

# Software Developers Survey Analysis

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**London**

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# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

In this analysis I will provide evidences & suggestions to students where to work, which programing languages and database to study to remain competitive in the job market.

My research will answer the following questions:

- Why **TypeScript and Python** are popular to study multiple languages & **Python is best** to study one language
- Why **Elasticsearch & Redis** are popular databases and recommended to study
- Why I suggest to work in some selected **countries**

# INTRODUCTION

## **Objective of this analysis is:**

To identify programming languages and databases, job opportunities & make suggestions to students

## **Problems to:**

1. Identify most popular programming languages, databases, average annual salary, countries where job opportunities available then present the result on dashboard
2. Suggest what to study to remain competitive in the job market and where to work

# METHODOLOGY

## Data source:

1. **Demographic & technologies CSV files** from the IBM website **to answer problem 1**
  - Actual data set was **90000 rows** from **Stack Over** only **11552 rows** of randomised data provided by IBM.
2. Extract names and average annual salary of programming languages from IBM website **to answer problem 1 & 2**
3. Extract programming languages job posting data from IBM website using Jobs API **to answer problem 1 & 2**
  - **Kaggle.com** was the **original source** of the data in **CSV format** but was converted into **Json format by IBM**

# DATA COLLECTION & PROCESS

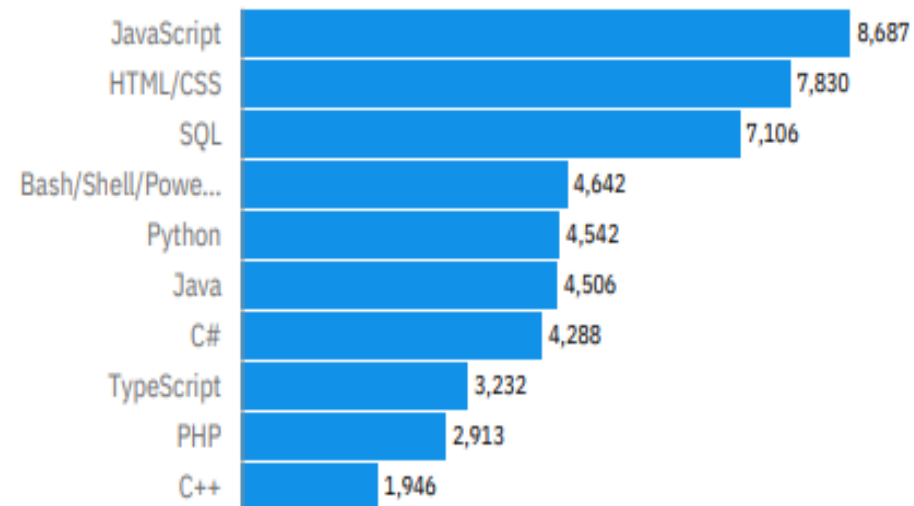
**Demographic & Technologies csv files downloaded** from IBM website then filtered out top 10 most popular Languages & Databases

**Web scrapping:** Python's **BeautifulSoup, Requests, Pandas & Json** libraries used to scrape job data using Jobs API , names and average annual salary of programming language from IBM website, filtered out & converted the required data then created charts, tables and dashboards

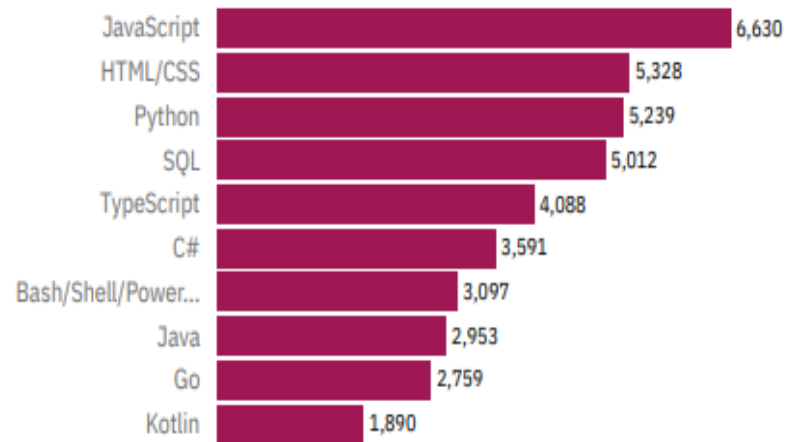
# PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES TRENDS

**Fig 1**

**Top 10 Languages Current Year**



**Top 10 Languages Next Year**



**Fig 1** indicates that the demand for **Python** & **TypeScript** increased suggesting that students would benefit if they study these languages

# PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES COMPARISON

Fig 2

languages	LanguageWorkedWith	LanguageDesireNextYear	differences	pct_change
TypeScript	3232	4088.0	856.0	26.0%
Python	4542	5239.0	697.0	15.0%
PHP	2913	0.0	0.0	-100.0%
C++	1946	0.0	0.0	-100.0%
C#	4288	3591.0	-697.0	-16.0%
Bash/Shell/PowerShell	4642	3097.0	-1545.0	-33.0%
Java	4506	2953.0	-1553.0	-34.0%
JavaScript	8687	6630.0	-2057.0	-24.0%
SQL	7106	5012.0	-2094.0	-29.0%
HTML/CSS	7830	5328.0	-2502.0	-32.0%

Fig 2 indicates that the demand for **TypeScript** and **Python** increased by **26%** and **15%** respectively suggesting that **their popularity grew**



# PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE-FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

## Findings

- Despite **TypeScript** has low take up grew by **26%**
- **Interest for Python** increased by **15%**
- **HTML/CSS & JavaScript** have high take up **but**  
declined by **-32%** **and -24%** **respectively**

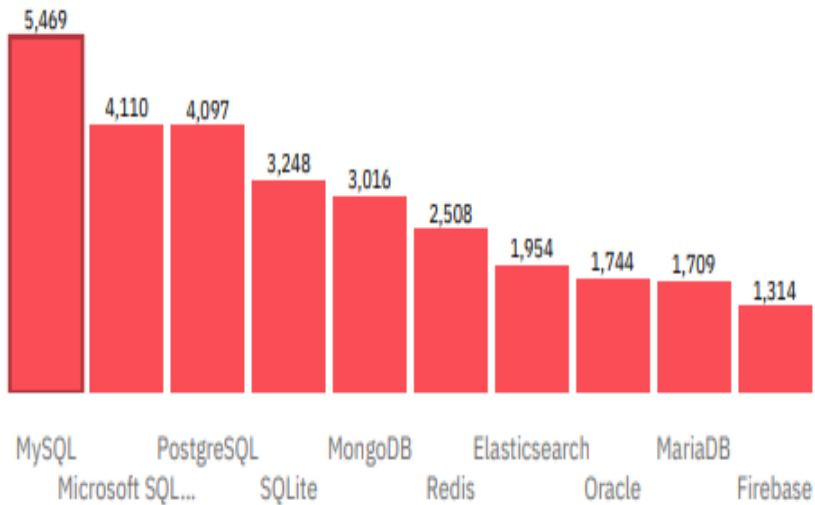
## Implications

- **TypeScript and Python** become very popular
- **HTML/CSS & JavaScript** still dominate but their  
futuraity is in question

