# Lab 7: Image Restoration

Course Title: Image Processing I (Spring 2022)

Course Number: ECE 63700

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#### **Lab 7: Image Restoration**

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  - 1.2. the output of the optimal filtering for the blurred image and the two noisy images
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#### **Appendix**

Python code for MMSE linear filtering: utils.py

Python code for solution

solution to section 1: soln 1.py

C codes for weighted median filtering: restore.h, restore.c

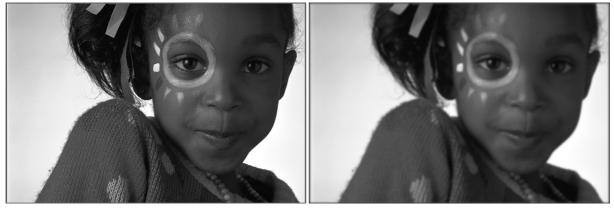
C codes for solutions

solution to section 2: soln 2.c

# 1. Mean Square Error (MMSE) Linear Filters

1.1. the four original images img14g.tif, img14bl.tif,
img14gn.tif and img14sp.tif

#### solution



Original Grayscale Image img14g.tif (left), and Blured Image imag14bl.tif (right)

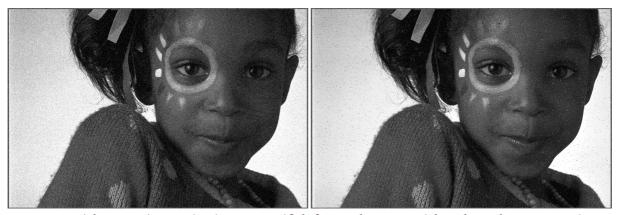


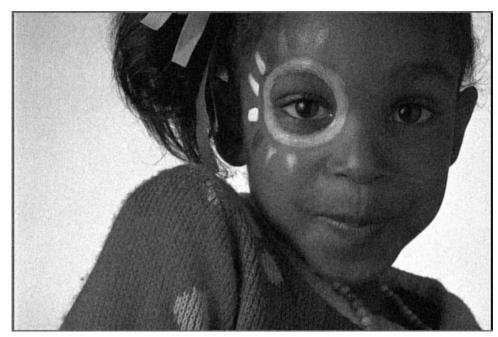
Image with Gaussian Noise img14gn.tif (left), and Image with Salt and Pepper Noise img14sp.tif (right)

# 1.2. the output of the optimal filtering for the blurred image and the two noisy images

### solution



Filtered Result for the Blured Image img14bl.tif



Filtered Result for the Noisy Image img14gn.tif



Filtered Result for the Noisy Image img14sp.tif

# 1.3. the MMSE filters $\theta^{\star}$ for the blurred image and the two noisy images

#### solution

the MMSE filters  $heta^{\star}$  for the blurred image img14b1.tif

$$\theta^{\star} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.7122 & 0.7401 & 0.928 & 0.8153 & -0.9378 & -1.8137 & 1.8075 \\ -1.4864 & -1.8092 & -0.9006 & -0.5821 & -2.9833 & 0.5828 & 1.3537 \\ -0.9434 & -2.7623 & 0.3063 & 2.9781 & 0.7147 & -2.7348 & -0.8187 \\ 2.0282 & -0.5532 & 3.635 & 3.4485 & 3.2368 & -3.1583 & 0.6775 \\ 1.6263 & -3.0881 & -0.4136 & 5.0773 & -0.1598 & -1.4265 & 0.7996 \\ -0.3035 & -1.874 & -2.094 & -2.2209 & -0.0368 & -1.504 & 0.925 \\ 1.2638 & -0.7317 & 1.2382 & 1.8732 & -1.1491 & -1.2882 & 1.0076 \end{bmatrix}$$

the MMSE filters  $\theta^{\star}$  for the noisy image img14gn.tif

$$\theta^{\star} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.01 & -0.0289 & 0.0224 & 0.0446 & -0.0404 & -0.0059 & 0.0049 \\ 0.0132 & -0.0157 & 0.008 & 0.0326 & -0.0111 & -0.0079 & 0.0098 \\ -0.0307 & -0.0295 & 0.033 & 0.1277 & 0.0225 & -0.032 & -0.0389 \\ 0.0341 & 0.0474 & 0.1363 & 0.2891 & 0.0849 & 0.0021 & 0.0244 \\ -0.0162 & -0.0004 & 0.0903 & 0.1354 & 0.0414 & -0.0036 & 0.0128 \\ -0.0148 & 0.0197 & -0.0215 & 0.0679 & -0.0216 & -0.0029 & 0.0278 \\ 0.019 & 0.0104 & -0.0148 & 0.0547 & -0.04 & -0.038 & -0.0049 \end{bmatrix}$$

