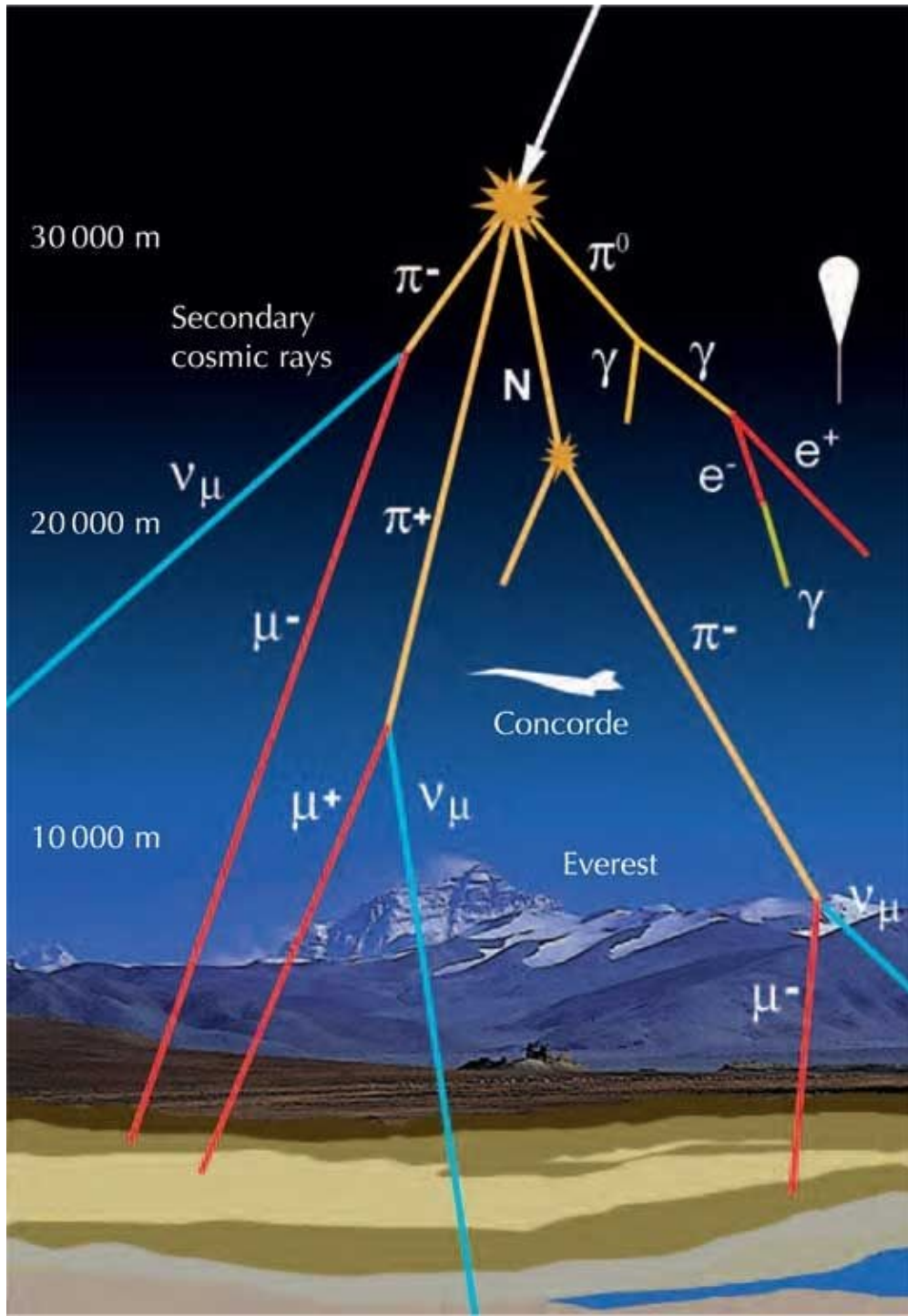


# Use of Silicon Photo-Multipliers in Cosmic Muon Measurements

Debasish Das, Manoj Sharan, Ram Narayan Singaraju

Saha Institute of Nuclear Physics, 1/AF Bidhannagar, Kolkata-700064

## Introduction:



## Use of Silicon Photomultiplier (SiPM) Electronics

SiPMs replace HPDs & Photomultiplier as photo sensors in detector

Their use has a number of advantages if compared to other photo sensors:

