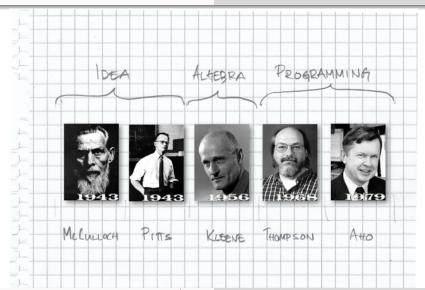
Introduction to Regular Expressions

Dariusz Śmigiel

PyZurich, 12/10/2015

Origins
re module
Do I need it?
Features
Regex Example
The Dragon



Origins
re module
Do I need it?
Features
Regex Example
The Dragon

Delivering Quality since December 31, 1997

Origins
re module
Do I need it?
Features
Regex Example
The Dragon

Delivering Quality since December 31, 1997 Release of Python 1.5

Origins
re module
Do I need it?
Features
Regex Example
The Dragon

Delivering Quality since December 31, 1997 Release of Python 1.5

• Deprecated old module 'regex', based on Perl-style patterns.

Origins
re module
Do I need it?
Features
Regex Example
The Dragon

Delivering Quality since December 31, 1997 Release of Python 1.5

- Deprecated old module 'regex', based on Perl-style patterns.
- 'regex' finally removed in Python 2.5 (September 19, 2006)

Origins re module Do I need it? Features Regex Example The Dragon

Answer for questions:

Origins re module Do I need it? Features Regex Example The Dragon

Answer for questions:

- "Does this string match the pattern?"
- "Is there a match for the pattern anywhere in this string?"

Answer for questions:

- "Does this string match the pattern?"
- "Is there a match for the pattern anywhere in this string?"
- Replace part of it
- Split into pieces

Origins re module Do I need it? Features Regex Example The Dragon

re is handled as string - there is no special syntax for expressing it (advantage and disadvantage)

Origins re module Do I need it? Features Regex Example The Dragon

re is handled as string - there is no special syntax for expressing it (advantage and disadvantage) re patterns are compiled into bytecode

Origins re module Do I need it? Features Regex Example The Dragon

re is handled as string - there is no special syntax for expressing it (advantage and disadvantage) re patterns are compiled into bytecode re module is a C extension module (like socket or zlib)

re is handled as string - there is no special syntax for expressing it (advantage and disadvantage) re patterns are compiled into bytecode re module is a C extension module (like socket or zlib) re language is relatively small and restricted

- not all possible string processing tasks can be done
- some of them can be done, but expression would be very complicated

Origins
re module
Do I need it?
Features
Regex Example
The Dragon

 $(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:(?:[?()<>@,;:\".\[] \000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])$)+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))|"(?:[^\"\r\\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?: \r\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))|"(?:[^\"\r\\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*))*@(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\0 $31]+(?:(?:(?:(r\cdot n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>0,;:\\".\[]]))|\[([^\[]\r\]]|\.)*$ $(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[] \000-\031]+$ $(?:(?:(?:(r\setminus n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>0,::\\".\[]]))|\[([^\[]\r)]+|\Z|(?:(?:(?:(r), r)))|$ $(?:\r\n)?[\t])*))*|(?:[^()<>@,;:\".\[\] \000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+|\Z$ | (?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))|"(?:[^\\\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n) ?[\t])*)*\<(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:@(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:(?: r^n r^n \t]) *) (?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]) *(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n) ?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))|\[([^\[\]\r\\]|\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*))*(?:,@(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\031]+(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))|\[([^\[\]\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))|\[([^\[\]\r\\]|\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*))*) *:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)?(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+ $|Z| (?=[["() <> @,;:\".\[]]))|"(?:[^\"\r\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)$ $\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>0,;:\\".\[\] \000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:$])) *"($?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]$) *000-\031 4日 > 4周 > 4 章 > 4 章 >

re module
Do I need it?
Features
Regex Example
The Dragon

?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\031]+(? :(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))|\[([^\[\]\r\\]|\\.)*\](?:(? $\frac{1}{r^n}?[\t] *) * (?:(?:\t]) *) | (?:[^()<>0,::\t]. | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031] + (?:(?). | (0.00-0.031]$:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))|"(?:[^\\\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)? [\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)*:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:(?:(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\] $000-031]+(?:(?:(?:(r\cdot n)?[\cdot t])+|\cdot Z|(?=[\cdot ["()<>0,;:\cdot \".\cdot [\cdot]]))|"(?:[^\cdot \"\cdot r)]|$ \\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<> 0,;:\\".\[\]\\\000-\031]+(?:(?:\\r\\n)?[\\t])+\\\\\Z\(?=[\["()<>0,;:\\".\[\]]]))\\" (?:[^\"\r\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*))*@(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\] \000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\ ".\[\]))\\[([^\[\]\r\\]|\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(? $:[^()<>0,;:^".^[] \ 000-031]+(?:(?:(?:(r\cdot n)?[\cdot t])+|\cdot z|(?=[\cdot ["()<>0,;:\cdot\".\cdot|".\cdot|"])$ $031]+(?:(?:(?:(r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[]]))|"(?:[^\\r\]|\\.|($?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)*\<(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:@(?:[^()<>@,; ^\[\]\\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\" $.\[\] \] \] \[\] \] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \[\] \] \[\] \$ $1\r\langle 1 \rangle \times 1 (?:(?:(r\n)?[\t]) \times (?:,@(?:(?:(r\n)?[\t]) \times (?:[^()<>@.;:\\".\$ $[\] \000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:(r\cdotn)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\".\[]]))|\[([^\[])$ $000-031]+(2:(2:(2:(r)n)2[\t])+[\t](2=[\t](0)<0.;:\t]))+[([^\[])r^]$ $|\cdot,\cdot|$ (?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)*:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)?(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\0