# DATABASE TRENDS

Fig 3

Top 10 Database Current Year



Top 10 Database Next Year

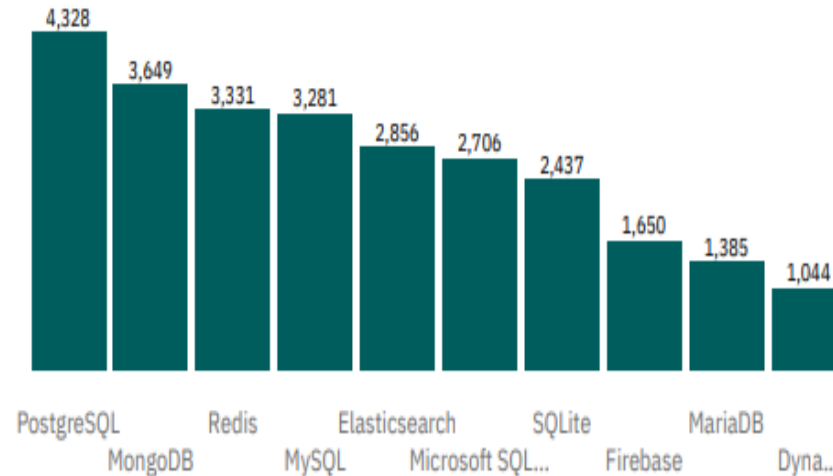


Fig 3 shows that growing interest for **Elasticsearch**, **Redis**, **Firebase**, **MongoDB**, **PostgreSQL** increased suggesting that students would benefit if they study one or two of these databases

# DATABASE COMPARISON

Fig 4

databases	DatabaseWorkedWith	DatabaseDesireNextYear	differences	pct_change
Elasticsearch	1954	2856.0	902.0	46.0%
Redis	2508	3331.0	823.0	33.0%
MongoDB	3016	3649.0	633.0	21.0%
Firebase	1314	1650.0	336.0	26.0%
PostgreSQL	4097	4328.0	231.0	6.0%
MariaDB	1709	1385.0	-324.0	-19.0%
SQLite	3248	2437.0	-811.0	-25.0%
Microsoft SQL Server	4110	2706.0	-1404.0	-34.0%
Oracle	1744	0.0	-1744.0	-100.0%
MySQL	5469	3281.0	-2188.0	-40.0%

Fig 4 indicates that:

- Interest for **Elasticsearch, Redis, Firebase, MongoDB, PostgreSQL** increased
- **Elasticsearch** increased by a significant amount 46% suggesting that its **popularity grew**

# DATABASE FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

## Findings

- The interest for **Elasticsearch** & **Redis** increased by a significant amount 46% & 33% respectively
- **Oracle** and **MySQL** declined by huge amounts  
-100% and -40% respectively despite high take up

## Implications

- **Elasticsearch** & **Redis** are most popular databases
- **Oracle** and **MySQL** dropping by a significant amount indication of their future uncertainty?

# JOB ADVERT Vs LANGUAGES COMPARISON

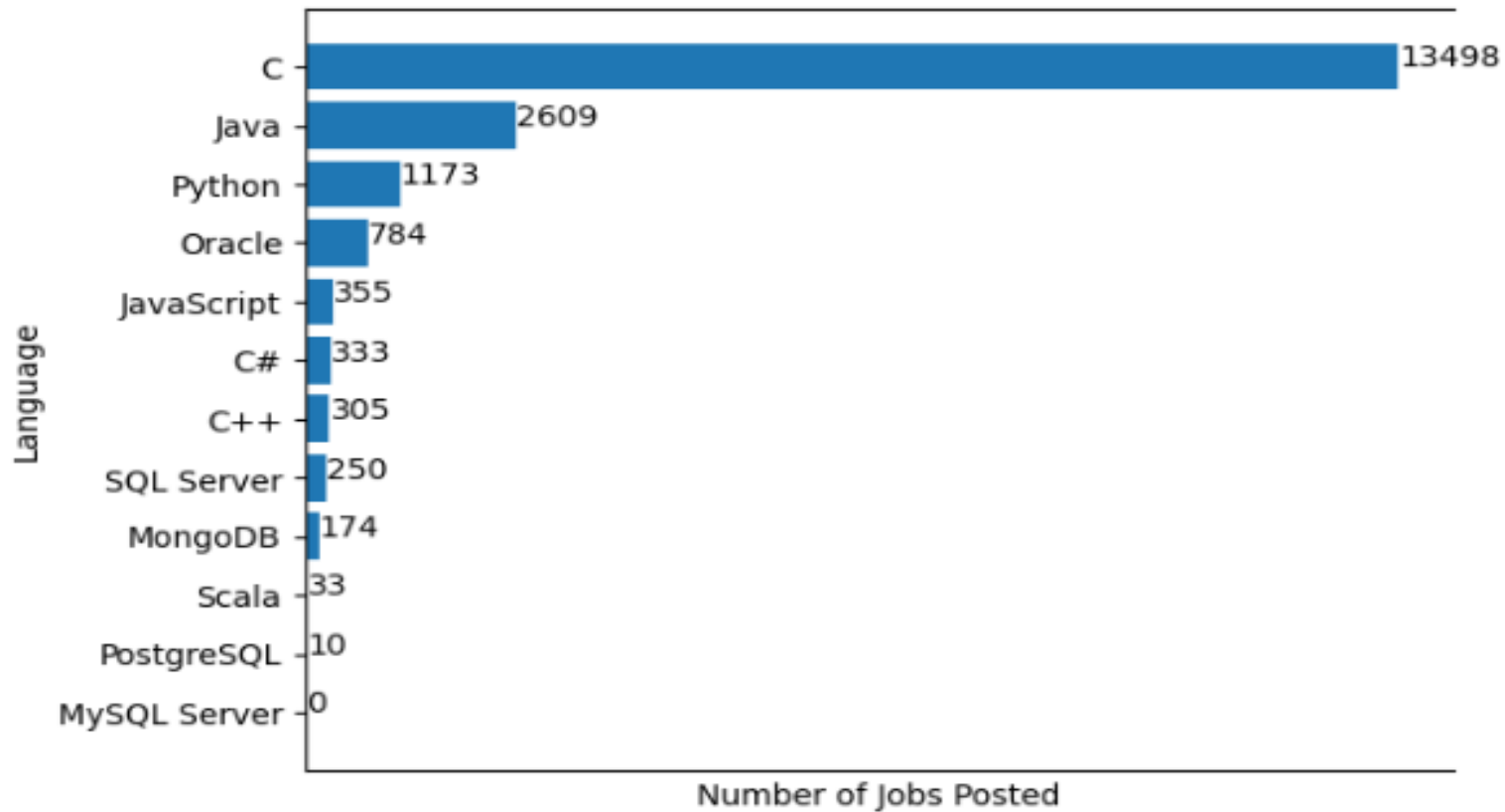
Fig 5

	languages	total_jobs_posted	Top_Languages_Current_Year
0	C	13498	1578.0
3	Java	2609	4506.0
5	Python	1173	4542.0
7	Oracle	784	0.0
4	JavaScript	355	8687.0
1	C#	333	4288.0
2	C++	305	1946.0
8	SQL Server	250	0.0
11	MongoDB	174	0.0
6	Scala	33	0.0
10	PostgreSQL	10	0.0
9	MySQL Server	0	0.0

