## Peak Time

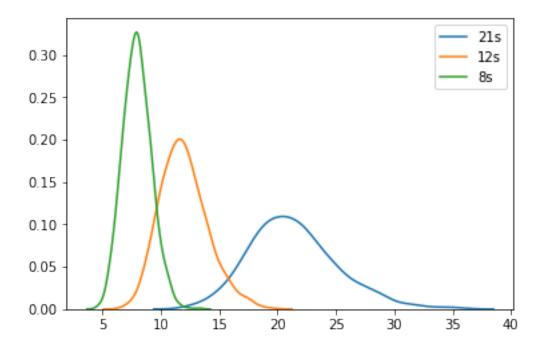
November 19, 2020

```
[1]: import math
      import random
      import pandas as pd
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import seaborn as sns
 [2]: def noise(s):
          rand = random.uniform(0.001,0.999)
          return s * math.log((1 - rand)/rand)
 [5]: def time_to_pulses(time, t_0 = 0.011, a = 1.1, b = 0.015):
          pulses = 0
          pulse_duration = t_0
          while time >= pulse_duration:
              time = time - pulse_duration
              pulses += 1
              pulse_duration = a * pulse_duration + noise(b * a * pulse_duration)
          return pulses
[11]: time_to_pulses(8)
[11]: 45
[12]: def pulses_to_time(pulses, t_0 = 0.011, a = 1.1, b = 0.015):
          time = 0
          pulse_duration = t_0
          while pulses > 0:
              time = time + pulse_duration
              pulses = pulses - 1
              pulse_duration = a * pulse_duration + noise(b * a * pulse_duration)
          return time
[16]: pulses_to_time(45)
[16]: 8.068089751979269
```

```
[30]: def peak(t, reps = 10, n_training = 10, n_trials = 100):
          results = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['rep', 'val'])
          for rep in range(reps):
              goal_pulses = 0
              for i in range(n_training):
                  goal_pulses += time_to_pulses(t)
              goal_pulses = goal_pulses / n_training
              for i in range(n_trials):
                  val = pulses_to_time(goal_pulses)
                  results.loc[len(results)] = [rep, val]
          return results['val']
[31]: res8 = peak(8)
      res12 = peak(12)
      res21 = peak(21)
[32]: print(res8)
     0
             9.530615
     1
            10.053820
     2
             7.445170
     3
             8.648976
     4
             9.968219
     995
             7.796084
             7.898107
     996
     997
             9.438392
             5.966215
     998
     999
             8.076310
     Name: val, Length: 1000, dtype: float64
[33]: sns.kdeplot(np.array(res21), label="21s")
      sns.kdeplot(np.array(res12), label="12s")
      sns.kdeplot(np.array(res8), label="8s")
```

/Users/niels/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/scipy/stats/stats.py:1713: FutureWarning: Using a non-tuple sequence for multidimensional indexing is deprecated; use `arr[tuple(seq)]` instead of `arr[seq]`. In the future this will be interpreted as an array index, `arr[np.array(seq)]`, which will result either in an error or a different result.

[33]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fd6dbd37240>

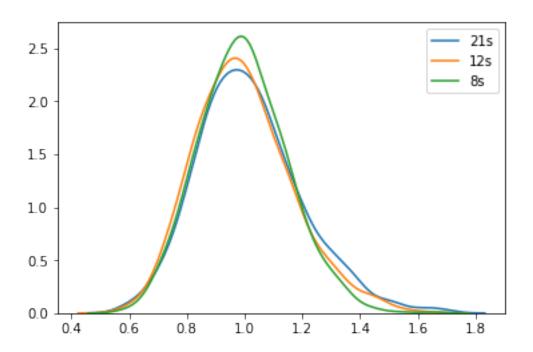


```
[34]: res21s = res21 / 21
res12s = res12 / 12
res8s = res8 /8
```

```
[35]: sns.kdeplot(np.array(res21s), label="21s") sns.kdeplot(np.array(res12s), label="12s") sns.kdeplot(np.array(res8s), label="8s")
```

/Users/niels/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/scipy/stats/stats.py:1713: FutureWarning: Using a non-tuple sequence for multidimensional indexing is deprecated; use `arr[tuple(seq)]` instead of `arr[seq]`. In the future this will be interpreted as an array index, `arr[np.array(seq)]`, which will result either in an error or a different result.

[35]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fd6dbfeb630>



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