Origins
re module
Do I need it?
Features
Regex Example
The Dragon

 $00-\031]+(?:(?:(?:(r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>0.;:\\".\[]]))|"(?:[^\"\\]|\\$ $.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>0,$:[^\"\r\\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*))*@(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])* $(?:[^()<>0,;:^".^[] \ 000-031]+(?:(?:(?:^n)?[^t])+|^z|(?=[^["()<>0,;:^".$ \[\]]))|\[([^\[\]\r\\]|\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\] \000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))|\[([^\[\]\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*))*\>(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:,\s*($?:(?:[^()<>0,::]^{"}()<>0,::]$ ".\[\]]))|"(?:[^\"\r\\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+\\Z\(?=[\["()<>@,;:\\".\[\]))|"(?:[^\"\r\\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t $(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])$ $1) + |X| (?=[["() <> 0, ; :\"., []])) | [([^\[]\r\]]|\.) *] (?: (?: \r\n)?[\t]) *) (?$ $(?:(?:(?:(r\n)?[\t])*(?:[^()<>0,;:\\".\[] \000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:(r\n)?[\t])+|$ $\Z | (?=[\["() <> @,;:\"..[\]])) | [([^\[] r\]] | \.) *] (?:(?:(r\n)?[\t]) *)) * | (?:$ $[`() <>0, ; : \".\[] \000-\031]+(?:(?:(r:\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\["() <>0, ; : \".\[])$]]))|"(?:[^\"\r\\]|\\.|(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t]))*"(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)*\<(?:(?:\r\n) ?[\t])*(?:@(?:[^()<>@,;:\\".\[\]\000-\031]+(?:(?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])+|\Z|(?=[\[" ()<>@,;:\\".\[\]]))\\[([^\[\]\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:\r\n) $?[\t])*(?:[^()<>0,;:\\".\[]\t])*(?:(?:(?:\n)?[\t])+|\t](?=[\["()<>0,:])*(?:[^())*(?[())*(?[())*(?:[^())*(?:[^())*(?:[^())*(?[())*(?:[^())*(?:[^())$ @,;:\\".\[\]]))\\[([^\[\]\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*))*(?:.@(?:(?:\r\n)?[$\t (?:[^()<>0,::\\".(]) \ (000-(031]+(?:(?:(?:(r\cdotn)?[^t])+|\cdot|\cdot|) \ (?=[\cdot|`"()<>0,::)$;:\\".\[\]))\\[([^\[\]\\.)*\](?:(?:\r\n)?[\t])*)(?:\.(?:\r\n)?[\t] $\label{eq:continuous} $$ (?:[^()<>0,;:\\".\[] \ 000-031]+(?:(?:(x\cdot x)?[\ t])+|\ Z|(?=[\ ("()<>0,;:\\".\[])])|\ ([[^[\]/\x]).) (?:(?:(x\cdot x)?[\ t])+)\ x+(?:(?:(x\cdot x)?[\ t])+)\ 2] (?:[^()<>0,;:\\".\[])])| (?:(?:(x\cdot x)?[\ t])+|\ Z|(?=[\ ("()<>0,;:\\".\[])])| (?:(?:(x\cdot x)?[\ t])+|\ Z|(?=[\ (x\cdot x)])| (x\cdot x)?[\ t])+|\ Z|(?=[\ (x\cdot x)])| (x\cdot x)| (x\cdot x)?[\ t])+|\ Z|(?=[\ (x\cdot x)])| (x\cdot x)| (x\cdot$

Perl regex to validate email addresses according to the RFC 822 http://ex-parrot.com/~pdw/Mail-RFC822-Address

Origins re module Do I need it? Features Regex Example The Dragon

```
([a-zP]{18}) (\d{0,3}) [0-9]{4} (?P<name>[a-zA-Z]+),
\hookrightarrow (?P=name)
```

Compilation Process Flags Metacharacters Repeating Things Greedy vs. Non-greedy Backslash - escape metacharacters

"Backslash Plague" problem

```
>>> import re
>>> re.findall('[a-zA-Z0-9]+', 'Search test 03')
['Search', 'test', '03']
```

Compilation Process Flags Metacharacters Repeating Things Greedy vs. Non-greedy

Backslash - escape metacharacters

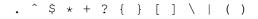
"Backslash Plague" problem

```
>>> import re
>>> re.findall('[a-zA-Z0-9]+', 'Search test 03')
['Search', 'test', '03']
>>> import re
>>> regex = re.compile('[a-zA-Z0-9]+')
>>> regex
re.compile('[a-zA-Z0-9]+')
>>> re.findall(regex, 'Search test 02')
['Search', 'test', '02']
```

Compilation Process

```
>>> import re
>>> re.findall('[a-zA-Z0-9]+', 'Search test 03')
['Search', 'test', '03']
>>> import re
>>> regex = re.compile('[a-zA-Z0-9]+')
>>> regex
re.compile('[a-zA-Z0-9]+')
>>> re.findall(regex, 'Search test 02')
['Search', 'test', '02']
>>> import re
>>> regex = re.compile('[a-zA-Z0-9]+')
>>> regex
re.compile('[a-zA-Z0-9]+')
>>> regex.findall('Search test 01')
['Search', 'test', '01']
```

