Tind Subst; hution; In (va) on = => 1/2 dx = dt = | ln(+), 2+ dt $(-) \frac{1}{2\pi^{1/2}} dx = dt$ bi mis g f bi mis g + l². m(1) - ∫t², ± dt (=) dx = 2+ d+ ·f(+)=2+ => /2+d+=+2+C = t2. lm(+) - /t dt · g(+) = ln(+) =) g'(+) = + = +2. ln(+) - +2 + C = x. m(vx) - 2+C