Cleaning_170523

Hanh Nguyen 5/23/2017

We often wish to tidy and reshape a dataset so that we can create certain plots. Here I introduce the two packages **tidyr** and **reshape2** to help the need and also to see how functions in **tidyr** and **reshape2** overlap and differ.

We first compare the functions gather(), separate() and spread(), from tidyr, with the functions melt(), colsplit() and dcast(), from reshape2.

The original dataset

##		Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	${\tt Petal.Width}$	Species
##	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
##	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
##	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa

tidyr package

gather {tidyr}: takes multiple columns and collapses into key-value pairs, duplicating all other columns as needed. You use gather() when you notice that you have columns that are not variables. Simply put, gather() takes wide-format data and turns it into long-format data

```
iris.tidyr <- iris %>%
  gather(key,value,-Species)
```

```
##
     Species
                      key value
## 1 setosa Sepal.Length
                            5.1
     setosa Sepal.Length
                            4.9
## 3 setosa Sepal.Length
                            4.7
## 4 setosa Sepal.Length
                            4.6
## 5
     setosa Sepal.Length
                            5.0
     setosa Sepal.Length
                            5.4
```

Our next step is to split the column key into two different columns: Part of a flower (Sepal or Petal) and Measure of that part (Length or Width), hence we use separate() function.

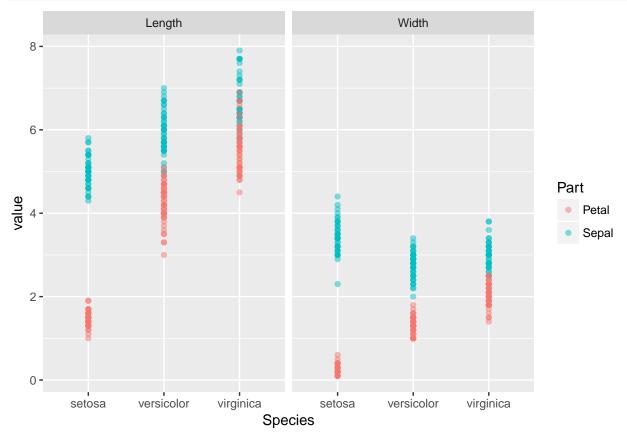
separate {tidyr}: turns a single character column into multiple columns.

```
iris.tidyr <- iris %%
gather(key,value,-Species) %>%
separate(key,into=c("Part","Measure"),sep="\\.")
```

```
## Species Part Measure value
## 1 setosa Sepal Length 5.1
## 2 setosa Sepal Length 4.9
## 3 setosa Sepal Length 4.7
## 4 setosa Sepal Length 4.6
## 5 setosa Sepal Length 5.0
## 6 setosa Sepal Length 5.4
```

With this dataset structure, we now can create a plot as shown below.

```
iris.tidyr %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Species, y = value, col = Part)) +
  geom_point(alpha =0.5) +
  facet_grid(. ~ Measure)
```



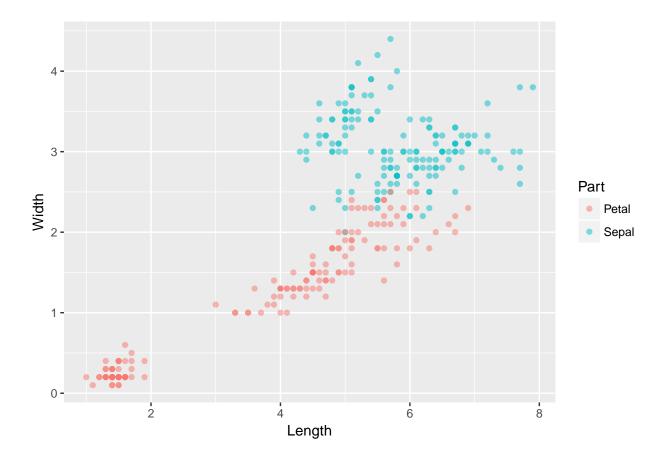
spread {tidyr}: spreads a key-value pair across multiple columns. In contrast to gather(), spread() takes long-format data and turns it into wide-format data.

```
iris$Flower <- 1:nrow(iris)
iris.tidyr <- iris %>%
  gather(key, value, - Species, - Flower) %>%
  separate(key, c("Part", "Measure"), "\\.") %>%
  spread(Measure, value)
```

```
##
     Species Flower Part Length Width
## 1
                              1.4
                                    0.2
      setosa
                   1 Petal
                                     3.5
## 2
      setosa
                   1 Sepal
                              5.1
## 3
                   2 Petal
                              1.4
                                    0.2
      setosa
## 4
                   2 Sepal
                              4.9
                                     3.0
      setosa
## 5
      setosa
                   3 Petal
                              1.3
                                     0.2
## 6
                              4.7
                                    3.2
      setosa
                   3 Sepal
```

With this dataset structure, we now can create a plot as shown below.

```
iris.tidyr %%
ggplot(aes(x=Length,y=Width,col=Part)) +
geom_point(alpha=0.5)
```



reshape2 package

melt {reshape2}: converts an object into a molten data frame, giving same result with the gather() function from tidyr.

However, gather() cannot handle matrices or arrays, while melt() can!

```
iris.re <- iris %>%
  melt(id.vars="Species")
```

```
##
     Species
                 variable value
## 1
     setosa Sepal.Length
     setosa Sepal.Length
                            4.9
     setosa Sepal.Length
                            4.7
      setosa Sepal.Length
## 4
                            4.6
## 5
      setosa Sepal.Length
                            5.0
     setosa Sepal.Length
                            5.4
```

colsplit {reshape2}: splits variable names that is a combination of multiple variables.

Again, we can achieve the same result with separate() function from tidyr, however, colsplit() operates only on a single column so we use cbind() to insert the new two columns in the data frame. While separate() performs all the operation at once.

```
colsplit(iris.re[,3],"\\.",c("Part","Measure")),
value=iris.re[,4])
```

```
##
    Species Flower Part Measure value
## 1 setosa
                 1 Sepal Length
## 2 setosa
                 2 Sepal Length
                                  4.9
## 3
     setosa
                 3 Sepal Length
                                  4.7
## 4 setosa
                 4 Sepal Length
                                  4.6
## 5 setosa
                 5 Sepal Length
                                  5.0
                 6 Sepal Length
## 6 setosa
                                  5.4
```

Again, the same result produced by spread() from tidyr can be obtained using dcast() from reshape2 by specifying the correct formula.

cast {reshape2}: casts a molten data frame into an array or data frame.

```
iris.re = dcast(iris.re, formula=Flower+Species+Part ~Measure)
```

```
##
     Flower Species Part Length Width
## 1
                             1.4
                                   0.2
          1 setosa Petal
## 2
                             5.1
                                   3.5
          1 setosa Sepal
## 3
          2 setosa Petal
                             1.4
                                   0.2
                             4.9
## 4
          2 setosa Sepal
                                   3.0
## 5
          3 setosa Petal
                             1.3
                                   0.2
## 6
          3 setosa Sepal
                             4.7
                                   3.2
```

Sources:

https://blog.rstudio.org/2014/07/22/introducing-tidyr/

http://www.milanor.net/blog/reshape-data-r-tidyr-vs-reshape2/