Immunity to magnetic field

Better light detection efficiency

Better signal to noise ratio

Solid state reliability

A certain infrastructure is required for SiPM operation

Precise voltage control

Individual sensor current monitoring

Temperature stabilization / monitoring



Packaged HPK SiPM photo-sensors (aka "SiPM strips")

## Set-up goals

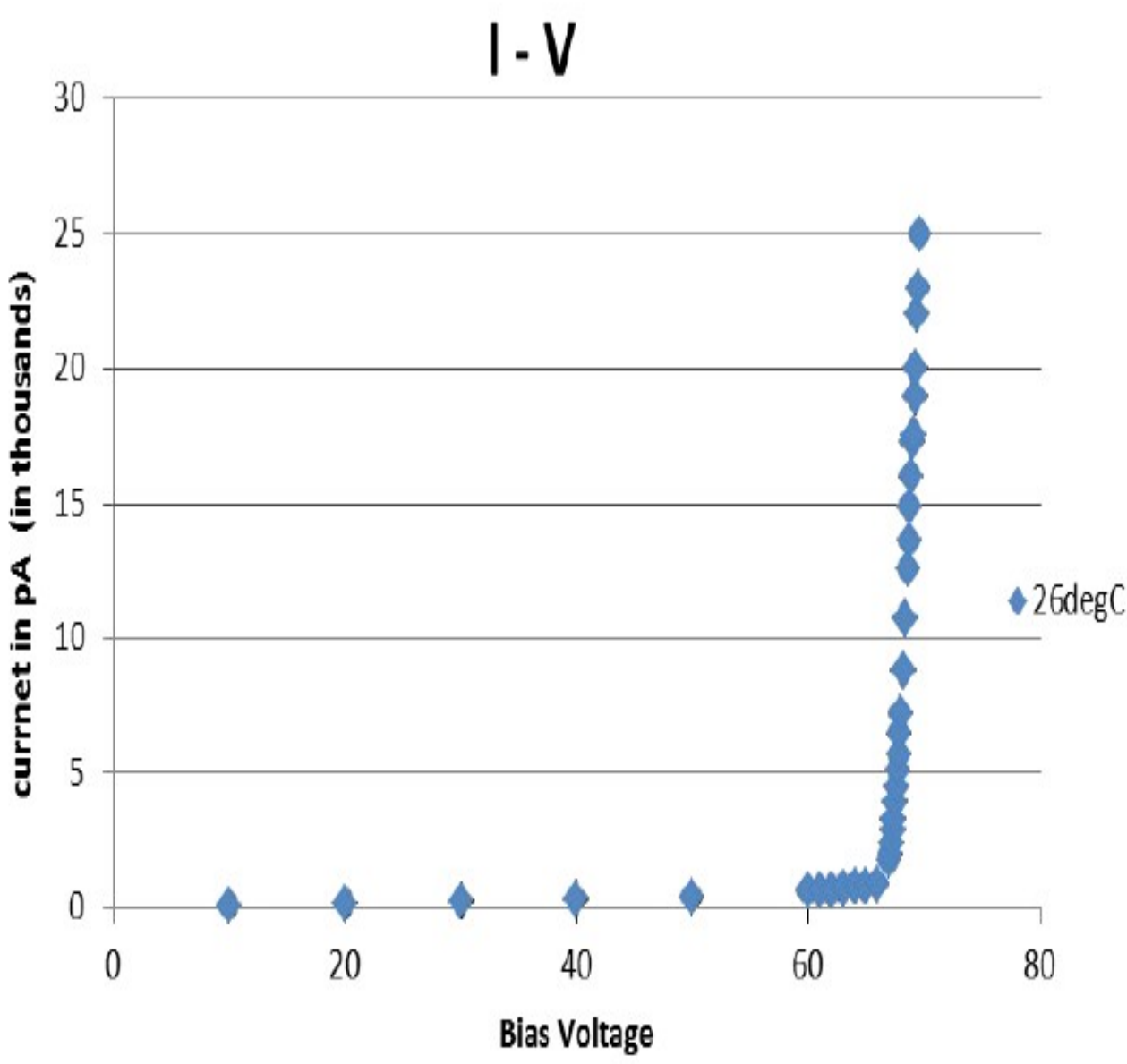
Silicon Photo-multipliers are used now extensively in high energy physics experiments .

