metrics

Monitor data schemas, data distributions, completeness, and custom metrics

See Databand.ai in action

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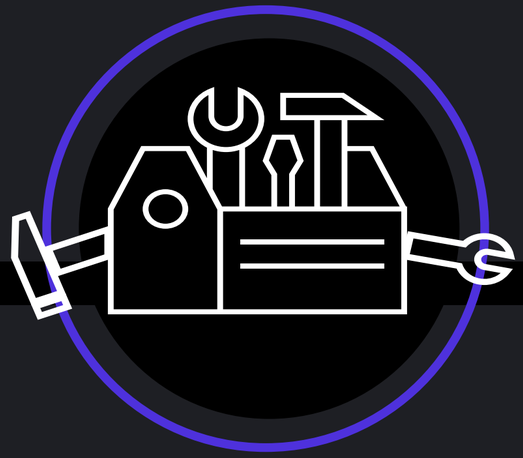
# Use a decision tree to combat tool sprawl

Nobody wants yet another point-solution tool that you then have to maintain.

Create a decision tree for your team to decide when it makes sense to add another tool versus adjust an existing one, or evaluate a platform that would consolidate several functions.

**It's good for data quality too.**

The fewer moving pieces, the less there is to diagnose.



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# Build your pipeline to control for all four dimensions of data quality

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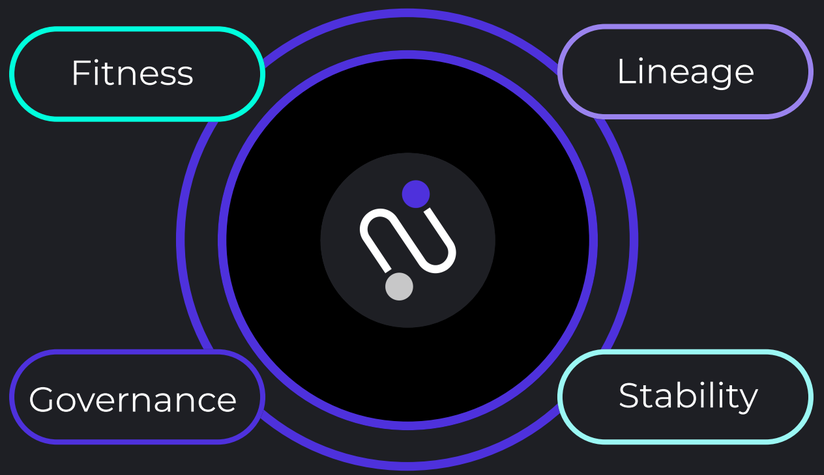
Ensure your pipelines maintain the four dimensions of data quality that matter to engineers—fitness, lineage, governance, and stability. These dimensions must exist in equilibrium, and you cannot maintain quality without addressing all four.




## Increase the ROI of your data product

Unified visibility over your entire tech stack ensures that your data quality KPIs are being met during every step of your data's journey.

Centralize your pipeline metadata to ensure the consistent delivery of accurate, fresh, and complete data.

