# Al-Powered Research Assistant MCP Server

# **Software Requirements Specification (SRS) Document**

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# 1. Introduction

# 1.1 Purpose

The Al-Powered Research Assistant MCP Server is designed to provide intelligent web research capabilities through the Model Context Protocol (MCP). It combines web scraping, document processing, and local LLM analysis to deliver comprehensive research insights without requiring external API costs.

#### 1.2 Scope

This system will enable users to:

- Conduct intelligent web searches across multiple sources
- Extract and analyze content from web pages and documents
- Generate summaries and insights using local LLMs
- Create knowledge graphs from research findings

- Perform fact-checking across multiple sources
- Generate research reports and recommendations

## 1.3 Definitions and Acronyms

- MCP: Model Context Protocol A standardized way for AI assistants to connect with external data sources
- LLM: Large Language Model
- RAG: Retrieval-Augmented Generation
- NLP: Natural Language Processing
- **PDF**: Portable Document Format
- API: Application Programming Interface

## 1.4 Target Audience

- Researchers and academics
- Students conducting literature reviews
- Content creators and journalists
- Business analysts and consultants
- Developers building Al-powered applications

# 2. System Overview

# 2.1 System Description

The AI Research Assistant MCP Server is a comprehensive research tool that leverages multiple free and open-source technologies to provide intelligent web research capabilities. The system integrates web search engines, document processors, and local AI models to deliver accurate, comprehensive research results.

# 2.2 Key Features

- Multi-Source Web Search: Aggregates results from DuckDuckGo, SearX, and academic databases
- Intelligent Content Extraction: Processes web pages, PDFs, and academic papers
- Al-Powered Analysis: Uses local LLMs for summarization and insight extraction
- Knowledge Graph Generation: Creates visual representations of research relationships
- Fact-Checking: Cross-references information across multiple sources
- Research Report Generation: Compiles findings into structured reports

#### 2.3 System Benefits

- Cost-Effective: Uses only free and open-source tools
- **Privacy-Focused**: Processes data locally without external API calls

- Comprehensive: Covers web content, academic papers, and documents
- Scalable: Modular architecture supports easy extension
- Reliable: Multiple fallback search sources ensure robustness

# 3. Project Structure

```
ai research assistant mcp/
  - README.md
   - LICENSE
   - requirements.txt
   setup.py
   pyproject.toml
   docker-compose.yml
   - .env.example
   gitignore
   - src/
   research_assistant/
        ___init___.py
         - main.py
         - server.py
                              # Main MCP server entry point
                              # Configuration management
         config.py
         – core/
            - __init__.py
            mcp_server.py
                               # MCP protocol implementation
            tool_registry.py
                               # Tool registration and management
            error handler.py
                                 # Global error handling
         search/
            - __init__.py
           base searcher.py
                                  # Abstract search interface
           duckduckgo_search.py # DuckDuckGo implementation
                                 # SearX implementation
            searx search.py
            selenium_search.py
                                   # Selenium-based search
            academic_search.py
                                   # Academic paper search

    search aggregator.py # Multi-source aggregation

            search_utils.py # Search utilities
         extraction/
            - ___init___.py
            base_extractor.py
                                 # Abstract extractor interface
            web extractor.py
                                 # Web content extraction

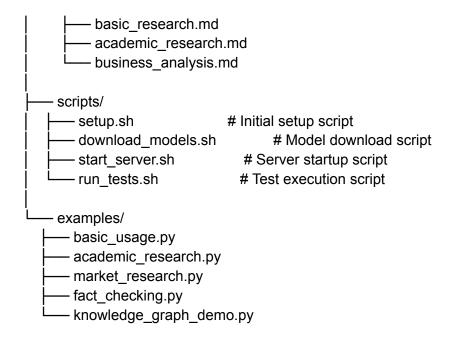
    pdf extractor.py # PDF processing

            - document_extractor.py # Word/PowerPoint processing

    content cleaner.py # Text cleaning and preprocessing
```

```
extraction_utils.py # Extraction utilities
analysis/
    _init__.py
   - base analyzer.py
                         # Abstract analyzer interface
   - summarizer.py
                        # Content summarization
   insight_extractor.py # Key insight identification
   - fact checker.py
                        # Cross-reference verification
   - sentiment_analyzer.py # Sentiment analysis
   topic_modeler.py
                         # Topic modeling
                       # Analysis utilities
   analysis_utils.py
- Ilm/
      init__.py
   - ollama client.py
                        # Ollama integration
   langchain_chains.py
                          # LangChain workflows
   prompt_templates.py # Prompt management
   model_manager.py
                          # Model loading and management
                     # LLM utilities
  Ilm_utils.py
storage/
   - ___init___.py
   vector_store.py
                        # ChromaDB integration
                          # Result caching
   cache_manager.py
                           # Graph storage and retrieval
   knowledge_graph.py
   session_manager.py
                           # Session data management
                       # Storage utilities
   storage_utils.py
- tools/
   ___init___.py
                         # Core research MCP tools
   research_tools.py
   analysis_tools.py
                        # Analysis MCP tools
  export tools.py
                       # Export and reporting tools
   utility_tools.py
                      # Utility MCP tools
   tool_schemas.py
                         # Tool input/output schemas
reports/
   - ___init___.py
   report_generator.py
                         # Report compilation
                           # Report templates
   template_manager.py
   export_formats.py
                         # Multiple export formats
   visualization.py
                       # Charts and graphs
- models/
   · ___init___.py
                          # Research data models
   research_models.py
   content_models.py
                          # Content data models
   - analysis models.py
                          # Analysis result models
```

```
— response_models.py # API response models
     - utils/
       — ___init___.py
       logger.py
                          # Logging configuration
                         # Input validation
        validators.py
       decorators.py
                          # Common decorators
       constants.py
                           # System constants
       helpers.py
                          # Helper functions
config/
---- models.yaml
                            # Ollama model configurations
   search_sources.yaml
                                # Search engine configurations
  extraction_rules.yaml
                              # Content extraction rules
  analysis templates.yaml
                                # Analysis prompt templates
  logging.yaml
                            # Logging configuration
– data/
   - models/
                          # Downloaded models
                         # Cached search results
   - cache/
   - vector_store/
                           # ChromaDB data
   – knowledge_graphs/
                               # Generated knowledge graphs
- tests/
   - ___init___.py
   - conftest.py
                          # Pytest configuration
   - unit/
    — test_search/
      – test_extraction/
    — test_analysis/
    — test_tools/
   integration/
    — test_search_flow.py
      test_analysis_flow.py
     test_mcp_integration.py
   – e2e/
     test_research_workflow.py
    — test_complete_pipeline.py
- docs/
 — README.md
   - installation.md
   configuration.md
  api_reference.md
  user_guide.md
   developer_guide.md
   troubleshooting.md
   - examples/
```



