Arboviral Surveillance and Response Capacity Survey - 2021

The World Health Organisation (WHO) is conducting a baseline survey to get an overview of country capacities for arboviral diseases surveillance (epidemiological and entomological) and control in member states. Survey responses will be compiled and analysed, and a report will be generated to identify common gaps, and can serve as a baseline survey for guiding planning activities for arboviral diseases surveillance and control at country, regional, and global scale.

Instructions

The survey will cover the following sections:

- Surveillance
- Case Management
- Vector Control
- Community Sensitization
- Outbreak Preparedness
- Arboviral disease surveillance data
- Staffing

It is recommended that you have the following available to complete the survey:

- 1. Documents for upload including:
- descriptions of the arboviral surveillance system
- arboviral disease preparedness plans
- guidelines for arboviral disease surveillance
- surveillance data reports for human and non-human arbovirus surveillance
- clinical management guidelines
- 2. Human case data for arboviral diseases reportable in your country from 2015-2020.

Please choose your language and complete the survey to the best of your ability and knowledge by 31 May, 2021.

You can complete the survey in multiple sittings. For completion of the survey online we recommend to save your responses after filling in the first page of the questionnaire by clicking "Resume later" at the lower left corner. This will prompt a screen requesting you to create a username and password, to provide an email address, and then to click "save". You are then able to click "Next" to continue, and your responses will be automatically saved if you exit before

you reach the end of the survey. To resume with the survey, just click on the "Resume" link sent to your email address. After you finish the last question and are ready to submit the survey, just click "Submit" at the lower right corner to complete the survey.

We encourage you to collaborate with your colleagues and partners to complete portions of the survey that may relate to others within your national health department/ministry of health. If you are unable to answer any of the questions, you can skip those questions and leave them unanswered or choose "Don't know". We estimate the survey will take a total of 2-3 hours to complete.

For any questions, please contact Dr Ingrid Rabe (rabei@who.int) or Dr Diana Rojas Alvarez (drojas@who.int).

There are 105 questions in this survey.

Section I: Respondent details

Important: Please save your answers after filling in this first page before continuing.

1. Country: *	
Please choose only one of the following:	
Albania	
Algeria	
Andorra	
Angola	
Antigua and Barbuda	
○ Argentina	
○ Armenia	
Azerbaijan	
Bahamas	
Bahrain	
Bangladesh	
Barbados	
Belarus	
Belgium	
Belize	
Benin	
Bhutan	
Bolivia (Plurinational State of)	
Bosnia and Herzegovina	
☐ Botswana	
☐ Brazil	
O Brunei Darussalam	
Bulgaria	
◯ Burkina Faso	
Burundi	

Cabo Verde	
Cambodia	
Cameroon	
Canada	
Central African Republic	
Chad	
Chile	
China	
Colombia	
Comoros	
Congo	
Cook Islands	
◯ Costa Rica	
Côte d'Ivoire	
○ Croatia	
Cuba	
○ Cyprus	
Czechia	
Obemocratic People's Republic of Korea	
O Democratic Republic of the Congo	
○ Denmark	
O Djibouti	
○ Dominica	
O Dominican Republic	
○ Ecuador	
Egypt	
◯ El Salvador	
Equatorial Guinea	
○ Eritrea	
Estonia	
Eswatini	

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	○ Ethiopia	
	○ Fiji	
	Finland	
	France	
	Gabon	
	Gambia	
	Georgia	
	Germany	
	☐ Ghana	
	Greece	
	○ Grenada	
	○ Guatemala	
	Guinea	
	Guinea-Bissau	
	Guyana	
	Honduras	
	Hungary	
	Olceland	
	☐ India	
	☐ Indonesia	
	Iran (Islamic Republic of)	
	☐ Iraq	
	Ireland	
	Israel	
	☐ Italy	
	Jordan	
	◯ Kazakhstan	

(Vivibati	
Kuwait	
Lao People's Democratic Republic	
Latvia	
Lebanon	
Lesotho	
Liberia	
Libya	
Lithuania	
Luxembourg	
Madagascar	
Maldives	
Marshall Islands	
Mauritius	
Mexico	
Micronesia (Federated States of)	
Monaco	
Morocco	
Mozambique	
Myanmar	
Namibia	
Nauru	
Nepal	

Netherlands	
New Zealand	
Nicaragua	
Niger	
Nigeria	
Niue	
North Macedonia	
Norway	
Oman	
Pakistan	
Palau	
Panama	
Papua New Guinea	
Paraguay	
Peru	
Philippines	
Poland	
○ Portugal	
Qatar	
Republic of Korea	
Republic of Moldova	
Romania	
Russian Federation	
Rwanda	
Saint Kitts and Nevis	
Saint Lucia	
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	
Samoa	
San Marino	
Sao Tome and Principe	
Saudi Arabia	