Based on **Fig 5** findings **C, Java, Python & JavaScript** have higher job vacancies and demand by employers

# Job Postings by Number of Jobs

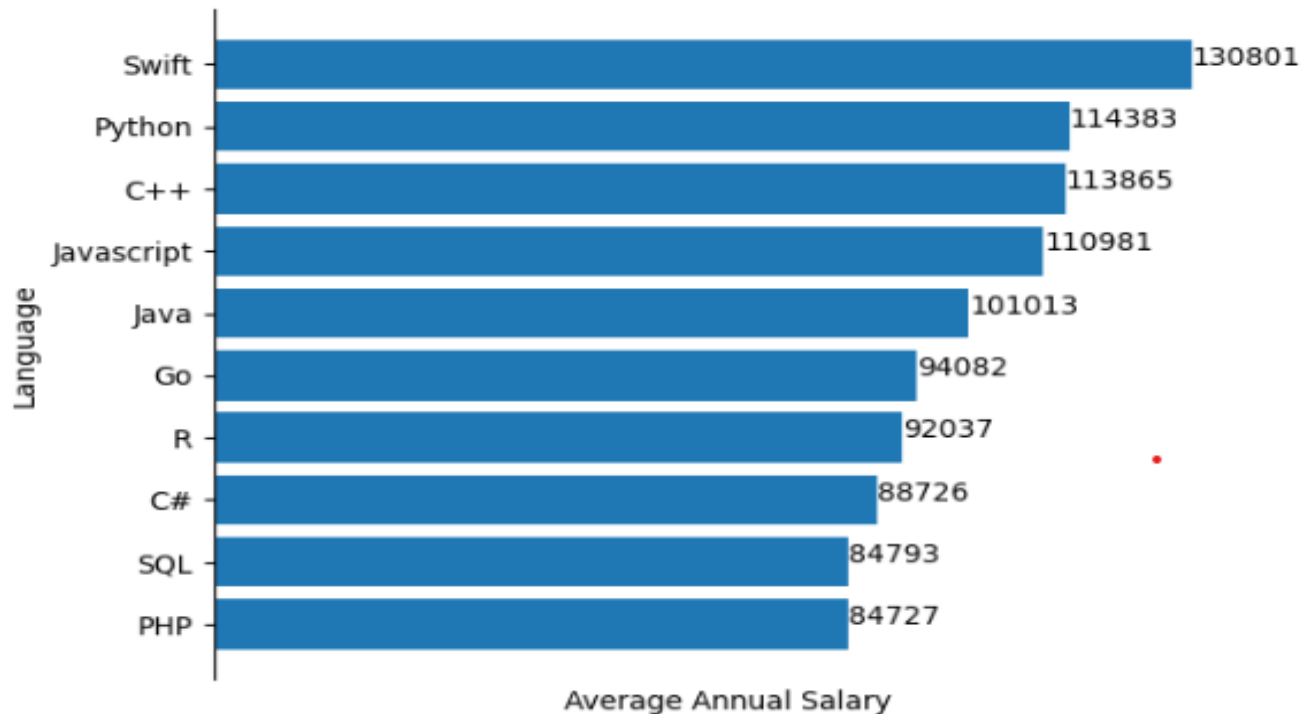
**Fig 6**



**Fig 6** indicates that **C, Java, Python & JavaScript** programming languages have more job vacancies

# Languages by Descending Order of Salary

**Fig 7**



**Fig 7** shows that **Swift, Python, C++, JavaScript and Java** are **well paid** languages with **salaries over 100K**.

# RESPONDENT COUNT BY COUNTRY

Fig 8

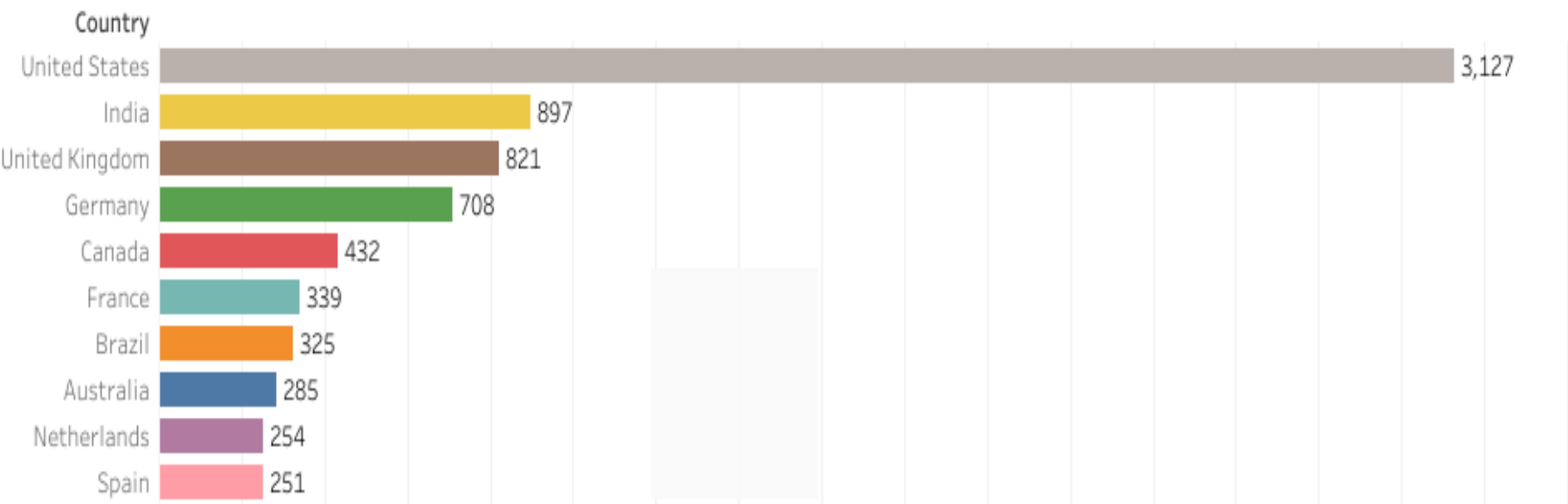


Fig 8 indicates that the **US, India, UK & Germany** have highest number participant indicating that **students would** have higher job opportunities if they worked in the these countries