- re.DEBUG
- re.ASCII, re.A
- re.IGNORECASE, re.I
- re.MULTILINE, re.M
- re.DOTALL, re.S
- re.VERBOSE, re.X
- re.LOCALE, re.L Do not use. Deprecated in Py3.5, will be removed in Py3.6



```
[ ] - class: set of characters
>>> import re
>>> re.findall("[def]", "abcdefghi")
['d', 'e', 'f']
>>> re.findall("[d-f]", "abcdefghi")
['d', 'e', 'f']
>>>
```

```
[ ] - class: set of characters
>>> import re
>>> re.findall("[def]", "abcdefghi")
['d', 'e', 'f']
>>> re.findall("[d-f]", "abcdefghi")
['d', 'e', 'f']
>>>
```

```
Metacharacters are not active inside class
```

```
>>> re.findall("[d-f$]", "abcdefg$hi")
['d', 'e', 'f', '$']
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

^ - complement of set

```
>>> import re
>>> re.findall("[^5]", "abc 456 xyz")
['a', 'b', 'c', ' ', '4', '6', ' ', 'x', 'y', 'z']
>>>
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

. - dot. Matches anything except a newline character

```
>>> import re
>>> regex = re.compile(".")
>>> regex.findall("string")
['s', 't', 'r', 'i', 'n', 'g']
>>>
```

. - dot. Matches anything except a newline character

```
>>> import re
>>> regex = re.compile(".")
>>> regex.findall("string")
['s', 't', 'r', 'i', 'n', 'g']
>>>
```

re.S compilation flag changes default behavior.

```
| - "or" operator
>>> re.findall("No|Yes", "Yes and No")
['Yes', 'No']
```

```
| - "or" operator
>>> re.findall("No|Yes", "Yes and No")
['Yes', 'No']
>>> re.findall("Yes|No", "Yes|No")
['Yes', 'No']
>>> re.findall("Yes\|No", "Yes|No")
['Yes|No']
>>>
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

* - asterisk. Specifies that previous character can be matched zero or more times.

```
>>> re.findall("ca*t", "ct, cat, caat")
['ct', 'cat', 'caat']
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

* - asterisk. Specifies that previous character can be matched zero or more times.

```
>>> re.findall("ca*t", "ct, cat, caat")
['ct', 'cat', 'caat']
```

+ - plus. Similar to \star , but requires at least one occurrence of character.

```
>>> re.findall("ca+t", "ct, cat, caat")
['cat', 'caat']
```

* - asterisk. Specifies that previous character can be matched zero or more times.

```
>>> re.findall("ca*t", "ct, cat, caat")
['ct', 'cat', 'caat']
```

+ - plus. Similar to \star , but requires at least one occurrence of character.

```
>>> re.findall("ca+t", "ct, cat, caat")
['cat', 'caat']
```

? - question mark. Matches either once or zero times

```
>>> re.findall("ca?t", "ct, cat, caat")
['ct', 'cat']
```

* - asterisk. Specifies that previous character can be matched zero or more times.

```
>>> re.findall("ca*t", "ct, cat, caat")
['ct', 'cat', 'caat']
```

+ - plus. Similar to \star , but requires at least one occurrence of character.

```
>>> re.findall("ca+t", "ct, cat, caat")
['cat', 'caat']
```

? - question mark. Matches either once or zero times

```
>>> re.findall("ca?t", "ct, cat, caat")
['ct', 'cat']
>>> re.findall("home-?brew", "homebrew, home-brew")
['homebrew', 'home-brew']
```

Compliation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

 $\{m, n\}$ - m and n are decimal numbers. There must be at least m repetitions, and at most n.

```
>>> re.findall("a/{1,2}b", "ab, a/b, a//b")
['a/b', 'a//b']
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

 $\{m$, $n\}$ - m and n are decimal numbers. There must be at least m repetitions, and at most n.

```
>>> re.findall("a/{1,2}b", "ab, a/b, a//b")
['a/b', 'a//b']
```

 $\tt m$ and $\tt n$ can be ommited. When m ommited, there is zero, when n ommited, upper bound infinity (more precisely, 2 billions)

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

Equivalents

```
{0,} == "*"
{1,} == "+"
{,1} == {0,1} == "?"
```

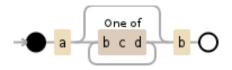
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

*, +, ? and $\{m, n\}$ are greedy. Will try to repeat it as many times as possible (re engine can match only 2 billion characters (2GB) – C int limitation).

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

*, +, ? and $\{m, n\}$ are greedy. Will try to repeat it as many times as possible (re engine can match only 2 billion characters (2GB) – C int limitation).

a[bcd] *b - matches a, zero or more letters from bcd, and ends with b



src: https://www.debuggex.com/r/NT7_HIVhxI_h64zk

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

```
re.match("a[bcd]*b", "abcbd")
```

• matches a

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

- matches a
- matches abcbd to the end of the string

Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

- matches a
- matches abcbd to the end of the string
- fails, because current position is the end of the string, so cannot match b

Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

- matches a
- matches abcbd to the end of the string
- fails, because current position is the end of the string, so cannot match b
- matches abcb one less character

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

- matches a
- matches abcbd to the end of the string
- fails, because current position is the end of the string, so cannot match b
- matches abcb one less character
- fails, because current position is d, so cannot match b