◯ Senegal	
Serbia	
Seychelles	
Sierra Leone	
Singapore	
Slovakia	
Slovenia	
O Solomon Islands	
Somalia	
O South Africa	
O South Sudan	
Spain	
◯ Sri Lanka	
Sudan	
Suriname	
Sweden	
Switzerland	
Syrian Arab Republic	
☐ Tajikistan	
○ Thailand	
Timor-Leste	
Togo	
○ Tonga	
Trinidad and Tobago	
─ Tunisia	
☐ Turkey	
○ Turkmenistan	
Tuvalu	
Uganda	
Ukraine	
O United Arab Emirates	

7imhahura
() Zimbabwe
2. Respondent/person to be contacted for clarification, if needed (last name, first name, e-mail address) *
Please write your answer here:
3. Professional title and affiliation *
Please write your answer here:
4. Date (dd/mm/yyyy): *
Please enter a date:

S

6/16/2021

Uruguay

Vanuatu

Viet Nam

Yemen

Uzbekistan

5. Which arboviruses have circulated in your country at any time since the year 2000? This refers only to arboviruses with autochthonous i.e., local mosquito-borne transmission.
Please choose all that apply:
Chikungunya virus
Dengue viruses
Yellow fever virus
Zika virus
Other:
Other. C
6. Do you have any written arbovirus surveillance and control plan(s) and/or guideline(s) for your country?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes, we have arbovirus-specific plans(s) or guidelines(s)
Yes. We do not have arbovirus-specific guidelines, but arboviruses are included within general surveillance guidelines.
○ No
I don't know

6b. For which of the following arboviruses do you have written surveillance and control plans for your country? Please choose all that apply:
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes. We do not have arbovirus-specific guidelines, but arboviruses are included within general surveillance guidelines.' <i>or</i> 'Yes, we have arbovirus-specific plans(s) or guidelines(s) ' at question '6 [SII06]' (6. Do you have any written arbovirus surveillance and control plan(s) and/or guideline(s) for your country?)
Please choose all that apply:
Chikungunya virus Dengue virus Yellow fever virus
Zika virus Other:
These may be viruses known to be circulating or for which there is risk of introduction.

6c. Please upload surveillance and control plan(s) or protocol(s), or guideline(s)

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:

Answer was 'Yes. We do not have arbovirus-specific guidelines, but arboviruses are included within general surveillance guidelines.' *or* 'Yes, we have arbovirus-specific plans(s) or guidelines(s) ' at question '6 [SII06]' (6. Do you have any written arbovirus surveillance and control plan(s) and/or guideline(s) for your country?)

Kindly attach the aforementioned documents along with the survey

Since you answered that we use general surveillance guidelines that include arboviral diseases, please specify which guidelines these are: Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes. We do not have arbovirus-specific guidelines, but arboviruses are included within general surveillance guidelines.' at question '6 [SII06]' (6. Do you have any written arbovirus surveillance and control plan(s) and/or guideline(s) for your country?) Please write your answer here:			
7. Is there a specific national programme for arboviral diseases surveillance or is it integrated in another programme? Please select the appropriate answer:			
Please choose only one of the following:			
Specific programme			
Integrated in another programme			
○ No programme			
I don't know			
7b. Please specify the programme into which arboviral diseases is integrated.			
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:			
Answer was 'Integrated in another programme' at question '10 [SII07]' (7. Is there a specific national programme for arboviral diseases surveillance or is it integrated in			
another programme? Please select the appropriate answer:)			
Please write your answer here:			

8. For which level of the health structure are individual and aggregated	data
available ? (select all relevant levels)	

	Individual level	Aggregated
Primary health care level		
District level		
Regional level		
National level		

9. What are the tools used for recording case data for surveillance purposes? Select all that apply.

Please choose the appropriate response for each item:

	Paper-based	Électronic	Mixed methods	
National	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
State/provincial	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
District	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		

10. Which training has been provided to the staff working on arboviral disease surveillance data?
Please choose all that apply:
One-time basic training on data capture and analysis (MS Excel, MS Access, EpiInfo) and/or geographic information systems (GIS)
Repeated/continuing basic training on data capture, analysis, and/or GIS
One-time advanced training on statistical software for data analysis (e.g. STATA, R, SAS, Tableau, etc.) and GIS
Repeated/continuing training on advance statistical software for data analysis (e.g. STATA, R, SAS, etc.) and GIS
No training
Other:
11. Is reporting mandatory for any arboviral disease cases in your country? Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No

11b. For which of the following arboviral disease cases is reporting mandatory in your country?

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '15 [SII11]' (11. Is reporting mandatory for any arboviral disease cases in your country?)

Please choose the appropriate response for each item:

	Mandatory Mandatory reporting of all suspect cases only		Not reportable		
Chikungunya virus disease	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Dengue virus disease	\bigcirc		\bigcirc		
Yellow fever virus disease	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Zika virus virus disease (non- congenital)					
Congenital Zika virus disease	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Other	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		

11c. For which other arboviral diseases is reporting mandatory?

