Get your ETL flow under statistical process control



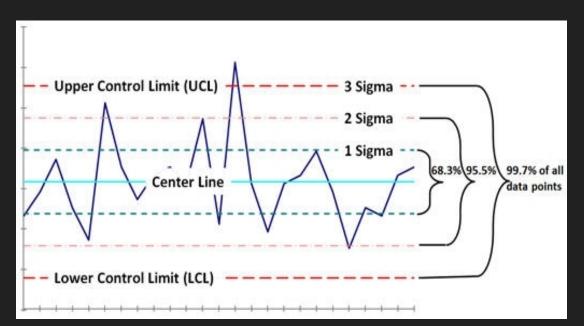
Introduction

- Who am I? Who am I not?
- What are the possible reasons for building this solution ?
 - ETL Processing issues !!!
- What are we building?
 - O Custom Data driven alerting project based on 3 sigma rule calculation
 - O Row counts and Processing durations per file per specific staging areas
- Why and when to choose this solution?
 - O If we want to stay on top of things
 - O If we need to manage hypercare period for a specific customer
 - O If we like building our custom solutions where we fully define all the logic
 - O If we need this now
 - O If ElasticSearch already installed

Statistical process control and ETL logging

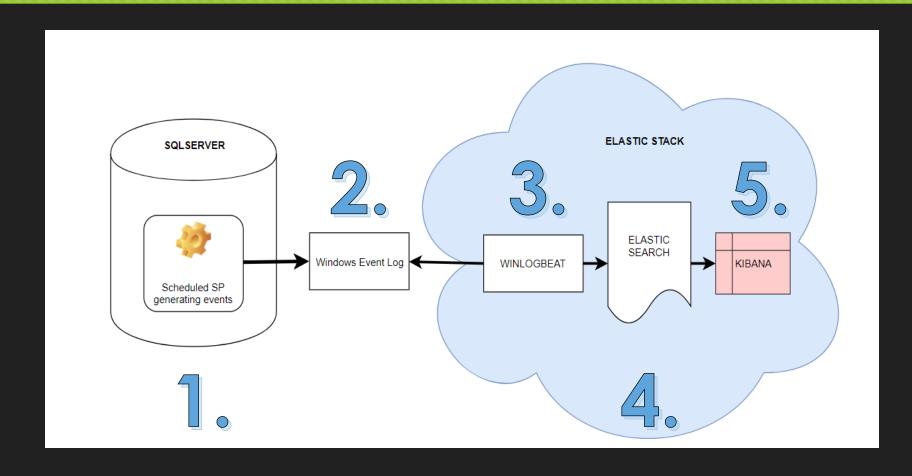
- Theoretical statistical process control and the 3 sigma rule
 - O Three-sigma limit (3-sigma limits) is a statistical calculation that refers to data within three standard deviations from a mean. In business applications, three-sigma refers to processes that operate efficiently and produce items of the highest quality. The so-called three-sigma rule of thumb expresses a conventional heuristic that nearly all values are taken to lie within three standard deviations of the mean, and thus it is empirically useful to treat 99.7% probability as near certainty.





10000 ft overview of the proposed solution

High level summary



Stepping in a bit deeper inside the components used

- Overview of the components used:
 - SQL Server 2017 Dev Edition
 - Why Dev Edition and not SQL Express? Limitations wrapup
 - O Winlogbeat
 - O A module inside of the Elastic stack. Winlogbeat ships Windows event logs to Elasticsearch or Logstash. You can install it as a Windows service. It can capture event data from any event logs running on your system. For example, you can capture events such as:
 - o application events
 - hardware events
 - o security events
 - o system events
 - Elasticsearch
 - O Elasticsearch is a distributed, RESTful search and analytics engine capable of solving a growing number of use cases. As the heart of the Elastic Stack, it centrally stores your data so you can discover the expected and uncover the unexpected.
 - O Kibana
 - O Kibana is a made up word. Kibana will be used as our ElasticSearch visualization tool for the events we will be looking for. This tool has many features out of which we'll utilize only the Time series chart to get us started (maybe also a simple dashboard), but I expect, that in case this solution got your interest, you'll want to do more with this tool.

The fun part : let's go build this

- O Demonstration
 - OStart the services / apps (SQL Server, SQL Agent, Winlogbeat, ElasticSearch, Kibana)
 - ORevision of the SQL code
 - ORevision of the raised events in Event Log Viewer
 - OWinlogbeat.yaml filtering out only the needed events, Elasticsearch endpoint check
 - OKibana index filters, Timeline, Dashboard
 - OLet's start raising events...

Wrapping up

O Pros

- O With just a few hours of work, you can get a lot of control in your data processing framework, you can definitely be informed in advance when something fails and react in advance as well. There isn't a very steep learning curve in this case, things seem to work well with plenty of documentation available online.
- O In case your company has ElasticSearch cluster in place, you will be able to snap-in with a rather small effort needed
- O You can build on top of this. This is really just a first step that you can align to your needs. You can enhance this with other events, for example sending jobs with failed statuses, extend this to start raising events regarding jobs that are long-running even before they finish
- O You can easily utilize the rest of the Elastic Stack components to extend this solution

Wrapping up

O Cons

- O This solution works well in an environment, where you already have a lot of ETL logging information collected from the past, where one slightly different size file or some network glitch causing longer stage processing doesn't skew your mean and also the 3 sigma control limits.
- O You need to have a little more in-depth knowledge of Elasticsearch in case your team will be managing this pipeline
- For more in depth analytics, Kibana has a slight learning curve as well
- O Kibana is not perfect

Wrapping up

- Other solutions to this problem
 - O Use Python script to query out of the logger_history table SCP outliers and pass them directly to ElasticSearch webservice
 - O Sumologic and other Log monitoring and analysis frameworks (in case it has outlier detection)
- O My tips
 - Make sure you send from Winlogbeat to Elasticsearch only the events YOU are generating
 - O Make sure you have enough data collected to get meaningful results out of this project. Calculations Data quality will rise over time so don't be worried if positive outlier events show up
 - O Sell this solution well and react to the raised events

Q&A

- Thank you very much for your attention
- OPlease feel free to ask questions

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