# 4. Functional Requirements

# 4.1 Core Research Tools (FR-001 to FR-008)

FR-001: Multi-Source Web Search

• **Description**: Aggregate search results from multiple free search engines

• Input: Search query, result count, source preferences

• Output: Ranked search results with metadata

• **Priority**: High

• Dependencies: DuckDuckGo API, SearX instances

#### FR-002: Content Extraction and Processing

• **Description**: Extract and clean content from web pages and documents

• **Input**: URLs, file paths, extraction parameters

• Output: Cleaned text content with metadata

• **Priority**: High

• **Dependencies**: BeautifulSoup, PyMuPDF, Selenium

# FR-003: Al-Powered Content Summarization

• **Description**: Generate intelligent summaries using local LLMs

• Input: Text content, summary length, focus areas

• Output: Structured summaries with key points

• **Priority**: High

• Dependencies: Ollama, LangChain

FR-004: Academic Paper Analysis

- Description: Search and analyze academic papers from multiple sources
- Input: Research query, publication filters
- Output: Paper summaries with citations and relevance scores
- **Priority**: Medium
- Dependencies: arXiv API, Semantic Scholar API

#### FR-005: Knowledge Graph Generation

- **Description**: Create visual knowledge graphs from research findings
- Input: Research results, relationship parameters
- Output: Interactive knowledge graph data
- **Priority**: Medium
- **Dependencies**: NetworkX, Graph visualization libraries

#### FR-006: Cross-Source Fact Checking

- **Description**: Verify claims across multiple reliable sources
- Input: Claims/statements, verification depth
- Output: Fact-check results with source citations
- **Priority**: Medium
- **Dependencies**: Multiple search sources, NLP analysis

#### FR-007: Research Report Generation

- **Description**: Compile findings into structured research reports
- **Input**: Research session data, report template
- Output: Formatted research report (multiple formats)
- **Priority**: Medium
- **Dependencies**: Report templates, Export libraries

#### FR-008: Research Session Management

- **Description**: Manage research sessions and maintain context
- **Input**: Session parameters, research history
- Output: Persistent research sessions
- **Priority**: Low
- **Dependencies**: Session storage, Context management

#### 4.2 Analysis and Intelligence Tools (FR-009 to FR-014)

## FR-009: Sentiment Analysis

- **Description**: Analyze sentiment of research content
- Input: Text content, analysis scope
- Output: Sentiment scores and emotional indicators
- **Priority**: Low
- **Dependencies**: NLP libraries, Sentiment models

#### FR-010: Topic Modeling

- **Description**: Identify and categorize topics in research content
- **Input**: Document collection, topic count
- Output: Topic clusters with representative keywords
- **Priority**: Low
- **Dependencies**: Topic modeling algorithms

#### FR-011: Research Question Generation

- **Description**: Generate relevant research questions from content
- Input: Research domain, content context
- Output: Prioritized research questions
- **Priority**: Medium
- **Dependencies**: LLM analysis, Question templates

#### FR-012: Citation and Reference Management

- **Description**: Extract and format citations from research sources
- Input: Academic content, citation style
- Output: Properly formatted citations
- **Priority**: Medium
- **Dependencies**: Citation parsing libraries

#### FR-013: Trend Analysis

- **Description**: Identify trends and patterns in research data
- Input: Time-series research data, analysis parameters
- Output: Trend reports with visualizations
- **Priority**: Low
- **Dependencies**: Statistical analysis libraries

#### FR-014: Research Recommendation Engine

- **Description**: Suggest related research areas and sources
- Input: Current research context, user preferences
- Output: Recommended research directions
- **Priority**: Low
- Dependencies: Machine learning models, Content similarity

# 5. Non-Functional Requirements

# **5.1 Performance Requirements (NFR-001 to NFR-005)**

#### NFR-001: Response Time

- Search operations: < 10 seconds for standard gueries
- Content extraction: < 30 seconds per document
- Al analysis: < 60 seconds for standard summaries

• Knowledge graph generation: < 120 seconds

#### NFR-002: Throughput

- Support minimum 10 concurrent research sessions
- Process up to 100 search queries per hour
- Handle 50 document extractions per hour

#### NFR-003: Scalability

- Horizontal scaling support through containerization
- Modular architecture for component scaling
- Resource usage optimization for local deployment

#### NFR-004: Memory Usage

- Maximum 4GB RAM usage under normal operation
- Efficient memory management for large documents
- Garbage collection optimization

#### NFR-005: Storage Efficiency

- Intelligent caching to reduce redundant operations
- Compressed storage for vector embeddings
- Configurable cache size limits

# 5.2 Reliability Requirements (NFR-006 to NFR-010)

#### NFR-006: Availability

- 99% uptime for local deployments
- Graceful degradation when search sources unavailable
- Automatic failover between search sources

#### NFR-007: Error Handling

- · Comprehensive error logging and monitoring
- User-friendly error messages
- Automatic retry mechanisms for failed operations

#### NFR-008: Data Integrity

- Checksum verification for downloaded content
- Backup and recovery mechanisms
- Data validation at all input points

#### NFR-009: Fault Tolerance

- Resilient to individual component failures
- Circuit breaker patterns for external services

Graceful handling of network interruptions

#### NFR-010: Recovery

- Automatic recovery from system crashes
- Session state persistence across restarts
- Database consistency checks on startup

## 5.3 Security Requirements (NFR-011 to NFR-015)

#### NFR-011: Data Privacy

- Local processing without external data transmission
- Secure handling of research content
- User data anonymization options

#### NFR-012: Input Validation

- Comprehensive input sanitization
- Protection against injection attacks
- URL validation and safety checks

#### NFR-013: Access Control

- Configurable user authentication
- Role-based access to features
- API key management for external services

#### **NFR-014: Secure Communication**

- HTTPS enforcement for web requests
- Certificate validation for external connections
- Secure local API endpoints

#### NFR-015: Audit Logging

- Comprehensive activity logging
- User action tracking
- Security event monitoring

# 5.4 Usability Requirements (NFR-016 to NFR-020)

#### NFR-016: User Interface

- Intuitive MCP tool interfaces
- Clear error messages and guidance
- Comprehensive documentation