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:

Answer was 'Mandatory reporting of all suspect cases' *or* 'Mandatory reporting of confirmed cases only' at question '16 [SII11b]' (11b. For which of the following arboviral disease cases is reporting mandatory in your country? (Other))

	Arbovirus	All suspect cases/Confirmed cases only
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

11d. Please upload document(s) containing surveillance case definitions used

for reporting of arboviral diseases				
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '15 [SII11]' (11. Is reporting mandatory for any arboviral disease cases in your country?)				
Kindly attach the aforementioned documents along with the survey				
12. In the last 2 years, did your country conduct national epidemiological surveillance for human cases of arboviral disease?				
Please choose only one of the following:				
Yes				
○ No				
☐ I don't know				
12b. How frequently are surveillance data reported to the national level? Please choose one of the following:				
·				
choose one of the following:				
choose one of the following: Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '19 [SII12]' (12. In the last 2 years, did your country conduct				
choose one of the following: Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '19 [SII12]' (12. In the last 2 years, did your country conduct national epidemiological surveillance for human cases of arboviral disease?)				
choose one of the following: Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '19 [SII12]' (12. In the last 2 years, did your country conduct national epidemiological surveillance for human cases of arboviral disease?) Please choose only one of the following:				
choose one of the following: Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '19 [SII12]' (12. In the last 2 years, did your country conduct national epidemiological surveillance for human cases of arboviral disease?) Please choose only one of the following: Weekly				
choose one of the following: Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '19 [SII12]' (12. In the last 2 years, did your country conduct national epidemiological surveillance for human cases of arboviral disease?) Please choose only one of the following: Weekly Monthly				

12c. What type of national epidemiological surveillance was conducted? Please choose one the following:

Definitions:

Active surveillance is defined as having dedicated systems and staff that routinely and with effort survey for cases of disease or detection of vectors and associated pathogens by the public health department.

<u>Passive surveillance</u> is defined as having a reporting system where physicians, laboratories, mosquito control districts, academic institutions or others routinely report cases of disease or detection of vectors and associated pathogens to the public health department.

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:

Answer was 'Yes' at question '19 [SII12]' (12. In the last 2 years, did your country conduct national epidemiological surveillance for human cases of arboviral disease?)

·	•
O Primarily active	
Primarily passive	
Ombination of active and passive	

Please choose **only one** of the following:

12d. If available, please upload upload the most recent report(s) on arboviral surveillance in humans.

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:

Answer was 'Yes' at question '19 [SII12]' (12. In the last 2 years, did your country conduct national epidemiological surveillance for human cases of arboviral disease?)

Kindly attach the aforementioned documents along with the survey

13. Does your country provide regular training sessions for healthcare workers
on notification of <i>Aedes</i> -borne arboviral diseases? Please choose only one of the following:
Yes. If so, please describe in the comments field:
○ No○ I don't know
Make a comment on your choice here:
wake a confinent on your choice nere.
14. What do the arboviral disease surveillance staff perceive as factors contributing to the a) success and b) barriers/challenges to arboviral disease surveillance in humans?
Please write your answer here:

Section III: Arbovirus laboratory capacity

15. Is arbovirus diagnostic laboratory testing performed for confirmation of suspected cases in your country? (Please select the applicable option during outbreak periods and during non-outbreak periods, respectively)

Please choose the appropriate response for each item:

	All suspect cases tested	Subset of suspect cases tested	No suspect cases tested	
Outbreak periods	\bigcirc	\bigcirc		
Non-outbreak periods	\bigcirc	\circ		

15b. On average, for what percentage of suspected arboviral disease cases your country is laboratory confirmatory testing performed? Please indicate for outbreak and non-outbreak periods, respectively.

Percentage

16. In the last two years, were the positive cases of arboviruses confirmed by a national reference laboratory? Please choose only one of the following:
Yes, for all arboviral infections. Please specify them:
Yes, but only for some arboviral infections. Please specify them:
○ No
Make a comment on your choice here:

16b. If your country does not have capacity to type and serotype arboviruses, do you send samples for typing to other countries? Please choose only one of the following:
Yes. Please specify where:
○ No
I don't know
Make a comment on your choice here:

		Neutral antiboo testing	-	Viral gene/ genome Sequencin
Chikungunya				
Dengue				
Yellow fever				
Zika				
Other:				

18. Which additional resources are most needed for your country to perform adequate testing for arboviral diseases? Please describe what would be needed for each checked resource in the adjacent comment field.
Please choose all that apply and provide a comment:
Additional personnel. Estimate number of full-time staff:
Additional training of personnel. Please specify:
Additional laboratory equipment, reagents, etc. Please specify:
Other capacity needs. Please specify:

19. Do you perform virological surveillance on humans, i.e., tracking of
prevailing genotypes/serotypes? Please select all that apply
Please choose all that apply and provide a comment:
Yes, using virus isolation
Yes, using RT-PCR
Yes, using other acid nucleic tests. Please specify:
Yes, using serological testing. Please specify:
□ NIe
No
I don't know
19b. Which samples do you use for virological surveillance?
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:
Answer was at question '31 [SIII19]' (19. Do you perform virological surveillance on
humans, i.e., tracking of prevailing genotypes/serotypes? Please select all that apply) and Answer was at question '31 [SIII19]' (19. Do you perform virological surveillance on
humans, i.e., tracking of prevailing genotypes/serotypes? Please select all that apply)
Please choose all that apply:
Samples from suspected arboviral diseases routinely notified
Samples routinely collected from patients with fever of unknown origin
Other:

19c. For which viruses do you perform virological surveillance? (check all that apply)
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was at question '31 [SIII19]' (19. Do you perform virological surveillance on humans, i.e., tracking of prevailing genotypes/serotypes? Please select all that apply) and Answer was at question '31 [SIII19]' (19. Do you perform virological surveillance on humans, i.e., tracking of prevailing genotypes/serotypes? Please select all that apply)
Please choose all that apply:
Chikungunya virus
Dengue viruses
Yellow fever virus
Zika virus
Other:
Outlet.
19d. Does your country provide regular training sessions for healthcare workers on arboviruses virological surveillance?
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:
Answer was at question '31 [SIII19]' (19. Do you perform virological surveillance on
humans, i.e., tracking of prevailing genotypes/serotypes? Please select all that apply) <i>and</i> Answer was at question '31 [SIII19]' (19. Do you perform virological surveillance on
humans, i.e., tracking of prevailing genotypes/serotypes? Please select all that apply)
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No
On't know

20. What do the arboviral diagnostic laboratory staff perceive as factors contributing to the a) success and b) barriers/challenges with respect to laboratory testing for arboviral infections? Please write your answer here:
Section IV: Management of arboviral disease cases
21. Does your country have clinical guidelines for healthcare workers on diagnosis and clinical management of cases and severe cases of <i>Aedes</i> -borne arboviral diseases? Please choose only one of the following: Yes No I don't know
21b. Please upload the clinical guideline(s) for arboviral disease management. Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '36 [SIV21]' (21. Does your country have clinical guidelines for healthcare workers on diagnosis and clinical management of cases and severe cases of Aedes-borne arboviral diseases?) Kindly attach the aforementioned documents along with the survey

22. Are severe cases of arboviral diseases managed in a special area (part of the hospital, isolation beds)?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
No. If so, where are patients with severe disease treated? Please specify in comments field.
I don't know
Make a comment on your choice here:
23. How many hospital beds are available per 100,000 population? Please write your answer here: per 100,000

24. Does your country provide regular training sessions for healthcare workers
on clinical diagnosis and management of <i>Aedes</i> -borne arboviral diseases?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes, specific training is provided. If so, please specify:
○ No
◯ I don't know
Make a comment on your choice here:
25. What do the arboviral disease surveillance/clinical staff perceive as factors contributing to the a) success and b) barriers/challenges with respect to case management?
Please write your answer here:

Section V: Routine Vector Surveillance and Control

26. Is there a disease programme, agency, or service in charge of arbovirus
vector surveillance in your country?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes. If so, please specify in the comment field.
○ No
I don't know
Make a comment on your choice here:
27. Which institution/department is in charge of reporting entomologic surveillance data to the national ministry of health/health department? (Check all that apply) Please choose all that apply: State/provincial health agencies Other national agency City/country health departments Local mosquito control districts or similar organisations Universities or academic institutions Private companies Other:

28. For the last 2 years, did your country conduct entomologic surveillance for arboviral infections in mosquito vectors?
Please choose only one of the following:
YesNoDon't know

28b. Please upload the most recent national vector surveillance report. This may include entomological indices, insecticide resistance etc.

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '44 [SV28]' (28. For the last 2 years, did your country conduct entomologic surveillance for arboviral infections in mosquito vectors?)

Kindly attach the aforementioned documents along with the survey

28c. Did the entomologic surveillance entail country wide programmes or was it restricted to specific locations?
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '44 [SV28]' (28. For the last 2 years, did your country conduct entomologic surveillance for arboviral infections in mosquito vectors?)
Please choose only one of the following:
Country wide
Restricted to specific locations . Please specify where:
On't know
Make a comment on your choice here:
28d. How many sentinel surveillance sites do you have?
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '44 [SV28]' (28. For the last 2 years, did your country conduct entomologic surveillance for arboviral infections in mosquito vectors?)
Please write your answer here:

28e. How often was the surveillance conducted? Please choose one of the following:
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '44 [SV28]' (28. For the last 2 years, did your country conduct entomologic surveillance for arboviral infections in mosquito vectors?)
Please choose only one of the following:
Once a year
Every trimester
Every semester
Other
29. Do you conduct adult mosquito surveillance?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No
I don't know
30. Do you conduct larval/pupal mosquito surveillance?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No
I don't know

