

## SIM7500\_SIM7600 Series\_ AT Command Manual

**LTE Module** 

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## **Version History**

Version	Date	Chapter	What is new
V2.00	2020.8.6		New version
V3.00	2020.9.2	10.2.3 AT+CCHOPEN 11.2.3 AT+CIPOPEN 13.2.3 AT+HTTPPARA 27.3.20 AT+CWSTAINIT	Modify these commands
V3.00	2020.9.2	13.3.3 Summary of Unsolicited Result Codes	Add this command
V3.00	2020.11.13	2.2.2 ATD 2.2.15 AT&C 2.2.18 AT&D 4.2.9 AT+CPOL 5.2.11 AT+CCFC 7.2.2 AT+STGI 7.2.3 AT+STGR 8.2.3 AT+CGACT 8.2.4 AT+CGDCONT 8.2.11 AT+CGDATA 8.2.15 AT+CGAUTH 9.2.2 AT+CPMS 9.2.7 AT+CSDH 12.2.10 AT+CFTPSTYPE 12.2.14 AT+CFTPSGET 12.3.2 Summary of Unsolicited Result Codes 15.2.1 AT+CNTP 16.2.3 AT+CNTP 16.2.3 AT+CFDISK 22.2.3 AT+CTTSPARAM 24.2.1 AT+UIMHOTSWAPON 24.2.2 AT+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL 26.2.7 AT+CECALLTOUT 27.3.4 AT+CWAUTH 27.3.9 AT+CWCLICNT 27.3.12 AT+CWLANSRV 27.3.21 AT+CWUSRINFO	Modify these commands
V3.00	2020.11.13	18.2.3 AT+CASSISTLOC 19.2.14 AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH	Add these commands
V3.00	2020.11.13	2.2.15 AT&C 2.2.17 AT&V	Modify these commands

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		4.2.5 AT+CCUG 4.2.8 AT+CSSN 4.2.9 AT+CPOL 8.2.14 AT+CGEREP 21.2.1 AT+CREC	
V3.00	2020.12.21	5.2.19 ~ 5.2.46 19.2.15 ~ 19.2.23	Add these commands
V3.00	2021.4.21	4.2.7 AT+CAOC 4.2.17 AT+CTZU 6.2.2 AT+CPBR 6.2.3 AT+CPBF 7.2.4 AT+STK 8.2.4 AT+CGDCONT 9.2.1 AT+CSMS 10.2.3 AT+CCHOPEN 10.2.5 AT+CCHSEND 10.2.9 AT+CCHSSLCFG 10.2.10 AT+CCHMODE 10.2.11 AT+CCHSET 10.2.12 AT+CSSLCFG 13.2.4 AT+HTTPACTION 13.2.8 AT+HTTPPOSTFILE 13.2.9 AT+HTTPREADFILE 13.3.2 Summary of HTTP(S) error Code 16.2.11 AT+CMQTTPAYLOAD 16.2.17 AT+CMQTTCFG 17.2.1 AT+CGPS 17.2.3 AT+CGPSCOLD 17.2.4 AT+CGPSHOT 24.2.2 AT+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL	Modify these commands
V3.00	2021.4.28	5.2.47 AT+CSDVC	Add this command
V3.00	2021.5.18	2.2.1 A/2.2.2 ATD 2.2.3 ATD> <mem><n> 2.2.4 ATD&gt;<n> 2.2.5 ATD&gt;<str> 2.2.6 ATA 2.2.7 ATH 3.2.14 AT+CACM 4.2.2 AT+COPS 4.2.3 AT+CLCK 4.2.9 AT+CPOL 4.2.10 AT+CPON 5.2.46 AT+CPBS</str></n></n></mem>	Modify these commands

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6.2.3 AT+CPBF
6.2.4 AT+CPBW
6.2.5 AT+CNUM
7.2.2 AT+STGI
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THIS DOCUMENT IS A REFERENCE GUIDE TO ALL THE AT COMMANDS.



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## 1. Introduction

## 1.1 Scope of the document

This document presents the AT Command Set for SIMCom SIM7500 and SIM7600 series.

#### 1.2 Related documents

You can visit the SIMCom Website using the following link: http://www.simcom.com

## 1.3 Conventions and abbreviations

In this document, the GSM engines are referred to as following term:

ME (Mobile Equipment);

MS (Mobile Station);

TA (Terminal Adapter);

DCE (Data Communication Equipment) or facsimile DCE (FAX modem, FAX board);

In application, controlling device controls the GSM engine by sending AT Command via its serial interface.

The controlling device at the other end of the serial line is referred to as following term:

TE (Terminal Equipment);

DTE (Data Terminal Equipment) or plainly "the application" which is running on an embedded system;

## 1.4 AT Command syntax

The "AT" or "at" or "At" or "At" prefix must be set at the beginning of each Command line. To terminate a Command line enter **<CR>**.

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Commands are usually followed by a response that includes. "<CR><LF><response><CR><LF>"
Throughout this document, only the responses are presented,<CR><LF> are omitted intentionally.

The AT Command set implemented by SIM7500&SIM7600 Series is a combination of 3GPP TS 27.005, 3GPP TS 27.007 and ITU-T recommendation V.25ter and the AT commands developed by SIMCom.

#### NOTE

Only enter AT Command through serial port after SIM7500&SIM7600 Series is powered on and Unsolicited Result Code "RDY" is received from serial port. If auto-bauding is enabled, the Unsolicited Result Codes "RDY" and so on are not indicated when you start up the ME, and the "AT" prefix, or "at" prefix must be set at the beginning of each command line.

All these AT commands can be split into three categories syntactically: "basic", "S parameter", and "extended". These are as follows:

#### 1.4.1 Basic syntax

These AT commands have the format of "AT<x><n>", or "AT&<x><n>", where "<x>" is the Command, and "<n>" is/are the argument(s) for that Command. An example of this is "ATE<n>", which tells the DCE whether received characters should be echoed back to the DTE according to the value of "<n>". "<n>" is optional and a default will be used if missing.

## 1.4.2 S Parameter syntax

These AT commands have the format of "ATS<n>=<m>", where "<n>" is the index of the **S** register to set, and "<m>" is the value to assign to it. "<m>" is optional; if it is missing, then a default value is assigned.

#### 1.4.3 Extended Syntax

These commands can operate in several modes, as in the following table:

Table 1: Types of AT commands and responses	
	The mobile equipment returns the list of parameters and value
Test Command	ranges set with the corresponding Write Command or by internal
	processes.

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AT+ <x>=?</x>	
Read Command	This command returns the currently set value of the parameter or parameters.
AT+ <x>?</x>	
Write Command	This command sets the user-definable parameter values.
AT+ <x>=&lt;&gt;</x>	
Execution Command	The execution command reads non-variable parameters affected by internal processes in the GSM engine.
AT+ <x></x>	

## 1.4.4 Combining AT commands on the same Command line

You can enter several AT commands on the same line. In this case, you do not need to type the "AT" or "at" prefix before every command. Instead, you only need type "AT" or "at" the beginning of the command line. Please note to use a semicolon as the command delimiter after an extended command; in basic syntax or S parameter syntax, the semicolon need not enter, for example:

ATE1Q0S0=1S3=13V1X4;+IFC=0,0;+IPR=115200.

The Command line buffer can accept a maximum of 559 characters (counted from the first command without "AT" or "at" prefix) or 39 AT commands. If the characters entered exceeded this number then none of the Command will executed and TA will return "ERROR".

## 1.4.5 Entering successive AT commands on separate lines

When you need to enter a series of AT commands on separate lines, please Note that you need to wait the final response (for example OK, CME error, CMS error) of last AT Command you entered before you enter the next AT Command.

## 1.5 Supported character sets

The SIM7500&SIM7600 Series AT Command interface defaults to the **IRA** character set. The SIM7500&SIM7600 Series supports the following character sets:

**GSM** format

UCS2

IRA

The character set can be set and interrogated using the "AT+CSCS" Command (3GPP TS 27.007). The character set is defined in GSM specification 3GPP TS 27.005.

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The character set affects transmission and reception of SMS and SMS Cell Broadcast messages, the entry and display of phone book entries text field and SIM Application Toolkit alpha strings.

#### 1.6 Flow control

Flow control is very important for correct communication between the GSM engine and DTE. For in the case such as a data or fax call, the sending device is transferring data faster than the receiving side is ready to accept. When the receiving buffer reaches its capacity, the receiving device should be capable to cause the sending device to pause until it catches up.

There are basically two approaches to achieve data flow control: software flow control and hardware flow control. SIM7500&SIM7600 Series support both two kinds of flow control.

In Multiplex mode, it is recommended to use the hardware flow control.

## 1.6.1 Software flow control (XON/XOFF flow control)

Software flow control sends different characters to stop (XOFF, decimal 19) and resume (XON, decimal 17) data flow. It is quite useful in some applications that only use three wires on the serial interface.

The default flow control approach of SIM7500&SIM7600 Series is hardware flow control (RTS/CTS flow control), to enable software flow control in the DTE interface and within GSM engine, type the following AT Command:

#### AT+IFC=1,1

Ensure that any communications software package (e.g. Hyper terminal) uses software flow control.

#### **NOTE**

Software Flow control should not be used for data calls where binary data will be transmitted or received (e.g. TCP/IP) as the DTE interface may interpret binary data as flow control characters.

#### 1.6.2 Hardware flow control (RTS/CTS flow control)

Hardware flow control achieves the data flow control by controlling the RTS/CTS line. When the data transfer should be suspended, the CTS line is set inactive until the transfer from the receiving buffer has completed. When the receiving buffer is ok to receive more data, CTS goes active once again.

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To achieve hardware flow control, ensure that the RTS/CTS lines are present on your application platform.

## 1.7 Definitions

## 1.7.1 Parameter Saving Mode

For the purposes of the present document, the following syntactical definitions apply:

- NO\_SAVE: The parameter of the current AT command will be lost if module is rebooted or current AT command doesn't have parameter.
- AUTO\_SAVE: The parameter of the current AT command will be kept in NVRAM automatically and take in effect immediately, and it won't be lost if module is rebooted.
- AUTO\_SAVE\_REBOOT: The parameter of the current AT command will be kept in NVRAM automatically and take in effect after reboot, and it won't be lost if module is rebooted.

## 1.7.2 Max Response Time

Max response time is estimated maximum time to get response, the unit is seconds.

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# 2. AT Commands According to V.25TER

## 2.1 Overview of AT Commands According to V.25TER

Command	Description
A/	Re-issues the Last Command Given
ATD	Mobile Originated Call to Dial A Number
ATD> <mem><n></n></mem>	Originate call from specified memory
ATD> <n></n>	Originate call from active memory(1)
ATD> <str></str>	Originate call from active memory(2)
ATA	Call answer
ATH	Disconnect existing call
ATS0	Automatic answer incoming call
+++	Switch from data mode to command mode
ATO	Switch from command mode to data mode
ATI	Display product identification information
AT+IPR	Set local baud rate temporarily
AT+ICF	Set control character framing
AT+IFC	Set local data flow control
AT&C	Set DCD function mode
ATE	Enable command echo
AT&V	Display current configuration
AT&D	Set DTR function mode
A&S	Set DSR function mode
ATV	Set result code format mode
AT&F	Set all current parameters to manufacturer defaults
ATQ	Set Result Code Presentation Mode
ATX	Set CONNECT Result Code Format
AT\V	Set CONNECT Result Code Format About Protocol
AT&E	Set CONNECT Result Code Format About Speed
AT&W	Save the user setting to ME
ATZ	Restore the user setting from ME
AT+CGMI	Request manufacturer identification
AT+CGMM	Request model identification

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AT+CGMR	Request revision identification
AT+CGSN	Request product serial number identification
AT+CSCS	Select TE character set
AT+CIMI	Request international mobile subscriber identity
AT+CIMIM	Request another international mobile subscriber identity
AT+GCAP	Request overall capabilities

## 2.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands According to V.25TER

## 2.2.1 A/ Re-issues the Last Command Given

A/ Re-issues the Last Command Given		
Execution Command	Response	
A/	Re-issues the previous Command	
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE	
Maximum Response Time	120000ms	
Reference		

## Example

A/
+GCAP:+CGSM,+FCLASS,+DS
OK

## 2.2.2 ATD Mobile Originated Call to Dial A Number

This command can be used to set up outgoing data calls. It also serves to control supplementary services.

ATD Mobile Originated Call to Dial A Number		
Execution Command	Response	
ATD <n>[<mgsm][;]< td=""><td>a) If originate a voice call successfaully:</td></mgsm][;]<></n>	a) If originate a voice call successfaully:	
	OK	
	VOICE CALL: BEGIN	
	b) If Originate a data call successfully:	
	CONNECT [ <text>]</text>	

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	c) Originate a call unsuccessfully during command execution:  ERROR
	d)Originate a call unsuccessfully for failed connection recovery:  NO CARRIER  e)Originate a call unsuccessfully for error related to the MT:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	Timeout set with ATS7 (data call)
Reference	

## **Defined Values**

<n></n>	String of dialing digits and optionally V.25ter modifiers dialing digits: 0-9,*, #,+,A,B,C Following V.25ter modifiers are ignored: ,(comma),T,P,!,W,@
Emergency call:	
<n></n>	Standardized emergency number 112 (no SIM needed)
<mgsm></mgsm>	String of GSM modifiers:  I - Actives CLIR (Disables presentation of own number to called party)  i - Deactivates CLIR (Enable presentation of own number to called party)  G - Activates Closed User Group invocation for this call only  g - Deactivates Closed User Group invocation for this call only
<;>	The termination character ";" is mandatory to set up voice calls. It must not be used for data and fax calls.
<text></text>	CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.
<err></err>	Service failure result code string; the string formats please refer +CME ERROR result code and AT+CMEE command.

## **Example**

## ATD10086;

OK

**VOICE CALL: BEGIN** 

## NOTE

• This command may be aborted generally by receiving an ATH Command or a character during

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execution. The aborting is not possible during some states of connection establishment such as handshaking.

## 2.2.3 ATD><mem><n> Originate call from specified memory

This command is used to originate a call using specified memory and index number.

ATD> <mem><n> Originate</n></mem>	call from specified memory
Execution Command	Response
ATD> <mem><n>[;]</n></mem>	a) If originate a voice call successfaully:
	OK
	VOICE CALL: BEGIN
	b) If Originate a data call successfully:
	CONNECT [ <text>]</text>
	c) Originate a call unsuccessfully during command execution: <b>ERROR</b>
	d) Originate a call unsuccessfully for failed connection recovery:  NO CARRIER
	e) Originate a call unsuccessfully for error related to the MT:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Maximum Response Time	Timeout set with ATS7 (data call)
Reference	
V.25ter	

## **Defined Values**

<mem></mem>	Phonebook	storage: (For detailed description of storages see
	AT+CPBS)	
	"DC" –	ME dialed calls list
	"MC" –	ME missed (unanswered received) calls list
	"RC" -	ME received calls list
	"SM" -	SIM phonebook
	"ME" –	UE phonebook
	"FD" –	SIM fixed dialing phonebook
	"ON" –	MSISDN list
	"LD" –	Last number dialed phonebook
	"EN" –	Emergency numbers

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<n></n>	Integer type memory location in the range of locations available in the selected memory, i.e. the index returned by AT+CPBR.
<;>	The termination character ";" is mandatory to set up voice calls. It must not be used for data and fax calls.
<text></text>	CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.
<err></err>	Service failure result code string; the string formats please refer +CME ERROR result code and AT+CMEE command.

## Example

ATD>SM3;	//Specify the <mem>.</mem>	
ОК		
VOICE CALL: BEGIN		

## NOTE

• This command is not supported if the SIM Card supports CDMA/1XDO/1XLTE mode.

## 2.2.4 ATD><n> Originate call from active memory(1)

This command is used to originate a call to specified number. Telecom does not support this command.

ATD> <n> Originate call from</n>	n active memory
Execution Command	Response
ATD> <n>[;]</n>	a) If originate a voice call successfaully:
	OK
	VOICE CALL: BEGIN
	b) If Originate a data call successfully:
	CONNECT [ <text>]</text>
	COMMEDITATION
	c) Originate a call unsuccessfully during command execution:
	ERROR
	d) Originate a call unsuccessfully for failed connection recovery:
	NO CARRIER
	a) Originate a call unaugeneerfully for error related to the MT.
	e) Originate a call unsuccessfully for error related to the MT: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
	TOWE ERROR. Sell?

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Maximum Response Time	Timeout set with ATS7 (data call)
Reference	
V.25ter	

## **Defined Values**

<n></n>	Integer type memory location in the range of locations available in the selected memory, i.e. the index returned by AT+CPBR.
<;>	The termination character ";" is mandatory to set up voice calls. It must not be used for data and fax calls.
<text></text>	CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.
<err></err>	Service failure result code string; the string formats please refer +CME ERROR result code and AT+CMEE command.

## Example

## ATD>2;

OK

**VOICE CALL: BEGIN** 

#### **NOTE**

This command is not supported if the SIM Card supports CDMA/1XDO/1XLTE mode.

## 2.2.5 ATD><str> Originate call from active memory(2)

This command is used to originate a call to specified number. Telecom does not support this command.

ATD> <n> Originate call from active memory</n>	
Execution Command	Response
ATD> <str>[;]</str>	a) If originate a voice call successfaully:
	OK
	VOICE CALL: BEGIN
	b) If Originate a data call successfully:  CONNECT [ <text>]</text>
	c) Originate a call unsuccessfully during command execution: <b>ERROR</b>

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	d) Originate a call unsuccessfully for failed connection recovery:  NO CARRIER
	<ul><li>e) Originate a call unsuccessfully for error related to the MT:</li><li>+CME ERROR: <err></err></li></ul>
Maximum Response Time	Timeout set with ATS7 (data call)
Reference V.25ter	

## **Defined Values**

<str></str>	String type value, which should equal to an alphanumeric field in at least one phone book entry in the searched memories. <str> formatted as current TE character set specified by AT+CSCS.<str> must be double quoted.</str></str>
<;>	The termination character ";" is mandatory to set up voice calls. It must not be used for data and fax calls.
<text></text>	CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.
<err></err>	Service failure result code string; the string formats please refer +CME ERROR result code and AT+CMEE command.

## Example

ATD>"kobe";

OK

**VOICE CALL: BEGIN** 

## **NOTE**

This command is not supported if the SIM Card supports CDMA/1XDO/1XLTE mode.

#### 2.2.6 ATA Call answer

This command is used to make remote station to go off-hook, e.g. answer an incoming call. If there is no an incoming call and entering this command to TA, it will be return "**NO CARRIER**" to TA.

ATA Call answer	
Execution Command	Response

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ATA	a) If originate a voice call successfaully:  OK  VOICE CALL: BEGIN  b) For data call, and TA switches to data mode:  CONNECT  c) No connection or no incoming call.
	c) No connection or no incoming call:  NO CARRIER
Reference V.25ter	

## **Example**

-			
_/\	١.	1	м
_	١.	,	-

**VOICE CALL: BEGIN** 

OK

## 2.2.7 ATH Disconnect existing call

This command is used to disconnect existing call. Before using **ATH** command to hang up a voice call, it must set **AT+CVHU=0**. Otherwise, ATH command will be ignored and "*OK*" response is given only. This command is also used to disconnect PS data call, and in this case it doesn't depend on the value of **AT+CVHU**.

ATH Disconnect existing of	call
Execution Command	Response
ATH	a) If AT+CVHU=0:
	VOICE CALL: END: <time></time>
	OK
	or
	OK
Reference	
V.25ter	

## **Defined Values**

<time></time>	Voice call co	onnection time:
	Format –	HHMMSS (HH: hour, MM: minute, SS: second)

## **Example**

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AT+CVHU=0

OK ATH

VOICE CALL: END: 000017

OK

## 2.2.8 ATS0 Automatic answer incoming call

The S-parameter command controls the automatic answering feature of the Module. If set to 000, automatic answering is disabled, otherwise it causes the Module to answer when the incoming call indication (RING) has occurred the number of times indicated by the specified value; and the setting will not be stored upon power-off, i.e. the default value will be restored after restart.

ATS0 Automatic answer inc	oming call
Read Command ATS0?	Response a) If success: <n> OK  b) If failed: ERROR</n>
Write command ATS0= <n></n>	Response a) If success: OK b) If failed: ERROR
Reference V.25ter	

## **Defined Values**

<n></n>	<u>000</u> –	Automatic answering mode is disable. (default value
		when power-on)
	001–255–	Enable automatic answering on the ring number
		specified.

#### **NOTE**

1. The S-parameter command is effective on voice call and data call.

2.If <n> is set too high, the remote party may hang up before the call can be answered automatically.

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#### **Example**

ATS0?
000
OK
ATS0=003
OK

#### 2.2.9 +++ Switch from data mode to command mode

This command is only available during a connecting PS data call. The +++ character sequence causes the TA to cancel the data flow over the AT interface and switch to Command Mode. This allows to enter AT commands while maintaining the data connection to the remote device.

+++ Switch from data mode to command mode		
Execution Command	Response <b>OK</b>	11/2/
Reference V.25ter		

#### NOTE

To prevent the +++ escape sequence from being misinterpreted as data, it must be preceded and followed by a pause of at least 1000 milliseconds, and the interval between two '+' character can't exceed 900 milliseconds.

#### 2.2.10 ATO Switch from command mode to data mode

**ATO** is the corresponding command to the **+++** escape sequence. When there is a PS data call connected and the TA is in Command Mode, **ATO** causes the TA to resume the data and takes back to Data Mode.

ATO Switch from command mode to data mode		
Execution Command ATO	Response a) TA/DCE switches to Data Mode from Command Mode:  CONNECT [ <bady> connect [<bay> CONN</bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bay></bady>	
	b) If connection is not successfully resumed:	

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	NO CARRIER
	ERROR
Reference	
V.25ter	

#### **Defined Values**

<baud rate=""></baud>	The baud rate per second of module's serial interface
	0, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200,
	230400, 460800,921600, 3000000,3200000,3686400

## **Example**

## ATO

**CONNECT 115200** 

## 2.2.11 ATI Display product identification information

This command is used to request the product information, which consists of manufacturer identification, model identification, revision identification, International Mobile station Equipment Identity (IMEI) and overall capabilities of the product.

ATI Display product ident	Display product identification information		
Execution Command	Response		
ATI	Manufacturer: <manufacturer></manufacturer>		
	Model: <model></model>		
	Revision: <revision></revision>		
	IMEI: [ <sn>]</sn>		
	+GCAP: list of <name>s</name>		
	ОК		
Reference			
V.25ter			

## **Defined Values**

<manufacturer></manufacturer>	The identification of manufacturer.	
<model></model>	The identification of model.	
<revision></revision>	The revision identification of firmware.	
<sn></sn>	Serial number identification, which consists of a single line containing IMEI (International Mobile station Equipment Identity) number.	

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<name></name>	List of addition	onal	capabilities:
	+CGSM	_	GSM function is supported
	+FCLASS	_	FAX function is supported
	+DS	_	Data compression is supported
	+ES	_	Synchronous data mode is supported.
	+CIS707-A	_	CDMA data service command set
	+CIS-856	_	EVDO data service command set
	+MS	_	Mobile Specific command set

## **Example**

ATI

Manufacturer: SIMCOM

**INCORPORATED** 

Model: SIMCOM\_SIM7600C Revision: SIM7600C \_V1.0 IMEI: 351602000330570

+GCAP: +CGSM,+FCLASS,+DS

OK

## 2.2.12 AT+IPR Set local baud rate temporarily

This command sets the baud rate of module's serial interface temporarily, after reboot the baud rate is set to value of IPREX.

AT+IPR Set local baud rate temporarily				
Test Command AT+IPR=?	Response +IPR: (list of supported <speed>s)</speed>			
	OK			
Read Command	Response			
AT+IPR?	+IPR: <speed></speed>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+IPR= <speed></speed>	OK			
	or			
	ERROR			
Execution Command	Set the value to boot value:			
AT+IPR= <speed></speed>	OK			

## **Defined Values**

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<speed></speed>	Baud rate per second:
	0, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, <u>115200</u> ,
	230400, 460800,921600, 3000000,3200000,3686400

## 2.2.13 AT+ICF Set control character framing

This command sets character framing which contains data bit, stop bit and parity bit.

AT+IPR Set control character framing				
Test Command AT+ICF=?	Response +ICF: (list of supported <format>s),(list of supported<parity>s)</parity></format>			
	OK			
Read Command	Response			
AT+ICF?	+ICF: <format>,<parity></parity></format>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+ICF= <format>[,<parity>]</parity></format>	OK			
	or			
	ERROR			
Execution Command	Set default value:			
AT+ICF	OK			
Reference				
V.25ter				

## **Defined Values**

<format></format>	1 – data bit 8, stop bit 2
	2 – data bit 8, parity bit 1,stop bit 1
	3 – data bit 8, stop bit 1
	4 – data bit 7, stop bit 2
	5 – data bit 7, parity bit 1,stop bit 1
	6 – data bit 7, stop bit 1
<parity></parity>	0 – Odd
	1 – Even
	2 – Space
	3 – none

## **Example**

AT+ICF?			
+ICF: 3,3			
OK			

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AT+ICF=?

+ICF: (1-6),(0-3)

OK

**AT+ICF=3,3** 

OK

## 2.2.14 AT+IFC Set local data flow control

The command sets the flow control mode of the module.

AT+IFC Set local data flow control					
Test Command AT+IFC=?	Response +IFC: (list of supported <dce>s),(list of supported<dte>s) OK or ERROR</dte></dce>				
Read Command AT+IFC?	Response +IFC: <dce>,<dte> OK or ERROR</dte></dce>				
Write Command AT+IFC= <dce>[,<dte>]</dte></dce>	Response OK or ERROR				
Execution Command  AT+IFC	Set default value:  OK				
Reference V.25ter					

#### **Defined Values**

<dce></dce>	0	_	none (default)
	2	_	RTS hardware flow control
<dte></dte>	0	_	none (default)
	2	_	CTS hardware flow control

# Example

AT+IFC?		
+ICF: 0,0		
OK		

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AT+IFC=?

+ICF: (0,2),(0,2)

OK

AT+ICF=2,2

OK

#### 2.2.15 AT&C Set DCD function mode

This command determines how the state of DCD PIN relates to the detection of received line signal from the distant end.

AT&C Set DCD function	mode	
Execution Command  AT&C[ <value>]</value>	Response  OK  or	
	ERROR	
Reference V.25ter		

# **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0 - DCD line shall always be on.
	1 - DCD line shall be on only when data carrier signal is pr
	esent.
	2 - Setting winks(briefly transitions off,then back on)the DCD line
	when data calls end.

## **Example**

AT&C1 OK

#### 2.2.16 ATE Enable command echo

This command sets whether or not the TA echoes characters.

ATE Enable command echo		
Execution Command	Response	
ATE[ <value>]</value>	OK	

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	or
	ERROR
Reference	
V.25ter	

<value></value>	0	_	Echo mode off
	<u>1</u>	_	Echo mode on

#### **Example**

ATE1	
OK	

# 2.2.17 AT&V Display current configuration

This command returns some of the base configuration parameters settings.

AT&V Display current configuration					
Execution Command	Response				
AT&V	Response <text></text>				
	ОК				
	or				
	ERROR				
Reference					
V.25ter					

#### **Defined Values**

<text></text>	All relative configuration information.

# **Example**

```
AT&V
&C: 2; &D: 2; &F: 0; E: 1; L: 0; M: 0; Q:
0; V: 1; X: 0; Z: 0; S0: 0;
S3: 13; S4: 10; S5: 8; S6: 2; S7: 50;
S8: 2; S9: 6; S10: 14; S11: 95;
+FCLASS: 0; +ICF: 3,3; +IFC: 2,2;
+IPR: 115200; +DR: 0; +DS:
0,0,2048,6;
```

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+WS46: 12; +CBST: 0,0,1; ...... OK

#### 2.2.18 AT&D Set DTR function mode

This command determines how the TA responds when DTR PIN is changed from the ON to the OFF condition during data mode.

AT&D Set DTR function mode					
Execution Command	Response				
AT&D[ <value>]</value>	ОК				
	or				
	ERROR				
Reference					
V.25ter					

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0 - TA ignores status on DTR.
	1 - ON->OFF on DTR: Change to Command mode with rem
	aining the connected call
	2 - ON->OFF on DTR: Disconnect call, change to Command
	mode. During state DTR = OFF is auto-answer off.

# Example

AT&D1				
OK				

#### 2.2.19 AT&S Set DSR function mode

The command determines how the state of DSR pin works.

AT&D Set DSR function mode					
Write Command	Response				
AT&S[ <value>]</value>	OK				
	or				
	ERROR				

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Reference		
V.25ter		

<value></value>	0 - DSR line shall always be on.												
	1	_	DSR	line	shall	be	on	only	when	DTE	and	DCE	are
	con	nect	ed.										

# Example

AT&S0	
OK	

#### 2.2.20 ATV Set result code format mode

This parameter setting determines the contents of the header and trailer transmitted with result codes and information responses.

ATV Set result code fo	rmat mode
Write Command ATV[ <value>]</value>	Response  If <value>=0  If <value>=1  OK</value></value>
Reference V.25ter	

# **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0 – Information response: <text><cr><lf></lf></cr></text>
	Short result code format: <numeric code=""><cr></cr></numeric>
	1 – Information response: <cr><lf><text><cr><lf></lf></cr></text></lf></cr>
	Long result code format: <cr><lf><verbose code=""><cr><lf></lf></cr></verbose></lf></cr>

# **Example**

ATV1		
AIVI		
OK		
UK		

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# 2.2.21 AT&F Set all current parameters to manufacturer defaults

This command is used to set all current parameters to the manufacturer defined profile.

AT&F Set all current parameters to manufacturer defaults						
Execution Command	Response					
AT&F[ <value>]</value>	OK					
	or					
	ERROR					
Reference	Soo Table 1: Factory Default Settings Dectarable with ATSE					
V.25ter	See Table 1: Factory Default Settings Restorable with <b>AT&amp;F</b> .					

## **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0 –	Set some temporary TA parameters to manufacturer defaults.
	The set	etting after power on or reset is same as value 0.

# **Example**

AT&F OK

Table 1: Factory Default Settings Restorable with AT&F

AT Command	Parameters	Factory defaults	
ATE	<value></value>	1	
ATQ	<n></n>	0	
ATS0	<n></n>	0	
ATS3	<n></n>	13	
ATS4	<n></n>	8	
ATS6	<n></n>	2	
ATS7	<n></n>	0	
ATS8	<n></n>	2	
ATS10	<n></n>	15	
ATV	<value></value>	1	
ATX	<value></value>	4	
AT&C	<value></value>	1	
AT&D	<value></value>	1	
AT+ICF	<format>,<parity></parity></format>	3,3	
AT+CGREG	<n></n>	0	
AT+CBST	<speed>,<name>,<ce></ce></name></speed>	0,0,1	
AT+CMEE	<n></n>	1	

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AT+CSCS	<chset></chset>	"IRA"			
AT+CSTA	<type></type>	129			
AT+CR	<mode></mode>	0			
AT+CRC	<mode></mode>	0			
AT+CSMS	<service></service>	0			
AT+CMGF	<mode></mode>				
AT+CSMP	<fo>,<vp>,<pid>,<dcs> ,,0,0</dcs></pid></vp></fo>				
AT+CSDH	<mode></mode>	0			
AT+CPMS	<pre> <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>,<me m2="">,<used2>,<total2>,<mem3>, <used3>,<total3>  "SM",0,50, "SM",0,50, "S  NOTE: <usedx> and <totalx card<="" depend="" on="" pre="" sim="" the="" value=""></totalx></usedx></total3></used3></mem3></total2></used2></me></total1></used1></mem1></pre>				
AT+CNMI	<mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr></bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>	2,1,0,0,0			
AT+CMMS	<n> 0</n>				
AT+CVHU	<mode></mode>	1			
AT+CLIP	<n></n>	0			
AT+COLP	<n></n>	0			
AT+CLIR	<n></n>	0			
AT+CSSN	<n></n>	0			
AT+CTZR	<reporting></reporting>	0			
AT+CPBS	<storage> SM</storage>				
AT+CGEREP	<mode>,<brf></brf></mode>	0,0			
AT+CEREG	<n></n>	0			
AT+CCWA	<n></n>	0			
AT+CUSD	<mode></mode>	0			
AT+CTZU	<on_off></on_off>	0			
AT+CNMP	<mode></mode>	2			
AT+CNAOP	<mode>[,<sys_mode1>,[<sys_m ode2&gt;[,<sys_mode3>[,<sys_mo de4&gt;[,<sys_mode5>[,<sys_mod e6&gt;]]]]]]</sys_mod </sys_mode5></sys_mo </sys_mode3></sys_m </sys_mode1></mode>	7,9,5,3  NOTE: The default value of no CDMA/EVDO version is 7,9,5,3,11,2,4			

#### 2.2.22 ATQ Set Result Code Presentation Mode

Specify whether the TA transmits any result code to the TE or not. Text information transmitted in response is not affected by this setting.

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ATQ Set Result Code Presentation Mode			
Write Command	Response		
ATQ <n></n>	If <n>=0:</n>		
	OK		
	If <n>=1:</n>		
	No Responses		
ATQ	Set default value: 0		
	OK		
	No Responses		
Reference			
V.25ter			

<n></n>	0	_	DCE transmits result code
	1	_	DCE not transmits result code

#### Example

ATQ0	
OK	

#### 2.2.23 ATX Set CONNECT Result Code Format

This parameter setting determines whether the TA transmits unsolicited result codes or not. The unsolicited result codes are

<CONNECT><SPEED><COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL>[<TEXT>]

ATX Set CONNECT Result Code Format				
Write Command	Response			
ATX <n></n>	OK			
	or			
	ERROR			
Execution Command	Set default value: 1			
ATX	OK			
	or			
	ERROR			
Reference				
V.25ter				

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<n></n>	0	_	CONNECT result code returned
	1,2,3,4	_	May be transmits extern result codes according to AT&E
	and AT	V se	ttings. Refer to AT&E.

## **Example**

OK	

## 2.2.24 AT\V Set CONNECT Result Code Format About Protocol

This parameter setting determines whether report the communication protocol. If PS call, it also determines wether report APN, uplink rate, downlink rate.

AT\V Set CONNECT Res	sult Code Format About Protocol
Write Command	Response
AT\V <value></value>	ОК
	or
	ERROR
Execution Command	Set default value: 0
AT\V	OK
	or
	ERROR
Reference	
V.25ter	

## **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0 – Don't report
	1 - Report communication protocol. And report APN, uplink rate,
	downlink rate if PS call. Refer to AT&E. The maybe communication
	protocol report include "NONE", "PPPoverUD", "AV32K", "AV64K",
	"PACKET". And APN in string format while uplink rate and downlink
	rate in integer format with kb unit.

# **Example**

AT\V0			
OK			

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## 2.2.25 AT&E Set CONNECT Result Code Format About Speed

This parameter setting determines to report Serial connection rate or Wireless connection speed. It is valid only ATX above 0.

AT&E Set CONNECT Resu	It Code Format About Speed
Write Command	Response
AT&E <value></value>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Execution Command	Set default value: 1
AT&E	OK
	or
	ERROR
Reference	
V.25ter	

## **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0 – Wireless connection speed in integer format.
	1 – Serial connection rate in integer format. Such as: "115200"

#### **Example**

AT&E0	
OK	

## 2.2.26 AT&W Save the user setting to ME

This command will save the user settings to ME which set by ATE, ATQ, ATV, ATX, AT&C AT&D, AT&S, AT\V, AT+IFC, AT+ICF, ATS0, ATS7 and ATS10.

AT&W Save the user setting to ME		
Write Command	Response	
AT&W <value></value>	ОК	
	or	
	ERROR	
Execution Command	Set default value: 0	
AT&W	ОК	
	or	
	ERROR	

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Reference		
V.25ter		

<value></value>	0 –	Save

## **Example**

ATO MO		
AT&W0		
OK		
OK		

# 2.2.27 ATZ Restore the user setting from ME

This command will restore the user setting from ME which set by ATE, ATQ, ATV, ATX, AT&C AT&D, AT&S, AT\Q, AT\V, AT+IFC, AT+ICF, ATS0, ATS7 and ATS10.

ATZ Restore the user setting from ME		
Write Command	Response	
ATZ <value></value>	ОК	
	or	
	ERROR	
Execution Command	Set default value: 0	
ATZ	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
Reference		
V.25ter		

## **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0 -	Restore

## **Example**

ATZ0		
OK		

## 2.2.28 AT+CGMI Request manufacturer identification

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This command is used to request the manufacturer identification text, which is intended to permit the user of the Module to identify the manufacturer.

AT+CGMI Request manufa	cturer identification
Test Command AT+CGMI=?	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command  AT+CGMI	Response <manufacturer> OK or ERROR</manufacturer>
Reference V.25ter	

#### **Defined Values**

<manufacturer></manufacturer>	The identification of manufacturer.

## **Example**

AT+CGMI SIMCOM INCORPORATED	
ок	

#### 2.2.29 AT+CGMM Request model identification

This command is used to requests model identification text, which is intended to permit the user of the Module to identify the specific model.

AT+CGMM Request model identification		
Test Command AT+CGMM=?	Response <b>OK</b>	
Execution Command AT+CGMM	Response <model> OK or ERROR</model>	
Reference V.25ter		

## **Defined Values**

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<model></model>	The identification of model.

AT+CGMM SIMCOM_SIM7600C	
OK	

## 2.2.30 AT+CGMR Request revision identification

This command is used to request product firmware revision identification text, which is intended to permit the user of the Module to identify the version.

AT+CGMR Request revision identification		
Test Command AT+CGMR=?	Response <b>OK</b>	
Execution Command AT+CGMR	Response +CGMR: <revision> OK or ERROR</revision>	
Reference V.25ter		

#### **Defined Values**

<revision></revision>	The revision identification of firmware.

## Example

#### AT+CGMR

+CGMR: LE11B01SIM7600C

OK

## 2.2.31 AT+CGSN Request product serial number identification

This command requests product serial number identification text, which is intended to permit the user of the Module to identify the individual ME to which it is connected to.

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AT+CGSN Request product serial number identification		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CGSN=?	OK	
Execution Command	Response	
AT+CGSN	<sn></sn>	
	OK	
	or	
	+CME ERROR: memory failure	
Reference		
V.25ter		

<sn></sn>	Serial number identification, which consists of a single line containing
	the IMEI (International Mobile station Equipment Identity) number of
	the MT.
	If in CDMA/EVDO mode, it will show ESN(Electronic Serial Number)

## **Example**

AT+CGSN	
351602000330570	
OK	

#### 2.2.32 AT+CSCS Select TE character set

Write command informs TA which character set <chset> is used by the TE. TA is then able to convert character strings correctly between TE and MT character sets.

Read command shows current setting and test command displays conversion schemes implemented in the TA.

AT+CSCS Select TE character set		
Test Command AT+CSCS=?	Response +CSCS: (list of supported <chset>s) OK</chset>	
Read Command AT+CSCS?	Response +CSCS: <chset> OK</chset>	
Write Command AT+CSCS= <chset></chset>	Response OK ERROR	

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Execution Command	Set subparameters as default value:
AT+CSCS	OK
Reference	
V.25ter	

<chset></chset>	Character set, the definition as following:	
	<u>"IRA"</u> –	International reference alphabet.
	"GSM" -	GSM default alphabet; this setting causes easily
	soft	ware flow control (XON /XOFF) problems.
	"UCS2" -	16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set;
		UCS2 character strings are converted to hexadecimal
		numbers from 0000 to FFFF.

## **Example**

AT+CSCS="IRA"		
OK		

# 2.2.33 AT+CIMI Request international mobile subscriber identity

Execution command causes the TA to return <IMSI>, which is intended to permit the TE to identify the individual SIM card which is attached to MT.

**Note:** If USIM card contains two apps, like China Telecom 4G card, one RUIM/CSIM app, and another USIM app; so there are two IMSI in it; AT+CIMI will return the RUIM/CSIM IMSI; AT+CIMIM will return the USIM IMSI.

AT+CIMI Request international mobile subscriber identity		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CIMI=?	OK	
Execution Command	Response	
AT+CIMI	<imsi></imsi>	
	OK	
	or	
	+CME ERROR: memory failure	
Reference		
V.25ter		

#### **Defined Values**

<imsi></imsi>	International	Mobile	Subscriber	Identity	(string,	without	double

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auotes).
1/

AT+CIMI 460010222028133 OK

## 2.2.34 AT+CIMIM Request another international mobile subscriber identity

Execution command causes the TA to return **<IMSI>**, which is intended to permit the TE to identify the individual SIM card which is attached to MT.

**Note:** If USIM card contains two apps, like China Telecom 4G card, one RUIM/CSIM app, and another USIM app; so there are two IMSI in it; AT+CIMIM will return the USIM IMSI; AT+CIMI will return the RUIM/CSIM IMSI.

AT+CIMIM Request another international mobile subscriber identity					
Test Command	Response				
AT+CIMIM=?	ОК				
Execution Command	Response				
AT+CIMIM	<imsi></imsi>				
	ОК				
	or				
	+CME ERROR: memory failure				
Reference					
V.25ter					

#### **Defined Values**

<imsi></imsi>	International	Mobile	Subscriber	Identity	(string,	without	double
	quotes).						

#### **Example**

AT+CIMIM 460010222028133 OK

#### 2.2.35 AT+GCAP Request overall capabilities

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Execution command causes the TA reports a list of additional capabilities.

AT+GCAP Request overall capabilities					
Test Command	Response				
AT+GCAP=?	OK				
Execution Command	Response				
AT+GCAP	+GCAP: (list of <name>s)</name>				
	OK				
Reference					
V.25ter					

## **Defined Values**

<name></name>	List of additional capabilities.					
	+CGSM	_	GSM function is supported			
	+FCLASS	-	FAX function is supported			
	+DS	_	Data compression is supported			
	+ES	4	Synchronous data mode is supported.			
	+CIS707-A	#	CDMA data service command set			
	+CIS-856	_	EVDO data service command set			
	+MS	_	Mobile Specific command set			

# Example

## AT+GCAP

+GCAP:+CGSM,+FCLASS,+DS

OK

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# 3. AT Commands for Status Control

## 3.1 Overview of AT Commands for Status Control

Command	Description
AT+CFUN	Set phone functionality
AT+CPIN	Enter PIN
AT+CICCID	Read ICCID from SIM card
AT+CSIM	Generic SIM access
AT+CRSM	Restricted SIM access
AT+SPIC	Times remain to input SIM PIN/PUK
AT+CSPN	Get service provider name from SIM
AT+CSQ	Query signal quality
AT+AUTOCSQ	Set CSQ report
AT+CSQDELTA	Set RSSI delta change threshold
AT+CATR	Configure URC destination interface
AT+CPOF	Power down the module
AT+CRESET	Reset the module
AT+CACM	Accumulated call meter
AT+CAMM	Accumulated call meter maximum
AT+CPUC	Price per unit and currency table
AT+CCLK	Real time clock management
AT+CMEE	Report mobile equipment error
AT+CPAS	Phone activity status
AT+SIMEI	Set IMEI for the module
AT+SMEID	Request Mobile Equipment Identifier
AT+CSVM	Voice Mail Subscriber number

# 3.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for Status Control

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## 3.2.1 AT+CFUN Set phone functionality

This command is used to select the level of functionality <fun> in the ME. Level "full functionality" is where the highest level of power is drawn. "Minimum functionality" is where minimum power is drawn. Level of functionality between these may also be specified by manufacturers. When supported by manufacturers, ME resetting with <rst> parameter may be utilized.

**Note:** AT+CFUN=6 must be used after setting AT+CFUN=7. If module in offline mode, must execute AT+CFUN=6 or **restart** module to online mode.

AT+CFUN Set phone functi	onality
Test Command	Response
AT+CFUN=?	+CFUN: (list of supported <fun>s),(list of supported <rst>s)</rst></fun>
	OV.
	OK or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Read Command	Response
AT+CFUN?	+CFUN: <fun></fun>
	OK or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Response
AT+CFUN= <fun>[,<rst>]</rst></fun>	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or +CME ERROR: <err></err>
	TOWIE ERROR. Self >

## **Defined values**

<fun></fun>	0	_	minimum functionality
	1	_	full functionality, online mode
	4	_	disable phone both transmit and receive RF circuits
	5	_	Factory Test Mode
	6	_	Reset
	7	_	Offline Mode
<rst></rst>	<u>0</u>	_	do not reset the ME before setting it to <fun> power level</fun>

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1	_	reset	the	ME	before	setting	it to	<fun></fun>	power	level.	This
valı	ue or	nly take	es ef	fect v	when <f< td=""><td>un&gt; equ</td><td>als 1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></f<>	un> equ	als 1				

AT+CFUN?		
+CFUN: 1		
OK		
AT+CFUN=0		
ОК		

#### 3.2.2 AT+CPIN Enter PIN

This command is used to send the ME a password which is necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.). If the PIN is to be entered twice, the TA shall automatically repeat the PIN. If no PIN request is pending, no action is taken towards MT and an error message, **+CME ERROR**, is returned to TE.

If the PIN required is SIM PUK or SIM PUK2, the second pin is required. This second pin, <newpin>, is used to replace the old pin in the SIM.

AT+CPIN Enter PIN	
Test Command	Response
AT+CPIN=?	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: <code></code>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Response
AT+CPIN= <pin>[,<newpin>]</newpin></pin>	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

#### **Defined values**

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<pin></pin>	String type values.					
<newpin></newpin>	String type values.					
<code></code>	Values reserved by the present document:  READY - ME is not pending for any password  SIM PIN - ME is waiting SIM PIN to be given  SIM PUK - ME is waiting SIM PUK to be given  PH-SIM PIN - ME is waiting phone- to- SIM card password to be given  SIM PIN2 - ME is waiting SIM PIN2 to be given  SIM PUK2 - ME is waiting SIM PUK2 to be given  PH-NET PIN - ME is waiting network personalization password to be given					

AT+CPIN?

+CPIN: SIM PUK2

OK

# 3.2.3 AT+CICCID Read ICCID from SIM card

This command is used to Read the ICCID from SIM card

AT+CICCID Read ICCID from	າ SIM card
Test Command	Response
AT+CICCID=?	OK
Execution Command	Response
AT+CICCID	+ICCID: <iccid></iccid>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

## **Defined values**

<iccid></iccid>	Integrate	circuit	card	identity,	а	standard	ICCID	is	a 20-digit se	erial

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number of the SIM card, it presents the publish state, network code,
publish area, publish date, publish manufacture and press serial
number of the SIM card.

#### AT+CICCID

+ICCID: 898600700907A6019125

OK

#### 3.2.4 AT+CSIM Generic SIM access

This command is used to control the SIM card directly.

Compared to restricted SIM access command AT+CRSM, AT+CSIM allows the ME to take more control over the SIM interface.

For SIM-ME interface please refer 3GPP TS 11.11.

**Note:** The SIM Application Toolkit functionality is not supported by AT+CSIM. Therefore the following SIM commands can not be used: TERMINAL PROFILE, ENVELOPE, FETCH and TEMINAL RESPONSE.

AT+CSIM Generic SIM access			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CSIM=?	ОК		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CSIM= <length>,<comm< td=""><td>+CSIM: <length>,<response></response></length></td></comm<></length>	+CSIM: <length>,<response></response></length>		
and>			
	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		
	or		
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>		

#### **Defined values**

<length></length>	Integer	type;	length	of	characters				TE	in
	<comma< th=""><th>and&gt;or</th><th><respons< th=""><th>e&gt;</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></respons<></th></comma<>	and>or	<respons< th=""><th>e&gt;</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></respons<>	e>						
<command/>	Command passed from MT to SIM card.									
<response></response>	Respon	se to th	e comm	and	passed from	SIM	card to	o MT.		

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```
AT+CSIM=?
OK
```

#### 3.2.5 AT+CRSM Restricted SIM access

By using AT+CRSM instead of Generic SIM Access AT+CSIM, TE application has easier but more limited access to the SIM database.

Write command transmits to the MT the SIM <command> and its required parameters. MT handles internally all SIM-MT interface locking and file selection routines. As response to the command, MT sends the actual SIM information parameters and response data. MT error result code **+CME ERROR** may be returned when the command cannot be passed to the SIM, but failure in the execution of the command in the SIM is reported in <sw1> and <sw2> parameters.

AT+CRSM Restricted SIM ac	AT+CRSM Restricted SIM access				
Test Command	Response				
AT+CRSM=?	OK				
Write Command	Response				
AT+CRSM= <command/> [, <fil< td=""><td>+CRSM: <sw1>,<sw2>[,<response>]</response></sw2></sw1></td></fil<>	+CRSM: <sw1>,<sw2>[,<response>]</response></sw2></sw1>				
eID>[, <p1>,<p2>,<p3></p3></p2></p1>					
[, <data>]]]</data>	OK				
	or				
	ERROR				
	or				
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>				

#### **Defined values**

<command/>	Command passed on by the MT to the SIM:
	176 – READ BINARY
	178 – READ RECORD
	192 – GET RESPONSE
	214 – UPDATE BINARY
	220 – UPDATE RECORD
	242 – STATUS
	203 – RETRIEVE DATA
	219 – SET DATA

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#### Identifier for an elementary data file on SIM, if used by <fileID> <command>. The following list the fileID hex value, user needs to convet them to decimal. Efs under MF 0x2FE2 -ICCID 0x2F05 -**Extended Language Preferences** 0x2F00 -**EF DIR** 0x2F06 -Access Rule Reference Efs under USIM ADF 0x6F05 -Language Indication 0x6F07 -IMSI 0x6F08 -Ciphering and Integrity keys 0x6F09 -C and I keys for pkt switched domain 0x6F60 -User controlled PLMN selector w/Acc Tech 0x6F30 -User controlled PLMN selector 0x6F31 -HPLMN search period 0x6F37 -ACM maximum value 0x6F38 -USIM Service table 0x6F39 -Accumulated Call meter

0x6F3E -Group Identifier Level 0x6F3F -Group Identifier Level 2 0x6F46 -Service Provider Name 0x6F41 -

Price Per Unit and Currency table 0x6F45 - Cell Bcast Msg identifier selection 0x6F78 -Access control class

0x6F7B -Forbidden PLMNs 0x6F7E -Location information 0x6FAD -Administrative data

0x6F48 -Cell Bcast msg id for data download

0x6FB7 -Emergency call codes

0x6F50 -Cell bcast msg id range selection

Packet switched location information 0x6F73 -

0x6F3B -Fixed dialing numbers

0x6F3C -Short messages

0x6F40 -**MSISDN** 

0x6F42 -SMS parameters

0x6F43 -**SMS Status** 

0x6F49 -Service dialing numbers

0x6F4B -Extension 2 0x6F4C -Extension 3

0x6F47 -SMS reports

0x6F80 -Incoming call information

0x6F81 -Outgoing call information

0x6F82 -Incoming call timer

0x6F83 -Outgoing call timer

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0x6F4E - Extension 5

0x6F4F - Capability Config Parameters 2

0x6FB5 - Enh Multi Level Precedence and Pri

0x6FB6 - Automatic answer for Emlpp service

0x6FC2 - Group identity

0x6FC3 – Key for hidden phonebook entries

0x6F4D - Barred dialing numbers

0x6F55 - Extension 4

0x6F58 - Comparison Method information

0x6F56 - Enabled services table

0x6F57 - Access Point Name Control List

0x6F2C - De-personalization Control Keys

0x6F32 - Co-operative network list

0x6F5B - Hyperframe number

0x6F5C – Maximum value of Hyperframe number

0x6F61 - OPLMN selector with access tech

0x6F5D - OPLMN selector

0x6F62 - HPLMN selector with access technology

0x6F06 - Access Rule reference

0x6F65 - RPLMN last used access tech

0x6FC4 - Network Parameters

0x6F11 - CPHS: Voice Mail Waiting Indicator

0x6F12 - CPHS: Service String Table

0x6F13 - CPHS: Call Forwarding Flag

0x6F14 - CPHS: Operator Name String

0x6F15 - CPHS: Customer Service Profile

0x6F16 - CPHS: CPHS Information

0x6F17 - CPHS: Mailbox Number

0x6FC5 - PLMN Network Name

0x6FC6 - Operator PLMN List

0x6F9F - Dynamic Flags Status

0x6F92 - Dynamic2 Flag Setting

0x6F98 - Customer Service Profile Line2

0x6F9B - EF PARAMS — Welcome Message

0x4F30 - Phone book reference file

0x4F22 - Phone book synchronization center

0x4F23 - Change counter

0x4F24 - Previous Unique Identifier

0x4F20 - GSM ciphering key Kc

0x4F52 - GPRS ciphering key

0x4F63 - CPBCCH information

0x4F64 - Investigation scan

0x4F40 - MexE Service table

0x4F41 - Operator Root Public Key

0x4F42 - Administrator Root Public Key

0x4F43 - Third party Root public key

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0x6FC7 – Mail Box Dialing Number

0x6FC8 - Extension 6

0x6FC9 - Mailbox Identifier

0x6FCA — Message Waiting Indication Status

0x6FCD – Service Provider Display Information

0x6FD2 - UIM\_USIM\_SPT\_TABLE

0x6FD9 - Equivalent HPLMN

0x6FCB - Call Forwarding Indicator Status

0x6FD6 – GBA Bootstrapping parameters

0x6FDA - GBA NAF List

0x6FD7 - MBMS Service Key

0x6FD8 - MBMS User Key

0x6FCE - MMS Notification

0x6FD0 - MMS Issuer connectivity parameters

0x6FD1 - MMS User Preferences

0x6FD2 - MMS User connectivity parameters

0x6FCF - Extension 8

0x5031 - Object Directory File

0x5032 - Token Information File

0x5033 - Unused space Information File

Efs under Telecom DF

0x6F3A - Abbreviated Dialing Numbers

0x6F3B - Fixed dialing numbers

0x6F3C - Short messages

0x6F3D - Capability Configuration Parameters

0x6F4F - Extended CCP

0x6F40 - MSISDN

0x6F42 - SMS parameters

0x6F43 - SMS Status

0x6F44 - Last number dialed

0x6F49 - Service Dialling numbers

0x6F4A - Extension 1

0x6F4B - Extension 2

0x6F4C - Extension 3

0x6F4D - Barred Dialing Numbers

0x6F4E - Extension 4

0x6F47 - SMS reports

0x6F58 - Comparison Method Information

0x6F54 - Setup Menu elements

0x6F06 - Access Rule reference

0x4F20 - Image

0x4F30 - Phone book reference file

0x4F22 - Phone book synchronization center

0x4F23 - Change counter

0x4F24 - Previous Unique Identifier

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<p1><p2><p3></p3></p2></p1>	Integer type; parameters to be passed on by the Module to the SIM.
<data></data>	Information which shall be written to the SIM (hexadecimal character format, refer AT+CSCS).
<sw1><sw2></sw2></sw1>	Status information from the SIM about the execution of the actual command. It is returned in both cases, on successful or failed execution of the command.
<response></response>	Response data in case of a successful completion of the previously issued command.  "STATUS" and "GET RESPONSE" commands return data, which gives information about the currently selected elementary data field. This information includes the type of file and its size.  After "READ BINARY" or "READ RECORD" commands the requested data will be returned. <response> is empty after "UPDATE BINARY" or "UPDATE RECORD" commands.</response>

AT+CRSM=?
OK

# 3.2.6 AT+SPIC Times remain to input SIM PIN/PUK

This command is used to inquire times remain to input SIM PIN/PUK.

AT+SPIC Times remain to input SIM PIN/PUK				
Test Command	Response			
AT+SPIC=?	OK			
Execution Command	Response			
AT+SPIC	+SPIC: <pin1>,<puk1>,<pin2>,<puk2></puk2></pin2></puk1></pin1>			
	ОК			

## **Defined values**

<pin1></pin1>	Times remain to input PIN1 code.
<puk1></puk1>	Times remain to input PUK1 code.

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<pin2></pin2>	Times remain to input PIN2 code.
<puk2></puk2>	Times remain to input PUK2 code.

AT+SPIC=?

OK

AT+SPIC

+SPIC: 3,10,0,10

OK

# 3.2.7 AT+CSPN Get service provider name from SIM

This command is used to get service provider name from SIM card.

AT+CSPN Get service provider name from SIM		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CSPN=?	OK or	
	ERROR	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CSPN?	+CSPN: <spn>,<display mode=""></display></spn>	
	ОК	
	or	
	ERROR	
	or	
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>	

#### **Defined values**

<spn></spn>	String type; service provider name on SIM		
<display mode=""></display>	0 – doesn't display PLMN. Already registered on PLMN.		
	1 – display PLMN		

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AT+CSPN=?
OK
AT+CSPN?
+CSPN: "CMCC",0
OK

# 3.2.8 AT+CSQ Query signal quality

This command is used to return received signal strength indication <rssi> and channel bit error rate <ber> from the ME. Test command returns values supported by the TA as compound values.

AT+CSQ Query signal quality		
Test Command AT+CSQ=?	Response +CSQ: (list of supported <rssi>s),(list of supported <ber>s)</ber></rssi>	
	ок	
Execution Command AT+CSQ	Response +CSQ: <rssi>,<ber></ber></rssi>	
	ок	
	or	
	ERROR	

# Defined values

<rssi></rssi>	0	_	- 113 dBm or less
	1	_	- 111 dBm
	230	_	- 109 53 dBm
	31	_	-51 dBm or greater
	99	_	not known or not detectable
	100	_	- 116 dBm or less
	101	_	- 115 dBm
	102191	_	- 114 26dBm
	191	_	- 25 dBm or greater
	199	_	not known or not detectable
	100199	_	expand to TDSCDMA, indicate RSCP received

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  	(in percent)
	0 - <0.01%
	1 - 0.01% 0.1%
	2 - 0.1% 0.5%
	3 - 0.5% 1.0%
	4 - 1.0% 2.0%
	5 - 2.0% 4.0%
	6 - 4.0% 8.0%
	7 - >=8.0%
	99 – not known or not detectable

```
AT+CSQ
+CSQ: 22,0
OK
```

# 3.2.9 AT+AUTOCSQ Set CSQ report

This command is used to enable or disable automatic report CSQ information, when automatic report enabled, the module reports CSQ information every five seconds or only after <rssi>or<ber> is changed, the format of automatic report is "+CSQ: <rssi>,<ber>".

AT+AUTOCSQ Set CSQ report		
Test Command AT+AUTOCSQ=?	Response +AUTOCSQ: (list of supported <auto>s),(list of supported<mod e="">s)  OK</mod></auto>	
Read Command AT+AUTOCSQ?	Response +AUTOCSQ: <auto>,<mode> OK</mode></auto>	
Write Command AT+AUTOCSQ= <auto>[,<mo de="">]</mo></auto>	Response  OK  or  ERROR	

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<auto></auto>	<ul> <li>0 - disable automatic report</li> <li>1 - enable automatic report</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>O – CSQ automatic report every five seconds</li> <li>1 – CSQ automatic report only after <rssi>or<ber>is changed</ber></rssi></li> </ul>		
<mode></mode>	<b>NOTE:</b> If the parameter of <mode> is omitted when executing write command, <mode> will be set to default value.</mode></mode>		

# **Examples**

AT+AUTOCSQ=?

+AUTOCSQ: (0-1),(0-1)

OK

AT+AUTOCSQ?

+AUTOCSQ: 1,1

OK

AT+AUTOCSQ=1,1

OK

+CSQ: 23,0 (when <rssi>or<ber>changing)

# 3.2.10 AT+CSQDELTA Set RSSI delta change threshold

This command is used to set RSSI delta threshold for signal strength reporting.

AT+CSQDELTA Set RSSI delta change threshold		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CSQDELTA=?	+CSQDELTA: (list of supported <delta>s)</delta>	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CSQDELTA?	+CSQDELTA: <delta></delta>	
	ОК	
	or	
	ERROR	

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Write Command  AT+CSQDELTA= <delta></delta>	Response <b>OK</b>		
	or		
	ERROR		
Execution Command	Response		
AT+CSQDELTA	Set default value ( <delta>=5):</delta>		
	OK		

<delta></delta>	Range: from 0 to 5.

# **Examples**

# AT+CSQDELTA? +CSQDELTA: 5

OK

# 3.2.11 AT+CATR Configure URC destination interface

This command is used to configure the serial port which will be used to output URCs. We recommend configure a destination port for receiving URC in the system initialization phase, in particular, in the case that transmitting large amounts of data, e.g. use TCP/UDP and MT SMS related AT command.

AT+CATR Configure URC destination interface		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CATR=?	+CATR: (list of supported <port>s)  OK</port>	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CATR?	+CATR: <port></port>	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CATR= <port></port>	OK	
	OF FRROR	
	ERROR	

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<port></port>	2 3 4	- - -	all ports use UART port to output URCs use MODEM port to output URCs use ATCOM port to output URCs use cmux virtual port1 to output URCs
<port></port>			use cmux virtual port1 to output URCs use cmux virtual port2 to output URCs
	6 7	_	use cmux virtual port3 to output URCs use cmux virtual port4 to output URCs

# **Examples**

AT+CATR=1 OK

011

AT+CATR?

+CATR: 1

OK

#### 3.2.12 AT+CPOF Power down the module

This command is used to power off the module. Once the AT+CPOF command is executed, The module will store user data and deactivate from network, and then shutdown.

AT+CPOF Power down the module	
Test Command	Response
AT+CPOF=?	ОК
Execution Command	Response
AT+CPOF	OK

# **Examples**

AT+CPOF			
OK			

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#### 3.2.13 AT+CRESET Reset the module

This command is used to reset the module.

AT+CRESET Reset the module	
Test Command	Response
AT+CRESET=?	OK
Execution Command	Response
AT+CRESET	OK

# **Examples**

AT+CRESET=?

OK

AT+CRESET

OK

## 3.2.14 AT+CACM Accumulated call meter

This command is used to reset the Advice of Charge related accumulated call meter value in SIM file EF<sub>ACM</sub>.

AT+CACM Accumulated call meter	
Test Command	Response
AT+CACM=?	OK
	or
	ERROR
Read Command	Response
AT+CACM?	+CACM: <acm></acm>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

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Write Command	Response
AT+CACM= <passwd></passwd>	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Response
AT+CACM	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

<passwd></passwd>	String type, SIM PIN2.
<acm></acm>	String type, accumulated call meter value similarly coded as <ccm> under +CAOC.</ccm>

## **Examples**

#### AT+CACM?

+CACM: "000000"

OK

## 3.2.15 AT+CAMM Accumulated call meter maximum

This command is used to set the Advice of Charge related accumulated call meter maximum value in SIM file EF<sub>ACMmax</sub>.

AT+CAMM Accumulated call meter maximum	
Test Command	Response
AT+CAMM=?	OK
	or
	ERROR

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Response
+CAMM: <acmmax></acmmax>
OK
or
ERROR
or
+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Response
OK
or
ERROR
or
+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Response
OK
or
ERROR
or
+CME ERROR: <err></err>

<acmmax></acmmax>	String type, accumulated call meter maximum value similarly coded
	as <ccm> under AT+CAOC, value zero disables ACMmax feature.</ccm>
<passwd></passwd>	String type, SIM PIN2.

# **Examples**

#### AT+CAMM?

+CAMM: "000000"

OK

# 3.2.16 AT+CPUC Price per unit and currency table

This command is used to set the parameters of Advice of Charge related price per unit and currency table in SIM file EF<sub>PUCT</sub>..

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AT+CPUC Price per unit and currency table		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CPUC=?	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CPUC?	+CPUC: [ <currency>,<ppu>]</ppu></currency>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
	or	
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CPUC= <currency>,<ppu< td=""><td>OK</td></ppu<></currency>	OK	
>[, <passwd>]</passwd>	or	
	ERROR	
	or	
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>	

<currency></currency>	String type, three-character currency code (e.g. "GBP", "DEM"), character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.
<ppu></ppu>	String type, price per unit, dot is used as a decimal separator. (e.g. "2.66").
<passwd></passwd>	String type, SIM PIN2.

### **Examples**

### AT+CPUC?

+CPUC: "GBP","2.66"

OK

### 3.2.17 AT+CCLK Real time clock management

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This command is used to manage Real Time Clock of the module.

AT+CCLK Real time clock management		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CCLK=?	ОК	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CCLK?	+CCLK: <time></time>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CCLK= <time></time>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined values**

<time></time>	String type value; format is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz", where characters indicate year (two last digits), month, day, hour, minutes, seconds and time zone (indicates the difference, expressed in quarters of an hour, between the local time and GMT; three last digits are mandatory, range -47+48). E.g. 6 <sup>th</sup> of May 2008, 14:28:10 GMT+8 equals to "08/05/06,14:28:10+32".  NOTE:
	<ol> <li>Time zone is nonvolatile, and the factory value is invalid time zone.</li> <li>Command +CCLK? Will return time zone when time zone is valid, and if time zone is 00, command +CCLK? Will return "+00", but not "-00".</li> </ol>

### **Examples**

AT+CCLK="08/11/28,12:30:33+32"

OK

AT+CCLK?

+CCLK: "08/11/28,12:30:35+32"

OK

AT+CCLK="08/11/26,10:15:00"

OK

AT+CCLK?

+CCLK: "08/11/26,10:15:02+32"

OK

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### 3.2.18 AT+CMEE Report mobile equipment error

This command is used to disable or enable the use of result code "**+CME ERROR**: <err>" or "**+CMS ERROR**: <err>" as an indication of an error relating to the functionality of ME; when enabled, the format of <err> can be set to numeric or verbose string.

AT+CMEE Report mobile equipment error		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CMEE=?	+CMEE: (list of supported <n>s)</n>	
	ОК	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CMEE?	+CMEE: <n> OK</n>	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CMEE= <n></n>	ОК	
	or	
	ERROR	
Execution Command	Response	
AT+CMEE	Set default value:	
	ОК	

### Defined values

<n></n>	0	_	Disable result code, i.e. only "ERROR" will be displayed.
	1	_	Enable error result code with numeric values.
	2	_	Enable error result code with string values.

#### **Examples**

### AT+CMEE?

+CMEE: 2

#### OK

AT+CPIN="1234","1234"

+CME ERROR: incorrect password

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AT+CMEE=0

OK

AT+CPIN="1234","1234"

**ERROR** 

AT+CMEE=1

OK

AT+CPIN="1234","1234"

+CME ERROR: 16

### 3.2.19 AT+CPAS Phone activity status

This command is used to return the activity status <pas> of the ME. It can be used to interrogate the ME before requesting action from the phone.

**Note:** This command is same as AT+CLCC, but AT+CLCC is more commonly used. So AT+CLCC is recommended to use.

AT+CPAS Phone activity status		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CPAS=?	+CPAS: (list of supported <pas>s)</pas>	
	ок	
Execution Command	Response	
AT+CPAS	Response +CPAS: <pas></pas>	
	OK	

#### **Defined values**

<pas></pas>	0 - ready (ME allows commands from TA/TE)
	3 – ringing (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE, but the
	ringer is active)
	4 – call in progress (ME is ready for commands from TA/TE,
	but a call is in progress)

### **Examples**

RING (with incoming call)

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AT+CPAS

+CPAS: 3

OK

AT+CPAS=?

+CPAS: (0,3,4)

OK

### 3.2.20 AT+SIMEI Set IMEI for the module

This command is used to set the module's IMEI value.

AT+SIMEI Set IMEI for the module		
Test Command	Response	
AT+SIMEI=?	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+SIMEI?	+SIMEI: <imei></imei>	
	ок	
	or	
	ERROR	
Write Command	Response	
AT+SIMEI= <imei></imei>	ок	
	or	
	ERROR	

### Defined values

<imei> The 15-digit IMEI value.</imei>	<imei></imei>	The realign much value.

### **Examples**

AT+SIMEI=357396012183170

OK

AT+SIMEI?

+SIMEI:357396012183170

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OK

AT+SIMEI=?

OK

### 3.2.21 AT+SMEID Request Mobile Equipment Identifier

Only take effect in 7600CE

AT+SMEID Request Mobile Equipment Identifier		
Read Command	Responses	
AT+SMEID?	+SMEID: <meid></meid>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

### **Defined values**

<meid></meid>	Mobile Equipment Identifier (string, without double quotes).

### **Examples**

AT+SMEID?

+SMEID: A1000021A5906F

OK

### 3.2.22 AT+CSVM Voice Mail Subscriber number

Execution command returns the voice mail number related to the subscriber.

AT+CSVM Voice Mail Subscriber number	
Test Command	Response
AT+CSVM=?	+CSVM: (0-1), "(0-9,+)",(128-255)

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	OK or ERROR
Read Command	Response
AT+CSVM?	+CSVM: <valid>,"<number>",<type></type></number></valid>
	OK or ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CSVM= <valid>,</valid>	OK
" <number>",<type></type></number>	or
	ERROR

	Whether voice mail number is valid:
<valid></valid>	0 - Voice mail number is invalid.
	1 – Voice mail number is valid.
<number></number>	String type phone number of format specified by <type>.</type>
<type></type>	Type of address octet in integer format. See also AT+CPBR <type></type>

### **Examples**

#### AT+CSVM?

+CSVM: 1,"13697252277",129

OK

### 3.2.23 Indication of Voice Mail

This module supports voice mail function; the subscriber number is configured by AT+CSVM command, the following table shows the URC related Voice Mail.

**Indication of Voice Mail** 

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Box Empty +VOICEMAIL: EMPTY	Description This indication means the voice mail box is empty
New Message +VOICEMAIL: NEW MSG	Description This indication means there is a new voice mail message notification received. This is for CPHS.
Voice Mail Status Updated +VOICEMAIL: WAITING, <count></count>	Description This indication means that there are <count> number of voice mail messages that needs to be got.</count>

<count></count>	Count of voice mail message that waits to be got.

### **Examples**

+VOICEMAIL: WAITING,<count>

**+VOICEMAIL: WAITING, 5** 

# 3.3 Summary of CME ERROR codes

This result code is similar to the regular ERROR result code. The format of <err> can be ethier numeric or verbose string, by setting AT+CMEE command.

<pre><err> of numeric format</err></pre>	<err> of verbose format</err>
0	Phone failure
1	no connection to phone
2	phone adaptor link reserved
3	operation not allowed
4	operation not supported
5	PH-SIM PIN required
6	PH-FSIM PIN required
7	PH-FSIM PUK required
10	SIM not inserted
11	SIM PIN required
12	SIM PUK required
13	SIM failure

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4.4	
14	SIM busy
15	SIM wrong
16	incorrect password
17	SIM PIN2 required
18	SIM PUK2 required
20	memory full
21	invalid index
22	not found
23	memory failure
24	text string too long
25	invalid characters in text string
26	dial string too long
27	invalid characters in dial string
30	no network service
31	network timeout
32	network not allowed – emergency calls only
40	network personalization PIN required
41	network personalization PUK required
42	network subset personalization PIN required
43	network subset personalization PUK required
44	service provider personalization PIN required
45	service provider personalization PUK required
46	corporate personalization PIN required
47	corporate personalization PUK required
100	Unknown
103	Illegal message
106	Illegal ME
107	GPRS services not allowed
111	PLMN not allowed
112	Location area not allowed
113	Roaming not allowed in this location area
132	service option not supported
133	requested service option not subscribed
134	service option temporarily out of order
148	unspecified GPRS error
149	PDP authentication failure
150	invalid mobile class
257	network rejected request
258	retry operation
259	invalid deflected to number
260	deflected to own number

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261	unknown subscriber
262	service not available
263	unknown class specified
264	unknown network message
273	minimum TFTS per PDP address violated
274	TFT precedence index not unique
275	Invalid parameter combination

#### "CME ERROR" codes of FTP

201	Unknown error for FTP
202	FTP task is busy
203	Failed to resolve server address
204	FTP timeout
205	Failed to read file
206	Failed to write file
207	It's not allowed in current state
208	Failed to login
209	Failed to logout
210	Failed to transfer data
211	FTP command rejected by server
212	Memory error
213	Invalid parameter
214	Network error

### **Example**

AT+CPIN="1234","1234"

+CME ERROR: incorrect password

### 3.4 Summary of CMS ERROR codes

Final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> indicates an error related to mobile equipment or network. The operation is similar to ERROR result code. None of the following commands in the same command line is executed. Neither ERROR nor OK result code shall be returned. ERROR is returned normally when error is related to syntax or invalid parameters. The format of <err> can be either numeric or verbose. This is set with command AT+CMEE.

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<err> of numeric format</err>	<err> of verbose format</err>
300	ME failure
301	SMS service of ME reserved
302	Operation not allowed
303	Operation not supported
304	Invalid PDU mode parameter
305	Invalid text mode parameter
310	SIM not inserted
311	SIM PIN required
312	PH-SIM PIN required
313	SIM failure
314	SIM busy
315	SIM wrong
316	SIM PUK required
317	SIM PIN2 required
318	SIM PUK2 required
320	Memory failure
321	Invalid memory index
322	Memory full
330	SMSC address unknown
331	No network service
332	Network timeout
340	NO +CNMA ACK EXPECTED
341	Buffer overflow
342	SMS size more than expected
500	Unknown error

AT+CMGS=02112345678

+CMS ERROR: 304

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# 4. AT Commands for Network

### 4.1 Overview of AT Commands for Network

Command	Description
AT+CREG	Network Registration
AT+COPS	Operator selection
AT+CLCK	Facility lock
AT+CPWD	Change password
AT+CCUG	Closed User Group
AT+CUSD	Unstructured supplementary service data
AT+CAOC	Advice of Charge
AT+CSSN	Supplementary service notifications
AT+CPOL	Preferred operator list
AT+COPN	Read operator names
AT+CNMP	Preferred mode selection
AT+CNBP	Preferred band selection
AT+CNAOP	Acquisitions order preference
AT+CPSI	Inquiring UE system information
AT+CNSMOD	Show network system mode
AT+CEREG	EPS network registration status
AT+CTZU	Automatic time and time zone update
AT+CTZR	Time and time zone reporting

## 4.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for Network

### 4.2.1 AT+CREG Network registration

This command is used to control the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat> when <n>=1 and there is a change in the ME network registration status, or code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>] when <n>=2 and there is a change of the network cell.

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Read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the ME. Location information elements <lac> and <ci> are returned only when <n>=2 and ME is registered in the network.

AT+CREG Network registration	
Test Command	Response
AT+CREG=?	+CREG: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CREG?	+CREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat></n>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Response
AT+CREG= <n></n>	ОК
	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Response (Set default value " <n>=0"):</n>
AT+CREG	OK

### **Defined Values**

<n></n>	<ul> <li>0 - disable network registration unsolicited result code</li> <li>1 - enable network registration unsolicited result code +CREG:</li> <li><stat></stat></li> </ul>
	2 – enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code +CREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat>
<stat></stat>	<ul> <li>0 - not registered, ME is not currently searching a new operator to register to</li> <li>1 - registered, home network</li> <li>2 - not registered, but ME is currently searching a new operator to register to</li> <li>3 - registration denied</li> <li>4 - unknown</li> <li>5 - registered, roaming</li> </ul>
<lac></lac>	Two byte location area code in hexadecimal format(e.g."00C3" equals 193 in decimal).  NOTE: The <lac> not supported in CDMA/HDR mode</lac>

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<ci></ci>	Cell Identify in hexadecimal format.
	GSM – Maximum is two byte
	WCDMA – Maximum is four byte
	TDS-CDMA – Maximum is four byte
	NOTE: The <ci> not supported in CDMA/HDR mode</ci>

AT+CREG? +CREG: 0,1

OK

#### NOTE

Location information elements <lac> and <ci> are returned only when <n>=2 and ME is registered in the network

#### 4.2.2 AT+COPS Operator selection

Write command forces an attempt to select and register the GSM/UMTS network operator. <mode> is used to select whether the selection is done automatically by the ME or is forced by this command to operator <oper> (it shall be given in format <format>). If the selected operator is not available, no other operator shall be selected (except <mode>=4). The selected operator name format shall apply to further read commands (AT+COPS?) also. <mode>=2 forces an attempt to deregister from the network. The selected mode affects to all further network registration (e.g. after <mode>=2, ME shall be unregistered until <mode>=0 or 1 is selected).

Read command returns the current mode and the currently selected operator. If no operator is selected, <format> and <oper> are omitted.

Test command returns a list of quadruplets, each representing an operator present in the network. Quadruplet consists of an integer indicating the availability of the operator <stat>, long and short alphanumeric format of the name of the operator, and numeric format representation of the operator. Any of the formats may be unavailable and should then be an empty field. The list of operators shall be in order: home network, networks referenced in SIM, and other networks.

It is recommended (although optional) that after the operator list TA returns lists of supported <mode>s and <format>s. These lists shall be delimited from the operator list by two commas. When executing AT+COPS=?, any input from serial port will stop this command.

**AT+COPS** Operator selection

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Test Command AT+COPS=?	Response [+COPS: [list of supported ( <stat>,long alphanumeric <oper>, short alphanumeric <oper>,numeric <oper>[,.(list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <format>s)]]  OK or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err></format></mode></oper></oper></oper></stat>
Read Command AT+COPS?	Response +COPS: <mode>[,<format>,<oper>[,<act>]]  OK or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err></act></oper></format></mode>
Write Command AT+COPS= <mode>[,<format>[,<oper>[,<act>]]]</act></oper></format></mode>	Response  OK  or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command AT+COPS	Response <b>OK</b>

<mode></mode>	<ul> <li>0 - automatic</li> <li>1 - manual</li> <li>2 - force deregister</li> <li>3 - set only <format></format></li> </ul>
	4 - manual/automatic 5 - manual, but do not modify the network selection mode(e.g GSM,WCDMA) after module resets.  NOTE: if <mode> is set to 1, 4, 5 in write command, the <oper> is needed.</oper></mode>
<format></format>	<ul> <li>0 – long format alphanumeric <oper></oper></li> <li>1 – short format alphanumeric <oper></oper></li> <li>2 – numeric <oper></oper></li> </ul>
<oper></oper>	string type, <format> indicates if the format is alphanumeric or numeric.</format>
<stat></stat>	0 – unknown

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	1 – available 2 – current 3 – forbidden
<act></act>	Access technology selected  0 - GSM  1 - GSM Compact  2 - UTRAN  7 - EUTRAN  8 - CDMA/HDR  NOTE: the value 8 do not follow the 3gpp spec, we add this value to distinguish cdma/hdr.

#### AT+COPS?

+COPS: 0,0,"China Mobile Com",0

OK

#### AT+COPS=?

+COPS: (2,"China Unicom","Unicom","46001",0),(3,"China Mobile Com","DGTMPT",

"46000",0),,(0,1,2,3,4,5),(0,1,2)

OK

#### NOTE

• When executing AT+COPS=?, any input from serial port will stop this command.

### 4.2.3 AT+CLCK Facility lock

This command is used to lock, unlock or interrogate a ME or a network facility <fac>. Password is normally needed to do such actions. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>.

AT+CLCK Facility lock	
Test Command	Response
AT+CLCK=?	+CLCK: (list of supported <fac>s)</fac>

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	OK or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command AT+CLCK= <fac>,<mode>[,&lt; passwd&gt;[,<class>]]</class></mode></fac>	Response (When <mode>=2 and command successful: ) [+CLCK: <status>[,<class1>[<cr><lf> +CLCK: <status>,<class2> []]</class2></status></lf></cr></class1></status></mode>
	OK or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

<fac></fac>	"PF" lock Phone to the very First inserted SIM card or USIM card
	"SC" lock SIM card or USIM card
	"AO" Barr All Outgoing Calls
	"OI" Barr Outgoing International Calls
	"OX" Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country
	"AI" Barr All Incoming Calls
	"IR" Barr Incoming Calls when roaming outside the home country
	"AB" All Barring services (only for <mode>=0)</mode>
	"AG" All outGoing barring services (only for <mode>=0)</mode>
	"AC" All inComing barring services (only for <mode>=0)</mode>
	"FD" SIM fixed dialing memory feature
	"PN" Network Personalization
	"PU" network subset Personalization
	"PP" service Provider Personalization
	"PC" Corporate Personalization
<mode></mode>	0 – unlock
	1 – lock
	2 – query status
<status></status>	0 – not active
	1 – active
<passwd></passwd>	Password.
	String type; shall be the same as password specified for the facility
	from the ME user interface or with command Change Password
	+CPWD
<classx></classx>	It is a sum of integers each representing a class of information (default
	7):
	1 – voice (telephony)

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2 – data (refers to all bearer services)
4 – fax (facsimile services)
8 - short message service
16 – data circuit sync
32 – data circuit async
64 – dedicated packet access
128 – dedicated PAD access
255 – The value 255 covers all classes
Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <number></number>
Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <text>.</text>

AT+CLCK="SC",2 +CLCK: 0

#### NOTE

• When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>.

### 4.2.4 AT+CPWD Change password

Write command sets a new password for the facility lock function defined by command Facility Lock AT+CLCK.

Test command returns a list of pairs which present the available facilities and the maximum length of their password.

AT+CPWD Change password	
Test Command	Response
AT+CPWD=?	+CPWD: (list of supported ( <fac>,<pwdlength>)s)</pwdlength></fac>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Response

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AT+CPWD= <fac>,<oldpwd>,</oldpwd></fac>	OK
<newpwd></newpwd>	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

<fac></fac>	Refer Facility Lock +CLCK for other values:
	"SC" SIM or USIM PIN1
	"P2" SIM or USIM PIN2
	"AB" All Barring services
	"AC" All inComing barring services (only for <mode>=0)</mode>
	"AG" All outGoing barring services (only for <mode>=0)</mode>
	"AI" Barr All Incoming Calls
	"AO" Barr All Outgoing Calls
	"IR" Barr Incoming Calls when roaming outside the home country
	"OI" Barr Outgoing International Calls
	"OX" Barr Outgoing International Calls except to Home Country
<oldpwd></oldpwd>	String type, it shall be the same as password specified for the facility
	from the ME user interface or with command Change Password
	AT+CPWD.
<newpwd></newpwd>	String type, it is the new password; maximum length of password can
	be determined with <pwdlength>.</pwdlength>
<pwdlength< td=""><td>Integer type, max length of password.</td></pwdlength<>	Integer type, max length of password.

### Example