#### **NFR-017: Configuration**

- Easy setup and configuration process
- Environment-specific configuration options
- Runtime configuration updates

#### **NFR-018: Monitoring**

- Real-time system status monitoring
- Performance metrics dashboard
- Resource usage tracking

#### NFR-019: Extensibility

- Plugin architecture for new search sources
- Custom analysis module support
- Configurable output formats

## NFR-020: Compatibility

- Cross-platform support (Windows, macOS, Linux)
- Multiple Python version compatibility
- Container deployment support

# 6. Technology Stack

# 6.1 Core Technologies

- Programming Language: Python 3.9+
- MCP Framework: mcp>=1.0.0
- Al/ML Framework: LangChain, Ollama
- Web Framework: FastAPI (for API endpoints)
- **Database**: ChromaDB (vector storage), SQLite (metadata)

#### 6.2 Search and Extraction

- Search Engines: DuckDuckGo, SearX, Academic APIs
- Web Scraping: Selenium, BeautifulSoup, Playwright
- Document Processing: PyMuPDF, python-docx, pdfplumber
- Content Extraction: trafilatura, newspaper3k

#### 6.3 Al and Analysis

- Local LLM: Ollama (Llama2, CodeLlama)
- Embeddings: sentence-transformers, nomic-embed-text
- Vector Storage: ChromaDB, FAISS
- NLP: spaCy, NLTK, TextStat

# 6.4 Data Processing and Visualization

- Data Processing: pandas, numpy
- Visualization: matplotlib, plotly, networkx
- Report Generation: reportlab, jinja2
- Graph Processing: networkx, graphviz

# 6.5 Development and Deployment

- **Testing**: pytest, pytest-cov, pytest-mock
- Containerization: Docker, docker-compose
- Logging: structlog, rich
- Configuration: pydantic, python-dotenv

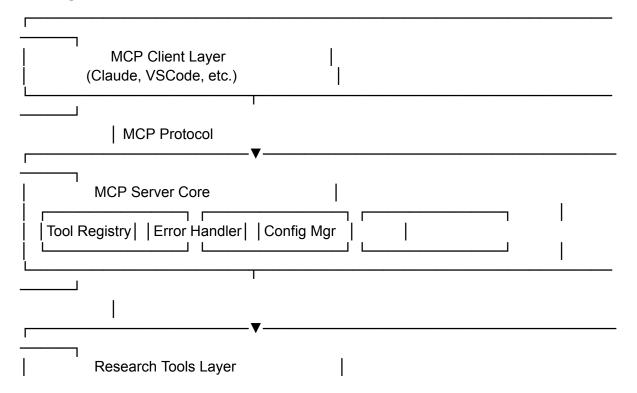
# 6.6 Free and Open Source Compliance

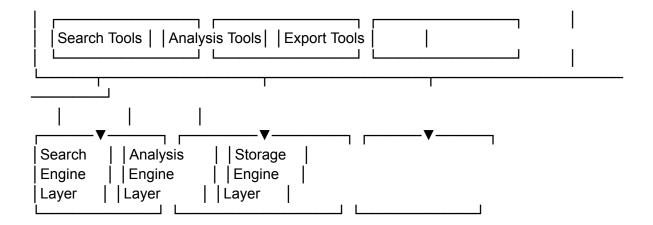
All technologies selected are:

- Open source with permissive licenses
- Free for commercial and non-commercial use
- Actively maintained with strong communities
- No API costs or usage limitations

# 7. System Architecture

## 7.1 High-Level Architecture





# 7.2 Component Architecture

#### 7.2.1 MCP Server Core

- Responsibility: Handle MCP protocol communication
- **Components**: Tool registry, error handling, configuration
- Interfaces: MCP client communication, tool execution

#### 7.2.2 Search Engine Layer

- Responsibility: Aggregate search results from multiple sources
- Components: DuckDuckGo, SearX, Selenium, Academic APIs
- Interfaces: Unified search API, result normalization

#### 7.2.3 Analysis Engine Layer

- Responsibility: Process and analyze research content
- Components: LLM integration, NLP processing, insight extraction
- Interfaces: Content analysis API, result formatting

#### 7.2.4 Storage Engine Layer

- Responsibility: Manage data persistence and caching
- Components: Vector store, cache management, session storage
- Interfaces: Data storage API, retrieval operations

#### 7.3 Data Flow Architecture

```
Search Query → Search Aggregator → Multiple Search Sources
↓
Content URLs → Content Extractor → Clean Text Content
↓
Text Content → Al Analyzer → Insights & Summaries
↓
Analysis Results → Knowledge Graph → Visual Representation
↓
```

## 7.4 Integration Architecture

#### 7.4.1 External Integrations

- Free Search APIs: DuckDuckGo, arXiv, Semantic Scholar
- Local LLM: Ollama with multiple model support
- Web Scraping: Multiple fallback mechanisms

#### 7.4.2 Internal Integrations

- Component Communication: Event-driven architecture
- Data Persistence: Unified storage interface
- Error Handling: Centralized error management

