### Some facts...

84% of companies either do not do business cases for their IT projects or do them on a select few key projects.

their budgets with business needs more than once 83% of companies are unable to adjust and align or twice a year.

Benchmarking is done less frequently than once a 67% of IT organizations are not market ready.

89% of companies are flying blind, with virtually no metrics in place except for finance.

57% of companies perceive they are balancing the pressures of cost cutting and IT effectiveness



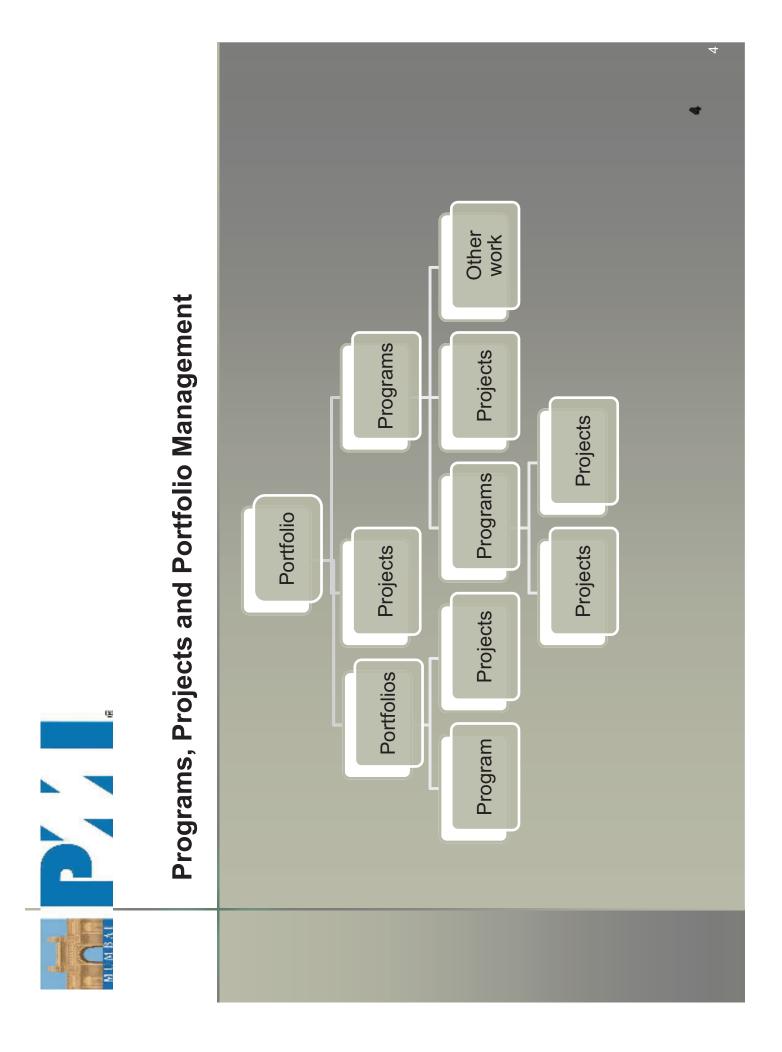
### Program

 A group of related projects managed in a coordinated way to obtain benefits and control not available from managing them individually

operations) outside the scope of the discrete projects in a program Programs may include elements of related work(e.g ongoing

 Programs like projects are means of achieving organizations goals and objectives in the context of strategic plan







### **Program**

Exists within overall framework of business processes

Multiple programs can share services and resources

 Multiple operations or projects within a program can share services and resources