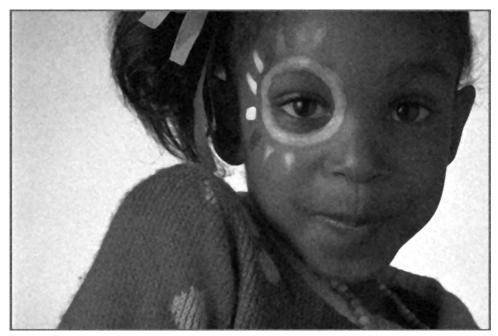
the MMSE filters  $\theta^{\star}$  for the noisy image img14sp.tif

$$\theta^{\star} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.0157 & 0.0107 & -0.0217 & 0.0201 & -0.0561 & -0.0011 & -0.0152 \\ -0.0133 & -0.0348 & 0.0594 & 0.0531 & -0.0266 & 0.0588 & 0.0191 \\ -0.0342 & -0.0027 & 0.0424 & 0.1107 & -0.0124 & -0.0368 & -0.0545 \\ 0.0299 & 0.0158 & 0.0955 & 0.3146 & 0.0917 & -0.0118 & 0.0087 \\ -0.0006 & 0.0084 & 0.1002 & 0.1585 & 0.0433 & 0.0073 & 0.0017 \\ 0.001 & -0.0286 & -0.0067 & 0.063 & -0.0171 & 0.0054 & 0.0593 \\ 0.0336 & -0.0017 & -0.0011 & 0.0466 & -0.0435 & -0.0392 & -0.0095 \end{bmatrix}$$

# 2. Weighted Median Filtering

# 2.1. results of median filtering for noisy images img14gn.tif and img14sp.tif

### solution



Result of Weighted Median Filtering for the Noisy Image img14gn.tif



Result of Weighted Median Filtering for the Noisy Image img14sp.tif

## 2.2. listing of C codes

#### solution

Code Snippet for Weighted Median Filtering in **restore.c** 

```
#include "../include/restore.h"
#define WEIGHT INIT\
   { 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, \
       1, 2, 2, 2, 1,\
       1, 2, 2, 2, 1,\
        1, 2, 2, 2, 1,\
        1, 1, 1, 1, 1 }
#define SIZE KERNEL 25
#define SUM HALF 17 // ceil( sum(WEIGHT INIT) / 2.0 )
#define CHUNK(a, i, j) \
    \{ROW(a, i-2, j), ROW(a, i-1, j), ROW(a, i, j), \
   ROW(a, i+1, j), ROW(a, i+2, j)
#define ROW(a, i, j)\
    a[i][j-2], a[i][j-1], a[i][j], a[i][j+1], a[i][j+2]
static void exch (unsigned char* px, unsigned char* pw,
                 int16 t i, int16 t j) {
   unsigned char s =px[i], t = pw[i];
    px[i] = px[j]; pw[i] = pw[j];
   px[j] = s; pw[j] = t;
}
static int16 t partition (unsigned char* px, unsigned char* pw,
                         int16 t lo, int16 t hi) {
    int16_t i = lo + 1;
    int16 t j = hi;
    unsigned char v = px[lo];
    while (1) {
        while (px[i] >= v) {
           if (i == hi) break;
            i++;
        while (v \ge px[j]) {
           if (j == lo) break;
           j--;
        if (i >= j) break;
```

```
exch(px, pw, i, j);
    exch(px, pw, lo, j);
    return j;
}
static void sort (unsigned char* px, unsigned char* pw,
                 int16 t lo, int16 t hi) {
    if (hi <= lo) return;
    int16 t j = partition(px, pw, lo, hi);
    sort(px, pw, lo, j-1);
    sort(px, pw, j+1, hi);
}
static unsigned char point median weighted (
    unsigned char **array, int16 t i, int16 t j) {
   unsigned char x[SIZE KERNEL] = CHUNK(array, i, j);
    unsigned char weight[SIZE KERNEL] = WEIGHT INIT;
   unsigned char sum half = SUM HALF, sum part = 0;
    sort(x, weight, 0, SIZE KERNEL-1);
    for (int16 t i=0; i<SIZE KERNEL; i++) {
        sum part += weight[i];
        if (sum part >= sum half) { return x[i]; }
}
void filter median weighted(
    unsigned char **a, unsigned char **a t, int16 t W, int16 t H) {
    // assert((j-2 \ge 0) &&(j+2 \le W-1) &&(i-2 \ge 0) &&(i+2 \le H-1));
    for (int16 t i=2; i<H-2; i++) {
        for (int16 t j=2; j < W-2; j++) {
            a t[i][j] = point median weighted(a, i, j);
    /* fill the borders of output image */
    for (int16 t i=0; i<2; i++) {
        for (int16 t j = 0; j < W; j++) { a t[i][j] =a[i][j]; }
    for (int16 t i=H-2; i<H; i++) {
        for (int16 t j = 0; j < W; j++) { a t[i][j] =a[i][j];}
    for (int16 t i=2; i<H-2; i++) {
        a t[i][0] = a[i][0]; a t[i][1] = a[i][1];
        a_t[i][W-2] = a[i][W-2]; a_t[i][W-1] = a[i][W-1];
```

