VPC-PART-1

- Introduction to VPC
- VPC Basic Components

Create VPC

Name tag: clarus-vpc-a

IPv4 CIDR block: 10.7.0.0/16

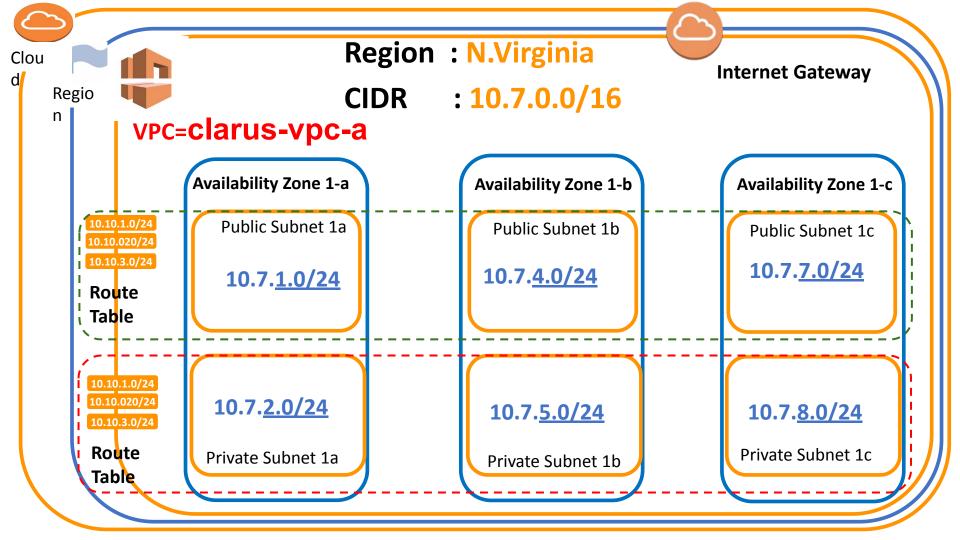
Create IGW

IGW Action Menu: Attach IGW to VPC

Set the VPC Route Table: 00000:/0 > IGW

VPC Action Menu: **Edit DNS Hostname**

Name Default Route Table: default-labvpc



- Name tag: clarus-vpc-a
- · IPv4 CIDR block: 10.7.0.0/16

us-east-1a

- public
- clarus-az1a-public-subnet
- us-east-1a
 - 10.7.1.0/24
- private
- clarus-az1a-private-subnet
- us-east-1a
 - 10.7.<mark>2</mark>.0/24

Spare...

us-east-1a 10.7.3.0/24

us-east-1b

- public
- clarus-az1b-public-subnet
- us-east-1b
 - 10.7.4.0/24
- private
- clarus-az1b-private-subnet
- us-east-1b

_ 10.7.<mark>5.</mark>0/24_

Spare...

us-east-1b 10.7.6.0/24

us-east-1c

- public
- clarus-az1c-public-subnet
- us-east-1c
 - 10.7.7.0/24
- private
- clarus-az1c-private-subnet
- us-east-1c

10.7.8.0/24

Spare...