```
re.match("a[bcd]*b", "abcbd")
```

- matches a
- matches abcbd to the end of the string
- fails, because current position is the end of the string, so cannot match b
- matches abcb one less character
- fails, because current position is d, so cannot match b
- matches abc, so [bcd] * matches only bc

Comparation Frocess
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

- matches a
- matches abcbd to the end of the string
- fails, because current position is the end of the string, so cannot match b
- matches abcb one less character
- fails, because current position is d, so cannot match b
- matches abc, so [bcd] * matches only bc
- abcb, tries last character b, and it's on current position

```
re.match("a[bcd]*b", "abcbd")
```

- matches a
- matches abcbd to the end of the string
- fails, because current position is the end of the string, so cannot match b
- matches abcb one less character
- fails, because current position is d, so cannot match b
- matches abc, so [bcd] * matches only bc
- abcb, tries last character b, and it's on current position
- success

```
>>> re.findall('a[bcd]*b', 'abcbd')
['abcb']
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

 \star ?, +?, ??, {m,n}? are non-greedy. Will try to match as few characters as possible.

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

 \star ?, +?, ??, {m,n}? are non-greedy. Will try to match as few characters as possible.

Flags Metacharacters Repeating Things Greedy vs. Non-greedy Backslash - escape metacharacters "Backslash Plague" problem

*?, +?, ??, $\{m, n\}$? are non-greedy. Will try to match as few characters as possible.

Compitation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

 \star ?, +?, ??, {m,n}? are non-greedy. Will try to match as few characters as possible.

```
>>> import re
>>> text =
    "<html><head><title>Title</title></head></html>"
>>> greedy regex = re.compile("<.*>")
>>> greedy_regex.findall(text)
('<html><head><title>Title</title></head></html>')
>>> non_greedy_regex = re.compile("<.*?>")
>>> non_greedy_regex.findall(text)
['<html>', '<head>', '<title>', '</title>', '</head>',
    >>>
```

```
\ - backslash (escape metacharacters)
For matching [ or \ you can use \ [ or \ \
>>> re.findall("\[\]", "Find brackets []")
['[]']
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

```
\ - backslash (escape metacharacters)
For matching [ or \ you can use \ [ or \ \
>>> re.findall("\[\]", "Find brackets []")
['[]']
```

Some of special sequences beginning with \setminus express predefined sets of characters: set of digits, letters, everything but whitespace

- \d any decimal digit, equivalent of [0-9]
- \D everything but decimal digit, equivalent of [^0−9]

```
>>> re.findall("\d", "abc789xyz")
['7', '8', '9']
>>> re.findall("[0-9]", "abc789xyz")
['7', '8', '9']
```

- \d any decimal digit, equivalent of [0-9]
- D everything but decimal digit, equivalent of [^0−9]

```
>>> re.findall("\d", "abc789xyz")
['7', '8', '9']
>>> re.findall("[0-9]", "abc789xyz")
['7', '8', '9']
>>> re.findall("\D", "abc789xyz")
['a', 'b', 'c', 'x', 'y', 'z']
>>> re.findall("[^0-9]", "abc789xyz")
['a', 'b', 'c', 'x', 'y', 'z']
```

- \w any alphanumeric: [a-zA-Z0-9_]
- \W any non-alphanumeric: [^a-zA-Z0-9_]

```
>>> re.findall('\w+', 'abc 789 xyz')
['abc', '789', 'xyz']
>>> re.findall('[a-zA-Z0-9_]+', 'abc 789 xyz')
['abc', '789', 'xyz']
```

- \w any alphanumeric: [a-zA-Z0-9_]
- \W any non-alphanumeric: [^a-zA-Z0-9_]

```
>>> re.findall('\w+', 'abc 789 xyz')
['abc', '789', 'xyz']
>>> re.findall('[a-zA-Z0-9_]+', 'abc 789 xyz')
['abc', '789', 'xyz']
>>> re.findall('\W+', 'abc 789 xyz')
['', '']
>>> re.findall('[^a-zA-Z0-9_]+', 'abc 789 xyz')
['', '']
```

he hood eginning
Features pretition
Wrap-up
Backup
Backup
Washash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

- \s any whitespace character: $[\t \n\r\f\v]$ (space, tab (ASCII 0x09), newline (0x0A), return (0x0D), form feed page break(0x0C), vertical tab (0x0B))
- \S any non-whitespace character: [^ \t\n\r\f\v]

Features Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backlash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

Compilation Process

- \s any whitespace character: [\t\n\r\f\v]
 (space, tab (ASCII 0x09), newline (0x0A), return (0x0D),
 form feed page break(0x0C), vertical tab (0x0B))
- \S any non-whitespace character: [^ \t\n\r\f\v]
- NOTE! Remember that Windows text files use \r\n to terminate lines, while UNIX text files use \n.