31. Are trapped mosquitoes identified to species?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No
O Not applicable
I don't know
32. Does your country either calculate minimum infection rates (MIR) for any <i>Aedes</i> -borne arboviruses with your mosquito data or receive such data from other agencies? Please choose only one of the following:
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes, our agency makes the MIR estimations
Yes, the MIR are estimated by another institution.If so, please specify:
○ No
On't know
Make a comment on your choice here:

33. Which laboratories performed testing for arboviruses on mosquito pools collected in your country in the last two years? (check all that apply)
Please choose all that apply:
National public health laboratory
State/provincial/regional public health laboratory
Local health department laboratory
University or academic institution
Local MCD (if different from county health dep't)
Mosquito surveillance done, but no testing done on mosquito pools
Not applicable (no mosquito surveillance done)
Other:
34. Is there a record of <i>Aedes aegypti</i> or <i>Aedes albopictus</i> being found in your country in the past 5 years? Please choose only one of the following.
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes, only <i>Aedes aegypti</i>
Yes, only <i>Aedes albopictus</i>
Yes, both Aedes aegypti and Aedes albopictus
None found in the country at this time
Unknown within the country at this time

34b. Please describe the potential public health threat from <i>Aedes aegypti</i> in your country. Please choose only one of the following:
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes, only <i>Aedes aegypti'</i> or 'Yes, both <i>Aedes aegypti</i> and <i>Aedes albopictus</i> ' at question '54 [SV34]' (34. Is there a record of Aedes aegypti or Aedes albopictus being found in your country in the past 5 years? Please choose only one of the following.)
Please choose only one of the following:
Aedes aegypti populations are abundant and arbovirus(es) is (are) circulating
Aedes aegypti populations are spreading and pose a significant public health threat
Aedes aegypti populations are restricted to few sites and do not yet pose a significant threat
Aedes aegypti populations are stable in select areas and pose a significant threat
Aedes aegypti mosquitoes are only occasionally found and do not pose a significant public health threat
Other

34c. Please describe the potential public health threat from <i>Aedes albopictus</i> in your country. Please choose only one of the following:
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes, both <i>Aedes aegypti</i> and <i>Aedes albopictus</i> ' or 'Yes, only <i>Aedes albopictus</i> ' at question '54 [SV34]' (34. Is there a record of Aedes aegypti or Aedes albopictus being found in your country in the past 5 years? Please choose only one of the following.)
Please choose only one of the following:
Aedes albopictus populations are abundant and arbovirus(es) is (are) circulating
Aedes albopictus populations are spreading and pose a significant public health threat
 Aedes albopictus populations are restricted to few sites and do not yet pose a significant threat
Aedes albopictus populations are stable in select areas and pose a significant threat
Aedes albopictus mosquitoes are only occasionally found and do not pose a significant public health threat
Other
35. Over the past two years, did your country use any of the following vector control methods in local jurisdictions (either using government staff and resources, or subcontracting to a different entity to do so)? Please select all that apply.
Please choose all that apply:
Adulticiding (insecticide application against adult mosquitoes) Larviciding
Insect growth regulators (e.g., pyriproxyfen)
Wolbachia method
Sterile insect release
None
Other:

35b. Would your country have conducted or financially supported adulticiding/larviciding or source reduction activities in the last two years if sufficient funding were available? Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'None' at question '57 [SV35]' (35. Over the past two years, did your country use any of the following vector control methods in local jurisdictions (either using government staff and resources, or subcontracting to a different entity to do so)? Please select all that apply.)
Please choose only one of the following: Yes No Don't know
35c. Which adulticides and/or larvicides (brand and product name) were used? Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was at question '57 [SV35]' (35. Over the past two years, did your country use any of the following vector control methods in local jurisdictions (either using government staff and resources, or subcontracting to a different entity to do so)? Please select all that apply.)
Please write your answer here:

36. Does your country provide regular training sessions for staff in charge of vector control and vector surveillance?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes, for both Yes, anly for yester surveillance
Yes, only for vector surveillance
Yes, only for vector control
│ ○ No
O Don't know
37. For the last two years, did your country have a plan for mosquito-borne disease control that includes a threshold (e.g. level of vector mosquito abundance or minimum infection rate) that would result in a recommendation for mosquito adulticiding/other mosquito reduction measures? Please choose only one of the following: Yes, have a threshold that does not require concurrent human cases Yes, have a threshold that requires concurrent human cases No – have a plan but there is no specific threshold
No – do not have a formal plan that includes adulticiding to control mosquito-borne diseases
I don't know