## **Appendix**

## Python code for MMSE linear filtering: utils.py

```
from numpy import ndarray, size, zeros, reshape
from numpy.linalg import solve
def filter FIR(x: ndarray, kernel: ndarray) -> ndarray:
    height, width = x.shape
    ky, kx = kernel.shape[0], kernel.shape[-1]
    dy, dx = ky//2, kx//2
    x out = zeros((height, width))
    x out[:dy, :] = x[:dx, :]
    x out[-dy:, :] = x[-dy:, :]
    x \text{ out}[:, :dx] = x[:, :dx]
    x \text{ out}[:, :-dx] = x[:, :-dx]
    for i in range(dy, height-dy):
        for j in range(dx, width-dx):
            x \text{ out}[i][j] = (x[i-dy:i-dy+ky, j-dx:j-dx+kx])
                           * kernel).sum()
    return x out
def estimate kernel(x: ndarray, y: ndarray,
    size kernel: int=7, rate sample: int=20) -> ndarray:
    dy, dx = size kernel//2, size kernel//2
    height, width = x.shape
    h sample = (height - size kernel)//rate sample + 1
    w sample = (width - size kernel)//rate sample + 1
    z = zeros((h_sample, w_sample, size_kernel, size_kernel))
    for iz, i in enumerate(range(0, height-(size kernel-1),
                                  rate sample)):
        for jz, j in enumerate(range(0, width-(size_kernel-1),
                                      rate sample)):
            z[iz][jz] = x[i:i+size kernel, j:j+size kernel]
    y_s = y[dy: height+dy-(size kernel-1): rate sample, dx:
            width+dx-(size_kernel-1): rate_sample].flatten()
    z = reshape(z, (-1, size kernel*size kernel))
    R_zz = z.T @ z / (h_sample*w_sample)
    r zy = y s @ z / (h sample*w sample)
    return solve(R_zz, r_zy).reshape(size_kernel, size kernel)
```

## Python code for solution

## solution to section 1: soln\_1.py

```
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
from numpy import array
from utils import filter FIR, estimate kernel
from os.path import join
from sympy import Matrix, latex
if name == " main ":
    root = 'bin'
    y = array(Image.open(join(root, 'img14g.tif')))
    list img = ['img14bl.tif', 'img14gn.tif', 'img14sp.tif']
    for img, char in list(zip(list img, ['a', 'b', 'c'])):
        x = array(Image.open(join(root, img)))
        kernel = estimate kernel(x, y, size kernel=7, rate sample=20)
        # print(kernel.round(decimals=4))
        print(latex((Matrix(kernel.round(decimals=4))))),
              '\n') # keep 4 digits
        y hat = filter FIR(x, kernel)
        img filtered
            = Image.fromarray(y hat.clip(0, 255).astype(np.uint8))
        img filtered.save(join('result', 'fig 1 2' + char +'.png'))
```

## C codes for weighted median filtering: restore.h, restore.c

#### restore.h

```
#ifndef RESTORE H
#define RESTORE H
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <math.h>
#include "allocate.h"
#include "typeutil.h"
#include "tiff.h"
void filter median weighted (unsigned char **a,
                            unsigned char **a t, int16 t W, int16 t
H);
void assign img2arr(struct TIFF img *img, unsigned char **array);
void assign arr2img(unsigned char **array, struct TIFF img *img);
#endif /* RESTORE H */
```

