Web Programming HTML Forms

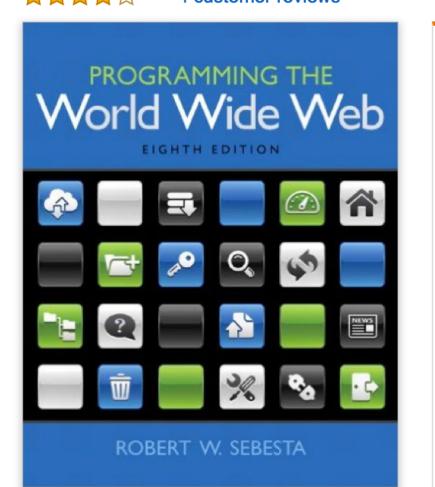
Forms

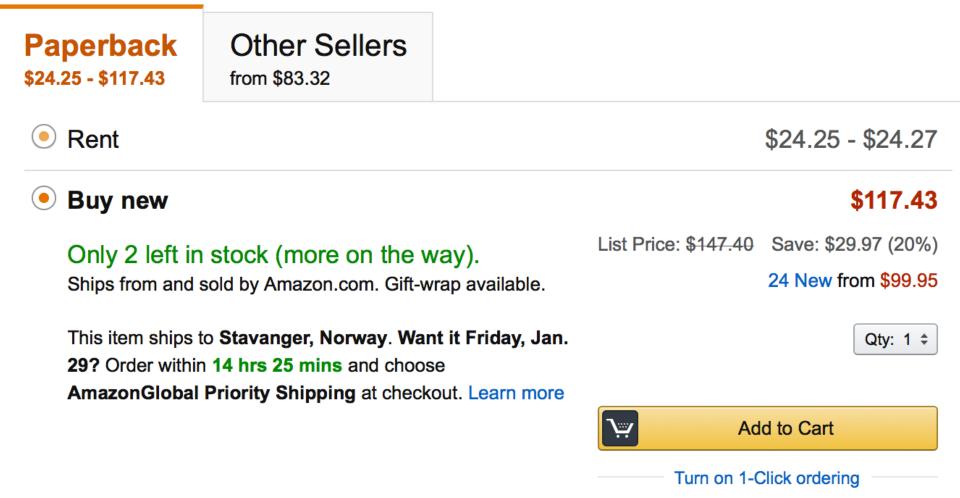
- A group of UI controls that accepts information from the user and sends the information to a web server
- Today: how to make forms
- Sending and processing forms comes later

Programming the World Wide Web (8th Edition) 8th Edition

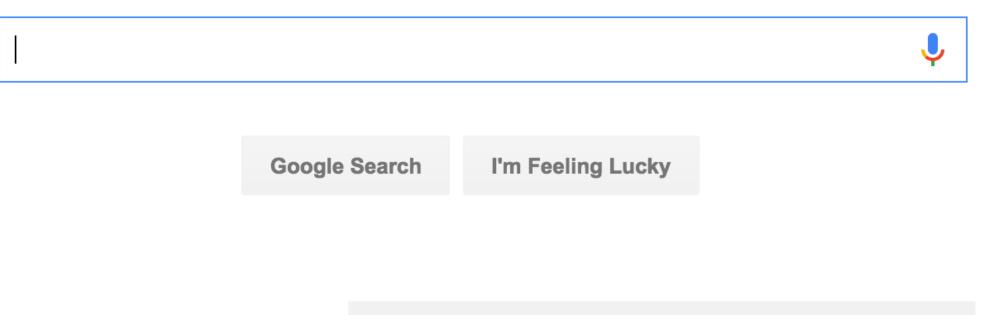
by Robert W. Sebesta ▼ (Author)