us-east-1c 10.7.9.0/24



AWS PUBLIC IP POOL





10.7.0.0/16 = 65000 IP





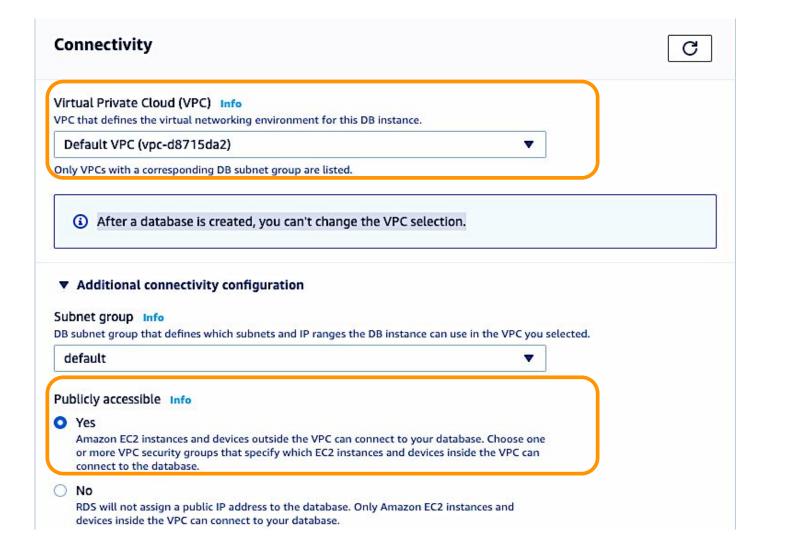
10.7.1.0/32

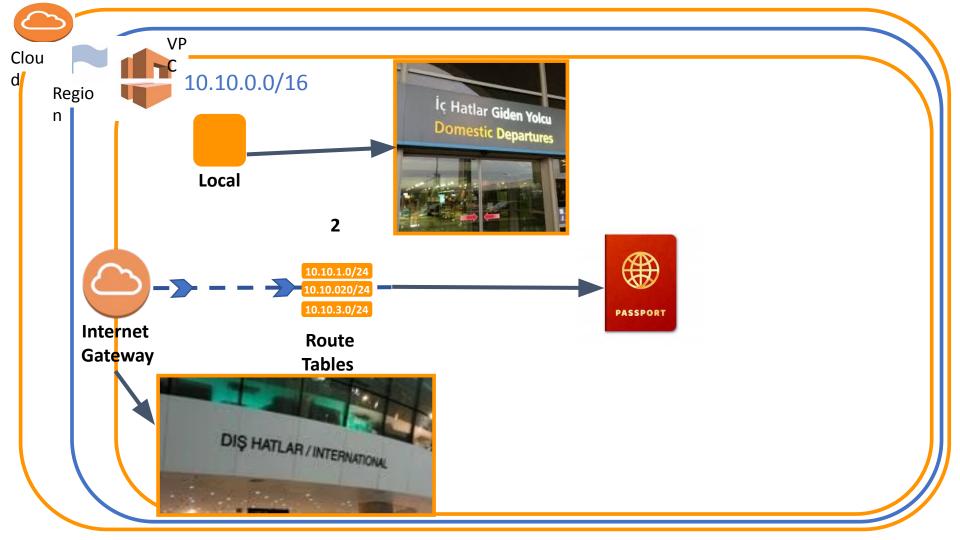


Private Subnet

10.7.2.0/32 175.0.0.1/32







1- All Subnets are associated with Default Route Table Implicitly

2- By default all subnets are PUBLIC !!!!!! a.Local

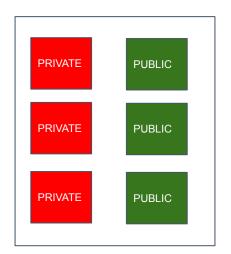
b.0000/0 >>>IGW

Conclusion

Current= 6 Public Desired= 3 Public 3 Private

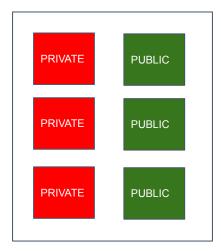
Option-1

DEFAULT RT



Option-2

DEFAULT RT



Public Route Table Steps **Create a new Route Table** for Public Subnets **Associate 3 Public Subnets** with Public Route Table **Set Routes:** a.Local b.0000/0 >>>IGW **Modify Auto-Assign IP Settings-Subnet Action Menu Default Route Table of VPC**

Internet Connectivity

Create 3 Public and 3 Private Subnets





Private Route Table Steps

a.Local

Create a new Route Table for Private Subnets



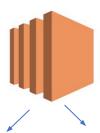
Associate 3 Private Subnets with Private Route Table