# 8. API Specifications

#### **8.1 MCP Tool Definitions**

```
8.1.1 web_research_query
 "name": "web research query",
 "description": "Perform comprehensive web research on a given topic",
 "inputSchema": {
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "query": {
     "type": "string",
     "description": "Research query or topic"
   },
    "max results": {
     "type": "integer",
     "default": 20,
     "description": "Maximum number of results to return"
   },
    "sources": {
     "type": "array",
     "items": {"type": "string"},
     "default": ["web", "academic"],
     "description": "Search sources to include"
   },
    "depth": {
     "type": "string",
```

```
"enum": ["shallow", "medium", "deep"],
     "default": "medium",
     "description": "Research depth level"
   }
  },
  "required": ["query"]
}
8.1.2 summarize_content
 "name": "summarize_content",
 "description": "Summarize research content using AI analysis",
 "inputSchema": {
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
   "content": {
     "type": "string",
     "description": "Content to summarize"
   },
   "summary_type": {
     "type": "string",
     "enum": ["brief", "detailed", "executive"],
     "default": "brief",
     "description": "Type of summary to generate"
   },
   "focus_areas": {
     "type": "array",
     "items": {"type": "string"},
     "description": "Specific areas to focus on in summary"
   "max_length": {
     "type": "integer",
     "default": 500,
     "description": "Maximum summary length in words"
   }
  },
  "required": ["content"]
}
8.1.3 extract_insights
 "name": "extract insights",
 "description": "Extract key insights from research content",
 "inputSchema": {
```

```
"type": "object",
  "properties": {
    "content": {
     "type": "string",
     "description": "Research content to analyze"
    "insight_types": {
     "type": "array",
     "items": {
      "type": "string",
      "enum": ["trends", "patterns", "contradictions", "gaps", "opportunities"]
     "default": ["trends", "patterns"],
     "description": "Types of insights to extract"
    "confidence_threshold": {
     "type": "number",
     "minimum": 0.0,
     "maximum": 1.0,
     "default": 0.7,
     "description": "Minimum confidence level for insights"
   }
  },
  "required": ["content"]
}
8.1.4 fact_check_claims
 "name": "fact_check_claims",
 "description": "Verify claims against multiple reliable sources",
 "inputSchema": {
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
   "claims": {
     "type": "array",
     "items": {"type": "string"},
     "description": "Claims to fact-check"
   },
    "sources_required": {
     "type": "integer",
     "default": 3,
     "description": "Minimum number of sources for verification"
   },
    "include_sources": {
     "type": "boolean",
     "default": true,
```

```
"description": "Include source citations in results"
   }
  },
  "required": ["claims"]
8.1.5 generate_knowledge_graph
 "name": "generate_knowledge_graph",
 "description": "Create knowledge graph from research findings",
 "inputSchema": {
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
   "research_data": {
     "type": "string",
     "description": "Research content for graph generation"
   },
    "entity_types": {
     "type": "array",
     "items": {"type": "string"},
     "default": ["person", "organization", "concept", "location"],
     "description": "Types of entities to extract"
   },
    "relationship_threshold": {
     "type": "number",
     "default": 0.5,
     "description": "Threshold for relationship strength"
   },
    "max_nodes": {
     "type": "integer",
     "default": 100,
     "description": "Maximum number of nodes in graph"
   }
  },
  "required": ["research_data"]
}
}
8.1.6 generate_research_report
 "name": "generate_research_report",
 "description": "Compile research findings into structured report",
 "inputSchema": {
  "type": "object",
  "properties": {
```

```
"research_session_id": {
     "type": "string",
     "description": "ID of research session to compile"
   },
   "report type": {
     "type": "string",
     "enum": ["summary", "detailed", "academic", "business"],
     "default": "summary",
     "description": "Type of report to generate"
   },
    "format": {
     "type": "string",
     "enum": ["markdown", "html", "pdf", "json"],
     "default": "markdown",
     "description": "Output format for report"
   },
    "include_citations": {
     "type": "boolean",
     "default": true,
     "description": "Include source citations"
   }
  },
  "required": ["research_session_id"]
}
}
```

# 8.2 Response Formats

```
8.2.1 Standard Success Response
```

```
{
  "success": true,
  "data": {
    "results": [],
    "metadata": {
        "query": "original query",
        "timestamp": "2024-01-01T00:00:00Z",
        "processing_time": 5.23,
        "sources_used": ["duckduckgo", "arxiv"],
        "total_results": 15
    }
}
```

## 8.2.2 Error Response

```
{
    "success": false,
```

```
"error": {
    "code": "SEARCH_FAILED",
    "message": "Unable to complete search request",
    "details": "Connection timeout to search service",
    "suggestions": [
    "Check internet connection",
    "Try a different search query",
    "Contact support if problem persists"
    ]
}
```

# 9. Data Models

#### 9.1 Core Data Models

#### 9.1.1 SearchResult

```
class SearchResult:
    url: str
    title: str
    snippet: str
    source: str
    relevance_score: float
    timestamp: datetime
    metadata: Dict[str, Any]
```

#### 9.1.2 ResearchContent

```
class ResearchContent:
    content_id: str
    text: str
    content_type: str # web, pdf, academic
    source_url: str
    extraction_metadata: Dict[str, Any]
    processing_timestamp: datetime
```

#### 9.1.3 AnalysisResult

```
class AnalysisResult:
    analysis_id: str
    content_id: str
    analysis_type: str
    results: Dict[str, Any]
    confidence_score: float
    model_used: str
```

timestamp: datetime

#### 9.1.4 KnowledgeGraph

class KnowledgeGraph:

graph\_id: str

nodes: List[GraphNode] edges: List[GraphEdge] metadata: Dict[str, Any]

creation\_timestamp: datetime

#### 9.1.5 ResearchSession

class ResearchSession:

session\_id: str user\_id: str query: str

search\_results: List[SearchResult]
analysis\_results: List[AnalysisResult]

 $knowledge\_graphs: List[KnowledgeGraph]$ 

status: str

created\_at: datetime updated\_at: datetime

# 9.2 Configuration Models

#### 9.2.1 SearchConfig

class SearchConfig:

enabled\_sources: List[str] max\_results\_per\_source: int

timeout\_seconds: int retry\_attempts: int cache\_duration: int

#### 9.2.2 AnalysisConfig

class AnalysisConfig: default\_model: str

max\_content\_length: int

confidence\_threshold: float

analysis\_timeout: int

# Al-Powered Research Assistant MCP Server

# Software Requirements Specification (SRS) Document - Sections 10-14

# 10. User Stories

#### 10.1 Researcher User Stories

**US-001: Basic Web Research** 

**As a** researcher

I want to search multiple sources simultaneously

So that I can get comprehensive results without manually checking each source

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Can search DuckDuckGo, SearX, and academic sources in one query
- Results are aggregated and ranked by relevance
- Search completes within 10 seconds for standard queries
- Duplicate results are automatically filtered

#### **US-002: Academic Paper Analysis**

As an academic researcher

I want to analyze academic papers from arXiv and Semantic Scholar So that I can quickly understand key findings and methodologies

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Can search academic databases with subject filters
- Papers are automatically summarized with key points
- Citations are extracted and formatted correctly
- Related papers are suggested based on content similarity

#### **US-003: Content Summarization**

**As a** content analyst

I want to get Al-generated summaries of web articles and documents So that I can quickly understand large volumes of content

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Can summarize web pages, PDFs, and documents
- Multiple summary types available (brief, detailed, executive)
- Key insights and trends are highlighted
- Summary accuracy is validated against source content

#### **US-004: Fact Verification**

#### As a journalist

I want to verify claims across multiple reliable sources So that I can ensure information accuracy in my reporting

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Can fact-check specific claims or statements
- Results show verification status with confidence scores
- Source citations are provided for all verifications
- Contradictory information is clearly highlighted