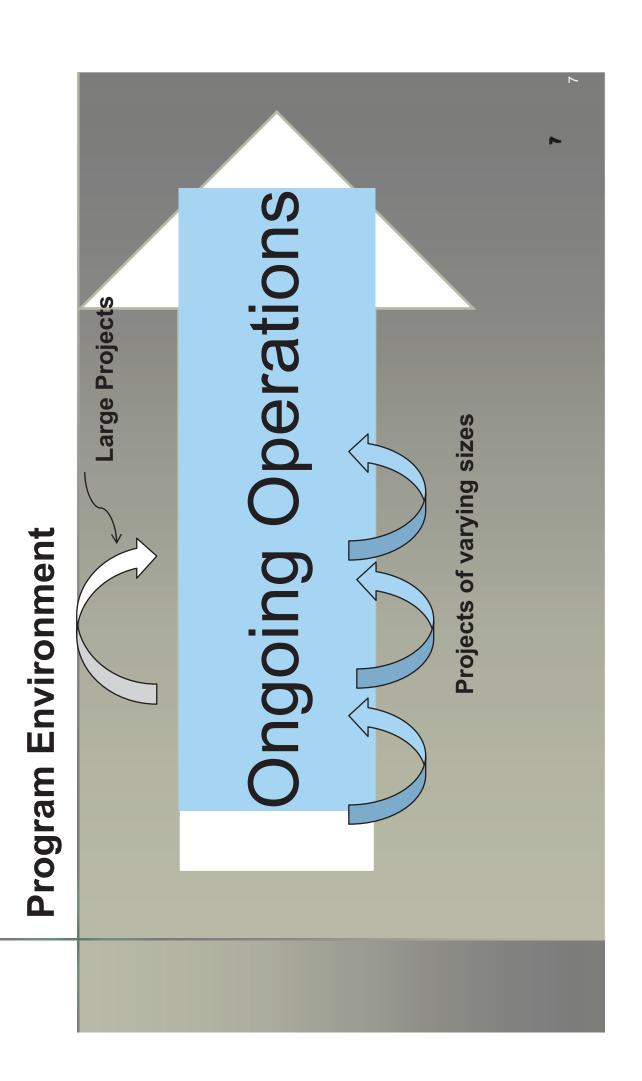
 As the business need dictate, new programs, operations and projects can develop



### **Portfolio Dashboard**

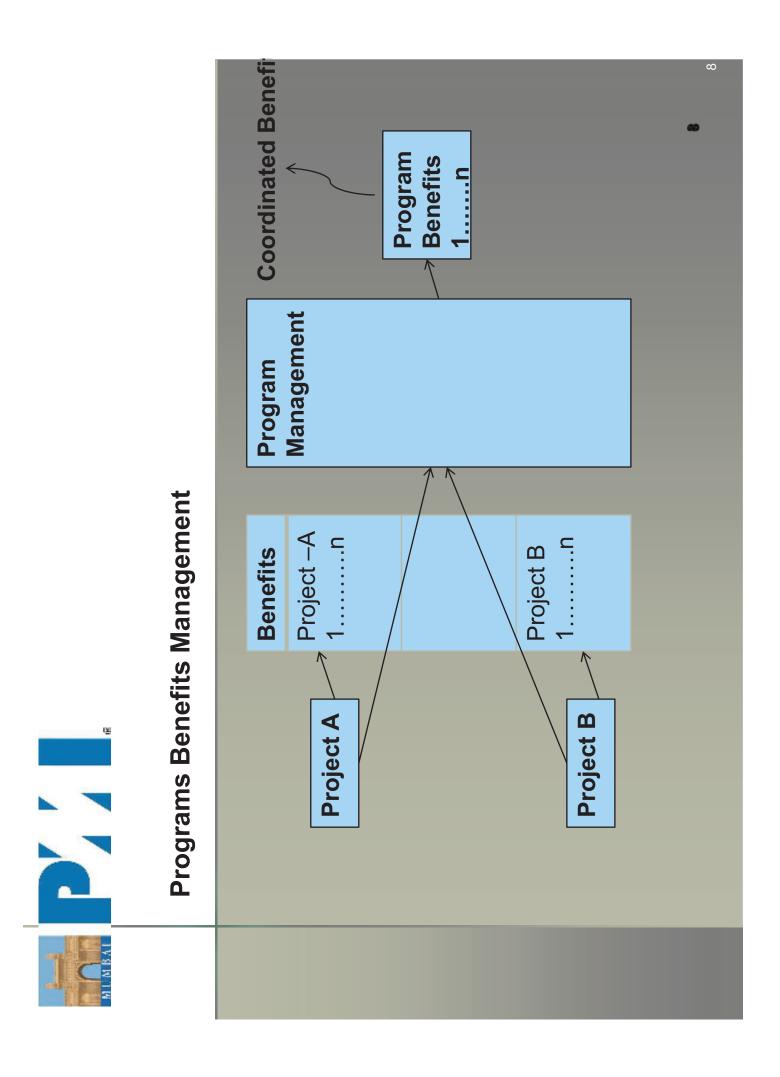
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\$4,126,894 NO. OT projects	\$2,141,971 Breaching TIME escalation conditions	-£13,077 Breaching COST escalation conditions	\$2,903,937 Breaching BENEFIT escalation conditions	\$2,903,937 Breaching PROFIT escalation conditions				
\$60,021,2¢	\$2,141,971	-£13,077	\$2,903,937	\$2,903,937	\$0	\$775,043	\$761,966	-\$13,077
paseime nuuget	Forecast budget	Variance	Project benefits Baseline benefits	Forecast benefits	Variance	Baseline profit	Forecast profit	Variance
rroject costs			Project benefits			Business case		