Route Table of Private
3 Private Subnets

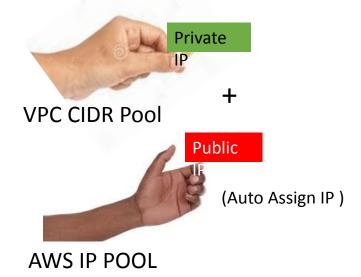
Internet Connectivity

Launching an Instance



Create in Public Subnet

Create in Private Subnet





VPC CIDR Pool



Route





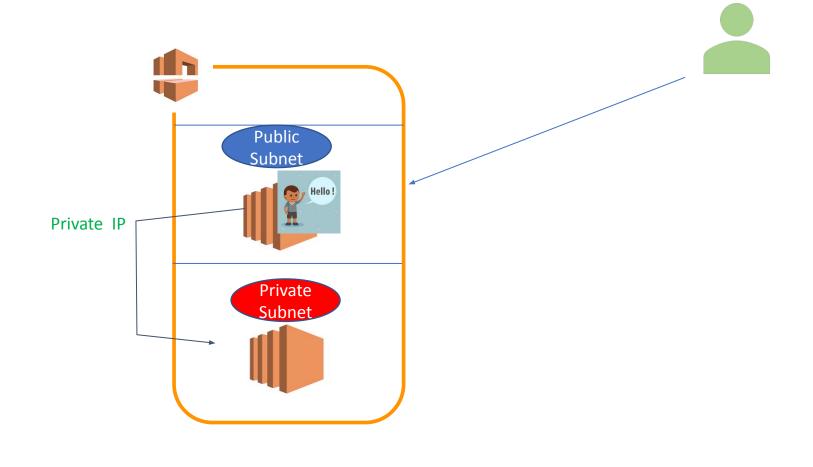
Private Subnets
Internet Connectivity

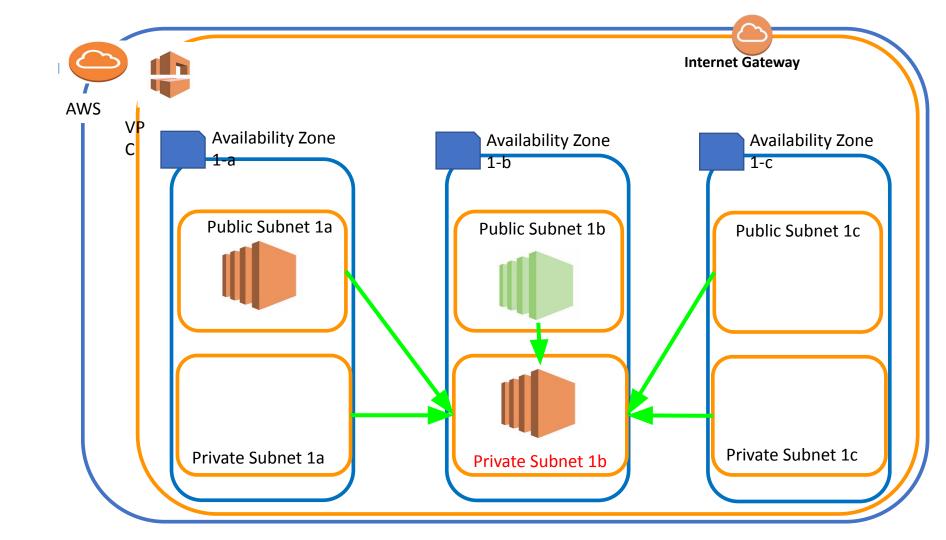
Public Subnets Internet Connectivity



VPC-PART-2

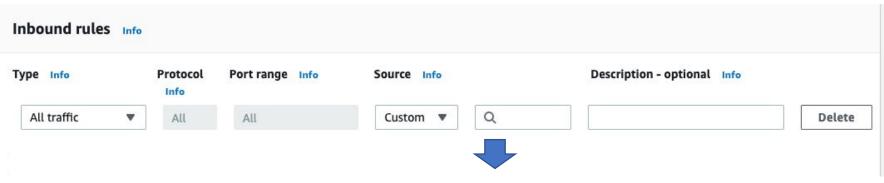
- VPC Solutions
 - Elastic IP
 - Bastion Host /Jump Box
 - NAT Gateway
 - NAT Instance