```
>>> text = "line, \nwith \ttab, \vvertical, \rreturn and
    → \nnewlines."
>>> print(text)
line.
with tab,
return and vertical,
newlines.
>>> re.findall("\s+", text)
['\n', '\t', '\x0b', '\r', ' ', '\n']
>>> re.findall("\S+", text)
['line,', 'with', 'tab,', 'vertical,', 'return', 'and',

    'newlines.'l
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

^, \A - beginning of lines

>>> text = """Your own personal Jesus

... Someone to hear your prayers

... Someone who cares

... Your own personal Jesus"""

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

$\hat{\ }$, $\setminus A$ - beginning of lines

```
>>> text = """Your own personal Jesus
... Someone to hear your prayers
... Someone who cares
... Your own personal Jesus"""
>>> re.findall("^Your", text)
['Your']
>>> re.findall("\AYour", text)
['Your']
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

$\hat{\ }$, $\setminus \mathbb{A}$ - beginning of lines

```
>>> text = """Your own personal Jesus
... Someone to hear your prayers
... Someone who cares
... Your own personal Jesus"""
>>> re.findall("^Your", text)
['Your']
>>> re.findall("\AYour", text)
['Your']
>>> re.findall("^Your", text, re.M)
['Your', 'Your']
>>> re.findall("\AYour", text, re.M)
['Your']
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

\$, \Z - end of lines

>>> text = """Your own personal Jesus

... Someone to hear your prayers

... Someone who cares

... Your own personal Jesus"""

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

\$, \Z - end of lines

```
>>> text = """Your own personal Jesus
... Someone to hear your prayers
... Someone who cares
... Your own personal Jesus"""
>>> re.findall("Jesus$", text)
['Jesus']
>>> re.findall("Jesus\Z", text)
['Jesus']
```

\$, \Z - end of lines

```
>>> text = """Your own personal Jesus
... Someone to hear your prayers
... Someone who cares
... Your own personal Jesus"""
>>> re.findall("Jesus$", text)
['Jesus']
>>> re.findall("Jesus\Z", text)
['Jesus']
>>> re.findall("Jesus$", text, re.M)
['Jesus', 'Jesus']
>>> re.findall("Jesus\Z", text, re.M)
['Jesus']
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

\b, \B - word boundaries

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

\b, \B - word boundaries

```
>>> re.sub("class", "room", text)
```

'People in room heard that Pluto should be reroomified,

 \hookrightarrow because it is no longer a planet.'

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

\b, \B - word boundaries

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

\b, \B - word boundaries

```
>>> text = "People in class heard that Pluto should be

    → reclassified, because it is no longer a planet."
>>> re.sub("class", "room", text)
'People in room heard that Pluto should be reroomified,

→ because it is no longer a planet.'

>>> re.sub(r"\bclass\b", "room", text)
'People in room heard that Pluto should be

→ reclassified, because it is no longer a planet.'

>>> re.sub(r"\Bclass\B", "qual", text)
'People in class heard that Pluto should be

→ requalified, because it is no longer a planet.'
```

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

• re is handled as string

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

- re is handled as string
- one of re metacharacters is \

Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

- re is handled as string
- one of re metacharacters is \
- backslash for escaping in re conflicts with the same purpose in Python

Compilation Process Flags Metacharacters Repeating Things Greedy vs. Non-greedy Backslash - escape metacharacters "Backslash Plague" problem

Characters	Stage
\section	Text string to be matched
\\section	Escaped backslash for re.compile()
"\\\section"	Escaped backslashes for a string literal

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

Characters	Stage
\section	Text string to be matched
\\section	Escaped backslash for re.compile()
"\\\\section"	Escaped backslashes for a string literal

re string needs to be written as "\\\" because regular expression must be \\ and each must be escaped \\ inside a regular Python string literal.

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

Characters	Stage
\section	Text string to be matched
\\section	Escaped backslash for re.compile()
"\\\\section"	Escaped backslashes for a string literal

re string needs to be written as "\\\" because regular expression must be \\ and each must be escaped \\ inside a regular Python string literal.

Solution - raw string

Regular string	Raw string
"ab*"	r"ab*"
"\\\\section"	r"\\section"
"\\w+\\s+"	r"\w+\s+"

Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

```
>>> latex = """
... \begin{document}
... \section{History}
... \subsection{Origins}
... \begin{frame}
... Content
... \end{frame}
... \end{document}
```

11 11 11

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

```
>>> latex = """
... \begin{document}
... \section{History}
... \subsection{Origins}
... \begin{frame}
... Content
... \end{frame}
... \end{document}
... \"""
```

>>> latex

'\n\x08egin{document}\n\\section{History}\n\\subsection{Origin

Compilation Process
Flags
Metacharacters
Repeating Things
Greedy vs. Non-greedy
Backslash - escape metacharacters
"Backslash Plague" problem

```
>>> lat.ex = """
... \begin{document}
... \section{History}
... \subsection{Origins}
... \begin{frame}
... Content
... \end{frame}
... \end{document}
    .. .. ..
>>> latex
'\n\x08egin{document}\n\\section{History}\n\\subsection{Origin
>>> print(re.findall(r"\\section{.*}", latex))
['\\section{History}']
>>> print (re.findall (r"\\section{.*}", latex) [0])
\section{History}
                                         4日 > 4周 > 4 目 > 4 目 > 目
```

Performing Matches
Match objects
Modifying string
Grouping
Assertions
Engines comparison
Slaying the Dragon

match() vs. search()

>>> text = 'Your own personal Jesus Someone to hear

 \hookrightarrow your prayers Someone who cares Your own

 $\hookrightarrow \text{ personal Jesus'}$

```
match() vs. search()
```

Performing Matches Match objects Modifying string Grouping Assertions Engines comparison Slaying the Dragon

match() vs. search()