37b. Which indicator(s) is(are) used as threshold(s)?
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes, have a threshold that does not require concurrent human cases' at question '61 [SV37]' (37. For the last two years, did your country have a plan for mosquito-borne disease control that includes a threshold (e.g. level of vector mosquito abundance or minimum infection rate) that would result in a recommendation for mosquito adulticiding/other mosquito reduction measures?)
Please choose all that apply:
Concurrent human cases
Minimum infection rate
Vector density
Breteau Index
House Index
Container Index
Other:
38. Overall, are data on any of the following arboviral outbreak risk factors routinely collected and analysed? (Select all that apply) Please choose all that apply: House Index
Breteau Index
Container Index
Temperatures Rainfall
Migration of a non-immune population
None
Other:

39. Is there a surveillance system in place for monitoring <i>Aedes</i> resistance to
the insecticide(s) used?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No
O Don't know
40. What do the vector surveillance staff perceive as factors contributing to the a) success and b) barriers/challenges with respect to vector surveillance and
control in the country?
Please write your answer here:
Section VI: Animal surveillance
41. During the last 2 years, did your country conduct national epidemiological surveillance for arboviral disease in animals (e.g., epizootic surveillance for yellow fever in endemic areas)?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No
O I don't know

41b. How often was the animal surveillance conducted?	
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '66 [SVI41]' (41. During the last 2 years, did your cour conduct national epidemiological surveillance for arboviral disease in animals (e.g., epizootic surveillance for yellow fever in endemic areas)?)	itry
Please choose only one of the following:	
Once a year	
Every trimester	
Every semester	
Other	
41c. What type of surveillance was conducted in animals?	
Definitions:	
 Active surveillance is defined as having dedicated systems and staff that routinely with effort survey for cases of disease or detection of vectors and associated patho by the public health department. 	
Passive surveillance is defined as having a reporting system where physicians, laboratories, mosquito control districts, academic institutions or others routinely reportance of disease or detection of vectors and associated pathogens to the public heat department.	
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '66 [SVI41]' (41. During the last 2 years, did your cour conduct national epidemiological surveillance for arboviral disease in animals (e.g., epizootic surveillance for yellow fever in endemic areas)?)	itry
Please choose only one of the following:	
Primarily active	
Primarily passive	
Combination of active and passive	

41d. Please upload a report on the animal surveillance	41d. Please u	pload a	report on	the animal	surveillance
--	---------------	---------	-----------	------------	--------------

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '66 [SVI41]' (41. During the last 2 years, did your country conduct national epidemiological surveillance for arboviral disease in animals (e.g., epizootic surveillance for yellow fever in endemic areas)?)

Kindly attach the aforementioned documents along with the survey

42. Does your country (or local jurisdictions within the country) perform sentinel animal surveillance or epizootic surveillance, e.g., for yellow fever in nonhuman primates in endemic regions?
Please choose only one of the following:
YesNoI don't know

42b. For which viruses is sentinel surveillance conducted and in which animal species?

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:

Answer was 'Yes' at question '70 [SVI42]' (42. Does your country (or local jurisdictions within the country) perform sentinel animal surveillance or epizootic surveillance, e.g., for yellow fever in nonhuman primates in endemic regions?)

	Virus name	Sentinel animal species (list all)
Arbovirus 1		
Arbovirus 2		
Arbovirus 3		
Arbovirus 4		

42c. Please upload the most recent report(s) on sentinel animal surveillance.

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:

Answer was 'Yes' at question '70 [SVI42]' (42. Does your country (or local jurisdictions within the country) perform sentinel animal surveillance or epizootic surveillance, e.g., for yellow fever in nonhuman primates in endemic regions?)

Kindly attach the aforementioned documents along with the survey

Section VII: Community sensitization and participation

43. Does your country have a community outreach program that also covers arboviral diseases?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No
I don't know
43b. What entity(ies) is(are) in charge of the outreach program in your country? Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '73 [SVII43]' (43. Does your country have a community outreach program that also covers arboviral diseases?)
Please write your answer here:

43c. What is the geographical coverage of the outreach program in your country?
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '73 [SVII43]' (43. Does your country have a community outreach program that also covers arboviral diseases?)
Please choose only one of the following:
○ Countrywide
Only selected areas. Please specify where:
○ No outreach programme
O I don't know
Make a comment on your choice here:
43d. Is the community outreach/social mobilization program sufficiently funded to cover staff time, prevention and outreach activities as needed? Only answer this question if the following conditions are met: Answer was 'Yes' at question '73 [SVII43]' (43. Does your country have a community outreach program that also covers arboviral diseases?) Please choose only one of the following: Yes No Don't know

4. Did your national arborational local transmission ristrated in arviciding, adulticiding, concevention message for an apply) During outbreaks	sk and/or pos mmunity mob	sible vector-collization and p	ontrol activitie articipation, e	es (e.g. etc.) as a
about local transmission ri arviciding, adulticiding, co prevention message for ar	sk and/or pos mmunity mob	sible vector-collization and p	ontrol activitie articipation, e	es (e.g. etc.) as a
Other:				
Staff training				
Additional staff	c materials for i	ocai neaitii dep	artificitis	
Educational and referenc Educational and referenc	·	•	artmente	
Educational materials for	•			
Please choose all that apply:				
Answer was 'Yes' at question outreach program that also co	'73 [SVII43]' (4	3. Does your co		ommunity
Only answer this question if the		e adequate ca	, ,	