They will eventually replace the conventional photo-multipliers

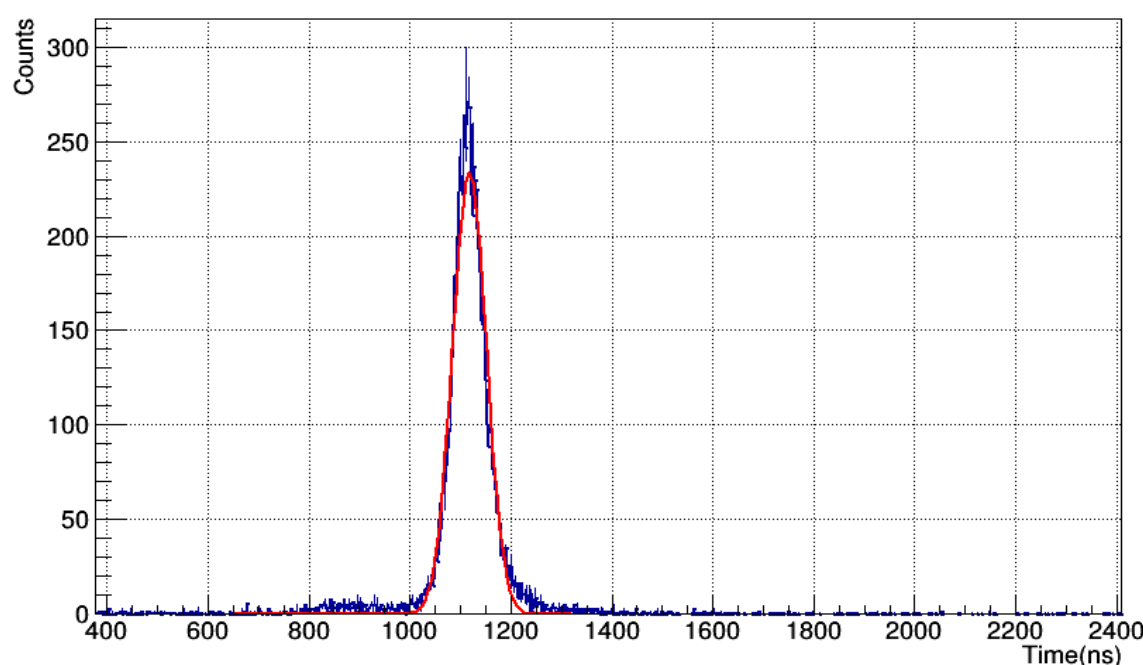