#### restore.c

```
int16_t i, int16_t j) {
    unsigned char s =px[i], t = pw[i];
    px[i] = px[j]; pw[i] = pw[j];
    px[j] = s; pw[j] = t;
}
static int16 t partition (unsigned char* px, unsigned char* pw,
                         int16 t lo, int16 t hi) {
    int16 t i = lo + 1;
    int16 t j = hi;
    unsigned char v = px[lo];
    while (1) {
        while (px[i] >= v) {
            if (i == hi) break;
            i++;
        while (v \ge px[j]) {
           if (j == lo) break;
            j--;
        if (i >= j) break;
        exch(px, pw, i, j);
    exch(px, pw, lo, j);
    return j;
}
static void sort (unsigned char* px, unsigned char* pw,
                 int16 t lo, int16 t hi) {
    if (hi <= lo) return;
   int16 t j = partition(px, pw, lo, hi);
    sort(px, pw, lo, j-1);
    sort(px, pw, j+1, hi);
}
static unsigned char point median weighted(
    unsigned char **array, int16 t i, int16 t j) {
   unsigned char x[SIZE_KERNEL] = CHUNK(array, i, j);
    unsigned char weight[SIZE KERNEL] = WEIGHT INIT;
   unsigned char sum half = SUM HALF, sum part = 0;
   sort(x, weight, 0, SIZE KERNEL-1);
   for (int16 t i=0; i<SIZE KERNEL; i++) {</pre>
        sum part += weight[i];
       if (sum_part >= sum_half) { return x[i]; }
    }
}
```

```
void filter median weighted(
    unsigned char **a, unsigned char **a_t, int16_t W, int16_t H) {
    // assert((j-2 >= 0) && (j+2 <= W-1) && (i-2 >= 0) && (i+2 <= H-1));
    for (int16 t i=2; i<H-2; i++) {
        for (int16 t j=2; j<W-2; j++) {
            a t[i][j] = point median weighted(a, i, j);
    }
    /* fill the borders of output image */
    for (int16 t i=0; i<2; i++) {
        for (int16 t j = 0; j < W; j++) { a t[i][j] =a[i][j]; }
    for (int16 t i=H-2; i<H; i++) {
        for (int16 t j = 0; j < W; j++) { a_t[i][j] =a[i][j];}
    for (int16 t i=2; i<H-2; i++) {
       a t[i][0] = a[i][0]; a t[i][1] = a[i][1];
       a t[i][W-2] = a[i][W-2]; a t[i][W-1] = a[i][W-1];
    }
}
void assign img2arr(struct TIFF img *img, unsigned char **array) {
   int16 t W, H;
    W = img->width; H = img->height;
    for (int16 t i = 0; i < H; i++) {
        for (int16 t j = 0; j < W; j++) {
            array[i][j] = img->mono[i][j];
        }
    }
void assign arr2img(unsigned char **array, struct TIFF img *img) {
   int16 t W, H;
    W = img->width; H = img->height;
    for (int16 t i = 0; i < H; i++) {
        for (int16 t j = 0; j < W; j++ ) {
            img->mono[i][j] = array[i][j];
    }
```

### C codes for solutions

#### solution to section 2: soln\_2.c

```
/\star ECE 637 Image Processing I, Spring 2022
* @author: Zhankun Luo, luo333@purdue.edu
 * lab 7: Image Restoration
 * solution to section 2
 * run it with: ./soln 2 img14gn.tif
 * or: ./soln 2 img14sp.tif
 **/
#include "../include/tiff.h"
#include "../include/allocate.h"
#include "../include/typeutil.h"
#include "../include/restore.h"
void error(char *name) {
    printf("usage: %s image.tif \n\n", name);
    exit(1);
}
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
    if ( argc != 2 ) error( argv[0] );
    FILE *fp;
    struct TIFF_img img, img_out;
    int16 t W, H;
    /* open image file */
    if ( ( fp = fopen( argv[1], "rb" ) ) == NULL ) {
       fprintf( stderr, "cannot open file %s\n", argv[1] );
       exit( 1 );
    /* read image */
    if ( read_TIFF( fp, &img ) ) {
       fprintf( stderr, "error reading file %s\n", argv[1] );
       exit(1);
    /* close image file */
    fclose(fp);
    /* check the type of image data: grayscale */
```

```
if ( img.TIFF type != 'g' ) {
    fprintf( stderr, "error: image must be grayscale image\n" );
    exit( 1 );
W = img.width; H = img.height;
get TIFF( &img out, H, W, 'g');
/* image restoration */
unsigned char **arr = \
    (unsigned char **)get img(W, H, sizeof(unsigned char));
unsigned int **arr out = \
    (unsigned int **)get img(W, H, sizeof(unsigned int));
assign img2arr(&img, arr);
filter median weighted(arr, arr out, W, H);
assign arr2img(arr out, &img out);
/* open output image */
char path out[50], index;
char *dot = strrchr(argv[1], '.');
if (dot && !strcmp(dot-2, "gn.tif")) {
    index = 'a';
} else if (!strcmp(dot-2, "sp.tif")) {
    index = 'b';
} else { exit(1); }
sprintf(path out, "../result/fig 2 1%c.tif", index);
if ( ( fp = fopen ( path out, "wb" ) ) == NULL ) {
    fprintf( stderr, "cannot open TIFF file\n");
    exit( 1 );
/* write output image */
if ( write TIFF( fp, &img out ) ) {
    fprintf( stderr, "error writing TIFF file\n");
    exit( 1 );
/* close output image file */
fclose(fp);
/* de-allocate memory */
free TIFF( &(img) );
free TIFF( &(img out) );
return(0);
```