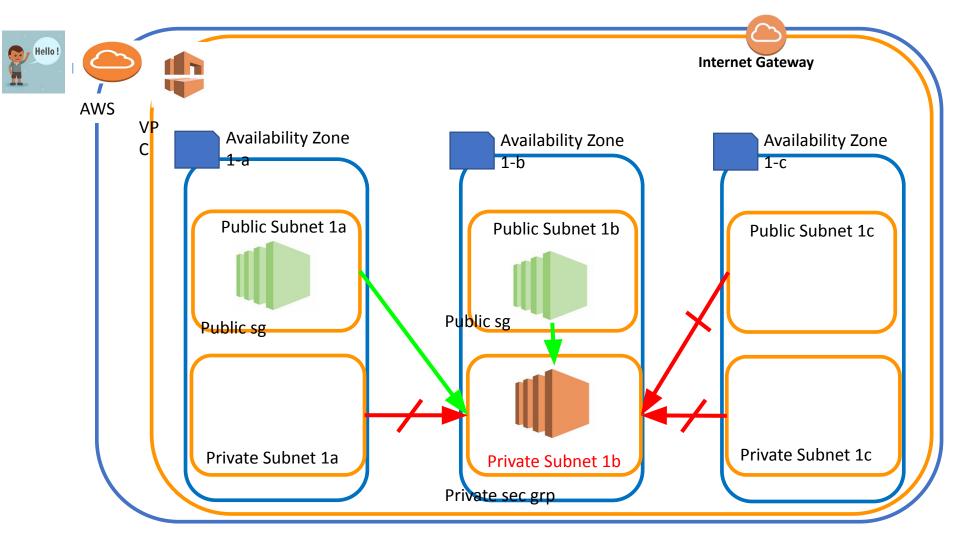


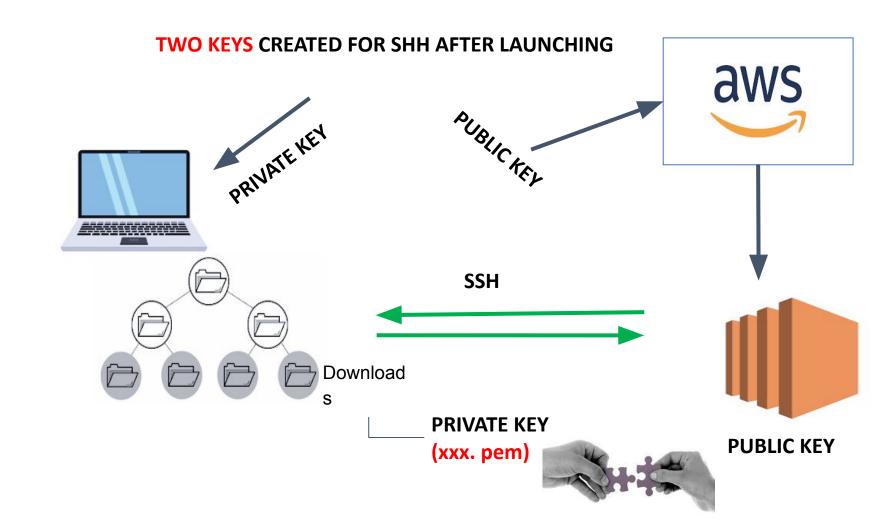
Sec. Group Issue

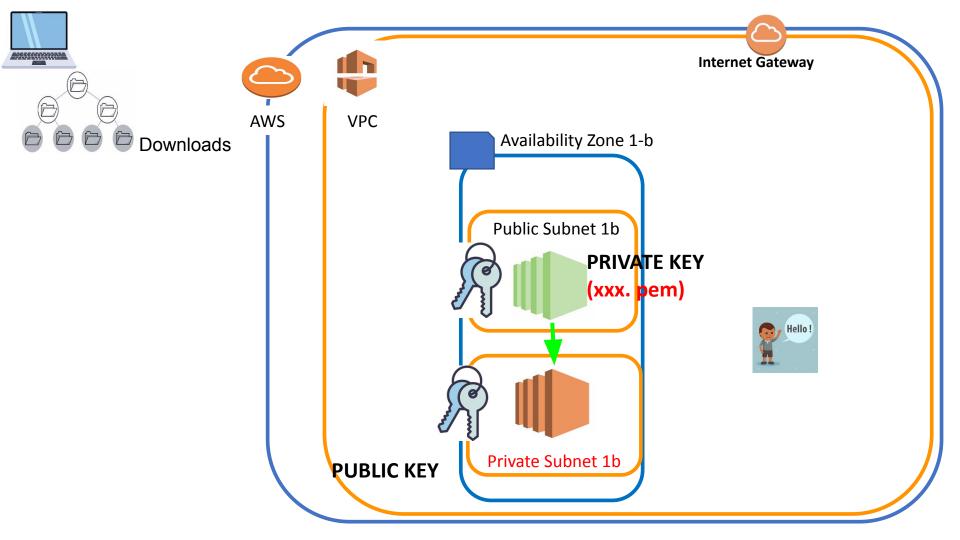
Private Instance Sec. Group



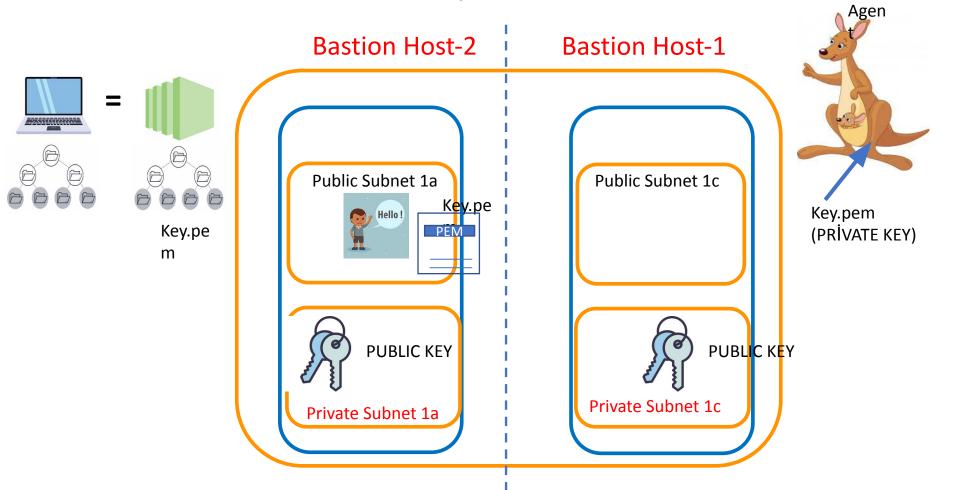
- 1-Sec. group of Bastion Host –Best practice
- 2-CIDR Block of "Public Subnet"
- 3-IP of Bastion Host Instance