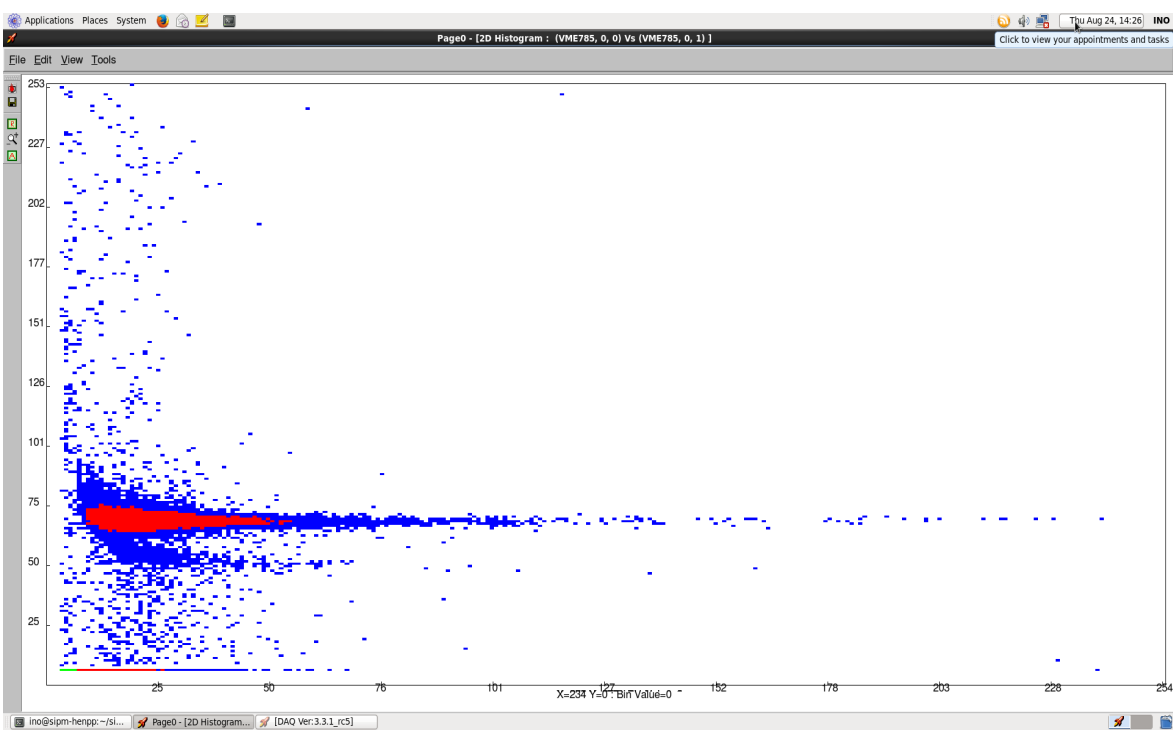
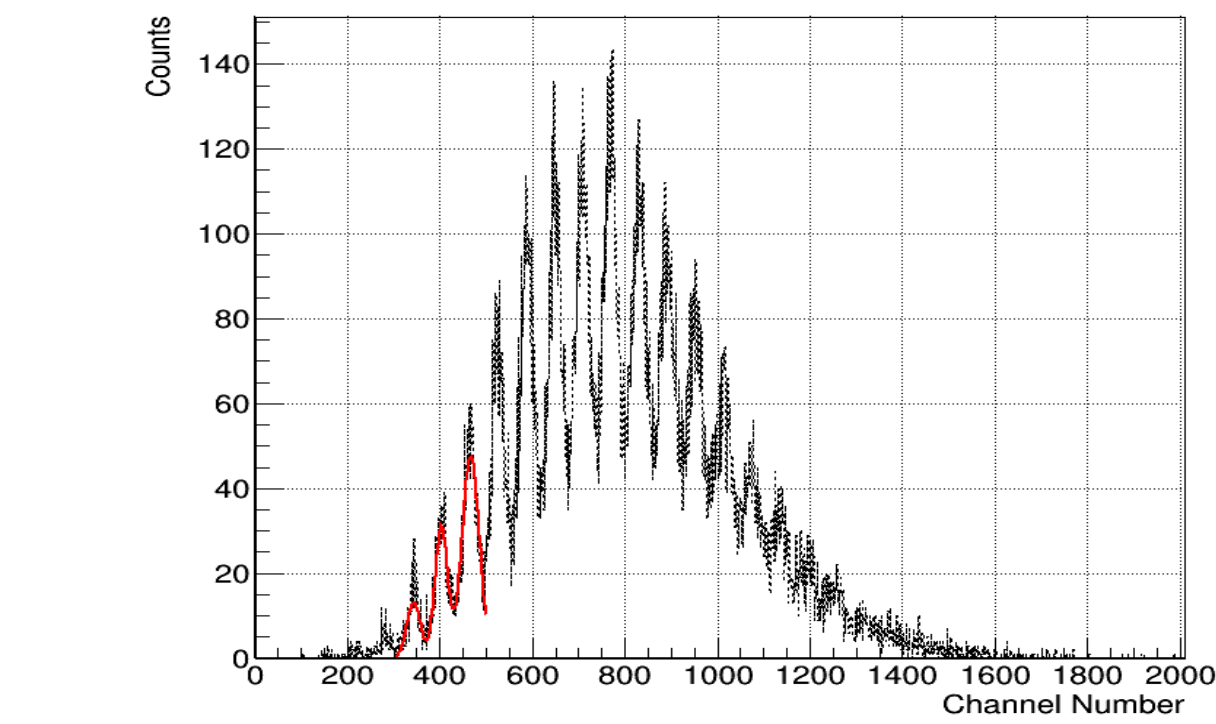
Our prototype setup is to estimate cosmic-ray background.