#### **US-005: Knowledge Graph Creation**

#### As a data analyst

I want to visualize relationships between research entities So that I can understand complex topic interconnections

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Can generate interactive knowledge graphs from research content
- Entities and relationships are automatically extracted
- Graph can be exported in multiple formats
- Interactive exploration features are available

#### 10.2 Student User Stories

#### **US-006: Literature Review Assistance**

#### **As a** graduate student

I want to compile research from multiple sources for literature reviews So that I can efficiently gather relevant academic sources

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Can search across academic databases and web sources
- Results are categorized by research themes
- Citation formats are automatically generated
- Research gaps and opportunities are identified

#### **US-007: Research Question Generation**

As an undergraduate student

I want to generate research questions from topic exploration

So that I can develop focused research proposals

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Can analyze topic content to suggest research questions
- Questions are ranked by feasibility and originality
- Background context is provided for each question
- Related research areas are suggested

## 10.3 Business Analyst User Stories

**US-008: Market Research Analysis** 

As a business analyst

I want to research market trends and competitor information So that I can provide data-driven business recommendations

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Can search for industry reports and market data
- Trend analysis is performed on collected data
- Competitor information is automatically categorized
- Business insights are extracted and prioritized

#### **US-009: Research Report Generation**

As a consultant

I want to generate professional research reports from my findings So that I can deliver comprehensive analysis to clients

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

- Can compile research sessions into formatted reports
- Multiple report templates are available
- Charts and visualizations are automatically generated
- Reports can be exported in various formats (PDF, HTML, Word)

#### 10.4 Developer User Stories

**US-010: MCP Integration** 

As a developer

I want to integrate research capabilities into my AI assistant So that my application can provide intelligent research features

#### **Acceptance Criteria:**

MCP server can be easily configured and deployed

- All tools are accessible through MCP protocol
- Comprehensive API documentation is available
- Error handling provides clear feedback

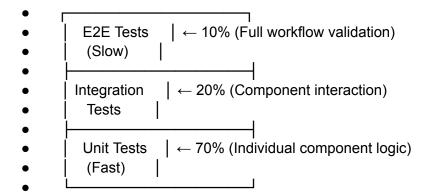
# 11. Testing Strategy

## 11.1 Testing Approach

#### 11.1.1 Test Philosophy

- Test-Driven Development: Core functionality developed with tests first
- Continuous Testing: Automated testing integrated into development workflow
- Quality Gates: Minimum test coverage and quality metrics enforced
- Real-world Scenarios: Tests based on actual user workflows

#### 11.1.2 Testing Pyramid



# 11.2 Unit Testing Strategy

#### 11.2.1 Search Components

- # Test Coverage Areas
- DuckDuckGo search functionality
- - SearX integration and fallback
- - Academic paper search (arXiv, Semantic Scholar)
- Search result aggregation and ranking
- Content extraction from various sources
- - Error handling and retry mechanisms

#### 11.2.2 Analysis Components

- # Test Coverage Areas
- - LLM integration (Ollama, LangChain)
- - Content summarization accuracy
- Insight extraction validation
- - Fact-checking logic
- - Knowledge graph generation
- Natural language processing pipelines

#### 11.2.3 Storage Components

- # Test Coverage Areas
- Vector store operations (ChromaDB)
- - Cache management and invalidation
- Session persistence and recovery
- - Data serialization/deserialization
- - Query optimization

# 11.3 Integration Testing Strategy

## 11.3.1 Search-to-Analysis Flow

- def test\_search\_to\_analysis\_pipeline():
- """Test complete search and analysis workflow"""
- # Search for content
- search\_results = search\_aggregator.search("Al research trends")
- assert len(search results) > 0
- •
- # Extract content
- content = content\_extractor.extract\_from\_urls(search\_results.urls)
- assert content.text is not None
- \_
- # Analyze content
- analysis = analyzer.summarize(content.text)
- assert analysis.summary is not None
- assert analysis.confidence score > 0.7

#### 11.3.2 MCP Protocol Integration

- def test mcp tool execution():
- """Test MCP tool registration and execution"""
- # Register tools
- mcp\_server.register\_tools(research\_tools)

\_

```
    # Execute web research tool
    result = mcp_server.execute_tool(
    "web_research_query",
    {"query": "machine learning", "max_results": 10}
    )
    assert result.success is True
    assert len(result.data.results) <= 10</li>
```

# 11.4 End-to-End Testing Strategy

#### 11.4.1 Complete Research Workflow

```
def test complete research workflow():
  """Test full research session from query to report"""
  session_id = research_assistant.start_session()
  # Perform research
  research_results = research_assistant.research_query(
     session id,
     "sustainable energy technologies"
  )
  # Generate insights
  insights = research_assistant.extract_insights(
     session id,
     research_results
  )
  # Create knowledge graph
  graph = research_assistant.generate_knowledge_graph(
     session id,
     research_results
  )
  # Generate report
  report = research_assistant.generate_report(
     session id,
     format="markdown"
  )
  # Validate complete workflow
  assert research_results.total_sources >= 3
  assert len(insights.key_findings) > 0
  assert graph.node_count > 10
  assert len(report.content) > 1000
```

# 11.5 Performance Testing

#### 11.5.1 Load Testing Scenarios

- scenarios:
- name: "Concurrent Search Requests"
- users: 10
- duration: "5m"
- requests\_per\_second: 2
- •
- - name: "Document Processing Load"
- users: 5
- duration: "10m"
- files\_per\_minute: 20
- •
- name: "Al Analysis Throughput"
- users: 3
- duration: "15m"
- analysis\_requests\_per\_minute: 10

#### 11.5.2 Performance Benchmarks

- performance\_targets = {
- "search\_response\_time": "< 10 seconds",</li>
- "content\_extraction": "< 30 seconds",</li>
- "ai\_analysis": "< 60 seconds",</li>
- "memory usage": "< 4GB",</li>
- "concurrent\_sessions": "> 10"
- }

# 11.6 Testing Tools and Frameworks

### 11.6.1 Unit Testing Stack

- **pytest**: Primary testing framework
- pytest-cov: Code coverage reporting
- pytest-mock: Mocking and stubbing
- pytest-asyncio: Async testing support
- **factory\_boy**: Test data generation

#### 11.6.2 Integration Testing Tools

• testcontainers: Containerized test dependencies

- responses: HTTP request mocking
- vcr.py: HTTP interaction recording/playback
- pytest-xdist: Parallel test execution

