

```

SELECT
  customer_id,
  transaction_date,
  transaction_amount,
  SUM(transaction_amount) OVER (
    PARTITION BY customer_id
    ORDER BY transaction_amount
    RANGE BETWEEN 60 PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW
  ) AS running_total
FROM
  hive.hive_schema.customer_transactions
ORDER BY
  customer_id, transaction_date;

```

123 customer id ▼	🕒 transaction date ▼	123 transaction amount ▼	123 running total ▼
1	2024-09-01	100	150
1	2024-09-02	150	250
1	2024-09-03	200	350
1	2024-09-04	50	50
2	2024-09-01	300	300
2	2024-09-02	100	100
2	2024-09-03	200	200
3	2024-09-01	50	50
3	2024-09-02	75	125
3	2024-09-03	100	225