# GENDER COUNT BY COUNTRY

Fig 9

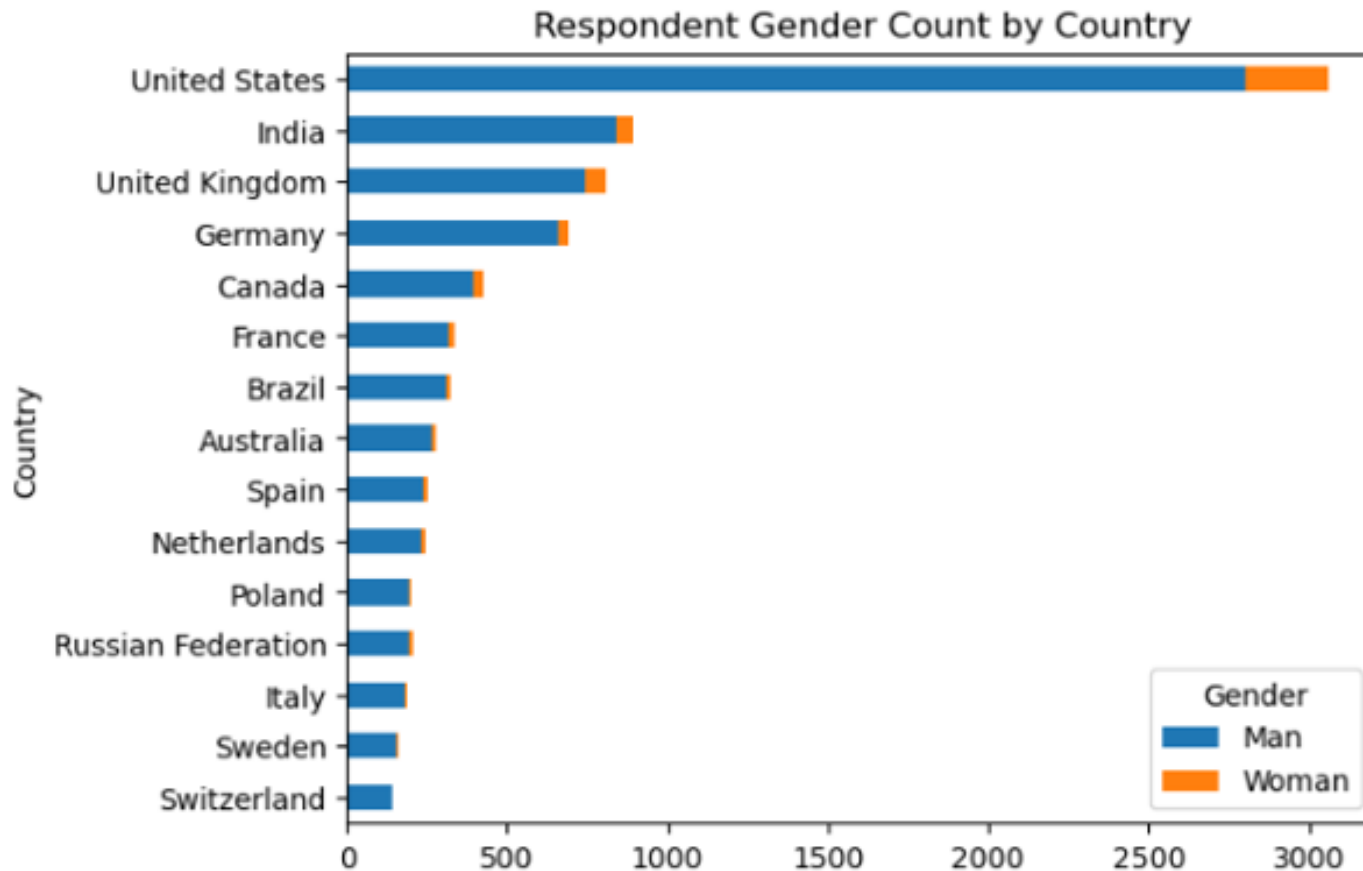
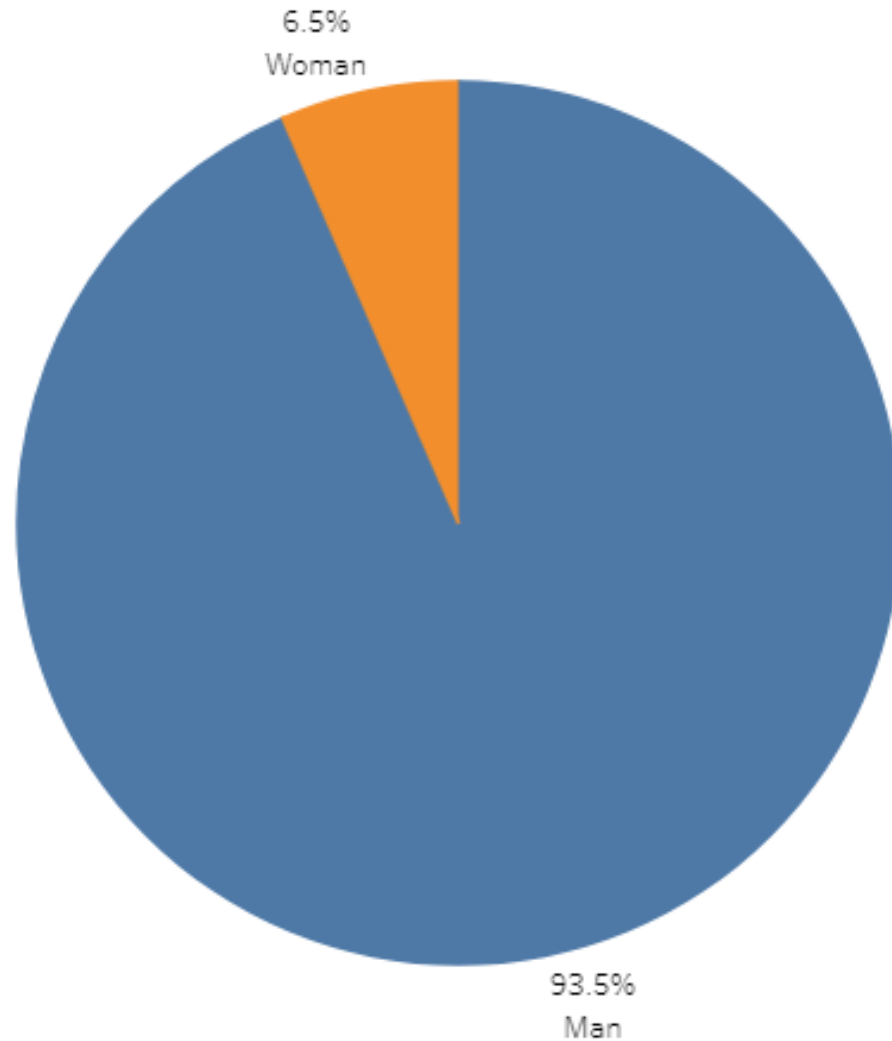


Fig 9 shows that **women have** significantly **lower** participation in the survey **than men**.