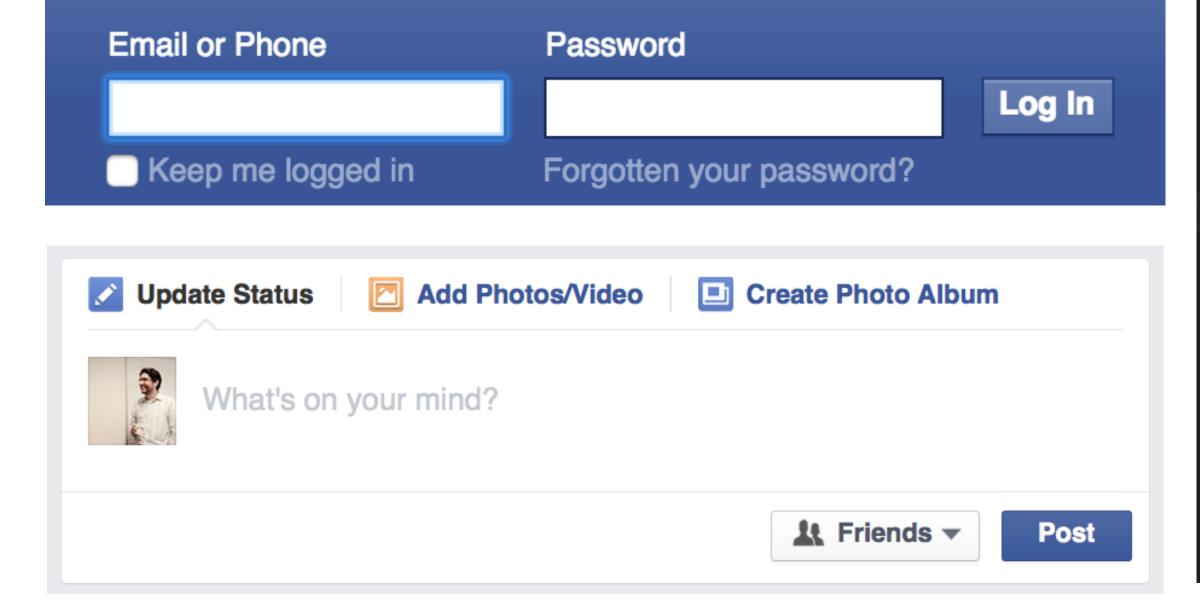
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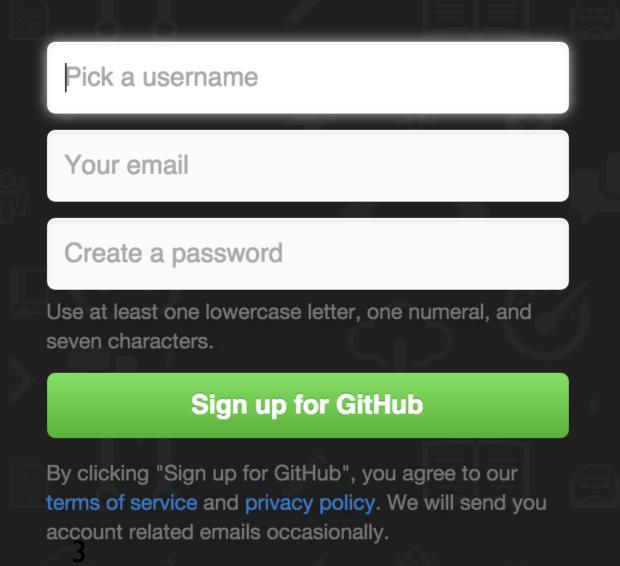


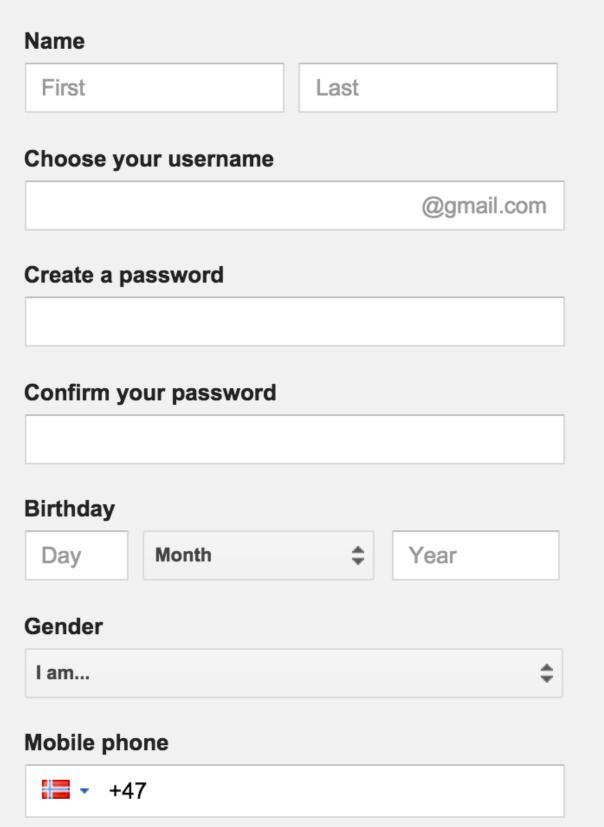












Form

- In between <form> and </form>
 - action is the address where the form is sent
 - method "GET" (default) or "POST", how request should be sent

```
<form action="">
</form>
```

