

# **Data Quality Report**

Dataset: Weather Information in Khammam District

Data Type: Temporal

Number of Data Packets: 2478 | Start Time: 2023-06-01 11:30:00 | End Time: 2023-10-01 11:30:00

#### **Overview**

Metric	Score	Bar
Duplicate Presence	1.0	1 0
Adherence to Attribute Format	1.0	1 0
Absence of Unknown Attributes	0.0	0 1
Adherence to Mandatory Attributes	1.0	1 0

The Overall Data Quality Score of the dataset, computed by calculating an average of the above scores is:

#### 0.75/1.00 or 75.0%

This data quality assessment report shows the score for six metrics that contribute to data quality.

The chart on the right shows an overview of the data quality of the dataset.

In the following pages you can find a detailed description and breakdown of each of these metrics.



# **Duplicate Detection**



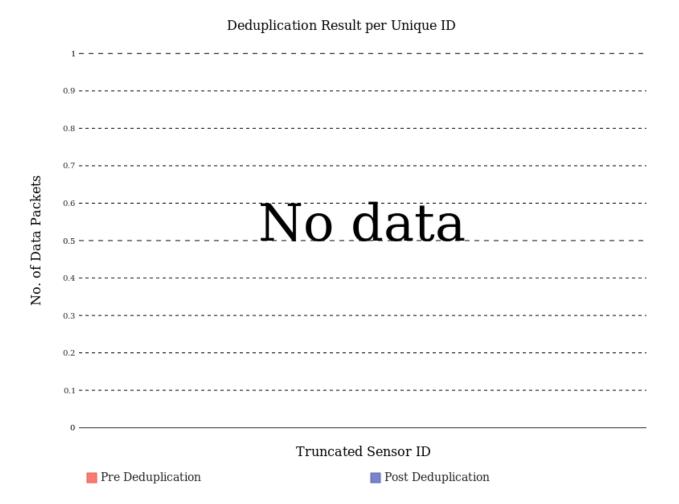
This metric conveys how many duplicate data points are present in the dataset.

The duplicates in a dataset are identified using the timestamp and any one unique identifier for each data packet. For example: AQM Sensor ID, Vehicle ID, etc. may be used as unique identifiers for a dataset. If any unique identifier sends two data packets with the same timestamp, then one of the two data packets is counted as a duplicate. This is because it is assumed that any one device or sensor may not send two data packets with a single timestamp.

Using these attributes, 0 duplicate data packets have been identified in the dataset.

This metric is calculated on a score from 0 to 1, where a score of 0 indicates that all the data packets are duplicates and a score of 1 indicates that none of the data packets are duplicates.

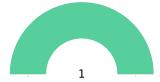
The chart below shows the number of data packets before and after deduplication on a per unique ID basis. If a unique ID is not represented in the chart, it means that there were no duplicate values received from that unique ID.



### **Metrics for Schema Analysis**

The remaining three metrics are an analysis of the metadata that is provided along with the dataset. This metadata is provided in the form of a schema, a document that delineates the different types of attributes, the data types of each attribute (integer, float, string, etc.) as well as the range of the observations under each attribute. This document also provides the mandatory attributes that the dataset must contain, as well as a list of all the expected attributes in the dataset.

#### **Attribute Format Adherence**



The attribute format metric checks whether the format of the data packets being evaluated matches the format defined in the data schema. The various possible formats include number, string, float, and object. The format adherence metric is computed using the json schema validation method. The count of errors is incremented when the data type of an evaluated data packet does not match the data type specified in the data schema.

A higher score for the attribute format metric indicates a relatively lower proportion of data packets that contain attributes that do not adhere to the format defined in the schema, and a lower score for the attribute format metric indicates a relatively greater proportion of data packets with incorrect attribute formats.

#### **Absence of Unknown Attributes**



The unknown attributes A higher score for the attribute format metric indicates a relatively lower proportion of data packets that contain attributes that do not adhere to the format defined in the schema, and a lower score for the attribute format metric indicates a relatively greater proportion of data packets with incorrect attribute formats.metric computes the number of data packets with attributes that are present in the dataset but are not specified in the schema in any capacity.

This metric is computed by validating the data against the schema. A higher score for this metric indicates a relatively lower proportion of data packets that contain attributes that are not present in the data schema and a lower score indicates a relatively greater proportion of data packets with unknown attributes.

This metric represents the total number of unknown attributes in the dataset.

## **Adherence to Mandatory Attributes**



The mandatory attributes metric checks whether the list of mandatory attributes defined in the data schema are all present in the dataset. This validation is performed for each data packet in the dataset.

A higher score for the mandatory attributes metric indicates that there is a relatively greater proportion of data packets with values present for all the mandatory attributes, and a lower score for the mandatory attributes metric indicates that there is a relatively lower proportion.

This metric is an indicator of the completeness of the dataset. Null values received under mandatory attributes are also included in the count of the number of missing attributes.