# RESPONDENTS COUNT BY GENDER

**Fig 10**



**Fig 10** shows that the number of **women 731 (6.5%)** who took part in the survey was **significantly lower** than **men 10480 (93.5%)**. This result indicates that the field is **dominated by men**.

# DASHBOARD

I was unable to generate Cognos dashboard link due to my IBM account issues. Alternatively I created similar charts using **Python on Jupyter Notebook and Dashboards using Tableau Public**.

**My codes & dashboards for this analysis** can be found on my GitHub page link below:

[https://github.com/datadesse/IBM\\_Data\\_Analyst\\_Capstone\\_Project/tree/main](https://github.com/datadesse/IBM_Data_Analyst_Capstone_Project/tree/main)

Fig 11

# COGNOS DASHBOARD

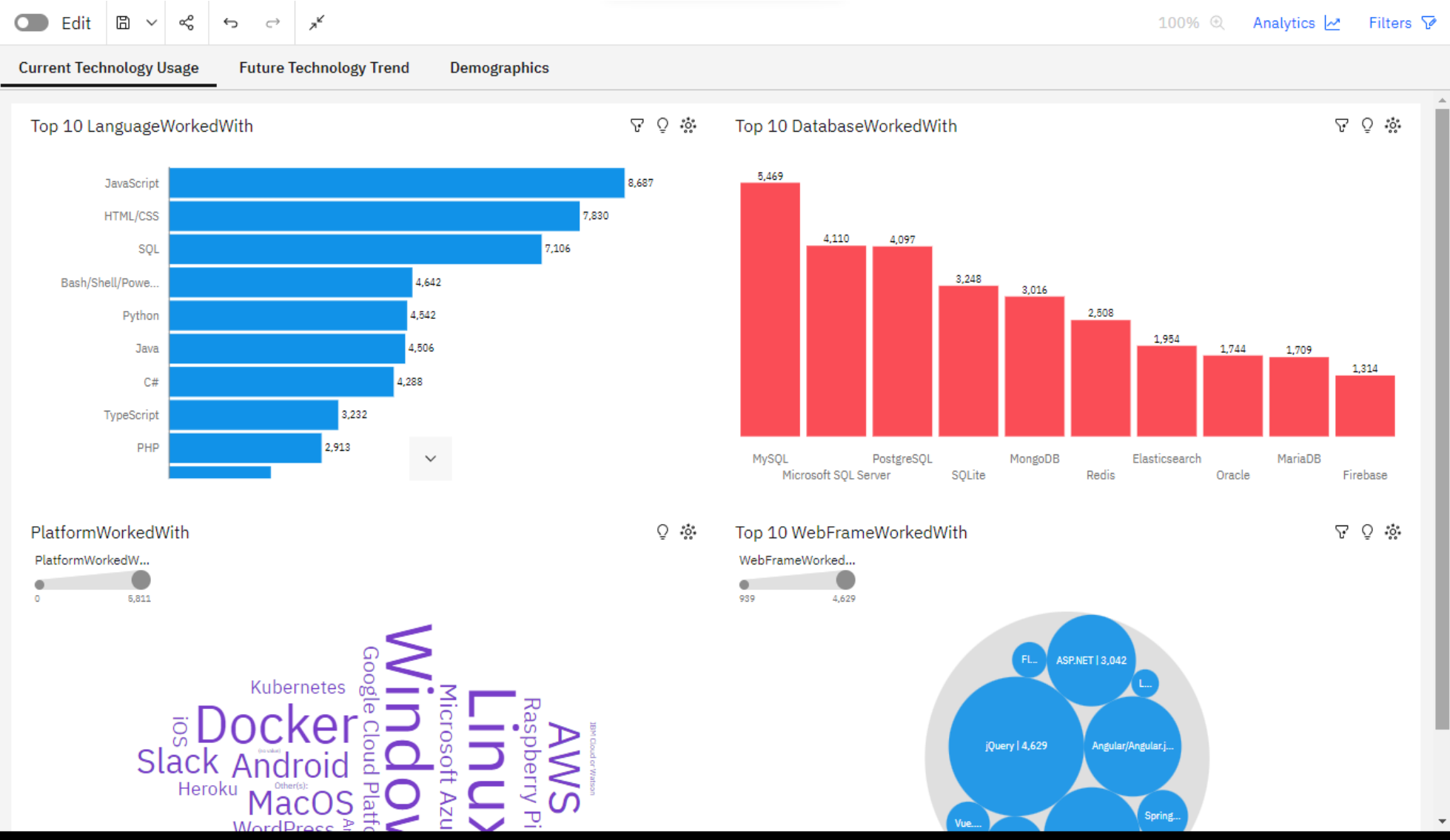


Fig 11 shows  
Databases,  
Languages, Platform  
and Web Frame of the  
Next Year using  
Cognos Dashboard