```
match() vs. search()
```

```
match() vs. search()
```

```
>>> text = 'Your own personal Jesus Someone to hear

→ your prayers Someone who cares Your own

→ personal Jesus'

>>> re.search("Your", text)
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(0, 4), match='Your'>
>>> re.match("Your", text)
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(0, 4), match='Your'>
>>> re.search("Jesus", text)
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(18, 23), match='Jesus'>
>>> re.match("Jesus", text)
>>>
```

Performing Matches Match objects Modifying string Grouping Assertions Engines comparison

Slaying the Dragon

findall() vs. finditer()

- >>> text = 'Your own personal Jesus Someone to hear
 - → your prayers Someone who cares Your own
 - → personal Jesus'

Performing Matches Match objects Modifying string Grouping Assertions

Slaying the Dragon

```
findall() vs. finditer()
```

- >>> text = 'Your own personal Jesus Someone to hear
 - \hookrightarrow your prayers Someone who cares Your own
 - → personal Jesus'
- >>> output_findall = re.findall("Someone", text)
- >>> output_finditer = re.finditer("Someone", text)

```
findall() vs. finditer()
>>> text = 'Your own personal Jesus Someone to hear
    \hookrightarrow your prayers Someone who cares Your own
    → personal Jesus'
>>> output_findall = re.findall("Someone", text)
>>> output_finditer = re.finditer("Someone", text)
>>> type (output findall)
<class 'list'>
>>> type(output_finditer)
<class 'callable iterator'>
```

Performing Matches Match objects Modifying string Grouping Assertions Engines comparison

Slaying the Dragon

```
>>> output_findall
['Someone', 'Someone']
>>> output_finditer
<callable_iterator object at 0x7f69ffd267b8>
```

Performing Matches Match objects Modifying string Grouping Assertions Engines comparison

Slaying the Dragon

```
>>> matched = re.match("\d{0,2}-\d{0,3}", "88-299")
>>> matched
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(0, 6), match='88-299'>
>>> if matched:
...  # do something
... pass
```

```
>>>  matched = re.match("\d{0,2}-\d{0,3}\", "88-299")
>>> matched
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(0, 6), match='88-299'>
>>> if matched:
        # do something
        pass
. . .
. . .
>>> non matched = re.match("(\d?)-(\d{0,3})", "88-299")
>>> non matched
>>> non matched == None
True
>>>
```

```
start() and end()
>>> text = "Soft Kitty, warm Kitty"
>>> matched = re.search("Kitty", text)
>>> matched.start()
5
>>> matched.end()
10
```

```
match.re and match.string
```

```
match.re and match.string
```

Performing Matches Match objects Modifying string Grouping Assertions Engines comparison Slaying the Dragon

Search and replace - sub() and subn() sub() is deprecated in Python 3.5 and will be removed in 3.6

```
>>> pattern = r"\bBar\b"
>>> replacement = "Baz"
>>> string = "Foo Bar"
```

Search and replace - sub() and subn() sub() is deprecated in Python 3.5 and will be removed in 3.6

```
>>> date = "10 December 2015"
>>> matched = re.match("(\d+) (\w+) (\d{4})", date)
>>> matched.groups()
('10', 'December', '2015')
>>> matched.group(1)
'10'
>>> matched.group(2)
'December'
>>> matched.group(3)
'2015'
>>>
```

```
>>> date = "10 December 2015"
>>> matched = re.match("(?P<day>\d+) (?P<month>\w+)
     \hookrightarrow (?P<year>\d{4})", date)
>>> matched.groups()
('10', 'December', '2015')
>>> matched.group('day')
1101
>>> matched.group('month')
'December'
>>> matched.group('year')
'2015'
>>> matched.groupdict()
{'month': 'December', 'day': '10', 'year': '2015'}
>>>
```

Performing Matches Match objects Modifying string Grouping Assertions Engines comparison Slaying the Dragon

Positive and negative lookahead assertions

```
>>> singer = "Michael Jackson"
>>> player = "Michael Jordan"
>>> player_pattern = "Michael (?=Jordan)"
>>> non_player_pattern = "Michael (?!Jordan)"
```

Positive and negative lookahead assertions

```
>>> singer = "Michael Jackson"
>>> player = "Michael Jordan"
>>> player_pattern = "Michael (?=Jordan)"
>>> non_player_pattern = "Michael (?!Jordan)"
>>> re.match(player_pattern, player)
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(0, 8), match='Michael '>
>>> re.match(non_player_pattern, singer)
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(0, 8), match='Michael '>
```

Positive and negative lookahead assertions

```
>>> singer = "Michael Jackson"
>>> player = "Michael Jordan"
>>> player_pattern = "Michael (?=Jordan)"
>>> non_player_pattern = "Michael (?!Jordan)"
>>> re.match(player_pattern, player)
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(0, 8), match='Michael '>
>>> re.match(non_player_pattern, singer)
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(0, 8), match='Michael '>
>>> re.match(player pattern, singer)
>>> re.match(non_player_pattern, player)
>>>
```

Positive and negative lookbehind assertions