The input element

- <input> is used for several different types of controls (text, password, radio, checkbox)
- Attributes
 - **type** determines the type of control (text, checkbox, radio, etc.)
 - **name** identifies the form element when submitted to a server
- There are additional optional attributes depending on the type

Text input

- <input type="text" name="..." />
- Attributes
 - maxlength maximum number of characters the user may enter
 - value sets the default (initial) value for the field

```
Zip code: <input type="text" name="zip" maxlength="4" />
Zip code:
```

Password input

- <input type="password" name="..." />
- Attributes
 - maxlength maximum number of characters the user may enter
 - **value** sets the default (initial) value for the field
- Password is hidden only on the screen, it is not sent securely to the server (!)

Password:	<input< th=""><th>type="password"</th><th>name="pw"</th><th>/></th></input<>	type="password"	name="pw"	/>
Password:	•••			

Pattern validation

- Attribute
 - pattern a regular expression that needs to match the input
 - Use **title** to give information to the user
- Example:

```
<input type="password" name="pw" pattern=".{8,}" title="Eight or more characters" />
<input type="password" name="pw"
pattern="(?=.*\d)(?=.*[a-z])(?=.*[A-Z]).{8,}"
title="Must contain at least one number and one uppercase and lowercase letter,
and at least 8 or more characters" />
<input type="text" name="tel" pattern="[0-9-]*"
title="May only contain numbers, minus and space." />
```

Exercise #1 (#1b)

github.com/dat310-2022/info/tree/main/exercises/html/forms

HTML

Number input

- <input type="number" name="..." />
- Attributes
 - min minimum value
 - max maximum value
 - **step** increments
 - value sets the default (initial) value for the field

```
Quantity:
<input type="number" name="points" size="3" min="0" max="100" step="10" value="30">
```

Quantity: 30 [\$]

Radio button

- Let the user select only one of a limited number of choices
- <input type="radio" name="..." value="..." />
 - Each option should have the same **name**
 - Value of value is sent to the server for the selected option
 - checked indicates which option should be selected initially

```
Preference:
<input type="radio" name="pref" value="male" checked /> Male
<input type="radio" name="pref" value="female" /> Female

Preference: • Male • Female
```

Checkbox

- Let the user select zero or more of a limited number of choices
- <input type="checkbox" name="..." value="..." />
 - Each option should have a different name
 - Value of **value** is sent to the server for the selected option
 - checked indicates if the option should be checked initially

```
Preference:
<input type="checkbox" name="pref1" value="male" /> Male
<input type="checkbox" name="pref2" value="female" /> Female

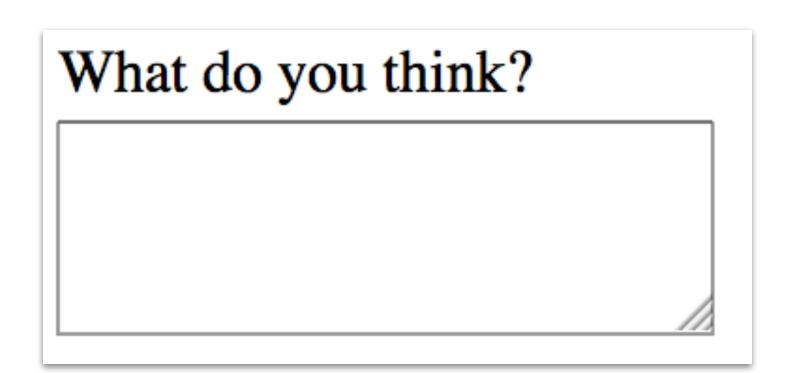
Preference: 

Male 
Female
```