#### 11.6.3 Performance Testing Tools

- locust: Load testing framework
- memory\_profiler: Memory usage monitoring
- **py-spy**: Python profiling tool
- pytest-benchmark: Performance benchmarking

## 11.7 Test Data Management

#### 11.7.1 Test Data Strategy

```
# Sample test data structure
   test data = {
      "search_queries": [
        "artificial intelligence trends",
        "climate change research",
        "quantum computing applications"
      "sample_documents": [
        "research_paper_1.pdf",
        "web_article_1.html",
        "academic_abstract_1.txt"
      "expected_results": {
        "min_sources": 3,
        "confidence_threshold": 0.7,
        "processing_time_limit": 60
     }
• }
```

#### 11.7.2 Mock Data Generation

```
@pytest.fixture
def mock_search_results():
"""Generate realistic search result data"""
return SearchResultFactory.create_batch(
size=10,
relevance_score__range=(0.5, 1.0),
source__cycle=["duckduckgo", "searx", "arxiv"]
)
```

# 12. Deployment Strategy

# 12.1 Deployment Architecture

#### 12.1.1 Local Development Deployment

- # docker-compose.dev.yml
- version: '3.8'
- services:
- research-assistant:
- build:
- context: .
- dockerfile: Dockerfile.dev
- ports:
- - "8000:8000"
- volumes:
- ./src:/app/src
- ./data:/app/data
- environment:
- ENVIRONMENT=development
- LOG\_LEVEL=debug
- depends\_on:
- ollama
- chromadb
- •
- ollama:
- image: ollama/ollama:latest
- ports:
- - "11434:11434"
- volumes:
- ollama\_data:/root/.ollama
- environment:
- OLLAMA\_HOST=0.0.0.0
- •
- chromadb:
- image: chromadb/chroma:latest
- ports:
- "8001:8000"
- volumes:
- chroma data:/chroma/chroma

#### 12.1.2 Production Deployment

# docker-compose.prod.yml

- version: '3.8'
- services:
- research-assistant:
- image: research-assistant:latest
- restart: unless-stopped
- ports:
- - "8000:8000"
- volumes:
- ./data:/app/data
- ./logs:/app/logs
- environment:
- ENVIRONMENT=production
- LOG\_LEVEL=info
- healthcheck:
- test: ["CMD", "curl", "-f", "http://localhost:8000/health"]
- interval: 30stimeout: 10s
- retries: 3
- •
- nginx:
- image: nginx:alpine
- restart: unless-stopped
- ports:
- - "80:80"
- "443:443"
- volumes:
- ./nginx.conf:/etc/nginx/nginx.conf
- ./certs:/etc/nginx/certs

# 12.2 Container Configuration

#### 12.2.1 Dockerfile

- FROM python:3.11-slim
- \_
- # System dependencies
- RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y \
- curl \
- git \
- build-essential \
- && rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/\*
- •
- # Python dependencies
- WORKDIR /app
- COPY requirements.txt .
- RUN pip install --no-cache-dir -r requirements.txt

- # Application code
- COPY src/ ./src/
- COPY config/ ./config/
- COPY scripts/ ./scripts/
- •
- # Create data directories
- RUN mkdir -p data/models data/cache data/vector store data/knowledge graphs

•

- # Health check
- HEALTHCHECK --interval=30s --timeout=10s --start-period=5s --retries=3 \
- CMD curl -f http://localhost:8000/health || exit 1

•

- # Run application
- EXPOSE 8000
- CMD ["python", "-m", "src.research\_assistant.server"]

## 12.2.2 Multi-stage Build for Production

- # Build stage
- FROM python:3.11-slim as builder
- WORKDIR /app
- COPY requirements.txt .
- RUN pip install --user --no-cache-dir -r requirements.txt

•

- # Production stage
- FROM python:3.11-slim
- RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y curl && rm -rf /var/lib/apt/lists/\*
- COPY --from=builder /root/.local /root/.local
- WORKDIR /app
- COPY src/ ./src/
- COPY config/ ./config/
- ENV PATH=/root/.local/bin:\$PATH
- EXPOSE 8000
- CMD ["python", "-m", "src.research\_assistant.server"]

# 12.3 Environment Configuration

#### **12.3.1 Development Environment**

- # .env.development
- ENVIRONMENT=development
- LOG\_LEVEL=debug
- DEBUG=true

•

- # Database URLs
- CHROMA\_HOST=localhost
- CHROMA PORT=8001
- OLLAMA\_HOST=localhost
- OLLAMA PORT=11434

•

- # Search Configuration
- DUCKDUCKGO ENABLED=true
- SEARX INSTANCES=searx.be,searx.org
- SELENIUM\_HEADLESS=true

•

- # Model Configuration
- DEFAULT\_LLM\_MODEL=llama2:7b
- EMBEDDING\_MODEL=nomic-embed-text

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- # Cache Configuration
- CACHE\_TTL=3600
- MAX\_CACHE\_SIZE=1000

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- # Rate Limiting
- SEARCH\_RATE\_LIMIT=60
- ANALYSIS\_RATE\_LIMIT=30

#### **12.3.2 Production Environment**

- # .env.production
- ENVIRONMENT=production
- LOG\_LEVEL=info
- DEBUG=false

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- # Security
- SECRET\_KEY=your-secret-key-here
- ALLOWED HOSTS=your-domain.com,localhost

•

- # External Services
- CHROMA HOST=chromadb
- CHROMA\_PORT=8000
- OLLAMA\_HOST=ollama
- OLLAMA PORT=11434

•

- # Performance Tuning
- WORKER\_PROCESSES=4
- MAX\_CONCURRENT\_REQUESTS=100
- TIMEOUT\_SECONDS=300

\_

# Monitoring

- ENABLE\_METRICS=true
- METRICS\_PORT=9090

# **12.4 Deployment Scripts**

## 12.4.1 Setup Script

- #!/bin/bash
- # scripts/setup.sh

•

• set -e

•

• echo "Setting up Al Research Assistant MCP Server..."

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- # Check system requirements
- python3 --version
- docker --version
- docker-compose --version

•

- # Create directories
- mkdir -p data/{models,cache,vector\_store,knowledge\_graphs}
- mkdir -p logs

\_

- # Copy configuration files
- cp .env.example .env
- echo "Please edit .env file with your configuration"

\_

- # Download required models
- ./scripts/download models.sh

•

- # Build and start services
- docker-compose up -d

•

• echo "Setup complete! Access the server at http://localhost:8000"

#### 12.4.2 Model Download Script

- #!/bin/bash
- # scripts/download\_models.sh

•

• set -e

•

• echo "Downloading required Al models..."