```
>>> string = """
... def function():
... return function()
"""
>>> re.search("(?<=def )function", string)
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(4, 12), match='function'>
>>> re.search("(?<!def )function", string)
<_sre.SRE_Match object; span=(27, 35), match='function'>
>>>
```

Language feature comparison (part 1)									
	"+" quantifier	Negated character classes	Non-greedy quantifiers[Note 1]	Shy groups ^[Note 2]	Recursion	Look-ahead	Look-behind	Backreferences ^[Note 3]	>9 indexable captures
Boost.Regex	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ^[Note 4]	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Boost.Xpressive	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ^[Note 5]	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
CL-PPCRE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
EmEditor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
FREJ	No[Note 6]	No	Some ^[Note 6]	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
GLib/GRegex	Yes	?	Yes	?	No	?	?	7	?
GNU grep	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	?
Haskell	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
ICU Regex	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Java	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
JavaScript (ECMAScript)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
JGsoft	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Lua	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
.NET	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
OCaml	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	No
OmniOutliner 3.6.2	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	?	?
PCRE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Perl	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
PHP	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Python	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Qt/QRegExp	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
p[Note 7]	Vac	Vac	Vae	Vae	No	Vac	Vac	Vac	Vac

Language feature comparison (part 2)									
	Directives ^[Note 1]	Conditionals	Atomic groups ^[Note 2]	Named capture ^[Note 3]	Comments	Embedded code	Unicode property support [1]	Balancing groups ^[Note 4]	Variable-length look-behinds ^{[Note}
Boost.Regex	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Some ^[Note 6]	No	No
Boost.Xpressive	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
CL-PPCRE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Some ^[Note 6]	No	No
EmEditor	Yes	Yes	?	?	Yes	No	?	No	No
FREJ	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	?	No	No
GLib/GRegex	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Some ^[Note 6]	No	No
GNU grep	Yes	Yes	?	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Haskell	?	7	?	?	?	No	No	No	No
ICU Regex	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
Java	Yes	No	Yes	Yes ^[Note 7]	Yes	No	Some ^[Note 6]	No	No
JavaScript (ECMAScript)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
JGsoft	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Some ^[Note 6]	No	Yes
Lua	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
.NET	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Some ^[Note 6]	Yes	Yes
OCaml	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
OmniOutliner 3.6.2	?	?	?	?	No	No	?	No	No
PCRE	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
Perl	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
PHP	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Python	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Qt/QRegExp	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
RE2	Yes	No	7	Yes	No	No	Some ^[Note 6]	No	No

```
([a-zP]{18}) (\d{0,3}) [0-9]{4} (?P<name>[a-zA-Z]+),
\hookrightarrow (?P=name)
```

```
def verify_regex(text):
    regex = """
    ([a-zP]{18}) # Capital "P" and a to z, repeated
         \hookrightarrow exactly 18 times, assigned to group
                 # One whitespace
    (\d\{0,3\}) # Numbers, repeated 0 to 3 times
                 # One whitespace
    [0-9]{4} # Like above, but 4 times
                 # One whitespace
    (?P<name>[a-zA-Z] +), # Assign to named group word
                 # One whitespace
    (?P=name)
                 # reuse word, already assigned to

→ group called "name"

    .. .. ..
    re_compile = re.compile(regex, re.X)
    matched = re_compile.match(text)
    print (matched.groups())
```

```
>>> text = "Pfingstweidstrasse 60 8005 Zurich, Zurich"
>>> verify_regex(text)
('Pfingstweidstrasse', '60', 'Zurich')
>>>
```



DI	Marininas	Description .	
Package		Description	
django-regex-field 0.2.0	5	Django Regex Field	
flake8-regex 0.2	9	Arbitrary regex checker, extension for flake8	
flake8-regex 0.3	9	Arbitrary regex checker, extension for flake8	
regex 2015.07.19	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.09.14	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.11.22	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.10.29	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.09.15	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.09.23	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.10.05	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.10.01	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.11.07	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.11.14	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.09.28	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.11.05	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.11.12	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.11.08	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
regex 2015.11.09	9	Alternative regular expression module, to replace re.	
collective.regexredirector 0.2.3	7	Addon for plone app. redirector concerning regex redirector	
commonregex 1.5.4	7	Find all dates, times, emails, phone numbers, links, emails, ip addresses, prices, bitcoin address, and street addresses in a string.	
hachoir-regex 1.0.5	7	Manipulation of regular expressions (regex)	
son-regex-difftool 0.2	7	A tool for doing a comparison or difference of JSON documents with regular expression support	
pyregex 0.5	7	a command line tools for constructing and testing Python's regular expression	
pytest-raisesregexp 2.0	7	Simple pytest plugin to look for regex in Exceptions	
QRegexEditor 0.5.1	7	PvQt regex editor	
range-regex 1.0.4	7	Python numeric range regular expression generator	
regex2dfa 0.1.9	7	regex2dfa	
regexdict 0.0.1	7	Regex Dict	
RegexTester 0.5	7	Python online regex tester for Python 2.7+	
boost regex 0.57	6	Very basic interface to the boost regex library.	

PyPI re2 re2 by Facebook re2 by Axiak Why re2?

Wrapper for Google RE2 engine Prerequisites for re2 in Python:

- RE2 library from Google
- Python development headers
- ullet build environment with g++

Released in April 2015. In development since 2010. Features

• fullmatch works like match but anchors the match at both the start and the end

 test_(search|match|fullmatch) methods that work like (search|match|fullmatch) but only returns True or False

Missing Features

- no substitution methods
- no flags
- no split, findall, finditer
- no top-level functions like search or match; just use compile
- no compile cache
- no lastindex or lastgroup on Match objects

Initially fork of Facebook version, later rewritten from scratch. Features

Backward compatibility

