

# DM-Spring-2020-Q8-Grade

33.33% (5/15)

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- ✓ 1. Cluster Analysis is
- ☒ A Unsupervised learning technique
  - ☐ B Supervised learning technique
  - ☐ C I do not know
- ✗ 2. Distance between records and distance between clusters are the same
- ☐ A True
  - ☐ B False
  - ☐ C I do not know
- ✗ 3. Which of these is the measure of between clusters distance?
- ☐ A Single link
  - ☐ B Complete link
  - ☐ C Average link
  - ☐ D Centroid
  - ☐ E All of them
  - ☐ F I do not know
- ✓ 4. Single link is
- ☒ A the smallest distance between an element in one cluster and an element in the other
  - ☐ B the largest distance between an element in one cluster and an element in the other
  - ☐ C the average distance between an element in one cluster and an element in the other
  - ☐ D distance between the centroids of two clusters
  - ☐ E I do not know

- ✗ 5. Complete link is
- ☐ A the smallest distance between an element in one cluster and an element in the other
  - ☐ B the largest distance between an element in one cluster and an element in the other
  - ☐ C the average distance between an element in one cluster and an element in the other
  - ☒ D distance between the centroids of two clusters
  - ☐ E I do not know

- ✓ 6. Which of these is the nested algorithm of clustering?
- ☒ A Hierarchical clustering
  - ☐ B k-means
  - ☐ C Knn
  - ☐ D I do not know

- ✗ 7. Which of these is the unnested algorithm of clustering?
- ☒ A Hierarchical clustering
  - ☐ B k-means
  - ☐ C Knn
  - ☐ D I do not know

- ✓ 8. Which of these is the type of hierarchical clustering?
- ☐ A Agglomerative Methods
  - ☐ B Divisive Methods
  - ☒ C Both
  - ☐ D I do not know

- ✗ 9. This function can be used to perform hierarchical clustering in R
- ☐ A hclust()
  - ☒ B cluster()
  - ☐ C hierarchical ()
  - ☐ D I do not know

✗ 10. This function can be used to perform k-means clustering in R

- ☐ A kmeans()
- ☐ B kclust()
- ☒ C kmenscl()
- ☐ D I do not know

✗ 11. Do we need to worry about scaling in clustering?

- ☐ A Yes
- ☒ B No
- ☐ C I do not know

✗ 12. The goal of Cluster Analysis is

- ☐ A That the objects within a group be similar (or related) to one another and different from (or unrelated to) the objects in other groups
- ☐ B That the objects within a group be different from (or unrelated to) to one another and similar (or related) the objects in other groups
- ☒ C That the objects within a group be similar (or related) to one another and the same for the objects in other groups
- ☐ D To classify the object as similar as did in the data
- ☐ E I do no know

✓ 13. Cluster Analysis can be considered as

- ☒ A unsupervised classification
- ☐ B supervised classification
- ☐ C supervised regression
- ☐ D I do not know

✗ 14. Exclusive clustering

- ☐ A Assign each object to a single cluster
- ☒ B Assign each object to more than one cluster
- ☐ C Assign each object to cluster with the highest number of data points
- ☐ D I do not know

✗ 15. Partial clustering can be considered if

- ☐ A some objects in a data set may not belong to well-defined groups
- ☒ B assigns every object to a cluster
- ☐ C assigns every object to a cluster with some probability
- ☐ D I do not know