Hence can be used for future dark matter Indian endeavour.

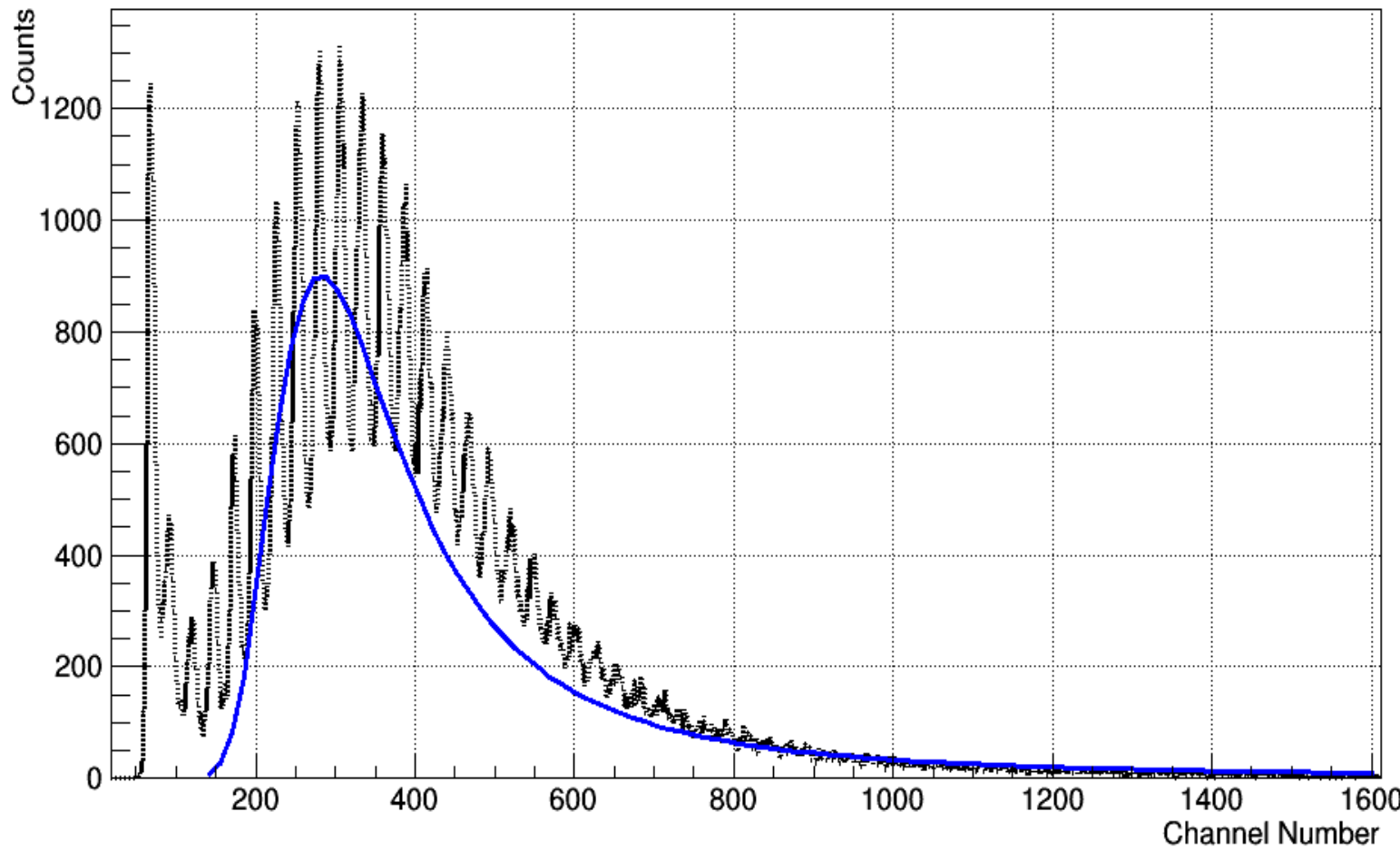
## Set-up inside (at 555m) Laboratory :