Textarea

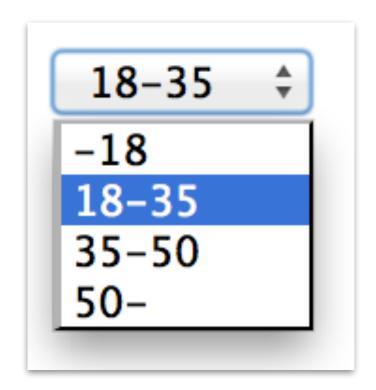
- <textarea name="...">...</textarea>
- Attributes
 - cols width (measured in characters)
 - rows height (number of rows)
- Closing tag is mandatory!
- Content of the tag is the initial input value

```
What do you think?
<textarea name="comment" cols="40" rows="3"></textarea>
```



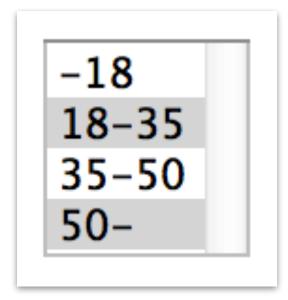
Dropdown list

- Let the user select a single option from a dropdown list
- <select name="...">...</select>
- Each option is <option value="...">...</option>
 - Value of value is sent to the server for the selected option
 - selected can be used to set the default option



Multichoice select list

- Let the user select multiple options from a list
- <select name="..." multiple>...</select>
 - size can set the number of options shown
- Each option is <option value="...">...</option>
 - Value of value is sent to the server for the selected option
 - selected can be used to set the default selection(s)



Hidden form variables

- To pass on information that is not entered by the user
- Not shown on the page, but sent along to the server the same way as any other variable

```
<input type="hidden" name="secret" value="nosecret" />
```

Global attributes

- disabled the field is not usable, content cannot be copied from it
- readonly the content cannot be changed, but a user can tab to the field and copy content from it
- Fig. required the input field must be filled out before submitting the form

Submit button

- <input type="submit" />
- Attributes
 - value the text that appears on the button
 - **name** name of the button

```
<input type="submit" value="Awesome" />
Awesome
```

Exercises #2

github.com/dat310-2022/info/tree/main/exercises/html/forms

Labeling form controls

- <label> can be used in two ways
 - Wrapped around both the text description and the form input

```
<label>Name: <input type="text" name="name" /></label>
```

- Kept separate from the form control and using the **for** attribute
 - The **for** attribute of the **<label>** tag should be equal to the **id** attribute of the related element to bind them together

```
<label for="name">Name</label>
<input type="text" name="name" id="name" />
Name
```

HTML

Placeholder text

- placeholder="..." specifies a short hint that describes the expected value of an input field
 - The hint is displayed before the user enters a value into the field
 - Works for the following
 - input types: text, search, url, tel, email, password
 - textarea

```
<input type="text" name="name" size="20" placeholder="Firstname, lastname" />
Name Firstname, lastname
```