Fig 12

# COGNOS DASHBOARD

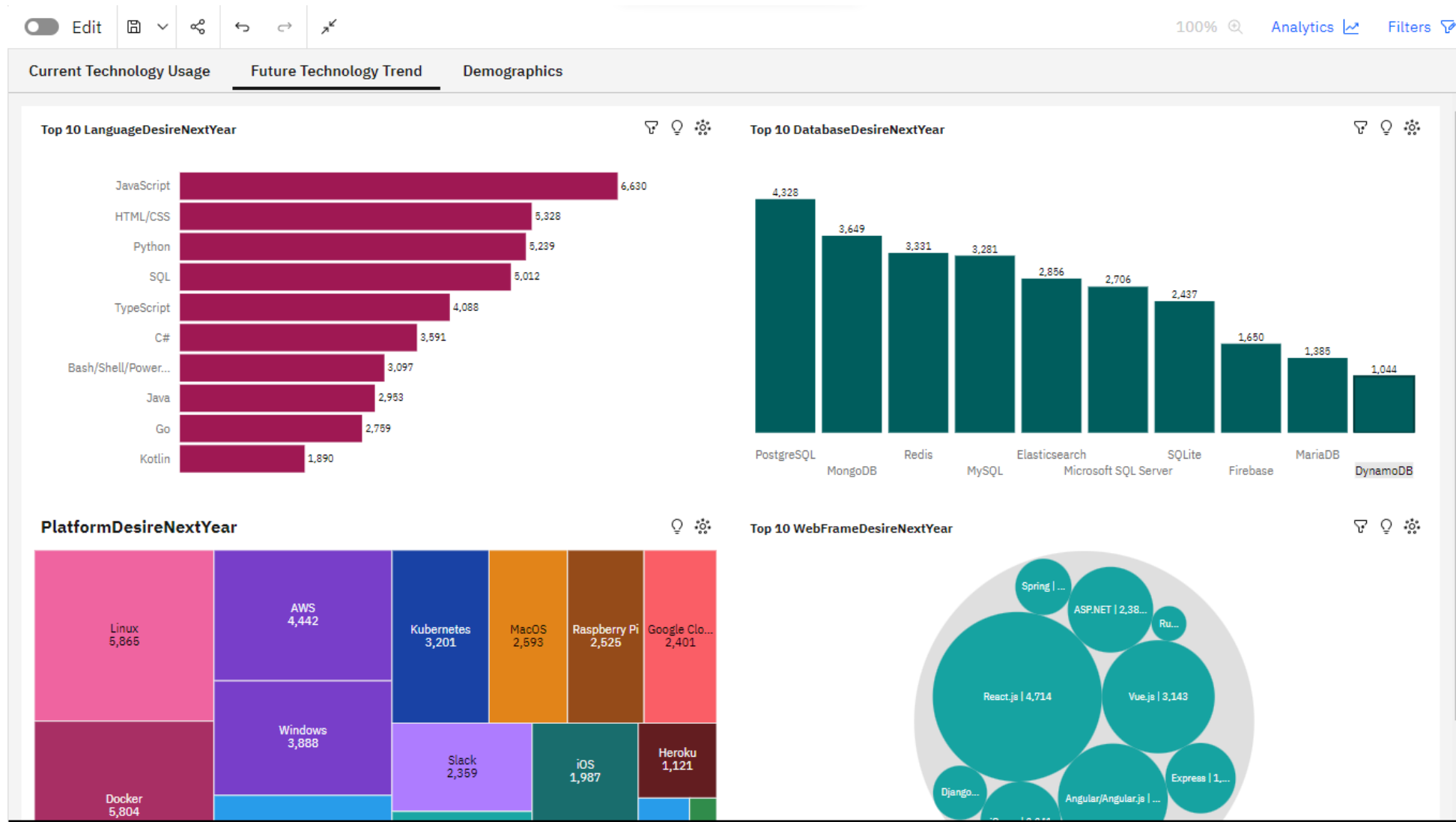


Fig 12 shows  
Databases, Languages,  
Platform and Web  
Frame Current Year

# COGNOS DASHBOARD

Fig 13

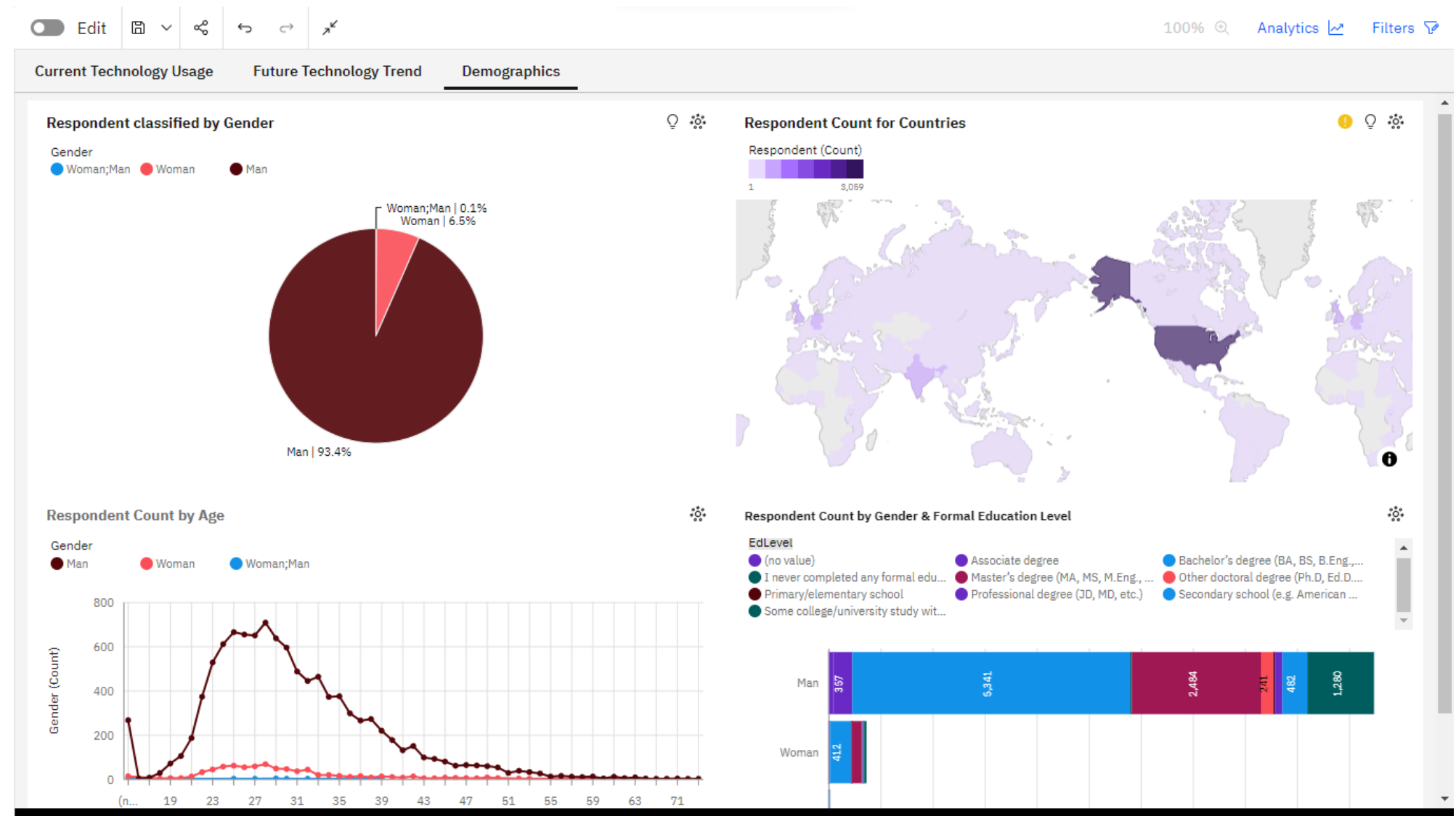


Fig 13 shows  
demography of the  
respondents'- Gender,  
Age, Education Level  
and Country using  
Cognos Dashboard

