

DA warmup exercise

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
```

```
In [3]: df=pd.read_csv("marks.csv")
```

```
In [4]: df
```

```
Out[4]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades
0	Priyang	98	AA
1	Aadhya	89	AB
2	Krishna	99	AA
3	Vedant	87	AB
4	Parshv	90	AC
5	Mittal	83	BA
6	Archana	82	BB

```
In [5]: df['Gender']=['Male','Female','Female','Male','Male','Female','Female']
```

```
In [6]: df
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male
1	Aadhya	89	AB	Female
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female
3	Vedant	87	AB	Male
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male
5	Mittal	83	BA	Female
6	Archana	82	BB	Female

```
In [7]: df.head(3)
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male
1	Aadhya	89	AB	Female
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female

```
In [8]: df.tail(3)
```

```
Out[8]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male
5	Mittal	83	BA	Female
6	Archana	82	BB	Female

```
In [9]: # Shape of the dataframe
```

```
In [11]: df.shape #donot use () as it is an attribute and not a method
```

```
Out[11]: (7, 4)
```

```
In [12]: # information about the whole dataframe
```

```
In [13]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 7 entries, 0 to 6
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0    Name    7 non-null      object
1   Marks    7 non-null      int64
2   Grades   7 non-null      object
3   Gender   7 non-null      object
dtypes: int64(1), object(3)
memory usage: 356.0+ bytes
```

Check for null values in data frame

```
In [14]: df.isnull()
```

```
Out[14]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
0	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False
5	False	False	False	False
6	False	False	False	False

```
In [15]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[15]: Name      0  
Marks      0  
Grades      0  
Gender      0  
dtype: int64
```

```
In [17]: df.isnull().sum(axis=1)      #with axis 1 it shows for column values
```

```
Out[17]: 0      0  
1      0  
2      0  
3      0  
4      0  
5      0  
6      0  
dtype: int64
```

overall statistics of dataframe

```
In [19]: df.describe()      # for all numerical only
```

```
Out[19]:
```

	Marks
count	7.000000
mean	89.714286
std	6.676184
min	82.000000
25%	85.000000
50%	89.000000
75%	94.000000
max	99.000000

```
In [20]: df.describe(include='all') #includes non int values as well
```

```
Out[20]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
count	7	7.000000	7	7
unique	7	NaN	5	2
top	Priyang	NaN	AA	Female
freq	1	NaN	2	4
mean	NaN	89.714286	NaN	NaN
std	NaN	6.676184	NaN	NaN
min	NaN	82.000000	NaN	NaN
25%	NaN	85.000000	NaN	NaN
50%	NaN	89.000000	NaN	NaN
75%	NaN	94.000000	NaN	NaN
max	NaN	99.000000	NaN	NaN

Find unique values from gender column

```
In [21]: df['Gender'].unique()
```

```
Out[21]: array(['Male', 'Female'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [22]: df['Gender'].nunique() #how many unique values in columns
```

```
Out[22]: 2
```

count of uniques values

```
In [23]: df['Gender'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[23]: Gender
Female    4
Male      3
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

Find number of students with marks 90 to 100 inclusive

method 1

```
In [24]: df
```

```
Out[24]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male
1	Aadhya	89	AB	Female
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female
3	Vedant	87	AB	Male
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male
5	Mittal	83	BA	Female
6	Archana	82	BB	Female

```
In [28]: df2=df.loc[df['Marks']>90]
```

```
In [29]: df2
```

```
Out[29]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female

```
In [33]: df2['Marks'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[33]: Marks
98      1
99      1
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

Find number of students with marks 90 to 100 inclusive method 2 using length method

```
In [34]: df
```

```
Out[34]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male
1	Aadhya	89	AB	Female
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female
3	Vedant	87	AB	Male
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male
5	Mittal	83	BA	Female
6	Archana	82	BB	Female

```
In [36]: df[df['Marks'] >= 90]
```

```
Out[36]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male