```
AT+CPWD=?
+CPWD: ("AB",4),("AC",4),("AG",4),("AI",4),("AO",4),("IR",4),("OI",4),("OX",4),(
"SC",8),("P2",8)

OK
```

### 4.2.5 AT+CCUG Closed user group

This command allows control of the Closed User Group supplementary service. Set command enables the served subscriber to select a CUG index, to suppress the Outgoing Access (OA), and to suppress the preferential CUG.

AT+CCUG Closed user group	
Test Command	Response

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AT+CCUG=?	OK or ERROR
Read Command AT+CCUG?	Response +CCUG: <n>,<index>,<info>  OK or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err></info></index></n>
Write Command AT+CCUG= <n>[,<index>[,<i nfo="">]]</i></index></n>	Response  OK  or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command  AT+CCUG	Response (Set default value):  OK

<n></n>	_	disable CUG temporary mode enable CUG temporary mode
<index></index>	<u>0</u> 9	<ul><li>CUG index</li></ul>
	10	<ul> <li>no index (preferred CUG taken from subscriber data)</li> </ul>
<info></info>	<u>0</u> –	no information
	1 –	suppress OA
	2 –	suppress preferential CUG
	3 –	suppress OA and preferential CUG

### **Example**

### AT+CCUG?

+CCUG: 0,0,0

OK

### NOTE

This command not supported in CDMA/HDR mode

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#### AT+CUSD Unstructured supplementary service data 4.2.6

This command allows control of the Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD). Both network and mobile initiated operations are supported. Parameter <n> is used to disable/enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code (USSD response from the network, or network initiated operation) +CUSD: <m>[,<str>,<dcs>] to the TE. In addition, value <n>=2 is used to cancel an ongoing USSD session.

Test Command	Response
AT+CUSD=?	+CUSD: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
Read Command  AT+CUSD?	Response +CUSD: <n></n>
	ОК
Write Command  AT+CUSD= <n>[,<str>[,<dcs>]]</dcs></str></n>	Response  OK  or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Response (Set default value):
	OK

#### **Defined Values**

<n></n>	<ul> <li>0 - disable the result code presentation in the TA</li> <li>1 - enable the result code presentation in the TA</li> <li>2 - cancel session (not applicable to read command response)</li> </ul>
<str></str>	String type USSD string.
<dcs></dcs>	Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format (default 0).
<m></m>	0 - no further user action required (network initiated USSD Notify, or no further information needed after mobile initiated operation)  1 - further user action required (network initiated USSD Request, or further information needed after mobile initiated operation)  2 - USSD terminated by network  4 - operation not supported  5 - network time out

### **Example**

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AT+CUSD?
+CUSD: 1

OK
AT+CUSD=0

#### NOTE

OK

This command not supported in CDMA/HDR mode

### 4.2.7 AT+CAOC Advice of Charge

This command refers to Advice of Charge supplementary service that enables subscriber to get information about the cost of calls. With <mode>=0, the execution command returns the current call meter value from the ME.

This command also includes the possibility to enable an unsolicited event reporting of the CCM information. The unsolicited result code +CCCM: <ccm> is sent when the CCM value changes, but not more that every 10 seconds. Deactivation of the unsolicited event reporting is made with the same command.

AT+CAOC Advice of Charge	
Test Command	Response
AT+CAOC=?	+CAOC: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CAOC?	+CAOC: <mode></mode>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Response
AT+CAOC= <mode></mode>	+CAOC: <ccm></ccm>
	OK
	or
	ERROR

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	If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command  AT+CAOC	Response (Set default value):  OK
	or
	ERROR

<mode></mode>	<ul> <li>0 - query CCM value</li> <li>1 - deactivate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>2 – activate the unsolicited reporting of CCM value</li> </ul>
<ccm></ccm>	String type, three bytes of the current call meter value in hexadecimal format (e.g. "00001E" indicates decimal value 30), value is in home
	units and bytes are similarly coded as ACMmax value in the SIM.

#### **Example**

#### AT+CAOC=0

+CAOC: "000000"

OK

#### **NOTE**

This command not supported in CDMA/HDR mode

### 4.2.8 AT+CSSN Supplementary service notifications

This command refers to supplementary service related network initiated notifications. The set command enables/disables the presentation of notification result codes from TA to TE.

When <n>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received after a mobile originated call setup, intermediate result code +CSSI: <code1>[,<index>] is sent to TE before any other MO call setup result codes presented in the present document. When several different <code1>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSI result code.

When <m>=1 and a supplementary service notification is received during a mobile terminated call setup or during a call, or when a forward check supplementary service notification is received, unsolicited result code +CSSU: <code2>[,<index>[,<number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>]]] is sent to TE. In case of MT call setup, result code is sent after every +CLIP result code (refer command "Calling line identification presentation +CLIP") and when several different <code2>s are received from the network, each of them shall have its own +CSSU result code.

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AT+CSSN Supplementary service notifications	
Test Command	Response
AT+CSSN=?	+CSSN: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <m>s)</m></n>
	ОК
Read Command	Response
AT+CSSN?	+CSSN: <n>,<m></m></n>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CSSN= <n>[,<m>]</m></n>	OK
	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

<n></n>	Parameter sets/shows the +CSSI result code presentation status in the TA:
	<ul><li>0 - disable</li><li>1 - enable</li></ul>
<m></m>	Parameter sets/shows the +CSSU result code presentation status in the TA:  O - disable
<code1></code1>	<ul> <li>1 - enable</li> <li>0 - unconditional call forwarding is active</li> <li>1 - some of the conditional call forwarding are active</li> <li>2 - call has been forwarded</li> <li>3 - call is waiting</li> <li>5 - outgoing calls are barred</li> </ul>
<index></index>	Refer "Closed user group +CCUG".
<code2></code2>	<ul> <li>0 - this is a forwarded call (MT call setup)</li> <li>2 - call has been put on hold (during a voice call)</li> <li>3 - call has been retrieved (during a voice call)</li> <li>5 - call on hold has been released (this is not a SS notification)</li> <li>(during a voice call)</li> </ul>
<number></number>	String type phone number of format specified by <type>.</type>
<type></type>	Type of address octet in integer format; default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+", otherwise 129.
<subaddr></subaddr>	String type sub address of format specified by <satype>.</satype>
<satype></satype>	Type of sub address octet in integer format, default 128.

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AT+CSSN=1

OK

AT+CSSN?

+CSSN: 1,1

OK

### NOTE

This command not supported in CDMA/HDR mode

# 4.2.9 AT+CPOL Preferred operator list

This command is used to edit the SIM preferred list of networks.

AT+CPOL Preferred operator	AT+CPOL Preferred operator list		
Test Command	Response		
AT+CPOL=?	+CPOL: (list of supported <index>s),(list of supported <format>s)</format></index>		
	OK		
Read Command	Response		
AT+CPOL?	[+CPOL:		
	<index1>,<format>,<oper1>[<gsm_act1>,<gsm_compact_act1< td=""></gsm_compact_act1<></gsm_act1></oper1></format></index1>		
	>, <utran_act1>,<lte_act1>][<cr><lf></lf></cr></lte_act1></utran_act1>		
	+CPOL:		
	<index2>,<format>,<oper2>[,<gsm_act1>,<gsm_compact_act< td=""></gsm_compact_act<></gsm_act1></oper2></format></index2>		
	1>, <utran_act1>,<lte_act1>]</lte_act1></utran_act1>		
	[]]]		
	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CPOL=[ <index>][,<form< td=""><td>OK</td></form<></index>	OK		
at>[, <oper>][,<gsm_act1>,</gsm_act1></oper>	or		
<gsm_compact_act1>,<u< td=""><td>ERROR</td></u<></gsm_compact_act1>	ERROR		

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**TRAN\_AcT1>,<LTE\_AcT1>]]** If error is related to ME functionality:

NOTE: If using USIM card, the +CME ERROR: <err> last four parameters must set.

### **Defined Values**

<index></index>	Integer type, the order number of operator in the SIM preferred operator list.
	If only input <index>, command will delete the value indicate by <index>.</index></index>
	If <index> is not given, the first free entry will be used.</index>
<format></format>	0 – long format alphanumeric <oper></oper>
	1 – short format alphanumeric <oper></oper>
	2 – numeric <oper></oper>
<operx></operx>	String type.
<gsm_actn></gsm_actn>	GSM access technology:
	0 - access technology not selected
	1 – access technology selected
<gsm_compact_actn></gsm_compact_actn>	GSM access technology:
	0 – access technology not selected
	1 – access technology selected
<utran_actn></utran_actn>	UTRA access technology:
	0 - access technology not selected
	1 – access technology selected
<lte_actn></lte_actn>	LTE access technology:
	0 - access technology not selected
	1 - access technology selected

### **Example**

#### AT+CPOL?

+CPOL: 1,2,"46001",0,0,1,0

OK

### AT+CPOL=?

+CPOL: (1-80),(0-2)

OK

### 4.2.10 AT+COPN Read operator names

This command is used to return the list of operator names from the ME. Each operator code <numericX>

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that has an alphanumeric equivalent <alphaX> in the ME memory shall be returned.

AT+COPN Read operator names		
Test Command	Response	
AT+COPN=?	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
Execution Command	Response	
AT+COPN	[+COPN: <numeric1>,<alpha1>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></alpha1></numeric1>	
	+COPN: <numeric2>,<alpha2></alpha2></numeric2>	
	[]]	
	ОК	
	or	
	If error is related to ME functionality:	
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>	

### **Defined Values**

<numericx></numericx>	String type, operator in numeric format (see AT+COPS).
<alphax></alphax>	String type, operator in long alphanumeric format (see AT+COPS).

### **Example**

### AT+COPN +COPN: "46000","China Mobile Com" +COPN: "46001","China Unicom"

• • • • • •

OK

#### 4.2.11 AT+CNMP Preferred mode selection

This command is used to select or set the state of the mode preference.

AT+CNMP Preferred mode selection	
Test Command	Response
AT+CNMP=?	+CNMP: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Response

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AT+CNMP?	+CNMP: <mode></mode>	
	ОК	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CNMP= <mode></mode>	OK	
	or	
	(If <mode> not supported by module, this command will return</mode>	
	ERROR.)	
	ERROR	

<mode></mode>	2 – Automatic
	13 - GSM Only
	14 - WCDMA Only
	38 - LTE Only
	59 - TDS-CDMA Only
	9 - CDMA Only
	10 - EVDO Only
	19 - GSM+WCDMA Only
	22 - CDMA+EVDO Only
	48 - Any but LTE
	60 - GSM+TDSCDMA Only
	63 - GSM+WCDMA+TDSCDMA Only
	67 - CDMA+EVDO+GSM+WCDMA+TDSCDMA Only
	39 - GSM+WCDMA+LTE Only
	51 - GSM+LTE Only
	54 - WCDMA+LTE Only

### **Example**

### AT+CNMP=13

OK

### AT+CNMP?

+CNMP: 13

OK

#### **NOTE**

- The set value in Write Command will take efficient immediately; The set value will retain after module reset
- The response will be returned immediately for Test Command and Read Command; The maximum

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response time for Write Command is 10 seconds

### 4.2.12 AT+CNBP Preferred band selection

This command is used to select or set the state of the band preference.

AT+CNBP Preferred band selection	
Read Command	Response
AT+CNBP?	+CNBP: <mode>[,<lte_mode>]</lte_mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CNBP= <mode>[,<ite_m< td=""><td>OK</td></ite_m<></mode>	OK
ode>][, <tds_mode>]</tds_mode>	Or
	ERROR

# Defined Values

<mode></mode>	64 bit number, the value is "1" << " <pos>", then or by bit.</pos>	
	Some special mode value	e declared below:
	0x40000000	BAND_PREF_NO_CHANGE
<pos></pos>	Value:	
	0Xffffff7FFFFFF –	Any (any value)
	7	- GSM_DCS_1800
	8	- GSM_EGSM_900
	9	- GSM_PGSM_900
	16	- GSM_450
	17	- GSM_480
	18	- GSM_750
	19	- GSM_850
	20	- GSM_RGSM_900
	21	- GSM_PCS_1900
	22	- WCDMA_IMT_2000
	23	- WCDMA_PCS_1900
	24	- WCDMA_III_1700
	25	- WCDMA_IV_1700
	26	- WCDMA_850
	27	- WCDMA_800
	48	- WCDMA_VII_2600
	49	- WCDMA_VIII_900
	50	- WCDMA_IX_1700

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<ite_mode></ite_mode>	64/256 bit nur	mber, the value is "1" << " <lte_pos>", then or by bit.</lte_pos>		
	NOTE: FDD(	band1 ~ band32, band66, band252, and band25		
	TDD(band33	~ band42)		
<lte_pos></lte_pos>	Value:			
		0x4800000000000000000000000000000000000		
	7FF3FDF3FF			
		,		
	0	– EUTRAN_BAND1(UL:1920-1980;		
		DL:2110-2170)		
	1	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND2(UL:1850-1910;</li></ul>		
		DL:1930-1990)		
	2	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND3(UL:1710-1785;</li></ul>		
		DL:1805-1880)		
	3	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND4(UL:1710-1755;</li></ul>		
		DL:2110-2155)		
	4	<ul> <li>EUTRAN_BAND5(UL:824-849; DL:869-894)</li> </ul>		
	5	- EUTRAN BAND6(UL:830-840; DL:875-885)		
	6	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND7(UL:2500-2570;</li></ul>		
		DL:2620-2690)		
	7			
	7	- EUTRAN_BAND8(UL: 880-915; DL: 925-960		
	8	– EUTRAN_BAND9(UL:1749.9-1784.9;		
		DL:1844.9-1879.9)		
	9	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND10(UL:1710-1770;</li></ul>		
		DL:2110-2170)		
	10	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND11(UL:1427.9-1452.9;</li></ul>		
		DL:1475.9-1500.9)		
	11	<ul> <li>EUTRAN_BAND12(UL:698-716; DL:728-746</li> </ul>		
	12	- EUTRAN_BAND13(UL:777-787; DL:746-756		
	13	- EUTRAN BAND14(UL:788-798; DL:758-768		
	16	<ul> <li>EUTRAN_BAND17(UL:704-716; DL:734-746</li> </ul>		
		_ `		
	17	- EUTRAN_BAND18(UL:815-830; DL:860-875		
	18	- EUTRAN_BAND19(UL:830-845; DL:875-890		
	19	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND20(UL:832-862; DL:791-821</li></ul>		
	20	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND21(UL:1447.9-1462.9;</li></ul>		
		DL:1495.9-1510.9)		
	22	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND23(UL:2000-2020;</li></ul>		
		DL:2180-2200)		
	23	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND24(UL:1626.5-1660.5;</li></ul>		
		DL:1525-1559)		
	24	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND25(UL:1850-1915;</li></ul>		
		DL:1930-1995)		
	25	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND26(UL:814-849; DL:859 -894</li></ul>		
		_ ` `		
	26	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND27(UL:807.5-824;</li></ul>		
		DL:852-869)		
	27	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND28(703-748; DL:758-803)</li></ul>		
	28	<ul> <li>EUTRAN_BAND29(UL:1850-1910 or</li> </ul>		
		1710-1755; DL:716-728)		

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	29	- EUTRAN_BAND30(UL:2305-2315;
	00	DL:2350-2360)
	32	<ul> <li>EUTRAN_BAND33(UL:1900-1920;</li> </ul>
		DL:1900-1920)
	33	<ul> <li>EUTRAN_BAND34(UL:2010-2025;</li> </ul>
		DL:2010-2025)
	34	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND35(UL:1850-1910;</li></ul>
		DL:1850-1910)
	35	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND36(UL:1930-1990;</li></ul>
		DL:1930-1990)
	36	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND37(UL:1910-1930;</li></ul>
		DL:1910-1930)
	37	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND38(UL:2570-2620;</li></ul>
		DL:2570-2620)
	38	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND39(UL:1880-1920;</li></ul>
		DL:1880-1920)
	39	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND40(UL:2300-2400;</li></ul>
		DL:2300-2400)
	40	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND41(UL:2496-2690;</li></ul>
		DL:2496-2690)
	41	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND42(UL:3400-3600;</li></ul>
		DL:3400-3600)
	42	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND43(UL:3600-3800;</li></ul>
		DL:3600-3800)
	65	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND66(UL:1710-1780;</li></ul>
		DL:2110-2200)
	70	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND71(UL:663-698; DL:617-652)</li></ul>
	251	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND252(DL:5150-5250)</li></ul>
	254	<ul><li>EUTRAN_BAND255(DL:5725-5850)</li></ul>
<tds_mode></tds_mode>	64bit number	r, the value is "1" << " <tds_pos>", then or by bit.</tds_pos>
<tds_pos></tds_pos>	Value:	
	0x000000000	0000003F – Any (any value)
	0	<ul> <li>TDS Band A (1900-1920 MHz,</li> </ul>
		2010-2020 MHz)
	1	<ul> <li>TDS Band B (1850-1910 MHz,</li> </ul>
		1930-1990 MHz)
	2	– TDS Band C (1910-1930 MHz)
	3	- TDS Band D (2570-2620 MHz)
	4	- TDS Band E (2300-2400 MHz)
	5	- TDS Band F (1880-1920 MHz)
<term_mode></term_mode>		n permanent
torm_modo		n until a power cycle
	ı — telli	n unui a powor oyoic

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#### AT+CNBP=,0x0000000000000095

OK

#### AT+CNBP?

+CNBP:

OK

AT+CNBP: "","13697252277",129

+CNBP:

OK

### 4.2.13 AT+CNAOP Acquisitions order preference

This command is used to reset the state of acquisitions order preference.

AT+CNAOP Acquisitions order preference		
Read Command AT+CNAOP?	Response +CNAOP: <mode>[,<sys_mode1>,[<sys_mode2>[,<sys_mode3>[,<sys_mode4>[,<sys_mode5>[,<sys_mode6>]]]]]]  OK</sys_mode6></sys_mode5></sys_mode4></sys_mode3></sys_mode2></sys_mode1></mode>	
Write Command  AT+CNAOP= <mode>[,<sys_mode1>[,<sys_mode2>[,<sys_mode3>[,<sys_mode4>[,<sys_mode6>]]]]]]]</sys_mode6></sys_mode4></sys_mode3></sys_mode2></sys_mode1></mode>	Response OK or ERROR	

### **Defined Values**

<mode> 7 — Acquistion by priority order list <sys_mode< th=""><th>den&gt;s.</th></sys_mode<></mode>	den>s.

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<sys_mode></sys_mode>	sys_mode values:
	2 – CDMA
	3 - GSM
	4 – HDR
	5 – WCDMA
	9 – LTE
	11 - TDSCDMA

AT+CNAOP=7,9,5,3,11,2,4

OK

AT+CNAOP?

+CNAOP: 7,9,5,3,11,2,4

OK

### 4.2.14 AT+CPSI Inquiring UE system information

This command is used to return the UE system information.

AT+CPSI Inquiring UE system information		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CPSI=?	+CPSI: (scope of <time>)</time>	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CPSI?	If camping on a cdma/evdo cell:	
	+CPSI: CDMA, <operation mode="">[,<mcc>-<mnc>,<cdma ch<="" td=""></cdma></mnc></mcc></operation>	
	num>, <cdma pilot="" pn="">,<cdma 0="" agc="" chain="" rx="">,<cdma rx<="" td=""></cdma></cdma></cdma>	
	Chain 1 AGC>, <cdma 0="" chain="" lna="">,<cdma 1<="" chain="" td=""></cdma></cdma>	
	LNA>, <cdma agc="" tx="">,<sid>,<nid>,<cdma ec="" io="">,<bid>]</bid></cdma></nid></sid></cdma>	
	+CPSI: EVDO, <operation mode="">[,<mcc>-<mnc>,<evdo ch<="" td=""></evdo></mnc></mcc></operation>	
	num>, <evdo 0="" agc="" chain="" rx="">,<evdo 1="" agc="" chain="" rx="">,<evdo< td=""></evdo<></evdo></evdo>	
	TX AGC>, <evdo pn="" serving="">,<evdo rel0="" sci="">,<evdo rela<="" td=""></evdo></evdo></evdo>	
	SCI>, <evdo ec="" io="">]</evdo>	
	OK	
	If camping on a gsm cell:	
	+CPSI: <system mode="">,<operation< td=""></operation<></system>	
	Mode>, <mcc>-<mnc>,<lac>,<cell id="">,<absolute ch<="" rf="" td=""></absolute></cell></lac></mnc></mcc>	

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Num>,<RxLev>,
<Track LO Adjust>,<C1-C2>

#### **OK**

If camping on a wcdma cell:

+CPSI: <System Mode>,<Operation Mode>,<MCC>-<MNC>,<LAC>,<Cell ID>,<Frequency Band>,<PSC>,<Freq>,<SSC>,<EC/IO>,<RSCP>,<Qual>,<RxLev>,<TXPWR>

#### OK

If camping on a tds-cdma cell:

+CPSI: <System Mode>,<Operation Mode>,<MCC>-<MNC>,<LAC>,<Cell ID>,<Frequency Band>,<Uarfcn>,<Cpid>

#### OK

If camping on a Ite cell:

+CPSI: <System Mode>,<Operation Mode>[,<MCC>-<MNC>,<TAC>,<ScellID>,<PcellID>,<Frequency Band>,<earfcn>,<dlbw>,<ulbw>,<RSRQ>,<RSRP>,<RSSI>,<RSSN R>]

#### OK

If camping on a cdma/evdo cell:

+CPSI: CDMA,<Operation Mode>[,<MCC>-<MNC>,<CDMA ch num>,<CDMA pilot PN>,<CDMA RX Chain 0 AGC>,<CDMA RX Chain 1 AGC>,<CDMA Chain 0 LNA>,<CDMA Chain 1 LNA>,<CDMA TX AGC>,<SID>,<NID>,<CDMA EC/IO>,<BID>] +CPSI: EVDO,<Operation Mode>[,<MCC>-<MNC>,<EVDO ch num>,<EVDO RX Chain 0 AGC>,<EVDO RX Chain 1 AGC>,<EVDO TX AGC>,<EVDO Serving PN>,<EVDO Rel0 SCI>,<EVDO RelA SCI>,<EVDO EC/IO>]

#### OK

If camping on a cdma/ehrpd cell:

+CPSI: CDMA,<Operation Mode>[,<MCC>-<MNC>,<CDMA ch num>,<CDMA pilot PN>,<CDMA RX Chain 0 AGC>,<CDMA RX Chain 1 AGC>,<CDMA Chain 0 LNA>,<CDMA Chain 1 LNA>,<CDMA TX AGC>,<SID>,<NID>,<CDMA EC/IO>,<BID>] +CPSI: Ehrpd,<Operation Mode>[,<MCC>-<MNC>,<EVDO ch num>,<EVDO RX Chain 0 AGC>,<EVDO RX Chain 1 AGC>,<EVDO TX AGC>,<EVDO Serving PN>,<EVDO Rel0 SCI>,<EVDO RelA SCI>,<EVDO EC/IO>]

**OK** 

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	If camping on 1xlte cell:  +CPSI: CDMA, <operation mode="">[,<mcc>-<mnc>,<cdma ch="" num="">,<cdma pilot="" pn="">,<cdma 0="" agc="" chain="" rx="">,<cdma 1="" agc="" chain="" rx="">,<cdma 0="" chain="" lna="">,<cdma 1="" chain="" lna="">,<cdma agc="" tx="">,<sid>,<nid>,<cdma ec="" io="">,<bid>] +CPSI: LTE,<operation mode="">[,<mcc>-<mnc>,<tac>,<scellid>,<pcellid>,<frequency band="">,<earfcn>,<dlbw>,<ulbw>,<rsrq>,<rsrp>,<rssi>,<rssn r="">]</rssn></rssi></rsrp></rsrq></ulbw></dlbw></earfcn></frequency></pcellid></scellid></tac></mnc></mcc></operation></bid></cdma></nid></sid></cdma></cdma></cdma></cdma></cdma></cdma></cdma></mnc></mcc></operation>
	OK
	If no service:
	+CPSI: NO SERVICE, Online
	ОК
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CPSI= <time></time>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Defined Values	
<time></time>	The range is 0-255 unit is second after set <time> will report the</time>

<time></time>	The range is 0-255, unit is second, after set <time> will report the system information every the seconds.</time>
<system mode=""></system>	System mode, values: "NO SERVICE", "GSM", "WCDMA", "LTE", "TDS"  If module in LIMITED SERVICE state and +CNLSA command is set to 1, the system mode will display as "GSM-LIMITED", "WCDMA-LIMITED"
<operation mode=""></operation>	UE operation mode, values: "Unknown", "Online", "Offline", "Factory Test Mode", "Reset", "Low Power Mode".
<mcc></mcc>	Mobile Country Code (first part of the PLMN code)
<mnc></mnc>	Mobile Network Code (second part of the PLMN code)
<lac></lac>	Location Area Code (hexadecimal digits)
<cell id=""></cell>	Service-cell Identify.
<absolute ch="" number="" rf=""></absolute>	AFRCN for service-cell.
<track adjust="" lo=""/>	Track LO Adjust
<c1></c1>	Coefficient for base station selection
<c2></c2>	Coefficient for Cell re-selection
<frequency band=""></frequency>	Frequency Band of active set
<psc></psc>	Primary synchronization code of active set.
<freq></freq>	Downlink frequency of active set.

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<ssc></ssc>	Secondary synchronization code of active set
<ec io=""></ec>	Ec/lo value Received Signal Code Power
<rscp></rscp>	Received Signal Code Power
<qual></qual>	Quality value for base station selection
<rxlev></rxlev>	RX level value for base station selection
<txpwr></txpwr>	UE TX power in dBm. If no TX, the value is 500.
<cpi></cpi>	Cell Parameter ID
<tac></tac>	Tracing Area Code
<pceliid></pceliid>	Physical Cell ID
<earfcn></earfcn>	E-UTRA absolute radio frequency channel number for searching LTE cells
<dlbw></dlbw>	Transmission bandwidth configuration of the serving cell on the downlink
<ul><li><ulbw></ulbw></li></ul>	Transmission bandwidth configuration of the serving cell on the uplink
<rsrp></rsrp>	Current reference signal received power in -1/10 dBm. Available for LTE
<rsrq></rsrq>	Current reference signal receive quality as measured by L1.
<rssnr></rssnr>	Average reference signal signal-to-noise ratio of the serving cell
<bid></bid>	Base ID

### AT+CPSI?

+CPSI: GSM,Online,460-00,0x182d,12401,27 EGSM 900,-64,2110,42-42

OK

#### AT+CPSI?

+CPSI: WCDMA,Online,460-01,0Xa809,11122855,WCDMA IMT 2000,279,10663,0,1.5,62,33,

52,500

OK

#### AT+CPSI=?

+CPSI: (0-255)

OK

### 4.2.15 AT+CNSMOD Show network system mode

This command is used to return the current network system mode.

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	Test Command	Response
Read Command AT+CNSMOD?  CNSMOD: <n>, <stat>  OK Or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Write Command AT+CNSMOD=<n> OK Or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> OK Or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality:</err></n></err></stat></n>	AT+CNSMOD=?	+CNSMOD: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
AT+CNSMOD?  +CNSMOD: <n>,<stat>  OK  or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err>  Write Command  AT+CNSMOD=<n> OK  or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality:</n></err></stat></n>		ОК
OK or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Write Command AT+CNSMOD=<n> OK or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality:</n></err>	Read Command	Response
or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality:  +CME ERROR: <err> Write Command  Response  OK  or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality:</err>	AT+CNSMOD?	+CNSMOD: <n>,<stat></stat></n>
ERROR If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Write Command Response OK or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality:</err>		ОК
If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err> Write Command AT+CNSMOD=<n> OK or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality:</n></err>		or
+CME ERROR: <err> Write Command Response OK or ERROR If error is related to ME functionality:</err>		ERROR
Write Command  AT+CNSMOD= <n> OK  or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality:</n>		If error is related to ME functionality:
AT+CNSMOD= <n> OK  or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality:</n>		+CME ERROR: <err></err>
or  ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality:	Write Command	Response
ERROR  If error is related to ME functionality:	AT+CNSMOD= <n></n>	OK
If error is related to ME functionality:		or
		ERROR
+CME ERROR: <err></err>		If error is related to ME functionality:
		+CME ERROR: <err></err>
	efined Values	

<n></n>	0 – disable auto report the network system mode information
	1 – auto report the network system mode information, command:
	+CNSMOD: <stat></stat>
<stat></stat>	0 – no service
	1 - GSM
	2 – GPRS
	3 – EGPRS (EDGE)
	4 – WCDMA
	5 – HSDPA only(WCDMA)
	6 - HSUPA only(WCDMA)
	7 - HSPA (HSDPA and HSUPA, WCDMA)
	8 – LTE
	9 – TDS-CDMA
	10 – TDS-HSDPA only
	11 – TDS- HSUPA only
	12 - TDS- HSPA (HSDPA and HSUPA)
	13 - CDMA
	14 – EVDO
	15 - HYBRID (CDMA and EVDO)
	16 – 1XLTE(CDMA and LTE)
	23 – Ehrpd
	24 - HYBRID(CDMA and Ehrpd)

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<type></type>	Type of address octet in integer format.see also AT+CPBR <type></type>

#### **Example**

```
AT+CNSMOD?
+CNSMOD: 0,2
OK
```

#### 4.2.16 AT+CEREG EPS network registration status

The set command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat> when <n>=1 and there is a change in the MT's EPS network registration status in E-UTRAN, or unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<AcT>]] when <n>=2 and there is a change of the network cell in E-UTRAN; in this latest case <AcT>, <tac> and <ci> are sent only if available.

NOTE 1: If the EPS MT in GERAN/UTRAN/E-UTRAN also supports circuit mode services and/or GPRS services, the +CREG command and +CREG: result codes and/or the +CGREG command and +CGREG: result codes apply to the registration status and location information for those services.

The read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the MT. Location information elements <tac>, <ci> and <AcT>, if available, are returned only when <n>=2 and MT is registered in the network.

AT+CEREG EPS network registration status	
Test Command	Response
AT+CEREG=?	+CEREG: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
Read Command	Response
AT+CEREG?	+CEREG: <n>,<stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<act>]]</act></ci></tac></stat></n>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CEREG[= <n>]</n>	OK
	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Response (Set default value( <n>=0)</n>

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AT+CEREG	ок
	or
	ERROR

<n></n>	<ul> <li>0 – disable network registration unsolicited result code</li> </ul>
	1 – enable network registration unsolicited result code +CEREG
	<stat></stat>
	2 – enable network registration and location information
	unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<act>]]</act></ci></tac></stat>
<stat></stat>	0 - not registered, MT is not currently searching an operator to
	register to
	1 – registered, home network
	2 - not registered, but MT is currently trying to attach or
	searching an operator to register to
	3 – registration denied
	4 – unknown (e.g. out of E-UTRAN coverage)
	5 – registered, roaming
	6 - registered for "SMS only", home network (not applicable)
	7 - registered for "SMS only", roaming (not applicable)
	8 – attached for emergency bearer services only (See NOTE 2)
<tac></tac>	string type; two byte tracking area code in hexadecimal format (e.g
	"00C3" equals 195 in decimal)
<ci></ci>	string type; four byte E-UTRAN cell identify in hexadecimal format
<act></act>	A numberic parameter that indicates the access technology of serving
	cell
	0 – GSM (not applicable)
	1 – GSM Compact (not applicable)
	2 – UTRAN (not applicable)
	3 - GSM w/EGPRS (see NOTE 3) (not applicable)
	4 - UTRAN w/HSDPA (see NOTE 4) (not applicable)
	5 - UTRAN w/HSUPA (see NOTE 4) (not applicable)
	6 - UTRAN w/HSDPA and HSUPA (see NOTE 4) (not applicable)
	7 – E-UTRAN

### Example

### AT+CEREG?

+CEREG: 0,4

OK

NOTE



If the EPS MT in GERAN/UTRAN/E-UTRAN also supports circuit mode services and/or GPRS services, the +CREG command and +CREG: result codes and/or the +CGREG command and +CGREG: result codes apply to the registration status and location information for those services.

### 4.2.17 AT+CTZU Automatic time and time zone update

This command is used to enable and disable automatic time and time zone update via NITZ.

AT+CTZU Automatic time a	AT+CTZU Automatic time and time zone update	
Test Command	Response	
AT+CTZU=?	+CTZU: (list of supported <on_off>s)</on_off>	
	ок	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CTZU?	+CTZU: <on_off></on_off>	
	OK	
	or	
	If error is related to ME functionality:	
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CTZU= <on_off></on_off>	ОК	
	or	
	ERROR	

### **Defined Values**

<on_off></on_off>	Integer type value indicating:
	0 – Disable automatic time zone update via NITZ.
	1 – Enable automatic time zone update via NITZ. (default)
	NOTE:
	1. The value of <on_off> is nonvolatile, and factory value is 1.</on_off>
	2. For automatic time and time zone update is enabled (+CTZU=1):
	If time zone is only received from network and it isn't equal to local
	time zone (AT+CCLK), time zone is updated automatically, and real
	time clock is updated based on local time and the difference between
	time zone from network and local time zone (Local time zone must be
	valid).
	If Universal Time and time zone are received from network, both time



zone and real time clock is updated automatically, and real time clock
is based on Universal Time and time zone from network.

#### Example

AT+CTZU?
+CTZU: 1

OK

AT+CTZU=0
OK

### 4.2.18 AT+CTZR Time and time zone reporting

This command is used to enable and disable the time zone change event reporting. If the reporting is enabled the MT returns the unsolicited result code +CTZV: <tz>[,<time>][,<dst>]whenever the time zone is changed.

AT+CTZR Time and time zon	ne reporting
Test Command	Response
AT+CTZR=?	+CTZR: (list of supported <on_off>s)</on_off>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CTZR?	+CTZR: <on_off></on_off>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CTZR= <on_off></on_off>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Execution Command	Response (Set default value)
AT+CTZR	OK

#### **Defined Values**

<on_off></on_off>	Integer type value indicating:
	<ul> <li><u>0</u> – Disable time zone change event reporting (default).</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>1 – Enable time zone change event reporting.</li></ul>
+CTZV:	Unsolicited result code when time zone received from network isn't
<tz>[,<time>][,<dst>]</dst></time></tz>	equal to local time zone, and if the informations from network don't



include date and time, time zone will be only reported, and if network daylight saving time is present, it is also reported. For example:

- +CTZV: 32 (Only report time zone)
- +CTZV: 32,1 (Report time zone and network daylight saving time)
- +CTZV: 32,08/12/09,17:00:00 (Report time and time zone)
- +CTZV: 32,08/12/09,17:00:00,1 (Report time, time zone and daylight saving time)

For more detailed informations about time and time zone, please refer 3GPP TS 24.008.

- <tz> Local time zone received from network.
- <time> Universal time received from network, and the format is
  "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss", where characters indicate year (two last digits),
  month, day, hour, minutes and seconds.
- <dst> Network daylight saving time, and if it is received from network, it indicates the value that has been used to adjust the local time zone. The values as following:
- No adjustment for Daylight Saving Time.
- 1 +1 hour adjustment for Daylight Saving Time.
- 2 +2 hours adjustment for Daylight Saving Time.

NOTE: Herein, <time> is Universal Time or NITZ time, but not local time.

#### Example

#### AT+CTZR?

+CTZR: 0

OK

AT+CTZR=1

OK

#### **NOTE**

The time zone reporting is not affected by the Automatic Time and Time Zone command AT+CTZU.

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# 5. AT Commands for Call Control

### 5.1 Overview of AT Commands for Call Control

Command	Description
AT+CVHU	Voice hang up control
AT+CHUP	Hang up call
AT+CBST	Select bearer service type
AT+CRLP	Radio link protocol
AT+CR	Service reporting control
AT+CRC	Cellular result codes
AT+CLCC	List current calls
AT+CEER	Extended error report
AT+CCWA	Call waiting
AT+CHLD	Call related supplementary services
AT+CCFC	Call forwarding number and conditions
AT+CLIP	Calling line identification presentation
AT+CLIR	Calling line identification restriction
AT+COLP	Connected line identification presentation
AT+VTS	DTMF and tone generation
AT+VTD	Tone duration
AT+CSTA	Select type of address
AT+CMOD	Call mode
AT+VMUTE	Speaker mute control
AT+CMUT	Microphone mute control
AT+MORING	Enable or disable report MO ring URC
AT+CLVL	Loudspeaker volume level
AT+SIDET	Set sidetone
AT+CACDBFN	Change default ACDB filename
AT+CPCMREG	USB audio control
AT+CMICGAIN	Adjust mic gain
AT+COUTGAIN	Adjust out gain
AT+CTXVOL	Adjust TX voice mic volume
AT+CTXMICGAIN	Adjust TX voice mic gain

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AT+CRXVOL	Adjust RX voice output speaker volume
AT+CECH	Inhibit far-end echo
AT+CECDT	Inhibit echo during doubletalk
AT+CECWB	Inhibit echo in the high band
AT+CNSN	MIC NOISE suppression
AT+CNSLIM	MIC NOISE suppression
AT+CFNSMOD	Adjust parameter fnsMode of RX_VOICE_FNS
AT+CFNSIN	Adjust parameter fnsInputGain of RX_VOICE_FNS
AT+CFNSLVL	Adjust parameter fnsTargetNS of RX_VOICE_FNS
AT+CECRX	Enable or disable VOICE_MOD_ENABLE
AT+CNLPPG	Modify the NLPP_gain in DSP
AT+CNLPPL	Modify the NLPP_limit in DSP
AT+CECM	Adjust echo canceller
AT+CPCMFRM	Set usb audio sample rate to 16K bit
AT+CPTONE	Play tone
AT+CODECCTL	Control codec by Host device or Module
AT+CPCMBANDWIDTH	Modify the sampling rate of the PCM
AT+CSDVC	Switch voice channel device

## 5.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for Call Control

#### 5.2.1 AT+CVHU Voice hang up control

Write command selects whether ATH or "drop DTR" shall cause a voice connection to be disconnected or not. By voice connection is also meant alternating mode calls that are currently in voice mode.

AT+CVHU Voice hang up control		
Test Command AT+CVHU=?	Response +CVHU: (list of supported <mode>s)  OK</mode>	
Read Command AT+CVHU?	Response +CVHU: <mode></mode>	
Write Command AT+CVHU= <mode></mode>	Response a) If successfully: OK	



	b) If failed: ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CVHU	ОК
Maximum Response Time	120000ms

<mode></mode>	0	_	"Drop	DTR"	ignored	but	OK	response	given.	ATH
	disc	connec	ts.							
	<u>1</u>	_	"Drop D	TR" ar	nd ATH ig	nore	d but	OK respor	nse give	en.

#### **Examples**

AT+CVHU=0	
OK	
AT+CVHU?	
+CVHU: 0	
OK	

#### 5.2.2 AT+CHUP Hang up call

This command is used to cancel voice calls. If there is no call, it will do nothing but OK response is given. After running AT+CHUP, multiple "VOICE CALL END: " may be reported which relies on how many calls exist before calling this command.

AT+CHUP Hang up call	
Test Command AT+CHUP=?	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command AT+CHUP	Response  VOICE CALL: END: <time>  [  VOICE CALL: END: <time>]  OK</time></time>
	No call:  OK
Maximum Response Time	120000ms

#### **Defined Values**



<time></time>	Voice call connection time.		
	Format -	HHMMSS (HH: hour, MM: minute, SS: second)	

#### **Examples**

#### **AT+CHUP**

VOICE CALL:END: 000017

OK

#### 5.2.3 AT+CBST Select bearer service type

Write command selects the bearer service <name> with data rate <speed>, and the connection element <ce> to be used when data calls are originated. Values may also be used during mobile terminated data call setup, especially in case of single numbering scheme calls.

AT+CBST Select bearer service type				
Test Command AT+CBST=?	Response +CBST: (list of supported <speed>s),(list of supported <name>s),(list of supported <ce>s)  OK</ce></name></speed>			
Read Command AT+CBST?	Response +CBST: <speed>,<name>,<ce></ce></name></speed>			
Write Command AT+CBST= <speed>[,<name>[<c e="">]]</c></name></speed>	Response a) If successfully:  OK b) If failed:  ERROR			
Execution Command AT+CBST	Response <b>OK</b>			
Maximum Response Time	120000ms			

#### **Defined Values**

<speed></speed>	<u>0</u> –	autobauding(automatic selection of the speed; this setting is possible in case of 3.1 kHz modem and non-transparent service)
	7 –	9600 bps (V.32)
	12 –	9600 bps (V.34)
	14 –	14400 bps(V.34)



	16 - 28800 bps(V.34)
	17 - 33600 bps(V.34)
	39 - 9600 bps(V.120)
	43 - 14400 bps(V.120)
	48 - 28800 bps(V.120)
	51 - 56000 bps(V.120)
	71 - 9600 bps(V.110)
	75 – 14400 bps(V.110)
	80 – 28800 bps(V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)
	81 – 38400 bps(V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)
	83 – 56000 bps(V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing)
	84 – 64000 bps(X.31 flag stuffing)
	116 – 64000 bps(bit transparent)
	134 – 64000 bps(multimedia)
<name></name>	<u>0</u> – Asynchronous modem
	1 – Synchronous modem
	4 – data circuit asynchronous (RDI)
<ce></ce>	0 – transparent

NOTE: If <speed> is set to 116 or 134, it is necessary that <name> is equal to 1 and <ce> is equal to 0.

#### **Examples**

```
AT+CBST=0,0,1
OK

AT+CBST?
+CBST: 0,0,1
```

### 5.2.4 AT+CRLP Radio link protocol

Radio Link Protocol(RLP) parameters used when non-transparent data calls are originated may be altered with write command.

Read command returns current settings for each supported RLP version <verX>. Only RLP parameters applicable to the corresponding <verX> are returned.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value. If ME/TA supports several RLP versions <verX>, the RLP parameter value ranges for each <verX> are returned in a separate line.

AT+CRLP Radio link protocol	
Test Command	Response



AT+CRLP=?	+CRLP: (list of supported <iws>s),(list of supported <mws>s),(list of supported <t1>s),(list of supported <n2>s)[,<ver1>[,(list of supported <t4>s)]][<cr><lf>+CRLP: (list of supported <iws>s),(list of supported <mws>s),(list of supported <t1>s),(list of supported <n2>s)[,<ver2>[,(list of supported <t4>s)]] []]  OK</t4></ver2></n2></t1></mws></iws></lf></cr></t4></ver1></n2></t1></mws></iws>
Read Command AT+CRLP?	Response +CRLP: <iws>,<mws>,<t1>,<n2>[,<ver1>[,<t4>]][<cr><lf> +CRLP: <iws>,<mws>,<t1>,<n2>[,<ver2>[,<t4>]] []]  OK</t4></ver2></n2></t1></mws></iws></lf></cr></t4></ver1></n2></t1></mws></iws>
Write Command AT+CRLP= <iws>[,<mws>[,<t1> [,<n2>[,<ver>[,<t4>]]]]]</t4></ver></n2></t1></mws></iws>	Response a) If successfully:  OK b) If failed:  ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CRLP	OK
Maximum Response Time	120000ms

<ver>,<verx></verx></ver>	RLP version number in integer format, and it can be 0, 1 or 2; when version indication is not present it shall equal 1.
<iws></iws>	IWF to MS window size.
<mws></mws>	MS to IWF window size.
<t1></t1>	Acknowledgement timer.
<n2></n2>	Retransmission attempts.
<t4></t4>	Re-sequencing period in integer format.

### Examples

#### AT+CRLP?

+CRLP: 61,61,48,6,0 +CRLP: 0,61,48,6,1 +CRLP: 240,240,52,6,2

OK

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#### 5.2.5 AT+CR Service reporting control

Write command controls whether or not intermediate result code "+CR: <serv>" is returned from the TA to the TE. If enabled, the intermediate result code is transmitted at the point during connect negotiation at which the TA has determined which speed and quality of service will be used, before any error control or data compression reports are transmitted, and before the intermediate result code CONNECT is transmitted.

AT+CR Service reporting control		
	Response	
Test Command	+CR: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>	
AT+CR=?		
	OK	
	Response	
Read Command	+CR: <mode></mode>	
AT+CR?		
	OK	
	Response	
Write Command	a) If successfully:	
AT+CR= <mode></mode>	OK	
AT OR SHOULD	b) If failed:	
	ERROR	
Execution Command	Response	
AT+CR	OK	
Maximum Response Time	120000ms	

#### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	<ul> <li>0 – disables reporting</li> <li>1 – enables reporting</li> </ul>
<serv></serv>	ASYNC - asynchronous transparent  SYNC - synchronous transparent  REL ASYNC - asynchronous non-transparent  REL sync - synchronous non-transparent  GPRS [ <l2p>] - GPRS  The optional <l2p> proposes a layer 2 protocol to use between the MT and the TE.s</l2p></l2p>

#### **Examples**

AT+CR=1
OK
AT+CR?

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+CR: 1 OK

#### 5.2.6 AT+CRC Cellular result codes

Write command controls whether or not the extended format of incoming call indication or GPRS network request for PDP context activation is used. When enabled, an incoming call is indicated to the TE with unsolicited result code "+CRING: <type>" instead of the normal RING.

Test command returns values supported by the TA as a compound value.

AT+CRC Cellular result codes	
Test Command AT+CRC=?	Response +CRC: (list of supported <mode>s)  OK</mode>
Read Command AT+CRC?	Response +CRC: <mode></mode>
Write Command AT+CRC= <mode></mode>	Response a) If successfully: OK b) If failed: ERROR
Execution Command AT+CRC	Response <b>OK</b>
Maximum Response Time	120000ms

#### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	_	ended format nded format
<type></type>	ASYNC - SYNC - REL ASYNC - REL SYNC - FAX - VOICE - VOICE/XXX - ALT VOICE/XXX - ALT XXX/VOICE -	asynchronous transparent synchronous transparent asynchronous non-transparent synchronous non-transparent facsimile normal voice voice followed by data(XXX is ASYNC, SYNC, REL ASYNC or REL SYNC) alternating voice/data, voice first alternating voice/data, data first

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ALT FAX/VOICE	-	alternating voice/fax, fax first
GPRS	-	GPRS network request for PDP context
		activation

#### **Examples**

AT+CRC=1		
OK		
AT+CRC?		
+CRC: 1		
OK		

### 5.2.7 AT+CLCC List current calls

This command issued to return list of current calls of ME. If command succeeds but no calls are available, no information response is sent to TE.

AT+CLCC List current calls	
Test Command AT+CLCC=?	Response +CLCC: (list of supported <n>s)  OK</n>
Read Command AT+CLCC?	Response +CLCC: <n> OK</n>
Write Command AT+CLCC= <n></n>	Response a) If successfully: OK b) If failed: ERROR
Execution Command AT+CLCC	Response +CLCC: <id1>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>[,<number>,<type>[,<alph a="">]][<cr><lf> +CLCC: <id2>,<dir>,<stat>,<mode>,<mpty>[,<number>,<type>[,<alph a="">]] []]</alph></type></number></mpty></mode></stat></dir></id2></lf></cr></alph></type></number></mpty></mode></stat></dir></id1>

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	OK
Maximum Response Time	120000ms

<n></n>	<ul> <li>O - Don't report a list of current calls of ME automatically when the current call status changes.</li> <li>1 - Report a list of current calls of ME automatically when the current call status changes.</li> </ul>
<idx></idx>	Integer type, call identification number, this number can be used in +CHLD command operations.
<dir></dir>	<ul><li>0 - mobile originated (MO) call</li><li>1 - mobile terminated (MT) call</li></ul>
<mode></mode>	State of the call:  0 - active  1 - held  2 - dialing (MO call)  3 - alerting (MO call)  4 - incoming (MT call)  5 - waiting (MT call)  6 - disconnect  bearer/teleservice:  0 - voice  1 - data  2 - fax  9 - unknown
<mpty></mpty>	<ul> <li>0 - call is not one of multiparty (conference) call parties</li> <li>1 - call is one of multiparty (conference) call parties</li> </ul>
<number></number>	String type phone number in format specified by <type>.</type>
<type></type>	<ul> <li>Type of address octet in integer format;</li> <li>128 – Restricted number type includes unknown type and format</li> <li>145 – International number type</li> <li>161 – national number. The network support for this type is optional</li> <li>177 – network specific number, ISDN format</li> <li>129 – Otherwise</li> </ul>
<alpha></alpha>	String type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding to the entry found in phonebook; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.</number>

### Examples

### ATD10011;

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OK

#### AT+CLCC

+CLCC: 1,0,0,0,0,"10011",129,"sm"

OK

RING (with incoming call)

#### AT+CLCC

+CLCC: 1,1,4,0,0,"02152063113",128,"gongsi"

OK

#### 5.2.8 AT+CEER Extended error report

Execution command causes the TA to return the information text <report>, which should offer the user of the TA an extended report of the reason for:

- 1 The failure in the last unsuccessful call setup(originating or answering) or in-call modification.
- 2 The last call release.
- 3 The last unsuccessful GPRS attach or unsuccessful PDP context activation.

The last GPRS detach or PDP context deactivation.

AT+CEER Extended error report		
Test Command AT+CEER=?	Response <b>OK</b>	
Execution Command AT+CEER	Response +CEER: <report> OK</report>	
Maximum Response Time	120000ms	

#### **Defined Values**

<report></report>	Wrong information which is possibly occurred.

#### **Examples**

#### AT+CEER

+CEER: Invalid/incomplete number

OK

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#### 5.2.9 AT+CCWA Call waiting

This command allows control of the Call Waiting supplementary service. Activation, deactivation and status query are supported. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>. Parameter <n> is used to disable/enable the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CCWA: <number>,<type>,<class> to the TE when call waiting service is enabled. Command should be abortable when network is interrogated.

AT+CCWA Call waiting	
	Response
Test Command	+CCWA: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
AT+CCWA=?	
	OK
	Response
Read Command	+CCWA: <n></n>
AT+CCWA?	
	OK
	Response
	a) If successfully:
	When <mode>=2 and command successful:</mode>
Write Command	+CCWA: <status>,<class>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></class></status>
AT+CCWA= <n>[,<mode>[,<clas< td=""><td>+CCWA: <status>,<class>[]]</class></status></td></clas<></mode></n>	+CCWA: <status>,<class>[]]</class></status>
s>]]	
	OK
	b) If failed:
	ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CCWA	OK
Maximum Response Time	120000ms

#### **Defined Values**

<n></n>	Sets/shows the result code presentation status in the TA  O – disable  1 – enable
<mode></mode>	When <mode> parameter is not given, network is not interrogated:  0</mode>
<class></class>	It is a sum of integers each representing a class of information (default 7)  1 - voice (telephony)  2 - data (refers to all bearer services)  4 - fax (facsimile services)

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	<ul> <li>7 - voice,data and fax(1+2+4)</li> <li>8 - short message service</li> <li>16 - data circuit sync</li> <li>32 - data circuit async</li> <li>64 - dedicated packet access</li> <li>128 - dedicated PAD access</li> <li>255 - The value 255 covers all classes</li> </ul>	
<status></status>	0 – not active 1 – active	
<number></number>	String type phone number of calling address in format specified by <type>.</type>	
<type></type>	Type of address octet in integer format;  128 — Restricted number type includes unknown type and format  145 — International number type  129 — Otherwise	

#### **Examples**

AT+CCWA=?		
+CCWA: (0-1)		
OK		
AT+CCWA?		
+CCWA: 0		
OK		

### 5.2.10 AT+CHLD Call related supplementary services

This command allows the control the following call related services:

- 1. A call can be temporarily disconnected from the ME but the connection is retained by the network.
- 2. Multiparty conversation (conference calls).
- 3. The served subscriber who has two calls (one held and the other either active or alerting) can connect the other parties and release the served subscriber's own connection.

Calls can be put on hold, recovered, released, added to conversation, and transferred. This is based on the GSM/UMTS supplementary services.

AT+CHLD Call related supplementary services			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CHLD=?	+CHLD: (list of supported <n>s)</n>		

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	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CHLD= <n></n>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CHLD	OK
Default to <n>=2.</n>	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	- 26(1)
Reference	-

<n></n>	0 - Terminate all held calls; or set User Determined User Busy
	for a waiting call
	1 - Terminate all active calls and accept the other call (waiting
	call or held call)
	1X - Terminate a specific call X
	2 - Place all active calls on hold and accept the other call
	(waiting call or held call) as the active call
	2X - Place all active calls except call X on hold
	3 - Add the held call to the active calls
	4 - Connect two calls and cut off the connection between users
	and them simultaneously

#### **Example**

#### AT+CHLD=?

+CHLD: (0,1,1x,2,2x,3,4)

OK

### 5.2.11 AT+CCFC Call forwarding number and conditions

This command allows control of the call forwarding supplementary service. Registration, erasure, activation, deactivation, and status query are supported.

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AT+CCFC Call forwarding number and conditions			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CCFC=?	+CCFC: (list of supported <reason>s)</reason>		
	OK		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CCFC= <reason>,<mode< td=""><td>When <mode>=2 and command successful:</mode></td></mode<></reason>	When <mode>=2 and command successful:</mode>		
>[, <number>[,<type>[,<clas< td=""><td>+CCFC: <status>,<class1>[,<number>,<type></type></number></class1></status></td></clas<></type></number>	+CCFC: <status>,<class1>[,<number>,<type></type></number></class1></status>		
s>[, <subaddr>[,<satype>[,<t< td=""><td colspan="3">t [,<subaddr>,<satype>[,<time>]]][<cr><lf></lf></cr></time></satype></subaddr></td></t<></satype></subaddr>	t [, <subaddr>,<satype>[,<time>]]][<cr><lf></lf></cr></time></satype></subaddr>		
ime>]]]]]]	+CCFC: <status>,<class2>[,<number>,<type></type></number></class2></status>		
	[, <subaddr>,<satype>[,<time>]]][]]</time></satype></subaddr>		
	OK		
	When <mode>!=2 and command successful:</mode>		
	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		
	or		
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>		
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE		
Maximum Response Time			
Reference	-		

<reason></reason>	0 – unconditional	
	1 – mobile busy	
	2 – no reply	
	3 – not reachable	
	4 – all call forwarding	
	5 – all conditional call forwarding	
<mode></mode>	0 – disable	
	1 – enable	
	2 – query status	
	3 – registration	
	4 – erasure	
<number></number>	String type phone number of forwarding address in format specified by <type>.</type>	
<type></type>	Type of address octet in integer format:	
	145 – dialing string <number> includes international access code character '+'</number>	
	129 – otherwise	
<subaddr></subaddr>	String type sub address of format specified by <satype>. Subaddr length is 0-19.</satype>	
<satype></satype>	Type of sub address octet in integer format, default 128.	

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<classx></classx>	It is a sum of integers each representing a class of information (default
	7):
	1 – voice (telephony)
	2 – data (refers to all bearer services)
	4 – fax (facsimile services)
	16 – data circuit sync
	32 – data circuit async
	64 – dedicated packet access
	128 – dedicated PAD access
	255 – The value 255 covers all classes
<time></time>	130 – The parameter is set multiple of 5. When "no reply" is enabled or queried, this gives the time in seconds to wait before call is
	forwarded, default value 20.
<status></status>	0 – not active
	1 – active

#### **Example**

AT+CCFC=?

+CCFC: (0,1,2,3,4,5)

OK

AT+CCFC=0,2 +CCFC: 0,255

OK

#### 5.2.12 AT+CLIP Calling line identification presentation

This command refers to the GSM/UMTS supplementary service CLIP (Calling Line Identification Presentation) that enables a called subscriber to get the calling line identity (CLI) of the calling party when receiving a mobile terminated call.

Write command enables or disables the presentation of the CLI at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service CLIP in the network.

When the presentation of the CLI at the TE is enabled (and calling subscriber allows), +CLIP:

<number>,<type>,,[,[<alpha>][,<CLI validity>]] response is returned after every RING (or +CRING: <type>;
refer sub clause "Cellular result codes +CRC") result code sent from TA to TE. It is manufacturer specific if
this response is used when normal voice call is answered.

AT+CLIP Calling line identification presentation			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CLIP=?	+CLIP: (list of supported <n>s)</n>		

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	OK		
Read Command	Response		
AT+CLIP?	+CLIP: <n>,<m></m></n>		
	ОК		
	or		
	ERROR		
	or		
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CLIP= <n></n>	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		
Execution Command	Response		
AT+CLIP	Set default value( <n>=0):</n>		
	ОК		
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE		
Maximum Response Time	+   \ //		
Reference	-	<u>I</u>	

<n></n>	Parameter sets/shows the result code presentation status in the TA:		
	0 – disable		
	1 – enable		
<m></m>	0 - CLIP not provisioned		
	1 - CLIP provisioned		
	2 – unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)		
<number></number>	String type phone number of calling address in format specified by		
	<type></type>		
<type></type>	Type of address octet in integer format;		
	128 - Restricted number type includes unknown type and format		
	145 – International number type		
	161 – national number. The network support for this type is optional		
	177 - network specific number,ISDN format		
	129 – Otherwise		
<alpha></alpha>	String type alphanumeric representation of <number> corresponding</number>		
	to the entry found in phone book.		
<cli validity=""></cli>	0 – CLI valid		
	1 - CLI has been withheld by the originator		
	2 - CLI is not available due to interworking problems or		
	limitations of originating network		

### Example



AT+CLIP=1

OK

**RING** (with incoming call)

+CLIP: "02152063113",128,,,"gongsi",0

#### 5.2.13 AT+CLIR Calling line identification restriction

This command refers to CLIR service that allows a calling subscriber to enable or disable the presentation of the CLI to the called party when originating a call.

Write command overrides the CLIR subscription (default is restricted or allowed) when temporary mode is provisioned as a default adjustment for all following outgoing calls. This adjustment can be revoked by using the opposite command.. If this command is used by a subscriber without provision of CLIR in permanent mode the network will act.

Read command gives the default adjustment for all outgoing calls (given in <n>), and also triggers an interrogation of the provision status of the CLIR service (given in <m>).

Test command returns values supported as a compound value.

AT+CLIR Calling line identification restriction		
Test Command AT+CLIR=?	Response +CLIR: (list of supported <n>s)  OK</n>	
Read Command AT+CLIR?	Response +CLIR: <n>,<m>  OK  or  ERROR  or +CME ERROR: <err></err></m></n>	
Write Command AT+CLIR= <n></n>	Response  OK  or  ERROR  or +CME ERROR: <err></err>	
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE	
Maximum Response Time	-	
Reference	-	

#### **Defined Values**

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<n></n>	0 - presentation indicator is used according to the subscription of
	the CLIR service
	1 - CLIR invocation
	2 - CLIR suppression
<m></m>	0 - CLIR not provisioned
	1 - CLIR provisioned in permanent mode
	2 – unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)
	3 – CLIR temporary mode presentation restricted
	4 - CLIR temporary mode presentation allowed

#### **Example**