# TABLEAU DASHBOARD

Fig 14

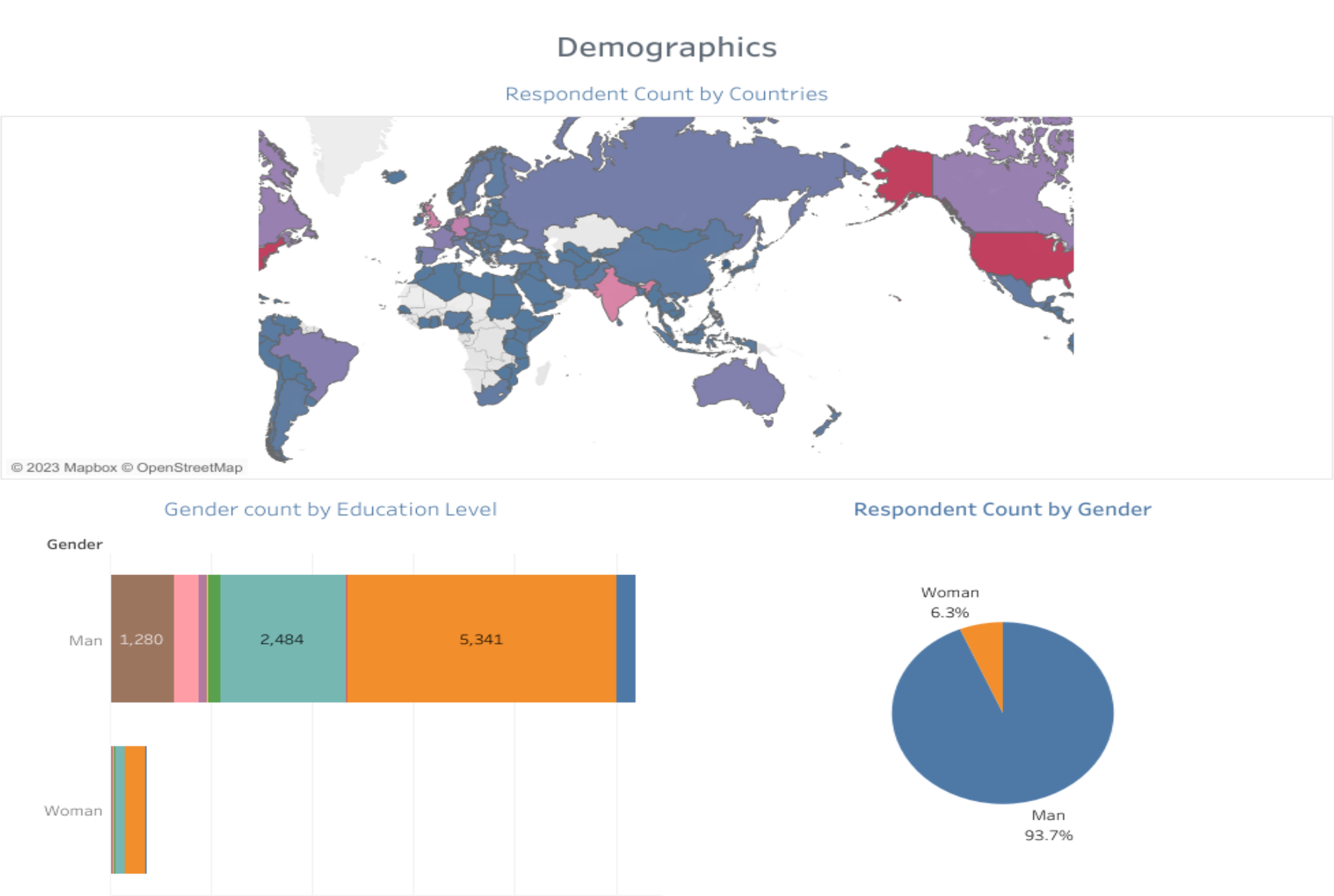


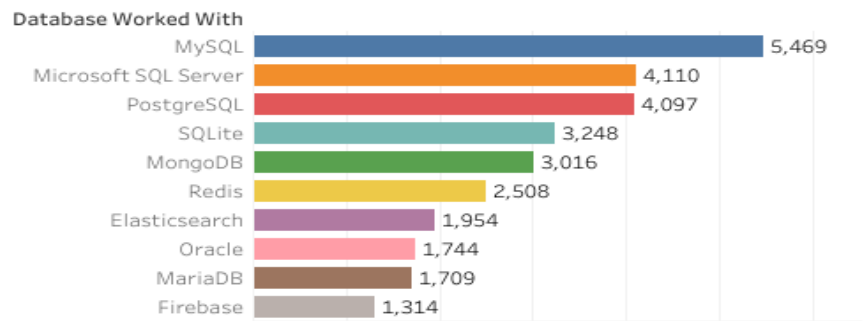
Fig 14 shows  
demography of the  
respondents'- Gender,  
Education Level and  
Country using Tableau  
Dashboard

# TABLEAU DASHBOARD

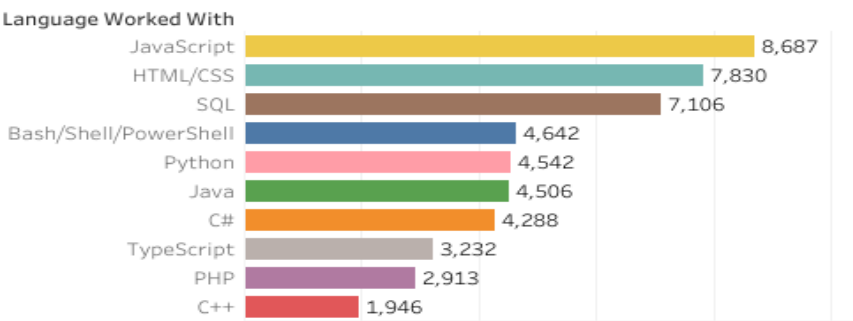
Fig 15

## Current Technology Usage

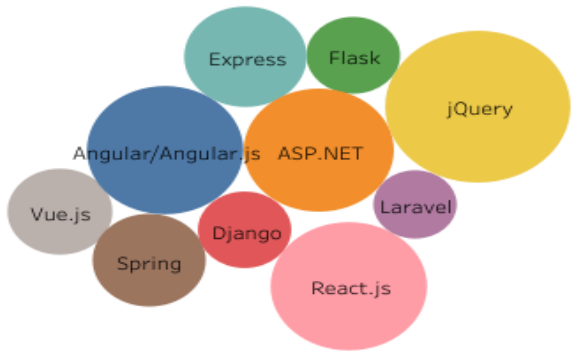
### Top 10 Current Database



### Top 10 Current Languages



## Current WebFrame



## Current Platform



Fig 15 shows Current Technology Used of Databases, Languages, Platform and Web Frame using Tableau Dashboard



