

Dydra JSUI Summary

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1. Overview

The JSUI is a complete single-page application replacement for the Dydra web interface, comprising two SPAs:

- **User App** (`index.html`): Account management, repository operations, SPARQL queries, data import/export
- **Admin App** (`admin.html`): System administration with account/repository management, invitation handling, and history monitoring

Both applications share core infrastructure (router, authentication, state management) and communicate with the SPOCQ backend via a RESTful `/system/` API.

2. Key Capabilities

2.1 Repository Management

- Create, edit, delete repositories
- Clear all triples with confirmation
- Export to multiple RDF formats (Turtle, N-Triples, N-Quads, RDF/XML, JSON-LD, TriG, CSV)
- Import with progress tracking, byte counts, and abort capability
- Asynchronous import option (`AcceptAsynchronous: notify` header)
- Collaborator management with read/write permissions

2.2 SPARQL Interface

- YASQE-based editor with syntax highlighting
- 12+ result format options via content negotiation
- Save/Save As/Clear query operations
- Saved views with execute and delete actions
- Query history with signature links to query text

2.3 Administration

- Account listing with bulk selection, details modal, create/delete
- Repository management filtered by selected accounts
- Invitation management (list, send, delete, create)
- Query history aggregated across selected repositories
- Transaction history (system-wide)

- Import history (system-wide)
- Role-based UI: non-admin users see data but not destructive controls

2.4 User Experience

- Multi-account/multi-host authentication support
- Pane/tab system for simultaneous views
- Editable location bar showing current route
- Cross-app navigation between user and admin SPAs
- Field-level change tracking with dirty-state detection
- Lazy-loaded admin tabs for reduced initial load

3. Advantages Over Rails Implementation

1. **Richer SPARQL editor** — YASQE-based with syntax highlighting, in-line execution, multiple result formats
 2. **Repository analytics** — Events, resources, statistics, series, revisions tabs
 3. **Multi-account support** — Simultaneous authentication against multiple Dydra instances
 4. **Field-level change tracking** — Replication system tracks edits with dirty-state detection
 5. **Pane/tab system** — View multiple accounts and repositories simultaneously
 6. **Location bar** — Editable address bar showing and accepting route input
 7. **Static deployment** — No server dependency for UI; can be served from any web server or CDN
 8. **Broader import formats** — Client-side detection for .ttl, .rdf, .xml, .nt, .nq, .trig, .jsonld, .json, .csv, .hdt
 9. **RDF export with format selection** — Multiple serialization formats via content negotiation
 10. **Repository clear** — One-click removal of all triples with confirmation
 11. **Transaction history** — System-wide transaction monitoring (not available in Rails)
 12. **Admin SPA with filtered views** — Account checkbox filtering cascades to repositories and query history
 13. **Sortable admin tables** — Column-header click sorting with directional indicators
 14. **Lazy-loaded admin tabs** — Content fetched on demand
 15. **Cross-app navigation** — Bidirectional links between user and admin SPAs
 16. **SVG branding** — Vector logos with PNG fallbacks
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4. Data Models

4.1 Account

Field	Description
id	Unique identifier
name	Account name (slug)
email	Contact email
fullname	Display name
phone, skype, jabber	Contact fields
workinfo	Work information
balance	Account balance
authentication_token	API access token

4.2 Repository

Field	Description
id	Unique identifier
account_id	Owning account
name	Repository name (slug)
summary	Short description
description	Full description
homepage	External URL
license	License identifier
quad_count	Number of quads stored
disk_size	Storage used

4.3 Query/View

Field	Description
id	Unique identifier
repository_id	Parent repository
name	Query name (slug)
query	SPARQL query text
running	Execution status flag

4.4 Invitation

Field	Description
id	Unique identifier
email	Invitee email

Field	Description
invite_code	Generated code
http_referrer	Referral source
account_name	Linked account (if accepted)