```
In [39]: df[(df['Marks']>=90)&(df['Marks']<100)]      #for using end or operator (parenthesis is must)
```

```
Out[39]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male

```
In [40]: len(df[(df['Marks']>=90)&(df['Marks']<100)])  # length function shows the lengh of df
```

```
Out[40]: 3
```

```
In [ ]:
```

Find number of students with marks 90 to 100 inclusive

method 3 using between method

```
In [42]: sum(df['Marks'].between(90,100))      #this includes the 90 and 100
```

```
Out[42]: 3
```

Find average marks

```
In [50]: df['Marks'].mean()
```

```
Out[50]: 89.71428571428571
```

```
In [51]: df['Marks'].min()
```

```
Out[51]: 82
```



```
In [52]: df['Marks'].max()
```

```
Out[52]: 99
```

Apply method (use own method) and new columns

```
In [54]: def half_marks(x):  
         return x/2
```

```
In [56]: df['Marks'].apply(half_marks)
```

```
Out[56]: 0    49.0  
         1    44.5  
         2    49.5  
         3    43.5  
         4    45.0  
         5    41.5  
         6    41.0  
         Name: Marks, dtype: float64
```

```
In [57]: df['halfmarks']=df['Marks'].apply(half_marks)
```

```
In [58]: df
```

```
Out[58]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender	halfmarks
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male	49.0
1	Aadhya	89	AB	Female	44.5
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female	49.5
3	Vedant	87	AB	Male	43.5
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male	45.0
5	Mittal	83	BA	Female	41.5
6	Archana	82	BB	Female	41.0

using lambda function

```
In [59]: df['double marks']=df['Marks'].apply(lambda x:x*2)
```

```
In [60]: df
```

```
Out[60]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender	halfmarks	double marks
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male	49.0	196
1	Aadhya	89	AB	Female	44.5	178
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female	49.5	198
3	Vedant	87	AB	Male	43.5	174
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male	45.0	180
5	Mittal	83	BA	Female	41.5	166
6	Archana	82	BB	Female	41.0	164

Map function (e.g. Change male to 1 and females to 0)

```
In [62]: df['MF_mapping']=df['Gender'].map({'Male':1,'Female':0})
```

```
In [63]: df
```

```
Out[63]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender	halfmarks	double marks	MF_mapping
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male	49.0	196	1
1	Aadhya	89	AB	Female	44.5	178	0
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female	49.5	198	0
3	Vedant	87	AB	Male	43.5	174	1
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male	45.0	180	1
5	Mittal	83	BA	Female	41.5	166	0
6	Archana	82	BB	Female	41.0	164	0

Drop the columns

```
In [67]: df.drop(columns=['halfmarks','double marks'],inplace=True)      #or df.drop(['halfmarks','double marks'],axis=1)
```

```
In [68]: df
```

```
Out[68]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender	MF_mapping
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male	1
1	Aadhya	89	AB	Female	0
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female	0
3	Vedant	87	AB	Male	1
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male	1
5	Mittal	83	BA	Female	0
6	Archana	82	BB	Female	0

sorting as per marks columns

```
In [72]: df.sort_values(['Marks'],ascending=True)
```

```
Out[72]:
```

	Name	Marks	Grades	Gender	MF_mapping
6	Archana	82	BB	Female	0
5	Mittal	83	BA	Female	0
3	Vedant	87	AB	Male	1
1	Aadhya	89	AB	Female	0
4	Parshv	90	AC	Male	1
0	Priyang	98	AA	Male	1
2	Krishna	99	AA	Female	0

Display ONLY name and marks of Female students

```
In [79]: df[df['Gender']=='Female'][['Name','Marks']]
```

```
Out[79]:
```

	Name	Marks
1	Aadhya	89
2	Krishna	99
5	Mittal	83
6	Archana	82

```
In [ ]:
```