44b. Which means does your program use for community sensitization, mobilisation and acceptance of interventions in your country? (Check all that apply)
Please choose all that apply:
Press releases to electronic and printed media
Public service announcements on television or radio
Passive distribution of informational brochures
Active distribution of informational brochures
Town, community, or neighborhood meetings
Posting information on the home page of your agency's website
Social media outlets (Facebook, Twitter, etc)
Door-to-door outreach in selected locations
Participation in community clean-ups
Modification of messages for all local languages
Other:

45. Does your country provide regular training sessions for staff in charge of community sensitization, mobilisation and acceptance of interventions dedicated to control arboviral diseases?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes. If yes, please describe in comments field: No
I don't know
Make a comment on your choice here:
46. What do the community outreach staff perceive as factors contributing to the a) success and b) barriers/challenges with respect to community participation. Please write your answer here:

Section VIII: Preparedness for arboviral outbreaks/epidemics

47. Is there either a surveillance and outbreak response committee in your country, or a steering committee for that purpose?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No
I don't know
48. Does your country have a contingency plan to organize healthcare services during an outbreak (including outbreaks of arboviral diseases)?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes
○ No
I don't know
48b. Please upload the contingency plan.
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:
Answer was 'Yes' at question '83 [SVIII48]' (48. Does your country have a contingency plan to organize healthcare services during an outbreak (including outbreaks of arboviral diseases)?)
Kindly attach the aforementioned documents along with the survey

49. Are there defined or established criteria for declaring an outbreak of arboviral disease outbreak in your country? Please choose only one of the following:
Yes. If so, in the comments field, please briefly describe the criteria or reference the document in which those are stated:
○ No
I don't know
Make a comment on your choice here:

50. Do you have established collaborations with national/regional research institutions / international agencies that are planned to be activated in case of arboviral outbreak?
Please choose only one of the following:
Yes. If so, please specify institutions/agencies in the comments field: No I don't know Make a comment on your choice here:
51. What vector control interventions are deployed in case of an emergency? Please write your answer here:

52. For the last 2 years, which of the following government levels had an emergency fund or a specified emergency funding mechanism for arbovirus outbreak response? Please choose all that apply: National level State/local level None
53. Does your country provide regular training sessions for staff/committee in charge of preparedness for arboviral outbreaks/epidemics? Please choose only one of the following: Yes No I don't know
54. What do the arboviral disease surveillance staff perceive as factors contributing to the a) success and b) barriers/challenges with respect to preparedness of arboviral diseases epidemics in your country? Please write your answer here:

Section IX: Arboviral disease surveillance data

			2016 Case:									
Dengue												
Chikun												
Yellow ever												
Zika												
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-1	ere ca		of other					ovirus om 20			ed in	the

55c. Please select any of the following other mosquito-borne viruses that have been reported in your country from 2015-2020. (Note - these are any mosquito-
borne arboviruses that cause human disease, not just <i>Aedes</i> -borne viruses)
Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:
Answer was 'Yes' at question '92 [SIX55b]' (55b. Were cases of other mosquito-borne
arboviruses, not listed in the previous question, reported in your country from 2015-2020?)
Please choose all that apply:
Barmah forest
Bwamba
Cache valley
California encephalitis
Chandipura
Eastern equine encephalitis
Everglades virus
Eyach
Inkoo
Jamestown Canyon
Japanese encephalitis
Kunjin
Kyasanur Forest
La Crosse
Mayaro Mayaro
Murray Valley encephalitis
O'nyong-nyong
Oropouche
Rift Valley fever
Semliki Forest
Sindbis
Snowshoe hare
Spondweni
St Louis encephalitis
Thogoto
Trivittatus

6/16/202	DataForm Extranet - Arboviral Surveillance and Response Capacity Survey - 2021
	Usutu
	Venezuelan equine encephalitis
	West Nile
	Western equine encephalitis

55d. Please provide total number of cases and deaths due to each of the following other arboviruses that you selected from 2015-2020.

Only answer this question if the following conditions are met:

Answer was 'Yes' at question '92 [SIX55b]' (55b. Were cases of other mosquito-borne arboviruses, not listed in the previous question, reported in your country from 2015-2020?)