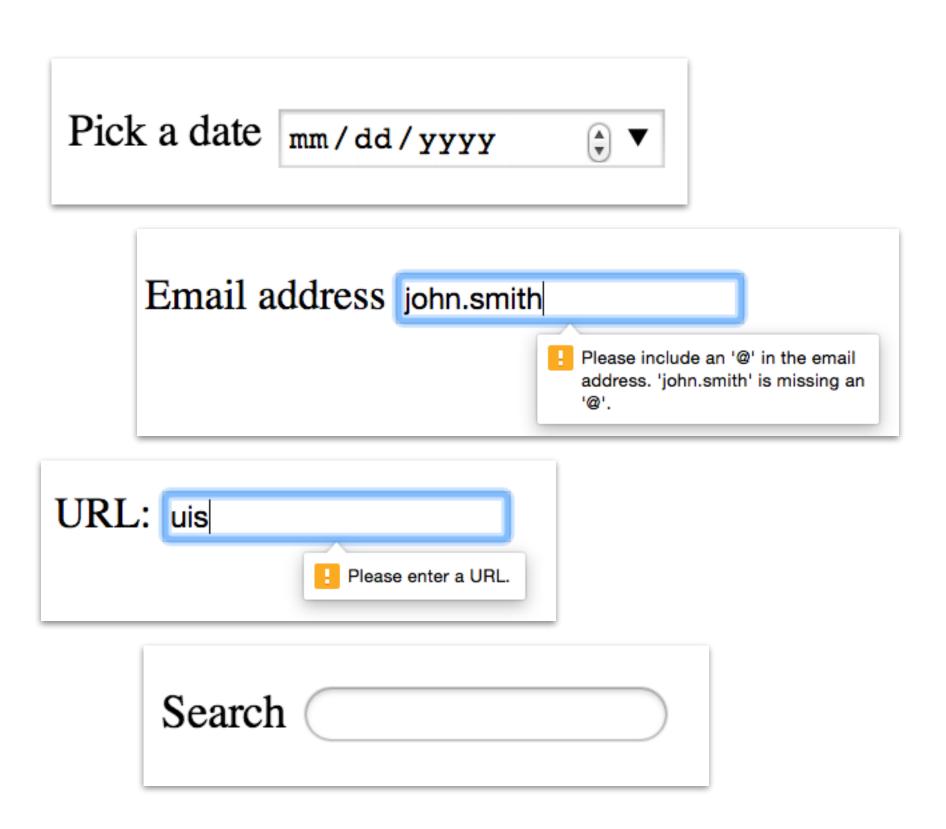
Grouping fields

- <fieldset>...</fieldset>
 - Used for grouping related elements in a form
 - <le>- <le>legend> can be used inside to provide a caption (optional)



More HTML5 input types

- Date @@XO
- Email **@@@XO**
- URL (2000)
- Color
- ...
- See http://www.w3schools.com/html/html form input types.asp



Exercise #3-#4

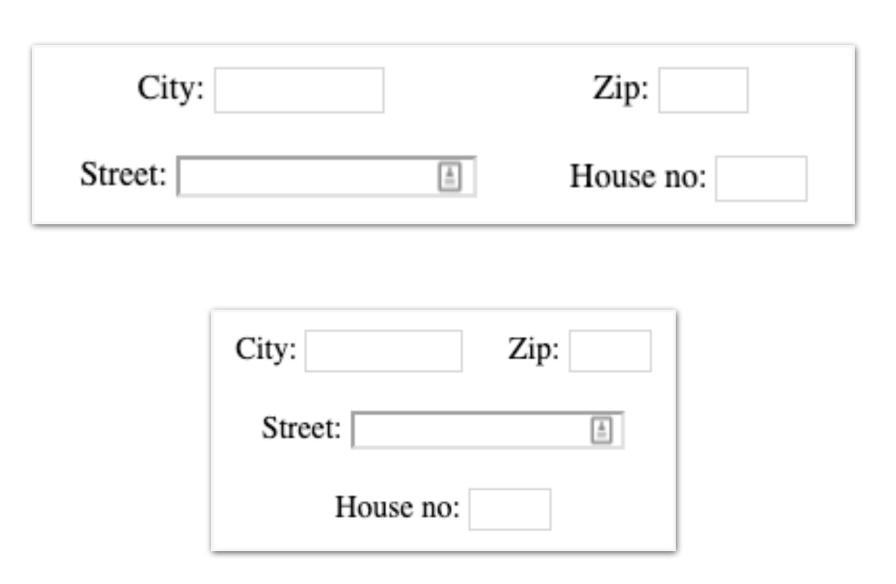
github.com/dat310-2022/info/tree/main/exercises/html/forms

Styling tip

examples/html/forms/form_styling.html

- To be able to nicely style a form, e.g. using a flexbox, it can be usefull to wrap each label and input into a separate **<div>**

```
<div>
    <label for="city">City:</label>
    <input type="text" name="city" size="10" id="city" />
</div>
<div>
    <label for="zip">Zip:</label>
    <input type="text" name="zip" size="4" id="zip" />
</div>
<div>
    <label for="street">Street:</label>
    <input type="text" name="street" size="20" id="street" />
</div>
<div>
    <label for="houseno">House no:</label>
   <input type="text" name="houseno" size="4" id="houseno" />
</div>
```



References

- HTML5 test
 - https://css-tricks.com/centering-css-complete-guide/
- Styling forms using CSS
 - http://tutorials.jenkov.com/css/forms.html
 - https://jonathan-harrell.com/advanced-css-form-styling/
 - https://www.sanwebe.com/2014/08/css-html-forms-designs
- A/B testing quiz
 - http://bit.ly/2n7P6un