4.5 Session

Field	Description
accountName	Logged-in account
login()	Start session
logout()	End session
isLoggedIn()	Check status

5. API Endpoints

5.1 Authentication

Endpoint	Method	Purpose
/system/accounts/{acct}/configure	POST	Authenticate, retrieve token
/system/users/{acct}/configuration	GET	Check admin privileges

5.2 Accounts

Endpoint	Method	Purpose
/system/accounts	GET	List all accounts
/system/accounts	POST	Create account
/system/accounts/{acct}	DELETE	Delete account
/system/accounts/{acct}/configuration	GET/POST	Read/update settings
/system/accounts/{acct}/password-reset	POST	Password reset
/system/accounts/{acct}/token-reset	POST	Reset auth token

5.3 Repositories

Endpoint	Method	Purpose
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories	GET	List repositories
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories	POST	Create repository

Endpoint	Method	Purpose
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories/{repo}	DELETE	Delete repository
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories/{repo}/configuration	GET/POST	Configuration
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories/{repo}/collaborations	GET/POST	Collaborations
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories/{repo}/history	GET	History
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories/{repo}/storage	GET	Storage
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories/{repo}/statistics	GET	Statistics
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories/{repo}/queryhistory	GET	Query history
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories/{repo}/revisions	GET	Revisions
/system/accounts/{acct}/repositories/{repo}/views/{view}	GET/DELETE	Views (CRUD)

5.4 History

Endpoint	Method	Purpose
/system/service_history/transactions	GET	Transaction history
/system/service_history/imports	GET	Import history
/system/service_history/queries/{acct}/{sig}	GET	Query text

5.5 Invitations

Endpoint	Method	Purpose
/invitations	GET	List invitations
/invitations	POST	Create/send invitation
/invitations/{email}	DELETE	Delete invitation

5.6 Graph Store Protocol

Endpoint	Method	Purpose
/acct/{repo}	GET	Export (content-negotiated)
/acct/{repo}	POST	Import (merge)
/acct/{repo}	PUT	Replace all
/acct/{repo}	DELETE	Clear
/acct/{repo}/sparql	POST	Execute SPARQL

6. File Structure

```
jsui/
  index.html          # User SPA entry
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admin.html	# Admin SPA entry
app.js	# User app bootstrap
admin-app.js	# Admin app bootstrap
router.js	# Shared client-side router
doc/	
requirements-20260205.md	# Current requirements
summary.md	# This document
analysis-20260204.md	# Comparative analysis
js/	
sparql-editor.js	# SPARQL editor (2,345 lines)
yasqe-wrapper.js	# YASQE wrapper
lib/	
app_state.js	# Global state
auth.js	# Authentication
auth_store.js	# Token storage
config.js	# Configuration
models/	# Data models
persistence/	# Storage adapters
replication/	# Change tracking
ui/	
app.js	# User App controller
routes.js	# User routes (29)
utils.js	# Shared utilities
components/	# Layout, Header, Footer, etc.
pages/	
base_page.js	# Abstract base
index.js	# User pages (~4,500 lines)
admin/	
app.js	# Admin App controller
layout.js	# Admin layout
routes.js	# Admin routes (10)
pages.js	# Admin pages (~1,550 lines)
stylesheets/	
style.css	# Base styles
jsui-overrides.css	# Custom overrides
images/	
Dydra Logo-user.svg	# User logo
Dydra Logo-admin.svg	# Admin logo
trash.svg	# Delete icon
link.svg	# External link icon
fonts/, webfonts/	# Font assets

7. Technology Stack

- **Framework:** Vanilla ES6 modules, no build tooling
- **Editor:** YASQE (Yet Another SPARQL Query Editor)
- **HTTP:** Fetch API, XMLHttpRequest (for upload progress)
- **Storage:** LocalStorage for session persistence
- **Styling:** Static CSS (no preprocessor)
- **Icons:** SVG with PNG fallbacks