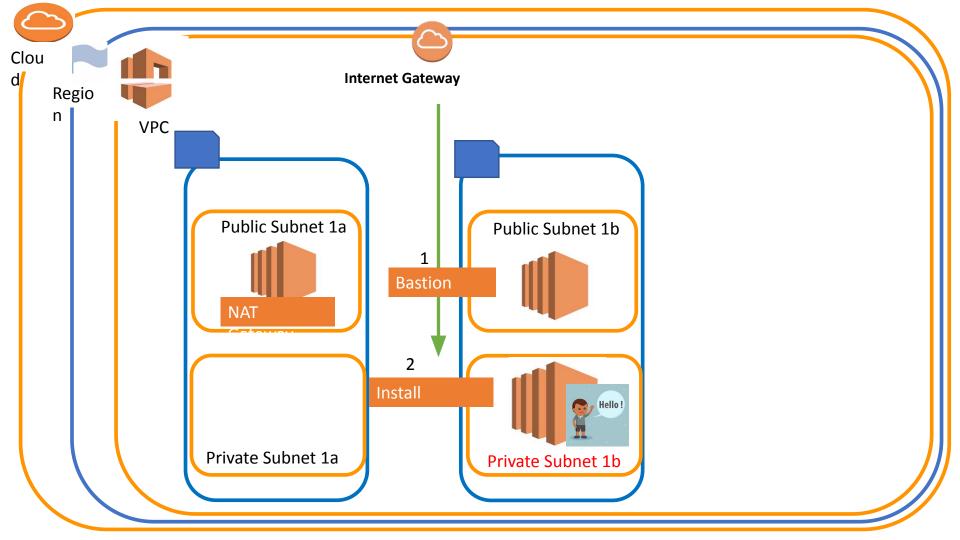






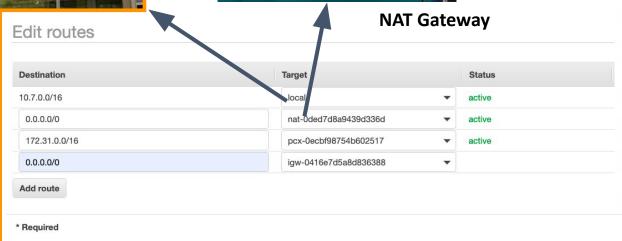
.pem issue





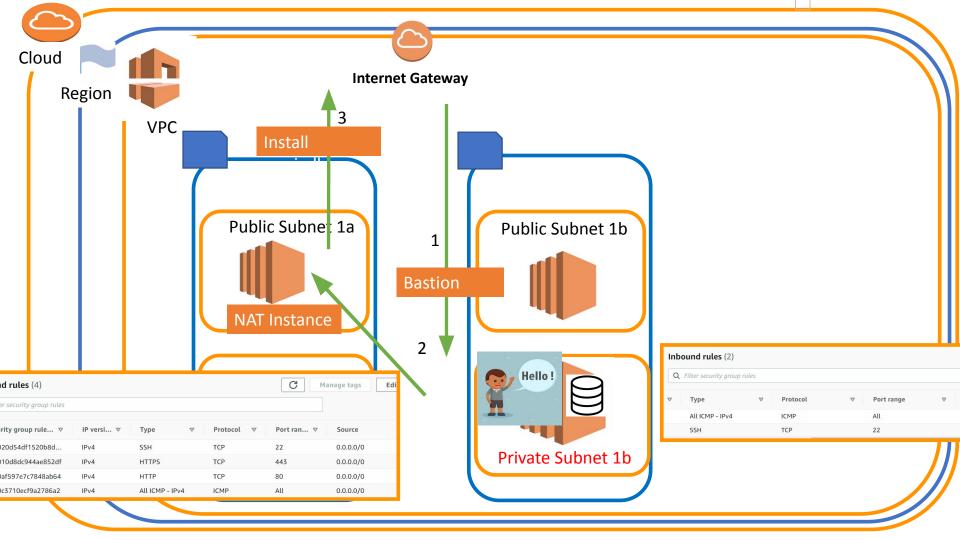








Route Tables



Nat Instance

Route Tables > Edit routes

Edit routes

1- Route table Issue



- Nat Instance

2- Change Source/ Destination Check

- Disable

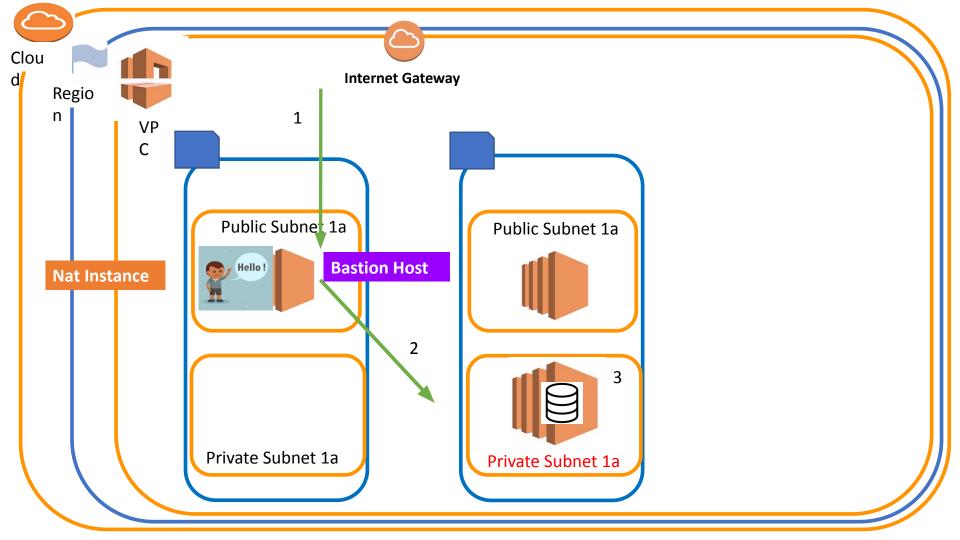


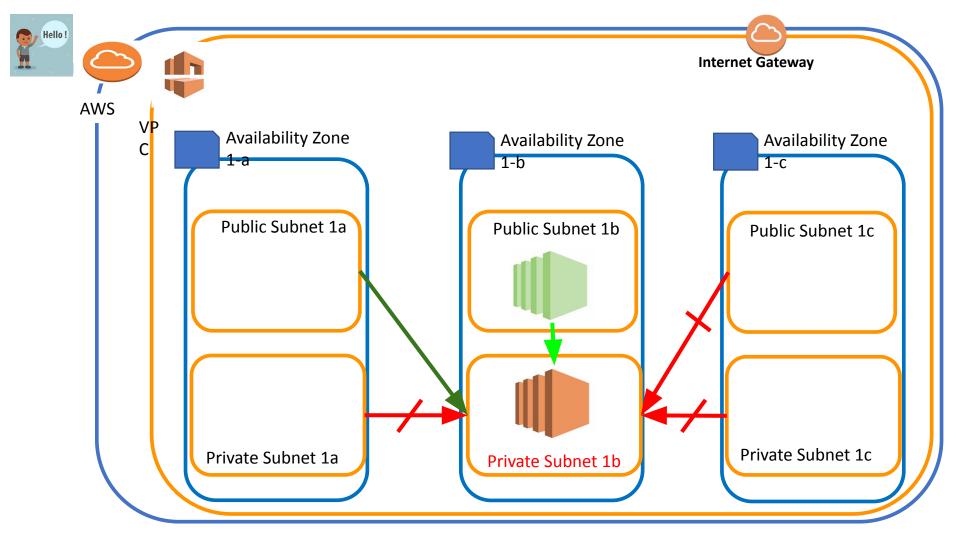






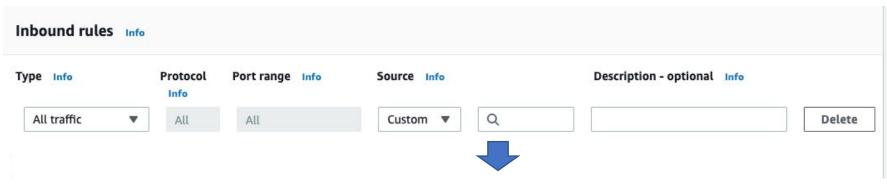
NAT Gateway



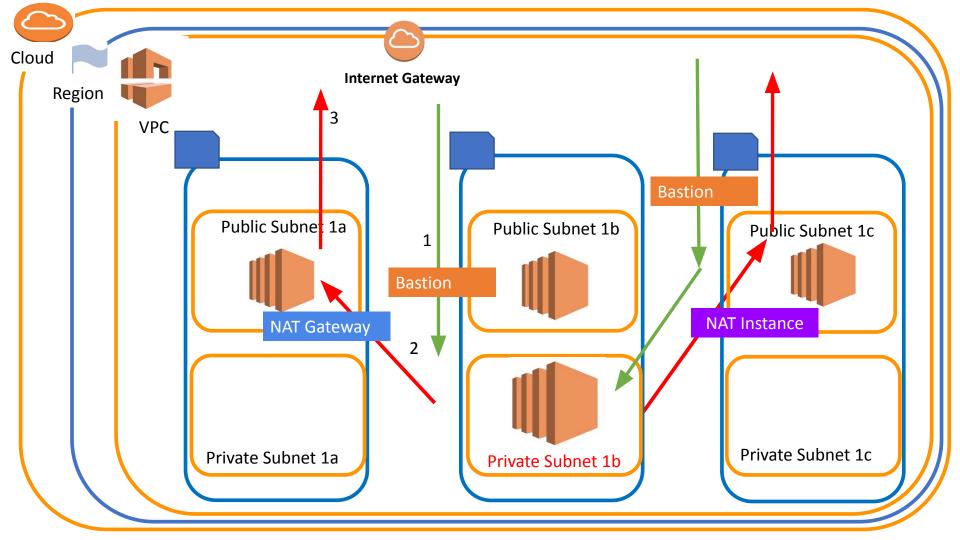


Sec. Group Issue

Private Instance Sec. Group



1-Sec. group of Nat Instace



Conclusion

Nat gateway-Nat instance

Change Route table of Private Subnet