```
AT+CLIR=?
+CLIR: (0-2)
```

### 5.2.14 AT+COLP Connected line identification presentation

This command refers to the GSM/UMTS supplementary service COLP(Connected Line Identification Presentation) that enables a calling subscriber to get the connected line identity (COL) of the called party after setting up a mobile originated call. The command enables or disables the presentation of the COL at the TE. It has no effect on the execution of the supplementary service COLR in the network.

When enabled (and called subscriber allows), +COLP: <number>,<type>[,<subaddr>,<satype>[,<alpha>]] intermediate result code is returned from TA to TE before any +CR responses. It is manufacturer specific if this response is used when normal voice call is established.

When the AT+COLP=1 is set, any data input immediately after the launching of "ATDXXX;" will stop the execution of the ATD command, which may cancel the establishing of the call.

AT+COLP Connected line identification presentation		
Test Command	Response	
AT+COLP=?	+COLP: (list of supported <n>s)</n>	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+COLP?	+COLP: <n>,<m></m></n>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
	or	

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	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Response
AT+COLP= <n></n>	ОК
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Response
AT+COLP	Set default value( <n>=0, <m>=0):</m></n>
	OK
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<n></n>	Parameter sets/shows the result code presentation status in the TA:	
	0 – disable	
	1 – enable	
<m></m>	0 - COLP not provisioned	
	1 - COLP provisioned	
	2 – unknown (e.g. no network, etc.)	

#### Example

AT+COLP? +COLP: 1,0

OK

ATD10086;

**VOICE CALL: BEGIN** 

+COLP: "10086",129,,,

OK

### 5.2.15 AT+VTS DTMF and tone generation

This command allows the transmission of DTMF tones and arbitrary tones which cause the Mobile Switching Center (MSC) to transmit tones to a remote subscriber. The command can only be used in voice mode of operation (active voice call).

Note: The END event of voice call will terminate the transmission of tones, and as an operator option, the



tone may be ceased after a pre-determined time whether or not tone duration has been reached.

AT+VTS DTMF and tone generation		
Test Command	Response	
AT+VTS=?	+VTS: (list of supported <dtmf>s)</dtmf>	
	ок	
Write Command	Response	
AT+VTS= <dtmf></dtmf>	OK	
[, <duration>]</duration>	or	
	ERROR	
AT+VTS= <dtmf-string></dtmf-string>		
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE	
Maximum Response Time	- ( )	
Reference	-	

#### **Defined Values**

<dtmf></dtmf>	A single ASCII character in the set 0-9, *, #, A, B, C, D.
<duration></duration>	Tone duration in 1/10 seconds, from 0 to 255. This is interpreted as a DTMF tone of different duration from that mandated by the AT+VTD command, otherwise, the duration which be set the AT+VTD command will be used for the tone ( <duration> is omitted).</duration>
<dtmf-string></dtmf-string>	A sequence of ASCII character in the set 0-9, *, #, A, B, C, D, and maximal length of the string is 29. The string must be enclosed in double quotes (""), and separated by commas between the ASCII characters (e.g. "1,3,5,7,9,*"). Each of the tones with a duration which is set by the AT+VTD command.

#### NOTE

 The value of <mode> shall be set to zero after a successfully completed alternating mode call. It shall be set to zero also after a failed answering. The power-on, factory and user resets shall also set the value to zero. This reduces the possibility that alternating mode calls are originated or answered accidentally.

#### **Example**

AT+VTS=1

OK

**AT+VTS=1,20** 

OK

AT+VTS="1,3,5"

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OK

AT+VTS=?

+VTS: (0-9,\*,#,A,B,C,D)

OK

#### 5.2.16 AT+VTD Tone duration

This refers to an integer <n> that defines the length of tones emitted as a result of the AT+VTS command. A value different than zero causes a tone of duration <n>/10 seconds.

AT+VTD Tone duration	
Test Command AT+VTD=?	Response +VTD: (list of supported <n>s)</n>
	ок
Read Command AT+VTD?	Response +VTD: <n></n>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+VTD= <n></n>	OK
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

## **Defined Values**

<n></n>	Tone duration in integer format, from 0 to 255, and 0 is factory value.	
	0 -	Tone duration of every single tone is dependent on the
	network.	
	1255 -	one duration of every single tone in 1/10 seconds.

#### **Example**

**AT+VTD=?** +VTD: (0-255)

OK

AT+VTD?

+VTD: 0

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OK
AT+VTD=5
OK

### 5.2.17 AT+CSTA Select type of address

Write command is used to select the type of number for further dialing commands (ATD) according to GSM/UMTS specifications.

Read command returns the current type of number.

Test command returns values supported by the Module as a compound value.

AT+CSTA Select type of address		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CSTA=?	+CSTA: (list of supported <type>s)</type>	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CSTA?	+CSTA: <type></type>	
	ок	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CSTA= <type></type>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
Execution Command	Response	
AT+CSTA	OK	
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE	
Maximum Response Time	-	
Reference	-	

#### **Defined Values**

<type></type>	Type of address octet in integer format:
	145 – when dialling string includes international access code
	character "+"
	161 – national number. The network support for this type is optional
	177 – network specific number,ISDN format
	129 – otherwise

NOTE



 Because the type of address is automatically detected on the dial string of dialing command, command AT+CSTA has really no effect.

#### **Example**

**AT+CSTA?** +CSTA: 129

OK

AT+CSTA=145

OK

#### 5.2.18 AT+CMOD Call mode

Write command is used to select the type of number for further dialing commands (<u>ATD</u>) according to GSM/UMTS specifications.

Read command returns the current type of number.

Test command returns values supported by the Module as a compound value.

AT+CMOD Call mode	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMOD=?	+CMOD: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CMOD?	+CMOD: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMOD= <mode></mode>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CMOD	Set default value:
	OK
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	<u>0</u>	_	single mode(only supported)



#### **NOTE**

NOTE: The value of <mode> shall be set to zero after a successfully completed alternating mode
call. It shall be set to zero also after a failed answering. The power-on, factory and user resets shall
also set the value to zero. This reduces the possibility that alternating mode calls are originated or
answered accidentally.

#### Example

AT+CMOD? +CMOD: 0 OK AT+CMOD=0 OK

#### 5.2.19 AT+VMUTE Speaker mute control

This command is used to control the loudspeaker to mute and unmute during a voice call or a video call which is connected. If there is not a connected call, write command can't be used.

When all calls are disconnected, the Module sets the subparameter as 0 automatically.

AT+VMUTE Speaker mute control				
Test Command	Response			
AT+VMUTE=?	+VMUTE: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>			
	OK			
Read Command	Response			
AT+VMUTE?	+VMUTE: <mode></mode>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+VMUTE= <mode></mode>	OK			
	or			
	ERROR			
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE			
Maximum Response Time	-			
Reference	-			

#### **Defined Values**

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<mode></mode>	0	_	mute off
	1	_	mute on

#### **Example**

AT+VMUTE=1
OK
AT+VMUTE?
+VMUTE: 1
OK

#### 5.2.20 AT+CMUT Microphone mute control

This command is used to enable and disable the uplink voice muting during a voice call or a video call which is connected. If there is not a connected call, write command can't be used.

When all calls are disconnected, the Module sets the subparameter as 0 automatically.

AT+CMUT Microphone mute control				
Test Command	Response			
AT+CMUT=?	+CMUT: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>			
	ОК			
Read Command	Response			
AT+CMUT?	+CMUT: <mode></mode>			
Write Command	Response			
AT+CMUT= <mode></mode>	OK			
	Or			
	ERROR			
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE			
Maximum Response Time	-			
Reference	-			

#### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	0	_	mute off
	1	_	mute on

#### **Example**

AT+CMUT=1		

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OK	
AT+CMUT?	
+CMUT: 1	
OK	

### 5.2.21 AT+MORING Enable or disable report MO ring URC

This command is used to enable or disable report MO ring URC

Test Command	Response
AT+MORING=?	+MORING: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+MORING?	+MORING: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+MORING= <mode></mode>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	- 41 11 12
Reference	
efined Values	

<mode></mode>	0	_	disable report MO ring URC
	1	_	enable report MO ring URC

#### Example

AT+MORING=1 OK AT+MORING? +MORING: 1 OK AT+MORING=? +MORING: (0-1)

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OK

### 5.2.22 AT+CLVL Loudspeaker volume level

Write command is used to select the volume of the internal loudspeaker audio output of the device. Test command returns supported values as compound value.

AT+CLVL Loudspeaker volume level			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CLVL=?	+CLVL: (list of supported <level>s)</level>		
	OK		
Read Command	Response		
AT+CLVL?	+CLVL: <level></level>		
	OK		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CLVL= <level></level>	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		
Parameter Saving Mode	SAVE		
Maximum Response Time	- \ ( ( ) \ ( ) \ ( )		
Reference			

#### **Defined Values**

<level></level>	Integer type value which represents loudspeaker volume level. The
	range is from 0 to 5, and 0 represents the lowest loudspeaker volume
	level, 4 is default factory value.

#### NOTE

• NOTE: <level> is nonvolatile, and it is stored when restart.

#### **Example**

AT+CLVL=4 OK AT+CLVL? +CLVL: 4

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OK

#### 5.2.23 AT+SIDET Set sidetone

This command is used to enable or disable sidetone. Please refer to related hardware design document for more information. This command is only used after call start.

AT+SIDET Set sidetone	
Test Command	Response
AT+SIDET=?	+SIDET: (list of supported <en>s)</en>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+SIDET?	+SIDET: <en></en>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+SIDET= <en></en>	ОК
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	- (41)

#### **Defined Values**

<en></en>	0	12	disable sidetone
	1	_	enable sidetone

#### Example

AT+SIDET=1
OK
AT+SIDET: 0

OK
AT+SIDET=?
+SIDET: (0-1)

`

OK

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#### 5.2.24 AT+CACDBFN Change default ACDB filename

This command is used to change default acdb filename. But there are six adcd files used by system, we can't change default acdb filename to them. These filenames including Bluetooth\_cal.acdb, General\_cal.acdb, Global\_cal.acdb, Hdmi\_cal.acdb, Headset\_cal.acdb, Speaker\_cal.acdb

AT+CACDBFN Change defa	ult ACDB filename
Test Command	Response
AT+CACDBFN=?	+CACDBFN: (acdb file(s) listed in /data <acdb file="">s,except six acdb file used by system)</acdb>
	ОК
Read Command	Response
AT+CACDBFN?	+CACDBFN: <acdb file=""></acdb>
Write Command	Response
AT+CACDBFN= <acdb file=""></acdb>	ОК
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	SAVE
Maximum Response Time	- 4 6 1 1 9
Reference	

#### **Defined Values**

<acdb file=""></acdb>	file(s) in the directory /data with suffix: acdb, except six acdb file used
	by system

#### Example

AT+CACDBFN=Handset\_cal.acdb

OK

AT+CACDBFN?

+CACDBFN: Handset\_cal.acdb

OK

AT+CACDBFN=?

+CACDBFN: (Handset\_cal.acdb, Handset\_tianmai.acdb)

OK

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#### 5.2.25 AT+CPCMREG USB audio control

This command is used to start/stop usb audio function.

AT+CPCMREG USB audio c	ontrol
Test Command	Response
AT+CPCMREG=?	+CPCMREG: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CPCMREG?	+CPCMREG: <mode></mode>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CPCMREG= <mode>[,<s< td=""><td>OK</td></s<></mode>	OK
top>]	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

#### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	0	70	stop usb audio function,need used after call stop.
	1	7	start usb audio function,need used after call start(ATDxxx;)
<stop></stop>	1	4	stop usb audio function, need used after call stop. Only used
			when mode=0;

#### Example

OK

# AT+CPCMREG=1 OK AT+CPCMREG=0,1 OK AT+CPCMREG? +CPCMREG: 1

#### 5.2.26 AT+CMICGAIN Adjust mic gain

This command is used to adjust mic gain. If this command was used during call, it will take immediate effect.

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Otherwise, it will take effect in next call.

AT+CMICGAIN Adjust mic g	ain
Test Command	Response
AT+CMICGAIN=?	+CMICGAIN: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CMICGAIN?	+CMICGAIN: <value></value>
Write Command	Response
AT+CMICGAIN= <value></value>	ОК
	or ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	Gain value from 0-8, 8 is the max. 3 is the default value. This value will
	be reset to default value after Module reset.

#### Example

AT+CMICGAIN=1
OK
AT+CMICGAIN?
+CMICGAIN: 1

OK

#### 5.2.27 AT+COUTGAIN Adjust out gain

This command is used to adjust out (speaker/handset) gain. If this command was used during call, it will take immediate effect. Otherwise, it will take effect in next call.

AT+COUTGAIN Adjust out gain	
Test Command	Response
AT+COUTGAIN=?	+COUTGAIN: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK

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Read Command AT+COUTGAIN?	Response +COUTGAIN: <value></value>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+COUTGAIN= <value></value>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<value></value>	Gain value from 0-8, 8 is the max. 8 is the default value. This value will
	be reset to default value after Module reset.

#### **Example**

AT+COUTGAIN=1

OK

AT+COUTGAIN?

+COUTGAIN: 1

OK

#### 5.2.28 AT+CTXVOL Adjust TX voice mic volume

This command is used to adjust mic gain. It modify the TX\_VOICE\_VOL in DSP. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CTXVOL Adjust TX voice mic volume	
Test Command	Response
AT+CTXVOL=?	+CTXVOL: (list of supported <value>s)  OK</value>
Read Command	Response
AT+CTXVOL?	+CTXVOL: <value></value>
Write Command	Response
AT+CTXVOL= <value></value>	OK
	or

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	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0xffff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### **Example**

AT+CTXVOL=0x1234

OK

AT+CTXVOL?

+CTXVOL: 0x1234

OK

#### 5.2.29 AT+CTXMICGAIN Adjust TX voice mic gain

This command is used to adjust mic gain. It modify the TX\_VOICE\_MIC\_GAIN in DSP. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CTXMICGAIN Adjust TX	voice mic gain
Test Command	Response
AT+CTXMICGAIN=?	+CTXMICGAIN: (list of supported <mode><value>s)</value></mode>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CTXMICGAIN?	+CTXMICGAIN: <mode><value></value></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CTXMICGAIN= <mode>&lt;</mode>	OK
value>	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

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<mode></mode>	mode value from 0-1, default value is not a fixed value. It varies with different versions.
<value></value>	gain value from 0x0000-0xffff, default value is not a fixed value. It varies with different versions.

#### **Example**

AT+CTXMICGAIN=1,0x1234

OK

AT+CTXMICGAIN?

**+CTXMICGAIN:** 1,0x1234

OK

#### 5.2.30 AT+CRXVOL Adjust RX voice output speaker volume

This command is used to adjust digital Volume of output signal after speech decoder, before summation of sidetone and DAC. It modify the RX\_VOICE\_SPK\_GAIN in DSP. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CRXVOL Adjust RX voice output speaker volume	
Test Command	Response
AT+CRXVOL=?	+CRXVOL: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CRXVOL?	+CRXVOL: <value></value>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CRXVOL= <value></value>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0xffff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### **Example**

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AT+CRXVOL=0x1234

OK

AT+CRXVOL?

+CRXVOL: 0x1234

OK

#### 5.2.31 AT+CECH Inhibit far-end echo

This command is used to adjust additional muting gain applied in DES during far-end only. It modify the DENS\_gamma\_e\_high of TX\_VOICE\_SMECNS in DSP. The bigger the value, the stronger the inhibition. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CECH Inhibit far-end echo	
Test Command AT+CECH=?	Response +CECH: (list of supported <value>s)  OK</value>
Read Command AT+CECH?	Response +CECH: <value></value>
Write Command AT+CECH= <value></value>	Response OK or ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0x7fff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### **Example**

AT+CECH=0x1234

OK

AT+CECH?

+CECH: 0x1234

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OK

#### 5.2.32 AT+CECDT Inhibit echo during doubletalk

This command is used to adjust additional muting gain applied in DES during doubletalk. It modify the DENS\_gamma\_e\_dt of TX\_VOICE\_SMECNS in DSP. The bigger the value, the stronger the inhibition. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CECDT Inhibit echo dui	ing doubletalk
Test Command	Response
AT+CECDT=?	+CECDT: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CECDT?	+CECDT: <value></value>
Write Command	Response
AT+CECDT= <value></value>	ОК
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	- 611

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0x7fff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### Example

AT+CECDT=0x1234

OK

AT+CECDT?

+CECDT: 0x1234

OK

#### 5.2.33 AT+CECWB Inhibit echo in the high band

This command is used to adjust the aggressiveness of EC in the high band (4 ~ 8 kHz). A higher value is

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more aggressive and suppresses more high-band echo. Q-format — Q4.11WB\_gamma\_E = 2048 \* gammaWhere gamma is in the range [0,15]. It modify the WB\_gamma\_e of TX\_VOICE\_SMECNS in DSP. The bigger the value, the stronger the inhibition. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CECWB Inhibit echo in high band	
Test Command	Response
AT+CECWB=?	+CECWB: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CECWB?	+CECWB: <value></value>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CECWB= <value></value>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0x7fff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### **Example**

AT+CECWB=0x1234 OK

...

AT+CECWB?

+CECWB: 0x1234

OK

#### 5.2.34 AT+CNSN MIC NOISE suppression

This command is used to adjust oversubtraction factor and bias compensation for noise estimation. It modify the DENS\_gamma\_n of TX\_VOICE\_SMECNS in DSP. The bigger the value, the stronger the noise suppression. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CNSN MIC NOISE suppression

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Response +CNSN: (list of supported <value>s)  OK</value>
Response +CNSN: <value></value>
Response  OK  or  ERROR
NO_SAVE
-

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0x7fff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### Example

AT+CNSN=0x1234

OK

AT+CNSN?

+CNSN: 0x1234

OK

#### 5.2.35 AT+CNSLIM MIC NOISE suppression

This command is used to controls the maximum amount of noise suppression. It modify the DENS\_limit\_NS of TX\_VOICE\_SMECNS in DSP. The bigger the value, the stronger the noise suppression. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CNSLIM MIC NOISE suppression	
Test Command	Response
AT+CNSLIM=?	+CNSLIM: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CNSLIM?	+CNSLIM: <value></value>

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	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CNSLIM= <value></value>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0x7fff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### Example

AT+CNSLIM=0x1234

OK

AT+CNSLIM?

+CNSLIM: 0x1234

OK

#### 5.2.36 AT+CFNSMOD Adjust parameter fnsMode of RX\_VOICE\_FNS

This command is used to modify the fnsMode of RX\_VOICE\_FNS in DSP. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CFNSMOD Adjust parameter fnsMode of RX_VOICE_FNS	
Response	
+CFNSMOD: (list of supported <value>s)</value>	
OK	
Response	
+CFNSMOD: <value></value>	
OK	
Response	
OK	
or	
ERROR	
NO_SAVE	

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Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<value></value>	Gain value is bellow, default value is not a fixed value. It varies with
	different versions.
	0x00FF - Maximum NS
	0x0073 - Basic stationary NS
	0x00F3 - Enhanced stationary NS
	0x01FF - Aggressive NS

#### Example

AT+CFNSMOD=0x0073

OK

AT+CFNSMOD?

+CFNSMOD: 0x0073

OK

## 5.2.37 AT+CFNSIN Adjust parameter fnsInputGain of RX\_VOICE\_FNS

This command is used to modify the fnsInputGain of RX\_VOICE\_FNS in DSP. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CFNSIN Adjust parameter fnsInputGain of RX_VOICE_FNS	
Test Command	Response
AT+CFNSIN=?	+CFNSIN: (list of supported <value>s)  OK</value>
Read Command	Response
AT+CFNSIN?	+CFNSIN: <value></value>
ALL ST NOM:	OK .
Write Command	Response
AT+CFNSIN= <value></value>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

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<value></value>	Gain value from 0x2000-0x7fff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### **Example**

AT+CFNSIN=0x2234

OK

AT+CFNSIN?

+CFNSIN: 0x2234

OK

#### 5.2.38 AT+CFNSLVL Adjust parameter fnsTargetNS of RX\_VOICE\_FNS

This command is used to modify the fnsTargetNS of RX\_VOICE\_FNS in DSP. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CFNSLVL Adjust parameter fnsTargetNS of RX_VOICE_FNS	
Test Command	Response
AT+CFNSLVL=?	+CFNSLVL: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CFNSLVL?	+CFNSLVL: <value></value>
Write Command	Response
AT+CFNSLVL= <value></value>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0x7fff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### **Example**

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AT+CFNSLVL=0x2234

OK

AT+CFNSLVL?

+CFNSLVL: 0x2234

OK

#### 5.2.39 AT+CECRX Enable or disable VOICE\_MOD\_ENABLE

This command is used to enable or disable VOICE\_MOD\_ENABLE. It modify the VOICE\_MOD\_ENABLE in DSP. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CECRX Enable or disable VOICE_MOD_ENABLE	
Test Command	Response
AT+CECRX=?	+CECRX: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CECRX?	+CECRX: <value></value>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CECRX= <value></value>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	- \ \ \
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	This default value is not a fixed value. It varies with different versions.
	1 – Enable
	0 – Disable

#### NOTE

The LE20 base modules are not support this command

#### **Example**

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AT+CECRX=1

OK

AT+CECRX?

+CECRX: 1

OK

#### 5.2.40 AT+CNLPPG Modify the NLPP\_gain in DSP

This command is used to modify the NLPP\_gain of VOICE\_ECRX\_PARAM in DSP. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CNLPPG Modify the NLF	PP_gain in DSP
Test Command	Response
AT+CNLPPG=?	+CNLPPG: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CNLPPG?	+CNLPPG: <value></value>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CNLPPG= <value></value>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	- \ \
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0x7fff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### **NOTE**

The LE20 base modules are not support this command

#### Example

#### AT+CNLPPG=0x1234

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OK

AT+CNLPPG?

+CNLPPG: 0x1234

OK

#### 5.2.41 AT+CNLPPL Modify the NLPP\_limit in DSP

This command is used to modify the NLPP\_limit of VOICE\_ECRX\_PARAM in DSP. This command only be used during call and don't save the parameter after call.

AT+CNLPPL Modify the NLPP_limit in DSP		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CNLPPL=?	+CNLPPL: (list of supported <value>s)</value>	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CNLPPL?	+CNLPPL: <value></value>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CNLPPL= <value></value>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE	
Maximum Response Time		
Reference	-	

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	Gain value from 0x0000-0x7fff, default value is not a fixed value. It
	varies with different versions.

#### **NOTE**

The LE20 base modules are not support this command

#### **Example**

#### AT+CNLPPL=0x1234

OK

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#### AT+CNLPPL?

+CNLPPL: 0x1234

OK

#### 5.2.42 AT+CECM Adjust echo canceller

This AT command is used to select the echo cancellation mode. Write command only be used during call.

AT+CECM Adjust echo canceller		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CECM=?	+CECM: (list of supported <value>s)</value>	
	ОК	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CECM?	+CECM: <value></value>	
	ОК	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CECM= <value></value>	ОК	
	or	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE	
Maximum Response Time	- 61/1	
Reference	- 41	

Defined Values	
<value></value>	This default value is not a fixed value. It varies with different versions.
	0 – disable EC mode
	1 - EC mode recommended for Speaker phone aggressive
	2 - EC mode recommended for Speaker phone medium
	3 - EC mode recommended for Speaker least aggressive
	4 - EC mode recommended for Bluetooth
	5 - EC mode recommended for Bluetooth (less aggressive)
	6 – EC mode recommended for Bluetooth (least aggressive)
	7 - EC mode recommended for HANDSFREE
	8 - EC mode recommended for Headset
	9 - EC mode recommended for Handset

#### Example

#### AT+CECM=1

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OK			
AT+CECM?			
+CECM: 1			
OK			

#### 5.2.43 AT+CPCMFRM Set usb audio sample rate to 16K bit

This command is used to set usb audio sample rate to 16K bit.

Note: This command only support for usb audio 8k to 16k switching, but not support for 16k to 8k switching.

AT+CPCMFRM Set usb audio sample rate to 16K bit		
Test Command AT+CPCMFRM=?	Response +CPCMFRM: (list of supported <value>s)</value>	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CPCMFRM?	+CPCMFRM: <value></value>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CPCMFRM= <value></value>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE	
Maximum Response Time		
Reference	- \ \	

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	Gain value from 0-1, default value is 0.	
	<u>0</u> − usb audio use 8k bit	
	1 – usb audio use 16k bit	

#### Example

AT+CPCMFRM=1		
OK		
AT+CPCMFRM?		
+CPCMFRM: 1		
OK		

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#### 5.2.44 AT+CPTONE Play tone

This AT command is used to local play a tone.

AT+CPTONE Play tone	
Test Command	Response
AT+CPTONE=?	+CPTONE: (list of supported <tone>s)</tone>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CPTONE= <tone></tone>	OK
AT+CPTONE= <tone>,<time></time></tone>	or
, <gain></gain>	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	. /

#### **Defined Values**

<tone></tone>	Support 0-16.
<time></time>	Duration, the default value is 50ms. Support 1-1000.
<gain></gain>	The default value is 4000. Support 1-9999.

#### Example

AT+CPTONE=1
OK
AT+CPTONE=1,200,1000
OK

#### 5.2.45 AT+CODECCTL Control codec by Host device or Module

This command is used to select Host device or Module to control codec. This command doesn't save the parameter after reboot.

AT+CODECCTL Control codec by Host device or Module		
Test Command AT+CODECCTL=?	Response +CCODECCTL: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>	
	ОК	
Read Command AT+CODECCTL?	Response +CCODECCTL: <mode></mode>	

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	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CODECCTL= <mode></mode>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<mode></mode>	mode value from 0-1, default value is 0.  Output  Outp
Example	

#### Example

AT+CODECCTL=1		
OK		
AT+CODECCTL?		
+CCODECCTL: 1		
OK		

#### Modify the sampling rate of the PCM 5.2.46 AT+CPCMBANDWIDTH

This command is used to modify the sampling rate of the PCM to 8k or 16k. This command don't save the parameter after reboot.

AT+CPCMBANDWIDTH Modify the sampleing rate of the PCM		
Test Command  AT+CPCMBANDWIDTH=?	Response +CPCMBANDWIDTH: (list of supported <volte_sample>s),(list of supported <novolte_sample>s )</novolte_sample></volte_sample>	
	ОК	
Read Command  AT+CPCMBANDWIDTH?	Response +CPCMBANDWIDTH: <volte_sample>,<novolte_sample></novolte_sample></volte_sample>	
Write Command		
Write Command	Response	

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AT+CPCMBANDWIDTH= <m< th=""><th>ок</th></m<>	ок
ode>	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<volte_sample></volte_sample>	Value from 0-1, default value is 0.
	<u>0</u> – Sampling rate is 16K.
	1 – Sampling rate is 8K.
<novolte_sample></novolte_sample>	Value from 0-1, default value is 0.
	<u>0</u> – Sampling rate is 16K.
	1 – Sampling rate is 8K.

#### **Example**

AT+CPCMBANDWIDTH=1,0

OK

AT+CPCMBANDWIDTH?

+CPCMBANDWIDTH: 1,0

OK

#### 5.2.47 AT+CSDVC Switch voice channel device

This command is used to switch voice channel device. After changing current voice channel device and if there is a connecting voice call, it will use the settings of previous device (loudspeaker volume level, mute state of loudspeaker and microphone, refer to AT+CLVL, AT+VMUTE, and AT+CMUT).

AT+CSDVC Switch voice channel device		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CSDVC=?	+CSDVC: (list of supported <dev>s)</dev>	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CSDVC?	+CSDVC: <dev></dev>	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CSDVC= <dev></dev>	OK	
	or	

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	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<dev></dev>	Value from 0-3, default value is 1.
	0 - Close voice channel device. Only used after
	AT+CODECCTL=1
	<u>1</u> – Handset.
	3 – Speaker phone.

#### Example

AT+CSDVC=1

OK

AT+CSDVC?

+CSDVC: 1

OK

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# 6. AT Commands for Phonebook

#### 6.1 Overview of AT Commands for Phonebook

Command	Description
AT+CPBS	Select Phonebook memory storage
AT+CPBR	Read Phonebook entries
AT+CPBF	Find Phonebook entries
AT+CPBW	Write Phonebook entry
AT+CNUM	Subscriber number

### 6.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for Phonebook

#### 6.2.1 AT+CPBS Select Phonebook memory storage

This command selects the active phonebook storage, i.e.the phonebook storage that all subsequent phonebook commands will be operating on.

AT+CPBS Select Phonebook memory entries	
Test Command	Response
AT+CPBS=?	+CPBS: (list of supported <storage>s)</storage>
	ОК
Read Command	Response
AT+CPBS?	+CPBS: <storage>[,<used>,<total>]</total></used></storage>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CPBS= <storage></storage>	OK
	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:

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	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Response (Set default value "SM")
AT+CPBS	OK

<storage></storage>	Values reserved by the present document:
	"DC" - ME dialed calls list
	Capacity: max. 100 entries
	AT+CPBW command is not applicable to this storage.
	"MC" - ME missed (unanswered received) calls list
	Capacity: max. 100 entries
	AT+CPBW command is not applicable to this storage.
	"RC" - ME received calls list
	Capacity: max. 100 entries
	AT+CPBW command is not applicable to this storage.
	"SM" - SIM phonebook
	Capacity: depending on SIM card
	"ME" - Mobile Equipment phonebook
	Capacity: max. 500 entries
	"FD" - SIM fixdialling-phonebook
	Capacity:depending on SIM card
	"ON" - MSISDN list
	Capacity:depending on SIM card
	"LD" - Last number dialed phonebook
	Capacity: depending on SIM card
	AT+CPBW command is not applicable to this storage
	"EN" - Emergency numbers
	Capacity: depending on SIM card
	AT+CPBW command is not applicable to this storage.
<used></used>	Integer type value indicating the number of used locations in selected
	memory.
<total></total>	Integer type value indicating the total number of locations in selected memory.

#### Example

```
AT+CPBS=?
+CPBS:
("SM","DC","FD","LD","MC","ME","RC","EN
","ON")

OK
AT+CPBS="SM"
OK
```

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AT+CPBS?

+CPBS: "SM",1,200

OK

#### NOTE

 Select the active phonebook storage, i.e. the phonebook storage that all subsequent phonebook commands will be operating on

#### 6.2.2 AT+CPBR Read Phonebook entries

This command gets the record information from the selected memory storage in phonebook. If the storage is selected as "SM" then the command will return the record in SIM phonebook, the same to others.

AT+CPBR Read Phonebook	+CPBR Read Phonebook entries				
Test Command	Response				
AT+CPBR=?	+CPBR: ( <minindex>-<maxindex>),[<nlength>],[<tlength>]</tlength></nlength></maxindex></minindex>				
	OK				
	or				
	If error is related to ME functionality:				
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>				
Write Command	Response				
AT+CPBR= <index1>[,<index< td=""><td>[+CPBR: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></text></type></number></index1></td></index<></index1>	[+CPBR: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></text></type></number></index1>				
2>]	+CPBR: <index2>,<number>,<type>,<text>[]]]</text></type></number></index2>				
	OK				
	or				
	ERROR				
	If error is related to ME functionality:				
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>				

#### **Defined Values**

<ird><ird></ird></ird>	Integer type value in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory.
<index2></index2>	Integer type value in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory.

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<index></index>	Integer type. The current position number of the Phonebook index.				
<minindex></minindex>	Integer type the minimum <index> number.</index>				
<maxindex></maxindex>	Integer type the maximum <index> number.</index>				
<number></number>	String type, phone number of format <type>, the maximum length is <nlength>.</nlength></type>				
<type></type>	Type of phone number octet in integer format, default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+",128 for restricted number type includes unknown type and format, otherwise 129.				
<text></text>	String type field of maximum length <tlength>; often this value is set as name.</tlength>				
<nlength></nlength>	Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <number></number>				
<tlength></tlength>	Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <text>.</text>				

#### **Example**

#### AT+CPBS?

+CPBS: "SM",2,200

OK

#### **AT+CPBS=1,10**

+CPBR: 1,"1234567890",129,"James" +CPBR: 2,"0987654321",129,"Kevin"

OK

#### NOTE

• If the storage is selected as "SM" then the command will return the record in SIM phonebook, the same to others.

#### 6.2.3 AT+CPBF Find Phonebook entries

This command finds the record in phonebook (from the current phonebook memory storage selected with AT+CPBS) which alphanumeric field has substring <findtext>. If <findtext> is null, it will list all the entries.

AT+CPBF Find Phonebook entries		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CPBF=?	+CPBF: [ <nlength>],[<tlength>]</tlength></nlength>	

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	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CPBF=[ <findtext>]</findtext>	[+CPBF: <index1>,<number>,<type>,<text>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></text></type></number></index1>
	+CPBF: <indexn>,<number>,<type>,<text>[]]]</text></type></number></indexn>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

<findtext></findtext>	String type, this value is used to find the record. Character set should be the one selected with command AT+CSCS.
<index></index>	Integer type. The current position number of the Phonebook index.
<number></number>	String type, phone number of format <type>, the maximum length is <nlength>.</nlength></type>
<type></type>	Type of phone number octet in integer format, default 145 when dialing string includes international access code character "+", 128 for restricted number type includes unknown type and format, otherwise 129.
<text></text>	String type field of maximum length <tlength>; often this value is set as name.</tlength>
<nlength></nlength>	Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <number></number>
<tlength></tlength>	Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <text>.</text>

#### **Example**

#### AT+CPBF="James"

+CPBF: 1,"1234567890",129,"James"

OK

#### NOTE

If <findtext> is null, it will list all the entries.

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#### 6.2.4 AT+CPBW Write Phonebook entry

This command writes phonebook entry in location number <index> in the current phonebook memory storage selected with AT+CPBS.

AT+CPBW Write Phonebook	c entry
Test Command	Response
AT+CPBW=?	+CPBW: (list of supported <index>s),[<nlength>],</nlength></index>
	(list of supported <type>s),[<tlength>]</tlength></type>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Response
AT+CPBW=[ <index>][,<num< td=""><td>OK</td></num<></index>	OK
ber>[, <type>[,<text>]]]</text></type>	or
	ERROR
	If error is related to ME functionality:
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

#### **Defined Values**

	+CME ERROR: <err></err>				
Defined Values					
<index></index>	Integer type values in the range of location numbers of phonebook memory. If <index> is not given, the first free entry will be used. If <index> is given as the only parameter, the phonebook entry specified by <index> is deleted. If record number <index> already exists, it will be overwritten.</index></index></index></index>				
<number></number>	String type, phone number of format <type>, the maximum length is <nlength>. It must be an non-empty string.</nlength></type>				
<type></type>	It must be an non-empty string. Type of address octet in integer format, The range of value is from 129 to 255. If <number> contains a leading "+" <type> = 145 (international) is used.Supported value are: 145 — when dialing string includes international access code character "+" 161 — national number. The network support for this type is optional 177 — network specific number, ISDN format 129 — otherwise NOTE: Other value refer TS 24.008 [8] subclause 10.5.4.7.</type></number>				
<text></text>	String type field of maximum length <tlength>; character set as specified by command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.</tlength>				

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<nlength></nlength>	Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <number>.</number>
<tlength></tlength>	Integer type value indicating the maximum length of field <text>.</text>

#### **Example**

AT+CPBW=3,"88888888",129,"John" OK

AT+CPBW=,"6666666",129,"mary"

OK

AT+CPBW=1

OK

#### **NOTE**

• NOTE: If the parameters of <type> and <text> are omitted and the first character of <number> is '+', it will specify <type> as 145(129 if the first character isn't '+') and <text> as NULL.

#### 6.2.5 AT+CNUM Subscriber number

Execution command returns the MSISDNs related to the subscriber (this information can be stored in the SIM or in the ME). If subscriber has different MSISDN for different services, each MSISDN is returned in a separate line.

AT+CNUM Subscriber number				
Test Command	Response			
AT+CNUM=?	OK			
Execution Command	Response			
AT+CNUM	[+CNUM: <alpha>,<number>,<type>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></type></number></alpha>			
	+CNUM: <alpha>,<number>,<type> []]]</type></number></alpha>			
	OK			
	or			
	If error is related to ME functionality:			
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>			

#### **Defined Values**

<alpha></alpha>	Optional	alphanumeric	string	associated	with	<number>,</number>	used

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	character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.
<number></number>	String type phone number of format specified by <type>.</type>
<type></type>	Type of address octet in integer format.see also AT+CPBR <type></type>

#### **Example**

#### AT+CNUM

+CNUM: "","13697252277",129

OK

#### NOTE

 If subscriber has different MSISDN for different services, each MSISDN is returned in a separate line

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# 7. AT Commands for SIM Application Toolkit

#### 7.1 Overview of AT Commands for SIM Application Toolkit

Command	Description		
AT+STIN	SAT Indication		
AT+STGI	Get SAT information		
AT+STGR	SAT respond		
AT+STK	STK switch		
AT+STKFMT	Set STK pdu format		
AT+STENV	Original STK PDU Envelope Command		
AT+STSM	Get STK Setup Menu List with PDU Mode		

#### 7.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for SIM Application Toolkit

#### 7.2.1 AT+STIN SAT Indication

Every time the SIM Application issues a Proactive Command, via the ME, the TA will receive an indication. This indicates the type of Proactive Command issued.

AT+STGI must then be used by the TA to request the parameters of the Proactive Command from the ME. Upon receiving the +STGI response from the ME, the TA must send AT+STGR to confirm the execution of the Proactive Command and provide any required user response, e.g. a selected menu item.

AT+STIN SAT Indication	
Test Command	Response
AT+STIN=?	ОК
Read Command	+STIN: <cmd_id></cmd_id>
AT+STIN?	
	ок

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#### **Unsolicited Result Codes**

<cmd_id> Proactive Command notification</cmd_id>			
	21 - Display text		
	22 – Get inkey		
	23 – Get input		
	24 - Select item		
+STIN: 25	Notification that SIM Application has returned to main menu. If user doesn't do any action in 2 minutes, application will return to main menu automatically.		

#### **Defined Values**

<cmd_id></cmd_id>	21 – Display text
	22 – Get inkey
	23 – Get input
	24 - Select item
	25 – Set up menu
	81 – Session end (pdu mode only)
	0 - None command
<time></time>	Service time

#### Example

#### AT+STIN?

+STIN: 24

OK

#### NOTE

• Every time the SIM Application issues a Proactive Command, via the ME, the TA will receive an indication. This indicates the type of Proactive Command issued.

#### 7.2.2 AT+STGI Get SAT information

Regularly this command is used upon receipt of an URC "+STIN" to request the parameters of the Proactive Command. Then the TA is expected to acknowledge the AT+STGI response with AT+STGR to confirm that the Proactive Command has been executed. AT+STGR will also provide any user information, e.g. a selected menu item. The Proactive Command type value specifies to which "+STIN" the command is related.

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Note: Please check the format refered to AT+STKFMT

AT+STGI Get SAT inforr				
Test Command	Response			
AT+STGI=?	OK (PPI) (			
Write Command	Response (PDU format)			
AT+STGI= <cmd_id></cmd_id>	+STGI: <cmd_id>,<tag>,<pdu_len>,<pdu_value></pdu_value></pdu_len></tag></cmd_id>			
	OK			
AT+STGI= <cmd_id></cmd_id>	Response (NOT PDU format, listed below)			
	If <cmd_id>=10:</cmd_id>			
	OK			
	If <cmd_id>=21:</cmd_id>			
	+STGI: 21, <prio>,<clear_mode>,<text_len>,<text></text></text_len></clear_mode></prio>			
	ОК			
	If <cmd id="">=22:</cmd>			
	+STGI: 22, <rsp_format>,<help>,<text_len>,<text></text></text_len></help></rsp_format>			
	, m., m., m., m., m., m., m., m., m., m.			
	ОК			
	If <cmd_id>=23:</cmd_id>			
	+STGI:			
	23, <rsp_format>,<max_len>,<min_len>,<help>,<show>,<text_lei< td=""></text_lei<></show></help></min_len></max_len></rsp_format>			
	>, <text></text>			
	, toke			
	ок			
	If <cmd id="">=24:</cmd>			
	+STGI:			
	24, <help>,<softkey>,<pre>,<title_len>,<title>,&lt;item_num&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;+STGI: 24,&lt;item_id&gt;,&lt;item_len&gt;,&lt;item_data&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;[]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;OK&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td rowspan=2&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;If &lt;cmd_id&gt;=25:&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;+STGI: 25,&lt;help&gt;,&lt;softkey&gt;,&lt;title_len&gt;,&lt;title&gt;,&lt;item_num&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;+STGI: 25,&lt;item_id&gt;,&lt;item_len&gt;,&lt;item_data&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;[]&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;ОК&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title></title_len></pre></softkey></help>			

#### **Defined Values**

<cmd_id></cmd_id>	Proactive Command notification
	10 – Setup call
	21 – Display text
	22 – Get inkey

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	23 – Get input		
	24 - Select item		
	25 - Set up menu		
<prio></prio>	Priority of display text		
	0 – Normal priority		
	1 – High priority		
<clear_mode></clear_mode>	0 – Clear after a delay		
	1 – Clear by user		
<text_len></text_len>	Length of text		
<rsp_format></rsp_format>	0 – SMS default alphabet		
	1 – YES or NO		
	2 – numerical only		
حاد مامه	3 – UCS2		
<help></help>	0 – Help unavailable		
	1 – Help available		
<max_len></max_len>	Maximum length of input		
<min_len></min_len>	Minimum length of input		
<show></show>	0 – Hide input text		
	1 – Display input text		
<softkey></softkey>	0 – No softkey preferred		
4	1 – Softkey preferred		
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Menu presentation format available for select item		
	<ul> <li>0 - Presentation not specified</li> <li>1 - Data value presentation</li> </ul>		
	<ul><li>1 – Data value presentation</li><li>2 – Navigation presentation</li></ul>		
<title_len></title_len>	3 1		
<item_num></item_num>	Length of title		
<u> </u>	Number of items in the menu		
<item_id></item_id>	Identifier of item		
<item_len></item_len>	Length of item		
<title>&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td colspan=3&gt;Title in ucs2 format&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;item_data&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td colspan=3&gt;Content of the item in ucs2 format&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;text&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td colspan=2&gt;Text in ucs2 format.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;tag&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td colspan=3&gt;Not used now.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;pdu_len&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td colspan=3&gt;Integer type, pdu string length&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;pdu_val&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;String type, the pdu string.&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</title>			

#### Example

#### **AT+STGI=25 (NOT PDU format)**

+STGI:

25,0,0,10,"795E5DDE884C59295730",15

+STGI: 25,1,8,"8F7B677E95EE5019"

**+STGI**: 25,2,8,"77ED4FE17FA453D1"

+STGI: 25,3,8,"4F1860E05FEB8BAF"

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+STGI: 25,4,8,"4E1A52A17CBE9009"

+STGI: 25,5,8,"8D448D3963A88350"

+STGI: 25,6,8,"81EA52A9670D52A1"

+STGI: 25,7,8,"8F7B677E5F6994C3"

+STGI: 25,8,8,"8BED97F367425FD7"

+STGI: 25,9,10,"97F34E506392884C699C"

+STGI: 25,10,8,"65B095FB59296C14"

+STGI: 25,11,8,"94C358F056FE7247"

+STGI: 25,12,8,"804A59294EA453CB"

+STGI: 25,13,8,"5F005FC34F1195F2"

+STGI: 25,14,8,"751F6D3B5E388BC6"

+STGI:

25,21,12,"00530049004D53614FE1606F"

OK

#### AT+STGI=24 (PDU format)

+STGI:

24,0,48,"D02E81030124008202818285098070

ED70B963A883508F0A018053057F574E078C

618F0C02809177917777ED6D88606F"

OK

#### 7.2.3 AT+STGR SAT respond

The TA is expected to acknowledge the AT+STGI response with AT+STGR to confirm that the Proactive Command has been executed. AT+STGR will also provide any user information, e.g. a selected menu item.

Note: Please check the format refered to AT+STKFMT

AT+STGR SAT respond		
Test Command AT+STGR=?	Response <b>OK</b>	
Write Command AT+STGR= <cmd_id>[,<data>]</data></cmd_id>	Response (NOT PDU format) OK	
AT+STGR= <pdu_len>,<pdu _value=""></pdu></pdu_len>	Response ( <i>PDU format</i> ) OK	

#### **Defined Values**

<cmd_id></cmd_id>	Proactive Command notification		
	10 – Setup call		
	21 – Display text		

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	22 – Get inkey		
	23 – Get input		
	24 – Select item		
	25 – Set up menu		
	81 – Session end		
	83 - Session end by user		
	84 – Go backward		
<data></data>	If <cmd_id>=22:</cmd_id>		
	Input a character		
	If <cmd_id>=23:</cmd_id>		
	Input a string.		
	If <rsp_format> is YES or NO, input of a character in case of ANS</rsp_format>		
	character set requests one byte, e.g. "Y".		
	If <rsp_format> is numerical only, input the characters in decima</rsp_format>		
	number, e.g. "123"		
	If <rsp_faomat> is UCS2, requests a 4 byte string, e.g. "0031"</rsp_faomat>		
	<rsp_faomat> refer to the response by AT+STGI=23</rsp_faomat>		
	If <cmd_id>=24:</cmd_id>		
	Input the identifier of the item selected by user		
	If <cmd_id>=25:</cmd_id>		
	Input the identifier of the item selected by user		
	If <cmd_id>=83:</cmd_id>		
	<data> ignore</data>		
	Note: It could return main menu during Proactive Command id is no		
	22 or 23		
	If <cmd_id>=84:</cmd_id>		
	<data> ignore</data>		
<pdu_len></pdu_len>	Integer type, pdu string length		
<pdu_value></pdu_value>	String type, the pdu string.		

#### **Example**

AT+STGR=25,1 (NOT PDU format)

OK

+STIN: 24

AT+STGR=30,"8103012400020282818301009

**00101"** (PDU format)

OK

#### NOTE

After selected an item, different SIM/USIM cards will report different +STIN: command.

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#### 7.2.4 AT+STK STK switch

This command is used to disable or enable the STK function. If the argument is 1, it is enabled. While the argument is 0, it is disabled.

AT+STK STK switch	
Test Command	Response
AT+STK=?	+STK: (list of supported <value>s)</value>
Read Command	OK Response
AT+STK?	+STK: <value></value>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+STK= <value></value>	OK or
	ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+STK	OK

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0 -	Disable STK
	1 -	Enable STK

#### **Example**

#### AT+STK=1 OK

#### **NOTE**

Module should reboot to take effective

#### 7.2.5 AT+STKFMT Set STK pdu format

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This command is used to disable or enable the STK pdu mode. If the argument is 1, it is enabled. While if the argument is 0, it is disabled.

Note: Module should reboot to take effective.

AT+STKFMT Set STK pdu format		
Read Command	Response	
AT+STKFMT?	+STKFMT: <value></value>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+STKFMT= <value></value>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0	4	Disable STK pdu format, decoded command mode.
	1	_	Enable STK pdu format

#### Example

AT+STKFMT=1		
OK		

#### **NOTE**

Module should reboot to take effective

## 7.2.6 AT+STENV Original STK PDU Envelope Command

This command is used to original stk pdu envelope command.

Note: PDU format supported only.

AT+STENV Original STK PDU Envelope Command		
Test Command	Response	
AT+STENV=?	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+STENV= <len>,<pdu></pdu></len>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

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#### **Defined Values**

<len></len>	Integer type, pdu string length
<pdu></pdu>	String type, pdu value

#### **Example**

AT+STENV=18,"D30782020181900101"

OK

#### NOTE

Module should reboot to take effective

#### 7.2.7 AT+STSM Get STK Setup Menu List with PDU Mod

This command is used to get the stk setup menu list with pdu mode **Note:** PDU format supported only.

AT+STSM Get STK Setup Menu List with PDU Mod	
Test Command	Response
AT+STSM=?	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+STSM?	+STSM: <cmd_id>,<tag>,<pdu_len>,<pdu_value></pdu_value></pdu_len></tag></cmd_id>
	OK
	or
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<cmd_id></cmd_id>	Integer type, please refer to AT+STIN
<tag></tag>	Not used now.
<pdu_len></pdu_len>	Integer type, pdu string length
<pdu_value></pdu_value>	String type, the pdu string.

#### **Example**

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#### AT+STSM?

#### +STSM:

25,0,120,"D0768103012500820281828507806 5B052BF529B8F0A018070ED70B963A883508 F06028070AB94C38F0A03806D41884C77ED4 FE18F0A048081EA52A9670D52A18F0A05806 24B673A97F34E508F0606808D854FE18F0A0 7805A314E50753162118F0A0880767E53D875 1F6D3B8F0A09806D596C5F98919053"

OK

#### NOTE

Setup main menu info got first before envelope command sent.

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# 8. AT Commands for GPRS

#### 8.1 Overview of AT Commands for GPRS

Command	Description
AT+CGREG	GPRS network registration status
AT+CGATT	Packet domain attach or detach
AT+CGACT	GPRS network registration status
AT+CGDCONT	Define PDP context
AT+CGDSCONT	Define Secondary PDP Context
AT+CGTFT	Traffic Flow Template
AT+CGQREQ	Quality of service profile (requested)
AT+CGEQREQ	3G quality of service profile (requested)
AT+CGQMIN	Quality of service profile (minimum acceptable)
AT+CGEQMIN	3G quality of service profile (minimum acceptable)
AT+CGDATA	Enter data state
AT+CGPADDR	Show PDP address
AT+CGCLASS	GPRS mobile station class
AT+CGEREP	GPRS event reporting
AT+CGAUTH	Set type of authentication for PDP-IP connections of GPRS

# 8.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for GPRS

#### 8.2.1 AT+CGREG GPRS network registration status

This command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code "+CGREG: <stat>" when <n>=1 and there is a change in the MT's GPRS network registration status.

The read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the MT.

AT+CGREG GPRS network registration status

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Test Command AT+CGREG=?	Response +CGREG: (list of supported <n>s)  OK</n>
Read Command AT+CGREG?	Response +CGREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]  OK</ci></lac></stat></n>
Write Command AT+CGREG= <n></n>	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command Set default value: AT+CGREG	Response <b>OK</b>

#### **Defined Values**

<n></n>	<ul> <li>0 – disable network registration unsolicited result code</li> <li>1 – enable network registration unsolicited result code +CGREG:</li> </ul>		
	<stat> 2 — there is a change in the ME network registration status or a change of the network cell: +CGREG: <stat>[,<lac>,<ci>]</ci></lac></stat></stat>		
<stat></stat>	<ul> <li>not registered, ME is not currently searching an operator to register to</li> <li>registered, home network</li> <li>not registered, but ME is currently trying to attach or searching an operator to register to</li> <li>registration denied</li> <li>unknown</li> <li>registered, roaming</li> </ul>		
<lac></lac>	Two bytes location area code in hexadecimal format (e.g."00C3" equals 193 in decimal).		
<ci></ci>	Cell ID in hexadecimal format.  GSM – Maximum is two byte  WCDMA – Maximum is four byte  TDS-CDMA – Maximum is four byte		

#### NOTE

The <lac> not supported in CDMA/HDR mode
The <ci> not supported in CDMA/HDR mode

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#### **Example**

AT+CGREG=? +CGREG: (0-2)

OK

AT+CGREG? +CGREG: 0,0

OK

#### 8.2.2 AT+CGATT Packet domain attach or detach

The write command is used to attach the MT to, or detach the MT from, the Packet Domain service. The read command returns the current Packet Domain service state.

AT+CGATT Packet domain	attach or detach
Test Command	Response
AT+CGATT=?	+CGATT: (list of supported <state>s)  OK</state>
Read Command	Response
AT+CGATT?	+CGATT: <state></state>
Write Command	Response
AT+CGATT= <state></state>	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

#### **Defined Values**

<state></state>	Indicates the state of Packet Domain attachment:
	0 – detached
	1 – attached

#### **Example**

AT+CGATT? +CGATT: 0

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OK AT+CGATT=1 OK

#### 8.2.3 AT+CGACT GPRS network registration status

The write command is used to activate or deactivate the specified PDP context (s).

AT+CGACT GPRS network	registration status
Test Command	Response
AT+CGACT=?	+CGACT: (list of supported <state>s)  OK</state>
Read Command	Response
AT+CGACT?	+CGACT: [ <cid>,<state>[<cr><lf> +CGACT: <cid>,<state> []]]</state></cid></lf></cr></state></cid>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CGACT= <state>[,<cid>]</cid></state>	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

# Defined Values

<state></state>	Indicates the state of PDP context activation:  0 — deactivated
<cid></cid>	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see AT+CGDCONT command).

#### Example

AT+CGACT=?
+CGACT: (0,1)

OK
AT+CGACT?

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+CGACT: 1,1

OK
AT+CGACT=0,1
OK

#### 8.2.4 AT+CGDCONT Define PDP context

The set command specifies PDP context parameter values for a PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter <cid>. The number of PDP contexts that may be in a defined state at the same time is given by the range returned by the test command. A special form of the write command (AT+CGDCONT=<cid>) causes the values for context <cid> to become undefined.

AT+CGDCONT Define PDP context			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CGDCONT=?	+CGDCONT: (range of supported <cid>s),<pdp_type>,,,(list of</pdp_type></cid>		
	supported <d_comp>s),(list of supported <h_comp>s),(list of</h_comp></d_comp>		
	<ipv4_ctrl>s),(list of <emergency_flag>s)</emergency_flag></ipv4_ctrl>		
	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		
Read Command	Response		
AT+CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT:		
	[ <cid>,<pdp_type>,<apn>,<pdp_addr>,<d_comp>,<h_comp><ip< td=""></ip<></h_comp></d_comp></pdp_addr></apn></pdp_type></cid>		
	v4_ctrl>, <emergency_flag>[<cr><lf></lf></cr></emergency_flag>		
	+CGDCONT:		
	<cid>,<pdp_type>,<apn>,<pdp_addr>,<d_comp>,<h_comp><ip< th=""></ip<></h_comp></d_comp></pdp_addr></apn></pdp_type></cid>		
	v4_ctrl>, <emergency_flag>[]]]</emergency_flag>		
	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CGDCONT= <cid>[,<pdp< th=""><th>OK</th></pdp<></cid>	OK		
_type>[, <apn>[,<pdp_addr< th=""><th>or</th></pdp_addr<></apn>	or		
>[, <d_comp>[,<h_comp>[,<i< th=""><th>ERROR</th></i<></h_comp></d_comp>	ERROR		
pv4_ctrl>[, <emergency_flag< th=""><th></th></emergency_flag<>			
>]]]]]			
Execution Command	Response		
Set default value:	OK		
AT+CGDCONT	or		

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#### **ERROR**

#### **Defined Values**

<cid></cid>	(PDP Context Identifier) a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of permitted values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test form of the command. The following range is for reference only, please refer to actual results. 124,100179
<pdp_type></pdp_type>	(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.  IP - Internet Protocol  PPP - Point to Point Protocol  IPV6 - Internet Protocol Version 6  IPV4V6 - Dual PDN Stack
<apn></apn>	(Access Point Name) a string parameter which is a logical name that is used to select the GGSN or the external packet data network.
<pdp_addr></pdp_addr>	A string parameter that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP.  Read command will continue to return the null string even if an address has been allocated during the PDP startup procedure. The allocated address may be read using command AT+CGPADDR.
<d_comp></d_comp>	A numeric parameter that controls PDP data compression, this value may depend on platform:  0 - off (default if value is omitted)  1 - on  2 - V.42bis
<h_comp></h_comp>	A numeric parameter that controls PDP header compression, this value may depend on platform:  0 - off (default if value is omitted)  1 - on  2 - RFC1144  3 - RFC2507  4 - RFC3095

#### Example

# AT+CGDCONT: +CGDCONT: (1-24,100-179),"IP",,,(0-2),(0-4),(0-1),(0-1) +CGDCONT: (1-24,100-179),"PPP",,,(0-2),(0-4),(0-1),(0-1) +CGDCONT: (1-24,100-179),"IPV6",,,(0-2),(0-4),(0-1),(0-1)

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```
+CGDCONT:
(1-24,100-179),"IPV4V6",,,(0-2),(0-4),(0-1),(0-1)

OK

AT+CGDCONT?
+CGDCONT: 1,"IP","","0.0.0.0",0,0
```

#### 8.2.5 AT+CGDSCONT Define Secondary PDP Context

The set command specifies PDP context parameter values for a Secondary PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter **<cid>**. The number of PDP contexts that may be in a defined state at the same time is given by the range returned by the test command. A special form of the set command, AT+CGDSCONT=**<cid>** causes the values for context number **<cid>** to become undefined.

AT+CGDSCONT Define Sec	ondary PDP Context
Test Command	Response
AT+CGDSCONT=?	+CGDSCONT: (range of supported <cid>s),(list of <p_cid>s for active primary contexts),<pdp_type>,,,(list of supported <d_comp>s),(list of supported <h_comp>s)  OK  or  ERROR</h_comp></d_comp></pdp_type></p_cid></cid>
Read Command	Response
AT+CGDSCONT?	+CGDSCONT: [ <cid>,<p_cid>,<d_comp>,<h_comp></h_comp></d_comp></p_cid></cid>
	[ <cr><lf>+CGDSCONT: <cid>,<p_cid>,<d_comp>,<h_comp> []]]</h_comp></d_comp></p_cid></cid></lf></cr>
	ок
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CGDSCONT= <cid>[,<p_< td=""><td>OK</td></p_<></cid>	OK
cid>[, <d_comp>[,<h_comp></h_comp></d_comp>	or ERROR
111	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<cid></cid>	a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The

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	parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of permitted values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test form of the command.
<p_cid></p_cid>	a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition which has been specified by use of the +CGDCONT command. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface. The list of permitted values is returned by the test form of the command.
<pdp_type></pdp_type>	(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.  IP – Internet Protocol  PPP – Point to Point Protocol  IPV6 – Internet Protocol Version 6  IPV4V6 – Dual PDN Stack
<d_comp></d_comp>	a numeric parameter that controls PDP data compression (applicable for SNDCPonly) (refer 3GPP TS 44.065 [61])  0 - off  1 - on (manufacturer preferred compression)  2 - V.42bis  Other values are reserved.
<h_comp></h_comp>	a numeric parameter that controls PDP header compression (refer 3GPP TS 44.065 [61] and 3GPP TS 25.323 [62])  0 - off  1 - on (manufacturer preferred compression)  2 - RFC1144 (applicable for SNDCP only)  3 - RFC2507  4 - RFC3095 (applicable for PDCP only)  Other values are reserved.

#### **NOTE**

The <cid>s for network-initiated PDP contexts will have values outside the ranges indicated for the <cid> in the test form of the commands +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT.

#### **Example**

#### AT+CGDSCONT=?

+CGDSCONT: (1-24,100-179),(),"IP",(0-2),(0-4)

+CGDSCONT: (1-24,100-179),(),"PPP",(0-2),(0-4)

+CGDSCONT:

(1-24,100-179),(),"IPV6",(0-2),(0-4)

+CGDSCONT:

(1-24,100-179),(),"IPV4V6",(0-2),(0-4)

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OK

AT+CGDSCONT?

+CGDSCONT: 2,1,0,0

OK

AT+CGDSCONT=2,1

OK

#### 8.2.6 AT+CGTFT Traffic Flow Template

This command allows the TE to specify a Packet Filter — PF for a Traffic Flow Template — TFT that is used in the GGSN in UMTS/GPRS and Packet GW in EPS for routing of packets onto different QoS flows towards the TE. The concept is further described in the 3GPP TS 23.060 [47]. A TFT consists of from one and up to 16 Packet Filters, each identified by a unique <packet filter identifier>. A Packet Filter also has an <evaluation precedence index> that is unique within all TFTs associated with all PDP contexts that are associated with the same PDP address.

#### **AT+CGTFT** Traffic Flow Template

Test Command AT+CGTFT=?

Response

+CGTFT: <PDP\_type>,(list of supported <packet</pre> <evaluation identifier>s),(list of supported precedence index>s),(list of supported <source address and subnet (ipv6)>s),(list of supported <destination port range>s),(list of supported <source port range>s),(list of supported <ipsec security parameter index (spi)>s),(list of supported <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>s).(list of supported <flow label (ipv6)>s),(list of supported <direction>s)

[<CR><LF>+CGTFT: <PDP\_type>,(list of supported <packet filter identifier>s),(list of supported <evaluation precedence index>s),(list of supported <source address and subnet mask>s),(list of supported protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>s),(list of supported <destination port range>s),(list of supported <ipsec security parameter index (spi)>s),(list of supported <type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>s),(list of supported <flow label (ipv6)>s),(list of supported <direction>s)

[...]]

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	ОК
	or
	ERROR
Read Command	
AT+CGTFT?	Response
AITCGIFT	+CGTFT: [ <cid>,<packet filter="" identifier="">,<evaluation index="" precedence="">,<source address="" and="" mask="" subnet=""/>,<protocol number<="" td=""></protocol></evaluation></packet></cid>
	(ipv4) / next header (ipv6)>, <destination port="" range="">,<source port<="" td=""/></destination>
	range>, <ipsec (spi)="" index="" parameter="" security="">,<type of="" service<="" td=""></type></ipsec>
	(tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>, <flow label<="" td=""></flow>
	(ipv6)>, <direction></direction>
	[ <cr><lf>+CGTFT: <cid>,<packet filter="" identifier="">,<evaluation< td=""></evaluation<></packet></cid></lf></cr>
	precedence index>, <source address="" and="" subnet<="" td=""/>
	mask>, <protocol (ipv4)="" (ipv6)="" header="" next="" number="">,<destination< td=""></destination<></protocol>
	port range>, <source port="" range=""/> , <ipsec index<="" parameter="" security="" td=""></ipsec>
	(spi)>, <type (ipv4)="" (ipv6)<="" (tos)="" and="" class="" mask="" of="" service="" td="" traffic=""></type>
	and mask>, <flow (ipv6)="" label="">,<direction></direction></flow>
	[]]]
	[]]
	OK
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CGTFT= <cid>[,[<packet< td=""><td>ОК</td></packet<></cid>	ОК
filter identifier>, <evaluation< td=""><td>or</td></evaluation<>	or
precedence	ERROR
index>[, <source address<="" td=""/> <td></td>	
and subnet	
mask>[, <protocol number<="" td=""><td></td></protocol>	
(ipv4) / next header	
(ipv6)>[, <destination port<="" td=""><td></td></destination>	
range>[, <source port<="" td=""/> <td></td>	
range>[, <ipsec security<="" td=""><td></td></ipsec>	
parameter index	
(spi)>[, <type (tos)<="" of="" service="" td=""><td></td></type>	
(ipv4) and mask / traffic	
class (ipv6) and	
mask>[, <flow label<="" td=""><td></td></flow>	
(ipv6)>[, <direction>]]]]]]]]]</direction>	Donnana
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGTFT	OK or
	ERROR
	ERNUR

#### **Defined Values**

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<cid></cid>	a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the AT+CGDCONT and AT+CGDSCONT commands).
<pdp_type></pdp_type>	(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.  IP - Internet Protocol  PPP - Point to Point Protocol  IPV6 - Internet Protocol Version 6  IPV4V6 - Dual PDN Stack
<pre><packet filter="" identifier=""></packet></pre>	a numeric parameter, value range from 1 to 16.
<pre><evaluation index="" precedence=""></evaluation></pre>	a numeric parameter. The value range is from 0 to 255.
<source address="" and="" mask="" subnet=""/>	string type The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form:  "a1.a2.a3.a4.m1.m2.m3.m4" for lpv4 or  "a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8.a9.a10.a11.a12.a13.a14.a15.a16.m1.m2.m3.m  4.m5.m6.m7.m8.m9.m10.m11.m12.m13.m14.m15.m16", for lpv6.
<pre><pre><pre><pre>col number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)&gt;</pre></pre></pre></pre>	a numeric parameter, value range from 0 to 255.
<destination port="" range=""></destination>	string type. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-65535) parameters on the form "f.t".
<source port="" range=""/>	string type. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-65535) parameters on the form "f.t".
<pre><ipsec (spi)="" index="" parameter="" security=""></ipsec></pre>	numeric value in hexadecimal format. The value range is from 00000000 to FFFFFFF.
<pre><type (ipv4)="" (ipv6)="" (tos)="" and="" class="" mask="" of="" service="" traffic=""></type></pre>	string type. The string is given as dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form "t.m".
<flow (ipv6)="" label=""></flow>	numeric value in hexadecimal format. The value range is from 00000 to FFFFF. Valid for Ipv6 only.
<direction></direction>	a numeric parameter which specifies the transmission direction in which the packet filter shall be applied.  0 - Pre-Release 7 TFT filter (see 3GPP TS 24.008 [8], table 10.5.162)  1 - Uplink  2 - Downlink  3 - Birectional (Up & Downlink)

#### **Example**

#### AT+CGTFT=?

+CGTFT:

+CGTFT:

"PPP", (1-16), (0-255), (0-65535.0-65535), (0-65535.0-65535), (0-FFFFFFF), (0-255.0-255), (0-65535.0-65535), (0-65535.0-6550), (0-65535.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-6

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#### FFFFF)

+CGTFT:

 $\\ \text{``IPV6''}, (1\text{-}16), (0\text{-}255), (0\text{-}65535.0\text{-}65535), (0\text{-}65535.0\text{-}65535), (0\text{-}FFFFFFF), (0\text{-}255.0\text{-}255), (0\text{-}65535.0\text{-}65535), (0\text{-}65535), (0\text{-}65635), (0\text{-}65635), (0\text{-}65635), (0\text{-}65635), (0\text{-}66635), (0\text{-}66635), (0\text{-}66635), (0\text{-}66635), (0\text{-}66635), (0\text{-}66635), (0\text{-}66635), (0\text{-}66636), (0\text{-}66636), (0\text{-}66636), (0\text{-}66636), (0\text{-}66636), (0\text{-}66636), (0\text{-}66636), (0\text{-}66636), (0\text{-}66666), (0\text{-}666666), (0\text{-}66666), (0\text{-}66666), (0\text{-}66666), (0\text{-}66666), (0\text{-}66666), (0\text{-}66666), (0\text{-}66666), (0\text{-}66666), (0\text{-}666666), (0\text{-}6666666), (0\text{-}666666), (0\text{-}666666), (0\text{-}666666), (0\text{-}666666), (0\text{-}666666), (0\text{-}666666), (0\text{$ 

FFFFF)

+CGTFT:

"IPV4V6", (1-16), (0-255), (0-65535.0-65535), (0-65535.0-65535), (0-FFFFFFF), (0-255.0-255), (0-65535.0-65535), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (0-65550.0-6550), (

(0-FFFF)

OK

#### AT+CGTFT?

+CGTFT: 2,1,0,"74.125.71.99.255.255.255.255",0,0.0,0.0,0.0,0.0

OK

AT+CGTFT=2,1,0,"74.125.71.99.255.255.255.255"

OK

#### 8.2.7 AT+CGQREQ Quality of service profile (requested)

This command allows the TE to specify a Quality of Service Profile that is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network. A special form of the set command (AT+CGQREQ=<cid>) causes the requested profile for context number <cid> to become undefined.

AT+CGQREQ Quality of ser	vice profile (requested)
Test Command AT+CGQREQ=?	Response +CGQREQ: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <pre>precedence&gt;s),(list of supported <delay>s),(list of supported <reliability>s),(list of supported <pre>peak&gt;s),(list of supported <mean>s)[<cr><lf> +CGQREQ: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <pre>precedence&gt;s),(list of supported <delay>s),(list of supported <reliability>s),(list of supported <pre>peak&gt;s),(list of supported <mean>s) []]</mean></pre></reliability></delay></pre></pdp_type></lf></cr></mean></pre></reliability></delay></pre></pdp_type>
Read Command	OK or ERROR Response
AT+CGQREQ?	+CGQREQ: [ <cid>,<pre>,<delay>,<reliability>,<peak>,<mean>[<cr> <lf> +CGQREQ: <cid>,<pre>,<delay>,<reliability>,<peak>,<mean>[]]]</mean></peak></reliability></delay></pre></cid></lf></cr></mean></peak></reliability></delay></pre></cid>

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	ок
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CGQREQ= <cid>[,<prece< td=""><td>OK</td></prece<></cid>	OK
dence>[, <delay>[,<reliability< td=""><td>or</td></reliability<></delay>	or
>[, <peak>[,<mean>]]]]]</mean></peak>	ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGQREQ	OK
	or
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<cid></cid>	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see AT+CGDCONT command). The range is from 1 to 24,100 to 179.
<pdp_type></pdp_type>	(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.  IP - Internet Protocol  PPP - Point to Point Protocol  IPV6 - Internet Protocol Version 6  IPV4V6 - Dual PDN Stack
<pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	A numeric parameter which specifies the precedence class:  0 — network subscribed value  1 — high priority  2 — normal priority  3 — low priority
<delay></delay>	A numeric parameter which specifies the delay class:  0 — network subscribed value  1 — delay class 1  2 — delay class 2  3 — delay class 3  4 — delay class 4
<reliability></reliability>	A numeric parameter which specifies the reliability class:  0 — network subscribed value  1 — Non real-time traffic,error-sensitive application that cannot cope with data loss  2 — Non real-time traffic,error-sensitive application that can cope with infrequent data loss  3 — Non real-time traffic,error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss, GMM/-SM,and SMS  4 — Real-time traffic,error-sensitive application that can cope with data loss  5 — Real-time traffic error non-sensitive application that can cope with

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	data loss
<peak></peak>	A numeric parameter which specifies the peak throughput class:
	0 – network subscribed value
	1 - Up to 1000 (8 kbit/s)
	2 - Up to 2000 (16 kbit/s)
	3 - Up to 4000 (32 kbit/s)
	4 - Up to 8000 (64 kbit/s)
	5 – Up to 16000 (128 kbit/s)
	6 – Up to 32000 (256 kbit/s)
	7 – Up to 64000 (512 kbit/s)
	8 - Up to 128000 (1024 kbit/s)
	9 - Up to 256000 (2048 kbit/s)
<mean></mean>	A numeric parameter which specifies the mean throughput class:
	0 – network subscribed value
	1 – 100 (~0.22 bit/s)
	2 – 200 (~0.44 bit/s)
	3 - 500 (~1.11 bit/s)
	4 – 1000 (~2.2 bit/s)
	5 – 2000 (~4.4 bit/s)
	6 – 5000 (~11.1 bit/s)
	7 – 10000 (~22 bit/s)
	8 – 20000 (~44 bit/s)
	9 – 50000 (~111 bit/s)
	10 – 100000 (~0.22 kbit/s)
	11 – 200000 (~0.44 kbit/s)
	12 - 500000 (~1.11 kbit/s)
	13 – 1000000 (~2.2 kbit/s)
	14 – 2000000 (~4.4 kbit/s)
	15 – 5000000 (~11.1 kbit/s)
	16 – 10000000 (~22 kbit/s)
	17 – 20000000 (~44 kbit/s)
	18 - 50000000 (~111 kbit/s)
	31 – optimization

#### Example

```
AT+CGQREQ: "IP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
+CGQREQ: "PPP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
+CGQREQ: "IPV6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
+CGQREQ: "IPV4V6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
OK
AT+CGREG?
+CGQREQ:
```

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OK

#### 8.2.8 AT+CGEQREQ 3G quality of service profile (requested)

The test command returns values supported as a compound value.

The read command returns the current settings for each defined context for which a QOS was explicitly specified.

The write command allows the TE to specify a Quality of Service Profile for the context identified by the context identification parameter **<cid>** which is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network.

A special form of the write command, **AT+CGEQREQ=<cid>** causes the requested profile for context number **<cid>** to become undefined.

AT+CGEQREQ 3G quality of	f service profile (requested)
Test Command AT+CGEQREQ=?	Response +CGEQREQ: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <traffic class="">s),(list of supported <maximum bitrate="" ul="">s),(list of supported <maximum bitrate="" dl="">s),(list of supported <guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">s,(list of supported <guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">s),(list of supported <delivery order="">s),(list of supported <maximum sdu="" size="">s),(list of supported <sdu error="" ratio="">s),(list of supported <residual bit="" error="" ratio="">s),(list of supported <delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">s),(list of Supported <traffic handling="" priority="">s)  OK</traffic></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></maximum></maximum></traffic></pdp_type>
	or ERROR
Read Command AT+CGEQREQ?	Response  +CGEQREQ: [ <cid>,<traffic class="">,<maximum bitrate="" ul="">,<ma bitrate="" dl="" ximum="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">,<delivery order="">,<maximum sdu="" size="">,<sdu error="" ratio="">, <residual bit="" error="" ratio="">,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">,<transfer delay="">,<traffic handling="" priority="">][<cr><lf> +CGEQREQ: <cid>,<traffic class="">,<maximum bitrate="" ul="">,<ma bitrate="" dl="" ximum="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">,<delivery order="">,<maximum sdu="" size="">,<sdu error="" ratio="">, <residual bit="" error="" ratio="">,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">,<transfer< td=""></transfer<></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></ma></maximum></traffic></cid></lf></cr></traffic></transfer></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></ma></maximum></traffic></cid>

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	Delay>, <traffic handling="" priority="">[]]</traffic>
	OK or ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CGEQREQ= <cid>[,<traf< th=""><th>OK</th></traf<></cid>	OK
fic class>[, <maximum< th=""><th>or</th></maximum<>	or
	ERROR
bitrate DL>[, <guaranteed< th=""><th>or</th></guaranteed<>	or
bitrateUL>[, <guaranteed< th=""><th>+CME ERROR: <err></err></th></guaranteed<>	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
bitrate DL>[, <delivery< th=""><th></th></delivery<>	
order>[, <maximum sdu<="" th=""><th></th></maximum>	
size>[, <sdu error<="" th=""><th></th></sdu>	
ratio>[, <residual bit="" error<="" th=""><th></th></residual>	
ratio>[, <delivery of<="" th=""><th></th></delivery>	
erroneous	
SDUs>[, <transfer< th=""><th></th></transfer<>	
delay>[, <traffic handling<="" th=""><th></th></traffic>	
priority>]]]]]]]]]	
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGEQREQ	OK
	or
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<cid></cid>	Parameter specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is
	also used in other PDP context-related commands. The range is from 1 to
	24,100 to 179.
<traffic class=""></traffic>	0 – conversational
	1 – streaming
	2 – interactive
	3 – background
	4 – subscribed value
<maximum bitrate="" ul=""></maximum>	This parameter indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to
	UMTS(up-link traffic)at a SAP. As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be
	specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=,32,).
	The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to
	'0' the subscribed value will be requested.
<maximum bitrate="" dl=""></maximum>	This parameter indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to
	UMTS(down-link traffic)at a SAP.As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would
	be specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=,32,).
	The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to
	'0' the subscribed value will be requested.

