

DTFT

$$X(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt$$

$$x^*(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(f) e^{j2\pi ft} df$$

When $\hat{x}(t) = x(t)p(t) = x(t) \cdot \sum \delta(t - nT) = \sum x(nT)\delta(t - nT)$, then we have $\lambda < 1$ that

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{X}(f) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{x}(t) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt = \sum_n x(nT) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - nT) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt \\ &= \sum_n x(nT) e^{-j2\pi n(f/f_s)} \\ \hat{x}^*(t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) e^{j2\pi ft} df \\ x(nT) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{x}^*(t) [\mathbf{u}(t - (n - \lambda)T) - \mathbf{u}(t - (n + \lambda)T)] dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) e^{j2\pi ft} df [\mathbf{u}(t - (n - \lambda)T) - \mathbf{u}(t - (n + \lambda)T)] dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) df \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi ft} [\mathbf{u}(t - (n - \lambda)T) - \mathbf{u}(t - (n + \lambda)T)] dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) df \int_{(n-\lambda)T}^{(n+\lambda)T} e^{j2\pi ft} dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) df \int_{(n-\lambda)}^{(n+\lambda)} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)t'} dt' / f_s \quad [t' = f_s t] \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) \frac{e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)(n+\lambda)} - e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)(n-\lambda)}}{j2\pi(f/f_s)} \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} \frac{e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)\lambda} - e^{-j2\pi(f/f_s)\lambda}}{j2\pi(f/f_s)} \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} \frac{2\lambda j \sin(2\pi(f/f_s)\lambda)}{j2\pi(f/f_s)\lambda} \\ &= 2\lambda \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} \frac{\sin(2\pi(f/f_s)\lambda)}{2\pi(f/f_s)\lambda} \end{aligned}$$

If we replace kernel function: $[\mathbf{u}(t - (n - \lambda)T) - \mathbf{u}(t - (n + \lambda)T)]$ with function

$$\frac{\sin(\pi f_s(t - nT))}{\pi f_s(t - nT)} = \frac{e^{j2\pi(f_s/2)(t-nT)} - e^{-j2\pi(f_s/2)(t-nT)}}{j2\pi f_s(t - nT)}$$

We still have:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{x}^*(t) \frac{\sin(\pi f_s(t - nT))}{\pi f_s(t - nT)} dt \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{n'} x(n'T) \delta(t - n'T) \frac{\sin(\pi f_s(t - nT))}{\pi f_s(t - nT)} dt \\
&= \sum_{n'} x(n'T) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - n'T) \frac{\sin(\pi f_s(t - nT))}{\pi f_s(t - nT)} dt \\
&= \sum_{n'} x(n'T) \frac{\sin(\pi(f_s/f_s)(n' - n))}{\pi(f_s/f_s)(n' - n)} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - n'T) dt \\
&= \sum_{n'} x(n'T) \delta(n' - n) = x(nT)
\end{aligned}$$

So, we have:

$$\begin{aligned}
x(nT) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{x}^*(t) \frac{\sin(\pi(t - nT))}{\pi(t - nT)} dt \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) df \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi ft} \frac{\sin(2\pi(f_s/2)(t - nT))}{2\pi(f_s/2)(t - nT)} dt \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) df \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi ft} \frac{e^{j2\pi(f_s/2)(t - nT)} - e^{-j2\pi(f_s/2)(t - nT)}}{2j2\pi(f_s/2)(t - nT)} dt \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) df \cdot [e^{-j2\pi n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi ft} \frac{e^{j2\pi(f_s/2)t}}{j2\pi f_s(t - nT)} dt - e^{j2\pi n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi ft} \frac{e^{-j2\pi(f_s/2)t}}{j2\pi f_s(t - nT)} dt] \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) df \cdot [e^{-j2\pi n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)t'} \frac{e^{j\pi t'}}{j2\pi(t' - n)} dt' / f_s - e^{j2\pi n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)t'} \frac{e^{-j\pi t'}}{j2\pi(t' - n)} dt' / f_s] \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) \cdot [e^{-j2\pi n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s+0.5)t'} \frac{1}{j2\pi(t' - n)} dt' - e^{j2\pi n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s-0.5)t'} \frac{1}{j2\pi(t' - n)} dt'] \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) \cdot [e^{-j2\pi n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s+0.5)(t'+n)} \frac{1}{j2\pi t'} dt' - e^{j2\pi n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s-0.5)(t'+n)} \frac{1}{j2\pi t'} dt'] \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) \cdot [e^{-j2\pi n} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s+0.5)n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s+0.5)t'} \frac{1}{j2\pi t'} dt' - e^{j2\pi n} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s-0.5)n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s-0.5)t'} \frac{1}{j2\pi t'} dt'] \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) [e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s+0.5)t'} \frac{1}{j2\pi t'} dt' - e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s-0.5)t'} \frac{1}{j2\pi t'} dt'] \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} [\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s+0.5)t'} \frac{1}{j2\pi t'} dt' - \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s-0.5)t'} \frac{1}{j2\pi t'} dt'] \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} \frac{1}{2} [\text{sgn}(f/f_s + 0.5) - \text{sgn}(f/f_s - 0.5)] \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) d(f/f_s) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} [\text{u}(f/f_s + 0.5) - \text{u}(f/f_s - 0.5)] \\
&= \int_{-0.5}^{0.5} \hat{X}(f) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} d(f/f_s)
\end{aligned}$$