Only answer this question for the items you selected in question SIX55c ('55c. Please select any of the following other mosquito-borne viruses that have been reported in your country from 2015-2020. (Note - these are any mosquito-borne arboviruses that cause human disease, not just Aedes-borne viruses)')

Only answer this question for the items you did not select in question SIX55c ('55c. Please select any of the following other mosquito-borne viruses that have been reported in your country from 2015-2020. (Note - these are any mosquito-borne arboviruses that cause human disease, not just Aedes-borne viruses)')

			2017 Case				2020 Deaths
Barmah forest							
Bwamba							
Cache valley							
California encephalitis							
Chandipura							
Eastern equine encephalitis							
Trivittatus							
Eyach							
Inkoo							
Jamestown Canyon							

					2019 Deatl	2020 Deaths
Japanese encephalitis						
Kunjin						
Kyasanur Forest						
La Crosse						
Mayaro						
Murray Valley encephalitis						
O'nyong- nyong						
Oropouche						
Rift Valley fever						
Semliki Forest						
Sindbis						
Snowshoe hare						
Spondweni						
St Louis encephalitis						
Thogoto						
Usutu						

Venezuelan equine encephalitis West Nile	
West Nile	
Western equine encephalitis	

56. Please provide the number of cases of locally acquired, mosquito-borne *Aedes*-borne arbovirus infections by case classification for 2020 and, if not available, for 2019.

	Suspect cases	Probable cases	Confirmed cases	Deaths
Chikungunya				
Dengue				
Yellow Fever				
Zika				

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trends in a	bovirus surveillance staff have any perceived reasons for increasing arboviral disease incidence? Check all answers that apply.
Climate	e change (as evidenced by changes in meteorological data)
Constr	ruction activities
Popula	ation migration (within the country or between countries)
Increase egg deposi	sed availability of peri-domestic water-bearing containers suitable for mosquito ition
Other:	
ection X	K: Surveillance staffing
JULIUII 7	ii oai romanoo otaning

58. During 2019 (prior to the Covid-19 pandemic), indicate below the number of arbovirus surveillance staff at the national level. Surveillance staff include those who are responsible for human disease surveillance, mosquito (entomological) surveillance, and animal surveillance, e.g., monitoring of non-human primates for yellow fever in endemic regions. As the categories below are mutually exclusive, please place each staff person in only one column.

	Clinicians	Epidemiol	Laboratori	Entomoloç vector control specialists	(administratio logistics;
Number of personnel					

- 59. Indicate below how many total staff persons are needed at the national level in your country to achieve full epidemiology and laboratory capacity* to conduct arbovirus surveillance.
- *Full epidemiology and laboratory capacity are defined as:
- i) ability to complete a standard case report form on every suspect arboviral disease case with laboratory criteria that meets the case definition and report it to the national health authority/ministry of health through appropriate mechanisms:
- ii) regularly reporting timely surveillance data to local stakeholders;
- iii) ability to test by IgM/other? for all locally transmitted and likely to be introduced *Aedes*-borne arboviruses on any serum specimen submitted to national or subnational lab on a suspected case of arboviral disease; and
- iv) having an environmental surveillance system that includes *Aedes* mosquito surveillance to monitor vector activity when appropriate in all parts of the country in which there is the potential for human outbreaks of arboviral disease based on past experience.

	Clinicians	Epidemiol	Laboratori	control	Support staff (administrational logistics; other)	tior
Number of personnel						

60. Optional comments to explain responses to questions 58 and 59 above.
Please write your answer here:

61. The national health authority/ministry of health has access to expertise in clinical management of arboviruses (Check all that apply)
Please choose all that apply:
Within the ministry of health (e.g., public health medical officers, clinicians in state hospitals) Through other national agency with regulatory authority Through academic institution(s) Private hospitals Does not have access Other:
62. The national health authority/ministry of health has access to expertise in arbovirus epidemiology (Check all that apply)
Please choose all that apply:
Within the ministry of health Through other national agency with regulatory outbority
Through other national agency with regulatory authority Through academic institution(s)
Does not have access
Other:

63. The national health authority/ministry of health has access to expertise in
arbovirus laboratory diagnosis (Check all that apply)
Please choose all that apply:
Within the ministry of health (e.g. public health laboratory scientists)
Through other national agency with regulatory authority
Through academic institution(s)
Does not have access
Other:
64. The national health authority/ministry of health has access to expertise in entomology (Check all that apply)
Please choose all that apply:
Within the ministry of health
Through other national agency with regulatory authority
Through academic institution(s)
Does not have access
Does not have access
Other:
65. Optional comments to explain responses to any of Questions 61-64
Please write your answer here:

Survey conclusion

You have reached the final screen of the survey. Once you click "Submit" below you will be unable to review or edit your answers. If you wish to review your answers, please do so using the "Previous" button below.

66. If you have any further comments to add regarding arbovirus surveillance and control in your country, including whether arboviruses other than <i>Aedes</i> -borne arboviruses are of higher priority, please do so in the text field below.
Please write your answer here:

You have reached the end of the survey, many thanks for your participation!

As mentioned in the introduction, we will use your information to better inform guidance for prevention, detection, and control of arboviral diseases in your region and globally.

Submit your survey.

Thank you for completing this survey.