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<guaranteed bitrate="" ul=""></guaranteed>	This parameter indicates the guaranteed number of kbit/s delivered to UMTS(up-link traffic)at a SAP(provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g.AT+CGEQREQ=,32,).  The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.
<guaranteed bitrate<="" th=""><th>This parameter indicates the guaranteed number of kbit/s delivered to</th></guaranteed>	This parameter indicates the guaranteed number of kbit/s delivered to
DL>	UMTS(down-link traffic)at a SAP(provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g.AT+CGEQREQ=,32,).  The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to
4Daliyamı andan	'0' the subscribed value will be requested.
<delivery order=""></delivery>	This parameter indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU delivery or not.  0 - no 1 - yes 2 - subscribed value
<maximum sdu="" size=""></maximum>	This parameter indicates the maximum allowed SDU size in octets.  The range is from 0 to 1520. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.
<sdu error="" ratio=""></sdu>	This parameter indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous.SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic.As an example a target SDU error ratio of 5*10-3 would be specified as "5E3"(e.g.AT+CGEQREQ=,"5E3",).  "0E0" - subscribed value  "1E2"  "7E3"  "1E4"  "1E5"  "1E6"  "1E1"
<residual bit="" error="" ratio=""></residual>	This parameter indicates the target value for the undetected bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. If no error detection is requested, Residual bit error ratio indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. As an example a target residual bit error ratio of 5*10-3 would be specified as "5E3"(e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=,"5E3",).  "0E0" - subscribed value  "5E2"  "1E2"  "5E3"  "4E3"  "1E3"  "1E4"  "1E5"

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	"1E6" "6E8"
<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus=""></delivery>	This parameter indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not.  0 - no 1 - yes 2 - no detect 3 - subscribed value
<transfer delay=""></transfer>	This parameter indicates the targeted time between request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP,in milliseconds. The range is from 0 to 4000. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.
<traffic handling="" priority=""></traffic>	This parameter specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS  Bearer compared to the SDUs of the other bearers.  The range is from 0 to 3. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.
<pdp_type></pdp_type>	(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.  IP - Internet Protocol  PPP - Point to Point Protocol  IPV6 - Internet Protocol Version 6  IPV4V6 - Dual PDN Stack

#### Example

```
AT+CGEQREQ: "IP",(0-4),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1E
1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E
4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
+CGEQREQ: "PPP",(0-4),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1
E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1
E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
+CGEQREQ: "IPV6",(0-4),(0-384),(0-7168),(0-21),(0-1520),("0E0","
1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","
1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
+CGEQREQ: "IPV4V6",(0-4),(0-5760),(0-14000),(0-5760),(0-14000),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1E1","1E
2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0-4000),(0-5760),(0-14000),(0-5760),(0-14000),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1E1","1E
2","7E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0-4000),(0-3),(0,1),(0,1)
```

#### OK

#### AT+CGEQREQ?

+CGEQREQ:

OK

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#### 8.2.9 AT+CGQMIN Quality of service profile (minimum acceptable)

This command allows the TE to specify a minimum acceptable profile which is checked by the MT against the negotiated profile returned in the Activate PDP Context Accept message. A special form of the set command. AT+CGQMIN=<cid> causes the minimum acceptable profile for context number <cid> to become undefined.

AT+CGQMIN Quality of serv	ice profile (minimum acceptable)
Test Command AT+CGQMIN=?	Response +CGQMIN: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <pre>cedence&gt;s),(list of supported <delay>s),(list of supported <reliability>s),(list of supported <pre>peak&gt;s),(list of supported <mean>s)[<cr><lf> +CGQMIN: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <pre>precedence&gt;s),(list of supported <delay>s),(list of supported <reliability>s),(list of supported <pre>peak&gt;s),(list of supported <mean>s)[]]</mean></pre> OK or ERROR</reliability></delay></pre></pdp_type></lf></cr></mean></pre></reliability></delay></pre></pdp_type>
Read Command AT+CGQMIN?	Response +CGQMIN: [ <cid>,<precedence>,<delay>,<reliability>,<peak>,[<cr><lf> +CGQMIN: <cid>,<precedence>,<delay>,<reliability>,<peak>, []]]  OK or ERROR</peak></reliability></delay></precedence></cid></lf></cr></peak></reliability></delay></precedence></cid>
Write Command  AT+CGQMIN= <cid>[,<pre>cedence&gt;[,<delay>[,<reliability>[,<peak>[,<mean>]]]]]  Execution Command</mean></peak></reliability></delay></pre></cid>	Response  OK  or  ERROR  Response
AT+CGQMIN	OK or ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<cid></cid>	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see

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	AT+CGDCONT command). The range is from 1 to 24,100 to 179.
<pdp_type></pdp_type>	(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of packet data protocol.  IP - Internet Protocol  PPP - Point to Point Protocol  IPV6 - Internet Protocol Version 6  IPV4V6 - Dual PDN Stack
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	A numeric parameter which specifies the precedence class:  0 — network subscribed value  1 — high priority  2 — normal priority  3 — low priority
<delay></delay>	A numeric parameter which specifies the delay class:  0 — network subscribed value  1 — delay class 1  2 — delay class 2  3 — delay class 3  4 — delay class 4
<reliability></reliability>	A numeric parameter which specifies the reliability class:  0 — network subscribed value  1 — Non real-time traffic,error-sensitive application that cannot cop with data loss  2 — Non real-time traffic,error-sensitive application that can cope wit infrequent data loss  3 — Non real-time traffic,error-sensitive application that can cope wit data loss, GMM/-SM,and SMS  4 — Real-time traffic,error-sensitive application that can cope with dat loss  5 — Real-time traffic error non-sensitive application that can cope with data loss
<pre><peak></peak></pre>	A numeric parameter which specifies the peak throughput class:  0 - network subscribed value  1 - Up to 1000 (8 kbit/s)  2 - Up to 2000 (16 kbit/s)  3 - Up to 4000 (32 kbit/s)  4 - Up to 8000 (64 kbit/s)  5 - Up to 16000 (128 kbit/s)  6 - Up to 32000 (256 kbit/s)  7 - Up to 64000 (512 kbit/s)  8 - Up to 128000 (1024 kbit/s)  9 - Up to 256000 (2048 kbit/s)
<mean></mean>	A numeric parameter which specifies the mean throughput class:  0 — network subscribed value  1 — 100 (~0.22 bit/s)

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```
200 (~0.44 bit/s)
2
3
        500 (~1.11 bit/s)
        1000 (~2.2 bit/s)
4
5
        2000 (~4.4 bit/s)
6
        5000 (~11.1 bit/s)
7
        10000 (~22 bit/s)
8
        20000 (~44 bit/s)
9
        50000 (~111 bit/s)
10 -
        100000 (~0.22 kbit/s)
11 –
        200000 (~0.44 kbit/s)
12 –
        500000 (~1.11 kbit/s)
13 –
        1000000 (~2.2 kbit/s)
14 –
        2000000 (~4.4 kbit/s)
        5000000 (~11.1 kbit/s)
15 –
        10000000 (~22 kbit/s)
16 –
17 –
        20000000 (~44 kbit/s)
18 –
        50000000 (~111 kbit/s)
31 –
        optimization
```

#### **Example**

```
AT+CGQMIN=?
+CGQMIN: "IP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
+CGQMIN: "PPP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
+CGQMIN: "IPV6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)
+CGQMIN:
"IPV4V6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31)

OK
AT+CGQMIN?
+CGQMIN:
```

#### 8.2.10 AT+CGEQMIN 3G quality of service profile (minimum acceptable)

The test command returns values supported as a compound value.

The read command returns the current settings for each defined context for which a QOS was explicitly specified.

AT+CGEQMIN 3G quality	3G quality of service profile (minimum acceptable)	
Test Command	Response	

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AT+CGEQMIN=?	+CGEQMIN: <pdp_type>,(list of supported <traffic class="">s),(list of supported <maximum bitrate="" ul="">s),(list of supported <maximum bitrate="" dl="">s),(list of supported <guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">s,(list of supported <guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">s),(list of supported <delivery order="">s),(list of supported <maximum sdu="" size="">s),(list of supported <sdu error="" ratio="">s),(list of supported <residual bit="" error="" ratio="">s),(list of supported <delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">s),(list of Supported <traffic handling="" priority="">s)  OK OT TEREOR</traffic></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></maximum></maximum></traffic></pdp_type>
	ERROR
Read Command AT+CGEQMIN?	Response +CGEQMIN: [ <cid>,<traffic class="">,<maximum bitrate="" ul="">,<ma bitrate="" dl="" ximum="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">,<delivery order="">,<maximum sdu="" size="">,<sdu error="" ratio="">, <residual bit="" error="" ratio="">,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">,<transfer delay="">,<traffic handling="" priority="">][<cr><lf> +CGEQMIN: <cid>,<traffic class="">,<maximum bitrate="" ul="">,<ma bitrate="" dl="" ximum="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" ul="">,<guaranteed bitrate="" dl="">,<delivery order="">,<maximum sdu="" size="">,<sdu error="" ratio="">, <residual bit="" error="" ratio="">,<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus="">,<transfer delay="">,<traffic handling="" priority="">[]]  OK or ERROR</traffic></transfer></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></ma></maximum></traffic></cid></lf></cr></traffic></transfer></delivery></residual></sdu></maximum></delivery></guaranteed></guaranteed></ma></maximum></traffic></cid>
Write Command	
AT+CGEQMIN= <cid>[,<traff< td=""><td>Response OK</td></traff<></cid>	Response OK
ic class>[, <maximum bitrate<="" td=""><td>or</td></maximum>	or
UL>[, <maximum bitrate<="" td=""><td>ERROR</td></maximum>	ERROR
DL>[, <guaranteed< td=""><td>or</td></guaranteed<>	or
bitrateUL>[, <guaranteed< td=""><td>+CME ERROR: <err></err></td></guaranteed<>	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
bitrate DL>[, <delivery order="">[,<maximum sdu<="" td=""><td></td></maximum></delivery>	
size>[, <sdu error<="" td=""><td></td></sdu>	
ratio>[, <residual bit="" error<="" td=""><td></td></residual>	
ratio>[, <delivery of<="" td=""><td></td></delivery>	
erroneous	
SDUs>[, <transfer< td=""><td></td></transfer<>	

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delay>[, <traffic handling="" priority="">]]]]]]]]]</traffic>	
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGEQMIN	OK
	or
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<b><cid></cid></b> Parameter specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter also used in other PDP context-related commands. The range is from 24, 100 to 179. <b><traffic class=""></traffic></b> 0 – conversational 1 – streaming	
1 – streaming	
2 - interactive 3 - background 4 - subscribed value	
<maximum bitrate="" ul=""> This parameter indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered UMTS(up-link traffic)at a SAP.As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQMIN=,32,). The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is seen to continue the continue traffic parameter of the continue traffic parameter.</maximum>	be
<maximum bitrate="" dl=""> This parameter indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered UMTS(down-link traffic)at a SAP.As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s we be specified as 32(e.g. AT+CGEQMIN=,32,). The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is seen to or the subscribed value will be requested.</maximum>	uld
CGuaranteed bitrate  UL>  This parameter indicates the guaranteed number of kbit/s delivered UMTS(up-link traffic)at a SAP(provided that there is data to deliver). As example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g.AT+CGEQMIN=,32,).  The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is see '0' the subscribed value will be requested.	an
CGuaranteed bitrate  This parameter indicates the guaranteed number of kbit/s delivered UMTS(down-link traffic)at a SAP(provided that there is data to deliver). As example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as 32(e.g.AT+CGEQMIN=,32,).  The range is from 0 to 8460. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set '0' the subscribed value will be requested.	s an
<b>Delivery order&gt;</b> This parameter indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provin-sequence SDU delivery or not.	ride
0 - no 1 - yes 2 - subscribed value	

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	The range is from 0 to 1520. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to		
	'0' the subscribed value will be requested.		
<sdu error="" ratio=""></sdu>	This parameter indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous.SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic.As an example a target SDU error ratio of 5*10-3 would be specified as "5E3"(e.g.AT+CGEQMIN=,"5E3",).  "0E0" - subscribed value "1E2" "7E3" "1E3"		
	"1E4" "1E5" "1E6" "1E1"		
<residual bit="" error="" ratio=""></residual>	This parameter indicates the target value for the undetected bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. If no error detection is requested, Residual bit error ratio indicates the bit error ratio in the delivered SDUs. As an example a target residual bit error ratio of 5*10-3 would be specified as "5E3"(e.g. AT+CGEQMIN=, "5E3",).  "0E0" - subscribed value "5E2" "1E2" "5E3" "4E3" "1E4" "1E5" "1E6" "6E8"		
<delivery erroneous="" of="" sdus=""></delivery>	This parameter indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not.  0 - no 1 - yes 2 - no detect 3 - subscribed value		
<transfer delay=""></transfer>	This parameter indicates the targeted time between request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP,in milliseconds.  The range is from 0 to 4000. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.		
<traffic handling="" priority=""></traffic>	This parameter specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS  Bearer compared to the SDUs of the other bearers.  The range is from 0 to 3. The default value is 0. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested.		
<pdp_type></pdp_type>	(Packet Data Protocol type) a string parameter which specifies the type of		

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packet d		protocol.
IP	_	Internet Protocol
PPP	_	Point to Point Protocol
IPV6	_	Internet Protocol Version 6
		Dual PDN Stack

#### **Example**

#### AT+CGEQMIN=?

#### +CGEQMIN:

"IP",(0-4),(0-11520),(0-42200),(0-11520),(0-42200),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3", "1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0,1 00-4000),(0-3),(0-1),(0-1)

#### +CGEQMIN:

"PPP",(0-4),(0-11520),(0-42200),(0-11520),(0-42200),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E3 ","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0, 100-4000),(0-3),(0-1),(0-1)

#### +CGEQMIN:

"IPV6",(0-4),(0-11520),(0-42200),(0-11520),(0-42200),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3","1E 3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0, 100-4000),(0-3),(0-1),(0-1)

#### +CGEQMIN:

"IPV4V6",(0-4),(0-11520),(0-42200),(0-11520),(0-42200),(0-2),(0-1520),("0E0","1E1","1E2","7E3"," 1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6"),("0E0","5E2","1E2","5E3","4E3","1E3","1E4","1E5","1E6","6E8"),(0-3),(0,100-4000),(0-3),(0-1),(0-1)

#### OK

#### AT+CGEQMIN?

+CGEQMIN:

OK

#### 8.2.11 AT+CGDATA Enter data state

The command causes the MT to perform whatever actions are necessary to establish communication between the TE and the network using one or more Packet Domain PDP types. This may include performing a PS attach and one or more PDP context activations.

#### AT+CGDATA Enter data state

Test Command

Response

AT+CGDATA=?

+CGDATA: (list of supported <L2P>s)

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	ОК
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CGDATA=[ <l2p>,[<cid></cid></l2p>	CONNECT [ <text>]</text>
]]	or
	NO CARRIER
	or
	ОК
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>

#### **Defined Values**

<l2p></l2p>	A string parameter that indicates the layer 2 protocol to be used between the TE and MT.		
	PPP - Point-to-point protocol for a PDP such as IP		
<text></text>	CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.		
<cid></cid>	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see AT+CGDCONT command).		

#### Example

AT+CGDATA=?
+CGDATA: ("PPP")

OK
AT+CGDATA="PPP",1
CONNECT 115200

#### 8.2.12 AT+CGPADDR Show PDP address

The write command returns a list of PDP addresses for the specified context identifiers.

AT+CGPADDR Show PDP ac	ddress
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPADDR=?	[+CGPADDR: (list of defined <cid>s)]</cid>
	OK

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	or <b>ERROR</b>
Write Command	Response
AT+CGPADDR= <cid>[,<cid></cid></cid>	OK
[,]]	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGPADDR	[[+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr>]</pdp_addr></cid>
	+CGPADDR: <cid>,<pdp_addr>[]]</pdp_addr></cid>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Defined Values	

<cid></cid>	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see AT+CGDCONT command). If no <cid> is specified, the addresses for all defined contexts are returned.  124,100179</cid>
<pdp_addr></pdp_addr>	A string that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP. The address may be static or dynamic. For a static address, it will be the one set by the AT+CGDCONT command when the context was defined. For a dynamic address it will be the one assigned during the last PDP context activation that used the context definition referred to by <cid>. <pdp_addr> is omitted if none is available.</pdp_addr></cid>

#### Example

#### AT+CGPADDR=?

+CGPADDR: (1)

OK

AT+CGPADDR=1

+CGPADDR: 1,"0.0.0.0"

OK

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#### 8.2.13 AT+CGCLASS GPRS mobile station class

This command is used to set the MT to operate according to the specified GPRS mobile class.

AT+CGCLASS GPRS mobile	e station class
Test Command	Response
AT+CGCLASS=?	+CGCLASS: (list of supported <class>s)</class>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
Read Command	Response
AT+CGCLASS?	+CGCLASS: <class></class>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CGCLASS= <class></class>	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
Evention Command	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command Set default value:	Response <b>OK</b>
AT+CGCLASS	
AITCGCLASS	or EBBOB
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<class></class>	A string parameter which indicates the GPRS mobile class (in descending
	order of functionality)
	A - class A (highest)

#### **Example**

```
AT+CGCLASS=?
+CGCLASS: ("A")

OK
AT+CGCLASS?
+CGCLASS: "A"

OK
```

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#### 8.2.14 AT+CGEREP GPRS event reporting

The write command enables or disables sending of unsolicited result codes, "+CGEV" from MT to TE in the case of certain events occurring in the Packet Domain MT or the network. <mode> controls the processing of unsolicited result codes specified within this command. <bfr> controls the effect on buffered codes when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered. If a setting is not supported by the MT, ERROR or +CME ERROR: is returned.

Read command returns the current <mode> and buffer settings.

Test command returns the modes and buffer settings supported by the MT as compound values.

AT+CGEREP GPRS event re	porting
Test Command AT+CGEREP=?	Response +CGEREP: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <bfr>s)</bfr></mode>
	ok or ERROR
Read Command AT+CGEREP?	Response +CGEREP: <mode>,<bfr></bfr></mode>
	OK or ERROR
Write Command AT+CGEREP= <mode>[,<bfr>]</bfr></mode>	Response OK or ERROR
	or +CME ERROR: <err></err>
AT+CGEREP	Response  OK  or  ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	0 - buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT; if MT result code buffer is
	full, the oldest ones can be discarded. No codes are forwarded to the TE.
	1 - discard unsolicited result codes when MT TE link is reserved (e.g.
	in on line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
	2 - buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT when MT TE link is

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	reserved (e.g. in on line data mode) and flush them to the TE when MT TE link becomes available; otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
 bfr>	<ul> <li>0 – MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered.</mode></li> <li>1 – MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is</li> </ul>
	flushed to the TE when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes).</mode>

The following unsolicited result codes and the corresponding events are defined:

+CGEV: REJECT <PDP\_type>,<PDP\_addr>

A network request for PDP context activation occurred when the MT was unable to report it to the TE with a +CRING unsolicited result code and was automatically rejected.

+CGEV: NW REACT <PDP\_type>,<PDP\_addr>,[<cid>]

The network has requested a context reactivation. The <cid> that was used to reactivate the context is provided if known to the MT.

+CGEV: NW DEACT <PDP\_type>,<PDP\_addr>,[<cid>]

The network has forced a context deactivation. The <cid> that was used to activate the context is provided if known to the MT.

+CGEV: ME DEACT <PDP\_type>,<PDP\_addr>,[<cid>]

The mobile equipment has forced a context deactivation. The <cid> that was used to activate the context is provided if known to the MT.

+CGEV: NW DETACH

The network has forced a Packet Domain detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately.

+CGEV: ME DETACH

The mobile equipment has forced a Packet Domain detach. This implies that all active contexts have been deactivated. These are not reported separately.

+CGEV: NW CLASS <class>

The network has forced a change of MS class. The highest available class is reported (see AT+CGCLASS).

+CGEV: ME CLASS <class>

The mobile equipment has forced a change of MS class. The highest available class is reported (see AT+CGCLASS).

#### **NOTE**

The <lac> not supported in CDMA/HDR mode

The <ci> not supported in CDMA/HDR mode

#### **Example**

#### AT+CGEREP=?

+CGEREP: (0-2),(0-1)

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OK
AT+CGEREP?
+CGEREP: 0,0
OK

#### 8.2.15 AT+CGAUTH Set type of authentication for PDP-IP connections of GPRS

This command is used to set type of authentication for PDP-IP connections of GPRS.

AT+CGAUTH Set type of aut	hentication for PDP-IP connections of GPRS
Test Command	Response
AT+CGAUTH=?	+CGAUTH: ,,127,127(for CDMA1x-EvDo only)
	+CGAUTH: (range of supported <cid>s),(list of supported <auth_< td=""></auth_<></cid>
	type>s),,
	ОК
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Read Command	Response
AT+CGAUTH?	[+CGAUTH: ,,"user","passwd"(for CDMA1x-EvDo only)]
	+CGAUTH: [ <cid>,<auth_type>[,<user>,<passwd>]]<cr><lf></lf></cr></passwd></user></auth_type></cid>
	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Write Command	Response
AT+CGAUTH= <cid>[,<auth_< td=""><td>OK</td></auth_<></cid>	OK
type>[, <passwd>[,<user>]]]</user></passwd>	or
	ERROR
AT+CGAUTH=,, <user>,<pas< td=""><td>or</td></pas<></user>	or
swd> (for CDMA1x-EvDo)	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGAUTH	OK
	or
	ERROR
	or

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#### +CME ERROR: <err>

#### **Defined Values**

<cid></cid>	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see AT+CGDCONT command).
<auth_type></auth_type>	Indicate the type of authentication to be used for the specified context. If CHAP is selected another parameter <passwd> needs to be specified. If PAP is selected two additional parameters <passwd> and <user> need to specified.  0 - none 1 - PAP 2 - CHAP 3 - PAP or CHAP</user></passwd></passwd>
<passwd></passwd>	Parameter specifies the password used for authentication.
<user></user>	Parameter specifies the user name used for authentication.

#### **Example**

#### AT+CGAUTH=?

+CGAUTH: ,,127,127(for CDMA1x-EvDo only)

+CGAUTH: (1-24,100-179),(0-3),127,127

OK

AT+CGAUTH=1,1,"123","SIMCOM"

OK

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# 9. AT Commands for SMS

#### 9.1 Overview of AT Commands for SMS Control

Command	Description
AT+CSMS	Select message service
AT+CPMS	Preferred message storage
AT+CMGF	Select SMS message format
AT+CSCA	SMS service centre address
AT+CSCB	Select cell broadcast message indication
AT+CSMP	Set text mode parameters
AT+CSDH	Show text mode parameters
AT+CNMA	New message acknowledgement to ME/TA
AT+CNMI	New message indications to TE
AT+CGSMS	Select service for MO SMS messages
AT+CMGL	List SMS messages from preferred store
AT+CMGR	Read message
AT+CMGS	Send message
AT+CMSS	Send message from storage
AT+CMGW	Write message to memory
AT+CMGD	Delete message
AT+CMGMT	Change message status
AT+CMVP	Set message valid period
AT+CMGRD	Read and delete message
AT+CMGSEX	Send message
AT+CMSSEX	Send multi messages from storage
AT+CMGP	Set cdma/evdo text mode parameters

## 9.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for SMS Control

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### 9.2.1 AT+CSMS Select message service

This command is used to select messaging service <service>.

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CSMS Select message service		
Test Command AT+CSMS=?	Response a) +CSMS: (range of supported <service>s)  OK b) If failed: ERROR</service>	
Read Command AT+CSMS?	Response +CSMS: <service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm>  OK</bm></mo></mt></service>	
Write Command AT+CSMS= <service></service>	Response a) +CSMS: <mt>,<mo>,<bm>  OK b) If failed: ERROR</bm></mo></mt>	
Defined Values		

### **Defined Values**

<service></service>	<ul> <li>0 - SMS at command is compatible with GSM phase 2.</li> <li>1 - SMS at command is compatible with GSM phase 2+.</li> </ul>
<mt></mt>	Mobile terminated messages:  0 – type not supported.  1 – type supported.
<mo></mo>	Mobile originated messages:  0 - type not supported.  1 - type supported1 - SMS at command is compatible with GSM phase 2+.
<bm></bm>	Broadcast type messages:  0 — type not supported.  1 — type supported.

### **Example**

```
AT+CSMS=0
+CSMS:1,1,1
```

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OK

### 9.2.2 AT+CPMS Preferred message storage

This command is used to select memory storages <mem1>, <mem2> and <mem3> to be used for reading, writing, etc.

AT+CPMS Preferred message storage		
Test Command AT+CPMS=?	Response a) +CPMS: (list of supported <mem1>s),(list of supported <mem2>s),(list of supported <mem3>s)  OK b) If failed: ERROR</mem3></mem2></mem1>	
Read Command AT+CPMS?	Response +CPMS: <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>,<mem2>,<used2>,<total2>,<mem3>,<used3>,<total3>  OK</total3></used3></mem3></total2></used2></mem2></total1></used1></mem1>	
Write Command AT+CPMS= <mem1>[,<mem2>[, <mem3>]]</mem3></mem2></mem1>	Response a) +CPMS: <used1>,<total1>,<used2>,<total2>,<used3>,<total3>  OK b) If failed: ERROR</total3></used3></total2></used2></total1></used1>	

### **Defined Values**

<mem1></mem1>	String type, memory from which messages are read and deleted (commands List Messages AT+CMGL, Read Message AT+CMGR and Delete Message AT+CMGD).  "ME" and "MT" - FLASH message storage  "SM" - SIM message storage  "SR" - Status report storage (not used in CDMA/EVDO mode)
<mem2></mem2>	String type, memory to which writing and sending operations are made (commands Send Message from Storage AT+CMSS and Write Message to Memory AT+CMGW).

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	"ME" and "MT" - FLASH message storage  "SM" - SIM message storage
<mem3></mem3>	String type, memory to which received SMS is preferred to be stored (unless forwarded directly to TE; refer command New Message Indications AT+CNMI).  "ME" - FLASH message storage  "SM" - SIM message storage GSM phase 2+.
<usedx></usedx>	Integer type, number of messages currently in <memx>.</memx>
<totalx></totalx>	Integer type, total number of message locations in <memx>.</memx>

```
AT+CPMS=?
+CPMS: ("ME","MT","SM","SR"),("ME","MT","SM"),("ME","SM")

OK
AT+CPMS?
+CPMS: "ME", 0,23,"ME", 0,23,"ME", 0,23

OK
AT+CPMS="SM","SM","SM"
+CPMS: 3,50,3,50,3,50

OK
```

### 9.2.3 AT+CMGF Select SMS message format

This command is used to specify the input and output format of the short messages.

AT+CMGF Select SMS message format		
	Response	
	a)	
Test Command	+CMGF: (range of supported <mode>s)</mode>	
AT+CMGF=?		
ATTOMOT = :	OK	
	b) If failed:	
	ERROR	
	Response	
	a)	
Read Command	+CMGF: <mode></mode>	
AT+CMGF?		
	OK	
	b) If failed:	

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	ERROR
	Response
Write Command	a)
AT+CMGF= <mode></mode>	OK
	b) If failed:
	ERROR
	Response
Execution Command	a) Set default value ( <mode>=0):</mode>
	OK
AT+CMGF	b) If failed:
	ERROR

<mode></mode>	0 –	PDU mode
	1 –	Text mode

### **Example**

AT+CMGF=1
OK

### 9.2.4 AT+CSCA SMS service centre address

This command is used to update the SMSC address, through which mobile originated SMS are transmitted. **Note:** This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CSCA SMS service centre address		
Test Command AT+CSCA=?	Response a) OK b) If failed: ERROR	
Read Command AT+CSCA?	Response +CSCA: <sca>,<tosca></tosca></sca>	
Write Command AT+CSCA= <sca>[,<tosca>]</tosca></sca>	Response a) OK b) If failed: ERROR	

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<sca></sca>	Service Center Address, value field in string format, BCD numbers
	(or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to
	characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer to command AT+CSCS), type of address given by <tosca>.</tosca>
	command AT (C3C3), type of address given by \tosca>.
<tosca></tosca>	SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format, when first
	character of <sca> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is</sca>
	129.

### **Example**

AT+CSCA="+8613012345678"

OK

AT+CSCA?

+CSCA: "+8613012345678",145

OK

### 9.2.5 AT+CSCB Select cell broadcast message indication

The test command returns the supported <mode>s as a compound value.

The read command displays the accepted message types.

Depending on the <mode> parameter, the write command adds or deletes the message types accepted.

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CSCB Select cell broadcast message indication		
Test Command AT+CSCB=?	Response a) +CSCB: (range of supported <mode>s)  OK b) If failed: ERROR</mode>	
Read Command AT+CSCB?	Response a) +CSCB: <mode>,<mids>,<dcss>  OK b) If failed: ERROR</dcss></mids></mode>	

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	Response
	a)
Write Command	OK
AT+CSCB= <mode>[,<mids>[,<d< th=""><th>b) If failed:</th></d<></mids></mode>	b) If failed:
css>]]	ERROR
	c) If failed:
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>

<mode></mode>	<ul> <li>0 - message types specified in <mids> and <dcss> are accepted.</dcss></mids></li> <li>1 - message types specified in <mids> and <dcss> are not accepted.</dcss></mids></li> </ul>
<mids></mids>	String type; all different possible combinations of CBM message identifiers.
<dcss></dcss>	String type; all different possible combinations of CBM data coding schemes(default is empty string)

### **Example**

```
AT+CSCB=?
+CSCB: (0-1)
OK
```

### 9.2.6 AT+CSMP Set text mode parameters

This command is used to select values for additional parameters needed when SM is sent to the network or placed in storage when text format message mode is selected.

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CSMP Set text mode parameters	
Test Command	Response
AT+CSMP=?	OK
	Response
Read Command	+CSMP: <fo>,<vp>,<pid>,<dcs></dcs></pid></vp></fo>
AT+CSMP?	
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CSMP=[ <fo>[,<vp>[,<pid>[,</pid></vp></fo>	a)
<dcs>]]]]</dcs>	ОК

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ERROR
b) If failed:

<fo></fo>	Depending on the Command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format. SMS status report is supported under text mode if <fo> is set to 49.</fo>
<vp></vp>	Depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: GSM 03.40, TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default 167), in time-string format, or if is supported, in enhanced format (hexadecimal coded string with quotes), (<vp> is in range 0 255).</vp></fo>
<pid></pid>	GSM 03.40 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0).
<dcs></dcs>	GSM 03.38 SMS Data Coding Scheme (default 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format depending on the command or result code.

### **Example**

AT+CSMP=17,23,64,244 OK

### 9.2.7 AT+CSDH Show text mode parameters

This command is used to select values for additional parameters needed when SM is sent to the network or placed in storage when text format message mode is selected.

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CSDH Show text mode parameters	
Test Command AT+CSDH=?	Response a) +CSDH: (list of supported <show>s)  OK b) If failed: ERROR</show>
Read Command AT+CSDH?	Response +CSDH: <show></show>

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	ок
	Response
Write Command	a)
AT+CSDH= <show></show>	OK
AI+C5Dn=\silow>	b) If failed:
	ERROR
Execution Command AT+CSDH	Response
	a)
	Set default value ( <show>=0):</show>
	OK
	b) If failed:
	ERROR

<show></show>	$\underline{0}$ – do not show header values defined in commands
	AT+CSCA and AT+CSMP ( <sca>,<tosca>,<fo>,<vp>,<pid> and</pid></vp></fo></tosca></sca>
	<dcs>) nor <length>,<toda>or<tooa> in +CMT, AT+CMGL,</tooa></toda></length></dcs>
	AT+CMGR result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs
	in text mode; for SMS-COMMANDs in AT+CMGR result code, do
	not show <pid>,<mn>,<da>,<toda>,<length>or<data></data></length></toda></da></mn></pid>
	1 - show the values in result codes

### **Example**

AT+CSDH=1 OK

### 9.2.8 AT+CNMA New message acknowledgement to ME/TA

This command is used to confirm successful receipt of a new message (SMS-DELIVER or SMS-STATUSREPORT) routed directly to the TE. If ME does not receive acknowledgement within required time (network timeout), it will send RP-ERROR to the network.

AT+CNMA New message acknowledgement to ME/TA	
Test Command AT+CNMA=?	Response a) if text mode(AT+CMGF=1):  OK b) if PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0): +CNMA: (list of supported <n>s)  OK</n>

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Write Command AT+CNMA= <n></n>	Response a) OK b) If failed: ERROR c) If failed: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command AT+CNMA (send ACK to the network)	Response a) OK b) If failed: ERROR c) If failed: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>

<n></n>	Parameter required only for PDU mode.
	0 - Command operates similarly as execution command in
	text mode.
	1 - Send positive (RP-ACK) acknowledgement to the
	network. Accepted only in PDU mode.
	2 - Send negative (RP-ERROR) acknowledgement to the
	network. Accepted only in PDU mode.

### **Example**

### AT+CNMI=1,2,0,0,0

OK

+CMT: "1380022xxxx","","02/04/03,11:06:38+32"<CR><LF>

**Testing** 

(receive new short message)

AT+CNMA(send ACK to the network)

OK

AT+CNMA

+CMS ERROR: 340

(the second time return error, it needs ACK only once)

#### NOTE

- NOTE: The execute / write command shall only be used when AT+CSMS parameter <service> equals 1 (= phase 2+) and appropriate URC has been issued by the module, i.e.:
- <+CMT> for <mt>=2 incoming message classes 0, 1, 3 and none;
- <+CMT> for <mt>=3 incoming message classes 0 and 3;

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- <+CDS> for <ds>=1.
- This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

### 9.2.9 AT+CNMI New message indications to TE

This command is used to select the procedure how receiving of new messages from the network is indicated to the TE when TE is active, e.g. DTR signal is ON. If TE is inactive (e.g. DTR signal is OFF). If set <mt> = 3 or <ds> = 1, make sure <mode> = 1, If set <mt> = 2, make sure <mode> = 1 or 2, otherwise it will return error.

AT+CNMI New message indications to TE	
Test Command AT+CNMI=?	Response +CNMI: (list of supported <mode>s),(list of supported <mt>s),(list of supported <bm>s),(list of supported <ds>s),(list of supported <bfr>oK</bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>
Read Command AT+CNMI?	Response +CNMI: <mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr> OK</bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>
Write Command AT+CNMI= <mode>[,<mt>[,<bm>[,<ds>[,<bfr>]]]]</bfr></ds></bm></mt></mode>	Response a) OK b) If failed: ERROR c) If failed: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>
Execution Command  AT+CNMI	Set default value:b)  OK

### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	0 - Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA. If TA result code
	buffer is full, indications can be buffered in some other place or the
	oldest indications may be discarded and replaced with the new
	received indications.
	1 - Discard indication and reject new received message
	unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in
	on-line data mode). Otherwise forward them directly to the TE.

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	2 – Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation. Otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
<mt></mt>	The rules for storing received SMS depend on its data coding scheme, preferred memory storage (AT+CPMS) setting and this value:  0 - No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE.  1 - If SMS-DELIVER is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CMTI: <mem3>,<index>.  2 - SMS-DELIVERs (except class 2 messages and messages in the message waiting indication group (store message)) are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CMT: [<alpha>],<length><cr><lf><pdu> (PDU mode enabled); or +CMT: <oa>,[<alpha>],<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,   <cr> &lt; LF&gt;<data>   (text mode enabled, about parameters in italics, refer command Show Text Mode Parameters AT+CSDH).   3 - Class 3 SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to TE using unsolicited result codes defined in <mt>=2. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <mt>=1.</mt></mt></data></cr></tosca></sca></dcs></pid></fo></tooa></scts></alpha></oa></pdu></lf></cr></length></alpha></index></mem3>
   	(not used in CDMA/EVDO mode)  The rules for storing received CBMs depend on its data coding scheme, the setting of Select CBM Types (AT+CSCB) and this value:  O - No CBM indications are routed to the TE.  New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code:  +CBM: <length><cr><lf><pdu> (PDU mode enabled); or +CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages><cr><lf><data> (text mode enabled)</data></lf></cr></pages></page></dcs></mid></sn></pdu></lf></cr></length>
<ds></ds>	(not used in CDMA/EVDO mode)  0 - No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE.  1 - SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CDS: <length><cr><lf><pdu> (PDU mode enabled); or +CDS: <fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st> (text mode enabled)  2 - If SMS-STATUS-REPORT is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CDSI: <mem3>,<index>.</index></mem3></st></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></pdu></lf></cr></length>

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   	0 - TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this
	command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1 to 2 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes).</mode>
	1 — TA buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this
	command is cleared when <mode> 1 to 2 is entered.</mode>

AT+CNMI=2,1 (unsolicited result codes after received messages.)

OK

### 9.2.10 AT+CGSMS Select service for MO SMS messages

The write command is used to specify the service or service preference that the MT will use to send MO SMS messages.

The test command is used for requesting information on which services and service preferences can be set by using the AT+CGSMS write command

The read command returns the currently selected service or service preference.

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CGSMS Select service for MO SMS messages		
Test Command AT+CGSMS=?	Response +CGSMS: (range of supported <service>s)  OK</service>	
Read Command AT+CGSMS?	Response +CGSMS: <service>  OK</service>	
Write Command AT+CGSMS= <service></service>	Response a) OK b) If failed: ERROR c) If failed: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>	

### **Defined Values**

<service></service>	A numeric	parameter	which	indicates	the	service	or	service
	preference	to be used						
	0 – G	PRS(value is	not rea	ally suppor	ted a	ind is inte	rna	lly

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1 – circui interr 2 – GPR availa 3 – circui	ped to 2) it switched(value is not really supported and is nally mapped to 3) S preferred (use circuit switched if GPRS not able) it switched preferred (use GPRS if circuit switched vailable)
---	---

AT+CGSMS?
+CGSMS: 3

OK

### 9.2.11 AT+CMGL List SMS messages from preferred store

This command is used to return messages with status value <stat> from message storage <mem1> to the TE.

If the status of the message is 'received unread', the status in the storage changes to 'received read'.

AT+CMGL List SMS messages from preferred store			
Test Command AT+CMGL=?	Response +CMGL: (list of supported <stat>s)  OK</stat>		
Write Command AT+CMGL= <stat></stat>	Response a) If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-SUBMITs and/or SMS-DELIVERs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<oa>/<da>,[<alpha>],[<scts>][,<tooa>/<toda>, <fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data>[ <cr><lf> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<oa>/<da>,[<alpha>],[<scts>][,<tooa>/<toda>, <fo>,<pid>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data>[]]  OK b) If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-STATUS-REPORTs: +CMGL:</data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></dcs></pid></fo></pid></fo></toda></tooa></scts></alpha></da></oa></stat></index></lf></cr></data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></dcs></pid></fo></toda></tooa></scts></alpha></da></oa></stat></index>		

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<index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st>[<C R><LF> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st>[...]] OK c) If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-COMMANDs: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[<CR><LF> **+CMGL**: <index>,<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[...]] OK d) If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and CBM storage: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data> [<CR><LF> +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data> [...]] OK e) If PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0) and Command successful: +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu>[<CR><LF > +CMGL: <index>,<stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu>[...]] OK f) If failed:

### **Defined Values**

<stat></stat>	1. Text Mode:	
	"REC UNREAD" -	received unread message (i.e. new
		message)
	"REC READ" -	received read message
	"STO UNSENT" -	stored unsent message
	"STO SENT" -	stored sent message
	"ALL" -	all messages
	2. PDU Mode:	
	0 - received uni	read message (i.e. new message)
	1 - received rea	nd message

+CMS ERROR: <err>

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	2 – stored unsent message
	3 - stored sent message
	4 – all messages
<index></index>	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.
<oa></oa>	Originating-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tooa>.</tooa>
<da></da>	Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.</toda>
<alpha></alpha>	String type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa> corresponding to the entry found in MT phonebook; implementation of this feature is manufacturer specific; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.</oa></da>
<scts></scts>	TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>).</dt>
<da></da>	Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.</toda>
<tooa></tooa>	TP-Originating-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (default refer <toda>).</toda>
<toda></toda>	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.</da>
<length></length>	Integer type value indicating in the text mode (AT+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> in characters; or in PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets. (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)</data>
<data></data>	In the case of SMS: TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format:  1. If <dcs> indicates that GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set:  a. If TE character set other than "HEX": ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set.  b. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. character (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55))  2. If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is</fo></dcs></fo></dcs>

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presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65)) 3. If <dc> 3. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE otheracter set to flow than "HEX": ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set. b. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. 4. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set</a> 4. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set</a> 5. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character long hexadecimal numbers. 4. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If TE character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If Te character Set Interest Page 24</a> 6. If <a href="Interest Page 24">If Te chara</a></a></dc>		
03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format. SMS status report is supported under text mode if <fo> is set to 49.  </fo>		<ul> <li>3. If <dcs> indicates that GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used:</dcs></li> <li>a. If TE character set other than "HEX": ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set.</li> <li>b. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers.</li> <li>4. If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers.</dcs></li> </ul>
GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.   Recipient Address   GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format;BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set(refer to command AT+CSCS);type of address given by <tora>   Type of Recipient Address   GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address   Type-of-Address   OSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address   Type-of-Address   OSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address   Type-of-Address   OSM 03.40   TP-Discharge-Time   In time-string   Format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz",where characters indicate year (two last digits),month,day,hour,minutes,seconds and time zone.   Status   GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format   O255    </tora>	<fo></fo>	03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format. SMS status report is supported under text mode if <fo> is</fo>
GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format;BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set(refer to command AT+CSCS);type of address given by <tora> <tora> <tora> <tora> <tora> Type of Recipient Address GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)  <tora> <tora> <tora> <tora> <tora> Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)  Discharge Time GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz",where characters indicate year (two last digits),month,day,hour,minutes,seconds and time zone.  <tor> Status GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format  0255    <ct> Command Type GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format  0255    <sn> Serial Number GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format  Message Identifier GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format  Page Parameter GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format  Pages&gt; Page Parameter</sn></ct></tor></toda></tora></tora></tora></tora></tora></toda></tora></tora></tora></tora></tora>	<mr></mr>	
GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)  Cdt&gt; Discharge Time GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz",where characters indicate year (two last digits),month,day,hour,minutes,seconds and time zone.  Status GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format  0255  Command Type GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format  0255  Serial Number GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format  Message Identifier GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format  Page Parameter GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format  Pages&gt;</toda>	<ra></ra>	GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format;BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character
GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz",where characters indicate year (two last digits),month,day,hour,minutes,seconds and time zone.  Status GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format  0255  Command Type GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format  0255 <sn> Serial Number GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format  Message Identifier GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format  <pre> Page Parameter GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format  Page Parameter  Page Parameter </pre></sn>	<tora></tora>	GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in
GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format  0255  Command Type GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format  0255  Serial Number GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format <mid> Message Identifier GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format  <page> Page Parameter GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format  <page> Page Parameter Page Parameter Page Parameter Page Parameter Page Parameter</page></page></mid>	<dt></dt>	GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz",where characters indicate year (two last
GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format  0255 <sn> Serial Number GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format  <mid> Message Identifier GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format  <page> Page Parameter GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format  <page> Page Parameter</page></page></mid></sn>	<st></st>	GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format
GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format <mid><mid><mid><metalog< p=""> Message Identifier GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format <page> Page Parameter GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format <page> Page Parameter</page></page></metalog<></mid></mid></mid>	<ct></ct>	GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format
<pre>GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format  <page></page></pre>	<sn></sn>	
GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format <page> Page Parameter</page>	<mid></mid>	
	<page></page>	
	<pages></pages>	

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<pdu></pdu>	In the case of SMS: SC address followed by TPDU in hexadecimal
	format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA
	character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. octet with integer
	value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and
	65)).

```
AT+CMGL="ALL"
+CMGL: 9,"REC READ","+861310.....","jeck","20/05/20,09:31:00+32",145,0,0,0,"+8613......",145,2
hi
+CMGL:
+CMGL:
READ","+861310......","leo","20/05/20,09:32:25+32",145,0,0,0,"+8613......",145,4
Fine

OK
```

### 9.2.12 AT+CMGR Read message

This command is used to return message with location value <index> from message storage <mem1> to the TE.

AT+CMGR Read message	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMGR=?	ОК
Write Command AT+CMGR= <index></index>	a) If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-DELIVER: +CMGR: <stat>,<oa>,[<alpha>],<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data>  OK b) If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-SUBMIT: +CMGR:</data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></dcs></pid></fo></tooa></scts></alpha></oa></stat>
	<stat>,<da>,[<alpha>][,<toda>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,[<vp>],<sca></sca></vp></dcs></pid></fo></toda></alpha></da></stat>
	, <tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data></data></lf></cr></length></tosca>
	ОК
	c) If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-STATUS-REPORT:
	+CMGR: <stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st></st></dt></scts></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat>

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d) If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-COMMAND:

### +CMGR:

<stat>,<fo>,<ct>[,<pid>,[<mn>],[<da>],[<toda>],<length>]<CR ><LF><data>

#### OK

e) If text mode (AT+CMGF=1), command successful and CBM storage:

### +CMGR:

<stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data>

#### OK

f) If PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0) and Command successful:

+CMGR: <stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu>

#### OK

g)If failed:

+CMS ERROR: <err>

### **Defined Values**

<stat></stat>	1. Text Mode:  "REC UNREAD" - received unread message (i.e. new message)  "REC READ" - received read message  "STO UNSENT" - stored unsent message  "STO SENT" - stored sent message  "ALL" - all messages	
	<ul> <li>2. PDU Mode:</li> <li>0 - received unread message (i.e. new message)</li> <li>1 - received read message</li> <li>2 - stored unsent message</li> <li>3 - stored sent message</li> <li>4 - all messages</li> </ul>	
<index></index>	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.	
<oa></oa>	Originating-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tooa>.</tooa>	
<pid></pid>	Protocol Identifier GSM 03.40 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format	

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	0255
<alpha></alpha>	String type alphanumeric representation of <da> or <oa> corresponding to the entry found in MT phonebook; implementation of this feature is manufacturer specific; used character set should be the one selected with command Select TE Character Set AT+CSCS.</oa></da>
<dcs></dcs>	Depending on the command or result code: SMS Data Coding Scheme (default 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format.
<sca></sca>	RP SC address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tosca>.</tosca>
<tosca></tosca>	RP SC address Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tosca>.</tosca>
<scts></scts>	TP-Service-Centre-Time-Stamp in time-string format (refer <dt>).</dt>
<da></da>	Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.</toda>
<tooa></tooa>	TP-Originating-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (default refer <toda>).</toda>
<toda></toda>	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.</da>
<length></length>	Integer type value indicating in the text mode (AT+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> in characters; or in PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets. (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)</data>
<data></data>	In the case of SMS: TP-User-Data in text mode responses; format:  1. If <dcs> indicates that GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used and <fo> indicates that TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is not set:  a. If TE character set other than "HEX": ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set.  b. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. character (GSM 7 bit default alphabet 23) is presented as 17 (IRA 49 and 55))  2. If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used, or <fo> indicates that TP-User-Data-Header-Indication is set: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is</fo></dcs></fo></dcs>

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	presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and 65))  3. If <dcs> indicates that GSM 7 bit default alphabet is used:  a. If TE character set other than "HEX": ME/TA converts GSM alphabet into current TE character set.  b. If TE character set is "HEX": ME/TA converts each 7-bit character of the GSM 7 bit default alphabet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers.  4. If <dcs> indicates that 8-bit or UCS2 data coding scheme is used: ME/TA converts each 8-bit octet into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers.</dcs></dcs>
<fo></fo>	Depending on the command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format. SMS status report is supported under text mode if <fo> is set to 49.</fo>
<vp></vp>	Depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default 167) or in time-string format (refer <dt>).</dt></fo>
<mr></mr>	Message Reference GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.
<ra></ra>	Recipient Address GSM 03.40 TP-Recipient-Address Address-Value field in string format;BCD numbers (or GSM default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set(refer to command AT+CSCS);type of address given by <tora></tora>
<tora></tora>	Type of Recipient Address GSM 04.11 TP-Recipient-Address Type-of-Address octet in integer format (default refer <toda>)</toda>
<dt></dt>	Discharge Time  GSM 03.40 TP-Discharge-Time in time-string format: "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss+zz",where characters indicate year (two last digits),month,day,hour,minutes,seconds and time zone.
<st></st>	Status GSM 03.40 TP-Status in integer format 0255
<ct></ct>	Command Type GSM 03.40 TP-Command-Type in integer format 0255
<sn></sn>	Serial Number GSM 03.41 CBM Serial Number in integer format
<mn></mn>	Message Number GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Number in integer format
<mid></mid>	Message Identifier

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	GSM 03.41 CBM Message Identifier in integer format
<page></page>	Page Parameter
	GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 4-7 in integer format
<pages></pages>	Page Parameter
	GSM 03.41 CBM Page Parameter bits 0-3 in integer format
<pdu></pdu>	In the case of SMS: SC address followed by TPDU in hexadecimal format: ME/TA converts each octet of TP data unit into two IRA character long hexadecimal numbers. (e.g. octet with integer value 42 is presented to TE as two characters 2A (IRA 50 and
	65)).

### AT+CMGR=1

+CMGR: "STO UNSENT","+10011",,145,17,0,0,167,"+8613800100500",145,11

**Hello World** 

OK

### 9.2.13 AT+CMGS Send message

This command is used to send message from a TE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT).

AT+CMGS Send message	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMGS=?	OK
	Response
Write Command	a) If sending successfully:
If text mode (AT+CMGF=1):	+CMGS: <mr>[,<time_stamp>]</time_stamp></mr>
AT+CMGS= <da>[,<toda>]<cr>T</cr></toda></da>	
ext is entered.	OK
<ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z>	b) If cancel sending:
If PDU mode(AT+CMGF=0):	OK
AT+CMGS= <length><cr></cr></length>	c) If sending fails:
PDU is entered	ERROR
<ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z>	d) If sending fails:
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>

### **Defined Values**

<da></da>	Destination-Address,	Address-Value fi	ield in string fo	ormat; BCD
	numbers (or GSM 7 b	it default alphabe	et characters) ar	e converted

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	to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.</toda>
<toda></toda>	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.</da>
<length></length>	integer type value indicating in the text mode (AT+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> &gt; (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets. (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length)</cdata></data>
<mr></mr>	Message Reference GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.

AT+CMGS="13012832788"<CR>(TEXT MODE)

> ABCD<ctrl-Z/ESC>

+CMGS: 46

OK

### **NOTE**

• NOTE: In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used.

### 9.2.14 AT+CMSS Send message from storage

This command is used to send message with location value <index> from preferred message storage <mem2> to the network (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND).

AT+CMSS Send message from storage	
Test Command AT+CMSS=?	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command AT+CMSS= <index>[,<da>[,<tod a="">]]</tod></da></index>	Response a) +CMSS: <mr>[,<time_stamp>]  OK b) If failed:</time_stamp></mr>

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ERROR
c) If sending fails:
+CMS ERROR: <err></err>

<index></index>	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.
<da></da>	Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.</toda>
<mr></mr>	Message Reference GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.
<toda></toda>	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.</da>

### **Example**

#### AT+CMSS=3

+CMSS: 0

OK

AT+CMSS=3,"13012345678"

+CMSS: 55

OK

#### NOTE

• NOTE: In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used.

### 9.2.15 AT+CMGW Write message to memory

This command is used to store message (either SMS-DELIVER or SMS-SUBMIT) to memory storage <mem2>.

AT+CMGW Write message to memory

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Test Command AT+CMGW=?	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command  If text mode (AT+CMGF=1):  AT+CMGW= <oa>/<da>[,<tooa>/  <toda>[,<stat>]]<cr>Text is entered.  <ctrl-z esc="">  If PDU mode(AT+CMGF=0):  AT+CMGW=<length>[,<stat>]<c r="">PDU is entered.  <ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z></c></stat></length></ctrl-z></cr></stat></toda></tooa></da></oa>	Response a) If write successfully: +CMGW: <index>  OK b) If cancel write: OK c) If write fails: ERROR d) If write fails: +CMS ERROR: <err></err></index>

<index></index>	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.
<0a>	Originating-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tooa>.</tooa>
<tooa></tooa>	TP-Originating-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (default refer <toda>).</toda>
<da></da>	Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.</toda>
<toda></toda>	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.</da>
<length></length>	Integer type value indicating in the text mode (AT+CMGF=1) the length of the message body <data> &gt; (or <cdata>) in characters; or in PDU mode (AT+CMGF=0), the length of the actual TP data unit in octets. (i.e. the RP layer SMSC address octets are not counted in the length).</cdata></data>
<stat></stat>	Text Mode:  "STO UNSENT" - stored unsent message  "STO SENT" - stored sent message  2. PDU Mode:  2 - stored unsent message  3 - stored sent message

### Example

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AT+CMGW="13012832788" <CR> (TEXT MODE)
ABCD<ctrl-Z/ESC>

+CMGW: 1

OK

### NOTE

 NOTE: In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used.

### 9.2.16 AT+CMGD Delete message

This command is used to delete message from preferred message storage <mem1> location <index>. If <delflag> is present and not set to 0 then the ME shall ignore <index> and follow the rules for <delflag> shown below.

AT+CMGD Delete message	
Test Command AT+CMGD=?	Response +CMGD: (list of supported <index>s)[,(list of supported <delflag>s)]  OK</delflag></index>
Write Command AT+CMGD= <index>[,<delflag>]</delflag></index>	Response a) OK b) If failed: ERROR c) If failed: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>

### **Defined Values**

<index></index>	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero.
<delflag></delflag>	<ul> <li>0 - (or omitted) Delete the message specified in <index>.</index></li> <li>1 - Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, leaving unread messages and stored mobile originated messages (whether sent or not) untouched.</li> <li>2 - Delete all read messages from preferred message</li> </ul>

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3	_	storage and sent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages and unsent mobile originated messages untouched.  Delete all read messages from preferred message storage, sent and unsent mobile originated messages leaving unread messages untouched.
4	_	leaving unread messages untouched.  Delete all messages from preferred message storage including unread messages.

### AT+CMGD=1

OK

### NOTE

NOTE: If set <delflag>=1, 2, 3 or 4, <index> is omitted, such as AT+CMGD=,1.

### 9.2.17 AT+CMGMT Change message status

This command is used to change the message status. If the status is unread, it will be changed read. Other statuses don't change.

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CMGMT Change message status		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CMGMT=?	OK	
Write Command AT+CMGMT= <index></index>	Response	
	a)	
	OK	
	b) If failed:	
	ERROR	
	c) If failed:	
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>	

### **Defined Values**

<index></index>	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by
	the associated memory and start with zero.

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OK

AT+CMGMT=1

### 9.2.18 AT+CMVP Set message valid period

This command is used to set valid period for sending short message.

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CMVP Set message valid period		
Test Command AT+CMVP=?	Response +CMVP: (list of supported <vp>s)  OK</vp>	
Read Command AT+CMVP?	Response +CMVP: <vp> OK</vp>	
Write Command AT+CMVP= <vp></vp>	Response a) OK b) If failed: ERROR c) If failed: +CMS ERROR: <err></err>	

## **Defined Values**

<vp></vp>	Validity period value:	
	0 to 143 - ( <vp>+1) x 5 minutes (up to 12 hours)</vp>	
	144 to 167 - 12 hours + ( <vp>-143) x 30 minutes</vp>	
	168 to 196 - ( <vp>-166) x 1 day</vp>	
	197 to 255 - ( <vp>-192) x 1 week</vp>	

### Example

OK

AT+CMVP=167

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### 9.2.19 AT+CMGRD Read and delete message

This command is used to read message, and delete the message at the same time. It integrate AT+CMGR and AT+CMGD, but it doesn't change the message status.

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CMGRD Read and delete m	nessage
Test Command	Response
AT+CMGRD=?	OK
Write Command AT+CMGRD= <index></index>	Response a) If text mode(AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-DE-LIVER: +CMGRD: <stat>,<oa>,<falpha>],<scts>[,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data>  OK b) If text mode(AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-SU-BMIT: +CMGRD: <stat>,<da>,[<alpha>][,<toda>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,[<vp>],<sca>,<tosca>,<length>]<cr><lf><data>  OK c) If text mode(AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-STA- TUS- REPORT: +CMGRD: <stat>,<fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st>&gt; OK d) If text mode(AT+CMGF=1), command successful and SMS-CO-MMAND: +CMGRD: <stat>,<fo>,<ct>[,<pid>,[<mn>],[<da>],[<toda>],<length><cr><lf><data>]  OK e) If text mode(AT+CMGF=1), command successful and CBM storage: +CMGRD: <stat>,<fo>,<ct>[,<pid>,[<mn>],[<da>],[<toda>],<length><cr><le><lf><data>]  OK e) If text mode(AT+CMGF=1), command successful and CBM storage: +CMGRD: <stat>,<sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages><cr><lf><data> OK f) If RDIL mode(AT+CMGF=0) and command successful:</data></lf></cr></pages></page></dcs></mid></sn></stat></data></lf></le></cr></length></toda></da></mn></pid></ct></fo></stat></data></lf></cr></length></toda></da></mn></pid></ct></fo></stat></st></dt></scts></tora></tora></ra></mr></fo></stat></data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></vp></dcs></pid></fo></toda></alpha></da></stat></data></lf></cr></length></tosca></sca></dcs></pid></fo></tooa></scts></falpha></oa></stat>
	f) If PDU mode(AT+CMGF=0) and command successful:

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+CMGRD: <stat>,[<alpha>],<length><CR><LF><pdu>

OK

g) If failed:
ERROR

h) If failed:
+CMS ERROR: <err>

### **Defined Values**

Refer to command AT+CMGR.

### **Example**

### AT+CMGRD=6

+CMGRD: "REC READ","+8613917787249",,"06/07/10,12:09:38+32",145,4,0,0,"+86138002105

00",145,4

How do you do

OK

### 9.2.20 AT+CMGSEX Send message

This command is used to send message from a TE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT).

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

AT+CMGSEX Send message	
Test Command AT+CMGSEX=?	Response OK
Write Command If text mode (AT+CMGF=1): AT+CMGSEX= <da>[,<toda>][,&lt; mr&gt;,<msg_seg>,<msg_total>]&lt; CR&gt;Text is entered. <ctrl-z esc=""></ctrl-z></msg_total></msg_seg></toda></da>	Response a) If sending successfully: +CMGSEX: <mr>  OK b) If cancel sending: OK c) If sending fails: ERROR d) If sending fails: +CMS ERROR: <err></err></mr>

### **Defined Values**

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<da></da>	Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.</toda>
<toda></toda>	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (When first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.</da>
<mr></mr>	Message Reference GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format. The maximum length is 255.
<msg_seg></msg_seg>	The segment number for long sms
<msg_total></msg_total>	The total number of the segments for long sms. Its range is from 2 to 255.

AT+CMGSEX="13012832788", 190, 1, 2<CR>(TEXT MODE)

> ABCD<ctrl-Z/ESC>

**+CMGSEX: 190** 

OK

AT+CMGSEX="13012832788", 190, 2, 2<CR>(TEXT MODE)

> ABCD<ctrl-Z/ESC>

+CMGSEX: 191

OK

### **NOTE**

 NOTE: In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: For single SMS, it is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used; For multiple long sms, it is 153 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used.

### 9.2.21 AT+CMSSEX Send multi messages from storage

This command is used to send messages with location value <index1>,<index2>,<index3>... from preferred message storage <mem2> to the network (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND). The max count of index is 13 one time.

Note: This command not support in CDMA/EVDO mode

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AT+CMSSEX Send multi messages from storage		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CMSSEX=?	OK	
	Response	
	a)	
	+CMSSEX: <mr>[,<mr>[,]]</mr></mr>	
Write Command		
AT+CMSSEX= <index>[,<index>[</index></index>	OK	
,]]	b) If failed:	
	ERROR	
	c) If sending fails:	
	[+CMSSEX: <mr>[,<mr>[,]]]</mr></mr>	
	+CMS ERROR: <err></err>	

<index></index>	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by
	the associated memory and start with zero.
<mr></mr>	Message Reference
	GSM 03.40 TP-Message-Reference in integer format.

NOTE: In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used.

### Example

# AT+CMSSEX=0,1

+CMSSEX: 239,240

OK

#### NOTE

 NOTE: In text mode, the maximum length of an SMS depends on the used coding scheme: It is 160 characters if the 7 bit GSM coding scheme is used.

### 9.2.22 AT+CMGP Set cdma/evdo text mode parameters

The command is used to select values for additional parameters needed when SM is sent to the network or placed in storage when text format message mode is selected.

Note: take effect in CDMA/EVDO mode

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AT+CMGP Set cdma/evdo text mode parameters	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMGP=?	OK
	Response
Read Command	+CMGP: <tid>,<vpf>,<vp>,<ddtf>,<ddt></ddt></ddtf></vp></vpf></tid>
AT+CMGP?	
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CMGP=[Tid][, <vpf>,<vp>[,&lt;</vp></vpf>	OK
ddtf>, <ddt>]]</ddt>	

<tid></tid>	Teleservice ID,value maybe 4095,4096,4097, <u>4098</u> ,4099,4100,4101,4102 Default 4098
<vpf></vpf>	Valid Period Format  0 – Absolute  1 – Relative
<vp></vp>	Valid Period "YY/MM/DD,HH/MM/SS" if vpf=0, Integer not exceed 248 if vpf=1
<ddtf></ddtf>	Deferred Delivery Time Format  0 – Absolute  1 – Relative
<ddt></ddt>	Deferred Delivery Time "YY/MM/DD,HH/MM/SS" if ddtf=0, Integer not exceed 248 if ddtf=1

### Example

OK

AT+CMGP=4098,0,"11/04/22,16:21:00",1,12

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# 10. AT Commands for SSL

### 10.1 Overview of AT Commands for SSL

Command	Description
AT+CCHSTART	Start SSL service
AT+CCHSTOP	Stop SSL service
AT+CCHOPEN	Connect to SSL server
AT+CCHCLOSE	Disconnect from SSL server
AT+CCHSEND	Send data to SSL server
AT+CCHRECV	Read the cached data that received from the SSL server
AT+CCHCFG	Configure the client context
AT+CCHSSLCFG	Set the SSL context
AT+CCHSET	Configure the report mode of sending and receiving data
AT+CCHMODE	Configure the mode of sending and receiving data
AT+CCHADDR	Get the IPV4 address
AT+CSSLCFG	Configure the SSL context
AT+CCERTDOWN	Download certificate into the module
AT+CCERTLIST	List certificates
AT+CCERTDELE	Delete certificates

# **Detailed Description of AT Commands for SSL**

#### 10.2.1 AT+CCHSTART Start SSL service

AT+CCHSTART is used to start SSL service by activating PDP context. You must execute AT+CCHSTART before any other SSL related operations.

AT+CCHSTART Start SSL service	
Execution Command	Response
AT+CCHSTART	a) If start SSL service successfully:
	OK

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	+CCHSTART: 0 b) If start SSL service successfully: +CCHSTART: 0
	OK c) If failed: ERROR d) If failed: OK +CCHSTART: <err></err>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	-

<err></err>	Integer type, which indicates the result code.

### Example

### AT+CCHSTART

OK

+CCHSTART: 0

### NOTE

• You must execute AT+CCHSTART before any other SSL related operations

### 10.2.2 AT+CCHSTOP Stop SSL service

AT+CCHSTOP is used to stop SSL service.

AT+CCHSTOP Stop SSL service	
Execution Command AT+CCHSTOP	Response a) If stop SSL service successfully: +CCHSTOP: 0
	OK b) If stop SSL service successfully: OK

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	+CCHSTOP: 0 c) If failed:
Parameter Saving Mode	ERROR -
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<err></err>	Integer type, which indicates the result code.

### Example

### AT+CCHSTOP

OK

+CCHSTOP: 0

### 10.2.3 AT+CCHOPEN Connect to SSL server

This command is used to connect to SSL server.

**Note:** If there is other service working in transparent mode, it is not allowed setup transparent connection by cchopen cmd.

AT+CCHOPEN Connect t	o SSL server
Test Command	Response
AT+CCHOPEN=?	+CCHOPEN: (0,1),"ADDRESS",(1-65535)[,(1-2)[,(1-65535)]]
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CCHOPEN?	If connect to a server, it will show the connected information. Otherwise, the connected information is empty.
	+CCHOPEN: 0," <host>",<port>,<client_type>,[<bind_port>]</bind_port></client_type></port></host>
	+CCHOPEN: 1," <host>",<port>,<client_type>,[<bind_port>]</bind_port></client_type></port></host>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CCHOPEN= <session< td=""><td>a) If connect successfully:</td></session<>	a) If connect successfully:
_id>,"host", <port>[,<clie< td=""><td>+CCHOPEN: <session_id>,0</session_id></td></clie<></port>	+CCHOPEN: <session_id>,0</session_id>
nt_type>[, <bind_port>]]</bind_port>	
	ОК

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	b) If connect successfully:  OK  +CCHOPEN: <session_id>,0 c) If connect successfully in transparent mode:  CONNECT [<text>] d) If failed:  OK  +CCHOPEN: <session_id>,<err> [+CCHCLOSE: <session_id>,<err>] e) If failed:  ERROR f) If failed in transparent mode:  CONNECT FAIL</err></session_id></err></session_id></text></session_id>
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	-4 ( 1 )

<session_id></session_id>	The session index to operate. It's from 0 to 1.
<host></host>	The server address, length range is 1 to 256.
<port></port>	The server port which to be connected, the range is from 1 to 65535.
<client_type></client_type>	The type of client:  1 — TCP client.  2 — SSL/TLS client.  Default value is 2.
  d_port>	The local port for channel, the range is from 1 to 65535.
<text></text>	CONNECT result code string; the string formats please refer ATX/AT\V/AT&E command.
<err></err>	Integer type, the result of operation.0 is success, other value is failure.

### **Example**

AT+CCHOPEN=0,"www.baidu.com",443,2

OK

+CCHOPEN: 0,0

### NOTE

• If you don't set the SSL context by AT+CCHSSLCFG before connecting a SSL/TLS server by AT+CCHOPEN, it will use the <session\_id> (the 1'st parameter of AT+CCHOPEN) SSL context

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when connecting to the server.

## 10.2.4 AT+CCHCLOSE Disconnect from SSL server

AT+CCHCLOSE is used to disconnect from the server.

AT+CCHCLOSE Disconnect from	om SSL server
Write Command	Response
AT+CCHCLOSE= <session_id></session_id>	a) If successfully:
	+CCHCLOSE: <session_id>,0</session_id>
	OK
	b) If successfully:
	OK
	+CCHCLOSE: <session_id>,0</session_id>
	c) If successfully in transparent mode:
	OK
	CLOSED
	d) If failed:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	- [ ]
Reference	

## **Defined Values**

<session_id></session_id>	The session index to operate. It's from 0 to 1.
<err></err>	Integer type, the result of operation. 0 is success, other value is failure

## **Example**

# AT+CCHCLOSE=0 OK +CCHCLOSE: 0,0

## 10.2.5 AT+CCHSEND Send data to SSL server

AT+CCHSEND is used to send data to server.

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AT+CCHSEND Send data to SSL server	
Test Command	Response
AT+CCHSEND=?	+CCHSEND: (0,1),(1-2048)
	ок
Read Command	Response
AT+CCHSEND?	+CCHSEND: 0, <unsent_len_0>,1,<unsent_len_1></unsent_len_1></unsent_len_0>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CCHSEND= <session_id< td=""><td>a) if parameter is right:</td></session_id<>	a) if parameter is right:
>, <len></len>	>
	<input data="" here=""/>
	When the total size of the inputted data reaches <len>, TA will report</len>
	the following code. Otherwise, the serial port will be blocked.
	OK
	b) If parameter is wrong or other errors occur:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	- 1/1/1/1

<session_id></session_id>	The session index to operate. It's from 0 to 1.
<len></len>	The length of data to send. Its range is from 1 to 2048 bytes.
<unsent_len_0></unsent_len_0>	The data of connection 0 cached in sending buffer which is waiting to be sent.
<unsent_len_1></unsent_len_1>	The data of connection 1 cached in sending buffer which is waiting to be sent.

## Example

## AT+CCHSEND=0,125

> GET / HTTP/1.1

Host: www.google.com.hk

User-Agent: MAUI htp User Agent Proxy-Connection: keep-alive

Content-Length: 0

OK

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## 10.2.6 AT+CCHRECV Read the cached data that received from the server

You can use AT+CCHRECV to read the cached data which received from the server.

lead Command	Response
T+CCHRECV?	+CCHRECV: LEN, <cache_len_0>,<cache_len_1></cache_len_1></cache_len_0>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CCHRECV= <session_id>[ ,<max_recv_len>]</max_recv_len></session_id>	a) if parameter is right and there are cached data:  OK
	[+CCHRECV: DATA, <session_id>,<len></len></session_id>
	+CCHRECV: DATA, <session_id>,<len></len></session_id>
	]
	+CCHRECV: <session_id>,<err></err></session_id>
	b) if parameter is not right or any other error occurs:
	+CCHRECV: <session_id>,<err></err></session_id>
	ERROR
	c) if receiving data from server fails:
	+CCH_RECV_ERROR: <session_id>,<err></err></session_id>
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	- (41)
Reference	- 41

<session_id></session_id>	The session_id to operate. It's from 0 to 1.
<max_recv_len></max_recv_len>	Maximum bytes of data to receive in the current AT+CCHRECV calling. It will read all the received data when the value is greater than the length of RX data cached for session <session_id>.  0 means the maximum bytes to receive is 2048 bytes. (But, when 2048 is greater than the length of RX data cached for session <session_id>, 0 means the length of RX data cached for session <session_id>).  The default value is the length of RX data cached for session <session_id>.  It will be not allowed when there is no data in the cache.</session_id></session_id></session_id></session_id>
<cache_len_0></cache_len_0>	The length of RX data cached for connection 0.
<cache_len_1></cache_len_1>	The length of RX data cached for connection 1.
<len></len>	The length of data followed.
<err></err>	String type, displays the cause of occurring error, please refer to

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Chapter 10.3 for details.

## **Example**

#### AT+CCHRECV=1

OK

+CCHRECV: DATA,1,249

HTTP/1.1 200 OK Content-Type: text/html Content-Language: zh-CN

Content-Length: 57

Date: Tue, 31 Mar 2009 01:56:05 GMT

Connection: Close

Proxy-Connection: Close

<html>

<header>test</header>

<body>
Test body
</body>

+CCHRECV: 1,0

## 10.2.7 AT+CCHADDR Get IPV4 address

AT+CCHADDR is used to inquire socket PDP address.

AT+CCHADDR Get IPV4 address	
Execution Command AT+CCHADDR	Response: +CCHADDR: <ip_address></ip_address>
	ОК
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

## **Defined Values**

<ip_address></ip_address>	A string parameter that identifies the Ipv4 address after PDP activated.

## **Example**

#### AT+CCHADDR

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+CCHADDR: 10.71.155.118

OK

## 10.2.8 AT+CCHCFG Configure the client context

AT+CCHCFG is used to set the client session context. It must be called before AT+CCHOPEN and after AT+CCHSTART. The setting will be cleared after AT+CCHOPEN failed or AT+CCHCLOSE.

AT+CCHCFG Configure the client context	
Test Command AT+CCHCFG=?	Response +CCHCFG: "sendtimeout",(0-1),(60-150) +CCHCFG: "sslctx",(0-1),(0-9)
Read Command AT+CCHCFG?	Response +CCHCFG: 0, <sendtimeout_val>,<sslctx_index> +CCHCFG: 1,<sendtimeout_val>,<sslctx_index>  OK</sslctx_index></sendtimeout_val></sslctx_index></sendtimeout_val>
<pre>Write Command /*Configure the timeout value of the specified client when sending data*/ AT+CCHCFG="sendtimeout", <session_id>,<sendtimeout_ val=""></sendtimeout_></session_id></pre>	Response If successfully: OK If failed: ERROR
<pre>Write Command /*Configure the SSL context index, it's as same as AT+CSSLCFG*/ AT+CCHCFG="sslctx",<sessi on_id="">,<sslctx_index></sslctx_index></sessi></pre>	Response If successfully: OK If failed: ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode  Maximum Response Time  Reference	-  -  -

## **Defined Values**

<session_id></session_id>	The session_id to operate. It's from 0 to 1.
<sendtimeout_val></sendtimeout_val>	The timeout value used in sending data stage. The range is 60-150
	seconds. The default value is 150.

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<sslctx_index></sslctx_index>	The SSL context ID which will be used in the SSL connection. Refer to
	the <ssl_ctx_index> of AT+CSSLCFG.</ssl_ctx_index>

#### Example

## AT+CCHCFG="sendtimeout",0,60

OK

#### **NOTE**

• This command must be called before AT+CCHOPEN and after AT+CCHSTART. The setting will be cleared after AT+CCHOPEN failed or AT+CCHCLOSE.

#### 10.2.9 AT+CCHSSLCFG Set the SSL context

AT+CCHSSLCFG is used to set the SSL context which to be used in the SSL connection. It must be called before AT+CCHOPEN and after AT+CCHSTART. The setting will be cleared after AT+CCHOPEN failed or AT+CCHCLOSE.

**Note:** If you don't set the SSL context by this command before connecting to SSL/TLS server by AT+CCHOPEN, the CCHOPEN operation will use the SSL context as same as index <session\_id> (the 1st parameter of AT+CCHOPEN) when connecting to the server.

AT+CCHSSLCFG Set the SSL context	
Test Command AT+CCHSSLCFG=?	Response +CCHSSLCFG: (0,1),(0-9)
	OK
Read Command AT+CCHSSLCFG?	Response +CCHSSLCFG: <session_id>,[ssl_ctx_index] +CCHSSLCFG: <session_id>,[ssl_ctx_index]</session_id></session_id>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CCHSSLCFG= <session_i< td=""><td>a) If successfully:</td></session_i<>	a) If successfully:
d>, <ssl_ctx_index></ssl_ctx_index>	OK b) If failed:
	b) If failed: ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<session_id></session_id>	The session_id to operate. It's from 0 to 1.

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<ssl_ctx_index></ssl_ctx_index>	The SSL context ID which will be used in the SSL connection. Refer to
	the <ssl_ctx_index> of AT+CSSLCFG.</ssl_ctx_index>

#### **Example**

AT+CCHSSLCFG=?

+CCHSSLCFG: (0,1),(0-9)

OK

AT+CCHSSLCFG=1,1

OK

#### NOTE

- This command must be called before AT+CCHOPEN and after AT+CCHSTART. The setting will be cleared after AT+CCHOPEN failed or AT+CCHCLOSE.
- If you don't set the SSL context by this command before connecting to SSL/TLS server by AT+CCHOPEN, the CCHOPEN operation will use the SSL context as same as index <session\_id> (the 1st parameter of AT+CCHOPEN) when connecting to the server.

## 10.2.10 AT+CCHMODE Configure the mode of sending and receiving data

AT+CCHMODE is used to elect transparent mode (data mode) or non-transparent mode (command mode). The default mode is non-transparent mode. This AT command must be called before calling AT+CCHSTART.

**Note:** There is only one session in the transparent mode, it's the first session.

AT+CCHMODE Configure the	e mode of sending and receiving mode
Test Command AT+CCHMODE=?	Response +CCHMODE: (0,1)
	OK
Read Command AT+CCHMODE?	Response +CCHMODE: <mode></mode>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CCHMODE= <mode></mode>	a) If successfully:
	OK
	b) If failed:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-

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Reference	-

<mode></mode>	The mode value:
	<u>0</u> – Normal
	1 - Transparent mode
	The default value is 0.

## **Example**

