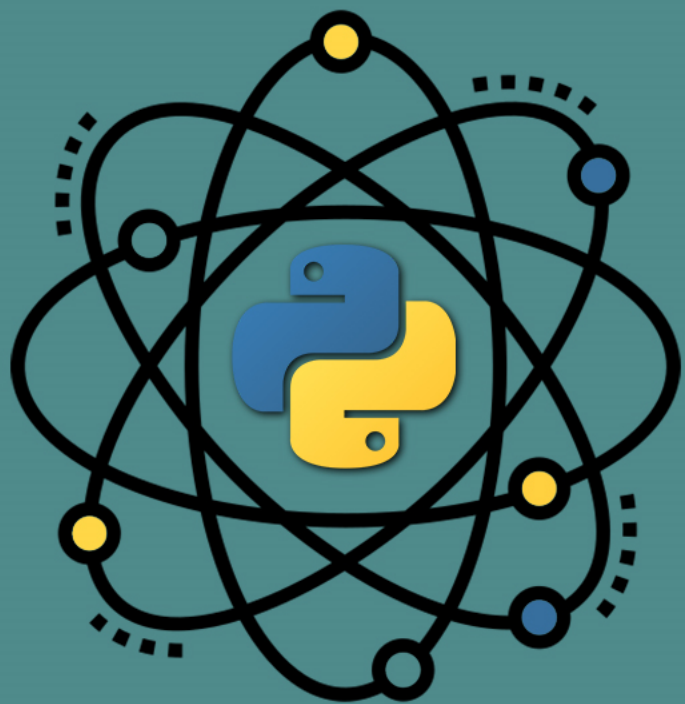


MOHAMMAD DEHGHANI PYTHON FOR DATA SCIENCE

زبان پایتون در علم داده

مدرس: محمد دهقانی



جلسه: هشتم موضوع: فایل ها

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مواردی که در این جلسه بررسی می شوند:

1. باز کردن فایل و نوشتن در آن

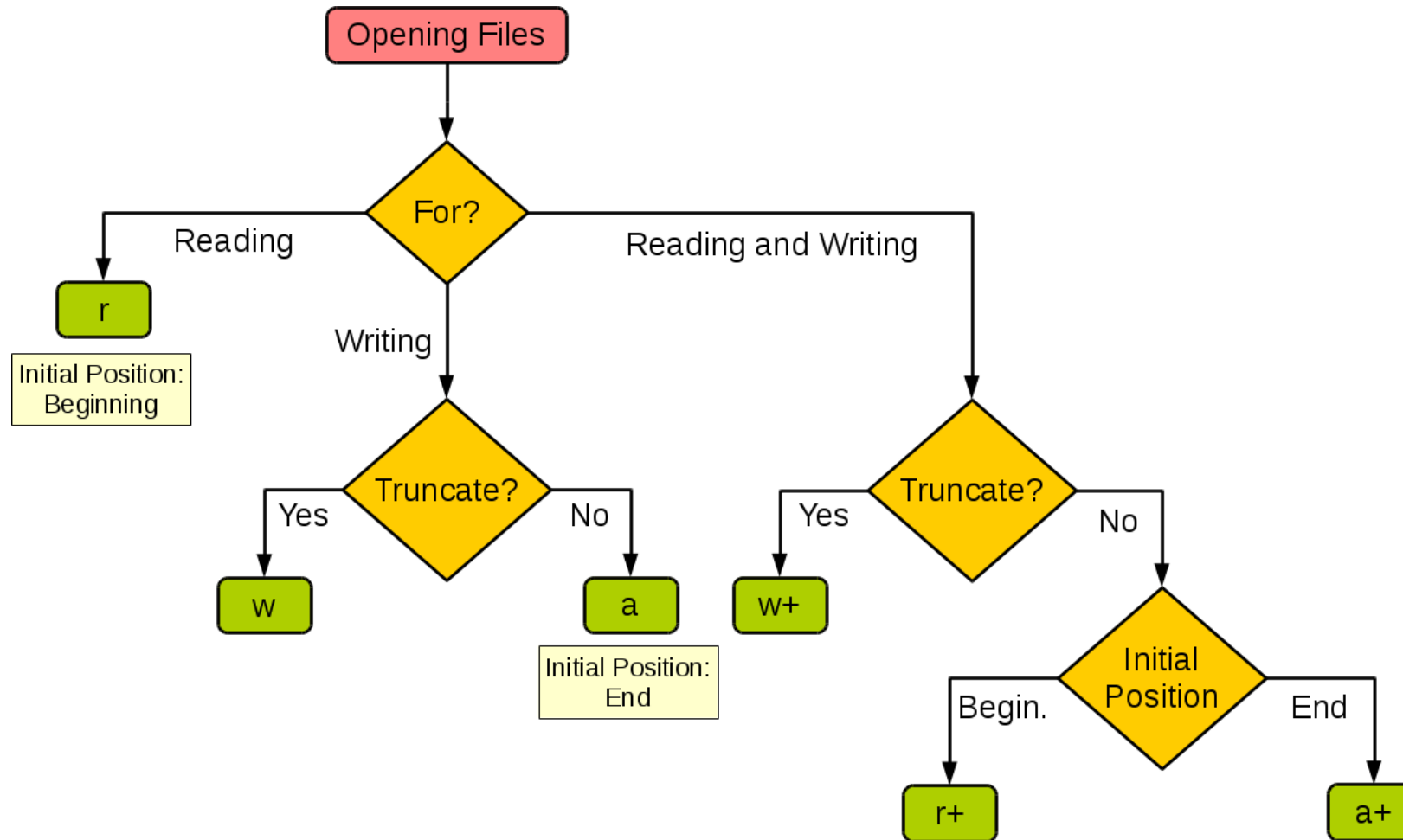
2. استفاده از `with` برای فایل ها

3. عملیات `append` در فایل ها

4. کار با `pickle`

Python File

An important component of an operating system is its file and directories.



Increase DataFrame by 1000x

from 1.2 MB to 1.2 GB

```
[ ] 1 bigger_file = pd.concat([price_data]*1000)
```

Save downloaded data to a CSV file

```
[ ] 1 %%timeit  
2 bigger_file.to_csv("price_data.csv")
```

1 loop, best of 3: 3min 58s per loop

Load data from CSV file

```
[ ] 1 %%timeit  
2 price_data_from_csv = pd.read_csv("price_data.csv", index_col=0, parse_dates=True)
```

1 loop, best of 3: 13.6 s per loop

[source](#)

Save data as pickle file

```
[52] 1 import pickle  
2  
3 def pickle_save(data, name):  
4     """Saves dataframe as pickle file into the current folder,  
5     takes name of df to be saved as first argument and filename  
6     (without '.pkl') as second argument  
7     """  
8     assert type(name) is str  
9     f = open(f"{name}.pkl", "wb")  
10    pickle.dump(data, f)  
11    f.close()
```

```
[ ] 1 %%timeit  
2 pickle_save(bigger_file, "data_pickle")
```

1 loop, best of 3: 15.8 s per loop

Load data from a pickle file

```
[54] 1 %%timeit  
2 with open("data_pickle.pkl", "rb") as f:  
3     price_data_from_pkl = pickle.load(f)
```

1 loop, best of 3: 419 ms per loop