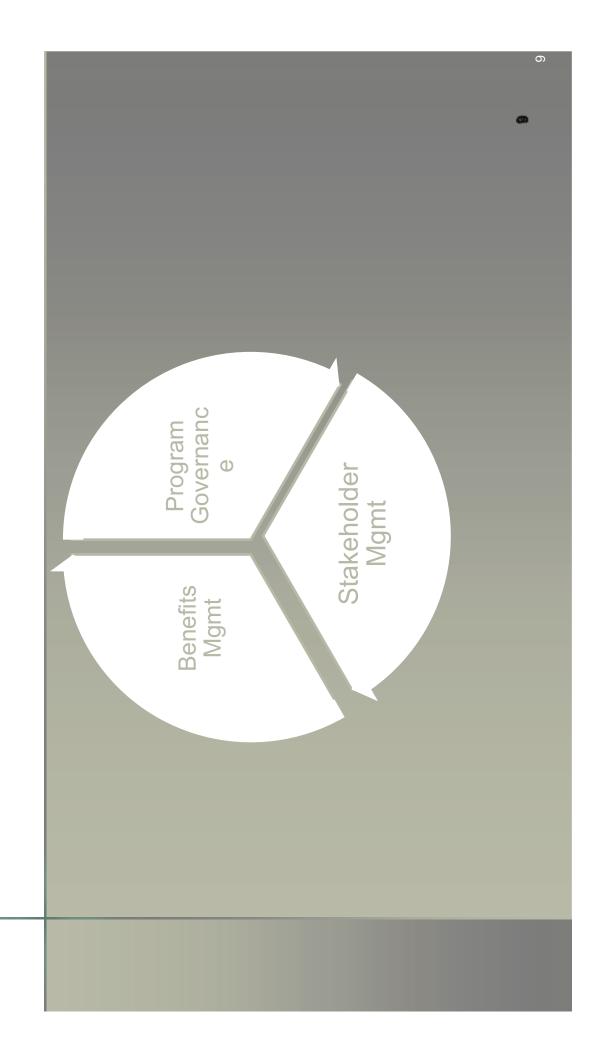








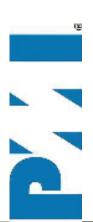






Program Management Themes





### **Program Management**

Program Governance	Provides control of the organization's Investment     Manage delivery of the benefits through progress reports     Include periodic senior management and stakeholder reviews
Stakeholder Mgmt	• Identify impact to Stakeholders • Develop communication strategies to engage stakeholders and manage expectations
Benefits Mgmt	-Assess benefit value and impact on the organization  - Identify interdependencies  - Ensure targeted benefits are realistic  - Continuously monitor strategy changes and assess impact on the program  - Assign responsibility and accountability for benefit realization



### Why Program Management

- Optimized or integrated cost, schedule or effort
- Integrated or dependant deliverables across the program
- Delivery of incremental benefits
- Optimization of staff
- Positive customer satisfaction



### **Portfolio Management**

- Portfolio Management: Collection of components(Programs, Projects and other works such as operations)
- Grouped together to facilitate the effective management of work in order to meet business goals and objectives
- •They may not be interdependent or directly related
- Selection of strategic components which reflects strategic management
- A part of the interface between programs and strategic business objectives
- •One of the trust measures of organizations business intent, direction and



### Portfolio Management

- Logical grouping or projects under common leadership structure
- Just buying a fancy tool is not a replacement for portfolio mgmt basics
- Tools are just inputs to decision makers judgement process
- •Regulate the input so that the capacity is controlled (e.g CPU, mem, util)
- Could potentially have an impact in terms of small abnormalities
- Prioritize the portfolio
- ·Assessing where your program has been, where is it today and where is it going

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	M. MBAL

Area	Projects	Programs	Portfollos
Scope	Narrow scope with specific deliveries	Wider scope to meet customer's expectations	Business scope that changes with strategic goals
Changes to scope	Controlled closely	Expected and even embraces	Cont. monitoring of changes
Management focus	Focus on delivery	Focus on managing relationships, conflict resolution and political aspects of shareholders	Adding value to decision making
Management	Team players	Leaders providing vision and leadership	Leaders providing insight and Synthesis
Execution	Detailed planning to manage delivery	High level plan providing guidance to projects	Create and maintain necessary processes and communication
Monitoring	Monitors and controls tasks	Projects through Governance structure	Monitors aggregate performance and value indicators



