

DM-Quiz-2020-Q5

12.5% (2/16)

- ✗ 1. In the multiple linear regression, we assume that...
- ☐ A The number of observations is much larger than the number of variables ($n \gg p$)
 - ☒ B The number of observations is slightly larger than the number of variables ($n > p$)
 - ☐ C The number of observations equals than the number of variables ($n = p$)
 - ☐ D The number of observations is less than the number of variables ($n < p$)
 - ☐ E It is not important
 - ☐ F I do not know

- ✗ 2. The way of solving the problem of a large number of variables is...
- ☐ A Subset Selection & Shrinkage (Regularization)
 - ☐ B Shrinkage (Regularization) & Maximum Likelihood estimation
 - ☒ C Dimension Reduction & OLS estimation
 - ☐ D I do not know
 - ☐ E The absence of the right answer

- ✗ 3. The bias of an estimator (e.g. \hat{z}) equals
- ☐ A $E(\hat{z}) - z$
 - ☒ B $E(\hat{z}^2) - [E(z)]^2$
 - ☐ C $[E(\hat{z}^2) - E(z)]^2$
 - ☐ D $E(\hat{z}^2)$
 - ☐ E I do not know

- ✗ 4. The main idea of regularization is
- ☐ A To introduce a small amount of bias in order to have less variance.
 - ☐ B To introduce a small amount of variance in order to have less bias.
 - ☒ C To introduce a small amount of variance and bias in order to have less bias.
 - ☐ D I do not know

✗ 5. With which function we can show regularization in R

- ☐ A glmnet()
- ☐ B regular()
- ☐ C lm()
- ☐ D glm()
- ☒ E I do not know

✗ 6. How the tune of any parametr can be made

- ☐ A using Cross validation
- ☐ B It is impossible
- ☒ C I do not now
- ☐ D using larger sample
- ☐ E only having population

✗ 7. Elastic Net is

- ☐ A the combination of L1 and L2 regularization
- ☐ B the combination of L2 and L3 regularization
- ☐ C is independent from other types of regularization
- ☒ D I do not know
- ☐ E not a type of regularization

✓ 8. Regularization is used only for

- ☐ A Poisson Regression
- ☐ B Linear Regression
- ☐ C Logistic Regression
- ☒ D any regression
- ☐ E I do not know

✗ 9. Regularization can solve the problem of

- ☒ A heteroscedasticity
- ☐ B multicollinearity
- ☐ C autocorrelation
- ☐ D I do not know

- ✓ 10. As a result of regularization, we will have
- ☒ A smaller slope than in case of OLS
 - ☐ B larger slope than in case of OLS
 - ☐ C the slope remains the same
 - ☐ D I do not know
- ✗ 11. The ridge coefficient estimates shrink towards zero
- ☐ A when lambda increases
 - ☐ B when lambda decreases
 - ☐ C when lambda = 0
 - ☒ D I do not know
- ✗ 12. Which one can shrink the slope all the way to 0?
- ☐ A Lasso
 - ☐ B Ridge
 - ☐ C Regression
 - ☒ D I do not know
- ✗ 13. When lambda = 0, we have
- ☐ A Ridge
 - ☐ B Lasso
 - ☐ C EL
 - ☐ D Regression
 - ☒ E I do not know
- ✗ 14. When alpha = 0, we have
- ☐ A Ridge
 - ☐ B Lasso
 - ☐ C EL
 - ☐ D Regression
 - ☒ E I do not know

✗ 15. Which function can help to perform cross-validation for regularization in R?

- ☐ A `cv.glmnet()`
- ☒ B `cros_val()`
- ☐ C `glmnet(method = "cv")`
- ☐ D I do not know

✗ 16. Why we use `set.seed()` in R?

- ☐ A To have universal result
- ☐ B To perform better result
- ☒ C To have random models
- ☐ D I do not know