```
AT+CCHMODE=?
+CCHMODE: (0,1)

OK
AT+CCHMODE=1
OK
```

#### NOTE

- This command must be called before AT+CCHSTART.
- There is only one session in the transparent mode, it's the first session.

## 10.2.11 AT+CCHSET Configure the report mode of sending and receiving data

AT+CCHSET is used to configure the mode of sending and receiving data. It must be called before AT+CCHSTART.

AT+CCHSET Configure the report mode of sending and receiving data	
Test Command	Response
AT+CCHSET=?	+CCHSET: (0,1),(0,1)
	ок
Read Command	Response
AT+CCHSET?	+CCHSET: <report_send_result>,<recv_mode></recv_mode></report_send_result>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CCHSET= <report_send_r< td=""><td>a) If successfully:</td></report_send_r<>	a) If successfully:
esult>[, <recv_mode>]</recv_mode>	OK
	b) If failed:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-

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Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<report_send_result></report_send_result>	Whether to report result of CCHSEND, the default value is 0:  0 - No.  1 - Yes. Module will report +CCHSEND: <session_id>,<err> to MCU when complete sending data.</err></session_id>
<recv_mode></recv_mode>	The receiving mode:  O - Output the data to MCU whenever received data.  Hodule caches the received data and notifies MCU with +CCHEVENT: <session_id>, RECV EVENT.  MCU can use AT+CCHRECV to receive the cached data (only in manual receiving mode).</session_id>

## **Example**

AT+CCHSET: (0,1),(0,1)

OK
AT+CCHSET=1,1
OK

#### **NOTE**

This command must be called before AT+CCHSTART.

## 10.2.12 AT+CSSLCFG Configure the SSL context

AT+CSSLCFG is used to configure the SSL context.

AT+CSSLCFG Configure the SSL context	
Test Command	Response
AT+CSSLCFG=?	+CSSLCFG: "sslversion",(0-9),(0-4)
	+CSSLCFG: "authmode",(0-9),(0-3)
	+CSSLCFG: "ignorelocaltime",(0-9),(0,1)
	+CSSLCFG: "negotiatetime",(0-9),(10-300)
	+CSSLCFG: "cacert",(0-9),(5-128)
	+CSSLCFG: "clientcert",(0-9),(5-128)
	+CSSLCFG: "clientkey",(0-9),(5-128)
	+CSSLCFG: "enableSNI",(0-9),(0,1)

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	+CSSLCFG: "keypwd",(0-9),(0-128) +CSSLCFG: "ciphersuites",(0-9),(0x002F,0Xffff)
	OK
Read Command  AT+CSSLCFG?	Response +CSSLCFG:
	0, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<ca _file="">,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd="">,<ciphersuites> +CSSLCFG:</ciphersuites></keyp></enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca></negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>
	1, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<ca _file="">,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd="">,<ciphersuites> +CSSLCFG:</ciphersuites></keyp></enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca></negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>
	2, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<ca _file&gt;,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd&gt;,<ciphersuites> +CSSLCFG:</ciphersuites></keyp </enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca </negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>
	3, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<ca _file="">,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd="">,<ciphersuites> +CSSLCFG:</ciphersuites></keyp></enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca></negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>
	4, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<ca _file="">,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd="">,<ciphersuites> +CSSLCFG:</ciphersuites></keyp></enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca></negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>
	5, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<cafile>,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd="">,<ciphersuites> +CSSLCFG:</ciphersuites></keyp></enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></cafile></negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>
	6, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<ca _file&gt;,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd&gt;,<ciphersuites> +CSSLCFG:</ciphersuites></keyp </enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca </negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>
	7, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<ca _file="">,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd="">,<ciphersuites> +CSSLCFG:</ciphersuites></keyp></enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca></negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>
	8, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<ca _file="">,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd="">,<ciphersuites> +CSSLCFG:</ciphersuites></keyp></enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca></negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>
	9, <sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negotiatetime>,<ca _file="">,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni_flag>,<keyp wd="">,<ciphersuites></ciphersuites></keyp></enalbesni_flag></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca></negotiatetime></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion>

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	ок
Write Command	Response
/*Query the configuration of the	+CSSLCFG:
specified SSL context*/	<ssl_ctxindex>,<sslversion>,<authmode>,<ignoreltime>,<negot< td=""></negot<></ignoreltime></authmode></sslversion></ssl_ctxindex>
AT+CSSLCFG= <ssl_ctx_inde< td=""><td>iatetime&gt;,<ca_file>,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni< td=""></enalbesni<></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca_file></td></ssl_ctx_inde<>	iatetime>, <ca_file>,<clientcert_file>,<clientkey_file>,<enalbesni< td=""></enalbesni<></clientkey_file></clientcert_file></ca_file>
x>	_flag>, <keypwd>,<ciphersuites></ciphersuites></keypwd>
	OK
Write Command	Response
/*Configure the version of the	a) If successfully:
specified SSL context*/	OK b) If failed:
AT+CSSLCFG="sslversion",<	b) If failed: ERROR
ssl_ctx_index>, <sslversion></sslversion>	ERROR
Write Command	Response
/*Configure the authentication of	a) If successfully:
the specified SSL context*/	OK
4	b) If failed:
AT+CSSLCFG="authmode",<	ERROR
ssl_ctx_index>, <authmode></authmode>	
Write Command	Response
/*Configure the ignore local time	a) If successfully:
flag of the specified SSL context*/	ОК
	b) If failed:
AT+CSSLCFG="ignorelocalti	ERROR
me", <ssl_ctx_index>,<ignore< td=""><td></td></ignore<></ssl_ctx_index>	
Itime>	
Write Command	Response
/*Configure the negotiate timeout value of the specified SSL context*/	a) If successfully:  OK
value of the specified SSL context*/	b) If failed:
AT+CSSLCFG="negotiatetim	ERROR
e", <ssl_ctx_index>,<negotiat< td=""><td></td></negotiat<></ssl_ctx_index>	
etime>	
Write Command	Response
/*Configure the server root CA of	a) If successfully:
the specified SSL context*/	ОК
	b) If failed:
AT+CSSLCFG="cacert", <ssl_< td=""><td>ERROR</td></ssl_<>	ERROR
ctx_index>, <ca_file></ca_file>	
Write Command	Response
/*Configure the client certificate of	a) If successfully:
the specified SSL context*/	OK
	b) If failed:

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AT+CSSLCFG="clientcert", <s sl_ctx_index&gt;,<clientcert_file &gt;</clientcert_file </s 	ERROR
Write Command /*Configure the client key of the specified SSL context*/  AT+CSSLCFG="clientkey", <s sl_ctx_index="">,<clientkey_file></clientkey_file></s>	Response a) If successfully: OK b) If failed: ERROR
Write Command /*Configure the enableSNI flag of the specified SSL context*/  AT+CSSLCFG="enableSNI",< ssl_ctx_index>, <enablesni_f lag=""></enablesni_f>	Response a) If successfully: OK b) If failed: ERROR
Write Command /*Configure the password of the specified SSL context*/  AT+CSSLCFG="keypwd", <ssl_ctx_index>,<keypwd></keypwd></ssl_ctx_index>	Response a) If successfully: OK b) If failed: ERROR
Write Command /*Configure the ciphersuite of the specified SSL context*/  AT+CSSLCFG="ciphersuites", <ssl_ctx_index>,<ciphersuites"< td=""><td>Response a) If successfully: OK b) If failed: ERROR</td></ciphersuites"<></ssl_ctx_index>	Response a) If successfully: OK b) If failed: ERROR
tes>	
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<ssl_ctx_index></ssl_ctx_index>	The SSL context ID. The range is 0-9.		
<sslversion></sslversion>	The SSL version, the default value is 4.		
	0 - SSL3.0		
	1 – TLS1.0		
	2 – TLS1.1		
	3 – TLS1.2		
	<u>4</u> − All		
	The configured version should be support by server. So you should		

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	use the default value if you can't confirm the version which the server
<authmode></authmode>	supported.  The authentication mode, the default value is 0.
\autimode/	<u>0</u> – no authentication.
	1 – server authentication. It needs the root CA of the server.
	2 - server and client authentication. It needs the root CA of the
	server, the cert and key of the client.
	3 - client authentication and no server authentication. It needs
	the cert and key of the client.
<ignoreltime></ignoreltime>	The flag to indicate how to deal with expired certificate, the default
	value is 1.  0 — care about time check for certification.
	<ul> <li>d = care about time check for certification.</li> <li>1 = ignore time check for certification.</li> </ul>
	ignore time eneak for continuation
	When set the value to 0, it need to set the right current date and time
	by AT+CCLK when need SSL certification.
<negotiatetime></negotiatetime>	The timeout value which is used in SSL negotiating stage. The range
	is 10-300 seconds. The default value is 300.
<ca_file></ca_file>	The root CA file name of SSL context. The file name must have type
	like ".pem" or ".der". The length of filename is from 5 to 128 bytes.  If the filename contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter
	should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark (The
	string in the quotation mark should be hexadecimal of the filename's
	UTF8 code).
	There are two ways to download certificate files to module:
	1. By AT+CCERTDOWN.
delianteed files	2. By FTPS or HTTPS commands. Please refer to chapter 12 and 13.
<cli>clientcert_file&gt;</cli>	The client cert file name of SSL context. The file name must have type like ".pem" or ".der". The length of filename is from 5 to 128 bytes.
	If the filename contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter
	should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark (The
	string in the quotation mark should be hexadecimal of the filename's
	UTF8 code).
	There are two ways to download certificate files to module:
	<ol> <li>By AT+CCERTDOWN.</li> <li>By FTPS or HTTPS commands. Please refer to chapter 12 and 13.</li> </ol>
<cli>clientkey_file&gt;</cli>	The client key file name of SSL context. The file name must have type
·onontikoy_mo	like ".pem" or ".der". The length of filename is from 5 to 128 bytes.
	If the filename contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter
	should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark (The
	string in the quotation mark should be hexadecimal of the filename's
	UTF8 code).

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	There are two ways to download certificate files to module:  1. By AT+CCERTDOWN.  2. By FTPS or HTTPS commands. Please refer to chapter 12 and 13.		
<enablesni_flag></enablesni_flag>	The flag to indicate that enable the SNI flag or not, the default value is 0.  O - not enable SNI.  n - enable SNI.		
<keypwd></keypwd>	The password of the client key file of SSL context. When the client needs to be authorized, client key file is needed. Because the client key file may be encrypted, we need the <a href="keypwd"><a href="keypwd">keypwd</a> to decrypt it. The length of <a href="keypwd">keypwd</a> is from 0 to 128 bytes.</a>		
<ciphersuites></ciphersuites>	Numeric type, SSL ciphersuites  0X002F TLS_RSA_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA  0XFFFF Support all		

## Example

AT+CSSLCFG="sslversion",1,1
OK

## 10.2.13 AT+CCERTDOWN Download certificate into the module

AT+CCERTDOWN is used to download certificate files into the module.

AT+CCERTDOWN Download	certificate into the module
Test Command	Response
AT+CCERTDOWN=?	+CCERTDOWN: (5-128),(1-10240)
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CCERTDOWN= <filename< td=""><td>a) If it can be download:</td></filename<>	a) If it can be download:
>, <len></len>	>
	<input data="" here=""/>
	OK
	b) If failed:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

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<filename></filename>	The name of the certificate/key file. The file name must have type like ".pem" or ".der". The length of filename is from 5 to 128 bytes.  If the filename contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter		
	should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark (The string in the quotation mark should be hexadecimal of the filename's UTF8 code).		
	For example: If you want to download a file with name "中华.pem", you should convert the "中华.pem" to UTF8 coding		
	(中华.pem), then input the hexadecimal (262378344532443B262378353334453B2E70656D) of UTF8 coding.		
Len>	The length of the file data to send. The range is from 1 to 10240 bytes.		

## **Example**

## AT+CCERTDOWN="client\_key.der",611

> file content.....

OK

## 10.2.14 AT+CCERTLIST List certificates

AT+CCERTLIST is used to list certificate files of the module.

AT+CCERTLIST List certificates				
Execution Command	Response			
AT+CCERTLIST	[+CCERTLIST: <file_name></file_name>			
	[+CCERTLIST: <file_name>]</file_name>			
	<cr><lf>]</lf></cr>			
	OK			
Parameter Saving Mode	-			
Maximum Response Time	-			
Reference	-			

## **Defined Values**

<file_name></file_name>	The certificate/key files which has been downloaded to the module.								
	lf	the	filename	contains	non-ASCII	characters,	it wil	show	the
	nc	n-AS	SCII charac	cters as U	TF8 code.				

## **Example**

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## AT+CCERTLIST

+CCERTLIST: "ca\_cert.der"

+CCERTLIST: "client\_key.pem""

OK

#### 10.2.15 AT+CCERTDELE Delete certificates

AT+CCERTDELE is used to remove certificate files from the module.

AT+CCERTDELE Delete certi	ficates	
Write Command AT+CCERTDELE= <filename></filename>	Response a) If delete successfully: OK b) If failed: ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode		
Maximum Response Time		
Reference	-	

# **Defined Values**

recording	
<b>Defined Values</b>	
<filename></filename>	The name of the certificate/key file. The file name must have type like ".pem" or ".der". The length of filename is from 5 to 128 bytes.  If the filename contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark (The string in the quotation mark should be hexadecimal of the filename's UTF8 code).
	For example: If you want to download a file with name "中华.pem", you should convert the "中华.pem" to UTF8 coding (中华.pem), then input the hexadecimal (262378344532443B262378353334453B2E70656D) of UTF8 coding.

## Example

AT+CCERTDELE="server\_ca.der" OK

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## 10.3 Command result <err> codes

Result Code	
0	Operation succeeded
1	Alerting state(reserved)
2	Unknown error
3	Busy
4	Peer closed
5	Operation timeout
6	Transfer failed
7	Memory error
8	Invalid parameter
9	Network error
10	Open session error
11	State error
12	Create socket error
13	Get DNS error
14	Connect socket error
15	Handshake error
16	Close socket error
17	Nonet
18	Send data timeout
19	Not set certificates

## 10.4 Unsolicited result codes

Information	Description
+CCHEVENT: <session_id>,RECV EVENT</session_id>	In manual receiving mode, when new data of a connection arriving to the module, this unsolicited result code will be reported to MCU.
+CCH_RECV_CLOSED: <session_id>,<err></err></session_id>	When receive data occurred any error, this unsolicited result code will be reported to MCU.
+CCH_PEER_CLOSED: <session_id></session_id>	The connection is closed by the server.

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## 11. AT Commands for TCPIP

## 11.1 Overview of AT Commands for TCPIP

Command	Description
AT+NETOPEN	Start TCPIP service
AT+NETCLOSE	Stop TCPIP service
AT+CIPOPEN	Setup TCP/UDP client socket connection
AT+CIPCLOSE	Destroy TCP/UDP client socket connection
AT+CIPSEND	Send TCP/UDP data
AT+CIPRXGET	Retrieve TCP/UDP buffered data
AT+IPADDR	Get IP address of PDP context
AT+CIPHEAD	Add an IP header when receiving data
AT+CIPSRIP	Show remote IP address and port
AT+CIPMODE	Select TCP/IP application mode
AT+CIPSENDMOE	Set sending mode
AT+CIPTIMEOUT	Set TCP/IP timeout value
AT+CIPCCFG	Configure parameters of socket
AT+SERVERSTART	Startup TCP server
AT+SERVERSTOP	Stop TCP server
AT+CIPACK	Query TCP connection data transmitting status
AT+CDNSGIP	Query the IP address of given domain name
AT+CDNSGHNAME	Query the domain name of given IP address
AT+CIPDNSSET	Set DNS query parameters
AT+CPING	Ping destination address
AT+CPINGSTOP	Stop an ongoing ping session

## 11.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for TCPIP

## 11.2.1 AT+NETOPEN Start TCPIP service

AT+NETOPEN is used to start socket service by activating PDP context. You must execute AT+NETOPEN

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before any other TCP/UDP related operations.

AT+NETOPEN Start TCPIP service	
Read Command	Response
AT+NETOPEN?	+NETOPEN: <net_state> OK</net_state>
Execution Command	Response
AT+NETOPEN	If the PDP context has not been activated or the network closed abnormally, response:  OK
	+NETOPEN: <err></err>
	when the PDP context has been activated successfully, if you execute
	AT+NETOPEN again, response:
	+IP ERROR: Network is already opened
	ERROR
	other:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	- 4/11
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	

## **Defined Values**

<net_state></net_state>	Integer type, which indicates the state of PDP context activation.
	0 – network close (deactivated)
	1 – network open(activated)
<err></err>	Integer type, the result of operation. 0 is success, other value is failure.

## Example

# AT+NETOPEN OK

+NETOPEN: 0 AT+NETOPEN: 1 +NETOPEN: 1

OK

NOTE

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You must execute AT+NETOPEN before any other TCP/UDP related operations

## 11.2.2 AT+NETCLOSE Stop TCPIP service

AT+NETCLOSE is used to stop socket service by deactivating PDP context. It also can close all the opened socket connections when you didn't close these connections by AT+CIPCLOSE.

AT+NETCLOSE Stop TCPIP	service
Execution Command	Response
AT+NETCLOSE	If the PDP context has been activated, response:
	OK
	+NETCLOSE: <err></err>
	If the PDP context has not been activated, response:
	+NETCLOSE: <err></err>
	ERROR
	other:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	- 141111

#### **Defined Values**

<err></err>	Integer type, the result of operation.0 is success, other value is failure.

## Example

## AT+NETCLOSE

OK

+NETCLOSE: 0

#### **NOTE**

• "AT+NETCLOSE" can close all the opened socket connections when you didn't close these connections by "AT+CIPCLOSE".

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## 11.2.3 AT+CIPOPEN Setup TCP/UDP client socket connection

This command is used to setup TCP/UDP client socket connection.

**Note:** If there is other service working in transparent mode, it is not allowed setup transparent connection by cipopen cmd.

AT+CIPOPEN Setup TCP	/UDP client socket connection
Test Command	Response
AT+CIPOPEN=?	+CIPOPEN: (0-9),("TCP","UDP")
	ок
Read Command	Response
AT+CIPOPEN?	+CIPOPEN: <link_num>[,<type>,<serverip>,<serverport>,<index>] +CIPOPEN: <link_num>[,<type>,<serverip>,<serverport>,<index>]</index></serverport></serverip></type></link_num></index></serverport></serverip></type></link_num>
	[]
	OK
	If a connection identified by <link_num>has not been established successfully, +CIPOPEN: <link_num> will be returned.</link_num></link_num>
Write Command	Response
TCP connection	if PDP context has been activated successfully, response:
AT+CIPOPEN= <link_num>,"TCP",<serverip>,<ser< td=""><td>ОК</td></ser<></serverip></link_num>	ОК
verPort>,[, <localport>]</localport>	+CIPOPEN: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
	when the <li>link_num&gt; is greater than 10, response: +IP ERROR: Invalid parameter</li>
	ERROR
	If PDP context has not been activated, or the connection has been
	established, or parameter is incorrect, or other errors, response: +CIPOPEN: <li>link_num&gt;,<err></err></li>
	ERROR
	Transparent mode for TCP connection:
	When you want to use transparent mode to transmit data, you should set AT+CIPMODE=1 before AT+NETOPEN. And if AT+CIPMODE=1 is set,
	the <link_num> is restricted to be only 0.  If success</link_num>
	CONNECT [ <text>]</text>
	if failure
	CONNECT FAIL

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	other: ERROR
Write Command	if PDP context has been activated successfully, response:
UDP connection AT+CIPOPEN= <link_num< td=""><td>+CIPOPEN: <link_num>,0</link_num></td></link_num<>	+CIPOPEN: <link_num>,0</link_num>
>,"UDP",,, <localport></localport>	ок
	when the <li>link_num&gt; is greater than 10, response: +IP ERROR: Invalid parameter</li>
	ERROR
	If PDP context has not been activated, or the connection has been established, or parameter is incorrect, or other errors, response: +CIPOPEN: <li>link_num&gt;,<err></err></li>
	ERROR
	Transparent mode for UDP connection:  When you want to use transparent mode to transmit UDP data, you should set AT+CIPMODE=1 before AT+NETOPEN. And if AT+CIPMODE=1 is set, the <li>link_num&gt; is restricted to be only 0. <serverip> and <serverport> should be set if AT+CIPMODE=1.</serverport></serverip></li>
	If success CONNECT [ <text>]</text>
	if failure
	CONNECT FAIL
	Other:
Parameter Soving Mode	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode  Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	-
1.010101100	

<li>num&gt;</li>	Integer type, identifies a connection. Range is 0-9.
	If AT+CIPMODE=1 is set, the <li>link_num&gt; is restricted to be only 0.</li>
<type></type>	String type, identifies the type of transmission protocol.
	TCP Transmission Control Protocol
	UDP User Datagram Protocol
<serverip></serverip>	String type, identifies the IP address of server. The IP address format
	consists of 4 octets, separated by decimal point,
	like "AAA.BBB.CCC.DDD". Also the domain name is supported here.

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	NOTE:
	If the domain name is inputted here, the timeout value for the AT+CIPOPEN shall be decided by <b>AT+CIPDNSSET.</b>
<serverport></serverport>	Integer type, identifies the port of TCP server, range is 0-65535. <b>NOTE:</b>
	When open port as TCP, the port must be the opened TCP port; When open port as UDP, the port may be any port.
	But, for Qualcomm, connecting the port 0 is regarded as an invalid operation.
<localport></localport>	Integer type, identifies the port of local socket, range is 0-65535.
<index></index>	Integer type, which indicates whether the module is used as a client or server.
	When used as server, the range is 0-3. <index> is the server index to which the client is linked.</index>
	(-1) – TCP/UDP client (0-3) – TCP server index
<text></text>	String type, which indicates CONNECT result code. Please refer to ATX/AT\V/AT&E command for the string formats.
<err></err>	Integer type, the result of operation.0 is success, other value is failure.

## Example

## AT+CIPOPEN=0,"TCP","116.228.221.51",100

OK

+CIPOPEN: 0,0

**AT+CIPOPEN=1,"UDP",,,8080** 

+CIPOPEN: 1,0

OK

## AT+CIPOPEN=?

+CIPOPEN: (0-9),("TCP","UDP")

OK

## AT+CIPOPEN?

+CIPOPEN: 0,"TCP","116.228.221.51",100,-1

+CIPOPEN: 1 +CIPOPEN: 2 +CIPOPEN: 3 +CIPOPEN: 4 +CIPOPEN: 5

+CIPOPEN: 6

+CIPOPEN: 7

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+CIPOPEN: 8
+CIPOPEN: 9

OK

## 11.2.4 AT+CIPCLOSE Destroy TCP/UDP client socket connection

AT+CIPCLOSE is used to close TCP or UDP Socket.

AT+CIPCLOSE Destroy TCP/U	IDP client socket connection
Test Command	Response
AT+CIPCLOSE=?	+CIPCLOSE: (0-9)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CIPCLOSE?	+CIPCLOSE: <li>link0_state&gt;,<link1_state>,<link2_state>,<link3_state>,<link4< li=""></link4<></link3_state></link2_state></link1_state></li>
	_state>, <link5_state>,<link6_state>,<link7_state>,<link8_state< td=""></link8_state<></link7_state></link6_state></link5_state>
	>, <link9_state></link9_state>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CIPCLOSE= <link_num></link_num>	If service type is TCP and the connection identified by <link_num></link_num>
	has been established, response:
	OK
	+CIPCLOSE: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
	If service type is TCP and the access mode is transparent mode,
	response:
	ок
	CLOSED
	+CIPCLOSE: <link_num>,<err> If agrains type is LIDD and the connection identified by <link_num>.</link_num></err></link_num>
	If service type is UDP and the connection identified by <link_num> has been established, response:</link_num>
	+CIPCLOSE: <link num=""/> ,0
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	ок
	If service type is UDP and access mode is transparent mode,
	response:
	CLOSED

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	+CIPCLOSE: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
	OK  If the connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or parameter is incorrect, response: +CIPCLOSE: <link_num>,<err></err></link_num>
	ERROR
	Other: ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<li>k_num&gt;</li>	Integer type, which identifies a connection. Range is 0-9.
<li>k_state&gt;</li>	Integer type, which indicates the state of connection identified by
	<li><li><li><li>Ink_num&gt;. Range is 0-1.</li></li></li></li>
	0 – disconnected
	1 – connected
<err></err>	Integer type, the result of operation. 0 is success, other value is failure

## Example

#### AT+CIPCLOSE?

+CIPCLOSE: 1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0

OK

AT+CIPCLOSE=?

+CIPCLOSE: (0-9)

OK

AT+CIPCLOSE=0

OK

+CIPCLOSE: 0,0

## 11.2.5 AT+CIPSEND Send TCP/UDP data

AT+CIPSEND is used to send data to remote side. If service type is TCP, the data will be firstly sent to the

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module's internal TCP/IP stack, and then sent to server by protocol stack. The <length> field can be empty. When it is empty, Each <Ctrl+Z> character present in the data should be coded as <ETX><Ctrl+Z>. Each <ESC> character present in the data should be coded as <ETX> character will be coded as <ETX><ETX>. Single <Ctrl+Z> means end of the input data. Single <ESC> is used to cancel the sending.

<ETX> is 0x03, <Ctrl+Z> is 0x1A, and <ESC> is 0x1B.

AT+CIPSEND Send TCP/UD	P data
Test Command	Response
AT+CIPSEND=?	+CIPSEND: (0-9),(1-1500)
	ОК
Write Command	Response
If service type is "TCP", send	If the connection identified by <link_num> has been established</link_num>
data with changeable length	successfully, response:
	>
AT+CIPSEND= <link_num>,</link_num>	<input data=""/>
	CTRL+Z
Response ">", then type data	OK
to send, tap CTRL+Z to send	
data, tap ESC to cancel the	+CIPSEND: <link_num>,<reqsendlength>,<cnfsendlength></cnfsendlength></reqsendlength></link_num>
operation	If <reqsendlength> is equal <cnfsendlength>, it means that the data</cnfsendlength></reqsendlength>
	has been sent to TCP/IP protocol stack successfully.
	If the connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or
	parameter is incorrect, response: +CIPERROR: <err></err>
	TOIL ERROR. SEIT
	ERROR
	Other:
	ERROR
Write Command	Response:
If service type is "TCP", send	If the connection identified by <li>link_num&gt; has been established</li>
data with fixed length	successfully, response:
	>
AT+CIPSEND= <link_num>,&lt;</link_num>	<input data="" length="" specified="" with=""/>
length>	OK
Response ">", type data until	+CIPSEND: <link_num>,<reqsendlength>,<cnfsendlength></cnfsendlength></reqsendlength></link_num>
the data length is equal to	If <reqsendlength> is equal <cnfsendlength>, it means that the data</cnfsendlength></reqsendlength>
<length></length>	has been sent to TCP/IP protocol stack successfully.
	If the connection has not been extended as the constitution of
	If the connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or
	parameter is incorrect, response:

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	+CIPERROR: <err></err>
	ERROR
	Other: ERROR
Write Command	Response:
If service type is "UDP", send data with changeable length	If the connection identified by <link_num> has been established successfully, response: &gt;</link_num>
AT+CIPSEND= <link_num>,, <serverip>,<serverport></serverport></serverip></link_num>	<input data=""/> CTRL+Z
Response ">", then type data	OK
to send, tap CTRL+Z to send data, tap ESC to cancel the operation	+CIPSEND: <li>link_num&gt;,<reqsendlength>,<cnfsendlength></cnfsendlength></reqsendlength></li> <li>If the connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or parameter is incorrect, response:</li> <li>+CIPERROR: <err></err></li>
	ERROR
	Other: ERROR
Write Command  If service type is "UDP", send data with fixed length	Response:  If the connection identified by <link_num> has been established successfully, response: &gt;</link_num>
AT+CIPSEND= <link_num>,&lt;</link_num>	<input data="" length="" specified="" with=""/>
length>, <serverip>,<server port=""></server></serverip>	OK
POIL>	+CIPSEND: <link_num>,<reqsendlength>,<cnfsendlength></cnfsendlength></reqsendlength></link_num>
Response ">", type data until the data length is equal to <length></length>	If the connection has not been established, abnormally closed, or parameter is incorrect, response: +CIPERROR: <err></err>
	ERROR
	Other: ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	-

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<li>link_num&gt;</li>	Integer type, identifies a connection. Range is 0-9.
<length></length>	Integer type, indicates the length of sending data, range is 1-1500.
<serverip></serverip>	String type, which identifies the IP address of server.  The IP address format consists of 4 octets, separated by decimal point, like "AAA.BBB.CCC.DDD".
<serverport></serverport>	Integer type, identifies the port of TCP server, range is 0-65535.  Note:  When open port as TCP, the port must be the opened TCP port;  When open port as UDP, the port may be any port.  But, for Qualcomm, connecting the port 0 is regarded as an invalid operation.
<reqsendlength></reqsendlength>	Integer type, the length of the data requested to be sent
<cnfsendlength></cnfsendlength>	Integer type, the length of the data confirmed to have been sent.  -1 - the connection is disconnected.  0 - own send buffer or other side's congestion window are full.  Note: If the <cnfsendlength> is not equal to the <reqsendlength>, the socket then cannot be used further.</reqsendlength></cnfsendlength>
<err></err>	Integer type, the result of operation.0 is success, other value is failure.

## Example

```
AT+CIPSEND=0,1
>S
OK
+CIPSEND: 0,1,1
AT+CIPSEND=1,1,"116.236.221.75",6775
>S
OK
+CIPSEND: 1,1,1
AT+CIPSEND=2,
>Hello<Ctrl+Z>
OK
+CIPSEND: 2,5,5
AT+CIPSEND=3,,"116.236.221.75",6775
>Hello World<Ctrl+Z>
OK
+CIPSEND: 3,11,11
AT+CIPSEND=2,
>Hello<ESC>
```

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#### **ERROR**

#### AT+CIPSEND?

+CIPSEND: (0-9),(1-1500)

OK

#### **NOTE**

- Each <Ctrl+Z> character present in the data should be coded as <ETX><Ctrl+Z>. Each <ESC> character present in the data should be coded as <ETX><ESC>. Each <ETX> character will be coded as <ETX><ETX>. Single <Ctrl+Z> means end of the input data. Single <ESC> is used to cancel the sending.
- <ETX> is 0x03, and <Ctrl+Z> is 0x1A and <ESC> is 0x1B.

#### 11.2.6 AT+CIPRXGET Retrieve TCP/UDP buffered data

If set <mode> to 1, after receiving data, the module will buffer it and report a URC as "+CIPRXGET: 1,<

If set <mode> to 0, the received data will be outputted to COM port directly by URC as "RECV FROM:<IP ADDRESS>:<PORT><CR><LF>+IPD(data length)<CR><LF>>data>".

The default value of <mode> is 0.

#### Note:

- 1. If the buffer is not empty, and the module receives data again, then it will not report a new URC until all the received data has been retrieved by AT+CIPRXGET from buffer.
- 2. When <mode> is set to 1 and the 2-4 mode will take effect.

If initially set <mode> to 1, after doing some data transmitting, set <mode> to 0, then the buffered data of the previously established connection will be output to the serial port directly, and the maximum length of output data at one time is 1500.

AT+CIPRXGET Retrieve TCP/UDP buffered data	
Test Command	Response
AT+CIPRXGET=?	+CIPRXGET: (0-4),(0-9),(1-1500)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CIPRXGET?	+CIPRXGET: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CIPRXGET= <mode></mode>	If the parameter is correct, response:
In this case, <mode> can only</mode>	OK
be 0 or 1	Else, response:
	ERROR

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Write Command Response: AT+CIPRXGET=2,<link\_num> If <length> field is empty, the default value to read is 1500. [,<len>] If the buffer is not empty, response: Retrieve data in ACSII form +CIPRXGET: <mode>,<link\_num>,<read\_len>,<rest\_len> <data>ACSII form OK If the buffer is empty, response: +IP ERROR: No data **ERROR** If the parameter is incorrect or other error, response: +IP ERROR: <err\_info> **ERROR** Other: **ERROR** Write Command Response: If <length> field is empty, the default value to read is 750. AT+CIPRXGET=3,<link num> If the buffer is not empty, response: [,<len>] Retrieve data in hex form +CIPRXGET: <mode>,<link\_num>,<read\_len>,<rest\_len> <data>hex form OK If the buffer is empty, response: +IP ERROR: No data **ERROR** If the parameter is incorrect or other error, response: +IP ERROR: <err\_info> **ERROR** Other: **ERROR** Write Command Response: AT+CIPRXGET=4,<link num> If the parameter is correct, response: +CIPRXGET: 4,<link\_num>,<rest\_len> OK If the parameter is incorrect or other error, response: +IP ERROR: <err\_info> **ERROR** Other:

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**ERROR** 



Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<mode></mode>	Integer type, sets the mode to retrieve data. Default value is 0.  O - set the way to get the network data automatically  1 - set the way to get the network data manually  2 - read data, the max read length is 1500  3 - read data in HEX form, the max read length is 750  4 - get the rest data length	
<li><li>link_num&gt;</li></li>	Integer type, identifies a connection. Range is 0-9.	
<len></len>	Integer type, the data length to be read.  Not required, the default value is 1500 when <mode>=2, and 750 when <mode>=3.</mode></mode>	
<read_len></read_len>	Integer type, the length of data that has been read.	
<rest_len></rest_len>	Integer type, the length of data which has not been read in the buffer.	
<err_info></err_info>	String type, displays the cause of occurring error, please refer to Chapter 3 for details.	

## Example

#### AT+CIPRXGET=?

+CIPRXGET: (0-4),(1-1500)

OK

AT+CIPRXGET?

+CIPRXGET: 1

OK

AT+CIPRXGET=1

OK

AT+CIPRXGET=2,0,100

+CIPRXGET: 2,0,100,1300

 $01234567890123456789012345678901234567\\8901234567890123456789012345$ 

678901234567890123456789

OK

**AT+CIPRXGET=3,0,100** 

+CIPRXGET: 3,0,100,1200

30313233343536373839303132333435363738

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3930313233343536373839303132333435363738393031323334353637383930313233343536373839303132333435363738393031323334353637383930313233343536373839

OK

AT+CIPRXGET=4,0

+CIPRXGET: 4,0,1200

OK

#### NOTE

- If set <mode> to 1, after receiving data, the module will buffer it and report a URC as "+CIPRXGET: 1,1
- If set <mode> to 0, the received data will be outputted to COM port directly by URC as "RECV FROM:<IP ADDRESS>:<PORT><CR><LF>+IPD(data length)<CR><LF><data>".
- If the buffer is not empty, and the module receives data again, then it will not report a new URC until all the received data has been retrieved by AT+CIPRXGET from buffer.
- The default value of <mode> is 0. When <mode> is set to 1 and the 2-4 mode will take effect.
- If initially set <mode> to 1, after doing some data transmitting, set <mode> to 0, then the buffered data of the previously established connection will be output to the serial port directly, and the maximum length of output data at a time is 1500.

#### 11.2.7 AT+IPADDR Get IP address of PDP context

AT+IPADDR is used to inquire socket PDP address.

AT+IPADDR Get IP address of PDP context	
Execution Command AT+IPADDR	Response:  If PDP context has been activated successfully, response  +IPADDR: <ip_address>  OK</ip_address>
	Else, response: +IP ERROR: Network not opened  ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

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<ip_address></ip_address>	String type, identifies the IP address of current active socket PDP.

## **Example**

#### AT+IPADDR

+IPADDR: 10.71.155.118

OK

## 11.2.8 AT+CIPHEAD Add an IP header when receiving data

AT+CIPHEAD is used to add an IP header when receiving data.

AT+CIPHEAD Add an IP header when receiving data	
Test Command AT+CIPHEAD=?	Response +CIPHEAD: (0-1) OK
Read Command AT+CIPHEAD?	Response +CIPHEAD: <mode> OK</mode>
Write Command AT+CIPHEAD= <mode></mode>	Response If the parameter is correct, response:  OK  Else, response:  ERROR
Execution Command AT+CIPHEAD	Response: Set default value: ( <mode>=1) OK</mode>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

## **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	Integer type, indicates whether adding an IP header or not when	
	receiving data. Default value is 1.	
	0 – not add IP header	
	1 – add IP header, the format is "+IPD(data length)"	

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## **Example**

AT+CIPHEAD=?
+CIPHEAD: (0-1)

OK
AT+CIPHEAD=0
OK

## 11.2.9 AT+CIPSRIP Show remote IP address and port

AT+CIPSRIP is used to set whether to display IP address and port of server when receiving data.

AT+CIPSRIP Show remote I	P address and port
Test Command AT+CIPSRIP=?	Response +CIPSRIP: (0-1) OK
Read Command AT+CIPSRIP?	Response +CIPSRIP: <mode></mode>
Write Command AT+CIPSRIP= <mode></mode>	Response If the parameter is correct, response:  OK  Else, response:  ERROR
Execution Command AT+CIPSRIP	Response: Set default value: ( <mode>=1) OK</mode>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

## **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	Integer type, indicates whether to show IP address and port of server	
	or not when receiving data. Default value is 1.	
	0 – not show	
	<u>1</u> - show, the format is as follows:	
	"RECV FROM: <ip address="">:<port>"</port></ip>	

## Example

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AT+CIPSRIP=? +CIPSRIP: (0-1)	
ОК	
AT+CIPSRIP=1	
ОК	

## 11.2.10 AT+CIPMODE Select TCP/IP application mode

AT+CIPMODE is used to select transparent mode (data mode) or non-transparent mode (command mode). The default mode is non-transparent mode.

AT+CIPMODE Select TCP/IP application mode		
Test Command AT+CIPMODE=?	Response +CIPMODE: (0-1) OK	
Read Command AT+CIPMODE?	Response +CIPMODE: <mode></mode>	
Write Command AT+CIPMODE= <mode></mode>	Response If the parameter is correct, response:  OK  Else, response:  ERROR	
Execution Command  AT+CIPMODE	Response: Set default value: ( <mode>=0) OK</mode>	
Parameter Saving Mode	-	
Maximum Response Time	-	
Reference	-	

## **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	Integer type, sets TCP/IP application mode. Default value is 0.	
	<u>0</u> – Non transparent mode	
	1 - Transparent mode	

## **Example**

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+CIPMODE: (0-1)		
ОК		
AT+CIPMODE=1		
OK		

## 11.2.11 AT+CIPSENDMODE Set sending mode

AT+CIPSENDMODE is used to select sending mode when service type is "TCP".

- 1. If set <mode> to 1, with AT+CIPSEND, URC "+CIPSEND: link\_num>,<reqSendLength>,<cnfSendLength>" will not be returned until module receives the server's ACK message to the sent data last time.
- 2. If set <mode> to 0, the URC "+CIPSEND: link\_num>,<reqSendLength>,<cnfSendLength>" will be returned If the data has been sent to module's internal TCP/IP protocol stack. In this case, the module doesn't need to wait for the server's ACK message.

The default mode is sending without waiting peer TCP ACK mode.

AT+CIPSENDMODE Set send	ling mode
Test Command	Response
AT+CIPSENDMODE=?	+CIPSENDMODE: (0-1)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CIPSENDMODE?	+CIPSENDMODE: <mode></mode>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CIPSENDMODE= <mode></mode>	If the parameter is correct, response:
	OK
	Else, response:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	Integer type, sets sending mode. Default value is 0.	
	<ul><li>O – Sending without waiting peer TCP ACK mode</li></ul>	
	1 – Sending wait peer TCP ACK mode	

## **Example**

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AT+CIPSENDMODE=?

+CIPSENDMODE: (0-1)

OK

AT+CIPSENDMODE=1

OK

## 11.2.12 AT+CIPTIMEOUT Set TCP/IP timeout value

AT+CIPTIMEOUT is used to set timeout value for AT+NETOPEN/AT+CIPOPEN/AT+CIPSEND.

AT+CIPTIMEOUT Set TCP/IP t	imeout value
Read Command AT+CIPTIMEOUT?	Response +CIPTIMEOUT: <netopen_timeout>,<cipopen_timeout>,<cipsend_timeout> OK</cipsend_timeout></cipopen_timeout></netopen_timeout>
Write Command  AT+CIPTIMEOUT=[ <netopen_ timeout="">][,[<cipopen_timeout>][,[<cipsend_timeout>]]]</cipsend_timeout></cipopen_timeout></netopen_>	Response  If the parameter is correct, response:  OK  Else, response:  ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	- 22 6 0
Maximum Response Time	- 32 \
Reference	

reference	
Defined Values	
<netopen_timeout></netopen_timeout>	Integer type, timeout value for AT+NETOPEN.
	Default is120000ms. Range is 3000ms-120000ms.
<cipopen_timeout></cipopen_timeout>	Integer type, timeout value for AT+CIPOPEN.
	Default is120000ms. Range is 3000ms-120000ms.
<cipsend_timeout></cipsend_timeout>	Integer type, timeout value for AT+CIPSEND.
	Default is120000ms. Range is 3000ms-120000ms.

## **Example**

**AT+CIPTIMEOUT?** 

+CIPTIMEOUT: 30000,20000,40000

OK

AT+CIPTIMEOUT=30000,20000,40000

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OK

# 11.2.13 AT+CIPCCFG Configure parameters of socket

AT+CIPCCFG is used to configure parameters of socket.

AT+CIPCCFG Configure para	meters of socket
Test Command AT+CIPCCFG=?	Response +CIPCCFG: (0-10),(0-1000),(0),(0-1),(0-1),(0-1),(500-120000)
	ОК
Read Command	Response
AT+CIPCCFG?	+CIPCCFG:
	<nmretry>,<delaytm>,<ack>,<errmode>,<headertype>,<asyncmode>,<timeoutval></timeoutval></asyncmode></headertype></errmode></ack></delaytm></nmretry>
	Civious-, Timeoutvar-
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CIPCCFG=[ <nmretry>][,[</nmretry>	If the parameter is correct, response:
<delaytm>][,[<ack>][,[<errm< td=""><td>ОК</td></errm<></ack></delaytm>	ОК
ode>][,[ <headertype>][,[<as< td=""><td>Else, response:</td></as<></headertype>	Else, response:
yncMode>][,[ <timeoutval>]]]]</timeoutval>	ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CIPCCFG	Set default value:
	OK
Parameter Saving Mode	- 1 1
Maximum Response Time	- 🔻
Reference	-

# **Defined Values**

<nmretry></nmretry>	Integer type, number of retransmission to be made for an IP packet. Range is 0-10. The default value is 10.
<delaytm></delaytm>	Integer type, number of milliseconds to delay to output data of Receiving. Range is 0-1000. The default value is 0.
<ack></ack>	Integer type, it can only be set to 0.  It's used to be compatible with old TCP/IP command set.
<errmode></errmode>	Integer type, sets mode of reporting <err_info>, default value is 1.  0 – error result code with numeric values  1 – error result code with string values</err_info>
<headertype></headertype>	Integer type, select which data header is used when receiving data, it only takes effect in multi-client mode. Default value is 0.

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	<ul> <li>0 - add data header, the format is "+IPD<data length="">"</data></li> <li>1 - add data header, the format is "+RECEIVE,<link num=""/>,<data length="">"</data></li> </ul>
<asyncmode></asyncmode>	Integer type, range is 0-1. Default value is 0. It's used to be compatible with old TCP/IP command set.
<timeoutval></timeoutval>	Integer type, set the minimum retransmission timeout value for TCP connection. Range is 500ms-120000ms. Default is 500ms.

# **Example**

```
AT+CIPCCFG=?
+CIPCCFG:
(0-10),(0-1000),(0),(0-1),(0-1),(0),(500-120000)

OK
AT+CIPCCFG=3,500,0,1,1,1,500
OK
```

## 11.2.14 AT+SERVERSTART Startup TCP server

AT+SERVERSTART is used to startup a TCP server, and the server can receive the request of TCP client. After the command executes successfully, an unsolicited result code is returned when a client tries to connect with module and module accepts request.

The unsolicited result code is +CLIENT: link\_num>,<server\_index>,<client\_IP>:<port>.

AT+SERVERSTART Startup TCP server	
Test Command AT+SERVERSTART=?	Response +SERVERSTART: (0-65535),(0-3)
Read Command AT+SERVERSTART?	Response If the PDP context has not been activated successfully, response: +CIPERROR: <err> ERROR If there exists opened server, response: [+SERVERSTART: <server_index>,<port>]  OK Other: ERROR</port></server_index></err>

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Write Command	Response
AT+SERVERSTART= <port>,&lt;</port>	If there is no error, response:
server_index>	OK
	If the PDP context has not been activated, or the server identified by
	<pre><server_index> has been opened, or the parameter is not correct, or</server_index></pre>
	other errors, response:
	+CIPERROR: <err></err>
	ERROR
	Other:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<port></port>	Integer type, identifies the listening port of module when used as a
	TCP server. Range is 0-65535.
<server_index></server_index>	Integer type, the TCP server index, range is 0-3.

# **Example**

#### AT+SERVERSTART=?

+SERVERSTART: 0,1000

OK

AT+SERVERSTART=8080,1

OK

#### NOTE

After the "AT+SERVERSTART" executes successfully, an unsolicited result code is returned when
a client tries to connect with module and module accepts request. The unsolicited result code
is+CLIENT: link\_num>,<server\_index>,<client\_IP>:<port>.

## 11.2.15 AT+SERVERSTOP Stop TCP server

AT+SERVERSTOP is used to stop TCP server. Before stopping a TCP server, all sockets <server\_index> of which equals to the closing TCP server index must be closed first.

# AT+SERVERSTOP Stop TCP server

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Write Command	Response
AT+SERVERSTOP= <server_i< th=""><th>If there exists open connection with the server identified by</th></server_i<>	If there exists open connection with the server identified by
ndex>	<pre><server_index>, or the server identified by <server_index> has not</server_index></server_index></pre>
	been opened, or the parameter is incorrect, response:
	+SERVERSTOP: <server_index>,<err></err></server_index>
	ERROR
	If the server socket is closed immediately, response:
	+SERVERSTOP: <server_index>,0</server_index>
	OK
	(In general, the result is shown as below.)
	If the server socket starts to close, response:
	OK
	+SERVERSTOP: <server_index>,<err></err></server_index>
	Other:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

<server_index></server_index>	Integer type, the TCP server index, range is 0-3.
<err></err>	Integer type, the result of operation.0 is success, other value is failure.

## Example

#### AT+SERVERSTOP=0

+SERVERSTOP: 0,0

OK

#### NOTE

 Before stopping a TCP server, all sockets <server\_index> of which equals to the closing TCP server index must be closed first.

## 11.2.16 AT+CIPACK Query TCP connection data transmitting status

AT+CIPACK is used to query TCP connection data (only in command mode) transmitting status.

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AT+CIPACK Query TCP connection data transmitting status	
Test Command	Response
AT+CIPACK=?	+CIPACK: (0-9)
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CIPACK= <link_num></link_num>	If the PDP context has not been activated, or the connection identified by <li>link_num&gt; has not been established, abnormally closed, or the parameter is incorrect, or other errors, response: +IP ERROR: <err_info></err_info></li>
	ERROR
	If the connection has been established, and the service type is "TCP", response:
	+CIPACK: <sent_data_size>,<ack_data_size>,<recv_data_size></recv_data_size></ack_data_size></sent_data_size>
	OK
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

<li>k_num&gt;</li>	Integer type, identifies a connection. Range is 0-9.
<sent_data_size></sent_data_size>	Integer type, the total length of sent data
<ack_data_size></ack_data_size>	Integer type, the total length of acknowledged data.
<recv_data_size></recv_data_size>	Integer type, the total length of received data
<err_info></err_info>	String type, displays the cause of occurring error, please refer to Chapter 11.5 for details.

# **Example**

## AT+CIPACK=?

+CIPACK: (0-9)

OK

AT+CIPACK=0

+CIPACK: 16,16,5

OK

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## 11.3 DNS&PING

# 11.3.1 AT+CDNSGIP Query the IP address of given domain name

AT+CDNSGIP is used to query the IP address of given domain name.

Test Command	Response
AT+CDNSGIP=?	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CDNSGIP= <domain< td=""><td>If the given domain name has related IP, response:</td></domain<>	If the given domain name has related IP, response:
name>	+CDNSGIP: 1, <domain name="">,<ip address=""></ip></domain>
	OK If the given name has no related IP, response: +CDNSGIP: 0, <dns code="" error="">  ERROR Other:</dns>
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	- 1 / 2 / 1
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

## **Defined Values**

<domain name=""></domain>	String type (string should be included in quotation marks), indicates the domain name. The maximum length of domain name is 254.  Valid characters allowed in the domain name area-z, A-Z, 0-9, "-"(hyphen) and ".". A domain name is made up of one label name or more label names separated by "." (e.g. AT+CDNSGIP="aa.bb.cc").  For label names separated by ".", length of each label must be no more than 63 characters. The beginning character of the domain name and of labels should be an alphanumeric character.
<ip address=""></ip>	String type, indicates the IP address corresponding to the domain name.
<dns code="" error=""></dns>	Integer type, indicates the error code.  10 – DNS GENERAL ERROR

# Example

AT+CDNSGIP="www.baidu.com"

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#### +CDNSGIP:

1,"www.baidu.com","61.135.169.21"

OK

# 11.3.2 AT+CDNSGHNAME Query the domain name of given IP address

AT+CDNSGHNAME is used to query the domain name of given IP address.

AT+CDNSGHNAME Query the	e domain name of given IP address
Test Command	Response
AT+CDNSGHNAME=?	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CDNSGHNAME= <ip< td=""><td>If the given IP address has related domain name, response:</td></ip<>	If the given IP address has related domain name, response:
address>	+CDNSGHNAME: <index>,<domain name="">,<ip address=""></ip></domain></index>
	OK
	If the given IP address has no related domain name, response:
	+CDNSGHNAME: 0, <dns code="" error=""></dns>
	ERROR
	Other:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

# **Defined Values**

<domain name=""></domain>	String type (string should be included in quotation marks), indicates the domain name. The maximum length of domain name is 254.  Valid characters allowed in the domain name area-z, A-Z, 0-9, "-"(hyphen) and ".". A domain name is made up of one label name or more label names separated by "." (e.g. AT+CDNSGIP="aa.bb.cc").  For label names separated by ".", length of each label must be no more than 63 characters. The beginning character of the domain name and of labels should be an alphanumeric character.
<ip address=""></ip>	String type (string should be included in quotation marks), indicates the IP address corresponding to the domain name.
<dns code="" error=""></dns>	Integer type, which indicates the error code.  10 - DNS GENERAL ERROR
<index></index>	Integer type, which indicates DNS result index.  This value is always 1 if performing successfully. Currently only the

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first record returned from the DNS server will be reported.

# **Example**

#### AT+CDNSGHNAME="58.32.231.148"

+CDNSGHNAME: 1,"mail.sim.com","58.32.231.148"

OK

## 11.3.3 AT+CIPDNSSET Set DNS query parameters

AT+CIPDNSSET is used to set DNS Query Parameters.

AT+CIPDNSSET Set DNS que	ery parameters
Read Command AT+CIPDNSSET?	Response +CIPDNSSET: 3,30000,7
Write Command  AT+CIPCCFG=[ <max_net_ret ries="">][,[<net_timeout>][,[<ma x_query_retries="">]]]</ma></net_timeout></max_net_ret>	Response If the parameter is correct, response:  OK Else, response: ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	- 14/11/1/1
Maximum Response Time	- 1
Reference	- 1 1 2

## **Defined Values**

<max_net_retries></max_net_retries>	Integer type, maximum retry times for opening PS network to perform DNS query. Range is 0-3. Default is 3.
<netopen_timeout></netopen_timeout>	Integer type, timeout value for each opening PS network operation when performing DNS query. Range is 3000ms-120000ms. Default value is 30000ms.
<max_query_retries></max_query_retries>	Integer type, maximum retry times for performing DNS query using UDP packet. Range is 0-7. Default value is 7.

# **Example**

#### AT+CIPDNSSET?

+CIPDNSSET: 1,30000,3

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OK AT+CIPDNSSET=1,30000,1 OK

# 11.3.4 AT+CPING Ping destination address

This command is used to ping destination address.

AT+CPING Ping destination a	address
Test Command AT+CPING=?	Response +CPING: IP address,(list of supported <dest_addr_type>s),(1-100),(4-188),(1000-10000),(10000-100000),(16-255) OK</dest_addr_type>
Write Command AT+CPING= <dest_addr>,<de st_addr_type="">[,<num_pings> [,<data_packet_size>[,<interv al_time="">[,<wait_time>[,<ttl> ]]]]]</ttl></wait_time></interv></data_packet_size></num_pings></de></dest_addr>	Response OK  If ping's result_type = 1 +CPING: <result_type>,<resolved_ip_addr>,<data_packet_size>,<rtt>,<t tl="">  If ping's result_type = 2 +CPING: <result_type>  If ping's result_type = 3 +CPING: <result_type>,<num_pkts_sent>,<num_pkts_recvd>,<num_pkts_lost>,<min_rtt>,<max_rtt>,<avg_rtt></avg_rtt></max_rtt></min_rtt></num_pkts_lost></num_pkts_recvd></num_pkts_sent></result_type></result_type></t></rtt></data_packet_size></resolved_ip_addr></result_type>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

# **Defined values**

<dest_addr></dest_addr>	The destination is to be pinged; it can be an IP address or a domain name.
<dest_addr_type></dest_addr_type>	Integer type. Address family type of the destination address  1 – Ipv4.  2 – Ipv6(reserved)
<num_pings></num_pings>	Integer type. The num_pings specifies the number of times the ping request (1-100) is to be sent. The default value is 4.

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<data_packet_size></data_packet_size>	Integer type. Data byte size of the ping packet (4-188). The default
	value is 64 bytes.
<interval_time></interval_time>	Integer type. Interval between each ping. Value is specified in milliseconds (1000ms-10000ms). The default value is 2000ms.
<wait_time></wait_time>	Integer type. Wait time for ping response. An ping response received after the timeout shall not be processed. Value specified in milliseconds (10000ms-100000ms). The default value is 10000ms
<ttl></ttl>	Integer type. TTL(Time-To-Live) value for the IP packet over which the ping(ICMP ECHO Request message) is sent (16-255), the default value is 255.
<result_type></result_type>	<ul> <li>1 - Ping success</li> <li>2 - Ping time out</li> <li>3 - Ping result</li> </ul>
<num_pkts_sent></num_pkts_sent>	Indicates the number of ping requests that were sent out.
<num_pkts_recvd></num_pkts_recvd>	Indicates the number of ping responses that were received.
<num_pkts_lost></num_pkts_lost>	Indicates the number of ping requests for which no response was received
<min_rtt></min_rtt>	Indicates the minimum Round Trip Time(RTT).
<max_rtt></max_rtt>	Indicates the maximum RTT.
<avg_rtt></avg_rtt>	Indicates the average RTT.
<resolved_ip_addr></resolved_ip_addr>	Indicates the resolved ip address.
<rtt></rtt>	Round Trip Time.

## **Examples**

AT+CPING="www.baidu.com",1,4,64,1000,10 000,255

OK

+CPING: 1,119.75.217.56,64,410,255

+CPING: 1,119.75.217.56,64,347,255

+CPING: 1,119.75.217.56,64,346,255

+CPING: 1,119.75.217.56,64,444,255

+CPING: 3,4,4,0,346,444,386

# 11.3.5 AT+CPINGSTOP Stop an ongoing ping session

This command is used to stop an ongoing ping session.

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AT+CPINGSTOP Stop an or	ngoing ping session
Test Command AT+CPINGSTOP=?	Response OK
Write Command AT+CPINGSTOP	+CPING: <result_type>,<num_pkts_sent>,<num_pkts_recvd>,<num_pkts _lost="">,<min_rtt>,<max_rtt>,<avg_rtt>  OK  ERROR</avg_rtt></max_rtt></min_rtt></num_pkts></num_pkts_recvd></num_pkts_sent></result_type>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<result_type></result_type>	1 - Ping success
	2 - Ping time out
	3 - Ping result
<num_pkts_sent></num_pkts_sent>	Indicates the number of ping requests that were sent out.
<num_pkts_recvd></num_pkts_recvd>	Indicates the number of ping responses that were received.
<num_pkts_lost></num_pkts_lost>	Indicates the number of ping requests for which no response was received
<resolved_ip_addr></resolved_ip_addr>	Indicates the resolved ip address.
<min_rtt></min_rtt>	Indicates the minimum Round Trip Time (RTT).
<max_rtt></max_rtt>	Indicates the maximum RTT.
<avg_rtt></avg_rtt>	Indicates the average RTT.

# **Examples**

AT+CPINGSTOP OK

# 11.4 Information Elements related to TCP/IP

scription
twork is closed for network error (Out of service, etc). When this
ent happens, user's application needs to check and close all opened
ckets, and then uses AT+NETCLOSE to release the network library AT+NETOPEN?" shows the network library is still opened.
cket is closed passively.
· ·

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<cli>client_index&gt;,<close_reaso< th=""><th><cli>description &lt;<cli><cli><cli><cli><cli><cli><cli><cli< th=""></cli<></cli></cli></cli></cli></cli></cli></cli></cli></th></close_reaso<></cli>	<cli>description &lt;<cli><cli><cli><cli><cli><cli><cli><cli< th=""></cli<></cli></cli></cli></cli></cli></cli></cli></cli>
n>	<close_reason>:</close_reason>
	0 - Closed by local, active
	1 - Closed by remote, passive
	2 - Closed for sending timeout
+CLIENT:	While TCP server accepted a new socket client, the index is
<pre><link_num>,<server_index>,&lt;</server_index></link_num></pre>	<pre><li><li>link_num&gt;. The TCP server index is <server_index>. The peer IP</server_index></li></li></pre>
client_IP>: <port></port>	address is <client_ip>. The peer port is <port>.</port></client_ip>

# 11.5 Description of <err\_info>

The fourth parameter <errMode> of AT+CIPCCFG is used to determine how <err\_info> is displayed. If <errMode> is set to 0, the <err\_info> is displayed with numeric value.

If <errMode>is set to 1, the <err\_info> is displayed with string value.

The default is displayed with string value.

Numeric Value	String Value
21	Operation failed
0	Connection time out
1	Bind port failed
2	Port overflow
3	Create socket failed
4	Network is already opened
5	Network is already closed
6	No clients connected
7	No active client
8	Network not opened
9	Client index overflow
10	Connection is already created
11	Connection is not created
12	Invalid parameter
13	Operation not supported
14	DNS query failed
15	TCP busy
16	Netclose failed for socket opened
17	Sending time out
18	Sending failure for network error
19	Open failure for network error
20	Server is already listening

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21	No data
22	Port overflow

# 11.6 Description of <err>

<err></err>	Description of <err></err>
0	Operation succeeded
1	Network failure
2	Network not opened
3	Wrong parameter
4	Operation not supported
5	Failed to create socket
6	Failed to bind socket
7	TCP server is already listening
8	Busy
9	Sockets opened
10	Timeout
11	DNS parse failed for AT+CIPOPEN
12	Unknown error

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# 12.AT Commands for FTPS

## 12.1 Overview of AT Commands for FTPS

Command	Description
AT+CFTPSSTART	Start FTP(S) service
AT+CFTPSSTOP	Stop FTP(S) Service
AT+CFTPSLOGIN	Login to a FTP(S)server
AT+CFTPSLOGOUT	Logout FTP(S) server
AT+CFTPSMKD	Create a new directory on FTP(S) server
AT+CFTPSRMD	Delete a directory on FTP(S) server
AT+CFTPSDELE	Delete a file on FTP(S) server
AT+CFTPSCWD	Change the current directory on FTP(S) server
AT+CFTPSPWD	Get the current directory on FTP(S) server
AT+CFTPSTYPE	set the transfer type on FTP(S) server
AT+CFTPSLIST	List the items in the directory on FTP(S) server
AT+CFTPSGETFILE	Get a file from FTP(S) server to module
AT+CFTPSPUTFILE	Put a file from module to FTP(S) server
AT+CFTPSGET	Get a file from FTP(S) server to serial port
AT+CFTPSPUT	Put a file to FTP(S) server through serial port
AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP	Set FTP(S) data socket address type
AT+CFTPSCACHERD	Output cached data to MCU
AT+CFTPSABORT	Abort FTP(S) operations
AT+CFTPSSIZE	Get the File Size on FTP(S) server

# 12.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for FTPS

## 12.2.1 AT+CFTPSSTART Start FTP(S) service

AT+CFTPSSTART is used to start FTP(S) service by activating PDP context. You must execute AT+CFTPSSTART before any other FTP(S) related operations.

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AT+CFTPSSTART Start FTP(S) service			
Execution Command	Response		
AT+CFTPSSTART	OK		
	+CFTPSSTART: <errcode></errcode>		
	or		
	+CFTPSSTART: <errcode></errcode>		
	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		
Parameter Saving Mode	-		
Maximum Response Time	-		
Reference	- (		

<errcode></errcode>	The result of start FTP(S) service,0 is success, others are failure.
	Please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

# Example

#### AT+CFTPSSTART

OK

+CFTPSSTART: 0

# 12.2.2 AT+CFTPSSTOP Stop FTP(S) Service

AT+CFTPSSTOP Stop FTP(S) Service

AT+CFTPSSTOP Stop FTP(S) Service		
Execution Command	Response	
AT+CFTPSSTOP	OK	
	+CFTPSSTOP: <errcode></errcode>	
	or	
	+CFTPSSTOP: <errcode></errcode>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

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Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<errcode></errcode>	The result	of stop	FTP(S)	service,0	is succes	s, others	are	failure.
	Please refe	er to chap	oter 12.3	.1.				

## **Example**

# AT+CFTPSSTOP OK +CFTPSSTOP: 0

# 12.2.3 AT+CFTPSLOGIN Login to a FTP(S) server

AT+CFTPSLOGIN is used to login to a FTP(S) server, you can login to a FTP server by set parameter <server\_type> to 0, login to an implicit FTPS server by set <server\_type> to 3 and login to an explicit FTPS server by set <server\_type> to 1 or 2. About <sever\_type>, more details please refer to defined values <server\_type>.

AT+CFTPSLOGIN Login to a FTP(S) server		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CFTPSLOGIN=?	+CFTPSLOGIN:	
	"ADDRESS",(1-65535)[,"USERNAME","PASSWORD"[,(0-3)]]	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CFTPSLOGIN=" <host>"</host>	OK	
, <port>,"<username>","<pa< td=""><td></td></pa<></username></port>		
ssword>"[, <server_type>]</server_type>	+CFTPSLOGIN: <errcode></errcode>	
	or	
	+CFTPSLOGIN: <errcode></errcode>	
	OV	
	OK or	
	+CFTPSLOGIN: <errcode></errcode>	
	OF IT OLOOM. Selfcodes	
	ERROR	
	or	

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	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<host></host>	Host address, string type, maximum length is 256
<port></port>	The host listening port for FTP(S), the range is from 1 to 65535
<username></username>	FTP(S) user name, string type, maximum length is 256
<password></password>	The user password, string type, maximum length is 256
<server_type></server_type>	FTP(S)server type, numeric, from 0-3, default is 3  0 – FTP server.  1 – Explicit FTPS server with AUTH SSL.  2 – Explicit FTPS server with AUTH TLS.  3 – Implicit FTPS server.
<errcode></errcode>	The result code of the FTP/FTPS login. 0 is success. Others are failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

## **Example**

```
AT+CFTPSLOGIN="112.74.93.163",21,"tmf","
tmf123",0
OK
+CFTPSLOGIN: 0
```

# 12.2.4 AT+CFTPSLOGOUT Logout FTP(S) server

AT+CFTPSLOGOUT is used to logout a FTP(S) sever, make sure you login a FTP(S) sever before you execute AT+CFTPSLOGOUT command.

AT+CFTPSLOGOUT Logout FTP(S) server	
Test Command	Response
AT+CFTPSLOGOUT=?	OK
Execution Command	Response
AT+CFTPSLOGOUT	OK
	+CFTPSLOGOUT: <errcode></errcode>
	or
	+CFTPSLOGOUT: <errcode></errcode>

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	ОК
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<errcode></errcode>	The result code of the FTP/FTPS logout. 0 is success. Others are
	failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

# Example

## AT+CFTPSLOGOUT

OK

+CFTPSLOGOUT: 0

# 12.2.5 AT+CFTPSMKD Create a new directory on FTP(S) server

AT+CFTPSMKD is used to create a new directory on a FTP(S) server. Please make sure login to the FTP(S) server successfully before delete a directory.

AT+CFTPSMKD Create a new directory on FTP(S) server	
Test Command	Response
AT+CFTPSMKD=?	+CFTPSMKD: "DIR"
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CFTPSMKD=" <dir>"</dir>	OK
	+CFTPSMKD: 0
	or
	OK
	+CFTPSMKD: <errcode></errcode>
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CFTPSMKD: <errcode></errcode>

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	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<dir></dir>	The directory to be created, string type, maximum length is 256.
<errcode></errcode>	The result of create directory, 0 is success, others are failure, please
	refer to chapter 12.3.1.

## **Example**

AT+CFTPSMKD="TEST"
OK
+CFTPSMKD: 0

# 12.2.6 AT+CFTPSRMD Delete a directory on FTP(S) server

AT+CFTPSRMD is used to delete a directory on FTP(S) server, please make sure login to the FTP(S)server successfully before delete a directory.

AT+CFTPSRMD Delete a directory on FTP(S) server	
Test Command	Response
AT+CFTPSRMD=?	+CFTPSRMD: "DIR"
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CFTPSRMD=" <dir>"</dir>	a) if delete the directory successfully:  OK
	+CFTPSRMD: 0
	b) if delete the directory failed:
	OK
	+CFTPSRMD: <errcode></errcode>
	c) if parameter format or any errors:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-

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<dir></dir>	The directory to be removed. If the directory contains non-ASCII characters, the <dir> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}. String type, maximum length is 256.</dir>
<errcode></errcode>	The result of remove directory, 0 is success, others are failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

# **Example**

AT+CFTPSRMD="test"
OK
+CFTPSRMD: 0

# 12.2.7 AT+CFTPSDELE Delete a file on FTP(S) server

You can use AT+CFTPSDELE delete a file on FTP(S) server, please make sure login to the FTP(S) server successfully before delete a directory.

AT+CFTPSDELE Delete a file on FTP(S)server	
Test Command AT+CFTPSDELE=?	Response +CFTPSDELE: "FILENAME"  OK
Write Command  AT+CFTPSDELE=" <filenam e="">"</filenam>	Response a) if delete file successfully: OK  +CFTPSDELE: 0 b) if failed: OK  +CFTPSDELE: <errcode> c) if parameter format or any other errors: ERROR</errcode>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

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<filename></filename>	The name of the file to be deleted. If the file name contains non-ASCII characters, the <filename> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.String type,the maximum length is 256.</filename>
<errcode></errcode>	The result of delete a file, 0 is success, others are failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

## **Example**

AT+CFTPSDELE="TEST.txt"
OK
+CFTPSDELE: 0

# 12.2.8 AT+CFTPSCWD Change the current directory on FTP(S) server

You can use this command to change the current directory on FTP(S) sever. Make sure you have login to FTP(S) server successfully before AT+CFTPSCWD

AT+CFTPSCWD Change the current directory on FTP(S) sever	
Test Command AT+CFTPSCWD=?	Response +CFTPSCWD: "DIR"
AITOFIFSCWD-!	TOP IF 3CWD. DIK
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CFTPSCWD=" <dir>"</dir>	a) if delete file successfully:
	OK
	+CFTPSCWD: 0
	b) if failed:
	ОК
	+CFTPSCWD: <errcode></errcode>
	c) if failed:
	+CFTPSCWD: <errcode></errcode>
	ERROR
	d) if parameter format or any other errors:  ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-

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<dir></dir>	The directory to be changed. If the directory contains non-ASCII characters, the <dir> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}. String type, the maximum length is 256.</dir>
<errcode></errcode>	The result of change the current directory, 0 is success, others are failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

## **Example**