### Stakeholders

- Persons who are actively involved in the project
- Whose interests may be positively or negatively impacted by the performance or completion of projects
- Internal and external stakeholders
- Manage the influence of various stakeholders in relation to the project requirements to ensure a successful outcome.
- Stakeholder management strategy



### Ideal Stakeholder

- Shows an interest in the project/program
- Makes available when necessary
- Assign qualified personnel to act on the stakeholders behalf when the stakeholder is unavailable
- Has a willingness to be accountable
- Review and signs required documents in timely manner
- Tells the program mgrs or team his communication preferences
- Prioritize her preferences and requirements
- Understands the PM processes and doesn't pressurize PMs to circumvent it
- Helps motivate program personnel and show appreciation for good



### Stakeholders Management

 Approach to increase the support and minimize negative impacts of stakeholders throughout the entire project life cycle

Identify the key stakeholders who can significantly impact the

Level of participation in the project desired from each one them

Assess the stakeholders Power

Build relationships with the stakeholders

Communication strategies for the stakeholders

Understand Stakeholders groups and their management

Lead the stakeholders





### Stakeholders Identification

- Stakeholder can be an organization
- Single point ownership if multiple stakeholders
- Follow the money, whoever is paying
- Follow the resources
- Follow the deliverables
- Follow the signatures
- Review of the organization chart
- Ask team members, customers and any other confirmed stakeholders
- People having influence, not necessarily power





## **Build Relationships with stakeholders**

One of the most important aspects of the program mgmt

It's a continuous process, it never ends, can be strengthened

Begins with establishing a trust and cont. building upon that

Know everything about stakeholders

Keep stakeholders keepers and support personnel happy

Foster relationships with your backup and the stakeholders

Relationship with remote stakeholders challenging

Constant communication (e.g outsourced PM)

Credibility cant replace relationship building





# **Build Relationships amongst stakeholders**

 Facilitate compromises/solutions in best interests of organizations instead of self interest

Speak positive about the other stakeholders

Take sometime to introduce them formally or informally

Share some unique attributes about each stakeholders

 Not possible to have relationships with all, avoid situations of conflicts with high power stakeholders



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# Communication strategies for stakeholders

- Anticipate or find out the communication needs
- Who should communicate to whom
- Milestone reviews are important communication opportunities
- Whispering technique
- Cheat sheet technique
- Lead the stakeholders (Educate on PM processes, RACI etc)
- Review of PM's stakeholder management with stakeholders.
- Show gratitude at end of each milestone or project completion



## Manage Stakeholders Expectations

Communications methods

Interpersonal skills

Building trust

Resolving conflicts

Active listening

Overcoming resistance to change

Management skills

Presentation skills

Negotiation

Writing skills

Public speaking





## Potential External Stakeholders

Competitors

· Groups and Orgs representing interests of consumers, environmentalists

Government regulatory agencies

Suppliers

Media outlets

Individual citizens and society



### **Project Stakeholders**

Customers/Users

Sponsor

Portfolio managers

Program managers

Project management office

Project Managers

Project team

Functional managers

Sellers/Business partners





### Program Stakeholders

Program director

Program Manager

Project Managers

Program Sponsors

Customers

Performing Organizations

Program team

Project teams

Project Office

Project Governance board

Portfolio Manager

Program/Project Management office





### Portfolio Stakeholders

- Executive review board
- Portfolio process groups
- Sponsors
- Portfolio managers
- Program managers
- Project/Program management office
- Project Managers
- Finance Managers
- Project team
- Functional managers
- Sellers/Business partners

## Stakeholder Power Assessment

Preference	Stake	Stakeholder Assessment	sment
Against(3)	Yellow(3)	Red(6)	Red(9)
Indifferent(2)	Yellow(2)	Red(4)	Red(6)
For(1)	Green(1)	Green(2)	Green(3)
	Low(1)	Medium(2)	Green(3)

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# Stakeholder Management: Program perspective

- Identifies how the program will affect stakeholders and business benefits desired
- Develop communication strategy and manage their expectations
- Consider additional levels of stakeholders resulting from interdependencies across the projects
- Bigger impact and efforts required for (organizational level) change management, and so more resources involved
- Program and Project manager to manage the stakeholders at their respective levels.



# Stakeholder Management: Portfolio perspective

- Strategic and External Focus
- Recognition of stakeholders grouping
- Centrally managed approach by all portfolios
- Involvement of corporate communications group
- Extensive range of communications channel and techniques are
- Stakeholders are fully engaged in the change process at all levels
- Communications being optimized and reviewed at the top level, embedded in organization culture.