Helps Private instance to install software package*

Nat instance/Gateway = Unique instance

Bastion Host

Change Sec. Group

Helps Public Instance to connect Private instance

Bastion Host = Ordinary Instance in public Subnet

^{*}Sec grup: Must be SSH, HTTP >>>>0.0.0.0/0

	NAT Gateway	NAT Instance	
Managed	Managed by AWS	Managed by you	
Availability	Highly available within an AZ	Not highly available (would require scripting)	
Bandwidth	Up to 45 Gbps	Depends on the bandwidth of the EC2 instance type selected	
Maintenance	Managed by AWS	Managed by you	
Performance	Optimized for NAT	Amazon Linux AMI configured to perform NAT	
Public IP	Elastic IP that cannot be detached	Elastic IP that can be detached	
Security Groups	Cannot associate with a Security Group	Can associate with a Security Group	
Bastion Host	Not supported	Can be used as a bastion host	

VPC-PART-3

- VPC Endpoint
- VPC Peering
- VPN & Direct Connect

N.Virginia Internet Gateway Region: N.Virginia Region: N.Virginia **VPC** :clarus-vpc-a **VPC** : Default Avaliability Zone 1-a Avaliability Zone 1-b Avaliability Zone 1-c Avaliability Zone 1-a Avaliability Zone 1-c Avaliability Zone 1-e Public Subnet 1a Public Subnet 1b Public Subnet 1c Public Subnet 1a Public Subnet 1c Public Subnet 1e