because $\text{sgn}(t) \leftrightarrow \frac{1}{j\pi t}$, then we have $\frac{1}{j\pi t} \leftrightarrow \text{sgn}(-f) = -\text{sgn}(f)$,

Thus means

$$\begin{aligned}
-\text{sgn}(f) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{j\pi t} e^{-j2\pi f t} dt \\
\text{sgn}(f) &= -\text{sgn}(-f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{j\pi t} e^{j2\pi f t} dt \\
\text{sgn}(f/f_s + 0.5) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{j\pi t} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s + 0.5)t} dt = 2u(f/f_s + 0.5) - 1 \\
\text{sgn}(f/f_s - 0.5) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{j\pi t} e^{j2\pi(f/f_s - 0.5)t} dt = 2u(f/f_s - 0.5) - 1
\end{aligned}$$

To sum up:

for $\hat{x}(t) = x(t)p(t) = x(t) \cdot \sum \delta(t - nT) = \sum x(nT)\delta(t - nT)$, we have

$$\begin{aligned}
\hat{X}(f) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{x}(t) e^{-j2\pi f t} dt \\
&= \sum_n x(nT) e^{-j2\pi n(f/f_s)} \\
\hat{x}^*(t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{X}(f) e^{j2\pi f t} df \\
x(nT) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{x}^*(t) \frac{\sin(\pi(t - nT))}{\pi(t - nT)} dt \\
&= \int_{-0.5}^{0.5} \hat{X}(f) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} d(f/f_s)
\end{aligned}$$

Now define $\omega = 2\pi f/f_s$, then

$$\begin{aligned}
X(e^{j\omega}) &\equiv \hat{X}(f) = \sum_n x(nT) [e^{j\omega}]^{-n} \\
x(nT) &= \int_{-0.5}^{0.5} \hat{X}(f) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} d(f/f_s) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) [e^{j\omega}]^n d\omega
\end{aligned}$$

Formula

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{FT}[\delta(t)] &= \int \delta(t) e^{-j2\pi f t} dt = \int \delta(t) e^{-j2\pi f 0} dt = 1 \cdot \int \delta(t) dt = 1(f) \\
\text{so, } \delta(t) &= \text{FT}^{-1}[1(f)] = \int 1 \cdot e^{j2\pi f t} df
\end{aligned}$$

then replace $f \rightarrow t, t \rightarrow -f$, having

$$\begin{aligned}
\delta(-f) &= \int 1(t) \cdot e^{j2\pi t(-f)} dt = \text{FT}[1(t)] \\
&= \delta(f)
\end{aligned}$$

Thus Fourier pair $1(t) \leftrightarrow \delta(f)$, now we want to verify:

$$\sum_n \delta(t - nT) = \frac{1}{T} \sum_k e^{j2\pi k(\frac{t}{T})} \quad [\alpha\delta(\alpha t') = \delta(t'), t' = \frac{t}{T} = tf_s]$$

$$\sum_n \delta(t' - n) = \sum_k e^{j2\pi kt'}$$

Here we have:

The Fourier transform of a rectangular pulse is the sinc function

The discrete Fourier transform of a rectangular signal after pulse discrete sampling is the Dirichlet function

$$\sum_{k=-A}^A e^{j2\pi kt'} = 1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^A \cos(2\pi t' k)$$

$$\sin(\pi t') \sum_{k=-A}^A e^{j2\pi kt'} = \sin(\pi t') + \sum_{k=1}^A [\sin(2\pi t'(k + 0.5)) - \sin(2\pi t'(k - 0.5))]$$

$$= \sin(2\pi t'(A + 0.5)) = \sin(\pi t'(2A + 1))$$

$$\sum_{k=-A}^A e^{j2\pi kt'} = \frac{\sin(\pi t'(2A + 1))}{\sin(\pi t')}$$

Moreover, $\frac{\sin(\pi(t'+\Delta)(2A+1))}{\sin(\pi(t'+\Delta))} = \frac{\sin(\pi t'(2A+1))}{\sin(\pi t')}$, $\Delta \in Z$, the period is 1:

$$\int_{-0.5}^{0.5} \frac{\sin(\pi t'(2A + 1))}{\sin(\pi t')} dt' = \sum_{k=-A}^A \int_{-0.5}^{0.5} e^{j2\pi kt'} dt' = \sum_{k=-A}^A \delta(k) = 1$$