```
AT+CFTPSCWD="/lu.liu/TEST7600"
OK
+CFTPSCWD: 0
```

# 12.2.9 AT+CFTPSPWD Get the current directory on FTPS server

This command is used to get the current directory on FTPS server. Before AT+CFTPSPWD, please make sure you have login to FTP(S) server successfully.

AT+CFTPSPWD Get the cur	rent directory on FTPS server
Execution Command	Response
AT+CFTPSPWD	OK
	+CFTPSPWD: " <dir>"</dir>
	Or
	+CFTPSPWD: " <dir>"</dir>
	OK
	or
	+CFTPSPWD: <errcode></errcode>
	ERROR
	Or Or
	ОК
	LCETDODIND: commando
	+CFTPSPWD: <errcode></errcode>
	OF ERBOR
Davagastas Cavina Mada	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-

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Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<dir></dir>	The name of the file to be deleted. If the file name contains non-ASCII characters, the <filename> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.String type,the maximum length is 256.</filename>
<errcode></errcode>	The result of change current directory, 0 is success, others are failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

# **Example**

AT+CFTPSPWD
OK
+CFTPSPWD: "/test12"

# 12.2.10 AT+CFTPSTYPE Set the transfer type on FTP(S) server

This command is used to set the transfer type on FTP(S) server, please make sure you have login to FTP(S) server before AT+CFTPSTYPE.

AT+CFTPSTYPE Set the transfer type on FTP(S) server	
Test Command AT+CFTPSTYPE=?	Response +CFTPSTYPE: (A,I)  OK
Read Command AT+CFTPSTYPE?	Response +CFTPSTYPE: <type></type>
Write Command AT+CFTPSTYPE= <type></type>	OK Response a) if set type successfully: OK
	+CFTPSTYPE: 0 b) if set type failed: OK
Parameter Saving Mode	+CFTPSTYPE: <errcode></errcode>

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Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<type></type>	The type of transferring:  A – ASCII.  I – Binary
<errcode></errcode>	The result of set type, 0 is success, others are failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

## **Example**

#### AT+CFTPTYPE=A

OK

+CFTPSTYPE: 0

# 12.2.11 AT+CFTPSLIST List the items in the directory on FTP(S) server

This command is used to list the items in the specified directory on FTP(S) server. Module will output the items to serial port when list items successfully. Make sure that you have login to FTP(S) server successfully.

AT+CFTPSLIST will list the contents of the current directory on FTP(S) server. You can use AT+CFTPSPWD to get the current directory.

AT+CFTPSLIST List the items in the directory on FTP(S) server	
Write Command	Response
AT+CFTPSLIST[=" <dir>"]</dir>	a) if set type successfully:
	ОК
	+CFTPSLIST: DATA, <len></len>
	+CFTPSLIST: 0
	b) if set type failed:
	OK
	LOCTION ICT. (compando)
	+CFTPSLIST: <errcode></errcode>
	c) if parameter format or any other errors:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-

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Reference	_

<dir></dir>	The directory to be listed. If the directory contains non-ASCII characters, the <dir> parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}.String type, the maximum length is 256</dir>
<errcode></errcode>	The result code of the listing.0 is success, others are failure, please refer to chapter12.3.1.

## **Example**

AT+CFTPSLIST="/"	
OK	
+CFTPSLIST: DATA,1480	
-rw-r—r—1 ftp ftp	10 Mar 19
13:51 111.TXT	
-rw-r—r—1 ftp ftp	7 Mar 18
10:39 1111.txt	
-rw-r—r—1 ftp ftp	10240 Mar 23
10:20 112.txt	
-rw-r—r—1 ftp ftp	10 Mar 16
15:26 11K4.txt	
-rw-r—r—1 ftp ftp	1434 Mar 18
10:47 1434B.txt	
-rw-r—r—1 ftp ftp	307200 Mar 18
10:40 300K.txt	
-rw-r—r—1 ftp ftp	9 Mar 18
10:53 333.txt	
-rw-r—r—1 ftp ftp	16 Mar 17
14:11 36.txt	
+CFTPSLIST: 0	

# 12.2.12 AT+CFTPSGETFILE Get a file from FTP(S) server to module

You can download a file from FTP(S) server to module, by setting parameter <dir>, you can select the directory where to save the downloaded file. Default the downloaded file will be saved to directory "/cache". Make sure that you have login to FTP(S) server successfully before AT+CFTPSGETFILE.

**Note:** By setting <dir> to 4, you can download CA files which is used for SSL verification. Please don't download any other large files to this directory, since the space here is limited. Details please refer to

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AT+CFTPSGETFILE Get a file from FTP(S) server to module		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CFTPSGETFILE=?	+CFTPSGETFILE: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH"[,(1-4)]	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CFTPSGETFILE=" <filepa< td=""><td>a) if download file successfully:</td></filepa<>	a) if download file successfully:	
th>"[, <dir>[,<offset>]]</offset></dir>	OK	
	+CFTPSGETFILE: 0	
	b) if failed:	
	OK	
	+CFTPSGETFILE: <errcode></errcode>	
	c) if parameter format or any other errors:	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode		
Maximum Response Time		
Reference	-	

# Defined Values

<filepath></filepath>	The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain"/", this command transfers file from the current remote FTPS directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}. String type, maximum length is 256.
<dir></dir>	The directory to save the downloaded file.Numeric type, range is 1-4, default is 1(/cache)  1 - F:/ (/cache)  2 - D:/(sd card)  3 - E:/ (/data/media/)  4 - /mssl_cert/(this is for CA file downloading)
<offset></offset>	Integer type, the download start position used for resume-from-break-point.
<errcode></errcode>	The result code of download file from FTP(s) server.0 is success, others are failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

# Example

AT+CFTPSGETFILE="settings.dat",3 OK

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#### +CFTPSGETFILE: 0

# 12.2.13 AT+CFTPSPUTFILE Put a file from module to FTP(S) server

You can use this command to upload a file to FTP(S) server from module. By setting parameter <dir> you can select the directory that contains the file to be uploaded. Make sure that you have login to the FTP(S) server successfully before AT+CFTPSPUTFILE.

AT+CFTPSPUTFILE Put a file from module to FTP(S) server		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CFTPSPUTFILE=?	+CFTPSPUTFILE:	
	[{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH"[,(1-3),(0-2147483647)]	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CFTPSPUTFILE=" <filepat< td=""><td>a) if upload file successfully:</td></filepat<>	a) if upload file successfully:	
h>"[, <dir>[,<rest_size>]]</rest_size></dir>	ок	
	+CFTPSPUTFILE: 0	
	b) if failed:	
	ОК	
	+CFTPSPUTFILE: <errcode></errcode>	
Parameter Saving Mode	- 3111102	
Maximum Response Time		
Reference	-	

# **Defined Values**

<filepath></filepath>	The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this command transfers file to the current remote FTPS directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}. String type, maximum length is 256.
<dir></dir>	The directory that contains the uploaded file. Numeric type, range is 1-3, default is 1(/cache)  1 - F:/ (/cache)  2 - D:/(sd card)  3 - E:/ (/data/media/)
<rest_size></rest_size>	The value for FTP "REST" command which is used for broken transfer when transferring failed last time. Numeric type, the range is from 0 to 2147483647.
<errcode></errcode>	The result code of upload file to FTP(S) server.0 is success, others are

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failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

# **Example**

```
AT+CFTPSPUTFILE="/LK/LM/sim_ZXX.TXT"
OK
+CFTPSPUTFILE: 0
```

# 12.2.14 AT+CFTPSGET Get a file from FTP(S) server to serial port

You can use this command to get a file from FTP(S) server to serial port. By setting <using\_cache> to 1, you can use AT+CFTPSCACHERD to output the file data to serial port after "+CFTPS: RECV EVENT" received.

AT+CFTPSGET Get a file from FTP(S) server to serial port		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CFTPSGET=?	+CFTPSGET: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH"[, <rest_size>[,(0,1)]]</rest_size>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CFTPSGET=" <filepath>"[</filepath>	a) if <using_cache> is 0(default),and get file successfully:</using_cache>	
, <rest_size>[,<using_cache>]</using_cache></rest_size>		
1	OK	
	+CFTPSGET: DATA, <len></len>	
	LOSTROCET: DATA don's	
	+CFTPSGET: DATA, <len></len>	
	+CFTPSGET: 0	
	b) if <using_cache> is 1 and get file successfully:</using_cache>	
	OK	
	+CFTPS: RECV EVENT	
	AT+CFTPSCACHERD?	
	I/you can use this command to check the size of the received data	
	+CFTPSCACHERD: 102400	
	OK	

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	//output cached data now: AT+CFTPSCACHERD +CFTPSGET: DATA, <len> OK +CFTPSGET: 0 c) if failed: OK +CFTPSGET: <errcode></errcode></len>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<filepath></filepath>	The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this command transfer file from the current remote FTPS directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii}. String type, maximum length is 256.
<len></len>	The length of FTP data contained in this packet.
<rest_size></rest_size>	The value for FTP "REST" command which is used for broken transfer when transferring failed last time. Numeric type, the range is from 0 to 2147483647
<using_cache></using_cache>	Numeric, rang is 0-1  0 - Do not use cache, module will output the items data to serial port when list successfully.  1 - Use cache, module will report "+CFTPS: RECV EVENT" when list successfully (Data will be output using AT+CFTPSCACHERD command)
<errcode></errcode>	The result code of download file from FTP(s) server.0 is success, others are failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

# Example

AT+CFTPSGET="/BBB.TXT"

OK

+CFTPSGET: DATA,110

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+CFTPSGET: 0

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# 12.2.15 AT+CFTPSPUT Put a file to FTP(S) server through serial port

You can put a file to FTP(S) server through serial port. Make sure that you have login to FTP(S) server successfully.

AT+CFTPSPUT Put a file to FTP(S) server through serial port	
Test Command AT+CFTPSPUT=?	Response +CFTPSPUT: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH"[, <data_len>[,<rest_size>]]  OK</rest_size></data_len>
Write Command AT+CFTPSPUT=" <filepath>"[ ,<data_len>[,<rest_size>]]</rest_size></data_len></filepath>	Response a) if upload file through serial port successfully: OK +CFTPSPUT: 0 b) if failed before input data: +CFTPSPUT: <errcode> ERROR c) if failed after input data: OK +CFTPSPUT: <errcode> d) if parameter format i or any other errors: ERROR</errcode></errcode>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

## **Defined Values**

<filepath></filepath>	The remote file path. When the file path doesn't contain "/", this
	command transfers file to the current remote FTPS directory. If the file
	path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should
	contain a prefix of {non-ascii}. String type, maximum length is 256.
<data_len></data_len>	Numeric type, The length of the data to send, the maximum length is
	2048.if parameter <data_len> is omitted, Each <ctrl+z>character</ctrl+z></data_len>

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<rest size=""></rest>	present in the data flow of serial port when downloading FTP data will be coded as <etx><ctrl+z>. Each <etx> character will be coded as <etx><etx>. Single <ctrl+z> means end of the FTP data.<etx> is 0x03, and <ctrl+z> is 0x1A.  The value for FTP "REST" command which is used for broken transfer</ctrl+z></etx></ctrl+z></etx></etx></etx></ctrl+z></etx>
162[21262	when transferring failed last time. Numeric type, the range is from 0 to 2147483647.
<errcode></errcode>	The result code of upload data to FTP(s) server.0 is success, others are failure, please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

## Example

AT+CFTPSPUT="/LK/LM/LO.TXT"

>123457860

OK

+CFTPSPUT: 0

# 12.2.16 AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP Set FTP(S) data socket address type

This command is used to set FTPS server data socket IP address type. For some FTP(S) server, it is needed to set AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP=1.Please make sure to set AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP before AT+CFTPSLOGIN.

AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP Set FTP(S) data socket address type	
Test Command	Response
AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP=?	+CFTPSSINGLEIP: (0,1)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP?	+CFTPSSINGLEIP: <singleip></singleip>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP= <single< td=""><td>If parameter format is right and set successfully:</td></single<>	If parameter format is right and set successfully:
ip>	ОК
	If parameter format is not right or any other error occurs: <b>ERROR</b>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

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	The FTPS data socket IP address type:		
<singleip></singleip>	0	_	decided by PORT response from FTPS server
	1	_	the same as the control socket.

# **Example**

AT+CFTPSSINGLEIP=1	
ОК	

# 12.2.17 AT+CFTPSCACHERD Output cached data to MCU

You can use this command to output cached data (generated by AT+CFTPSGET) to MCU. The parameter <using\_cache> of AT+CFTPSGET must be set to 1 when you want to use AT+CFTPSCACHERD.

AT+CFTPSCACHERD Output	t cached data to MCU
Read Command	Response
AT+CFTPSCACHERD?	+CFTPSCACHERD: <len></len>
	ок
Execution Command	Response
AT+CFTPSCACHERD	If cache data is AT+CFTPSGET, and everything goes well:
	+CFTPSGET: DATA, <out_len><cr><lf></lf></cr></out_len>
	OK
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

## **Defined Values**

<len></len>	Numeric type, The bytes of data cached in FTPS module.	
<out_len></out_len>	The bytes of data to output. The maximum value is 1024 for each	
	AT+CFTPSCACHERD calling.	

## **Example**

#### AT+CFTPSCACHERD?

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+CFTPSCACHERD: 21078

OK

## 12.2.18 AT+CFTPSABORT Abort FTP(S) Operations

You can use this command abort any ftp(s) operation. If execute AT+CFTPSABORT, it will logout FTP(S) server and deactive PDP context. Please make sure you have login to FTP(S) server before AT+CFTPSABORT.

AT+CFTPSABORT Abort FT	TP(S) Operations	
Execution Command AT+CFTPSABORT	Response if abort FTP(S) operation successfully:  OK	
	+CFTPSABORT: 0 sometimes abort successfully returns: +CFTPSABORT: 0	
	OK if failed: OK	
	+CFTPSABORT: <errcode>  if any other error occurs: ERROR</errcode>	
Parameter Saving Mode	-	
Maximum Response Time	-	
Reference	-	

## **Defined Values**

<errcode></errcode>	The result of abort FTP(S) service,0 is success, others are failure.
	Please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

# **Example**

OK

AT+CFTPSABORT
---------------

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#### +CFTPSABORT: 0

# 12.2.19 AT+CFTPSSIZE Get the File Size on FTP(S) server

You can use this command to get the file size on FTP(S) server. Please make sure you have login to FTP(S) server before AT+CFTPSSIZE.

AT+CFTPSSIZE Get the File S	Size on FTP(S) server
Test Command	Response
AT+CFTPSSIZE=?	+CFTPSSIZE: " <filepath>"</filepath>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CFTPSSIZE=" <filepath>"</filepath>	ОК
	+CFTPSSIZE: <filesize></filesize>
	or
	ОК
	+CFTPSSIZE: <errcode></errcode>
	or
	ERROR
	or
	+CFTPSSIZE: <errcode></errcode>
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

## **Defined Values**

<filepath></filepath>	The remote filepath on FTP(S) server. String type, max length is 256
<filesize></filesize>	Numeric type, size of the remote file on FTP(S) server.
<errcode></errcode>	The result code of get file size. Please refer to chapter 12.3.1.

## **Example**

AT+CFTPSSIZE="TEST.txt"
OK

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+CFTPSSIZE: 1024

# 12.3 Summary of result codes for FTPS

# 12.3.1 Summary of Command result <errcode>

Code of <errcode></errcode>	Meaning
0	Success
1	SSL alert
2	Unknown error
3	Busy
4	Connection closed by server
5	Timeout
6	Transfer failed
7	File not exists or any other memory error
8	Invalid parameter
9	Operation rejected by server
10	Network error
11	State error
12	Failed to parse server name
13	Create socket error
14	Connect socket failed
15	Close socket failed
16	SSL session closed
17	File error, file not exist or other error.
421	Server response connection time out, while received error code 421, you need do AT+CFTPSLOGOUT to logout server then AT+CFTPSLOGIN again for further operations.

# 12.3.2 Summary of Unsolicited Result Codes

Unsolicited codes		Description
+CFTPSNOTIFY: CLOSED	PEER	When client disconnect passively, URC "+CFTPSNOTIFY: PEER CLOSED" will be reported, then user need to execute AT+CFTPSLOGOUT and log in again.

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## 13. AT Commands for HTTPS

#### 13.1 Overview of AT Commands for HTTPS

Command	Description
AT+HTTPINIT	Start HTTP(S) service
AT+HTTPTERM	Stop HTTP(S) service.
AT+HTTPPARA	Set HTTP(S) Parameter
AT+HTTPACTION	HTTP(S) Method Action
AT+HTTPHEAD	Read the HTTP(S) Header Information of Server Response
AT+HTTPREAD	Read the response Information of HTTP(S) Server
AT+HTTPDATA	Input HTTP(S) Data
AT+HTTPPOSTFILE	Send HTTP(S) Request to HTTP server by File
AT+HTTPREADFILE	Receive HTTP(S) Response Content to a file

### 13.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for HTTPS

#### 13.2.1 AT+HTTPINIT Start HTTP(S) service

AT+HTTPINIT is used to start HTTP service by activating PDP context. You must execute AT+HTTPINIT before any other HTTP related operations.

AT+HTTPINIT Start HTTP(S) service		
Execution Command	Response	
AT+HTTPINIT	a) If start HTTP service successfully:	
	ОК	
	b) If failed:	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode	-	
Maximum Response Time	120000ms	
Reference	-	

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#### **Example**

ΛТ		ГП	ш	·
ΑI	ΉΗ	ואו	ш	
	-	 		•

OK

#### 13.2.2 AT+HTTPTERM Stop HTTP(S) Service

AT+HTTPTERM is used to stop HTTP service.

AT+HTTPTERM Stop HTTP(S) service		
Execution Command AT+HTTPTERM	Response a) If stop HTTP service successfully:  OK b) If failed:  ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode		
Maximum Response Time	120000ms	
Reference		

#### Example

#### **AT+HTTPTERM**

OK

#### 13.2.3 AT+HTTPPARA Set HTTP(S) Parameters value

AT+HTTPPARA is used to set HTTP parameters value. When you want to access to a HTTP server, you should input <value> like http://'server'/'path':'tcpPort'. In addition, https://'server'/'path':'tcpPort' is used to access to a HTTPS server.

AT+HTTPPARA Set HTTP(S) Parameters value		
Write Command	Response	
AT+HTTPPARA="URL"," <url></url>	a) If parameter format is right:	
33	OK	
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:	
	ERROR	
Write Command	Response	
AT+HTTPPARA="CONNECTT	a) If parameter format is right:	
O", <conn_timeout></conn_timeout>	OK	

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	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:  ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPPARA="RECVTO",<	a) If parameter format is right:
recv_timeout>	OK
_	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:  ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPPARA="CONTENT",	a) If parameter format is right:
" <content_type>"</content_type>	OK
	b) If parameter format is not rightor other errors occur: <b>ERROR</b>
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPPARA="ACCEPT"," <accept-type>"</accept-type>	a) If parameter format is right:  OK
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: <b>ERROR</b>
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPPARA="UA"," <user< td=""><td>a) If parameter format is right:</td></user<>	a) If parameter format is right:
_agent>"	ОК
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPPARA="SSLCFG","	a) If parameter format is right:
<sslcfg_id>"</sslcfg_id>	ОК
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPPARA="USERDATA	a) If parameter format is right:
"," <user_data>"</user_data>	OK
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPPARA="BREAK", <b< td=""><td>a) If parameter format is right:</td></b<>	a) If parameter format is right:
reak>	OK
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:  ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPPARA="BREAKEND	a) If parameter format is right:
", <breakend></breakend>	OK
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:  ERROR
	LINON
Write Command	Response
Write Command AT+HTTPPARA="RESPTO",< resp_timeout>	

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	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur: <b>ERROR</b>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<url></url>	URL of network resource. String, start with "http://" or "https://" a)http://'server'/'path':'tcpPort'. b)https://'server'/'path':'tcpPort' "server": DNS domain name or IP address "path": path to a file or directory of a server "tcpPort": http default value is 80,https default value is 443.(can be omitted)
<conn_timeout></conn_timeout>	Timeout for accessing server, Numeric type, range is 20-120s, default is 120s.
<recv_timeout></recv_timeout>	Timeout for receiving data from server, Numeric type range is 2-120s, default is 10s.
<content_type></content_type>	This is for HTTP "Content-Type" tag, String type, max length is 256, default is "text/plain".
<accept-type></accept-type>	This is for HTTP "Accept-type" tag, String type, max length is 256, default is "*/*".
<user_agent></user_agent>	Parameter for HTTP header User-Agent information. String type, max length is 256.
<sslcfg_id></sslcfg_id>	This is setting SSL context id, Numeric type, range is 0-9. Default is 0.
<user_data></user_data>	The customized HTTP header information. String type, max length is 512.
   	Parameter for HTTP method "GET", used for resuming broken transfer. The start of the broken transfer. Default is 0.
   	Parameter for HTTP method "GET", used for resuming broken transfer. The end of the broken transfer. Default is 0.  If both "break" and "breakend" are 0, the resume broken transfer function is disabled.  If "breakend" is bigger than "break", the transfer scope is from "break" to "breakend".  If "breakend" is smaller than "break", the transfer scope is from "break" to the end of the file.
<resp_timeout></resp_timeout>	Timeout for server response, Numeric type, range is 20-120s, default is 20s.

#### Example

AT+HTTPPARA="USERDATA","Authorization: Basic Y2FycGx1c2dvOmNhcnBsdXgz" OK

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#### 13.2.4 AT+HTTPACTION HTTP(S) Method Action

AT+HTTPACTION is used to perform a HTTP Method. You can use HTTPACTION to send a get/post request to a HTTP/HTTPS server.

AT+HTTPACTION HTTP(S) M	ethod Action
Test Command	Response
AT+HTTPACTION=?	+HTTPACTION: (0-3)
	OK
WriteCommand	Response
AT+HTTPACTION= <method></method>	a) If parameter format is right:
	ОК
	+HTTPACTION: <method>,<httpstatuscode>,<datalen></datalen></httpstatuscode></method>
	or
	ок
	+HTTPACTION: <method>,<errcode>,<datalen></datalen></errcode></method>
	b) If parameter format is not right or other errors occur:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	- 637 1
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	

### **Defined Values**

<method></method>	HTTP method specification:
	0 – GET
	1 - POST
	2 – HEAD
	3 – DELETE
<https: 11.50%<="" december="" td=""><td>Please refer to chapter 13.3.1</td></https:>	Please refer to chapter 13.3.1
<errcode></errcode>	Please refer to chapter 13.3.2
<datalen></datalen>	The length of data received

#### **Example**

#### AT+HTTPACTION=1

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OK

**+HTTPACTION: 1,200,2800** 

#### 13.2.5 AT+HTTPHEAD Read the HTTP(S) Header Information of Server Response

AT+HTTPHEAD is used to read the HTTP header information of server response when module receives the response data from server.

AT+HTTPHEAD Read the HTTP(S) Header Information of Server Response		
Execution Command	Response	
AT+HTTPHEAD	a) If read the header information successfully:	
	+HTTPHEAD: DATA, <data_len></data_len>	
	<data></data>	
	OK	
	b) If read failed:	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode	410	
Maximum Response Time		
Reference		

#### **Defined Values**

<data_len></data_len>	The length of HTTP header
<data></data>	The header information of HTTP response

#### Example

#### AT+CHTTPHEAD

+HTTPHEAD: 750 HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Date: Thu, 29 Mar 2018 09:21:12 GMT

Content-Type: text/html Content-Length: 14615

Last-Modified: Thu, 15 Mar 2018 08:23:00 GMT

Connection: Keep-Alive Vary: Accept-Encoding

Set-Cookie: BAIDUID=EF38663A5539EBEAE702321037D5491B:FG=1; expires=Thu, 31-Dec-37

23:55:55 GMT; max-age=2147483647; path=/; domain=.baidu.com

Set-Cookie: BIDUPSID=EF38663A5539EBEAE702321037D5491B; expires=Thu, 31-Dec-37

23:55:55 GMT; max-age=2147483647; path=/; domain=.baidu.com

Set-Cookie: PSTM=1522315272; expires=Thu, 31-Dec-37 23:55:55 GMT; max-age=2147483647;

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path=/; domain=.baidu.com

P3P: CP=" OTI DSP COR IVA OUR IND COM "

Server: BWS/1.1

X-UA-Compatible: IE=Edge,chrome=1

Pragma: no-cache

Cache-control: no-cache Accept-Ranges: bytes

OK

#### 13.2.6 AT+HTTPREAD Read the Response Information of HTTP(S) Server

After sending HTTP(S) GET/POST requests, you can retrieve HTTP(S) response information from HTTP(S) server via UART/USB port by AT+HTTPREAD. When the <datalen> of "+HTTPACTION: <method>,<httpstatuscode>,<datalen>" is not equal to 0, you can read the response information from HTTP(S) server by AT+HTTPREAD. You can execute AT+HTTPREAD? To check the total data saved in buffer, then AT+HTTPREAD=<br/>
byte\_size> to read out data to port. If parameter <br/>
byte\_size> is set greater than the size of data saved in buffer, all data in buffer will output to port.

AT+HTTPREAD Read the Response Information of HTTP(S) Server	
Read Command AT+HTTPREAD?	Response a) If check successfully: +HTTPREAD: LEN, <len>  OK b) If failed(no more data other error): ERROR</len>
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPREAD= byte_size>	a) If read the response info successfully:  OK  +HTTPREAD: DATA, <data_len> <data> [+HTTPREAD: DATA,<data_len> <data>] +HTTPREAD: 0  If <byte_size> is bigger than the data size received, module will only return actual data size.  b) If read failed:</byte_size></data></data_len></data></data_len>
Parameter Saving Mode	ERROR
	120000ma
Maximum Response Time	120000ms

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Reference	-
11010101100	

<byte_size></byte_size>	The length of data to read
<data_len></data_len>	The actual length of read data
<data></data>	Response content from HTTP server
<len></len>	Total size of data saved in buffer

#### **Example**

#### AT+HTTPREAD=0,10

OK

+HTTPREAD: 10 <!doctyped +HTTPREAD: 0

### 13.2.7 AT+HTTPDATA Input HTTP(S) Data

You can use AT+HTTPDATA to input data to post when you send a HTTP/HTTPS POST request.

AT+HTTPDATA Input HTTP(S) Data	
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPDATA= <size>,<time></time></size>	a) if parameter format is right:
	DOWNLOAD
	<input data="" here=""/>
	When the total size of the inputted data reaches <size>, TA will report the following code. Otherwise, the serial port will be blocked.</size>
	ОК
	b) If parameter format is wrong or other errors occur: <b>ERROR</b>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<size></size>	Size in bytes of the data to post. Range is 1-153600 (bytes)

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<time></time>	Maximum time in seconds to input data, range is 10-65535.

#### **Example**

**AT+HTTPDATA=14,10000** 

DOWNLOAD 1234567890qwer OK

#### 13.2.8 AT+HTTPPOSTFILE Send HTTP Request to HTTP(S) server by File

You can send HTTP request in a file via AT+HTTPPOSTFILE command. The URL must be set by AT+HTTPPARA before executing AT+HTTPPOSTFILE command. If set <send\_header> to 0, you can customize any HTTP request in the file, module will send the file as HTTP header and body, else if set <send\_header> to 1, module will package a HTTP request itself, the file will be sent as HTTP body. The parameter path> can be used to set the file directory. When module has received response from HTTP server, it will report the following URC:+HTTPPOSTFILE: <method>[,<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.content\_len>]]
Note:

The parameter<method>,<send\_header>,<path>can be omitted, the default value of <send\_header> is 0, the default<path>is 1 (/cache), default <method> is 1 (POST)

AT+HTTPPOSTFILE Send HT	TP Request to HTTP(S) server by File
Test Command	Response
AT+HTTPPOSTFILE=?	+HTTPPOSTFILE: <filename>[,(1-3)[,(0-3)[,(0-1)]]]</filename>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPPOSTFILE= <filenam< td=""><td>a) if parameter format is right and server connected successfully:</td></filenam<>	a) if parameter format is right and server connected successfully:
e>[, <path>][,<method>][,<sen< td=""><td>a.1 server response and content is not null</td></sen<></method></path>	a.1 server response and content is not null
d_header>]	OK
	+HTTPPOSTFILE: <method>,<httpstatuscode>,<content_len></content_len></httpstatuscode></method>
	a.2 server response but has no content
	OK
	+HTTPPOSTFILE: <method>,<httpstatuscode>,0</httpstatuscode></method>
	b) if parameter format is right but server connected unsuccessfully:
	OK
	+HTTPPOSTFILE: <method>,<errcode>,0</errcode></method>

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	c) if parameter format is not right or any other error occurs:  ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	-

<filename></filename>	String type, filename, the max length is 64.unit:byte.
<path></path>	The directory where the sent file saved. Numeric type, range is 1-3  1 - F:/ (/cache)  2 - D:/(sd card)  3 - E:/ (/data/media/)
<method></method>	HTTP method specification:  0 – GET  1 – POST  2 – HEAD  3 – DELETE
<https: 10.1007="" 10.1007<="" doi.org="" th=""><th>Please refer to chapter 13.3.1</th></https:>	Please refer to chapter 13.3.1
<errcode></errcode>	Please refer to chapter13.3.2
<send_header></send_header>	Send file as HTTP header and Body or Only as Body. Numeric type, the range is 0-1, the default is 0.  O - Send file as HTTP header and body  Send file as Body

#### **Example**

AT+HTTPPOSTFILE="baidu.txt",3
OK

+HTTPPOSTFILE: 1,714,0

#### 13.2.9 AT+HTTPREADFILE Receive HTTP(S) Response Content to a file

After execute AT+HTTPACTION/AT+HTTPOSTFILE command. You can receive the HTTP server response content to a file via AT+HTTPREADFILE. Before AT+HTTPREADFILE executed, "+HTTPACTION: <method>,<https://doi.org/10.1007/shttps:/

**Note:** by setting <path> to 4, you can download CA files which is used for SSL verification, details please refer SIM7500\_SIM7600\_SIM7800 Series\_SSL\_AT\_Commands\_Manual.

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AT+HTTPREADFILE Receive HTTP(S) Response Content to a File	
Test Command	Response
AT+HTTPREADFILE=?	+HTTPREADTFILE: <filename>[,(1-4)]</filename>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+HTTPREADFILE= <filena< td=""><td>a) if parameter format is right:</td></filena<>	a) if parameter format is right:
me>[, <path>]</path>	ОК
	+HTTPREADFILE: <errcode></errcode>
	b) if parameter format is right:
	+HTTPREADFILE: <errcode></errcode>
	ок
	c) if failed:
	+HTTPREADFILE: <errcode></errcode>
	ERROR
	d) if parameter format is not right or any other error occurs:
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	I
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

- 101010100	
Defined Values	
<filename></filename>	String type, filename, the max length is 64.unit:byte.
<path></path>	1 – F:/ (/cache/)
	2 – D:/(sd card)
	3 – E:/ (/data/media/)
	4 – /mssl_cert/(this is for CA file downloading)

### Example

#### AT+HTTPREADFILE="baidu.txt",3

OK

#### +HTTPREADFILE: 0

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### 13.3 Summary of result codes for HTTPS

### 13.3.1 Summary of HTTP(S) Response Code

Code of <httpstatuscode></httpstatuscode>	Meaning
100	Continue
101	Switching Protocols
200	OK
201	Created
201	Accepted
203	Non-Authoritative Information
204	No Content
205	Reset Content
206	Partial Content
300	Multiple Choices
301	Moved Permanently
302	Found
303	See Other
304	Not Modified
305	Use Proxy
307	Temporary Redirect
400	Bad Request
401	Unauthorized
402	Payment Required
403	Forbidden
404	Not Found
405	Method Not Allowed
406	Not Acceptable
407	Proxy Authentication Required
408	Request Timeout
409	Conflict
410	Gone
411	Length Required
412	Precondition Failed
413	Request Entity Too Large
414	Request-URI Too Large
415	Unsupported Media Type
416	Requested range not satisfiable

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417	Expectation Failed
500	Internal Server Error
501	Not Implemented
502	Bad Gateway
503	Service Unavailable
504	Gateway timeout
505	HTTP Version not supported
600	Not HTTP PDU
601	Network Error
602	No memory
603	DNS Error
604	Stack Busy

### 13.3.2 Summary of HTTP(S) error Code

Code of <errcode></errcode>	Meaning
0	Success
701	Alert state
702	Unknown error
703	Busy
704	Connection closed error
705	Timeout
706	Receive/send socket data failed
707	File not exists or other memory error
708	Invalid parameter
709	Network error
710	start a new ssl session failed
711	Wrong state
712	Failed to create socket
713	Get DNS failed
714	Connect socket failed
715	Handshake failed
716	Close socket failed
717	No network error
718	Send data timeout
719	CA missed
720	Server response timeout

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### 13.3.3 Summary of Unsolicited Result Codes

Unsolicited codes	Description
+HTTP_PEER_CLOSED	It's a notification message. While received, it means the
LITTO MONET EVENT	connection has been closed by server.
+HTTP_NONET_EVENT	It's a notification message. While received, it means now the network is unavailable.



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## 14. AT Commands for HTP

#### 14.1 Overview of AT Commands for HTP

Command	Description
AT+CHTPSERV	Set HTP server info
AT+CHTPUPDATE	Updating date time using HTP protocol

### 14.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for HTP

#### 14.2.1 AT+CHTPSERV Set HTP server info

AT+CHTPSERV Set HTP server info		
Test Command AT+CHTPSERV=?	Response +CHTPSERV: "ADD","HOST",(1-65535),(0-1)[,"PROXY",(1-65535)] +CHTPSERV: "DEL",(0-15)  OK	
Read Command AT+CHTPSERV?	+CHTPSERV: <index>,"<host>",<port>,<http_version>[,"<proxy>",<proxy_port>] +CHTPSERV: <index>,"<host>",<port>[,"<proxy>",<proxy_port>]  OK or OK (if HTP server not setted)</proxy_port></proxy></port></host></index></proxy_port></proxy></http_version></port></host></index>	
Write Command  AT+CHTPSERV=" <cmd>","&lt; host_or_idx&gt;"[,<port>,<http< td=""><td>Response <b>OK</b> or</td></http<></port></cmd>	Response <b>OK</b> or	

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_version>[," <proxy>",<prox< th=""><th>ERROR</th></prox<></proxy>	ERROR
y_port>]]	
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<cmd></cmd>	This command to operate the HTP server list.  "ADD": add a HTP server item to the list  "DEL": delete a HTP server item from the list		
<host_or_idx></host_or_idx>	If the <cmd> is "ADD", this field is the same as <host>, needs quotation marks; If the <cmd> is "DEL", this field is the index of the HTP server item to be deleted from the list, does not need quotation marks.</cmd></host></cmd>		
<host></host>	The HTP server address. Max length is 254.		
<port></port>	The HTP server port.		
<http_version></http_version>	The HTTP version of the HTP server:  0 - HTTP 1.0  1 - HTTP 1.1		
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	The proxy address, the maximum length is 254.		
<pre><pre><pre><pre>port&gt;</pre></pre></pre></pre>	The port of the proxy		
<index></index>	The HTP server index.		

#### Example

AT+CHTPSERV="ADD","www.google.com",80,1
OK

#### 14.2.2 AT+CHTPUPDATE Updating date time using HTP protocol

AT+CHTPUPDATE Updating date time using HTP protocol		
Test Command  AT+CHTPUPDATE=?	Response OK	
Read Command AT+CHTPUPDATE?	Response +CHTPUPDATE: <status></status>	
Execution Command  AT+CHTPUPDATE	Response <b>OK</b>	

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	+CHTPUPDATE: <err></err>
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<status></status>	The status of	The status of HTP module:	
	Updating	_	HTP module is synchronizing date time
	NULL	_	HTP module is idle now
<err></err>	The result of	f the	HTP updating

### Example

#### AT+CHTPUPDATE

OK

+CHTPUPDATE: 0

### 14.2.3 Unsolicited HTP Codes

#### Code of <err>

0	Operation succeeded
1	Unknown error
2	Wrong parameter
3	Wrong date and time calculated
4	Network error

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## 15. AT Commands for NTP

#### 15.1 Overview of AT Commands for NTP

Command	Description
AT+CNTP	Update system time

## 15.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for NTP

### 15.2.1 AT+CNTP Update system time

AT+CNTP Update system time	
Test Command	Response
AT+CNTP=?	+CNTP: 255,(-96~96)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CNTP?	+CNTP: <host>,<timezone></timezone></host>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CNTP=" <host>"[,<timez< td=""><td>ОК</td></timez<></host>	ОК
one>]	or
	ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CNTP	OK
	+CNTP: <err></err>
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-

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Deference	
Reference	-

<host></host>	NTP server address, the range of host length is 1 to 255.
<timezone></timezone>	Local time zone,the range is (-96 to 96), default value is 0.
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 15.2.2

#### Example

AT+CNTP="202.120.2.101",32

OK

AT+CNTP

OK

+CNTP: 0

#### 15.2.2 Unsolicited NTP Codes

### Code of <err>

0	Operation succeeded
1	Unknown error
2	Wrong parameter
3	Wrong date and time calculated
4	Network error
5	Time zone error
6	Time out error

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## 16. AT Commands for MQTT(S)

### 16.1 Overview of AT Commands for MQTT(S)

Command	Description
AT+CMQTTSTART	Start MQTT service
AT+CMQTTSTOP	STOP MQTT service
AT+CMQTTACCQ	Acquire a client
AT+CMQTTREL	Release a client
AT+CMQTTSSLCFG	Set the SSL context
AT+CMQTTWILLTOPIC	Input the will topic
AT+CMQTTWILLMSG	Input the will message
AT+CMQTTDISC	Disconnect from server
AT+CMQTTCONNECT	Connect to MQTT server
AT+CMQTTTOPIC	Input the publish message topic
AT+CMQTTPAYLOAD	Input the publish message body
AT+CMQTTPUB	Publish a message to server
AT+CMQTTSUBTOPIC	Input a subscribe message topic
AT+CMQTTSUB	Subscribe a message to server
AT+CMQTTUNSUBTOPIC	Input a unsubscribe message topic
AT+CMQTTUNSUB	Unsubscribe a message to server
AT+CMQTTCFG	Configure the MQTT Context

### 16.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for MQTT(S)

#### 16.2.1 AT+CMQTTSTART Start MQTT service

AT+CMQTTSTART is used to start MQTT service by activating PDP context. You must execute this command before any other MQTT related operations.

AT+CMQTTSTART Start MC	ΓΤ service
Execution Command	Response

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AT+CMQTTSTART OK

+CMQTTSTART: <err>

or

+CMQTTSTART: <err>

OK

or

**ERROR** 

+CMQTTSTART: <err>

or

+CMQTTSTART: <err>

**ERROR** 

or

**ERROR** 

Maximum Response Time 120000ms

#### **Defined Values**

<err> The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

#### Example

#### AT+CMQTTSTART

OK

+CMQTTSTART: 0

#### NOTE

It must be executed before any other MQTT related operations

#### 16.2.2 AT+CMQTTSTOP Stop MQTT service

AT+CMQTTSTOP is used to stop MQTT service.

AT+CMQTTSTOP Stop MQT	T service
Execution Command	Response

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AT+CMQTTSTOP	ОК	
	+CMQTTSTOP: <err></err>	
	or	
	+CMQTTSTOP: <err></err>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
	+CMQTTSTOP: <err></err>	
	or	
	+CMQTTSTOP: <err></err>	
	ERROR	
	or	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode		
Maximum Response Time	1-1	
Reference	-	

<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

#### **Example**

### AT+CMQTTSTOP OK

+CMQTTSTOP: 0

### 16.2.3 AT+CMQTTACCQ Acquire a client

AT+CMQTTACCQ is used to acquire a MQTT client. It must be called before all commands about MQTT connect and after AT+CMQTTSTART.

AT+CMQTTACCQ Acquire a client	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTACCQ=?	+CMQTTACCQ: (0-1),(1-128),(0-1),(3-4)
	OK

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Read Command AT+CMQTTACCQ?	Response +CMQTTACCQ: <client_index>,<clientid>,<server_type>,<mqtt_version> +CMQTTACCQ: <client_index>,<clientid>,<server_type>,<mqtt_version>  OK</mqtt_version></server_type></clientid></client_index></mqtt_version></server_type></clientid></client_index>
Write Command  AT+CMQTTACCQ= <client_i ndex="">,<clientid>[,<server_t ype="">[,<mqtt_version>]]</mqtt_version></server_t></clientid></client_i>	Response OK or +CMQTTACCQ: <client_index>,<err> ERROR or ERROR</err></client_index>
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	- // / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /
Reference	

<cli><cli>index&gt;</cli></cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<cli><cli><cli><cli></cli></cli></cli></cli>	The UTF-encoded string. It specifies a unique identifier for the client. The string length is from 1 to 128 bytes.
<server_type></server_type>	A numeric parameter that identifies the server type. The default value is 0.  O - MQTT server with TCP  MQTT server with SSL/TLS
<mqtt_version></mqtt_version>	A numeric parameter that identifies the MQTT protocol version. The permitted value is 3 or 4.  3 - MQTT version 3.1  4 - MQTT version 3.1.1
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

### Example

AT+CMQTTACCQ=0,"client test0",0,4

OK

#### NOTE

It must be called before all commands about MQTT connect and after AT+CMQTTSTART

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#### 16.2.4 AT+CMQTTREL Release a client

AT+CMQTTREL is used to release a MQTT client. It must be called after AT+CMQTTDISC and before AT+CMQTTSTOP.

AT+CMQTTREL Release a client		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CMQTTREL=?	+CMQTTREL: (0-1)	
	ок	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CMQTTREL?	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CMQTTREL= <client_ind< td=""><td>ОК</td></client_ind<>	ОК	
ex>	or	
	+CMQTTREL: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>	
	ERROR	
	or	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode		
Maximum Response Time	120000ms	
Reference	- 410	

#### **Defined Values**

<cli>client_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted
	values is 0 to 1.
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

#### Example

#### AT+CMQTTREL=0

OK

#### NOTE

It must be called after AT+CMQTTDISC and before AT+CMQTTSTOP

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#### 16.2.5 AT+CMQTTSSLCFG Set the SSL context

AT+CMQTTSSLCFG is used to set the SSL context which to be used in the SSL connection when it will connect to a SSL/TLS MQTT server. It must be called before AT+CMQTTCONNECT and after AT+CMQTTSTART. The setting will be cleared after AT+CMQTTCONNECT failed or AT+CMQTTDISC.

Note: If you don't set the SSL context by this command before connecting to server by AT+CMQTTCONNECT, the CMQTTCONNECT operation will use the SSL context as same as index

<session\_id> (the 1st parameter of AT+CMQTTCONNECT) when connecting to the server.

AT+CMQTTSSLCFG Set the SSL context		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CMQTTSSLCFG=?	+CMQTTSSLCFG: (0,1),(0-9)	
Dood Command	Despense	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CMQTTSSLCFG?	+CMQTTSSLCFG: <session_id>,[<ssl_ctx_index>]</ssl_ctx_index></session_id>	
	+CMQTTSSLCFG: <session_id>,[<ssl_ctx_index>]  OK</ssl_ctx_index></session_id>	
Write Command		
Write Command	Response	
AT+CMQTTSSLCFG= <sessi< td=""><td>OK</td></sessi<>	OK	
on_id>, <ssl_ctx_index></ssl_ctx_index>	or	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode		
Maximum Response Time	- \ \ \	
Reference	-	

#### **Defined Values**

<session_id></session_id>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<ssl_ctx_index></ssl_ctx_index>	The SSL context ID which will be used in the SSL connection. Refer to the <ssl ctx="" index=""> of AT+CSSLCFG</ssl>

#### **Example**

AT+CMQTTSSLCFG=0,1
OK

NOTE

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 If you don't set the SSL context by this command before connecting to server by AT+CMQTTCONNECT, the CMQTTCONNECT operation will use the SSL context as same as index <session\_id> (the 1st parameter of AT+CMQTTCONNECT) when connecting to the server

#### 16.2.6 AT+CMQTTWILLTOPIC Input the will topic

AT+CMQTTWILLTOPIC is used to input the topic of will message.

AT+CMQTTWILLTOPIC Input the will topic	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTWILLTOPIC=?	+CMQTTWILLTOPIC: (0-1),(1-1024)
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMQTTWILLTOPIC= <cli< td=""><td>&gt;</td></cli<>	>
ent_index>, <req_length></req_length>	<input data="" here=""/>
	OK
	or
	+CMQTTWILLTOPIC: <cli>ent_index&gt;,<err></err></cli>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	- 1
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<cli>client_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<req_length></req_length>	The length of input topic. The will topic should be UTF-encoded string. The range is from 1 to 1024 bytes.
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

#### **Example**

### AT+CMQTTWILLTOPIC=0,15

>simcomwilltopic

OK

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#### 16.2.7 AT+CMQTTWILLMSG Input the will message

AT+CMQTTWILLMSG is used to input the message body of will message.

AT+CMQTTWILLMSG Input the will message	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTWILLMSG=?	+CMQTTWILLMSG: (0-1),(1-1024),(0-2)
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMQTTWILLMSG= <clie< td=""><td>&gt;</td></clie<>	>
nt_index>, <req_length>,<qo< td=""><td><input data="" here=""/></td></qo<></req_length>	<input data="" here=""/>
s>	OK
	or
	+CMQTTWILLMSG: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	- 48 6 7
Reference	- 611

#### **Defined Values**

<cli>client_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<req_length></req_length>	The length of input data. The will message should be UTF-encoded string. The range is from 1 to 1024 bytes.
<qos></qos>	The qos value of the will message. The range is from 0 to 2.
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

#### **Example**

#### AT+CMQTTWILLMSG=0,17,0

>simcomwillmessage

OK

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#### 16.2.8 AT+CMQTTDISC Disconnect from server

AT+CMQTTDISC is used to disconnect from the server.

AT+CMQTTDISC Disconnect from server	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTDISC=?	+CMQTTDISC: (0-1),(0,60-180)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CMQTTDISC?	+CMQTTDISC: 0, <disc_state></disc_state>
	+CMQTTDISC: 1, <disc_state></disc_state>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CMQTTDISC= <client_in< td=""><td>OK</td></client_in<>	OK
dex>, <timeout></timeout>	
dox, timeout	+CMQTTDISC: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	or
	+CMQTTDISC: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	Gillari Bioon Gilonia
	ок
	or
	+CMQTTDISC: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	- 1
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<cli>client_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<timeout></timeout>	The timeout value for disconnection. The unit is second. The range is 60s to 180s. The default value is 0s (not set the timeout value)
<disc_state></disc_state>	<ul><li>1 – disconnection</li><li>0 – connection</li></ul>
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

### Example

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AT+CMQTTDISC=0,120

OK

+CMQTTDISC: 0,0

#### 16.2.9 AT+CMQTTCONNECT Connect to MQTT server

AT+CMQTTCONNECT is used to connect to a MQTT server.

**Note:** If you don't set the SSL context by AT+CMQTTSSLCFG before connecting a SSL/TLS MQTT server by AT+CMQTTCONNECT, it will use the <cli>client\_index> (the 1st parameter of AT+CMQTTCONNNECT) SSL context when connecting to the server.

AT CMOTTCONNECT Com	ant to MOTT coming
AT+CMQTTCONNECT Conn	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTCONNECT=?	+CMQTTCONNECT: (0-1),(9-256),(1-64800),(0-1)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CMQTTCONNECT?	+CMQTTCONNECT:
	0[, <server_addr>,<keepalive_time>,<clean_session>[,<user_nam< td=""></user_nam<></clean_session></keepalive_time></server_addr>
	e>[, <pass_word>]]]</pass_word>
	+CMQTTCONNECT:
	1[, <server_addr>,<keepalive_time>,<clean_session>[,<user_nam< td=""></user_nam<></clean_session></keepalive_time></server_addr>
	e>[, <pass_word>]]]</pass_word>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMQTTCONNECT= <clie< td=""><td>OK</td></clie<>	OK
nt_index>, <server_addr>,<k< td=""><td></td></k<></server_addr>	
eepalive_time>, <clean_sess< td=""><td>+CMQTTCONNECT: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index></td></clean_sess<>	+CMQTTCONNECT: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
ion>[, <user_name>[,<pass_< td=""><td>or</td></pass_<></user_name>	or
word>]]	+CMQTTCONNECT: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

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<cli>client_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<server_addr></server_addr>	The string that described the server address and port. The range of the string length is 9 to 256 bytes. The string should be like this "tcp://116.247.119.165:5141", must begin with "tcp://". If the <server_addr> not include the port, the default port is 1883.</server_addr>
<keepalive_time></keepalive_time>	The time interval between two messages received from a client. The client will send a keep-alive packet when there is no message sent to server after song long time. The range is from 1s to 64800s (18 hours)
<clean_session></clean_session>	The clean session flag. The value range is from 0 to 1, and default value is 0.  O — the server must store the subscriptions of the client after it disconnected. This includes continuing to store QoS 1 and QoS 2 messages for the subscribed topics so that they can be delivered when the client reconnects. The server must also maintain the state of in-flight messages being delivered at the point the connection is lost. This information must be kept until the client reconnects.  1 — the server must discard any previously maintained information about the client and treat the connection as "clean". The server must also discard any state when the client disconnects.
<user_name></user_name>	The user name identifies the name of the user which can be used for authentication when connecting to server. The string length is from 1 to 256 bytes.
<password></password>	The password corresponding to the user which can be used for authentication when connecting to server. The string length is from 1 to 256 bytes.
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

#### **Example**

AT+CMQTTCONNECT=0,"tcp://hooleeping.com:8883",60,1

OK

+CMQTTCONNECT: 0,0

#### NOTE

• If you don't set the SSL context by AT+CMQTTSSLCFG before connecting a SSL/TLS MQTT server by AT+CMQTTCONNECT, it will use the <cli>client\_index> (the 1st parameter of AT+CMQTTCONNECT) SSL context when connecting to the server.

#### 16.2.10 AT+CMQTTTOPIC Input the publish message topic

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AT+CMQTTTOPIC Input the publish message topic	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTTOPIC=?	+CMQTTTOPIC: (0-1),(1-1024)
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMQTTTOPIC= <client_i< td=""><td>&gt;</td></client_i<>	>
ndex>, <req_length></req_length>	<input data="" here=""/>
	ОК
	or
	+CMQTTTOPIC: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

<cli>client_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<req_length></req_length>	The length of input topic data. The publish message topic should be UTF-encoded string. The range is from 1 to 1024 bytes.
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

#### **Example**

#### AT+CMQTTTOPIC=0,11

>simcomtopic

OK

#### NOTE

The topic will be clean after execute AT+CMQTTPUB

#### 16.2.11 AT+CMQTTPAYLOAD Input the publish message body

AT+CMQTTPAYLOAD Input the publish message body

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Test Command  AT+CMQTTPAYLOAD=?	Response +CMQTTPAYLOAD: (0-1),(1-10240)
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMQTTPAYLOAD= <clie< td=""><td>&gt;</td></clie<>	>
nt_index>, <req_length></req_length>	<input data="" here=""/>
	OK
	or
	+CMQTTPAYLOAD: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

<client_index></client_index>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted
	values is 0 to 1.
<req_length></req_length>	The length of input message data. The publish message should be
	UTF-encoded string. The range is from 1 to 10240 bytes
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

#### Example

#### AT+CMQTTPAYLOAD=0,13

>simcompayload

OK

#### NOTE

The payload will be clean after execute AT+CMQTTPUB

#### 16.2.12 AT+CMQTTPUB Publish a message to server

#### AT+CMQTTPUB Publish a message to server

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Test Command AT+CMQTTPUB=?	Response +CMQTTPUB: (0-1),(0-2),(60-180),(0-1),(0-1)
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMQTTPUB= <client_ind ex="">,<qos>,<pub_timeout>[,</pub_timeout></qos></client_ind>	OK
<ratained>[,<dup>]]</dup></ratained>	+CMQTTPUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	or
	+CMQTTPUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	- //
Defined Values	

<cli>ent_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<qos></qos>	The publish message's qos. The range is from 0 to 2.  0 — at most once  1 — at least once  2 — exactly once
<pub_timeout></pub_timeout>	The publishing timeout interval value. Since the client publish a message to server, it will report failed if the client receive no response from server after the timeout value seconds. The range is from 60s to 180s
<ratained></ratained>	The retain flag of the publish message. The value is 0 or 1. The default value is 0.  When a client sends a PUBLISH to a server, if the retain flag is set to 1, the server should hold on to the message after it has been delivered to the current subscribers
<dup></dup>	The dup flag to the message. The value is 0 or 1. The default value is 0. The flag is set when the client or server attempts to re-deliver a message
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

#### Example

AT+CMQTTPUB=0,0,120

OK

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+CMQTTPUB: 0,0

#### 16.2.13 AT+CMQTTSUBTOPIC Input a subscribe message topic

AT+CMQTTSUBTOPIC Input a subscribe message topic	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTSUBTOPIC=?	+CMQTTSUBTOPIC: (0-1),(1-1024),(0-2)
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMQTTSUBTOPIC= <clie< td=""><td>&gt;</td></clie<>	>
nt_index>, <req_length>,<qo< td=""><td><input data="" here=""/></td></qo<></req_length>	<input data="" here=""/>
s>	OK
	or
	+CMQTTSUBTOPIC: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	

#### **Defined Values**

<cli>client_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<req_length></req_length>	The length of input topic data. The publish message topic should be UTF-encoded string. The range is from 1 to 1024 bytes.  NOTE: The max length of the total cached topics is 5120
<qos></qos>	The publish message's qos. The range is from 0 to 2.  0 — at most once  1 — at least once  2 — exactly once
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

### Example

#### AT+CMQTTSUBTOPIC=0,11,0

>simcomtopic

OK

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#### NOTE

• The topic will be clean after execute AT+CMQTTSUB.

### 16.2.14 AT+CMQTTSUB Subscribe a message to server

AT+CMQTTSUB Subscribe a message to server	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTSUB=?	+CMQTTSUB: (0-1),(1-1024),(0-2),(0-1)
	ок
Write Command	Response
/*subscribe one or more topics which input by	OK
AT+CMQTTSUBTOPIC*/	+CMQTTSUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
AT+CMQTTSUB= <client_ind< td=""><td>or</td></client_ind<>	or
ex>[, <dup>]</dup>	+CMQTTSUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or ERROR
Write Command	Response
/* subscribe one topic*/	>
AT+CMQTTSUB= <client_ind ex="">,<req_length>,<qos>[,<d< td=""><td><input data="" here=""/></td></d<></qos></req_length></client_ind>	<input data="" here=""/>
up>]	
	+CMQTTSUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	or
	+CMQTTSUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	ERROR -
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<client_index></client_index>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted

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	values is 0 to 1.	
<req_length></req_length>	The length of input topic data. The message topic should be UTF-encoded string. The range is from 1 to 1024 bytes.	
<qos></qos>	The publish message's qos. The range is from 0 to 2.  0 — at most once  1 — at least once  2 — exactly once	
<dup></dup>	The dup flag to the message. The value is 0 or 1. The default value is 0. The flag is set when the client or server attempts to re-deliver a message.	
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1	

### Example

AT+CMQTTSUB=0 OK	
+CMQTTSUB: 0,0	

# 16.2.15 AT+CMQTTUNSUBTOPIC Input a unsubscribe message topic

AT+CMQTTUNSUBTOPIC Input a unsubscribe message topic	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTUNSUBTOPIC=?	+CMQTTUNSUBTOPIC: (0-1),(1-1024)
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMQTTUNSUBTOPIC=<	>
client_index>, <req_length></req_length>	<input data="" here=""/>
	OK
	or
	+CMQTTUNSUBTOPIC: <cli>ent_index&gt;,<err></err></cli>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

### **Defined Values**

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<client_index></client_index>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<req_length></req_length>	The length of input topic data. The publish message topic should be UTF-encoded string. The range is from 1 to 1024 bytes.
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

### **Example**

### AT+CMQTTUNSUBTOPIC=0,11

>simcomtopic

OK

### NOTE

- The max length of the total cached topics is 5120.
- The topic will be clean after execute AT+CMQTTUNSUB

# 16.2.16 AT+CMQTTUNSUB Unsubscribe a message to server

AT+CMQTTUNSUB Unsubscribe a message to server	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMQTTUNSUB=?	+CMQTTUNSUB: (0-1),(1-1024),(0-1)
	OK
Write Command	Response
/* unsubscribe one or more	OK
topics which input by	
AT+CMQTTUNSUBTOPIC*/	+CMQTTUNSUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
AT+CMQTTUNSUB= <client_< td=""><td>or</td></client_<>	or
index>, <dup></dup>	+CMQTTUNSUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
/* unsubscribe one topic*/	>
AT+CMQTTUNSUB= <client_< td=""><td><input data="" here=""/></td></client_<>	<input data="" here=""/>
index>, <req_length>,<dup></dup></req_length>	OK
	+CMQTTUNSUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>

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	or +CMQTTUNSUB: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>
	ERROR
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	120000ms
Reference	-

<cli>client_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.	
<req_length></req_length>	The length of input topic data. The message topic should be UTF-encoded string. The range is from 1 to 1024 bytes.	
<dup></dup>	The dup flag to the message. The value is 0 or 1. The default value is 0. The flag is set when the client or server attempts to re-deliver a message.	
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1	

# **Example**

### AT+CMQTTUNSUB=0,0

OK

+CMQTTUNSUB: 0,0

# 16.2.17 AT+CMQTTCFG Configure the MQTT Context

AT+CMQTTCFG Configure t	he MQTT Context
Test Command AT+CMQTTCFG=?	Response +CMQTTCFG: "checkUTF8",(0-1),(0-1) +CMQTTCFG: "optimeout",(0-1),(20-120) +CMQTTCFG: "aliauth",(0-1),"productkey","devicename","devicesecret"  OK
Read Command AT+CMQTTCFG?	Response +CMQTTCFG: 0, <checkutf8_flag>,<optimeout_val> +CMQTTCFG: 1,<checkutf8_flag>,<optimeout_val></optimeout_val></checkutf8_flag></optimeout_val></checkutf8_flag>

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	ок	
Write Command	Response	
/*Configure the check UTF8	OK	
flag of the specified MQTT	or	
client context*/	+CMQTTCFG: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>	
AT+CMQTTCFG="checkUTF		
8", <client_index>,<checkut< td=""><td>OK</td><td></td></checkut<></client_index>	OK	
F8_flag>	or	
	ERROR	
Write Command	Response	
/*Configure the max timeout	OK	
interval of the send or	or	
receive data operation*/	+CMQTTCFG: <client_index>,<err></err></client_index>	
AT+CMQTTCFG="optimeout		
", <client_index>,<optimeout< td=""><td>OK</td><td></td></optimeout<></client_index>	OK	
_val>	or	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode	1 1 2	
Maximum Response Time		
Reference	-	

<cli>client_index&gt;</cli>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<checkutf8_flag></checkutf8_flag>	The flag to indicate whether to check the string is UTF8 coding or not, the default value is 1.  0 - Not check UTF8 coding.  1 - Check UTF8 coding.
<optimeout_val></optimeout_val>	The max timeout interval of sending or receiving data operation. The range is from 20 seconds to 120 seconds, the default value is 120 seconds.
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

### Example

AT+CMQTTCFG="checkUTF8",0,0

OK

AT+CMQTTCFG="optimeout",0,120

OK

### NOTE

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 It must be called before AT+CMQTTCONNECT and after AT+CMQTTACCQ. The setting will be cleared after AT+CMQTTREL

# 16.3 Summary of result codes for MQTT(S)

# 16.3.1 Summary of Command result <err> codes

Code of <err></err>	Meaning
0	operation succeeded
1	failed
2	bad UTF-8 string
3	sock connect fail
4	sock create fail
5	sock close fail
6	message receive fail
7	network open fail
8	network close fail
9	network not opened
10	client index error
11	no connection
12	invalid parameter
13	not supported operation
14	client is busy
15	require connection fail
16	sock sending fail
17	timeout
18	topic is empty
19	client is used
20	client not acquired
21	client not released
22	length out of range
23	network is opened
24	packet fail
25	DNS error
26	socket is closed by server
27	connection refused: unaccepted protocol version
28	connection refused: identifier rejected

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29	connection refused: server unavailable
30	connection refused: bad user name or password
31	connection refused: not authorized
32	handshake fail
33	not set certificate
34	open SSL session failed

# 16.3.2 Summary of Unsolicited Result Codes

Unsolicited codes	Description
+CMQTTCONNLOST:	When client disconnect passively, URC "+CMQTTCONNLOST"
<client_index>,<cause></cause></client_index>	will be reported, then user need to connect MQTT server again.
+CMQTTPING:	When send ping (which keep-alive to the server) to server failed,
<cli>client_index&gt;,<err></err></cli>	the module will report this URC.
	If received this message, you should disconnect the connection and re-connect
+CMQTTNONET	When the network is become no network, the module will report this URC.
	If received this message, you should restart the MQTT service by AT+CMQTTSTART.
+CMQTTRXSTART:	If a client subscribes to one or more topics, any message
<cli>client_index&gt;,<topic_total_len< th=""><th>published to those topics are sent by the server to the client. The</th></topic_total_len<></cli>	published to those topics are sent by the server to the client. The
>, <payload_total_len></payload_total_len>	following URC is used for transmitting the message published
+CMQTTRXTOPIC:	from server to client.
<cli>ent_index&gt;,<sub_topic_len></sub_topic_len></cli>	1)+CMQTTRXSTART:
<sub_topic></sub_topic>	<cli>description <a href="mailto:self-align: center;"><cli>description <a href="mailto:self-align: center;"><cli>description <a href="mailto:self-align: center;"><cli>description <a href="mailto:self-align: center;"><cli>description <a href="mailto:self-align: center;"><a href="mailto:self-align: center;"></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></cli></a></cli></a></cli></a></cli></a></cli>
	At the beginning of receiving published message, the module will
/*for long topic, split to multiple	report this to user, and indicate client index with <client_index>,</client_index>
packets to report*/	the topic total length with <topic_total_len> and the payload total</topic_total_len>
[ <cr><lf>+CMQTTRXTOPIC:</lf></cr>	length with <payload_total_len>.</payload_total_len>
<cli>ent_index&gt;,<sub_topic_len></sub_topic_len></cli>	2)+CMQTTRXTOPIC:
<sub_topic>]</sub_topic>	<cli>ent_index&gt;,<sub_topic_len>\r\n<sub_topic></sub_topic></sub_topic_len></cli>
+CMQTTRXPAYLOAD:	After the command "+CMQTTRXSTART" received, the module will
<client_index>,<sub_payload_l< td=""><td>report the second message to user, and indicate client index with</td></sub_payload_l<></client_index>	report the second message to user, and indicate client index with
en>	<cli>dent_index&gt;, the topic packet length with <sub_topic_len> and</sub_topic_len></cli>
<sub_payload></sub_payload>	the topic content with <sub_topic> after "\r\n".</sub_topic>
/*for long payload, split to multiple	For long topic, it will be split to multiple packets to report and the
packets to report*/	command "+CMQTTRXTOPIC" will be send more than once with
[+CMQTTRXPAYLOAD:	the rest of topic content. The sum of <sub_topic_len> is equal to</sub_topic_len>
<client_index>,<sub_payload_l< th=""><th><topic_total_len>.</topic_total_len></th></sub_payload_l<></client_index>	<topic_total_len>.</topic_total_len>
en>	3)+CMQTTRXPAYLOAD:
<sub_payload>]</sub_payload>	<pre><client_index>,<sub_payload_len>\r\n<sub_payload></sub_payload></sub_payload_len></client_index></pre>

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+CMQTTRXEND: <client_index></client_index>	After the command "+CMQTTRXTOPIC" received, the module will send third message to user, and indicate client index with <cli>client_index&gt;, the payload packet length with <sub_payload_len> and the payload content with <sub_payload> after "\r\n".</sub_payload></sub_payload_len></cli>
	For long payload, the same as "+CMQTTRXTOPIC".  4) +CMQTTRXEND: <client_index> At last, the module will send fourth message to user and indicate the topic and payload have been transmitted completely.</client_index>

<client_index></client_index>	A numeric parameter that identifies a client. The range of permitted values is 0 to 1.
<cause></cause>	The cause of disconnection.  1 — Socket is closed passively.  2 — Socket is reset.  3 — Network is closed.
<topic_total_len></topic_total_len>	The length of message topic received from MQTT server. The range is from 1 to 1024 bytes.
<payload_total_len></payload_total_len>	The length of message body received from MQTT server. The range is from 1 to 10240 bytes.
<sub_topic_len></sub_topic_len>	The sub topic packet length, The sum of <sub_topic_len> is equal to <topic_total_len>.</topic_total_len></sub_topic_len>
<sub_topic></sub_topic>	The sub topic content.
<sub_payload_len></sub_payload_len>	Max length is 1500. The sub message body packet length. The sum of <sub_payload_len> is equal to <payload_total_len>.</payload_total_len></sub_payload_len>
<sub_payload></sub_payload>	The sub message body content.
<err></err>	The result code, please refer to chapter 16.3.1

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# 17. AT Commands for GPS

### 17.1 Overview of AT Commands for GPS

Command	Description
AT+CGPS	Start/Stop GPS Session
AT+CGPSINFO	Get GPS fixed position information
AT+CGPSCOLD	Cold start GPS
AT+CGPSHOT	Hot start GPS
AT+CGPSURL	Set AGPS default server URL
AT+CGPSSSL	Set AGPS transport security
AT+CGPSAUTO	Start GPS automatic
AT+CGPSNMEA	Configure NMEA sentence type
AT+CGPSNMEARATE	Set NMEA output rate
AT+CGPSMD	Configure AGPS MO method
AT+CGPSFTM	Start GPS test mode
AT+CGPSDEL	Delete the GPS information
AT+CGPSXE	Enable/Disable GPS XTRA function
AT+CGPSXD	Download XTRA assistant file
AT+CGPSXDAUTO	Download XTRA assistant file automatically
AT+CGPSINFOCFG	Download Report GPS NMEA-0183 sentence
AT+CGPSPMD	Configure positioning mode
AT+CGPSMSB	Configure based mode switch to standalone
AT+CGPSHOR	Configure positioning desired accuracy
AT+CGPSNOTIFY	LCS respond positioning request
AT+CGNSSINFO	Get GNSS fixed position information
AT+CGNSSMODE	Configure GNSS support mode
AT+CGPSIPV6	Set AGPS IPV6 Addr&Port
AT+CGPSXTRADATA	Query the validity of the current gpsOne XTRA data

# 17.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for GPS

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### 17.2.1 AT+CGPS Start/Stop GPS Session

This command is used to start or stop GPS session.

AT+CGPS Start/Stop GPS S	ession
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPS=?	+CGPS: (list of supported <on_off>s),(list of supported <mode>s)</mode></on_off>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CGPS?	+CGPS: <on_off>,<mode></mode></on_off>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CGPS= <on_off>[,<mode< td=""><td>OK</td></mode<></on_off>	OK
>]	If UE-assisted mode, when fixed will report indication:
	+CAGPSINFO: <lat>,<lon>,<alt>,<date>,<time></time></date></alt></lon></lat>
	If <off>, it will report indication:</off>
	+CGPS: 0
	or
	ERROR

### **Defined Values**

	ERROR
Defined Values	
<on_off></on_off>	Values reserved by the present document:  0 - stop GPS session  1 - start GPS session
<mode></mode>	Ignore - standalone mode  1 - standalone mode  2 - UE-based mode  3 - UE-assisted mode
<lat></lat>	Latitude of current position. Unit is in 10^8 degree
<lon></lon>	Longitude of current position. Unit is in 10^8 degree
<alt></alt>	MSL Altitude. Unit is meters.
<date></date>	UTC Date. Output format is ddmmyyyy
<time></time>	UTC Time. Output format is hhmmss.s

### **Example**

```
AT+CGPS?
+CGPS:1
OK
AT+CGPS=1
```

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OK

### NOTE

- Output of NMEA sentences is automatic; no control via AT commands is provided. If executing AT+CGPS=1, the GPS session will choose cold or hot start automatically.
- UE-based and UE-assisted mode depend on URL (AT+CGPSURL). When UE-based mode fails, it will switch standalone mode.
- UE-assisted mode is singly fixed. Standalone and UE-based mode is consecutively fixed.
- After the GPS closed, it should to wait about 2s~30s for start again. Reason: If the signal conditions are right (strong enough signals to allow ephemeris demodulation) or ephemeris demodulation is on going, sometimes MGP will stay on longer in order to demodulate more ephemeris. This will help the engine provide faster TTFF and possibly better yield later (up to 2 hours), because it has the benefit of more ephemeris available.
- For SIM7600E-H-M2/SIM7600SA-H-M2/SIM7600A-H-M2 module, GPS started should be decided by the physical switch of GPS flight mode in the module firstly. Close the switch, GPS will be started automatically, then you can open or close gps by AT command, otherwize, GPS could not be started in any way.

### 17.2.2 AT+CGPSINFO Get GPS fixed position information

This command is used to get current position information.

AT+CGPSINFO Get GPS fixed position information	
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPSINFO=?	+CGPSINFO: (scope of <time>)</time>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CGPSINFO?	+CGPSINFO: <time></time>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CGPSINFO= <time></time>	OK
	+CGPSINFO:[ <lat>],[<n s="">],[<log>],[<e w="">],[<date>],[<utc< td=""></utc<></date></e></log></n></lat>
	time>],[ <alt>],[<speed>],[<course>]</course></speed></alt>
	If <off>, it will report indication:</off>
	<b>OK</b> ( <i>if</i> < <i>time</i> >=0)
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGPSINFO	+CGPSINFO:[ <lat>],[<n s="">],[<log>],[<e w="">],[<date>],[<utc< td=""></utc<></date></e></log></n></lat>
	time>],[ <alt>],[<speed>],[<course>]</course></speed></alt>
	ОК

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<lat></lat>	Latitude of current position. Output format is ddmm.mmmmmm
<n s=""></n>	N/S Indicator, N=north or S=south
<log></log>	Longitude of current position. Output format is dddmm.mmmmmm
<e w=""></e>	E/W Indicator, E=east or W=west
<date></date>	Date. Output format is ddmmyy
<utc time=""></utc>	UTC Time. Output format is hhmmss.s
<alt></alt>	MSL Altitude. Unit is meters.
<speed></speed>	Speed Over Ground. Unit is knots.
<course></course>	Course. Degrees.
<time></time>	The range is 0-255, unit is second, after set <time> will report the GPS information every the seconds.</time>

### Example

AT+CGPSINFO=?

+CGPSINFO: (0-255)

OK

AT+CGPSINFO?

+CGPSINFO: 0

OK

AT+CGPSINFO

+CGPSINFO:3113.343286,N,12121.234064,E,250311,072809.3,44.1,0.0,0

OK

### 17.2.3 AT+CGPSCOLD Cold Start GPS

This command is used to cold start GPS session.

AT+CGPSCOLD Cold Start GPS	
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPSCOLD=?	OK
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGPSCOLD	OK

### Example

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AT+CGPSCOLD=?

OK

AT+CGPSCOLD

OK

### NOTE

- Before using this command, it must use AT+CGPS=0 to stop GPS session.
- For SIM7600E-H-M2/SIM7600SA-H-M2/SIM7600A-H-M2 module, GPS started should be decided by the physical switch of GPS flight mode in the module firstly. Open the switch, GPS will be started automatically, then you can open or close gps by AT command, otherwize, GPS could not be started in any way.it will report +CME ERROR:GPS flight mode enabled

### 17.2.4 AT+CGPSHOT Hot Start GPS

This command is used to hot start GPS session

AT+CGPSHOT Hot Start GP	s
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPSHOT=?	OK
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGPSHOT	OK

### **Example**

AT+CGPSHOT=?

OK

AT+CGPSHOT

OK

### NOTE

- Before using this command, it must use AT+CGPS=0 to stop GPS session.
- For SIM7600E-H-M2/SIM7600SA-H-M2/SIM7600A-H-M2 module, GPS started should be decided by the physical switch of GPS flight mode in the module firstly. Open the switch, GPS will be started automatically, then you can open or close gps by AT command, otherwize, GPS could not be started in any way.it will report +CME ERROR:GPS flight mode enabled

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### 17.2.5 AT+CGPSURL Set AGPS default server URL

This command is used to set AGPS default server URL. It will take effect only after restarting.

AT+CGPSURL Set AGPS default server URL	
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPSURL=?	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CGPSURL?	+CGPSURL: <url></url>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CGPSURL= <url></url>	OK
	or
	ERROR

### **Defined Values**

<url></url>	AGPS default server URL. It needs double quotation marks.
	NOTE: Max length of URL is 128.

### Example

AT+CGPSURL="123.123.123.123:8888"

OK

AT+CGPSURL?

+CGPSURL: "123.123.123.123:8888"

OK

### NOTE

• It will take effect only after restarting.

### 17.2.6 AT+CGPSSSL Set AGPS transport security

This command is used to select transport security, used certificate or not. The certificate gets from local carrier. If the AGPS server doesn't need certificate, execute AT+CGPSSSL=0.

AT+CGPSSSL Set AGPS tra	nsport security			
Test Command	Response			
AT+CGPSSSL=?	+CGPSSSL: (list of supported <ssl>s)</ssl>			

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	ОК
Read Command AT+CGPSSSL?	Response +CGPSSSL: <ssl> OK</ssl>
Write Command AT+CGPSSSL= <ssl></ssl>	Response OK or ERROR

<ssl></ssl>	<u>0</u>	_	don't use certificate
	1	_	use certificate

# Example

AT+CGPSSSL=0 OK

### 17.2.7 AT+CGPSAUTO Start GPS automatic

This command is used to start GPS automaticly when module powers on, GPS is closed defaultly.

AT+CGPSAUTO Start GPS a	utomatic
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPSAUTO=?	+CGPSAUTO: (list of supported <auto>s)  OK</auto>
Read Command AT+CGPSAUTO?	Response +CGPSAUTO: <auto></auto>
Write Command	Response
AT+CGPSAUTO= <auto></auto>	OK
	or
	ERROR

### **Defined Values**

<auto></auto>	0	_	Non-automatic

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1 automatic			
i – automatic	1	_	automatic

### **Example**

### AT+CGPSAUTO=1

OK

### NOTE

• If GPS start automatically, its operation mode is standalone mode...

# 17.2.8 AT+CGPSNMEA Configure NMEA sentence type

This command is used to configure NMEA output sentences which are generated by the gpsOne engine when position data is available.

AT+CGPSNMEA Configure	NMEA sentence type
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPSNMEA=?	+CGPSNMEA: (list of supported <nmea>s)</nmea>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CGPSNMEA?	+CGPSNMEA: <nmea></nmea>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CGPSNMEA= <nmea></nmea>	OK
	or
	If GPS engine is running:
	ERROR

### **Defined Values**

<nmea></nmea>	Range – 0 to 262143
	Each bit enables an NMEA sentence output as follows:
	Bit 0 - GPGGA (global positioning system fix data)
	Bit 1 - GPRMC (recommended minimum specific
	GPS/TRANSIT data)
	Bit 2 - GPGSV (GPS satellites in view)
	Bit 3 - GPGSA (GPS DOP and active satellites)
	Bit 4 - GPVTG (track made good and ground speed)
	Bit 5 - PQXFI (Global Positioning System Extended Fix Data.)

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<u>Bit 6</u>	_	GLGSV (GLONASS satellites in view GLONASS fixes only)
<u>Bit 7</u>	-	GNGSA (1. GPS/2. Glonass/3. GALILE DOP and Active Satellites.)
Bit 8	-	GNGNS (fix data for GNSS receivers;output for GPS, GLONASS, GALILEO)
Bit 9	_	Reserved
Bit 10	_	GAGSV (GALILEO satellites in view)
Bit 11	_	Reserved
Bit 12	_	Reserved
Bit 13	_	Reserved
Bit 14	_	Reserved
Bit 15	_	Reserved,
<u>Bit 16</u>	-	BDGSA/PQGSA (BEIDOU/QZSS DOP and active satellites)
Bit 17	-	BDGSV/PQGSV (BEIDOUQZSS satellites in view)
Set the	desi	ired NMEA sentence bit(s). If multiple NMEA sentence
formats	are c	desired, "OR" the desired bits together.
NOTE: F	Rese	rved default 0, set invalid.

### **Example**

### AT+CGPSNMEA=200191

OK

### NOTE

- If nmea bit 2 GPGSV doesn't configure, GPGSV sentence also doesn't output on AT/modem port even set AT+CGPSFTM=1.
- Module should reboot to take effect.

### 17.2.9 AT+CGPSNMEARATE Set NMEA output rate

This command is used to set nmea output rate.

AT+CGPSNMEARATE Set NMEA output rate			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CGPSNMEARATE=?	+CGPSNMEARATE: (list of supported <rate>)</rate>		
	OK		
Read Command	Response		

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AT+CGPSNMEARATE?	+CGPSNMEARATE: <rate></rate>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CGPSNMEA= <rate></rate>	OK
	or
	ERROR

<rate></rate>	0	_	output rate 1HZ
	1	_	output rate 10HZ

# Example

# AT+CGPSNMEARATE=1 OK

# 17.2.10 AT+CGPSMD Configure AGPS MO method

This command specifies if the Mobile-Originated (MO) GPS session should use the control plane session or user plane session.

AT+CGPSMD Configure AGPS MO method				
Test Command	Response			
AT+CGPSMD=?	+CGPSMD: (scope of <method>)</method>			
	OK			
Read Command	Response			
AT+CGPSMD?	+CGPSMD: <method></method>			
	ОК			
Write Command	Response			
AT+CGPSMD= <method></method>	OK			
	or			
	If GPS engine is running:			
	ERROR			

### **Defined Values**

<method></method>	0	_	Control plane
	<u>1</u>	_	User plane

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### **Example**

# AT+CGPSMD=1

OK

### 17.2.11 AT+CGPSFTM Start GPS test mode

This command is used to start GPS test mode.

AT+CGPSFTM Start GPS test mode				
Test Command AT+CGPSFTM=?	Response <b>OK</b>			
Read Command AT+CGPSFTM?	Response +CGPSFTM: <on_off></on_off>			
	ОК			
Write Command AT+CGPSFTM= <on_off></on_off>	Response  OK  or  ERROR			

### **Defined Values**

<on_off></on_off>	<ul><li>O – Close test mode</li></ul>		
	1 - Start test mode		
<cno></cno>	Satellite CNo value. Floating value.		
URC format	\$GPGSV[, <sv>,<cno>][]</cno></sv>		
	\$GLGSV[, <sv>,<cno>][]</cno></sv>		
	\$BDGSV[, <sv>,<cno>][]</cno></sv>		
	\$GAGSV[, <sv>,<cno>][]</cno></sv>		
	\$PQGSV[, <sv>,<cno>][]</cno></sv>		

### **Example**

### AT+CGPSFTM=1

OK

\$GLGSV,78,20.6,66,25.6,77,21.6,79,21.9,67,26.2,68,23.6

\$GPGSV,10,36.3,12,33.5,14,26.5,15,27.0,18,30.6,20,29.4,21,14.9, 24,32.8,25,30.6,31,29.1,32,27.0

\$BDGSV,201,28.7,204,29.0,206,27.3,207,25.9,209,25.0,210,18.5

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### NOTE

- If test mode starts, the URC will report on AT port, Modem port and UART port.
- If testing on actual signal, <SV> should be ignored, and GPS must be started by AT+CGPS, AT+CGPSCOLD or AT+CGPSHOT.
- If testing on GPS signal simulate equipment, <SV> must be choiced, and GPS will start automatically.
- URC sentence will report every 1 second.

### 17.2.12 AT+CGPSDEL Delete the GPS information

This command is used to delete the GPS information. After executing the command, GPS start is cold start.

AT+CGPSDEL Delete th	e GPS infomation	
Test Command	Response	1.01
AT+CGPSDEL=?	OK	
Execution Command	Response	
AT+CGPSDEL	OK	

### Example

AT+CGPSDEL=?

OK

AT+CGPSDEL

OK

### NOTE

This command must be executed after GPS stopped

### 17.2.13 AT+CGPSXE Enable/Disable GPS XTRA function

This command is used to enable/disable the GPS XTRA function.

AT+CGPSXE Enable/Disable GPS XTRA function		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CGPSXE=?	+CGPSXE: (list of supported <on_off>s)</on_off>	
	OK	

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Read Command AT+CGPSXE?	Response +CGPSXE: <on_off></on_off>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CGPSXE= <on_off></on_off>	ОК
	or
	ERROR

<on_off></on_off>	<u>0</u>	_	Disable GPS XTRA
	1	_	Enable GPS XTRA

### **Example**

AT+CGPSXE=? +CGPSXE: (0-1)

OK

AT+CGPSXE=0

OK

### NOTE

 XTRA function must download the assistant file from network by HTTP, so the APN must be set by AT+CGDCONT command.

### 17.2.14 AT+CGPSXD Download XTRA assistant file

This command is used to download the GPS XTRA assistant file from network through http protocol. Module will download the latest assistant file form server and write the file into module.

AT+CGPSXD Download XTRA assistant file			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CGPSXD=?	+CGPSXD: (list of supported <server>)</server>		
	OK		
Read Command	Response		
AT+CGPSXD?	+CGPSXD: <server></server>		
	ОК		

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Write Command	Response
AT+CGPSXD= <server></server>	OK
	+CGPSXD: <resp></resp>
	or
	+CGPSXD: <resp></resp>
	ERROR

<server></server>	0 – XTRA primary server (precedence)
	1 – XTRA secondary server
	2 – XTRA tertiary server
<resp></resp>	refer to Unsolicited XTRA download Codes

### **Example**