•

# Check if Ollama is running

- if ! curl -s http://localhost:11434/api/tags > /dev/null; then
- echo "Starting Ollama service..."
- docker-compose up -d ollama
- sleep 10
- fi

\_

- # Download LLM models
- echo "Downloading Llama2 7B model..."
- docker exec -it \$(docker-compose ps -q ollama) ollama pull llama2:7b

•

- echo "Downloading Code Llama model..."
- docker exec -it \$(docker-compose ps -q ollama) ollama pull codellama:7b

•

- echo "Downloading embedding model..."
- docker exec -it \$(docker-compose ps -q ollama) ollama pull nomic-embed-text

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echo "Model download complete!"

# 12.5 Monitoring and Logging

#### 12.5.1 Logging Configuration

- # config/logging.yaml
- version: 1
- disable\_existing\_loggers: false

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- formatters:
- standard:
- format: "%(asctime)s [%(levelname)s] %(name)s: %(message)s"
- json:
- format: '{"timestamp": "%(asctime)s", "level": "%(levelname)s", "logger": "%(name)s", "message": "%(message)s"}'

•

- handlers:
- console:
- class: logging.StreamHandler
- level: INFO
- formatter: standardstream: ext://sys.stdout

- file:
- class: logging.handlers.RotatingFileHandler
- level: DEBUGformatter: json
- filename: logs/research\_assistant.log
- maxBytes: 10485760 # 10MB

```
backupCount: 5
   loggers:
    research_assistant:
      level: DEBUG
      handlers: [console, file]
      propagate: false
    uvicorn:
      level: INFO
      handlers: [console, file]
      propagate: false
 root:
    level: INFO
    handlers: [console, file]
12.5.2 Health Check Endpoints
• # Health check implementation
   @app.get("/health")
   async def health_check():
      """System health check endpoint"""
      try:
        # Check database connectivity
        chroma_status = await check_chromadb_health()
        # Check LLM availability
        ollama_status = await check_ollama_health()
        # Check system resources
        memory_usage = psutil.virtual_memory().percent
        disk_usage = psutil.disk_usage('/').percent
        return {
          "status": "healthy",
          "timestamp": datetime.utcnow().isoformat(),
          "services": {
             "chromadb": chroma status,
             "ollama": ollama_status
```

},

}

"resources": {

"memory\_usage": memory\_usage,

"disk\_usage": disk\_usage

```
except Exception as e:
return {
"status": "unhealthy",
"error": str(e),
"timestamp": datetime.utcnow().isoformat()
}
```

# 12.6 Scaling Strategy

#### 12.6.1 Horizontal Scaling

```
• # docker-compose.scale.yml

    version: '3.8'

 services:
    research-assistant:
      image: research-assistant:latest
      deploy:
       replicas: 3
       resources:
        limits:
         memory: 2G
         cpus: '1.0'
      depends_on:
       - ollama
       - chromadb
    nginx:
     image: nginx:alpine
      ports:
      - "80:80"
     volumes:
      - ./nginx-lb.conf:/etc/nginx/nginx.conf
```

#### 12.6.2 Load Balancer Configuration

- research-assistant

depends\_on:

```
# nginx-lb.conf
upstream research_assistant {
server research-assistant:8000 max_fails=3 fail_timeout=30s;
server research-assistant:8001 max_fails=3 fail_timeout=30s;
server research-assistant:8002 max_fails=3 fail_timeout=30s;
}
server {
```

```
listen 80;
location / {
proxy_pass http://research_assistant;
proxy_set_header Host $host;
proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
proxy_connect_timeout 30s;
proxy_send_timeout 30s;
proxy_read_timeout 30s;
}
location /health {
access_log off;
proxy_pass http://research_assistant/health;
}
}
```

# 13. Risk Assessment

#### 13.1 Technical Risks

#### 13.1.1 High Priority Risks

#### **RISK-001: Search Source Availability**

- Description: External search services (DuckDuckGo, SearX) may become unavailable
- **Probability**: Medium
- Impact: High
- Mitigation:
  - o Implement multiple fallback search sources
  - Cache recent search results for offline access
  - Circuit breaker pattern for failed services
  - Health monitoring with automatic failover

#### **RISK-002: LLM Model Performance**

- **Description**: Local LLM models may provide inconsistent or low-quality results
- **Probability**: Medium
- Impact: High
- Mitigation:
  - Support multiple LLM models with automatic fallback
  - Implement result quality scoring and validation

- Regular model updates and performance benchmarking
- o User feedback integration for continuous improvement

#### **RISK-003: Memory and Resource Constraints**

Description: Large documents and models may exceed available system resources

Probability: High Impact: Medium

• Mitigation:

Implement chunking for large documents

- Memory usage monitoring and optimization
- Configurable resource limits and warnings
- Efficient garbage collection and cleanup

# **RISK-004: Web Scraping Failures**

• **Description**: Websites may block or limit scraping activities

Probability: Medium Impact: Medium

• Mitigation:

o Implement respectful scraping with delays

- Use multiple scraping strategies (BeautifulSoup, Selenium)
- o Rotate user agents and implement proxy support
- o Graceful degradation when content unavailable

# 13.2 Operational Risks

#### 13.2.1 Medium Priority Risks

#### **RISK-005: Data Privacy and Compliance**

- Description: Processing of sensitive research content may violate privacy regulations
- **Probability**: Low
- **Impact**: High
- Mitigation:
  - Local processing without external data transmission
  - Configurable data retention policies
  - User consent mechanisms for data processing
  - Audit logging for compliance tracking

# **RISK-006: System Configuration Complexity**

• **Description**: Complex setup process may deter user adoption

• **Probability**: Medium

• Impact: Medium

• Mitigation:

Automated setup scripts and Docker deployment

Comprehensive documentation with examples

- Default configurations for common use cases
- Setup validation and troubleshooting guides

#### **RISK-007: Dependency Management**

Description: Updates to dependencies may break functionality

Probability: Medium Impact: Medium

Mitigation:

o Pin specific versions of critical dependencies

- Automated testing for dependency updates
- Staged rollout process for major updates
- o Rollback procedures for failed updates

