

# Protein language model distributed fine-tuning



# Agenda

1. ESM-2 & VHH – developability
2. PoC: ESM-2 fine-tuning
3. System architecture
4. Models and DeepSpeed ZeRO
5. Monitoring & metrics: loss and ROC AUC
6. GPU Utilization & Memory Allocation

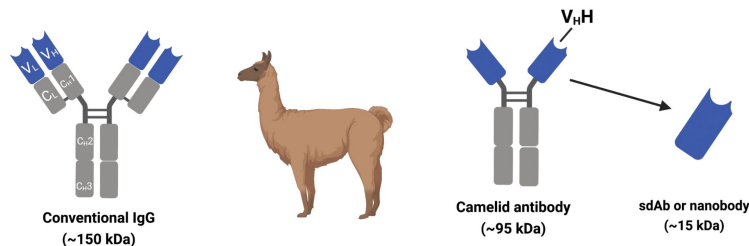
# ESM-2 & VHH – developability

**ESM-2\***: transformer protein language model pre-trained on large protein sequence corpora. Produces embeddings for fine-tuning on protein tasks.

**VHH (nanobody)**: single-domain heavy-chain antibody from camelids (~110-130 aa). Small, stable, used in research and therapeutics.

**Developable (binary)** – rule:

- `seq.count('C') == 2`
- `len(re.findall(r"N[^P][ST]", seq)) == 0`



credits: <https://www.rapidnovor.com/camelid-antibodies-and-nanobodies/>

# PoC: ESM-2 fine-tuning

1. Models: ESM-2 with 8M-15B parameters.
2. Data: 2M VHH sequences\*.
3. Task: fine-tune to adapt to a classification objective (developability).
4. Goals: end-to-end usability, resource efficiency on 4xH200, memory partitioning schemes (for 15B model), time estimation at scale.

\* <https://cognanous.com/datasets/vhh-corpus>

# System architecture

Capacity used:

- 4 x H200 GPUs
- 2 TB network SSD
- 2 TB shared filesystem

Implementation: Soperator cluster  
(launched with Terraform)

Framework: PyTorch + Transformers  
(Hugging Face) + DeepSpeed for  
multi-node memory scaling

Orchestration: Slurm batch launcher  
for job submission

Storage: data on the shared  
/mnt/data

Monitoring: W&B for experiment  
tracking

# Models and DeepSpeed ZeRO

Problem: large models cannot fit on a single GPU memory-wise.

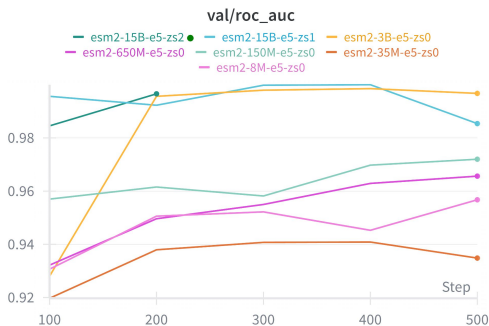
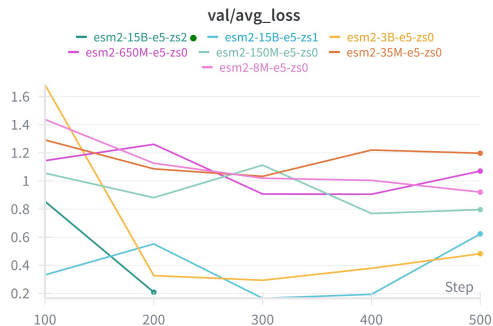
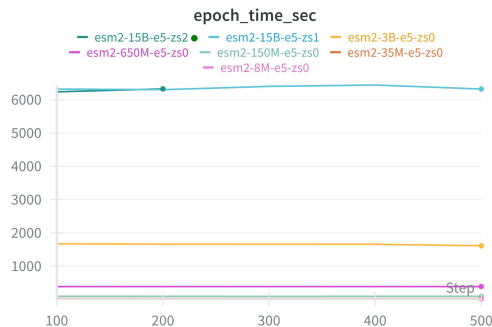
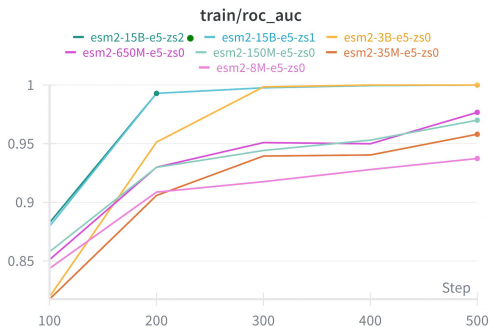
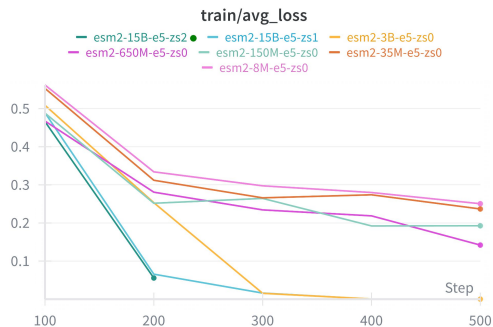
Solution:

1. DeepSpeed ZeRO fine-grained memory partitioning:
  - Stage 0 – baseline (no ZeRO)
  - Stage 1 – shard optimizer states
  - Stage 2 – shard optimizer + gradients
  - Stage 3 – full parameter partitioning (params + grads + opt states)
2. 16-bit floating point precision

ESM-2 models:

- esm2\_t6\_8M
- esm2\_t12\_35M
- esm2\_t30\_150M
- esm2\_t33\_650M
- esm2\_t36\_3B
- esm2\_t48\_15B

# Model performance & Time



experiments:

data – 2K sequences

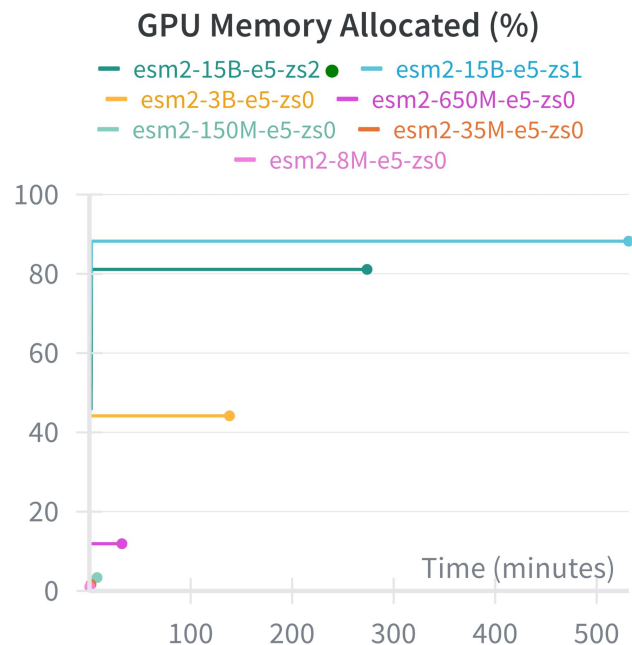
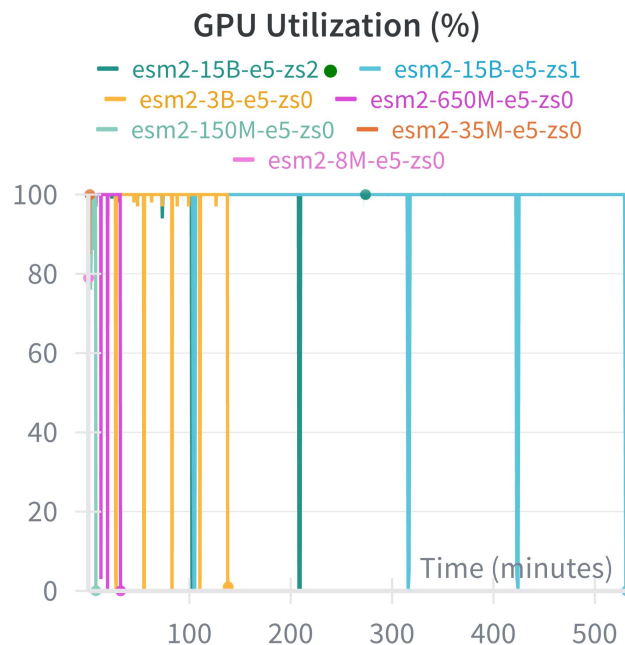
train/val – 0.8/0.2

15B models – sz 1/2/3 + fp16

estimated time on 2M sequences:

- 4.5 days for 650M
- 19.1 days for 3B
- 72.9 days for 15B

# GPU Utilization & Memory Allocation





Thank you for your attention!