Build better data products

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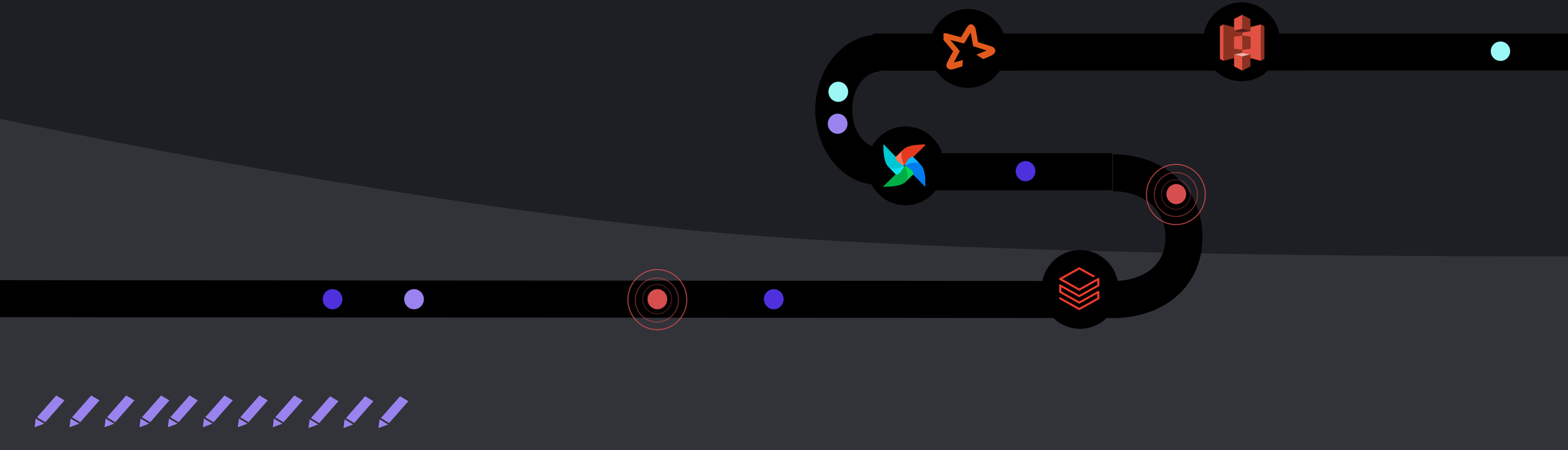
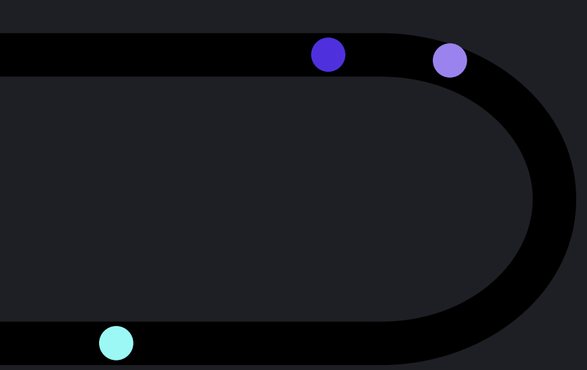
# Document things as a byproduct of work

Also known as, “knowledge-centered service,” you should be in the habit of documenting what you do, and at the very least, keeping a log your team can access.

The highest achievement for a data engineer is not being a hero that the entire company depends on, but constructing a system that’s so durable it outlasts you.

Documentation should be intrinsic to your work.





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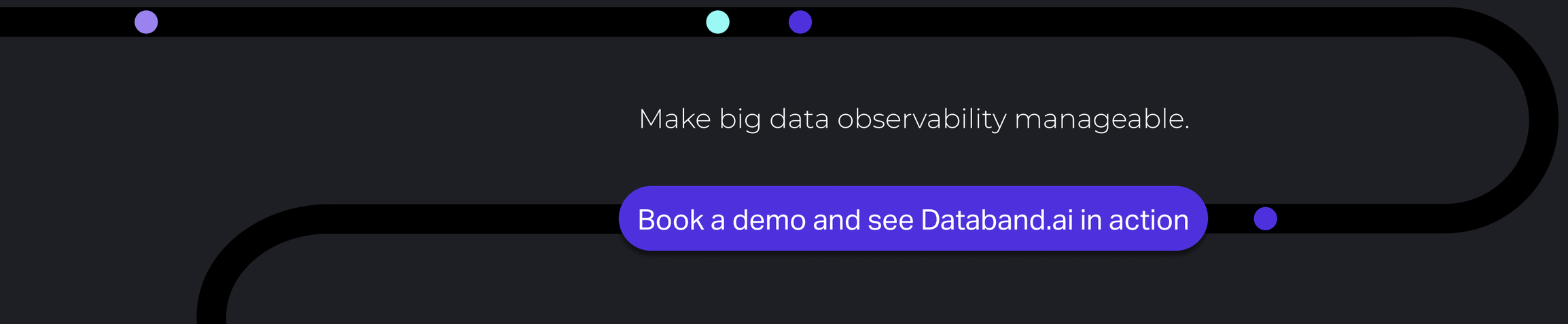
www.databand.ai

## Catch bad data before it gets through

Data engineers are the backbone of modern data teams. But for the average data engineer, it's a challenge to make sure jobs are running successfully, data is meeting quality standards, and business stakeholders are satisfied. For companies who depend on accurate, on-time data flows, that's a huge problem. We built Databand to help data engineers scale their infrastructure alongside their organization while maintaining data health standards.



Make big data observability manageable.

Book a demo and see Databand.ai in action