So, $\lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin(\pi t'(2A+1))}{\sin(\pi t')} [u(t' + 0.5) - u(t' - 0.5)] = \delta(t')$, then we have

$$\lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=-A}^A e^{j2\pi kt'} = \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin(\pi t'(2A + 1))}{\sin(\pi t')}$$

$$= \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \sum_n \frac{\sin(\pi t'(2A + 1))}{\sin(\pi t')} [u(t' + 0.5 - n) - u(t' - 0.5 - n)]$$

$$= \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \sum_n \frac{\sin(\pi(t' - n)(2A + 1))}{\sin(\pi(t' - n))} [u(t' + 0.5 - n) - u(t' - 0.5 - n)]$$

$$= \sum_n \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin(\pi(t' - n)(2A + 1))}{\sin(\pi(t' - n))} [u(t' + 0.5 - n) - u(t' - 0.5 - n)]$$

$$= \sum_n \delta(t' - n)$$

Thus,

$$\sum_n \delta(t' - n) = \sum_k e^{j2\pi kt'} \quad [t = t'T]$$

$$T \sum_n \delta(t - nT) = \sum_n \delta(t/T - n) = \sum_k e^{j2\pi k(\frac{t}{T})}$$

DFT

Sample $\hat{x}(t) = x(t)p(t) = x(t) \cdot \sum \delta(t - nT) = \sum x(nT)\delta(t - nT)$ in a period 0~NT

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{x}(t) &= \{\hat{x}(t) [u(t) - u(t - NT)]\} * \sum_{n'} \delta(t - n'NT) \\ &= \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT)\delta(t - nT) \right\} * \sum_{n'} \delta(t - n'NT) \\ &= \sum_{n'} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT)\delta(t - (n + n'N)T) \right\} \end{aligned}$$

For frequency domain:

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{X}(f) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \tilde{x}(t) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt \\ &= \sum_{n'} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t - (n + n'N)T) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt \right] \right\} \\ &= \sum_{n'} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(f/f_s)(n+n'N)} \right\} \\ &= \sum_{n'} e^{-j2\pi(\frac{f}{f_s/N})n'} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(f/f_s)n} \right\} \quad \left[\sum_n \delta(t' - n) = \sum_k e^{j2\pi kt'} \right] \\ &= \sum_k \delta\left(\frac{f}{f_s/N} - k\right) \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(f/f_s)n} \right\} \\ &= \frac{f_s}{N} \sum_k \delta\left(f - k\frac{f_s}{N}\right) \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(f/f_s)n} \right\} \\ &= \frac{f_s}{N} \sum_k \delta\left(f - k\frac{f_s}{N}\right) \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(k/N)n} \right\} \\ &= \sum_k \delta\left(f - k\frac{f_s}{N}\right) \left[\frac{f_s}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(k/N)n} \right\} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Reconstruction:

$$\begin{aligned}
\tilde{x}^*(t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \tilde{X}(f) e^{j2\pi ft} df \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi ft} df \sum_k \delta(f - k \frac{f_s}{N}) \left[\frac{f_s}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(k/N)n} \right\} \right] \\
&= \sum_k \left[\frac{f_s}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(k/N)n} \right\} \right] \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{j2\pi ft} \delta(f - k \frac{f_s}{N}) df \\
&= \sum_k \left[\frac{f_s}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(k/N)n} \right\} \right] e^{j2\pi(k/N)f_s t} \\
x(nT) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \tilde{x}^*(t) \frac{\sin(\pi(t - nT))}{\pi(t - nT)} dt \\
&= \int_{-0.5}^{0.5} \tilde{X}(f) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} d(f/f_s) = \int_0^1 \tilde{X}(f) e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} d(f/f_s) \\
&= \int_0^1 e^{j2\pi(f/f_s)n} d(f/f_s) \sum_k \delta(f - k \frac{f_s}{N}) \left[\frac{f_s}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(k/N)n} \right\} \right] \\
&= \sum_k \int_0^1 e^{j2\pi(\frac{f}{f_s})n} \delta(\frac{f}{f_s} - \frac{k}{N}) d(\frac{f}{f_s}) \left[\frac{1}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(k/N)n} \right\} \right] \\
&= \sum_k \int_0^1 e^{j2\pi(\frac{k}{N})n} \delta(\frac{f}{f_s} - \frac{k}{N}) d(\frac{f}{f_s}) \left[\frac{1}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(k/N)n} \right\} \right] \\
&= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} e^{j2\pi(\frac{k}{N})n} \left[\frac{1}{N} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(k/N)n} \right\} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \left\{ \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(nT) e^{-j2\pi(\frac{k}{N})n} \right\} e^{j2\pi(\frac{k}{N})n}
\end{aligned}$$