Private Subnet 1c

Private Subnet 1b

Private Subnet 1a

Avaliability Zone 1-b

Public Subnet 1b

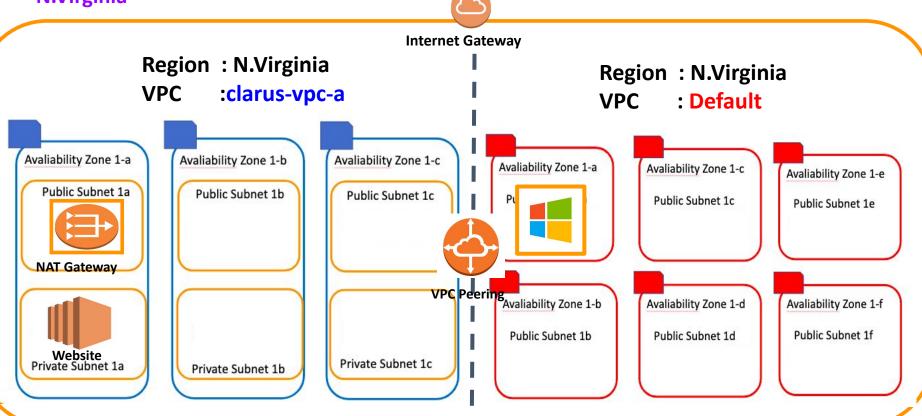
Avaliability Zone 1-d

Public Subnet 1d

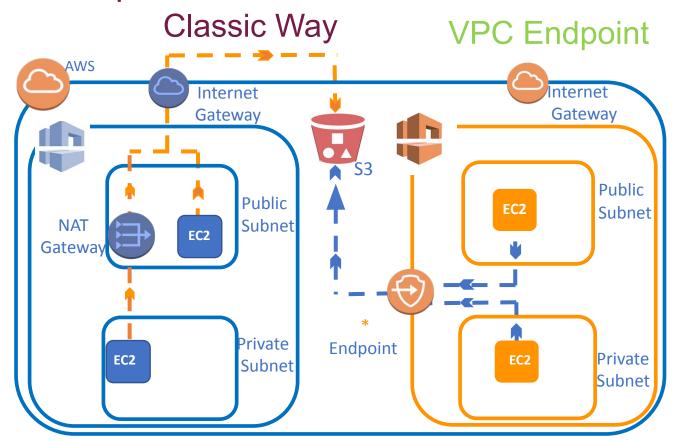
Avaliability Zone 1-f

Public Subnet 1f

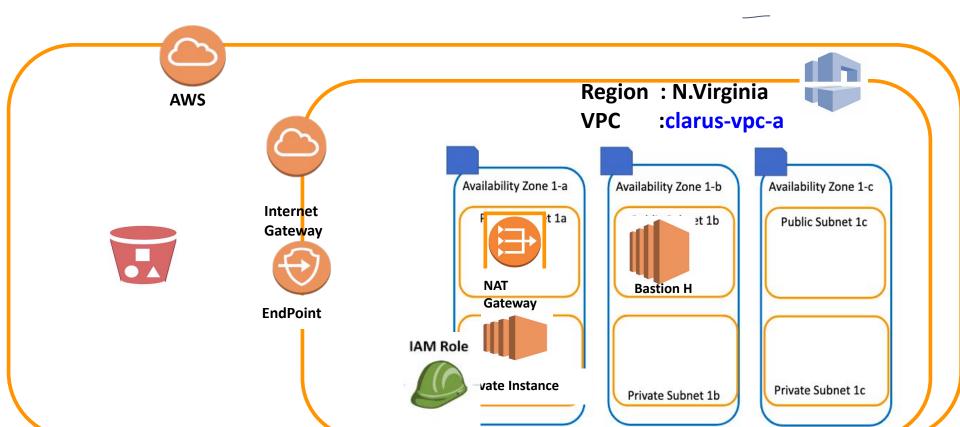
N.Virginia



VPC Endpoint







 nterfa	ce End	point

What

Flastic Network Interface with a A gateway that is a target for a specific

Gateway Endpoint

***************************************	Private IP	route	
How	Uses DNS entries to redirect traffic	Uses prefix lists in the route table to	

redirect traffic

Which services API Gateway, CloudFormation, Amazon S3, DynamoDB

CloudWatch etc.

VPC Endpoint Policies Security Security Groups

VPC endpoint enables you to privately connect your VPC to supported AWS services and VPC endpoint services powered by AWS **PrivateLink** without requiring an internet gateway, NAT device, VPN connection, or AWS Direct Connect connection

PrivateLink is a technology that enables you to privately access services by using private IP addresses.

There are two different types of VPC endpoint:

An interface endpoint is an elastic network interface with a private IP address from the IP address range of your subnet. It serves as an entry point for traffic destined to a supported AWS service or a VPC endpoint service. Interface endpoints are powered by AWS PrivateLink

Instances in your VPC do not require public IP addresses to communicate with resources in the service. Traffic between your VPC and the other service does not leave the Amazon network.

With a **gateway endpoint** you configure your route table to point to the endpoint. Amazon S3 and DynamoDB use gateway endpoints.

VPC-PART-4

- WORDPRESS WITH LAMP STACK ON VPC
- NACL TABLES