#### 13.3 Business Risks

# 13.3.1 Low Priority Risks

#### **RISK-008: Open Source License Compliance**

- **Description**: Improper use of open source components may create legal issues
- Probability: Low Impact: Medium
- Mitigation:
  - o Regular license audits of all dependencies
  - Clear documentation of license requirements
  - Legal review of license compatibility
  - Contributor license agreements where needed

#### **RISK-009: Community Support Dependency**

- Description: Reliance on community-maintained tools may affect long-term support
- **Probability**: Medium
- Impact: LowMitigation:
  - Monitor health of upstream projects
  - Maintain forks of critical dependencies
  - Contribute back to community projects
  - Build internal expertise on key components

#### **RISK-010: Performance Degradation**

- **Description**: System performance may degrade with increased usage
- Probability: Medium Impact: Medium
- Mitigation:
  - Performance monitoring and alerting
  - Scalable architecture design
  - Regular performance testing and optimization

Capacity planning and resource scaling

# 13.4 Risk Monitoring and Response

#### **13.4.1 Risk Monitoring Framework**

```
# Risk monitoring implementation
class RiskMonitor:
  def init (self):
    self.risk metrics = {
       "search_success_rate": 0.95, # 95% minimum success rate
       "Ilm_response_time": 60,
                                   # 60 seconds maximum
       "memory_usage_threshold": 0.8, # 80% memory usage warning
       "error_rate_threshold": 0.05 # 5% error rate limit
    }
  async def monitor_risks(self):
    """Continuous risk monitoring"""
    while True:
       try:
          # Monitor search service health
         search_health = await self.check_search_services()
         # Monitor LLM performance
         Ilm_metrics = await self.check_llm_performance()
         # Monitor system resources
          system metrics = await self.check system resources()
         # Trigger alerts if thresholds exceeded
         await self.process risk alerts(
            search_health, Ilm_metrics, system_metrics
         )
       except Exception as e:
          logger.error(f"Risk monitoring error: {e}")
       await asyncio.sleep(60) # Check every minute
```

#### 13.4.2 Incident Response Plan

- incident\_response:
- severity\_levels:
- critical:
- Search services completely unavailable
- LLM models not responding

- System memory exhausted
- response\_time: "< 15 minutes"</li>
- escalation: "Immediate"

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- high:
- Degraded search performance
- Partial LLM failures
- High error rates
- response\_time: "< 1 hour"</li>
- escalation: "Within 2 hours"

•

- medium:
- Individual source failures
- Slow response times
- Configuration issues
- response\_time: "< 4 hours"</li>
- escalation: "Next business day"

•

- response\_procedures:
- Assess impact and severity
- - Implement immediate mitigation
- Notify stakeholders
- Root cause analysis
- Implement permanent fix
- Post-incident review

# 14. Future Enhancements

# 14.1 Short-term Enhancements (3-6 months)

#### 14.1.1 Advanced Search Capabilities

**Enhancement**: Multi-modal Search Support

- **Description**: Extend search capabilities to include images, videos, and audio content
- Benefits: More comprehensive research coverage
- Implementation:

# Multi-modal search interfaceclass MultiModalSearcher: async def search\_images(self, query: str) -> List[ImageResult]: """Search for relevant images""" pass async def search\_videos(self, query: str) -> List[VideoResult]: """Search for educational videos""" pass async def extract\_audio\_content(self, urls: List[str]) -> List[AudioTranscript]: """Extract content from audio/video sources""" pass

•

Priority: MediumEffort: 4-6 weeks

#### 14.1.2 Enhanced Document Processing

**Enhancement**: Advanced Document Format Support

- Description: Support for presentations, spreadsheets, and specialized academic formats
- Benefits: Broader document compatibility
- Implementation:

# Enhanced document processorsclass AdvancedDocumentProcessor: def process\_presentation(self, file\_path: str) -> DocumentContent: """Extract content from PowerPoint/Google Slides""" pass def process\_spreadsheet(self, file\_path: str) -> DocumentContent: """Extract structured data from Excel/CSV files""" pass def process\_latex(self, file\_path: str) -> DocumentContent: """Process LaTeX academic papers""" pass

•

Priority: High Effort: 3-4 weeks

#### 14.1.3 Real-time Collaboration

**Enhancement**: Multi-user Research Sessions

- **Description**: Allow multiple users to collaborate on research projects
- Benefits: Enhanced team productivity
- Implementation:
  - WebSocket-based real-time updates
  - Shared research sessions with role-based access
  - o Conflict resolution for concurrent edits
  - Activity tracking and notification system

Priority: LowEffort: 6-8 weeks

#### 14.2 Medium-term Enhancements (6-12 months)

#### 14.2.1 Machine Learning Enhancements

**Enhancement**: Personalized Research Recommendations

- **Description**: Learn from user behavior to provide personalized research suggestions
- Benefits: Improved user experience and research efficiency
- Implementation:

```
class PersonalizationEngine: def __init__(self): self.user_profiles = {} self.recommendation_model = CollaborativeFilteringModel() async def get_personalized_recommendations( self, user_id: str, current_research: ResearchContext ) -> List[Recommendation]: """Generate personalized research recommendations""" user profile = self.user profiles.get(user id)
```

if

```
not user_profile: return self.get_default_recommendations(current_research) return await self.recommendation_model.predict( user_profile, current research )
```

•

Priority: MediumEffort: 8-10 weeks

#### 14.2.2 Advanced Analytics Dashboard

**Enhancement**: Research Analytics and Insights

- Description: Comprehensive dashboard for research patterns and productivity metrics
- Benefits: Data-driven research optimization
- Features:
  - Research productivity metrics
  - Topic trend analysis
  - o Source reliability scoring
  - Collaboration analytics
  - Custom report generation
- Priority: MediumEffort: 6-8 weeks

#### 14.2.3 API Gateway and Marketplace

**Enhancement**: Third-party Integration Platform

- **Description**: Allow third-party developers to create custom research tools
- Benefits: Ecosystem expansion and specialized tool development
- Implementation:
  - Plugin architecture with standardized APIs
  - Tool marketplace for sharing custom analyzers
  - SDK for third-party developers
  - Revenue sharing model for premium tools

• Priority: Low

• Effort: 12-16 weeks

#### 14.3 Long-term Enhancements (12+ months)

### 14.3.1 Advanced Al Capabilities

**Enhancement**: Autonomous Research Agents

- **Description**: All agents that can conduct independent research based on high-level objectives
- Benefits: Fully automated research workflows
- Implementation:

```
class AutonomousResearchAgent: def __init__(self, objective: str): self.objective = objective self.
```