```
try:
    import re2 as re
except ImportError:
    import re
```

re2 will automatically fall back to the original re module if there is a regex that it cannot handle: re2 doesn't handle lookahead assertions (?=...).

PyPI re2 re2 by Facebook re2 by Axiak Why re2?

Missing Features/Flaws

• Unicode support: module supports UTF8, so automatically encodes and decodes any unicode string.

PyPI re2 re2 by Facebook re2 by Axiak Why re2?

Total runs: 100

Test	re time (s)	re2 time (s)	% time
Findall URI or Emails	348.380	8.139	2.34%
Replace wikilinks	3.659	0.812	22.19%
Remove wikilinks	3.553	0.273	7.70%

src: https://github.com/axiak/pyre2/blob/master/
tests/performance.py

- Regular Expression HOWTO: https://docs.python.org/2/howto/regex.html
- Python Docs: Library re: https://docs.python.org/2/library/re.html
- Google for Education. Python Regular Expressions: https://developers.google.com/edu/python/regular-expressions?hl=en
- Regex Debugger: https://regex101.com/
- Debuggex: https://www.debuggex.com/
- Core Python Applications programming: Regular expressions: http://www.informit.com/articles/article.aspx?p=1707750&seqNum=2
- Brief history by Staffan Noteberg: http://blog.staffannoteberg.com/
- Google RE2: https://github.com/google/re2
- Facebook re2: https://github.com/facebook/pyre2
- Axiak re2: https://github.com/axiak/pyre2
- re2 on PyPI: https://pypi.python.org/pypi/re2

Bibliography Thank you

Thank you

Questions?

```
re.DEBUG
>>> import re
>>> regex = re.compile('[a-z]', re.DEBUG)
in
    range (97, 122)
>>>
```

```
re.ASCII, re.A
\xa0 - non-breaking space
>>> import re
>>> regex = re.compile("\s+")
>>> regex.findall("\xa0 ha")
['\xa0 ']
```

```
re.ASCII, re.A
\xa0 - non-breaking space
>>> import re
>>> regex = re.compile("\s+")
>>> regex.findall("\xa0 ha")
['\xa0 ']
>>> ascii_regex = re.compile("\s+", re.ASCII)
>>> ascii_regex.findall("\xa0 ha")
[' ']
>>>
```

```
re.IGNORECASE, re.I
>>> import re
>>> text = "CamelCase CAPITAL and lower WoRd"
>>> regex = re.compile("[a-z]+")
>>> regex.findall(text)
['amel', 'ase', 'and', 'lower', 'o', 'd']
```

```
re.IGNORECASE, re.I
>>> import re
>>> text = "CamelCase CAPITAL and lower WoRd"
>>> regex = re.compile("[a-z]+")
>>> regex.findall(text)
['amel', 'ase', 'and', 'lower', 'o', 'd']
>>> ignorecase_regex = re.compile("[a-z]+", re.I)
>>> ignorecase_regex.findall(text)
['CamelCase', 'CAPITAL', 'and', 'lower', 'WoRd']
>>>
```

re.MULTILINE, re.M

```
>>> import re
>>> text = """From the beginning,
... in the middle,
... and at the end."""
```

```
re.MULTILINE, re.M
>>> import re
>>> text = """From the beginning,
... in the middle,
... and at the end."""
>>> regex = re.compile("^[a-zA-Z]+")
>>> regex.findall(text)
['From']
```

```
re.MULTILINE, re.M
>>> import re
>>> text = """From the beginning,
... in the middle,
... and at the end."""
>>> regex = re.compile("^[a-zA-Z]+")
>>> regex.findall(text)
['From']
>>> multiline_regex = re.compile("^[a-zA-Z]+", re.M)
>>> multiline regex.findall(text)
['From', 'in', 'and']
>>>
```

re.DOTALL, re.S

```
>>> import re
>>> text = """From the beginning,
... in the middle,
... and at the end."""
```

```
re.DOTALL, re.S
>>> import re
>>> text = """From the beginning,
... in the middle,
... and at the end."""
>>> regex = re.compile(".+")
>>> regex.findall(text)
['From the beginning,', 'in the middle,', 'and at the
     \hookrightarrow end.'1
>>> dotall_regex = re.compile(".+", re.S)
>>> dotall_regex.findall(text)
['From the beginning, \nin the middle, \nand at the end.']
>>>
```

Compilation Flags

```
re.VERBOSE, re.X
>>> import re
>>> numbers = "127.2, 15.30, 73"
>>> regex = re.compile(r"\d+\.?\d*")
>>> regex.findall(numbers)
['127.2', '15.30', '73']
```

```
re.VERBOSE, re.X
>>> import re
>>> numbers = "127.2, 15.30, 73"
>>> regex = re.compile(r"\d+\.?\d*")
>>> regex.findall(numbers)
['127.2', '15.30', '73']
>>> verbose_regex = re.compile(r"""
       \d + # the integral part
        \. ? # the decimal point
       \d * # some fractional digits"", re.X)
>>> verbose_regex.findall(numbers)
['127.2', '15.30', '73']
>>>
```

re.LOCALE, re.L

Make \wnote{w} , \wnote{w} , $\ensuremath{\normalfont{b}}$, and $\ensuremath{\normalfont{B}}$, dependent on the current locale instead of the Unicode database.

Do not use.

Deprecated in Python 3.5, will be removed in version 3.6