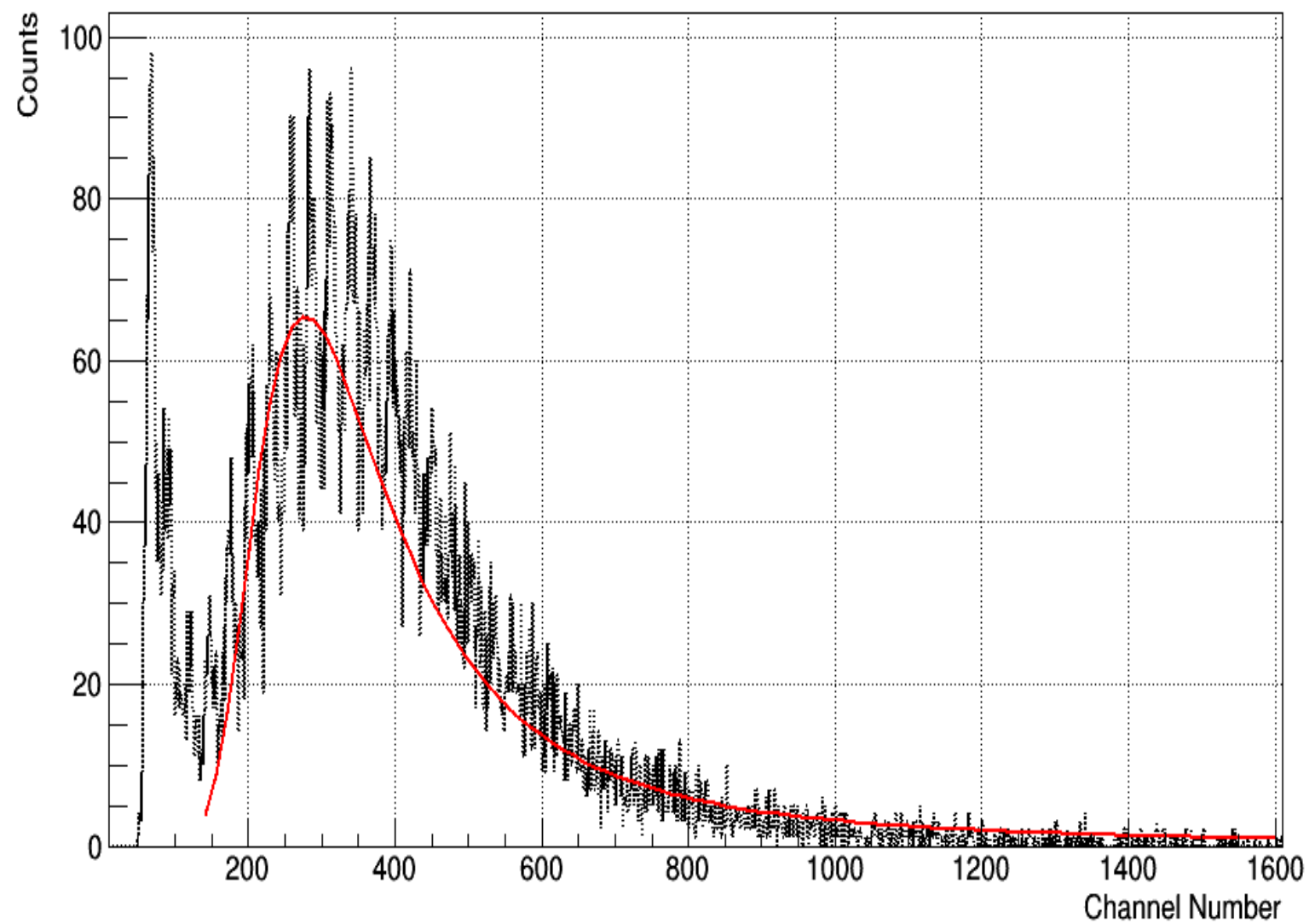
Low intensity Light plot (below)



4F Cosmics at (SINP, 19/08/2017)



4F Cosmics at (Health Physics Lab, Jaduguda, 24/08/2017)



## Summary and Outlook

We have made a prototype setup to estimate the cosmic-ray background.

We plan to collaborate with the Health Physics group, UCIL, Jaduguda, to take this study forward.

Ongoing studies give us compelling motivation to extend this study at further lower level.

We plan to make bigger arrays for this purpose.

This will help us plan setup for studying fundamental problems in Physics.