## ZOJ 1025

## daseinpwt

The problem can be interpreted as to find the minimum number of sequences of the sticks, where every two sticks i and j (i < j) in each sequence meet the condition  $l_i \le l_j$  and  $w_i \le w_j$ .

One step to make the problem simpler is to first sort the sticks, using l as the first key (ascending) and w the second (ascending). Let S denotes the sorted list. Now we can instead find the minimum number of non-decreasing subsequences of S, where every two sticks i and j (i < j) in each sequence meet the condition  $w_i \le w_j$ . Note that the condition is simplified because that  $l_i \le l_j$  always holds.

Next, we proof that the answer (the minimum number of non-decreasing subsequences) is equal to the length of the longest strictly decreasing subsequence (in terms of w) of S.

*Proof.* Let M denotes the length of the longest strictly decreasing subsequence, and P denotes the minimum number of non-decreasing subsequences.

- (i) For every  $S_i$  and  $S_j$  ( $i \neq j$ ) in the longest strictly decreasing subsequence,  $S_i$  and  $S_j$  are not in the same non-decreasing subsequence. Thus  $L \geq M$ .
- (ii) We introduce M empty queues  $q_1, q_2, ..., q_M$ . Then we move the elements from S into the M queues one by one. For each element  $S_i$ , we first check with  $q_1$ . If  $q_1$  is empty or the tail element  $tail_1$  in  $q_1$  satisfies that  $w_{tail_1} \leq w_i$  then  $S_i$  is appended to  $q_1$ . If not, we check with  $q_2, q_3$  and more until  $S_i$  is appended into some queue. This will certainly happen because that if we can not find a place for  $S_i$  after checking all M queues, we find a strictly decreasing subsequence of length M+1, which is a contradiction. Finally, we will get less than or equal to M non-decreasing subsequences (which are all the non-empty queues). Thus  $L \leq M$ .

In conclusion, L = M.

The problem is now transformed to find the length of the longest strictly decreasing subsequence. A classic  $\mathcal{O}(N^2)$  algorithm is sufficient.