# TABLEAU DASHBOARD

Fig 16

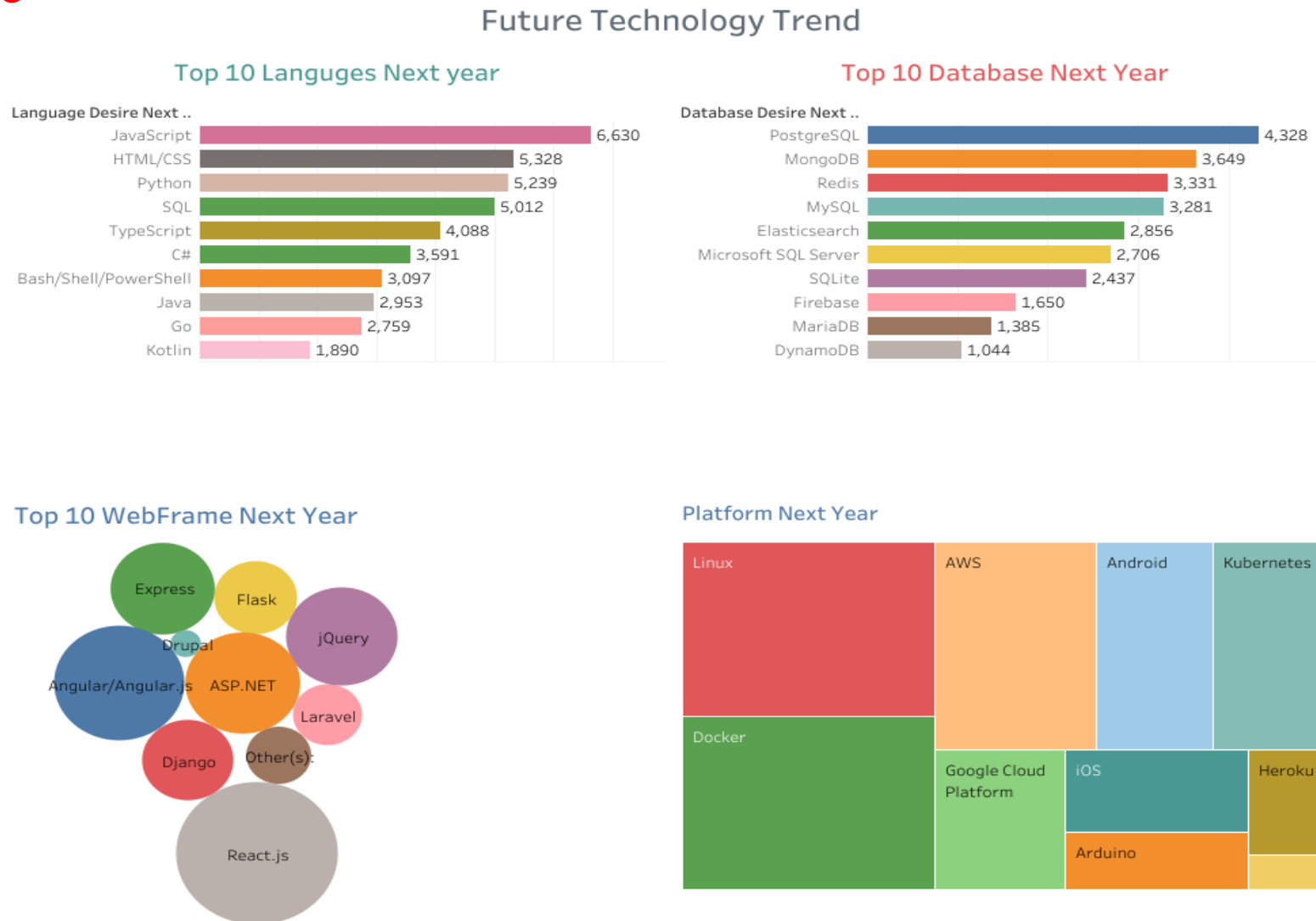


Fig 16 shows the Future Technology trend of Databases, Languages, Platform and Web Frame using Tableau Dashboard

# OVERALL FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

## Findings

- **Databases** –Elasticsearch 46%, Redis 33%, Firebase 26%, MongoDB 21% increased by good amount showing growing interest for them
- **Languages**- Despite **TypeScript** has low take up grew by 26%, **Python** increased by 15%,
- **US(3127), India(897), UK(821) & Germany(708)** have highest number of participants.

## Implications

- **Elasticsearch & Redis databases** have higher demands than the rest
- **TypeScript and Python** become most popular and leading programming languages
- Students will have **higher job opportunities** if they worked in the **US, India, UK & Germany.**

# RESULTS

**According to my findings** to remain competitive in the job market students would benefit if they study:

- **TypeScript and Python multiple languages** or **Python** is best to study one **Language**
- **Elasticsearch & Redis multiple** databases or **Elasticsearch** to study one **Database**

My investigation suggest that **Students would be better off** if they worked in the **US, India, UK & Germany**

# DISCUSSION

## One or multiple languages/databases to study?

- For students who don't have the time & resources I suggest that they study **Python** (one language) as its popularity is growing fast & becoming supreme.
- Depending on the field students want to work **Elasticsearch** is best to study one database.
- **Overall** if students study **multiple languages (TypeScript and Python)** and **databases (Elasticsearch & Redis)** will **stand out** and become **competitive in the job market**.

# CONCLUSION

- **Python** is top programming language with highest job vacancies, demand by employers as well as excellent salary over 100K.
- **TypeScript** and **Python** popularity increased by a good amount so students would benefit if they study these languages
- **Elasticsearch** & **Redis** databases popularity increased by a good amount indicating that growing interest suggesting that students would benefit if they study these databases.
- **US, India, UK, & Germany** are countries with highest number of participant who took part in the survey suggesting that students have highest job opportunities if they worked in these countries.

## Limitations

- The actual Demographic & Technologies data set from Stack Over was 90000 rows but only 11552 rows of randomised data provided by IBM for this analysis purpose. Conclusions drawn here may not reflect the real world scenario therefore further analysis is required on larger data.

## Suggestions:

- ❖ Reach out more women during data collection to increase their number taking part in the survey
- ❖ Encourage more women to take up programming languages & databases to grow their contribution in the field.

# Appendix

## Data source

- **Demographic & technologies CSV files** (90,000 rows) collected & produced by Stack Over from 2019 survey they conducted with professional software developers but from this only 11552 rows of randomised data (**IBM**)
- **Programming languages job posting data-** Kaggle.com was the original source in CSV format but IBM converted it into Json format for this analysis purpose

## Gender Gap

- From 11,552 software developers who took part in the survey the number of women respondents were only 731 (6.5%) whereas men 10480 (93.5%).
- Women's contribution was significantly lower than men. This result indicates that men dominated the software developers' field and is crucial to closing the gender gap.

## Acknowledgements and credits to:

- [Stack Overflow](#) for conducting the survey, collecting, producing and making the the dataset available open source.
- [IBM](#) & [Coursera](#) for providing IBM Data Analyst Professional Certificate [course](#) & facilitating resources for my analysis.

Thank You