# 5.6 Signal-Flow Graphs of State Equations

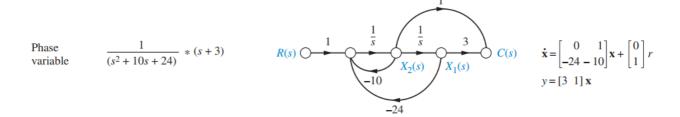
P254 of edition 7 book

Forms:

- 1. Phase variable
- 2. Cascade
- 3. Parallel
- 4. Controller canonical
- 5. Observer canonical

$$G(s)=rac{b_ms^m+\ldots+b_0}{s^n+a_{n-1}s^{n-1}+\ldots+a_0}$$

#### Phase variable



define 
$$X_1(s)\equiv R(s)/(s^n+a_{n-1}s^{n-1}+\ldots+a_0)$$
 \\Then define  $X_2(s)=sX_1(s),\cdots,X_n(s)=sX_{n-1}(s)$ \\So  $X_k(s)=s^{k-1}X_1(s)$ 

then

$$R(s) = (s^n + a_{n-1}s^{n-1} + \dots + a_0)X_1(s)$$
  
=  $sX_n(s) + (a_{n-1}X_n(s) + \dots + a_0X_1(s))$ 

rearrange it

$$sX_k(s) = X_{k+1}(s) \ sX_n(s) = -(a_0X_1(s) + \ldots + a_{n-1}X_n(s)) + R(s)$$

Moreover

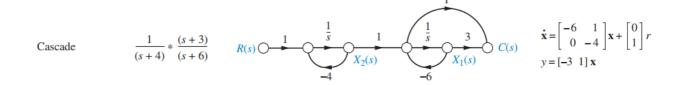
$$C(s) = (b_m s^m + \ldots + b_0) X_1(s)$$
  
=  $b_m X_{m+1}(s) + \ldots + b_0 X_1(s)$ 

So

$$A = egin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \ 0 & 0 & 1 & \cdots & 0 \ dots & dots & dots & dots & dots \ 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 \ -a_0 & -a_1 & -a_2 & \cdots & -a_{n-1} \end{bmatrix} B = egin{bmatrix} 0 \ 0 \ dots \ 0 \ dots \end{bmatrix} \ C = [b_0 & \cdots & b_{m+1} & \cdots & 0]$$

and 
$$\dot{X} = AX + Br, Y = CX$$

### Cascade



$$G(s) = \prod rac{1}{s-s_k} \prod rac{s-p_k}{s-s_k} * K$$

define 
$$X_n(s)=R(s)rac{1}{s-s_n}$$
 , here  $sX_n(s)=s_nX_n(s)+R(s)$ 

define 
$$A_k(s) = A_{k+1}(s) rac{s-p_k}{s-s_k}$$

moreover

$$A_{k+1}(s)+s_kX_k(s)=sX_k(s) \ sX_k(s)-p_kX_k(s)=A_k(s)$$

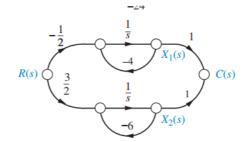
SO

$$egin{aligned} sX_k(s) &= p_k X_k(s) + A_k(s) \ &= p_k X_k(s) + (s-s_{k-1}) X_{k-1}(s) \ s[X_k(s) - X_{k-1}(s)] &= p_k X_k(s) - s_{k-1} X_{k-1}(s) \end{aligned}$$

## Parallel

Parallel

$$\frac{-1/2}{(s+4)} + \frac{3/2}{s+6}$$



$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{3}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$$

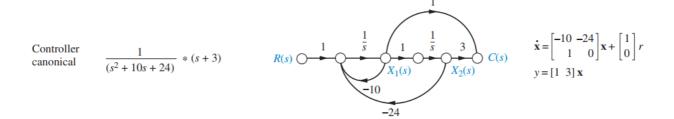
$$G(s) = \sum rac{t_k}{s-s_k}$$

then define  $X_k(s) \equiv R(s) rac{t_k}{s-s_k}$ 

so

$$sX_k(s) = s_k X_k(s) + t_k R(s) \ Y(s) = \sum X_k(s)$$

### **Controller canonical**



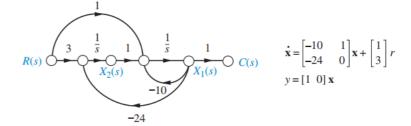
reverse  $X_1,\ldots,X_n$  to  $X_n,\ldots,X_1ackslash$ So the matrix A is flipped across the main diagonal

$$A = egin{bmatrix} -a_{n-1} & \cdots & -a_2 & -a_1 & -a_0 \ 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \ 0 & 1 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \ dots & dots & dots & dots & dots \ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} B = egin{bmatrix} 1 \ 0 \ dots \ 0 \ 0 \end{bmatrix} \ C = egin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & \cdots & b_{m+1} & \cdots & b_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

and 
$$\dot{X}=AX+Br,Y=CX$$

### **Observer canonical**

Observer canonical 
$$\frac{\frac{1}{s} + \frac{3}{s^2}}{1 + \frac{10}{s} + \frac{24}{s^2}}$$



 $\begin{array}{l} \text{reverse } C(s) \Leftrightarrow R(s) \\ \text{reverse } X \Leftrightarrow \dot{X} \\ \text{change direction of arrows} \end{array}$ 

$$G(s) = C(sI - A)^{-1}B \ = G(s)^T = B^T(sI - A^T)^{-1}C^T$$

So here 
$$A \Leftarrow A^T \setminus B \Leftarrow C^T \setminus C \Leftarrow B^T \setminus$$
  
So

$$A = egin{bmatrix} -a_{n-1} & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \ -a_{n-2} & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \ dots & dots & dots & dots & dots \ -a_1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 1 \ -a_0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} B = egin{bmatrix} 0 \ 0 \ dots \ b_{m+1} \ dots \ b_0 \end{bmatrix}$$
  $C = [1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0]$ 

and 
$$\dot{X}=AX+Br, Y=CX$$