```
AT+CGPSXD=?
+CGPSXD: (0-2)

OK
AT+CGPSXD=0
OK
+CGPSXD: 0
```

### 17.2.15 AT+CGPSXDAUTO Download XTRA assistant file automatically

This command is used to control download assistant file automatically or not when GPS start.

XTRA function must enable for using this command. If assistant file doesn't exist or check error, the module will download and inject the assistant file automatically.

AT+CGPSXDAUTO Download XTRA assistant file automatically			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CGPSXDAUTO=?	+CGPSXDAUTO: (list of supported <on_off>)  OK</on_off>		
Read Command	Response		
AT+CGPSXDAUTO?	+CGPSXDAUTO: <on_off></on_off>		
	ок		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CGPSXDAUTO= <on_off< td=""><td>OK</td></on_off<>	OK		
>	Or		
	ERROR		

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<on_off></on_off>	0	_	disable download automatically
	1	_	enable download automatically

### **Example**

AT+CGPSXDAUTO=?

+CGPSXD: (0,1)

OK

AT+CGPSXDAUTO=0

OK

### NOTE

• Some URCs will report when downloading, it's same as AT+CGPSXD command.

### 17.2.16 AT+CGPSINFOCFG Download Report GPS NMEA-0183 sentence

This command is used to report NMEA-0183 sentence.

AT+CGPSINFOCFG Download Report GPS NMEA-0183 sentence					
Test Command  AT+CGPSINFOCFG=?	Response +CGPSINFOCFG: (scope of <time>),(scope of <config>)</config></time>				
ATTOGRAMM OUT G-	OK				
Read Command	Response				
AT+CGPSINFOCFG?	+CGPSINFOCFG: <time>,<config></config></time>				
	OK				
Write Command	Response				
AT+CGPSINFOCFG= <time>[</time>	OK				
, <config>]</config>	(NMEA-0183 Sentence)				
	OK(if <time>=0)</time>				

### **Defined Values**

<time></time>	The range is 0-255, unit is second, after set <time> will report the GPS</time>				
	NMEA sentence every the seconds.				
	If <time>=0, module stop reporting the NMEA sentence.</time>				

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<config></config>	Range	– 0 to	262143
_	Each bi	t ena	ables an NMEA sentence output as follows:
	<u>Bit 0</u>	_	GPGGA (global positioning system fix data)
	<u>Bit 1</u>	_	GPRMC (recommended minimum specific
			GPS/TRANSIT data)
	Bit 2	_	GPGSV (GPS satellites in view)
	<u>Bit 3</u>	_	GPGSA (GPS DOP and active satellites)
	<u>Bit 4</u>	_	GPVTG (track made good and ground speed)
	<u>Bit 5</u>	_	PQXFI (Global Positioning System Extended Fix Data.)
	<u>Bit 6</u>	_	GLGSV (GLONASS satellites in view GLONASS fixes
			only)
	<u>Bit 7</u>	_	GNGSA (1. GPS/2. Glonass/3. GALILE DOP and Active
			Satellites.)
	Bit 8	_	GNGNS (fix data for GNSS receivers; output for GPS,
			GLONASS, GALILEO)
	Bit 9	-	Reserved
	Bit 10	-	GAGSV (GALILEO satellites in view)
	Bit 11	-	Reserved
	Bit 12	-	Reserved
	Bit 13	-	
	Bit 14	_	Reserved
	Bit 15	-	Reserved,
	<u>Bit 16</u>	_	BDGSA/PQGSA (BEIDOU/QZSS DOP and active
			satellites)
	Bit 17		BDGSV/PQGSV (BEIDOUQZSS satellites in view)
			sired NMEA sentence bit(s). If multiple NMEA sentence
			desired, "OR" the desired bits together.
	Reserve	ed de	efault 0, set invalid.

### **Example**

# AT+CGPSINFOC: (0-255),(0-262143) OK AT+CGPSINFOCFG=10,31 OK \$GPGSV,4,1,16,04,53,057,44,02,55,334,44,10,61,023,44,05,45,253 ,43\*7D \$GPGSV,4,2,16,25,10,300,40,17,25,147,40,12,22,271,38,13,28,053 ,38\*77 \$GPGSV,4,3,16,26,09,187,35,23,06,036,34,24,,,,27,,,\*7A \$GPGSV,4,4,16,09,,,,31,,,30,,,,29,,,\*7D \$GPGGA,051147.0,3113.320991,N,12121.248076,E,1,10,0.8,47.5, M,0,M,,\*45 \$GPVTG,NaN,T,,M,0.0,N,0.0,K,A\*42

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\$GPRMC,051147.0,A,3113.320991,N,12121.248076,E,0.0,0.0,2112 11,,,A\*66 \$GPGSA,A,3,02,04,05,10,12,13,17,23,25,26,,,1.4,0.8,1.2\*3B

### 17.2.17 AT+CGPSPMD Configure positioning mode

This command is used to configure the positioning modes support.

AT+CGPSPMD Configure p	ositioning mode
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPSPMD=?	+CGPSPMD: (scope of <mode>)</mode>
	ОК
Read Command	Response
AT+CGPSPMD?	+CGPSPMD: <mode></mode>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CGPSPMD= <mode></mode>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Defined Values	

### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	Default - 65407						
	Range - 1 to 65407						
	Each bit enables a supported positioning mode as follows:						
	Bit 0 - Standalone						
	Bit 1 - UP MS-based						
	Bit 2 - UP MS-assisted						
	Bit 3 - CP MS-based (2G)						
	Bit 4 — CP MS-assisted (2G)						
	Bit 5 - CP UE-based (3G)						
	Bit 6 - CP UE-assisted (3G)						
	Bit 7 - NOT USED						
	Bit 8 - UP MS-based (4G)						
	Bit 9 – UP MS-assisted(4G)						
	Bit 10 - CP MS-based (4G)						
	Bit 11 - CP MS-assisted (4G)						
	Set the desired mode sentence bit(s). If multiple modes are desired,						
	"OR" the desired bits together.						
	Example, support standalone, UP MS-based and UP MS-assisted, set						
	Binary value 0000 0111, is 7.						
	Binary value 0000 0111, is 7.						

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### **Example**

### AT+CGPSPMD=127

OK

### NOTE

• Need to restart the module after setting the mode.

### 17.2.18 AT+CGPSMSB Configure based mode switch to standalone

This command is used to configure AGPS based mode switching to standalone mode automatically or not.

AT+CGPSMSB Configure based mode switch to standalone					
Test Command AT+CGPSMSB=?	Response +CGPSMSB: (scope of <mode>)</mode>				
	ОК				
Read Command	Response				
AT+CGPSMSB?	+CGPSMSB: <mode></mode>				
	OK				
Write Command	Response				
AT+CGPSMSB= <mode></mode>	OK				
	or				
	ERROR				

### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	0	_	Don't switch to standalone mode automatically
	<u>1</u>	_	Switch to standalone mode automatically

### **Example**

### AT+CGPSMSB=0

OK

### **NOTE**

• This command must be executed after GPS stopped.

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### 17.2.19 AT+CGPSHOR Configure positioning desired accuracy

The command is used to configure the positioning desired accuracy threshold in meters.

AT+CGPSHOR Configure positioning desired accuracy				
Test Command	Response			
AT+CGPSHOR=?	+CGPSHOR: (scope of <acc_f>)</acc_f>			
	OK			
Read Command	+CGPSHOR: <acc_f></acc_f>			
AT+CGPSHOR?				
	OK			
Write Command	OK			
AT+CGPSHOR= <acc>[,<acc< td=""><td>or</td></acc<></acc>	or			
_f>]	ERROR			

### **Defined Values**

<acc></acc>	Range – 0 to 1800000				
	Default value is 50				
<acc_f></acc_f>	Reserved				

### **Example**

### AT+CGPSHOR=50

OK

### NOTE

This command must be executed after GPS stopped.

### 17.2.20 AT+CGPSNOTIFY LCS respond positioning request

This command is used to respond to the incoming request for positioning request message.

AT+CGPSNOTIFY LCS respond positioning request			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CGPSNOTIFY=?	+CGPSNOTIFY: (list of supported <resp>s)</resp>		
	OK		

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Write Command	Response
AT+CGPSNOTIFY= <resp></resp>	OK
	or
	ERROR

<resp></resp>	0	_	LCS notify verify accept
	1	_	LCS notify verify deny
	2	_	LCS notify verify no response

### Example

AT+CGPSNOTIFY=?
+CGPSNOTIFY: (0-2)

OK
AT+CGPSNOTIFY=0
OK

# 17.2.21 AT+CGNSSINFO Get GNSS fixed position information

This command is used to get current position related information.

AT+CGNSSINFO Get GNSS fixed position information	
Test Command	Response
AT+CGNSSINFO=?	+CGNSSINFO: (scope of <time>)</time>
	ок
Read Command	Response
AT+CGNSSINFO?	+CGNSSINFO: <time></time>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CGNSSINFO= <time></time>	OK
	+CGNSSINFO:
	[ <mode>],[<gps-svs>],[<glonass-svs>],[<beidou-svs>],</beidou-svs></glonass-svs></gps-svs></mode>
	[ <lat>],[<n s="">],[<log>],[<e w="">],[<date>],[<utc-time>],[<alt>],</alt></utc-time></date></e></log></n></lat>
	[ <speed>],[<course>],[<pdop>],[HDOP],[VDOP]</pdop></course></speed>
	OK (if <time>&gt;=0)</time>
Execution Command	Response
AT+CGNSSINFO	
	+CGNSSINFO:

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[ <mode>],[<gps-svs>],[<glonass-svs>],[<beidou-svs>], [<lat>],[<n s="">],[<log>],[<e w="">],[<date>],[<utc-time>],[<alt>], [<speed>],[<course>],[<pdop>],[<hdop>],[<vdop>]</vdop></hdop></pdop></course></speed></alt></utc-time></date></e></log></n></lat></beidou-svs></glonass-svs></gps-svs></mode>
ОК

4	Firmed 0.00 fire 0.00 fire
<mode></mode>	Fix mode 2=2D fix 3=3D fix
<gps-svs></gps-svs>	GPS satellite valid numbers scope: 00-12
<glonass-svs></glonass-svs>	GLONASS satellite valid numbers scope: 00-12
<beidou-svs></beidou-svs>	BEIDOU satellite valid numbers scope: 00-12
<lat></lat>	Latitude of current position. Output format is ddmm.mmmmmm
<n s=""></n>	N/S Indicator, N=north or S=south
<log></log>	Longitude of current position. Output format is dddmm.mmmmmm
<e w=""></e>	E/W Indicator, E=east or W=west
<date></date>	Date. Output format is ddmmyy
<utc-time></utc-time>	UTC Time. Output format is hhmmss.s
<alt></alt>	MSL Altitude. Unit is meters.
<speed></speed>	Speed Over Ground. Unit is knots.
<course></course>	Course. Degrees.
<pdop></pdop>	Position Dilution Of Precision.
<hdop></hdop>	Horizontal Dilution Of Precision.
<vdop></vdop>	Vertical Dilution Of Precision.
<time></time>	The range is 0-255, unit is second, after set <time> will report the GPS information every the seconds.</time>

### **Example**

### AT+CGNSSINFO=?

**+CGNSSINFO**: (0-255)

OK

### AT+CGNSSINFO?

+CGNSSINFO: 0

OK

### AT+CGNSSINFO

+CGNSSINFO:

2,09,05,00,3113.330650, N,12121.262554, E,131117,091918.0,32.9,

0.0,255.0,1.1,0.8,0.7

OK

AT+CGNSSINFO (if not fix, will report null)

**+CGNSSINFO**: ,,,,,,,,,,,,,

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OK

### 17.2.22 AT+CGNSSMODE Configure GNSS support mode

This command is used to configure GPS, GLONASS, BEIDOU and QZSS support mode. And DPO(Dynamic power optimization) status Module should reboot to take effective.

AT+CGNSSMODE Configure GNSS support mode	
Test Command	Response
AT+CGNSSMODE=?	+CGNSSMODE: (scope of <gnss_mode>),(scope of <dpo_mode>)</dpo_mode></gnss_mode>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CGNSSMODE?	+CGNSSMODE: <gnss_mode>,<dpo_mode></dpo_mode></gnss_mode>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CGNSSMODE= <gnss_m< th=""><th>OK</th></gnss_m<>	OK
ode>[, <dpo_mode>]</dpo_mode>	or
	ERROR

### **Defined Values**

<gnss_mode></gnss_mode>	Range – 0 to 15
	Bit0 – GLONASS
	Bit1 – BEIDOU
	Bit2 – GALILEO
	Bit3 – QZSS
	1 – enable
	0 – disable
	GPS always support
<dpo_mode></dpo_mode>	<u>1</u> – enable DPO
	0 – disable DPO

### **Example**

AT+CGNSSMODE=15,1 OK

NOTE

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Module should reboot to take effective.

### 17.2.23 AT+CGPSIPV6 Set AGPS IPV6 Addr&Port

AT+CGPSIPV6 Set AGPS IPV6 Addr&Port		
Test Command AT+CGPSIPV6=?	Response <b>OK</b>	
Read Command AT+CGPSIPV6?	Response +CGPSIPV6: <ipv6_addr>,<port> OK</port></ipv6_addr>	
Write Command AT+CGPSIPV6= <ipv6_addr> ,<port></port></ipv6_addr>	Response OK or ERROR	

### **Defined Values**

<ipv6_addr></ipv6_addr>	AGPS IPV6 addr. It needs double quotation marks.
<port></port>	AGPS IPV6 port.

### Example

AT+CGPSIPV6="2001:0268:1AFF:0000:0000:0000:B6F8:A5D2",7 275

OK

### AT+CGPSIPV6?

+CGPSIPV6:

"2001:0268:1AFF:0000:0000:0000:B6F8:A5D2",7275

OK

### NOTE

It will take effect only after restarting.

### 17.2.24 AT+CGPSXTRADATA Query the validity of the current gpsOne XTRA Data

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AT+CGPSXTRADATA Query	the validity of the current gpsOne XTRA Data
Test Command	Response
AT+CGPSXTRADATA=?	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CGPSXTRADATA?	+CGPSXTRADATA: <xtradatadurtime>,<injecteddatatime></injecteddatatime></xtradatadurtime>
	OK

<xtradatadurtime></xtradatadurtime>	Valid time of injected gpsOneXTRA data,unit:minute	
	0 – No gpsOneXTRA file or gpsOneXTRA file is overdue	
	1-10080 – Valid time of gpsOneXTRA file	
<injecteddatatime></injecteddatatime>	Starting time of the valid time of XTRA data, format:	
	"YYYY/MM/DD,hh:mm:ss", e.g. "2019/09/26,15:31:20"	

### **Example**

### AT+CGPSXTRADATA=?

OK

### **AT+CGPSXTRADATA?**

+CGPSXTRADATA: 168,"2019/09/25,05:00:00"

OK

### NOTE

• It needs to execute AT+CGPSXE to enable before execute the AT+CGPSXTRADATA read.

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# 18. AT Commands for LBS

### 18.1 Overview of AT Commands for LBS

Command	Description
AT+CLBS	Base station Location
AT+CLBSCFG	Base station Location configure
AT+CASSISTLOC	Base station location of LTE/CDMA1x mode

# 18.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for LBS

### 18.2.1 AT+CLBS Base station Location

The write command is used to base station location.

AT+CLBS Base station Location	
Test Command	Response
AT+CLBS=?	+CLBS: (list of supported <type>s),(range of supported <cid>s),(range of supported <longitude>s),(range of supported <latitude>s),(list of supported <lon_type>s)  OK</lon_type></latitude></longitude></cid></type>
Write Command AT+CLBS= <type>,<cid>,[[<i ongitude="">,<latitude>],[<ion_type>]]</ion_type></latitude></i></cid></type>	Response  1) <type>=1,get longitude and latitude  +CLBS: <locationcode>[,<latitude>,<longitude>,<acc>]  OK  2)<type>=4,get longitude latitude and date time  +CLBS: <locationcode>[,<latitude>,<longitude>,<acc>,<date>,<time>]  OK</time></date></acc></longitude></latitude></locationcode></type></acc></longitude></latitude></locationcode></type>
	If error is related to ME functionality:

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	+CME ERROR: <err></err>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<type></type>	1 – Use 3 cell's information
	4 - Get longitude latitude and date time
<cid></cid>	Bearer profile identifier, refer to <pdpidx> of AT+CGDCONT</pdpidx>
<locationcode></locationcode>	0 – Success
	If the operation failed, the location code is not 0, such as:
	1 – Location Failed
	2 – Time Out
	3 – NET Error
	4 – DNS Error
	5 – Service Overdue
	6 – Authenticate Failed
	7 – Other Error
	80 - Report LBS to server success
	81 - Report LBS to server parameter error
	82 - Report LBS to server failed
<longitude></longitude>	Current longitude in degrees.
	-180.000000-180.000000
<latitude></latitude>	Current latitude in degrees
	-90.000000-90.000000
<acc></acc>	Positioning accuracy
<lon_type></lon_type>	The type of longitude and latitude
	0 – WGS84
	1 – GCJ02
<date></date>	Service date
<time></time>	Service time

### Example

### AT+CLBS?

+CLBS:

(1,4),(1-24,100-179),(-180.000000-180.000000),

(-90.000000-90.000000),(0,1)

OK

NOTE

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• If customers feel that the positioning error is too large, <type>=9 can be used to report this information. The error can be improved by this information.

### 18.2.2 AT+CLBSCFG Base station Location configure

The write command is used to set and query the base station location configure.

AT+CLBSCFG Base station	Location configure
Test Command	Response
AT+CLBSCFG=?	+CLBSCFG: (list of supported <operate>s),(range of supported <para>s),<len_value>  OK</len_value></para></operate>
Write Command	
AT+CLBSCFG= <operate>,&lt; para&gt;[,<value>]</value></operate>	Response +CLBSCFG: 0, <para>,<value>  OK  or  OK  If error is related to ME functionality: +CME ERROR: <err></err></value></para>
Parameter Saving Mode	- 22//// 2/
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	-

### **Defined Values**

<operate></operate>	0 - Read operator
	1 - Set operator
<para></para>	3 - Server's address
	lbs-simcom.com:3001
	lbs-simcom.com:3000
	lbs-simcom.com:3002 (Default)
<value></value>	String type. The value of parameter
	If <operate> is 1 and <para> is 3, <value> can be set.</value></para></operate>
<len_value></len_value>	Max length of <value></value>

### **Example**

### AT+CLBSCFG?

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+CLBSCFG: (0-1),3,"Param Value"	
ок	
AT+CLBSCFG=0,3 +CLBSCFG: 0,3,"lbs-simcom.com:3002"	
ок	
AT+CLBSCFG=1,3,"lbs-simcom.com:3002"	
ОК	

### NOTE

- Server's address of "lbs-simcom.com:3002" is free. The other two servers are charged.
- If you want to use the charged address, the IMEI, customer information and software version must be provided to SIMCom.

### 18.2.3 AT+CASSISTLOC Base station location of LTE/CDMA1x mode

The write command is used to base station location. This command only is applicable to CDMA only or CDMA and LTE hybrid network or CDMA and EVDO hybrid network.

AT+CASSISTLOC Base s	station location of LTE/CDMA1x mode
Write Command	Response
AT+CASSISTLOC= <mode></mode>	+CASSISTLOC: <longitude>,<latitude>,,</latitude></longitude>
	+CASSISTLOC: <ret_code></ret_code>
	ок
	or
	+CASSISTLOC: ,,,
	ОК
	or
	ERROR

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Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<mode></mode>	1 – get longitude and latitude.
<longitude></longitude>	Current east longitude in degrees.
<latitude></latitude>	Current north latitude in degrees
<ret_code></ret_code>	The result code.
	0 – Success

### **Example**

### AT+CASSISTLOC=1

+CASSISTLOC: 31.220278,121.353058,,

+CASSISTLOC: 0

OK

# 18.3 AT Commands for Open/Close Network

# 18.3.1 Overview of AT Commands for Open/Close Network

Command	Description
AT+CNETSTART	Open network
AT+CNETSTOP	Close network
AT+CNETIPADDR	Inquire PDP address

### 18.3.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for Open/Close Network

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#### 18.3.2.1 AT+CNETSTART Open network

AT+CNETSTART Open network		
Read Command AT+CNETSTART?	Response +CNETSTART: <net_stat></net_stat>	
	OK or ERROR	
Execution Command AT+CNETSTART	Response <b>OK</b>	
	+CNETSTART: <err> or +CNETSTART: <err></err></err>	
	OK or +CNETSTART: <err></err>	
	ERROR or ERROR	
Defined Values		

#### **Defined Values**

<net_state></net_state>	a numeric parameter that indicates the state of PDP context activation:
	0 - network close (deactivated)
	1 - network is opening
	2 – network open(activated)
	3 - network is closing
<err></err>	The result of operation, 0 is success, other value is failure.

#### Example

#### AT+CNETSTART? +CNETSTART: 0

OK

AT+CNETSTART +CNETSTART: 2

OK

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#### 18.3.2.2 AT+CNETSTOP Close network

AT+CNETSTOP Close network

Execution Command Response

AT+CNETSTOP OK

+CNETSTOP: <err>

or

+CNETSTOP: <err>

OK

or

+CNETSTOP: <err>

**ERROR** 

or

**ERROR** 

**Defined Values** 

**<err>** The result of operation, 0 is success, other value is failure.

**Example** 

AT+CNETSTOP

+CNETSTOP: 0

OK

#### 18.3.2.3 AT+CNETIPADDR Inquire PDP address

AT+CNETIPADDR Inquire PDP address

Read Command Response

AT+CNETIPADDR? +CNETIPADDR: <ip\_address>

OK

٥r

+CNETIPADDR: <err\_info>

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ERROR
or
ERROR

<ip_address></ip_address>	A string parameter that identifies the IP address of current active
	socket PDP.
<err_info></err_info>	A string parameter that displays the cause of occurring error.

#### **Example**

#### AT+CNETIPADDR?

+CNETIPADDR: 10.71.155.118

OK

## 18.3.3 Unsolicited Open/Close network command <err> Codes

Code of <err></err>	Description
0	Operation succeeded
1	Unknown error
2	Open network failed
3	Close network failed
4	Network not opened
5	Operation not support
6	Busy
7	Network has been opened
8	Network is also in use

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# 19. AT Commands for Hardware

#### 19.1 Overview of AT Commands for Hardware Related

Command	Description				
AT+CVALARM	Low and high voltage Alarm				
AT+CVAUXS	Set state of the pin named VREG_AUX1				
AT+CVAUXV	Set voltage value of the pin named VREG_AUX1				
AT+CADC	Read ADC value				
AT+CADC2	Read ADC2 value				
AT+CMTE	Control the module whether power shutdown when the module's temperature upon the critical temperature				
AT+CPMVT	Low and high voltage Power Off				
AT+CDELTA	Set the module go to recovery mode				
AT+CRIIC	Read values from register of IIC device				
AT+CWIIC	Write values to register of IIC device				
AT+CBC	Read the voltage value of the power supply				
AT+CPMUTEMP	Read the temperature of the module				
AT+CFDISK	SD Card/EMMC Flash				
AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH	Change module's PID				
AT+IPREX	Set local baud rate permanently				
AT+CFGRI	Indicate RI when using URC				
AT+CSCLK	Enable UART Sleep or always work				
AT+CMUX	Enable the multiplexer over the UART				
AT+CGFUNC	Enable/Disable the function for the special GPIO				
AT+CGDRT	Set the direction of specified GPIO				
AT+CGSETV	Set the value of the specified GPIO				
AT+CGGETV	Get the value of the specified GPIO				
AT+CGISR	Set GPIO interrupt trigger condition				

#### 19.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for Hardware Related

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#### 19.2.1 AT+CVALARM Low and high voltage Alarm

AT+CVALARM Low and high voltage Alarm			
Test Command AT+CVALARM=?	Response +CVALARM: (list of supported <enable>s),(list of supported <low voltage="">s),(list of supported high <high voltage="">s)</high></low></enable>		
Read Command AT+CVALARM?	OK  Response +CVALARM: <enable>,<low voltage="">,<high voltage="">  OK</high></low></enable>		
Write Command  AT+CVALARM= <enable>[,&lt;  ow voltage&gt;],[<high voltage="">]</high></enable>	Response OK or ERROR		

# Defined Values

<enable></enable>	0 – Close
	1 - Open. If voltage < <low voltage="">, it will report</low>
	"UNDER-VOLTAGE WARNNING" every 10s. If voltage > <high< th=""></high<>
	voltage>, it will report "OVER-VOLTAGE WARNNING" every 10s.
<low voltage=""></low>	Between 3300mV and 4000mV. Default value is 3300.
<high voltage=""></high>	Between 4000mV and 4300mV. Default value is 4300.

#### Example

#### AT+CVALARM?

+CVALARM: 1,3400,4300

OK

#### AT+CVALARM=?

+CVALARM: (0,1),(3300-4000),(4000-4300)

OK

AT+CVALARM=1,3400,4300

OK

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#### 19.2.2 AT+CVAUXS Set state of the pin named VREG\_AUX1

AT+CVAUXS Set state of the pin named VREG_AUX1				
Test Command	Response			
AT+CVAUXS=?	+CVAUXS: (list of supported <state>s)</state>			
	ОК			
Read Command	Response			
AT+CVAUXS?	+CVAUXS: <state></state>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+CVAUXS= <state></state>	OK			
	Or			
	ERROR			

#### **Defined Values**

<state></state>	0	_	the pin is closed.
	1	_	the pin is opend(namely, open the pin).

#### **Example**

AT+CVAUXS? +CVAUXS: 1

OK

AT+CVAUXS=1

OK

#### NOTE

• For SIM7600E-H-M2/SIM7600SA-H-M2/SIM7600A-H-M2, the default value is 0.

#### 19.2.3 AT+CVAUXV Set voltage value of the pin named VREG\_AUX1

AT+CVAUXV Set voltage value of the pin named VREG_AUX1		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CVAUXV=?	+CVAUXV: (list of supported <voltage>s)</voltage>	

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	ОК
Read Command AT+CVAUXV?	Response +CVAUXV: <voltage> OK</voltage>
Write Command AT+CVAUXV= <voltage></voltage>	Response OK or ERROR

<voltage></voltage>	Voltage value of the pin which is named VREG_AUX1. The unit is in
	mV. And the value must the multiple of 50mv.

#### Example

#### AT+CVAUXV=?

+CVAUXV: (1700-3050)

OK

AT+CVAUXV=2800

OK

AT+CVAUXV? +CVAUXV: 2800

OK

#### 19.2.4 AT+CADC Read ADC value

AT+CADC Read ADC value	
Test Command	Response
AT+CADC=?	+CADC: (range of supported <adc>s)</adc>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CADC= <adc></adc>	+CADC: <value></value>
	OK
	or
	ERROR

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<adc></adc>	ADC type:	
	0 – raw type.	
	2 – voltage type(mv)	
<value></value>	Integer type value of the ADC.	

#### **Example**

AT+CADC=? +CADC: (0,2)

OK

AT+CADC=0 +CADC: 187

OK

#### 19.2.5 AT+CADC2 Read ADC2 value

AT+CADC2 Read ADC2 value		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CADC2=?	+CADC2: (range of supported <adc>s)  OK</adc>	
Write Command	Response	
	·	
AT+CADC2= <adc></adc>	+CADC2: <value></value>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<adc></adc>	ADC2 type:
	0 – raw type.
	2 – voltage type(mv)
<value></value>	Integer type value of the ADC2.

#### Example

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# AT+CADC2=? +CADC2: (0,2) OK AT+CADC2=0 +CADC2: 187 OK

19.2.6 AT+CMTE Control the module whether power shutdown when the module's temperature upon the critical temperature

AT+CMTE Control the module whether power shutdown when the module's temperature upon			
the critical temperature			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CMTE=?	+CMTE: (list of supported <on_off>s)</on_off>		
	OK		
Read Command	Response		
AT+CMTE?	+CMTE: <on_off></on_off>		
	OK		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CMTE= <on_off></on_off>	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		

#### **Defined Values**

<on_off></on_off>	<u>0</u>	_	Disable temperature detection
	1	_	Enable temperature detection

#### Example

```
AT+CMTE?
+CMTE: 1

OK
AT+CMTE=1

OK
AT+CMTE=?
```

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+CMTE: (0,1)

OK

#### NOTE

- When temperature is extreme high or low, product will power off.
- URCs indicating the alert level "+CMTE:-1" or "+CMTE:1" are intended to enable the user to take appropriate precaution, such as protect the module from exposure to extreme conditions, or save or back up data etc
- Level "+CMTE:-2" or "+CMTE:2" URCs are followed by immediate shutdown.

#### 19.2.7 AT+CPMVT Low and high voltage Power Off

AT+CPMVT Low and high voltage Power Off		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CPMVT=?	+CPMVT: (list of supported <enable>s),(list of supported <low voltage="">s),(list of supported <high voltage="">s)</high></low></enable>	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CPMVT?	+CPMVT: <enable>,<low voltage="">,<high voltage=""></high></low></enable>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CPMVT= <enable>[,<low< td=""><td>OK</td></low<></enable>	OK	
voltage>],[ <high voltage="">]</high>	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<enable></enable>	0 – Close
	1 - Open. If voltage < <low voltage="">, it will report</low>
	"UNDER-VOLTAGE WARNNING POWER DOWN" and power off the
	module. If voltage > <high voltage="">, it will report "OVER-VOLTAGE</high>
	WARNNING POWER DOWN" and power off the module
<low voltage=""></low>	Between 3200mV and 4000mV. Default value is 3200.
<high voltage=""></high>	Between 4000mV and 4300mV. Default value is 4300.

#### **Example**

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AT+CPMVT=1,3400,4300

OK

AT+CPMVT?

+CPMVT: 1,3400,4300

OK

AT+CPMVT=?

+CPMVT: (0,1),(3300-4000),(4000-4300)

OK

#### 19.2.8 AT+CDELTA Set the module go to recovery mode

AT+CDELTA Set the mod	ule go to recovery mode	
Execution Command	Response	101
AT+CDELTA	ОК	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### Example

#### AT+CDELTA

OK

#### NOTE

• the command will write flag to the module and reboot the module, then the module will reboot and read the flag and enter recovery mode to update the firmware.

#### 19.2.9 AT+CRIIC Read values from register of IIC device

AT+CRIIC Read values from register of IIC device		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CRIIC=?	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CRIIC= <addr>,<reg>,<le< td=""><td>+CRIIC: <data></data></td></le<></reg></addr>	+CRIIC: <data></data>	
n>		
	ОК	

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or
ERROR

<addr></addr>	Device address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.
<reg></reg>	Register address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.
<len></len>	Read length. Range:1-4; unit:byte.
<data></data>	Data read. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.

#### **Example**

AT+CRIIC=0x34, 0x02, 2 +CRIIC: 0x01,0x5d

# 19.2.10 AT+CWIIC Write values to register of IIC device

AT+CWIIC Write values to register of IIC device	
Test Command	Response
AT+CWIIC=?	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CWIIC= <addr>,<reg>,<d< td=""><td>ОК</td></d<></reg></addr>	ОК
ata>, <len></len>	or
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<addr></addr>	Device address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.
<reg></reg>	Register address. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF.
<len></len>	Read length. Range: 1-4; unit: byte.
<data></data>	Data written. Input format must be hex, such as 0xFF – 0xFFFFFFF.

#### **Example**

AT+CWIIC=0x34,0x03,0x5d,1
OK

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#### 19.2.11 AT+CBC Read the voltage value of the power supply

AT+CBC	Read the voltage	ge value of the	power suppl	y
--------	------------------	-----------------	-------------	---

Execution Command Response +CBC: <vol>

**OK** or

**ERROR** 

#### **Defined Values**

<vol>
 The voltage value, such as 3.8.

#### **Example**

AT+CBC

+CBC: 3.591V

OK

#### 19.2.12 AT+CPMUTEMP Read the temperature of the module

#### AT+CPMUTEMP Read the temperature of the module

Read Command Response

AT+CPMUTEMP +CPMUTEMP: <temp>

**OK** or

**ERROR** 

#### **Defined Values**

<temp> The Temperature value, such as 29.

#### **Example**

#### AT+CPMUTEMP

+CPMUTEMP: 29

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OK

#### 19.2.13 AT+CFDISK SD Card/EMMC Flash

AT+CFDISK SD Card/EMMC Flash		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CFDISK=?	+CFDISK: (1-4)[]	
	ОК	
	Or	
	ERROR	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CFDISK?	+CFDISK: <num>,<size></size></num>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CFDISK= <num>[,<size< td=""><td>OK</td></size<></num>	OK	
>,]	or	
	ERROR	
Execution Command	Response	
(Formatting all partitions)	ОК	
AT+CFDISK	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<num></num>	Partition number.
<size></size>	Partition size. The unit is KB.

#### Example

#### AT+CFDISK=?

+CFDISK: (1-4)[...]

OK

AT+CFDISK=4,50000,50000,50000

OK

AT+CFDISK

OK

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#### AT+CFDISK?

+CFDISK: 1,50040 +CFDISK: 2,50048 +CFDISK: 3,50048 +CFDISK: 4,3708288

OK

#### NOTE

- The last partition size does not need to be set. The size of the last partition is the size of the disk remaining.
- Please insert and mount the SD card before using this command.

#### 19.2.14 AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH Change module's PID

AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH Chan	ge module's PID
Test Command AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH=?	Response +CUSBPIDSWITCH: (9000,9001,9002,9003,9004,9005,9006,9007,9011,9016,9018,9019,9 01A,901B,9020,9021,9022,9023,9024,9025,9026,9027,9028,9029,90 2A,902B),(0-1),(0-1) OK or ERROR
Read Command  AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH?	Response +CUSBPIDSWITCH: <pid> OK  or  ERROR</pid>
Write Command  AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH= <pid>,<reservel>,<reservel2></reservel2></reservel></pid>	Response  OK  or  ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<pid></pid>	This command support pids, 9001 is the default value.
	9000,9001,9002,9003,9004,9005,9006,9007,9011,9016,9018,9019,9
	01A,901B,9020,9021,9022,9023,9024,9025,9026,9027,9028,9029,90
	2A,902B
<reservel></reservel>	0 or 1, this value is for the reserve

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<reservel2></reservel2>	0 or 1, this value is for the reserve

#### **Example**

#### AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH=?

+CUSBPIDSWITCH:

(9000,9001,9002,9003,9004,9005,9006,9007,9011,9016,9018,9019,901A,901B,9020,9021,9022,9023,9024,9025,9026,9027,9028,9029,902A,902B),(0-1),(0-1)

OK

**AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH?** 

+CUSBPIDSWITCH: 9001

OK

AT+CUSBPIDSWITCH=9001,1,1

OK

**NOTE** 

#### 19.2.15 AT+IPREX Set local baud rate permanently

This command sets the baud rate of module's serial interface permanently, after reboot the baud rate is also valid.

AT+IPREX Set local baud ra	te permanently
Test Command AT+IPREX=?	Response +IPREX: (list of supported <speed>s) OK</speed>
Read Command AT+IPREX?	Response +IPREX: <speed> OK</speed>
Write Command AT+IPREX= <speed></speed>	Response  OK  or  ERROR
Execution Command  AT+IPREX	Response <b>OK</b>

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	Note: Set baud rate to default value

<speed></speed>	Baud rate per second:
	0, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200,
	230400, 460800, 921600, 3000000, 3200000, 3686400
	Note: LE20 and LE30 doesn't support 0.

#### **NOTE**

Execution Command AT+IPREX is set current value as default vaule

#### **Example**

#### AT+IPREX?

+IPREX: 115200

OK

#### AT+IPREX=?

+IPREX:

 $(0, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800, 921600, \\3000000, 3200000, 3686400)$ 

OK

AT+IPREX=115200

OK

#### 19.2.16 AT+CFGRI Indicate RI when using URC

This command is used to configure whether pulling down <URC time>milliseconds the RI pin of UART when URC reported. If <status> is 1, host may be wake up by RI pin, add setting <URC time>, <SMS time>pulling down time of RI pin.

AT+CFGRI Indicate RI when using URC		
Test Command	Response	

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AT+CFGRI=?	+CFGRI: (range of supported <status>s),(range of supported <urc time="">s),(range of supported <sms time="">s)  OK</sms></urc></status>
Read Command	Response
AT+CFGRI?	+CFGRI: <status>,<urc time="">,<sms time=""> OK</sms></urc></status>
Write Command	Response
AT+CFGRI= <status>,<urc< td=""><td>OK</td></urc<></status>	OK
time>, <sms time=""></sms>	or
	ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CFGRI	ОК

<status></status>	<u>0</u> – off
	1 – on
<urc time=""></urc>	a numeric parameter which is number of milliseconds to assert R I delay to reset RI. The range is 10 to 6000.
<sms time=""></sms>	a numeric parameter which is number of milliseconds to assert R I delay to reset RI. The range is 20 to 6000.

#### NOTE

Execution Command AT+CFGRI is set <status>=0 set <URC time>=60 set <SMS time>=120

#### Example

#### AT+CFGRI=?

+CFGRI: (0-1),(10-6000),(20-6000)

OK

AT+CFGRI?

+CFGRI: 0,60,120

OK

AT+CFGRI=1

OK

AT+CFGRI

OK

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#### 19.2.17 AT+CSCLK Enable UART Sleep or always work

This command is used to enable UART Sleep or always work,

if set to 1, UART can sleep when DTR pull high

if set to 0, UART always work

AT+CSCLK Enable UART S	leep or always work
Test Command	Response
AT+CSCLK=?	+CSCLK: (range of supported <status>s)</status>
	ок
Read Command	Response
AT+CSCLK?	+CSCLK: <status></status>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CSCLK= <status></status>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Execution Command	Response
AT+CSCLK	OK

#### **Defined Values**

<status></status>	<u>0</u>	4	off
	\ 1	_	on

#### NOTE

Execution Command AT+CSCLK is set <status>=0

#### Example

#### AT+CSCLK=? +CSCLK: (0-1)

OK

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AT+CSCLK? +CSCLK: 0

OK

AT+CSCLK=1

OK

AT+CSCLK

OK

#### 19.2.18 AT+CMUX Enable the multiplexer over the UART

This command is used to enable the multiplexer over the UART, after enabled four virtual ports can be used as AT command port or MODEM port, the physical UART can no longer transfer data directly under this case.

By default all of the four virtual ports are used as AT command port.

Second serial port is not support this command.

AT+CMUX Enable the multip	plexer over the UART
Test Command	Response
AT+CMUX=?	+CMUX: (0),(0),(1-8),(1-1500),(0),(0),(2-1000)  OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CMUX?	+CMUX: <value>,<subset>,<port_speed>,<n1>,<t1>,<n2>,<t2></t2></n2></t1></n1></port_speed></subset></value>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CMUX= <value>[,<subse< td=""><td>OK</td></subse<></value>	OK
t>[, <port_speed>[,<n1>[,<t< td=""><td>or</td></t<></n1></port_speed>	or
1>[, <n2>[,<t2>]]]]]</t2></n2>	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<value></value>	0 - currently only 0 is supported (basic operation mode).
<subset></subset>	Currently omitted
<port_speed></port_speed>	Currently omitted, you can set speed before enable multiplexer
<n1></n1>	1-1500
<t1></t1>	Currently omitted
<n2></n2>	Currently omitted
<t2></t2>	2-1000

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#### **Example**

AT+CMUX=?

+CMUX: (0),(0),(1-8),(1-1500),(0),(0),(2-1000)

OK

AT+CMUX?

+CMUX: 0,0,5,1500,0,0,600

OK

AT+CMUX=0

OK

#### 19.2.19 AT+CGFUNC Enable/Disable the function for the special GPIO

SIM7500/SIM7600 supplies many GPIOs, all of which can be used as General Purpose Input/Output pin, interrupt pin and some of them can be used as function pin.

This command is used to enable/disable the function for the special GPIO. Please consult the document "SIM7500\_SIM7600 Series\_GPIO\_Application\_Note" for more details.

The configuration will be saved automatically.

AT+CGFUNC Enable/Disable the function for the special GPIO		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CGFUNC=?	+CGFUNC: (list of supported <gpio>s),(list of supported</gpio>	
	<function>s)</function>	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CGFUNC= <gpio></gpio>	+CGFUNC: <gpio>,<function></function></gpio>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CGFUNC= <gpio>,<func< td=""><td>OK</td></func<></gpio>	OK	
tion>	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<gpio></gpio>	7500C/CE GPIO:

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	3 – GPIO3/Ethernet
	40 - GPIO40/STATUS
	44 - GPIO44/SD_DETECT
	7500A GPIO:
	40 - GPIO40/STATUS
<function></function>	0 – gpio function.
	1 – function1

#### NOTE

GPIO40 default function is STATUS

GPIO44 default function is GPIO

If Ethernet hardware has been ready, GPIO3 default function is Ethernet.

Instead, GPIO3 default function is GPIO.

#### **Example**

AT+CGFUNC=40,1

OK

AT+CGFUNC=40

+CGFUNC: 40,1

OK

#### 19.2.20 AT+CGDRT Set the direction of specified GPIO

This command is used to set the specified GPIO to input or output state. If setting to input state, then this GPIO can not be set to high or low value.

AT+CGDRT Set the direction of specified GPIO		
Test Command AT+CGDRT=?	Response +CGDRT: (list of supported <gpio>s),(list of supported <gpio_io>s)</gpio_io></gpio>	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CGDRT= <gpio>,<gpio_< td=""><td>OK</td></gpio_<></gpio>	OK	

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io>	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CGDRT= <gpio></gpio>	OK
	or
	ERROR

<gpio></gpio>	The value is GPIO ID, different hardware versions have different values.
<gpio_io></gpio_io>	0 – in 1 – out

#### **NOTE**

The GPIO must be set to GPIO FUNCTION through AT+CGFUNC, then it will set success.

#### Example

AT+CGDRT=43,0 OK

#### 19.2.21 AT+CGSETV Set the value of the specified GPIO

This command is used to set the value of the specified GPIO to high or low.

AT+CGSETV Set the value of specified GPIO				
Test Command	Response			
AT+CGSETV=?	+CGSETV: (list of supported <gpio>s),(list of supported <gpio_hl>s)</gpio_hl></gpio>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+CGSETV= <gpio>,<gpio< th=""><th>OK</th></gpio<></gpio>	OK			
_hl>	or			
	ERROR			

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<gpio></gpio>	The				hardware		
	value	es.					
<gpio_hl></gpio_hl>	0 -	– lo	)W				
	1 -	– h	igh				

#### NOTE

The GPIO must be set to GPIO FUNCTION through AT+CGFUNC, then it will set success.

#### **Example**

#### AT+CGSETV=43,0

OK

#### 19.2.22 AT+CGGETV Get the value of the specified GPIO

This command is used to get the value (high or low) of the specified GPIO.

AT+CGGETV Get the value of the specified GPIO			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CGGETV=?	+CGGETV: (list of supported <gpio>s)</gpio>		
	ОК		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CGGETV= <gpio></gpio>	+CGGETV: <gpio>,<gpio_hl></gpio_hl></gpio>		
	ОК		
	or		
	ERROR		

#### **Defined Values**

<gpio></gpio>	The value is GPIO ID, different hardware versions have different values.
<gpio_hl></gpio_hl>	0 – low
	1 – high

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#### **NOTE**

The GPIO must be set to GPIO FUNCTION through AT+CGFUNC, then it will set success.

#### **Example**

#### AT+CGGETV=43

+CGGETV: 43,0

OK

#### 19.2.23 AT+CGISR Set GPIO interrupt trigger condition

The module supplies many GPIOs, all of which can be used as General Purpose Input/Oupt pin, interrupt pin and some of them can be used as function pin.

This command is used to set one GPIO pin as an interrupt source, and then set the detect type [optional] and polarity type[optional], and enable interrupt. Please consult the document "SIM7500\_SIM7600 Series\_GPIO\_Application\_Note" for more details.

AT+CGISR Set GPIO interrupt trigger condition			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CGISR=?	+CGISR: (list of supported <gpio>s),<detect>,<polarity>,<urc [size(45)]="" char=""></urc></polarity></detect></gpio>		
Read Command AT+CGISR= <gpio></gpio>	Response  opened: +CGISR: <gpio>,<detect>,<polarity>,<urc>  OK  not opened: +CGISR: <gpio>,0  OK</gpio></urc></polarity></detect></gpio>		
Write Command  AT+CGISR= <gpio>,<detect>,<polarity>,[<urc>]</urc></polarity></detect></gpio>	Response <b>OK</b>		

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<gpio></gpio>	The value is GPIO ID, different hardware versions have different values.
<detect></detect>	<ul> <li>0 - no detect.</li> <li>1 - level detection</li> <li>2 - edge detection</li> </ul>
<polarity></polarity>	<ul><li>0 – low level/edge detection</li><li>1 – high level/edge detection</li></ul>
<urc></urc>	Your ISR string, the max length of URC string is 45 bytes.  If the length of string more than 45 bytes, it will be auto cute the string.  If not set the string, it will be auto make a string for this setting, the string format is GPIO_ <gpio>_ISR!</gpio>

#### NOTE

- 1. if the interruption is triggered SIM7500/SIM7600 will send the following URC to host, URC is your ISR string or GPIO\_<GPIO>\_ISR
- 2. If the GPIO use to interruption, before it must be setting on GPIO function and input mode.

For example:

- 3. If set GPIO to no detect, it will be stop detect interruption and stop send URC, and does not need set <polarity>, <URC>.
- 4. If set GPIO to detect, the command must be have <polarity> setting.
- 5. <detect> default value is 0.

#### **Example**

#### AT+CGISR=41

+CGISR: 41,1,1,GPIO\_41\_ISR! If the pin ISR is opened

OK

**+CGISR: 41,0** If the pin ISR is not opened

OK

AT+CGISR=41,2,1

OK

AT+CGISR=41,0

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OK



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# 20. AT Commands for File System

The file system is used to store files in a hierarchical (tree) structure, and there are some definitions and conventions to use the Module.

Local storage space is mapped to "C:", "D:" for TF card, "E:" for multimedia, "F:" for cache.

#### NOTE

General rules for naming (both directories and files):

- ♦ The length of actual fully qualified names of directories and files can not exceed 254.
- ♦ Directory and file names can not include the following characters: \ : \* ? " < > | , ;
- ♦ Between directory name and file/directory name, use character "/" as list separator, so it can not appear in directory name or file name.
- ♦ The first character of names must be a letter or a numeral or underline, and the last character can not be period "." and oblique "/".
- ♦ 7600M1+1 can not support "D:"and "E:", if all the following AT are executed, "ERROR" will be returned.

## 20.1 Overview of AT Commands for File System

Command	Description
AT+FSCD	Select directory as current directory
AT+FSMKDIR	Make new directory in current directory
AT+FSRMDIR	Delete directory in current directory
AT+FSLS	List directories/files in current directory
AT+FSDEL	Delete file in current directory
AT+FSRENAME	Rename file in current directory
AT+FSATTRI	Request file attributes
AT+FSMEM	Check the size of available memory
AT+FSLOCA	Select storage place
AT+FSCOPY	Copy an appointed file
AT+CFTRANRX	Transfer a file to EFS
AT+CFTRANTX	Transfer a file from EFS to host

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#### 20.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for File System

#### 20.2.1 AT+FSCD Select directory as current directory

This command is used to select a directory. The Module supports absolute path and relative path.

Read Command will return current directory without double quotation marks. Support "C:", "D:", "E:", "F:".

AT+FSCD Select director	y as current directory
Test Command	Response
AT+FSCD=?	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+FSCD?	+FSCD: <curr_path></curr_path>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+FSCD= <path></path>	+FSCD: <curr_path></curr_path>
	OK
	or
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<path></path>	String without double quotes, directory for selection.
<curr_path></curr_path>	String without double quotes, current directory.

#### NOTE

If <path> is "..", it will go back to previous level of directory.

#### **Example**

#### AT+FSCD=C: +FSCD: C:/

OK

AT+FSCD=C:/ +FSCD: C:/

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OK

AT+FSCD?

+FSCD: C:/

OK

AT+FSCD=.. +FSCD: C:/

OK

AT+FSCD=D: +FSCD: D:/

OK

AT+FSCD? +FSCD: D:/

OK

#### 20.2.2 AT+FSMKDIR Make new directory in current directory

This command is used to create a new directory in current directory. Support "C:", "D:", "E:", "F:".

AT+FSMKDIR Make new directory in current directory		
Test Command	Response	
AT+FSMKDIR=?	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+FSMKDIR= <dir></dir>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<dir></dir>	String without double quotes, directory name which does not already
	exist in current directory.

#### **Example**

AT+FSMKDIR=SIMTech
OK
AT+FSCD?
+FSCD: E:/

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OK
AT+FSLS
+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES
Audio
SIMTech

OK

#### 20.2.3 AT+FSRMDIR Delete directory in current directory

This command is used to delete existing directory in current directory. Support "C:", "D:", "E:", "F:".

AT+FSRMDIR Delete dir	ectory in current directory	
Test Command AT+FSRMDIR=?	Response <b>OK</b>	• 0
Write Command AT+FSRMDIR= <dir></dir>	Response <b>OK</b>	
	or ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<dir></dir>	String without double quotes.

#### **Example**

AT+FSRMDIR=SIMTech

OK

AT+FSCD? +FSCD: E:/

OK

**AT+FSLS** 

**+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES** 

**Audio** 

OK

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#### 20.2.4 AT+FSLS List directories/files in current directory

This command is used to list information of directories and/or files in current directory. Support "C:", "D:", "E:", "F:".

AT+FSLS List directories	/files in current directory
Test Command AT+FSLS=?	Response +FSLS: (list of supported <type>)  OK</type>
Read Command AT+FSLS?	Response +FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES <dir_num>,FILES:<file_num>  OK</file_num></dir_num>
Write Command AT+FSLS= <type></type>	Response [+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES: <li>subdirectories&gt; <cr><lf>] [+FSLS: FILES: <li>st of files&gt; <cr><lf>] OK</lf></cr></li></lf></cr></li>
Execution Command AT+FSLS	Response [+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES: <li>st of subdirectories&gt; <cr><lf>] [+FSLS: FILES: <li>st of files&gt; <cr><lf>] OK</lf></cr></li></lf></cr></li>

#### **Defined Values**

<dir_num></dir_num>	Integer type, the number of subdirectories in current directory.	
<file_num></file_num>	Integer type, the number of files in current directory.	
<type></type>	0 – list both subdirectories and files	
	1 – list subdirectories only	
	2 – list files only	

#### **Example**

#### AT+FSLS?

+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES:2,FILES:2

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OK

AT+FSLS

**+FSLS: SUBDIRECTORIES:** 

FirstDir SecondDir

+FSLS: FILES: image\_0.jpg image\_1.jpg

OK

AT+FSLS=2

+FSLS: FILES: image\_0.jpg image\_1.jpg

OK

#### 20.2.5 AT+FSDEL Delete file in current directory

This command is used to delete a file in current directory. Before do that, it needs to use AT+FSCD select the father directory as current directory. Support "C:", "D:", "E:", "F:".

AT+FSDEL Delete file in current directory	
Test Command	Response
AT+FSDEL=?	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+FSDEL= <filename></filename>	OK
	or
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<filename></filename>	String with or without double quotes, file name which is relative and
	already existing.
	If <b><filename></filename></b> is *.*, it means delete all files in current directory.
	If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the filename parameter
	should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.

#### **Example**

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AT+FSDEL=image\_0.jpg
OK

#### 20.2.6 AT+FSRENAME Rename file in current directory

This command is used to rename a file in current directory. Support "C:", "D:", "E:", "F:".

AT+FSRENAME Rename file in current directory		
Test Command	Response	
AT+FSRENAME=?	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+FSRENAME= <old_name< td=""><td>OK</td></old_name<>	OK	
>, <new_name></new_name>	or	
	ERROR	

# Defined Values

<old_name></old_name>	String with or without double quotes, file name which is existed in current directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.
<new_name></new_name>	New name of specified file, string with or without double quotes. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.

#### Example

AT+FSRENAME=image_0.jpg, image_1.jpg		
OK		
AT+FSRENAME="my	test.jpg",	
{non-ascii}"E6B58BE8AF95E99984E4BBB62E6A7067"		
ОК		

#### 20.2.7 AT+FSATTRI Request file attributes

This command is used to request the attributes of file which exists in current directory. Support "C:", "D:", "E:", "F:".

AT+FSATTRI Request file attributes

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Test Command AT+FSATTRI=?	Response <b>OK</b>
Write Command AT+FSATTRI= <filename></filename>	Response +FSATTRI: <file_size>,<create_date></create_date></file_size>
	OK or
	ERROR

<filename></filename>	String with or without double quotes, file name which is in current directory. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.	
<file_size></file_size>	The size of specified file, and the unit is in Byte.	
<create_date></create_date>	Create date and time of specified file, the format is YYYY/MM/DD HH:MM:SS Week.  Week - Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, Sat, Sun	

#### Example

#### AT+FSATTRI=image\_0.jpg

+FSATTRI: 8604, 2008/04/28 10:24:46 Tue

OK

AT+FSATTRI={non-ascii}"E6B58BE8AF95E99984E4BBB62E6A7067"

+FSATTRI: 6296, 2012/01/06 00:00:00 Sun

OK

#### 20.2.8 AT+FSMEM Check the size of available memory

This command is used to check the size of available memory. The response will list total size and used size of local storage space if present and mounted. Support "C:", "D:", "E:", "F:".

AT+FSMEM Check the size of available memory	
Test Command	Response
AT+FSMEM=?	OK
Execution Command	Response
AT+FSMEM	+FSMEM: <loctype>:(<total>,<used>)</used></total></loctype>

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OK

<loctype></loctype>	Support "C:", "D:", "E:", "F:".	
<total></total>	The total size of local storage space. The unit of storage space size is	
	in Byte.	
<used></used>	The used size of local storage space. The unit of storage space size is	
	in Byte.	

#### Example

#### AT+FSMEM

+FSMEM: C:(11348480, 2201600)

OK

#### 20.2.9 AT+FSLOCA Select storage place

This command is used to set the storage place for media files. Support "C:".

AT+FSLOCA Select storage place		
Test Command	Response	
AT+FSLOCA=?	+FSLOCA: (list of supported <loca>s)</loca>	
	OK	
Read Command  AT+FSLOCA?	+FSLOCA: <loca></loca>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+FSLOCA= <loca></loca>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<loca></loca>	0 –	store media files to local storage space (namely "C:/")

#### Example

#### AT+FSLOCA=0

OK

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#### AT+FSLOCA?

+FSLOCA: 0

OK

#### 20.2.10 AT+FSCOPY Copy an appointed file

This command is used to copy an appointed file on C:/ to an appointed directory on C:/, the new file name should give in parameter. Support "C:", "E:", "F:", but copying from "C:" to "D:", "E:", "F:" or from "D:", "E:", "F:" to "C:" is not supported.

AT+FSCOPY Copy an appoi	nted file
Test Command	Response
AT+FSCOPY=?	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+FSCOPY= <file1>,<file2></file2></file1>	Sync mode
[, <sync_mode>]</sync_mode>	+FSCOPY: <percent><cr><lf></lf></cr></percent>
	[+FSCOPY: <percent><cr><lf>]</lf></cr></percent>
	ОК
	Async mode
	ОК
	+FSCOPY: <percent><cr><lf></lf></cr></percent>
	[+FSCOPY: <percent><cr><lf>]</lf></cr></percent>
	+FSCOPY: END <cr><lf></lf></cr>
	Or
	When error, shows one of the following errors and ERROR
	SD CARD NOT PLUGGED IN
	FILE IS EXISTING
	FILE NOT EXISTING
	DIRECTORY IS EXISTED
	DIRECTORY NOT EXISTED
	FORBID CREATE DIRECTORY UNDER \"C:/\"
	FORBID DELETE DIRECTORY
	INVALID PATH NAME
	INVALID FILE NAME
	SD CARD HAVE NO ENOUGH MEMORY
	EFS HAVE NO ENOUGH MEMORY
	FILE CREATE ERROR
	READ FILE ERROR
	WRITE FILE ERROR

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	2.000	
Defined Values		
<file1></file1>	The sources file name or the whole path name with sources file name. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.	
<file2></file2>	The destination file name or the whole path name with destination file name. If the file path contains non-ASCII characters, the file path parameter should contain a prefix of {non-ascii} and the quotation mark.	
<percent></percent>	The percent of copy done. The range is 0.0 to 100.0	
<sync_mode></sync_mode>	The execution mode of the command:  0 – synchronous mode  1 – asynchronous mode	

**ERROR** 

#### NOTE

- 1. The **<file1>** and **<file2>** should give the whole path and name, if only given file name, it will refer to current path (**AT+FSCD**) and check the file's validity.
- 2. If <file2> is a whole path and name, make sure the directory exists, make sure that the file name does not exist or the file name is not the same name as the sub folder name, otherwise return error.
- 3. **<percent>** report refer to the copy file size. The big file maybe report many times, and little file report less.
- 4. If <sync\_mode> is 1, the command will return **OK** immediately, and report final result with +FSCOPY: END.

#### Example

#### AT+FSCD?

+FSCD: C:/

OK

AT+FSCOPY=C:/TESTFILE,COPYFILE (Copy file TESTFILE on C:/ to C:/COPYFILE)

+FSCOPY: 1.0

+FSCOPY: 100.0

OK

AT+FSCOPY="my test.jpg", {non-ascii}"E6B58BE8AF95E99984E4BBB62E6A7067"

+FSCOPY: 1.0

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+FSCOPY: 100.0		
OK		

#### 20.2.11 AT+CFTRANRX Transfer a file to EFS

This command is used to transfer a file to EFS.Support SDcard.

AT+CFTRANRX Transfer a file to EFS		
Test Command AT+CFTRANRX=?	Response	
AITCFIRANKA-!	+CFTRANRX: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH"	
	ОК	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CFTRANRX=" <filepath></filepath>	>	
", <len></len>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<filepath></filepath>	The path of the file on EFS.
<len></len>	The length of the file data to send. The range is from 0 to 2147483647.

#### NOTE

The **<filepath>** must be a full path with the directory path.

#### **Example**

#### AT+CFTRANRX="c:/MyDir/t1.txt",10

><input data here>

#### OK

#### AT+CFTRANRX="d:/MyDir/t1.txt",10

><input data here>

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OK

#### 20.2.12 AT+CFTRANTX Transfer a file from EFS to host

This command is used to transfer a file from EFS to host. Before using this command, the AT+CATR must be used to set the correct port used. Support SDcard.

AT+CFTRANTX Transfer a file from EFS to host		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CFTRANTX=?	+CFTRANTX: [{non-ascii}]"FILEPATH"	
	ок	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CFTRANTX=" <filepath></filepath>	[+CFTRANTX: DATA, <len></len>	
"[, <location>,<size>]</size></location>	+CFTRANTX: DATA, <len>]</len>	
	+CFTRANTX: 0	
	ок	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<filepath></filepath>	The path of the file on EFS.
<len></len>	The length of the following file data to output.
<location></location>	The beginning of the file data to output.
<size></size>	The length of the file data to output.

#### NOTE

The **<filepath>** must be a full path with the directory path.

#### **Example**

AT+CFTRANTX="c:/MyDir/t1.txt"

OK

+CFTRANTX: DATA, 11

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**Testcontent** 

+CFTRANTX: 0

OK

AT+CFTRANTX="d:/MyDir/t1.txt",1,4

+CFTRANTX: DATA, 4

estc

+CFTRANTX: 0

OK

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## **21.AT Commands for AUDIO**

#### 21.1 Overview of AT Commands for AUDIO

Command	Description
AT+CREC	Record wav audio file
AT+CRECAMR	Record amr audio file
AT+CCMXPLAYWAV	Play wav audio file
AT+CCMXSTOPWAV	Stop playing wav audio file
AT+CCMXPLAY	Play audio file
AT+CCMXSTOP	Stop playing audio file

## 21.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for AUDIO

## 21.2.1 AT+CREC Record wav audio file

AT+CREC Record wav audio	o file
Read Command	Response
AT+CREC?	+CREC: <status></status>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CREC= <record_path>,<f< td=""><td>+CREC: 1</td></f<></record_path>	+CREC: 1
ilename>	
	OK
	or
	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CREC= <mode></mode>	+CREC: 0
	OK

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	+RECSTATE: crec stop
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<status></status>	Indicate whether the recording is going on.
	0 - free, not recording
	1 – busy, recording
<record_path></record_path>	Source of recorded sound
	1 – local path
	2 – remote path
	3 - local and remote sound mixing
<filename></filename>	The location and name of wav file.
<mode></mode>	Stop recording wav audio file
	0 – stop

#### NOTE

**<filename>**,The file should be put into the "E:/". Maximum filename length is 240 bytes. (including "")

<record\_path>,Only during the call, <record\_path> can be set to 2 or 3

#### **Example**

AT+CREC=1,"e:/rec.wav"

+CREC: 1

OK

AT+CREC=0

+CREC: 0

OK

+RECSTATE: crec stop

#### 21.2.2 AT+CRECAMR Record amr audio file

#### AT+CRECAMR Record amr audio file

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Read Command AT+CRECAMR?	Response +CRECAMR: <status></status>
Write Command AT+CRECAMR= <record_pat h="">,<filename></filename></record_pat>	Response +CRECAMR: <status>  OK or ERROR</status>
Write Command AT+CRECAMR= <mode></mode>	Response +CRECAMR: <status>  OK +RECSTATE: crecamr stop</status>
Parameter Saving Mode	- //
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	

# Defined Values

<status></status>	Indicate whether the recording is going on.  0 — free, not recording  1 — busy, recording
<record_path></record_path>	Source of recorded sound  1 — local path  2 — remote path
<filename></filename>	The location and name of amr file.
<mode></mode>	Stop recording wav audio file 0 – stop

#### **NOTE**

• <filename>,The file should be put into the "E:/". Maximum filename length is 240 bytes. (including "")

<record\_path>,Only during the call, <record\_path> can be set to 2

#### **Example**

AT+CRECAMR=1,"e:/rec.amr" +CRECAMR:1

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OK

AT+CRECAMR=0

+CRECAMR:0

OK

+RECSTATE: crecamr stop

#### 21.2.3 AT+CCMXPLAYWAV Play wav audio file

AT+CCMXPLAYWAV Play wav audio file	
Read Command  AT+CCMXPLAYWAY?	Response +CCMXPLAYWAV: <play_path>,<repeat></repeat></play_path>
AT TOOMAT EATWAY:	TOOMAT LATVIAV. Splay_paths, stepeats
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CCMXPLAYWAV= <filena< td=""><td>+WAVSTATE: wav play</td></filena<>	+WAVSTATE: wav play
me>, <play_path>[,<repeat>]</repeat></play_path>	
	OK
	+WAVSTATE: wav play stop
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<play_path></play_path>	Play to local or to remote.
	1 – remote
	2 – local
<repeat></repeat>	How much times can be played. Default 0
<filename></filename>	The location and name of wav file.

#### NOTE

• <filename>,The wav audio file should be located at "E:/". Maximum filename length is 240 bytes. (including "")

<play\_path>,Only during the call, <play\_path> can be set to 1 successfully.Only 8k 16bit wav
audio can be played to remote successful at present.

<repeat>,This parameter is reserved, not used at present, you can input this parameter or not.

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(0--255)

#### **Example**

AT+CCMXPLAYWAV=?

+CCMXPLAYWAV: (1-2),(0-255)

OK

AT+CCMXPLAYWAV="E:/rec.wav",2

+WAVSTATE: wav play

OK

+WAVSTATE: wav play stop

#### 21.2.4 AT+CCMXSTOPWAV Stop playing wav audio file

AT+CCMXSTOPWAV Stop	playing wav audio file
Test Command  AT+CCMXSTOPWAV=?	Response <b>OK</b>
Execution Command AT+CCMXSTOPWAV	Response +CCMXSTOPWAV:  OK +WAVSTATE: wav play stop
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

- -

#### **Example**

#### AT+CCMXSTOPWAV

+CCMXSTOPWAV:

OK

+WAVSTATE: wav play stop

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#### 21.2.5 AT+CCMXPLAY Play audio file

AT+CCMXPLAY Play audio	file
Read Command	Response
AT+CCMXPLAY?	+CCMXPLAY: <play_path>,<repeat></repeat></play_path>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CCMXPLAY= <filename> [,<play_path>][,<repeat>]</repeat></play_path></filename>	+CCMXPLAY:
fi dray_batts Ifi dobotts I	ОК
	+AUDIOSTATE: audio play
	+AUDIOSTATE: audio play stop
	or
	ERROR
	or +CCMXPLAY:
	TCCIVIAPLAY.
	ОК
	+AUDIOSTATE: audio play
	+AUDIOSTATE: audio play error
Parameter Saving Mode	- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Maximum Response Time	I- P
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<play_path></play_path>	Play to local or to remote. Default 0
	<u>0</u> – local
	1 – remote
<repeat></repeat>	How much times can be played. Default 0
<filename></filename>	The location and name of wav file.

#### NOTE

**<filename>**, The wav audio file should be located at "E:/". Maximum filename length is 240 bytes. (including ""). Support audio file format mp3, aac, amr, wav.

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<play\_path>,Only during the call, <play\_path> can be set to 1 successfully.Only 8k 16bit wav
audio and amr audio can be played to remote at present.

<repeat>,This parameter is reserved, not used at present, you can input this parameter or not.
(0--255)

#### **Example**

#### AT+CCMXPLAY=?

+CCMXPLAY: (0-1),(0-255)

OK

AT+CCMXPLAY="E:/rec.mp3",0,0

+CCMXPLAY:

OK

+AUDIOSTATE: audio play

+AUDIOSTATE: audio play stop

#### 21.2.6 AT+CCMXSTOP Stop playing audio file

AT+CCMXSTOP Stop playing	g audio file
Test Command	Response
AT+CCMXSTOP=?	OK
Execution Command	Response
AT+CCMXSTOP	+CCMXSTOP:
	OK
	+AUDIOSTATE: audio play stop
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

_	

#### **Example**

#### AT+CCMXSTOP

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- 0	<b>~</b> =	41/07		
+( :)	1 : N	иxsт	I ( )	μ.

OK

+AUDIOSTATE: audio play stop



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## **22. AT Commands for TTS**

#### 22.1 Overview of AT Commands for TTS

Command	Description
AT+CDTAM	TTS play path, local or remote
AT+CTTS	TTS operation, play or stop
AT+CTTSPARAM	Set TTS Parameters

## 22.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for TTS

## 22.2.1 AT+CDTAM TTS play path, local or remote

AT+CDTAM TTS play path, local or remote	
Test Command AT+CDTAM=?	Response +CDTAM: (0-1)
AT OBTAIN :	. OD IAM. (0-1)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CDTAM?	+CDTAM: <status></status>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CDTAM= <mode></mode>	+CDTAM:
	ОК
	Or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

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#### **Defined Values**

<status></status>	Indicate play path, play TTS to local or play to remote.
	<u>0</u> − Local path
	1 – Remote path
<mode></mode>	Set TTS play path, local or remote. Default value is 0.
	<u>0</u> − Local path
	1 – Remote path

## Example

AT+CDTAM=1
+CDTAM:
OK

#### 22.2.2 AT+CTTS TTS operation, play or stop

AT+CTTS TTS operation, play or stop	
Test Command AT+CTTS=?	Response OK
Read Command AT+CTTS?	Response +CTTS: <status></status>
Write Command AT+CTTS= <mode>[,<text>]</text></mode>	Response If <mode>is 0, then <text> is not required. When TTS is playing, return: +CTTS: 0 OK</text></mode>
	If <mode>is 0, then <text> is not required. When TTS is not playing, return:  OK</text></mode>
	If <mode>is 1 or 2, then <text> is must be required. return: OK +CTTS: 0</text></mode>
	or ERROR
Write Command	Response

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AT+CTTS= <mode>[,<text>][, <filename>]</filename></text></mode>	If <mode> is 3 or 4, then <text> and <filename> are must be required. return:  OK  +CTTS: 0</filename></text></mode>
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<status></status>	Indicate playing thread status. Default value is 0
	<u>0</u> – NO_WORKING
	1 - PLAY_WAV_WORKING
	2 - AMR_WORKING
	3 - MP3_WORKING
	4 - AAC_WORKING
	5 – WAV_WORKING
	6 - TTS_WORKING
	8 - CREC_WORKING
<mode></mode>	Stop or play TTS.
	0 - Stop TTS
	1 - <text> is in UCS2 coding format, Start to synth and play</text>
	2 - <text> is in ASCII coding format for English, Chinese text is in</text>
	GBK coding format. Start to synth and play
	3 - <b><text></text></b> is in ASCII coding format for English, Chinese text is in
	GBK coding format. Start to synth and play, and save pcm data as wav
	file.
	4 - <b><text></text></b> is in UCSII coding format. Start to synth and play, and
	save pcm data as wav file.
<filename></filename>	Location and filename for way file

#### **NOTE**

- <text>, which is synthetized to speed to be played, maximum data length is 512 bytes. (including "")
- <filename>,The file should be put into the "E:/filename.wav". Maximum filename length is 240
  bytes. (including "")
- When <text> is in UCS2 coding format, maximum data length is 510 bytes. (including ""),because every four characters correspond to one Chinese character.

#### **Example**

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AT+CTTS=1,"6B228FCE4F7F75288BED97F3540862107CFB7EDF"

OK

+CTTS: 0

AT+CTTS=3,"欢迎使用语音合成系统","E:/tts.wav"

OK

+CTTS: 0

AT+CTTS=0

OK

+CTTS: 0

#### 22.2.3 AT+CTTSPARAM Set TTS Parameters

AT+CTTSPARAM Set TTS Parameters	
Test Command AT+CTTSPARAM=?	Response +CTTSPARAM: (0-2),(0-3),(0-3),(0-2),(0-2)
Read Command AT+CTTSPARAM?	Response +CTTS: <volume>,<sysvolume>,<digitmode>,<pitch>,<speed> OK</speed></pitch></digitmode></sysvolume></volume>
Write Command  AT+CTTSPARAM= <volume> [,<sysvolume>[,<digitmode>[,<pitch>[,<speed>]]]</speed></pitch></digitmode></sysvolume></volume>	Response  OK  or  ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<volume></volume>	TTS Speech Volume, default: 2.
	0 - The mix volume
	1 – The normal volume
	2 – The max volume

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<sysvolume></sysvolume>	The module system volume, default: 3.
	0 – The mix system volume
	1 - The small system volume
	2 - The normal system volume
	3 – The max system volume
<digitmode></digitmode>	The digit read mode, default: 0
	<ul> <li>O – Auto read digit based on number rule first.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Auto read digit bases on telegram rule first.</li> </ul>
	2 - Read digit based on telegram rule.
	3 – Read digit based on number rule.
<pitch></pitch>	The voice tone, default: 1
	0 - The mix voice tone.
	<u>1</u> – The normal voice tone.
	2 - The max voice tone.
<speed></speed>	The voice speed, default: 1
	0 - The mix speed
	<u>1</u> – The normal speed
	2 - The max speed

#### NOTE

• <sysvolume>, It takes no effect to set <sysvolume>,reserved at present

#### Example

AT+CTTSPARAM=1,3,0,1,1

OK

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## **23. AT Commands for FOTA**

#### 23.1 Overview of AT Commands for FOTA

Command	Description
AT+CAPFOTA	Start/Close FOTA Service
AT+CSCFOTA	Configure parameters and download upgrade package

## 23.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for FOTA

#### 23.2.1 AT+CAPFOTA Start/Close FOTA Service

AT+CAPFOTA Start/Close F	OTA Service
Test Command	Response
AT+CAPFOTA=?	+CAPFOTA: (list of supported <on_off>s)</on_off>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CAPFOTA?	+CAPFOTA: 1
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CAPFOTA= <on_off></on_off>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	

#### **Defined Values**

<on_off></on_off>	The service status on/off, the default value is 0.
	<u>0</u> – Close FOTA program

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1 – Active FOTA program
The function will take effect immediately.

#### **Example**

# AT+CAPFOTA? +CAPFOTA: 1 OK

#### 23.2.2 AT+CSCFOTA Configure parameters and download upgrade package

AT+CSCFOTA Configure parameters and download upgrade package	
Write Command AT+CSCFOTA= <oem>,<mo dels="">,<productid>,<product secret="">,<target version=""></target></product></productid></mo></oem>	Response If successfully:  OK +CSCFOTA: <err> b)If failed: ERROR</err>
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Reference	

#### **Defined Values**

<oem></oem>	The name of project design company. This name must be the same as the OEM created on the cloud platform. Otherwise, it will cause upgrade failed.				
<models></models>	The name of the device model. This name must be the same as the device model created on the cloud platform. Otherwise, it will cause upgrade failed.				
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	The product ID that must be the same as the product ID generated on the cloud platform.				
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	The product secret is used to confirm the identity and usage rights of the user. It must be the same as the product secret generated on the cloud platform.				
<target version=""></target>	The version that needs to be upgraded to. This version is published by the cloud platform.				
<err></err>					
1	unknown error				
2	Check version is finished				

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3	Download is finished					
4	Download partial finished					
5	No matched version					
301	No enough memory					
302	Invalid parameter					
303	Invalid operation					
304	IO failed					
305	IO timeout					
306	Download file verification failed					
307	got canceled					
308	Interface nesting error					
401	Invalid device information					
402	Invalid platform information					
403	Missing device information					
404	Version number is not configured					
405	Internal error (contact supplier)					
501	Invalid URL					
502	Unable to resolve domain name					
503	cannot connect to the server					
504	Invalid request, server returned error					
505	Not in range					
506	HTTP POST request error					
507	Re-download start error					
508	Operation is aborted					
509	Operation not completed					
510	Too many retargeting times					
511	Unable to get data from SOCKET					
512	Error sending data via SOCKET					
513	Error receiving data via SOCKET					
514	Invalid SOCKET connection					

#### **Example**

AT+CSCFOTA="SIMCOM","7600M21","15409 07004","f9bbb0d76f894da090b6b6925361656 1","SIM7600M21\_LE11\_181025\_V2.00"

OK

+CSCFOTA: 2 +CSCFOTA: 3

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## 24. AT Commands for UIM hotswap

#### 24.1 Overview of AT Commands for UIM hotswap

Command	Description
AT+UIMHOTSWAPON	Set UIM hotswap function on
AT+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL	Set UIM card detection level

## 24.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for UIM hotswap

#### 24.2.1 AT+UIMHOTSWAPON Set UIM hotswap function on

AT+UIMHOTSWAPON Set UIM hotswap function on				
Read Command	Response			
AT+UIMHOTSWAPON?	+UIMHOTSWAPON: <onoff></onoff>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+UIMHOTSWAPON= <ono< td=""><td>OK</td></ono<>	OK			
ff>	or			
	ERROR			

#### **Defined Values**

<onoff></onoff>	<u>0</u>	_	The UIM hotswap function is disabled
	1	_	The UIM hotswap function is enabled

#### **Example**

#### AT+UIMHOTSWAPON?

**+UIMHOTSWAPON: 0** 

OK

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#### AT+UIMHOTSWAPON=1

OK

#### NOTE

Module reset to take effect

#### 24.2.2 AT+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL Set UIM card detection level

AT+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL Se	et UIM card detection level
Read Command	Response
AT+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL?	+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL: <level></level>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL= <i evel=""></i>	OK
	or
GVGIP	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<level></level>	0	-(	ACTIVE LOW
	1	-\	ACTIVE HIGH

#### Example

#### **AT+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL?**

**+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL: 1** 

OK

**AT+UIMHOTSWAPLEVEL=0** 

OK

#### NOTE

- Module reset to take effect
- Set UIM card detection level to active low. //Refer to the used SIM card holder, usually it's a "normal open kind" one.

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# 25. AT Commands for HSIC\_LAN

## 25.1 Overview of AT Commands for HSIC\_LAN

Command	Description
AT+CENABLELAN	Enable LAN function
AT+CLANMODE	Set LAN mode
AT+CLANCTRL	Set LAN configure
AT+CHSICSLEEP	Allow HSIC Device Go to AutoSleep

## 25.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for HSIC\_LAN

#### 25.2.1 AT+CENABLELAN Enable LAN function

AT+CENABLELAN Enable LAN function				
Write Command AT+CENABLELAN= <onoff></onoff>	Response  OK  or  ERROR			
Parameter Saving Mode	-			
Maximum Response Time	-			
Reference	-			

#### **Defined Values**

<onoff></onoff>	0	<b>–</b>	Close the LAN9730
	1	_	Open the LAN9730

#### **Example**

#### AT+CENABLELAN=1

OK

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#### NOTE

- LAN9730 is not opened in default, if want to open the LAN9730, you can run AT+CENABLELAN=1.
   After run this command, the module will restart automatically, then the LAN9730 will be opened.
- If want to close the LAN9730, you can run AT+CENABLELAN=0. After run this command, the module will restart automatically, then the LAN9730 will be closed.
- WIFI firmware doesn't care this AT command.

#### 25.2.2 AT+CLANMODE Set LAN mode

AT+CLANMODE Set LAN m	node
Test Command	Response
AT+CLANMODE=?	+CLANMODE: (list of supported <mode>s)</mode>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CLANMODE?	+CLANMODE: <mode></mode>
Write Command	Response
AT+CLANMODE= <mode></mode>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<mode></mode>	<u>0</u>	_	lan mode
	1	_	wan mode
	2	_	static ip mode

#### **Example**

#### AT+CLANMODE?

+CLANMODE: (0,1)

OK

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#### AT+CLANMODE=1

OK

#### NOTE

 Module works in lan mode in default. If want to use another mode, need to run at+clanmode=<mode>, after run this command, module will restart automatically, then the module will work in target mode.

#### 25.2.3 AT+CLANCTRL Set LAN configure

AT+CLANCTRL Set LAN configure			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CLANCTRL=?	+CLANCTRL: (list of supported <option>s)</option>		
	OK		
Write Command AT+CLANCTRL= <option>,[[t</option>	Response		
ype/ip],[netmask]]	ОК		
	or		
	ERROR		
Parameter Saving Mode			
Maximum Response Time	- \ \		
Reference	-		

#### **Defined Values**

<option></option>	0 – uninstall driver
	1 – install driver
	2 – set mac address
	3 - set ip address
	4 – bring up eth0
	5 – bring down eth0
<type></type>	1 – bcm898xx
	2 – at803x
<ip></ip>	LAN ip address (Range: 192.168.*.*).
<netmask></netmask>	Range: 255.255.*.*
	if the parameter is not set, will use the default value:255.255.255.0

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#### **Example**

AT+CLANCTRL=3,"192.168.1.1"  OK	Set ip. The netmask is use default value 255.255.255.0
AT+CLCANCTRL=3,"192.168.1.1","255.255.2	
55.0"	Set ip and netmask. The netmask is
	255.255.255.0
OK	

#### **NOTE**

- Uninstall driver (option=0). Not support for HSIC LAN, Only Support SGMII LAN. Please don't run
  this command on HSIC LAN module
- Install driver (option=1). Not support for HSIC LAN, Only Support SGMII LAN.
- Set mac address (option=2). Support for HSIC LAN, But the module will auto set the Mac address.
   So there is no need to run the command.
- Set ip address (option=3). When module work in static ip mode. Use this command set ip and netmask.
- Bring up eth0 bring up eth0 (option=4). equal to "ifconfig eth0 up"
- Bring down eth0 (option=5). equal to "ifconfig eth0 down"

#### 25.2.4 AT+CHSICSLEEP Allow HSIC Device Go to AutoSleep

AT+CHSICSLEEP Allow HSI	C Device Go to AutoSleep
Test Command	Response
AT+CHSICSLEEP=?	+CHSICSLEEP: (list of supported <state>s)</state>
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CHSICSLEEP?	+CHSICSLEEP: <state></state>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CHSICSLEEP= <state></state>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

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#### **Defined Values**

<state></state>	0	_	Don't allow the hsic device go to autosleep
	<u>1</u>	_	Allow the hsic device go to autosleep

#### Example

#### AT+CHSICSLEEP=1

OK

#### AT+CHSICSLEEP?

+CHSICSLEEP: 1

OK

#### NOTE

- If the module needs to go to sleep, user needs to execute following steps:
  - 1. AT+CHSICSLEEP=1
  - 2. AT+CLANCTRL=5

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## 26. AT Commands for Ecall

#### 26.1 Overview of AT Commands for Ecall

Command	Description
AT+CECALLS	Make e-call
AT+CECALLE	Hang up e-call
AT+CECALLCFG	Configure e-call MSD information
AT+CECALLPOS	Set position information
AT+CECALLTIME	Set timestamp
AT+CMSDVERSION	Set MSD serialize version
AT+CECALLTOUT	Set T5,T6,T7 timeout value
AT+CMSDMESSAGEID	Set the initiatory message identifier of msd data Description
AT+CMSDOIDDATA	Set the optional additional data
AT+CMSD	Input hex Minimum set of data(MSD)
AT+CMSDCONTROL	Set the control data in Minimum set of data

## 26.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for Ecall

#### 26.2.1 AT+CECALLS Make an e-call

The command is used to make an e-call.

AT+CECALLS Make an e-call			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CECALLS=?	+CECALLS: (scope of <cannedmsd>)</cannedmsd>		
	OK		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CECALLS= <num>,<can< th=""><th>OK</th></can<></num>	OK		
nedMSD>	or		

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#### **ERROR**

#### **Defined Values**

<num></num>	Dialing number.			
4 IMOD	Use the canned GPS information or real GPS information.			
<cannedwsd></cannedwsd>	0 – Send real MSD			
	1 - Send canned MSD			

#### Example

AT+CECALLS=15865451120,1 OK

#### 26.2.2 AT+CECALLE Hang up an e-call

The command is used to hang up the e-call.

AT+CECALLE Hang up an e	-call
Test Command	Response
AT+CECALLE=?	+CECALLS: (0-1)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CECALLE?	+CECALLE: <n></n>
	OK
	Response
	OK
Write Command	VOICE CALL: END: <time></time>
AT+CECALLE= <n></n>	
	No call:
	OK

#### **Defined Values**

	<u>0</u> –	Stop an active eCall, change the state into
<n></n>		"ECALL_APP_ECALL_INACTIVE" and clear callbackTimer.
		When set to 0, module cannot receive a MT ECALL from PSAP.
	1 –	End an active ecall, but keep state
		"ECALL_APP_IDLE_ALLOW_MT_ECALL", not clear
		callbackTimer. When set to 1, module can receive a MT ECALL

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	from PSAP.
<time></time>	Voice call connection time.
	Format – HHMMSS (HH: hour, MM: minute, SS: second)

#### Example

AT+CECALLE=0		
OK		

## 26.2.3 AT+CECALLCFG Configure e-call MSD information

The command is used to configure the MSD information.

AT+CECALLCFG Configure	e-call MSD information
Test Command	Response
AT+CECALLCFG=?	ОК
Write Command	
AT+CECALLCFG= <vehiclet< td=""><td>Response</td></vehiclet<>	Response
ype>, <storage>,<num>,<vin< td=""><td>OK</td></vin<></num></storage>	OK
>, <vehicledirection>,<delta1< td=""><td>or</td></delta1<></vehicledirection>	or
_lon>, <delta1_lat>,<delta2_l< td=""><td>ERROR</td></delta2_l<></delta1_lat>	ERROR
on>, <delta2_lat></delta2_lat>	

#### **Defined Values**

	1 –	-\	Passenger vehicle class M1
	2 -	- "	Buses and coaches class M2
	3 -	-	Buses and coaches class M3
	4 –	-	Light commercial vehicles class N1
	5 -	-	Heavy duty vehicles class N2
	6 -	-	Heavy duty vehicles class N3
<vehicletype></vehicletype>	7 –	-	Motorcycles class L1e
	8 -	-	Motorcycles class L2e
	9 –	-	Motorcycles class L3e
	10 –	-	Motorcycles class L4e
	11 –	-	Motorcycles class L5e
	12 -	-	Motorcycles class L6e
	13 –	-	Motorcycles class L7e
	Propu	ılsi	on storage: It should choice multi-storage. decimal number
<otorogo></otorogo>	NOTE		Example: Choice "Electric energy storage" and "Diesel tank
<storage></storage>	prese	nt"	', the <storage> must be set by 18. (i.e. 2 or 16 equal 18)</storage>
	0 -	-	Unknown or other type of energy storage

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	1 – Hydrogen storage				
	2 — Electric energy storage				
	4 – Liquid propane gas				
	8 - Compressed natural gas				
	16 – Diesel tank present				
	32 – Gas online tank present				
	Range is 0~63.				
<num></num>	Number of passenger. Range is 0~255.				
	Vehicle id number. Length of <vin> must be 17.</vin>				
	VIN number according to ISO 3779. including:				
	1.World Manufacturer Index (WMI)				
<vin></vin>	2.Vehicle Type Descriptor (VDS)				
	3. Vehicle Identification Sequence (VIS)				
	The character in VIN must be the member of this table:				
	("A""H" "J""N" "P" "R""Z" "0""9")				
	The direction of travel in 2°-degrees steps from magnetic north (0- 358,				
A SINGLE RESERVE	clockwise). Only values from 0 to 179 are valid. If direction of travel is				
<vehicledirection></vehicledirection>	invalid or unknown, the value 0xFF shall be used. Unit is 2 degree. Range				
	of <vehicledirection> is 0~179.</vehicledirection>				
	Description of recent vehicle longitude location before the incident. 1 Unit				
alalia A. Lan	= 100 miliarcseconds, which is approximately 3m.				
<delta1_lon></delta1_lon>	Coded value range (-512511) representing -51200 to +51100				
	miliarcseconds, or from 51,2"S to 51,1"N from the reference position.				
	Description of recent vehicle latitude location before the incident. 1 Unit =				
	100 miliarcseconds, which is approximately 3m.				
<delta1_lat></delta1_lat>	Coded value range (-512511) representing -51200 to +51100				
	miliarcseconds, or from 51,2"S to 51,1"N from the reference position.				
	Description of recent vehicle latitude location before the incident. 1 Unit =				
<delta2_lon></delta2_lon>	100 miliarcseconds, which is approximately 3m.				
	Description of recent vehicle latitude location before the incident. 1 Unit =				
	100 miliarcseconds, which is approximately 3m.				
<delta2_lat></delta2_lat>	Coded value range (-512511) representing -51200 to +51100				
	miliarcseconds, or from 51,2"S to 51,1"N from the reference position.				

#### Example

AT+CECALLCFG=5,18,8,"WMJVDSVDSYA123456",14,10,-10,20,-20 OK

#### 26.2.4 AT+CECALLPOS Set position information

The command is used to set position information.

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AT+CECALLPOS Set position information			
Test Command  AT+CECALLPOS=?	Response <b>OK</b>		
Write Command AT+CECALLPOS= <lon>,<lat></lat></lon>	Response <b>OK</b>		
	or ERROR		

#### **Defined Values**

<lon></lon>	Longitude of current position, format is ddd.dddddd. Unit is degree. Range is -180~180.				
<lat></lat>	Latitude of current position, format is dd.dddddd. Unit is degree. Range is -90~90.				

#### Example

AT+CECALLPOS="121.354138","31.221938" OK

#### 26.2.5 AT+CECALLTIME Set timestamp

The command is used to set timestamp.

AT+CECALLTIME Set timestamp			
Test Command	Response		
AT+CECALLTIME=?	OK		
Write Command	Response		
AT+CECALLTIME= <flag>[,&lt;</flag>	OK		
year>, <month>,<day>,<hour< td=""><td>or</td></hour<></day></month>	or		
>, <minute>,<second>]</second></minute>	ERROR		

#### **Defined Values**

<flag></flag>	<ul> <li>0 – use system time, not need to set <year>,<month>,<day>,</day></month></year></li> <li><hour>,<minute>,<second></second></minute></hour></li> <li>1 – must set <year>,<month>,<day>,<hour>,<minute>,<second></second></minute></hour></day></month></year></li> </ul>
<year></year>	Year: integer
	Range is 1970~2100
<month></month>	Month: integer
	Range is 1~12

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<day></day>	Day: integer				
	Input range:				
	Jan \ Mar \ May \ Jul \ Aug \ Oct \ Dec: 1~31				
	Feb: 1~28 (1~29 if leap year)				
	Apr \ Jun \ Sep \ Nov: 1~30				
 /h a	Hour: integer				
<hour></hour>	Range is 0~23				
/minuto>	Minute: integer				
<minute></minute>	Range is 0~59				
<0000nd>	Second: integer				
<second></second>	Rang is 0~59				

#### **Example**

AT+CECALLTIME=1,2011,10,20,15,30,30 OK

#### 26.2.6 AT+CECALLVERSION Set MSD serialize version

The command is used to set MSD pack format.

AT+CECALLVERSION Set MSD serialize version				
Test Command  AT+CECALLVERSION=?	Response +CMSDVERSION: (1-2)			
Read Command  AT+CECALLVERSION?	Response +CMSDVERSION: <ver></ver>			
Write Command AT+CMSDVERSION= <ver></ver>	Response  OK  or  ERROR			

#### **Defined Values**

	1	_	set MSD serialize version 1 (qualcomm default version, other
<ver></ver>			European country)
	2	_	set MSD serialize version 2 (just for Russia ecall)

#### Example

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#### AT+CMSDVERSION=1 OK

#### 26.2.7 AT+CECALLTOUT Set T5,T6,T7 timeout value

The command is used to set T5, T6, T7 timeout value.

AT+CECALLTOUT Set T5,T6	,T7 timeout value		
Read Command	Response		
AT+CECALLTOUT?	+CECALLTOUT:	T5= <timeoutvalue>,</timeoutvalue>	T6= <timeoutvalue>,</timeoutvalue>
	T7= <timeoutvalue></timeoutvalue>		
	OK		
Write Command AT+CECALLTOUT= <tx>,<ti meoutvalue=""></ti></tx>	Response		
	OK		
	or		
	ERROR		

## **Defined Values**

<tx></tx>	T5 – The timer of IVS waiting for START				
	T6 – The timer of IVS waiting for HACK				
	T7 - The timer for MSD transmission				
	T5 - Default timeout value is 2 seconds. The timeout value will not be				
	saved to NV. You should set the timeout value before organizing the				
	eCall. For further information about this timer, please refer to EN 16062.				
	Range is 2000-255000 ms. Default value 2000 ms				
	T6 – Default timeout value is 5 seconds. The timeout value will not be				
ztimo o utvoluo >	saved to NV. You should set the timeout value before organizing the				
<timeoutvalue></timeoutvalue>	eCall. For further information about this timer, please refer to EN 16062.				
	Range is 5000-255000 ms. Default value 5000 ms.				
	T7 - Default timeout value is 20 seconds. The timeout value will not				
	be saved to NV. You should set the timeout value before organizing the				
	eCall. For further information about this timer, please refer to EN 16062.				
	Range is 20000-255000 ms. Default value 20000 ms				

#### Example

AT+CECALLTOUT="T5",4000 OK

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## 26.2.8 AT+CMSDMESSAGEID Set the initiatory message identifier of msd data Description

The command is used to set the initiatory message identifier of msd data.

AT+CMSDMESSAGEID Set the initiatory message identifier of msd data Description		
Test Command AT+CMSDMESSAGEID=?	Response +CMSDMESSAGEID: (list of supported <messageid>)  OK</messageid>	
Read Command AT+CMSDMESSAGEID?	Response +CMSDMESSAGEID: <messageid></messageid>	
Write Command AT+CMSDMESSAGEID= <me ssageid=""></me>	OK Response OK or ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

	starting with 1 for each new eCall session and to be incremented with
<messageid></messageid>	every application layer MSD retransmission following a new 'Send MSD'
	request after the incident event. (1-255)

#### Example

AT+CMSDMESSAGEID=1	
OK	

#### 26.2.9 AT+CMSDOIDDATA Set the optional additional data

The command is used to set the optional additional data.

AT+CMSDOIDDATA Set the optional additional data	
Test Command	Response
AT+CMSDOIDDATA=?	OK

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Write Command	Response
AT+CMSDOIDDATA= <oid>,&lt;</oid>	OK
odata>	or
	ERROR

<oid></oid>	Object identifier which uniquely identifies the format and meaning of the data which follows. (oid is decimal string x.x.xxx), the length must be 7.
<odata></odata>	Transparent optional additional data. (odata is hex string) which maximum size is 100 bytes.

#### **Example**

AT+CMSDOIDDATA="1.2.125","30304646"
OK

# 26.2.10 AT+CMSD Input hex Minimum set of data

The command is used to input hex Minimum set of data.

AT+CMSD Input hex Minimum set of data		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CMSD=?	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CMSD= <msd>,<activati< td=""><td>OK</td></activati<></msd>	OK	
onType>, <ecalltype></ecalltype>	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<msd></msd>	the hex msd data generated by user which maximum size is 140 bytes.		
<activation></activation>	0 – Manual activation		
	1 – Automatic activation		
<ecalltype></ecalltype>	0 – Emergency call		
	1 – Test call		

#### **Example**

AT+CMSD="015C0681508204420014264000420D101404E80DA4C89A3B2F09905B6440E829F682 9EC020301027D04303046460",0,1

OK

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#### 26.2.11 AT+CMSDCONTROL Set the control data in Minimum set of data

The command is used to set the control data in Minimun set of data (MSD).

AT+CMSDCONTROL Set the control data in Minimum set of data		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CMSDCONTROL=?	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CMSDCONTROL= <activ< td=""><td>OK</td></activ<>	OK	
ationType>, <calltype>,<pos< td=""><td>or</td></pos<></calltype>	or	
itionCanBeTrusted>	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<activationtype></activationtype>	Manual activation(by pushing the emergency button) or automatic activation(by hitting sensors).  0 - Manual activation  1 - Automatic activation
<02  Tuno>	e-call type: 0 — Test call
<calltype></calltype>	1 – Emergency call
<pre><positioncanbetrusted></positioncanbetrusted></pre>	0 – low confidence in position
	1 - Position can be trusted

#### **Example**

AT+CMSDCONTROL=0,0,1 OK

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# **27.AT Commands for MIFI**

# 27.1 Overview of AT Commands for MIFI W58

Command	Description
AT+CWMAP	Open/Close WIFI
AT+CWSSID	SSID setting
AT+CWBCAST	Broadcast setting
AT+CWAUTH	Authentication setting
AT+CWMOCH	80211 mode and channel setting
AT+CWISO	Client isolation setting
AT+CWDHCP	Get the current DHCP configuration
AT+CWNAT	NAT type setting
AT+CWCLICNT	Get client number connected to the WIFI
AT+CWRSTD	Restore to default setting
AT+CWMAPCFG	WIFI configuration setting
AT+CWLANSRV	LAN SERVER setting
AT+CWLANMSG	Send message
AT+CWLANMGET	Manual get cached bytes
AT+CWMACADDR	Get MAC address
AT+CWNETCNCT	Query the connection to the network
AT+CWSTAIP	Get STA mode IP address
AT+CWSTASCAN	Scan WIFI network
AT+CWSTACFG	STA mode configuration setting
AT+CWUSRINFO	Auth information of wifi data call setting

# 27.2 Overview of AT Commands for MIFI W58L(RTL)

Command	Description
AT+CWMAP	Open/Close WIFI
AT+CWSSID	SSID setting
AT+CWBCAST	Broadcast setting

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AT+CWAUTH	Authentication setting
AT+CWMOCH	80211 mode and channel setting
AT+CWDHCP	Get the current DHCP configuration
AT+CWCLICNT	Get client number connected to the WIFI
AT+CWRSTD	Restore to default setting
AT+CWLANSRV	LAN SERVER setting
AT+CWLANMSG	Send message
AT+CWLANMGET	Manual get cached bytes
AT+CWMACADDR	Get MAC address
AT+CWNETCNCT	Query the connection to the network
AT+CWSTAIP	Get STA mode IP address
AT+CWSTASCAN	Scan WIFI network
AT+CWSTACFG	STA mode configuration setting
AT+CWSTAINIT	STA mode setting
AT+CWUSRINFO	Auth information of wifi data call setting

# 27.3 Detailed Description of AT Commands for MIFI

# 27.3.1 AT+CWMAP Open/Close WIFI

AT+CWMAP Open/Close W	IFI
Test Command	Response
AT+CWMAP=?	+CWMAP: (0-1)
	ОК
Read Command	Response
AT+CWMAP?	+CWMAP: <flag></flag>
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CWMAP= <flag></flag>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

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<flag></flag>	0	_	Close
	1	_	Open

AT+CWMAP? +CWMAP: 1

OK

AT+CWMAP=0

OK

# 27.3.2 AT+CWSSID SSID setting

AT+CWSSID SSID setting	
Read Command AT+CWSSID?	Response +CWSSID: <ssid></ssid>
Write Command AT+CWSSID= <ssid></ssid>	Response  OK  or  ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	
Maximum Response Time	- \\ \
Reference	-

# Defined Values

<ssid></ssid>	new ssid string
	1. The max length of <ssid> is 32 bytes when the <ssid> include</ssid></ssid>
	only ASCII characters.
	2. The max length of <ssid> is 20 bytes when <ssid> include only</ssid></ssid>
	Chinese (One Chinese characters is 2 bytes, so the max Chinese
	count is 10).
	3. The max length of <ssid> is 22 bytes when <ssid> include ASCII</ssid></ssid>
	and Chinese characters (One Chinese character is 2 bytes, one ASCII
	character is 1 byte).
	The default value is SIM7600MIFI.

# **Example**

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A 7	E + 7	01	A	0	CI		2
A٦	T	U١	٧V	J	OI	IU	•

+CWSSID: "SIM7600MIFI"

OK

# 27.3.3 AT+CWBCAST Broadcast setting

AT+CWBCAST Broadcast s	etting
Test Command	Response
AT+CWBCAST=?	+CWBCAST: (0-1)
	ОК
Read Command	Response
AT+CWBCAST?	+CWBCAST: broadcast>
	ОК
Write Command	Response
AT+CWBCAST= broadcast	ОК
>	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	- 4 6 6 6
Maximum Response Time	- (61)
Reference	

11010101100	
Defined Values	
 broadcast>	0 – disabled
	<u>1</u> – enabled

# Example

AT+CWBCAST?

+CWBCAST: 1

OK

AT+CWBCAST=0

OK

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#### 27.3.4 AT+CWAUTH Authentication setting

AT+CWAUTH Authentication setting				
Read Command	Response			
AT+CWAUTH?	+CWAUTH: <auth>,<encrypt>[,<password>]</password></encrypt></auth>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+CWAUTH= <auth>,<encr< td=""><td>OK</td></encr<></auth>	OK			
ypt>[, <password>]</password>	or			
	ERROR			
Parameter Saving Mode	-			
Maximum Response Time	-			
Reference	-			

#### **Defined Values**

<auth></auth>	0 – open/share
	1 – open
	2 – share
	3 – wpa
	4 – wpa2
	<u>5</u> − wpa/wpa2
<encrypt></encrypt>	0 – null
	1 – WEP
	2 – TKIP
	3 – AES
	4 - TKIP-AES
<password></password>	password string, the length is 5 or betwwen 8 to 64. The char in the
	password is only allow the ASCII's decimal code betwwen 32 to 126.

#### NOTE

The parameter need to meet the following conditions:

```
1. If (auth = 0 \text{ or } auth = 1) then (encrypt = 0 \text{ or } encrypt = 1)
2. If (auth = 2) then (encrypt = 1)
3. If (auth >=3) then (encrypt >=2)
```

- 4. If(encrypt = 0) then (password is null)

5. If(encrypt = 1) then{

- 1) password can't be set null
- 2) password format: (5 ASCII character) or (10 hexadecimal number) or (13 ASCII character) or(26 hexadecimal number)

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```
}
6. if(encrypt >= 2) then
{
    1) password can't be set null
    2) password format: (8~63 ASCII character or 64 hexadecimal number)
}
```

```
AT+CWAUTH?
+CWAUTH: 0,1, "11111"
OK
AT+CWAUTH?
+CWAUTH: 5,4, "12345678"
OK
AT+CWAUTH=0,0
                                          //Auth:open/share encrypt:null
OK
AT+CWAUTH=0,1,"11111"
                                          //Auth:open/share encrypt: WEP
                                          //Auth:share
AT+CWAUTH=2,1,"12345"
                                                           encrypt: WEP
                                          (ASCII character password:12345)
OK
                                          //Auth:share
                                                           encrypt:WEP
AT+CWAUTH=2,1,"3132333435"
                                          (sixteen hexadecimal number: password 12345)
AT+CWAUTH=5,4,"abcd1234"
                                          //Auth:WPA/WPA2 encrypt:TIKP-AES
```

### 27.3.5 AT+CWMOCH 80211 mode and channel setting

AT+CWMOCH 80211 mode and channel setting				
Read Command	Response			
AT+CWMOCH?	+CWMOCH: <mode>,<channel></channel></mode>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+CWMOCH= <mode>,<ch< td=""><td>OK</td></ch<></mode>	OK			
annel>	or			
	ERROR			
Parameter Saving Mode	-			

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Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<mode></mode>	2	_	b	2.4G mode
	3	_	b/g	2.4G mode
	<u>4</u>	_	b/g/n	2.4G mode
<channel></channel>	<u>0</u>	_	auto select	
	1~11			nannel number

# Example

AT+CWMOCH?

+CWMOCH: 4,0

OK

AT+CWMOCH=3,1

OK

# 27.3.6 AT+CWISO Client isolation setting

AT+CWISO Client isolation setting					
Test Command	Response				
AT+CWISO=?	+CWISO: (0-1) OK				
Read Command	Response				
AT+CWISO?	+CWISO: <isolation></isolation>				
Write Command	Response				
AT+CWISO= <isolation></isolation>	ок				
	or				
	ERROR				
Parameter Saving Mode	-				
Maximum Response Time	-				
Reference	-				

#### **Defined Values**

<isolation></isolation>	$\underline{0}$ – close

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1 –	open

AT+CWISO?

+CWISO: 1

OK

AT+CWISO=0

OK

# 27.3.7 AT+CWDHCP Get the current DHCP configuration

AT+CWDHCP Get the current DHCP configuration	
Read Command	Response
AT+CWDHCP?	+CWDHCP:
	<host_ip>,<range_start_ip>,<range_end_ip>,<leasetime></leasetime></range_end_ip></range_start_ip></host_ip>
	OK
Parameter Saving Mode	- 1 1 1 1 1
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	

#### **Defined Values**

<host_ip></host_ip>	the AP IP
<range_start_ip></range_start_ip>	the start IP of the IP range that assigned to the client
<range_end_ip></range_end_ip>	the end IP of the IP range that assigned to the client
<leasetime></leasetime>	the lease time

#### **Example**

#### AT+CWDHCP?

+CWDHCP: "192.168.1.250","192.168.1.128","192.168.1.249",240h

OK

# 27.3.8 AT+CWNAT NAT type setting

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AT+CWNAT NAT type settin	g
Test Command	Response
AT+CWNAT=?	+CWNAT: (0-1)
	ок
Read Command	Response
AT+CWNAT?	+CWNAT: <type></type>
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+CWNAT= <type></type>	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<type></type>	<u>0</u> – Symmetric	
	1 – Cone	

#### Example

AT+CWNAT: 0

OK
AT+CWNAT=1
OK

#### 27.3.9 AT+CWCLICNT Get client number connected to the WIFI

AT+CWCLICNT Get the client number connected to the WIFI	
Read Command	Response
AT+CWCLICNT?	+CWCLICNT: <cnt></cnt>
	or
	OK
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

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<cnt></cnt>	the connected client count, range is from 0 to 32.
-------------	--

# Example

# AT+CWCLICNT?

+CWCLICNT: 1

OK

# 27.3.10 AT+CWRSTD Restore to default setting

AT+CWRSTD Restore to d	efault setting
Execution Command AT+CWRSTD	Response OK ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	- 10119
Reference	I

# **Example**

#### AT+CWRSTD

OK

# 27.3.11 AT+CWMAPCFG WIFI configuration setting

AT+CWMAPCFG WIFI configuration setting	
Test Command	Response
AT+CWMAPCFG=?	+CWMAPCFG: ("enablessid2","configselect"),(0-2)
	OK
Read Command	Response
AT+CWMAPCFG?	+CWMAPCFG: <enablessid2_value>,<configselect_value></configselect_value></enablessid2_value>
	OK .
Write Command	Response

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AT+CWMAPCFG= <option>, <value></value></option>	ОК
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

<enablessid2_value></enablessid2_value>	<ul> <li><u>0</u> – AP mode</li> <li>1 – AP-AP mode</li> <li>2 – STA-AP mode</li> </ul>
<configselect_value></configselect_value>	Current AP ID (0 or 1 or 2)
<option></option>	"enablessid2" set WIFI mode
	"configselect" set the current AP ID
<value></value>	the value of the options.

#### NOTE

If (option="enablessid2")

- 0 AP mode
- 1 AP-AP mode
- 2 STA-AP mode

If (option="configselect")

Current AP ID (0 or 1 or 2) to be set.

When current AP ID is 0, the

AT+CWSSID/AT+CWBCAST/AT+CWAUTH/AT+CWMOCH/AT+CWISO/AT+CWDHCP/AT+CWCLICN

T/AT+CWMACADDR will modify the first AP's settings;

When current AP ID is 1, the

AT+CWSSID/AT+CWBCAST/AT+CWAUTH/AT+CWMOCH/AT+CWISO/

AT+CWDHCP/AT+CWCLICNT/AT+CWMACADDR will modify the second AP's settings;

When current AP ID is 2, the

AT+CWSSID/AT+CWBCAST/AT+CWAUTH/AT+CWMOCH/AT+CWISO/

AT+CWDHCP/AT+CWCLICNT/AT+CWMACADDR will modify the third AP's settings, the

AT+CWSTAIP/AT+CWSTASCAN/AT+CWSTACFG will modify the STA's settings.

#### NOTE

- 1. It can't set the configselect value to 1 when enablessid2 is 0.
- 2. The configselect value will be changed due to enablessid2.

enablessid2 configselect

0 <u>0</u> 1 <u>0</u> or 1 2 <u>2</u>

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AT+CWMAPCFG=?

+CWMAPCFG: ("enablessid2","configselect"),(0-2)

OK

AT+CWMAPCFG?

+CWMAPCFG: 0,0

OK

AT+CWMAPCFG="enablessid2",1 // Set enablessid2

OK

AT+CWMAPCFG="configselect",0 // Set configselect

OK

# 27.3.12 AT+CWLANSRV LAN server setting

AT+CWLANSRV LAN server	setting
Read Command AT+CWLANSRV?	Response +CWLANSRV: <server_ip>,<server_port>,<recv_mode></recv_mode></server_port></server_ip>
711 STEPHIOTOT	Terrization server appropriate y deer interest
	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CWLANSRV= <value></value>	OK
Write Command	Response
AT+CWLANSRV=0, <server_< td=""><td>OK</td></server_<>	OK
port>[, <recv_mode>]</recv_mode>	
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	-

#### **Defined Values**

<server_ip></server_ip>	Default 192.168.225.1
<server_port></server_port>	Default 5555
	The range of permitted values is 1024 to 65535.
<recv_mode></recv_mode>	<ul> <li><u>0</u> - Report messages directly with URC(+CWLANMSG)</li> <li>1 - Report cached bytes when new messages are received (+CWLANMSG: <cached_len>). And use AT+CWLANMGET to get cached bytes.</cached_len></li> </ul>

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<value></value>	<u>0</u>	_	close the server
	1	_	open the server

#### AT+CWLANSRV?

+CWLANSRV: 192.168.225.1,5555,0

OK

AT+CWLANSRV=1

OK

+CWLANMSG: 123456789

AT+CWLANSRV=0,44444,1

OK

AT+CWLANSRV?

+CWLANSRV: 192.168.225.1,44444,1

OK

AT+CWLANSRV=1

OK

+CWLANMSG: 10

+CWLANMSG: 20

+CWLANMSG: 30

+CWLANMSG: 40

+CWLANMSG: 50

#### **AT+CWLANMGET=30**

+CWLANMGET: 030,123456789012345678901234567890

OK

#### **AT+CWLANMGET=30**

+CWLANMGET: 020,12345678901234567890

OK

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#### 27.3.13 AT+CWLANMSG Send message

Must open the lan server first (AT+CWLANSRV=1).

AT+CWLANMSG Send message				
Write Command	Response			
AT+CWLANMSG= <tx_msg></tx_msg>	OK			
	ERROR			
Received urc message				
+CWLANMSG:				
<rx_msg>,<tail></tail></rx_msg>				
Received urc message				
+CWLANMSG:				
<cached_len></cached_len>				
Parameter Saving Mode	- // · ( ) / ·			
Maximum Response Time				
Reference				

# **Defined Values**

<tx_msg></tx_msg>	Hexadecimal string. The max length of message is 512.
<rx_msg></rx_msg>	ASCII string.  (1)The message must end with 0x0A from the client.  (2)The max length of <message> is 1024,and ignore others.</message>
<tail></tail>	0x0D0A0D0D0A Normal tail. 0x0D0D0A The message has 0x00.
<cached_len></cached_len>	Cached bytes. The max length is 10*1024.

#### Example

AT+CWLANSRV=1
OK
AT+CWLANMSG="31323434"
OK
+CWLANMSG: 1234\r\n\r\r\n

# 27.3.14 AT+CWLANMGET Manual get cached bytes

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Must open the lan server first (AT+CWLANSRV=1).

AT+CWLANMGET Manual get cached bytes				
Read Command	Response			
AT+CWLANMGET?	+CWLANMGET: <cached_len></cached_len>			
	ОК			
Write Command	Response			
AT+CWLANMGET= <len></len>	+CWLANMGET: <len></len>			
	<msg></msg>			
	ок			
Parameter Saving Mode	-			
Maximum Response Time	-			
Reference	-			

#### **Defined Values**

<len></len>	The length customer want to get.Max length is 100.
<msg></msg>	Received message.
<cached_len></cached_len>	Cached bytes.
	The max length is 10*1024.

#### Example

#### AT+CWLANSRV=1

OK

+CWLANMSG: 110

#### AT+CWLANMGET=100

+CWLANMGET: 100

2345678901234567890

OK

#### AT+CWLANMGET?

+CWLANMGET: 10

OK

#### 27.3.15 AT+CWMACADDR Get MAC address

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AT+CWMACADDR Get MAC address			
Read Command	Response		
AT+CWMACADDR?	[ <number>,<mac_addr></mac_addr></number>		
	[]]		
	OK		
Parameter Saving Mode	-		
Maximum Response Time	-		
Reference	-		

<number></number>	0 – host mac addr	
	1 – client mac addr	
	– client mac addr	
<mac_addr></mac_addr>	Device mac address	

# **Example**

#### AT+CWMACADDR?

0,00:0A:F5:88:88:8F 1,74:23:44:8f:64:fd

OK

# 27.3.16 AT+CWNETCNCT Query the connection to the network

AT+CWNETCNCT Query the connection to the network			
Read Command AT+CWNETCNCT?	Response +CWNETCNCT: <flag></flag>		
ATTOWNETONOTE	TOWNE TONOT. Slage		
	OK		
Parameter Saving Mode	-		
Maximum Response Time	-		
Reference	-		

#### **Defined Values**

<flag></flag>	0	_	disconnect
	1	_	connect

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#### AT+CWNETCNCT?

+CWNETCNCT: 1

OK

#### 27.3.17 AT+CWSTAIP Get STA mode IP address

AT+CWSTAIP Get STA mode IP address				
Read Command	Response			
AT+CWSTAIP?	[+CWSTAIP: <ip address="">]</ip>			
	OK			
	or			
	ERROR			
Parameter Saving Mode				
Maximum Response Time				
Reference	- 1/1			

#### **Defined Values**

<ip address=""></ip>	the station IP address

# Example

#### AT+CWSTAIP?

+CWSTAIP: 192.168.11.27

OK

#### 27.3.18 AT+CWSTASCAN Scan WIFI network

AT+CWSTASCAN Scan WiFi network			
Read Command	Response		
AT+CWSTASCAN?	+CWSTASCAN: <flag_show_signal></flag_show_signal>		
	OK		
	or		

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	ERROR
Write Command	Response
AT+CWSTASCAN= <flag_sh< td=""><td>OK</td></flag_sh<>	OK
ow_signal>	or
	ERROR
Read Command	Response
AT+CWSTASCAN	[+CWSTASCAN:
	<bssid>,<ssid>[,signal]</ssid></bssid>
	[]]
	OK
	or
	ERROR
Parameter Saving Mode	-
Maximum Response Time	-
Reference	
Defined Values	

<flag_show_signal></flag_show_signal>	<ul> <li>0 - Don't show the signal level. It's the default value.</li> <li>1 - Show the signal level.</li> </ul>	
<bssid></bssid>	The MAC address of external wireless network.	
<ssid></ssid>	The SSID name of external wireless network.	
<signal></signal>	The signal level of external wireless network.	

#### **Example**

#### AT+CWSTASCAN

+CWSTASCAN:

4c:e6:76:49:2a:48, simtest

OK

AT+CWSTASCAN=1

OK

AT+CWSTASCAN?

+CWSTASCAN: 1

OK

#### AT+CWSTASCAN

+CWSTASCAN:

f4:83:cd:d8:24:c8,TP-LINK\_24C8,-52 80:89:17:10:e6:23,TP-LINK\_SW2,-58

14:2d:27:24:98:61, Public, -58

bc:46:99:38:e2:ca,TP-LINK\_E2CA,-64

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0c:72:d9:49:25:8b,nubia-WD670-258B,-92 50:2b:73:c0:aa:d9,Tenda\_C0AAD9,-68

OK

#### 27.3.19 AT+CWSTACFG STA mode configuration setting

AT+CWSTACFG STA mode configuration setting		
Read Command	Response	
AT+CWSTACFG?	+CWSTACFG: <ssid>[,<security>,<proto>,<psk>]</psk></proto></security></ssid>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CWSTACFG= <ssid>[,<s< td=""><td>ОК</td></s<></ssid>	ОК	
ecurity>, <proto>,<psk>]</psk></proto>		
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode		
Maximum Response Time		
Reference	- 10	

#### **Defined Values**

TOTOTOTO	
Defined Values	
<ssid></ssid>	The SSID name of external wireless network.
<security></security>	Reserved value.
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Reserved value.
<psk></psk>	The password of external wireless network.

#### NOTE

- 1. The configselect value must set to 2;
- 2. The <security> and <proto> are reserved value which is in ort to compatible with previous versions. These 2 parameters can be entered NULL or any combination.

#### **Example**

AT+CWSTACFG="simtest",2,1,"1234567890"

OK

AT+CWSTACFG?

+CWSTACFG: "simtest",,,"1234567890"

OK

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AT+CWSTACFG="simtest",,,"1234567890"

OK

AT+CWSTACFG?

+CWSTACFG: "simtest",,,"1234567890"

OK

AT+CWSTACFG="simtest",,,""

OK

AT+CWSTACFG?

+CWSTACFG: "simtest"

OK

AT+CWSTACFG="simtest"

OK

AT+CWSTACFG?

+CWSTACFG: "simtest"

OK

# 27.3.20 AT+CWSTAINIT STA mode setting

AT+CWSTAINIT STA mode setting		
Test Command	Response	
AT+CWSTAINIT=?	+CWSTAINIT: (0-1)	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CWSTAINIT?	+CWSTAINIT: <type></type>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CWSTAINIT= <type></type>	OK	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode	NO_SAVE	
Maximum Response Time	-	
Reference	-	

#### **Defined Values**

<type></type>	<u>0</u>	_	close station mode

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1 –	open station mode

AT+CWSTAINIT=? +CWSTAINIT: (0-1)

OK

AT+CWSTAINIT=0

OK

AT+CWSTAINIT?

+CWSTAINIT: 0

OK

# 27.3.21 AT+CWUSRINFO Auth information of wifi data call setting

The username and password are only for CDMA/EVDO network mode.

AT+CWUSRINFO Auth information of wifi data call setting		
Test Command AT+CWUSRINFO=?	Response +CWUSRINFO: (1-127),(1-127)	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+CWUSRINFO?	+CWUSRINFO: <usrname>,<password> OK</password></usrname>	
Write Command	Response	
AT+CWUSRINFO= <usrname>,<password></password></usrname>	OK	
	ERROR	
Parameter Saving Mode	-	
Maximum Response Time	-	
Reference	-	

#### **Defined Values**

<usrname></usrname>	username string. The length is from 1 to 127.
<password></password>	password string. The length is from 1 to 127.

NOTE

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- 1. It need to reset when set the username and password.
- 2. If not set the username and password, the default value is "ctnet@mycdma.cn" and "vnet.mobi".

#### AT+CWUSRINFO=?

+CWUSRINFO: (1-127),(1-127)

OK

AT+CWUSRINFO?

+CWUSRINFO: "ctnet@mycdma.cn","vnet.mobi"

OK

AT+CWUSRINFO="username","pwd"

OK

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# **28. AT Commands for BT**

# 28.1 Overview of AT Commands for BT

Command	Description
AT+BTPOWER	Open/Close BT
AT+BTHOST	Get/Set host name
AT+BTSCAN	Scan BT devices
AT+BTIOCAP	IOCAP Mode Setting
AT+BTPAIR	Pair with the paired BT devices
AT+BTUNPAIR	Unpair with the paired BT devices
AT+BTPAIRED	Get Paired BT devices
AT+BTSPPSRV	Active/Deactive spp server
AT+BTSPPPROF	Get remote device spp status
AT+BTSPPCONN	SPP connect/disconnect
AT+BTSPPSEND	SPP send data
AT+BTGATTREG	GATT Register
AT+BTGATTACT	GATT Active
AT+BTGATTCREDB	GATT Create DB
AT+BTGATTCRESRV	GATT Create Service
AT+BTGATTCRECHAR	Create Service characteristic
AT+BTGATTCRECHARDES	Create Service characteristic description
AT+BTGATTSRVADD	DB Add To GATT Server
AT+BTGATTREADCFM	Response to BTGATTREADIND
AT+BTGATTWRCFM	Response to BVTGATTWRIND
AT+BTGATTNOTIFY	Send Notification to client
AT+BTGATTSENDIND	Send Indication to client
+BTSPPRECV	SPP receive data
+BTGATTCONN	Client connect status
+BTGATTREADIND	Receive client read request
+BTGATTWRIND	Receive client write request

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# 28.2 Detailed Description of AT Commands for BT

#### 28.2.1 AT+BTPOWER Open/Close BT

AT+BTPOWER Open/Close BT		
Test Command	Response	
AT+BTPOWER=?	+BTPOWER: (0-1)	
	ок	
Read Command  AT+BTPOWER?	+BTPOWER: <flag></flag>	
AI DIFOWER:	ок	
Write Command	Response	
AT+BTPOWER= <flag>[,<de< td=""><td>ОК</td></de<></flag>	ОК	
bug_switch>]	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<flag></flag>	0 – Stop bt csr app
	1 – Start bt csr app
<debug_switch></debug_switch>	Only allowed set to 1, means to save bt log file after csr app is start.

# Example

AT+BTPOWER? +BTPOWER: 1

OK

AT+BTPOWER=0

OK

AT+BTPOWER=1,1

OK

#### **NOTE**

• When <flag> set to 0, <debug\_switch> can not be set.

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#### 28.2.2 AT+BTHOST Get/Set host name

AT+BTHOST Get/Set host name		
Read Command	Response	
AT+BTHOST?	+BTHOST: <host_name>, <host addr="" mac=""></host></host_name>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+BTHOST= btname>	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

   	new Bluetooth name string. Support Chinese characters.
	Max length 64
<host addr="" mac=""></host>	Bluetooth mac address format(xx:xx:xx:xx:xx), x(0-9,A-F)
	The default value is SIM7600_BT_xxxxxx(mac addr 3 lower bytes).

# Example

#### AT+BTHOST?

+BTHOST: SIM7600\_BT\_AC8DD9, 00:02:5B:AC:8D:D9

OK

AT+BTHOST="abc"

OK

#### 28.2.3 AT+BTSCAN Scan BT devices

AT+BTSCAN Scan BT devices	
Test Command	Response
AT+BTSCAN=?	+BTSCAN: (0-1),(0-1),(6-60)
	ок
Write Command	Response
AT+BTSCAN= <doscan>[,<mode< td=""><td>OK</td></mode<></doscan>	OK
>[, <timeout>]]</timeout>	+BTSCAN: <scan status="">, <index1>, <bt name="">, <mac< td=""></mac<></bt></index1></scan>
	Addr>, <rssi level=""></rssi>
	+BTSCAN: <scan status="">, <index2>, <bt name="">, <mac< td=""></mac<></bt></index2></scan>

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Addr>, <rssi level=""> []] +BTSCAN: 1 //scan end flag</rssi>
or
ERROR

<doscan></doscan>	0 – stop scan 1 – scan	
<mode></mode>	<ul><li>0 – don't hide paired devices</li><li>1 – hide paired devices</li></ul>	
<timeout></timeout>	Timeout seconds. Default value is 10	
<scan status=""></scan>	0 – scanning 1 – scan ended	
<index></index>	The index of remote bluetooth device, the value start with 1.	
<bt name=""></bt>	The bluetooth name of remote device.	
<mac addr=""></mac>	The bluetooth mac address of the remote device.	
<rssi level=""></rssi>	the rssi level of the device	

#### Example

#### **AT+BTSCAN=1,0,10**

OK

+BTSCAN: 0, 1, MKRJ2B-GONGYONG, B8:86:87:43:4B:6A, 186

+BTSCAN: 0, 2, MK-JUMPING, 00:19:86:00:08:60, 184

+BTSCAN: 0, 3, OPPO A57, 4C:18:9A:89:88:7E, 174

+BTSCAN: 0, 4, ww炸, C4:0B:CB:3E:68:62, 173

+BTSCAN: 0, 5, ofo, F7:51:3B:1F:AF:B5, 165

+BTSCAN: 1

AT+BTSCAN=0,0,10

OK

#### 28.2.4 AT+BTIOCAP IOCAP Mode Setting

# AT+BTIOCAP IOCAP Mode Setting Test Command Response AT+BTIOCAP=? +BTIOCAP: (0-3)

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	ОК
Write Command AT+BTIOCAP= <mode></mode>	Response +BTIOCAP: 1
	ОК
	or
	ERROR

<mode></mode>	0	_	Display Only Device
	1	_	Display and Yes and No Capable
	2	_	Keyboard Only
	3	_	No Display or Input Device

# Example

```
AT+BTIOCAP=3
+BTIOCAP: 1

OK
```

# 28.2.5 AT+BTPAIR Pair with other BT device

AT+BTPAIR Pair with other BT device		
Test Command	Response	
AT+BTPAIR=?	+BTPAIR: (index)	
	ок	
Write Command	Response	
AT+BTPAIR=0, <scan index=""></scan>	Send PAIR request to other BT device.	
	OK	
	+BTPAIRING: <mode>, <device name="">, <device mac="">[,</device></device></mode>	
	<pre><passkey>]</passkey></pre>	
	or	
	ERROR	
Write Command	Response	
AT+BTPAIR= <mode>,<acce< td=""><td>Accept PAIR request from other BT device.</td></acce<></mode>	Accept PAIR request from other BT device.	
pt>[, <passkey>]</passkey>	OK	
	+BTPAIR: <pair result="">[, <device name="">, <device mac="">]</device></device></pair>	
	or	
	ERROR	

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<mode></mode>	1 Compare mode need user send accept command	
	2 Passkey mode need user send accept command and passkey	
	3 Rebond mode need user send accept command	
	4 Notify mode just notify user pairing status, user do nothing	
	5 Just work mode will not receive this mode, user do nothing	
	6 Pin code mode need user send accept command and pin code	
<passkey></passkey>	Random generate 6 numberic code	
<scan index=""></scan>	BTSCAN response index	
<device name=""></device>	The bluetooth name of connected device	
<device mac=""></device>	The bluetooth mac address of the connected device	
<pair result=""></pair>	0 – fail	
	1 – success	
<accept></accept>	0 – reject	
	1 – accept	

#### **Example**

#### **AT+BTSCAN=1,0,10**

+BTSCAN: 0, 1, OPPO R7Plusm, 2C:5B:B8:1A:33:3C, 189

+BTSCAN: 0, 2, MK-JUMPING, 00:19:86:00:08:60, 183

+BTSCAN: 0, 3, MI Band 2, C8:EB:37:B3:56:57, 179

+BTSCAN: 0, 4, BU3-ZHANGWEI, 00:1A:7D:DA:71:11, 178

+BTSCAN: 0, 5, ww, C4:0B:CB:3E:68:62, 174

+BTSCAN:1

OK

#### AT+BTPAIR=0,5

OK

+BTPAIRING: 1, ww, C4:0B:CB:3E:68:62, 623850

#### AT+BTPAIR=1,1

OK

+BTPAIR: 1, ww, C4:0B:CB:3E:68:62

#### NOTE

- The time out of pairing is about 30 seconds
- Whether the pairing is initiative or passive, "AT+BTPAIR" Accept command must be execute after "+BTPAIRING: <mode>, <device name>, <device mac>[, <passkey>]" urc was reported.

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# 28.2.6 AT+BTUNPAIR Unpair with other BT device

AT+BTUNPAIR Unpair with other BT device		
Test Command	Response	
AT+BTUNPAIR=?	+BTUNPAIR: (index)	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	
AT+BTUNPAIR= <paired< td=""><td>OK</td></paired<>	OK	
index>	+BTUNPAIR: <status></status>	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<paired index=""></paired>	Interger, the response of AT+BTPAIRED.	
<status></status>	0 – fail	
	1 – success	

# Example

AT+BTUNPAIR=1 +BTUNPAIR: 1

OK

# 28.2.7 AT+BTPAIRED Get paired with BT device

AT+BTPAIRED Get paired with BT device		
Read Command	Response	
AT+BTPAIRED?	OK	
	+BTPAERED: <paired devices="" num="">, <index>, <bt name="">, <mac< td=""></mac<></bt></index></paired>	
	addr>	

# **Defined Values**

<pre><paired devices="" num=""></paired></pre>	The total number of bonded devices	
<index></index>	The index of current bond device	
<bt name=""></bt>	refer to AT+BTSCAN	

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<mac addr=""></mac>	refer to AT+BTSCAN

#### AT+BTPAIRED?

OK

+BTPAIRED: 2, 1, Honor V8, 60:83:34:82:CC:A3

+BTPAIRED: 2, 2, ww, C4:0B:CB:3E:68:62

### 28.2.8 AT+BTSPPSRV Active/Deactive spp server

AT+BTSPPSRV Active/Deactive spp server				
Test Command	Response			
AT+BTSPPSRV=?	+BTSPPSRV: (0-1)			
	OK			
Read Command	Response			
AT+BTSPPSRV?	+BTSPPSRV: <status></status>			
	OK			
Write Command	Response			
AT+BTSPPSRV= <flag></flag>	OK			
	+BTSPPSRV: <status></status>			
	or			
	ERROR			

#### **Defined Values**

<flag></flag>	0	_	deactive
	1	_	active
<status></status>	0	_	deactived
	1	_	actived

#### **Example**

#### AT+BTSPPSRV?

+BTSERVER: 0

OK

AT+BTSPPSRV=1

OK

+BTSPPSRV: 1

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#### 28.2.9 AT+BTSPPPROF Get remote device spp status

AT+BTSPPPROF Get remote device spp status		
Read Command	Read Command	
AT+BTSPPPROF= <index></index>	+BTSPPPROF: <status></status>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<index></index>	the index of response list of AT+BTPAIRED command		
<status></status>	0	-	device SPP service is not active
	1	_\	device SPP service is active

#### **Example**

#### AT+BTPAIRED?

OK

+BTPAIRED: 2, 1, Honor V8, 60:83:34:82:CC:A3

+BTPAIRED: 2, 2, ww, C4:0B:CB:3E:68:62

AT+BTSPPPROF=2

OK

+BTSPPPROF:1

#### 28.2.10 AT+BTSPPCONN SPP connect/disconnect

AT+BTSPPCONN SPP connect/disconnect		
Test Command	Response	
AT+BTSPPCONN=?	+BTSPPCONN: (0-1)	
	OK	
Read Command	Response	
AT+BTSPPCONN?	+BTSPPCONN: <status></status>	
	OK	
Write Command	Response	

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AT+BTSPPCONN= <action>[</action>	
, <paired index="">]</paired>	+BTSPPCONN: <status>[, <max frame="" size="">][, <device mac="">]</device></max></status>
	or
	ERROR

<action></action>	0 – disconect
	i – connect
<pre><paired index=""></paired></pre>	The response of AT+BTPAIRED. The max value is 64.
<status></status>	0 – disconnected
	1 – connected
<max frame="" size=""></max>	Maximum frame size (bytes)
<device mac=""></device>	Bluetooth MAC address of the connected device.

# Example

#### AT+BTSPPCONN?

+BTSPPCONN: 0

OK

AT+BTSPPCONN=1,1

OK

+BTSPPCONN: 1, 990, C4:07:2F:C5:D1:8A

#### NOTE

• The device may receive **+BTSPPCONN**: **<status>**[, **<max frame size>**][, **<device mac>**] when other device connected successfully.

#### 28.2.11 AT+BTSPPSEND SPP send data

AT+BTSPPSEND SPP send data		
Write Command	Response	
AT+BTSPPSEND= <data></data>	OK	
	+BTSPPSEND: <result></result>	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

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<data></data>	Format: ucs2
	"ucs2": 16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set; UCS2
	character strings are converted to hexadecimal number from 0000 to
	FFFF.
	For examples:
	If we want to send a string "123abc"
	The data is: 003100320033006100620063
<result></result>	0 – send fail
	1 - send success

#### AT+BTSPPSEND=003100320033006100620063

OK

+BTSPPSEND: 1

# 28.2.12 AT+BTGATTREG GATT Register

AT+BTGATTREG GATT Register		
Write Command	Response	
AT+BTGATTREG= <status></status>	+BTGATTREG: <status></status>	
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

# **Defined Values**

<status></status>	0	_	unregister
	1	_	register

# Example

#### AT+BTGATTREG=1

+BTGATTREG: 1

OK

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#### 28.2.13 AT+BTGATTACT GATT Active

AT+BTGATTACT GATT Active					
Execution Command	Response				
AT+BTGATTACT	+BTGATTACT: <status></status>				
	OK				
	or				
	ERROR				
Write Command	Response				
AT+BTGATTACT= <auto_bro< th=""><th>OK</th></auto_bro<>	OK				
adcast>[, <perferedmtu>]</perferedmtu>	or				
	ERROR				

#### **Defined Values**

<status></status>	1 – active 0 – not avtive
<auto_brodcast></auto_brodcast>	<ul> <li>0 - disable auto activate GATT after a connection was closed</li> <li>1 - enable auto activate GATT after a connection was closed</li> </ul>
<perferedmtu></perferedmtu>	A integer value from 24 to 512, means to the maximum size of any packet sent between a client and a server. If not set, default packet size is 23 bytes. The details refer to Note.

#### **Example**

AT+BTGATTACT +BTGATTACT: 1

OK

#### 28.2.14 AT+BTGATTCREDB GATT Create DB

AT+BTGATTCREDB GATT Create DB				
Execution Command	Response			
AT+BTGATTCREDB	+BTGATTCREDB: <status></status>			
	OK			
	or			
	ERROR			

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<status></status>	1	_	success
	0	_	fail

#### **Example**

#### AT+BTGATTCREDB

+BTGATTCREDB: 1

OK

# 28.2.15 AT+BTGATTCRESRV GATT Create Service

AT+BTGATTCRESRV GATT Create Service						
Write Command	Response					
AT+BTGATTCRESRV= <uuid +btgattcresrv:="" <status=""></uuid>						
>						
	OK					
	or					
	ERROR					

#### **Defined Values**

<uuid></uuid>	Service id,4 Hex character or 32 Hex character			
<status></status>	1	_	success	
	0	_	fail	

#### Example

### **AT+BTGATTCRESRV=34A3**

**+BTGATTCRESRV: 1** 

OK

#### 28.2.16 AT+BTGATTCRECHAR Create Service characteristic

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AT+BTGATTCRECHAR Create Service characteristic					
Write Command	Response				
AT+BTGATTCRECHAR= <uu< th=""><td>+BTGATTCRECHAR: <status>,0X<uuid>,<handle></handle></uuid></status></td></uu<>	+BTGATTCRECHAR: <status>,0X<uuid>,<handle></handle></uuid></status>				
id>, <property>,<permission< th=""><td></td></permission<></property>					
>	OK				
	or				
	ERROR				

<uuid></uuid>	UUID of this characteristic. A string with hex value. The length of it only can be set 4 or 32.				
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Properties of this characteristic.				
<pre><permission></permission></pre>	Permission of this characteristic.				
<status></status>	1 – success 0 – fail				
<handle></handle>	Int, Characteristic handle				

# Example

AT+BTGATTCRECHAR=34567,2,16

+BTGATTCRECHAR: 1,0X4567,13

OK

# 28.2.17 AT+BTGATTCRECHARDES Create Service characteristic description

AT+BTGATTCRECHARDES	Create Service characteristic description
Excution Command	Response
AT+BTGATTCRECHARDES	+BTGATTCRECHARDES: <status></status>
	OK
	or
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<status></status>	1	_	success
	0	_	fail

# **Example**

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AT+B1	IGAL	ICKE	CHAI	<b>VDE3</b>

+BTGATTCRECHARDES: 1

OK

#### 28.2.18 AT+BTGATTSRVADD DB Add To GATT Server

AT+BTGATTSRVADD DB	Add To GATT Server
Excution Command	Response
AT+BTGATTSRVADD	+BTGATTSRVADD: <status></status>
	OK
	or
	ERROR

#### **Defined Values**

<status></status>	1	_	success
	0	_	fail

#### **Example**

#### AT+BTGATTSRVADD

+BTGATTSRVADD: 1

OK

#### 28.2.19 AT+BTGATTREADCFM Response to BTGATTREADIND

#### 

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<respcode></respcode>	Response result for client request. The range is 0-255.
	0 – success
	Others - not support, invalid parameter
<data></data>	character, Response data to BTGATTREADIND, if data length less
	than maxlen(BTGATTREADIND return), data will be send immediately
	to client, if data length equal to maxlen, the module will receive
	BTGATTREADIND again till data length less than maxlen.

# **Example**

**+BTGATTREADIND:** 13,22

AT+BTGATTREADCFM=0,123456

**+BTGATTREADCFM: 1** 

OK

# 28.2.20 AT+BTGATTWRCFM Response to BTGATTWRIND

AT+BTGATTWRCFM Response to BTGATTWRIND		
Write Command AT+BTGATTWRCFM= <result></result>	Response +BTGATTWRCFM: <status></status>	
	OK or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<result></result>	0	_	success
<status></status>	1	_	success

# Example

+BTGATTWRIND: 15,DB12C8

AT+BTGATTWRCFM=0 +BTGATTWRCFM: 1

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OK

#### 28.2.21 AT+BTGATTNOTIFY Send Notification to client

AT+BTGATTNOTIFY Send Notification to client		
Write Command	Response	
AT+BTGATTNOTIFY= <handl< th=""><th>+BTGATTNOTIFY: <status></status></th></handl<>	+BTGATTNOTIFY: <status></status>	
e>, <data></data>		
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

<handle></handle>	Int, Characteristic handle, (2.17 response returns, nd the characteristic's property is indication)
<data></data>	character, Data to be send, (max length is 20)
<status></status>	1 – success
	0 – fail

#### Example

AT+BTGATTNOTIFY=17,34567 +BTGATTNOTIFY:1

OK

#### 28.2.22 AT+BTGATTSENDIND Send Indication to client

AT+BTGATTSENDIND Send Indication to client		
Write Command	Response	
AT+BTGATTSENDIND= <han< th=""><th>+BTGATTSENDIND: <status></status></th></han<>	+BTGATTSENDIND: <status></status>	
dle>, <data></data>		
	OK	
	or	
	ERROR	

#### **Defined Values**

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<handle></handle>	Int, Characteristic handle, (28.2.16 response returns, nd the characteristic's property is indication)
<data></data>	character, Data to be send, (max length is 20)
<status></status>	1 – success 0 – fail

#### AT+BTGATTSENDIND=19,34567

+BTGATTSENDIND: 1

OK

#### 28.2.23 +BTSPPRECV SPP receive data

+BTSPPRECV SPP receive data		
	Response	
	+BTSPPRECV: <data len="">,<data></data></data>	

#### **Defined Values**

<data len=""></data>	Integer type, 0 - 100
<data></data>	Format: ucs2
	For examples:
	If we have received a string 003100320033006100620063
	Means receive a string "123abc"

# Example

+BTSPPRECV=12, 003100320033006100620063

+BTGATTSENDIND: 1

#### 28.2.24 +BTGATTCONN Client connect status

+BTGATTCONN Client conn	Client connect status	
	Response	
	+BTGATTCONN: <status>, <device mac=""></device></status>	

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<status></status>	1 – connected
	0 – disconnected
<device mac=""></device>	Bluetooth MAC address of the connected device.

# **Example**

+BTGATTCONN: 1, 68:68:79:6D:75:26

# 28.2.25 +BTGATTREADIND Receive client read request

+BTGATTREADIND	Receive client read request		
	Response		
	+BTGATTREADIND: <handle>,<maxlen></maxlen></handle>		

# **Defined Values**

<handle></handle>	Int, Characteristic handle
<maxlen></maxlen>	The maximum length that the value of the attribute must have.

# Example

+BTGATTREADIND: 13,22

# 28.2.26 +BTGATTWRIND Receive client write request

+BTGATTWRIND Receive client write request	
	Response
	+BTGATTWRIND: <handle>,<data></data></handle>

#### **Defined Values**

<handle></handle>	Int, Characteristic handle
<data></data>	Data to be writed (Hex charcters)

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+BTGATTWRIND: 15,DB12C8



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