

Seq 2021 Cheat Sheet

INSTALLATION

Windows

Download the latest MSI from datalust.co/download. Also available on Chocolatey and winget.

Docker

For Linux or Mac users, use the Docker command:

```
$ docker run --name seq -d --restart unless-stopped -e ACCEPT_EULA=Y -p 5341:80 datalust/seq:latest
```

For more examples, see hub.docker.com/r/datalust/seq

Kubernetes

Helm instructions at docs.datalust.co/docs/using-helm.

BROWSE

The Seq UI is served at <http://localhost:5341> by default.

NAVIGATION

Events

Search and query logs. Filter events by selecting signals. Create signals from search expressions to index all matching events, for better search performance.

Dashboards

Create and organize charts based on queries and signals.

Data > Ingestion

View the volume of logs sent to Seq in the last 24 hours. Create and manage API keys and input apps.

Data > Storage

View disk usage, check if retention policies are working as expected, add new retention policies.

Settings

Enabled authentication. Manage Seq configuration. Install and manage Seq apps. Add users (subscription required).


User Settings

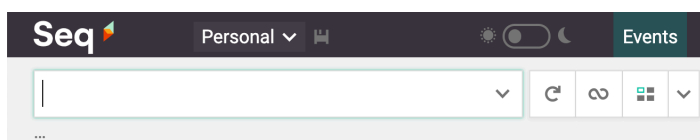
Create and manage personal API keys, default workspace, and more.

SEARCH EXPRESSION OR QUERY?

There are two ways to explore log data in Seq:

- **Search expressions** for filtering and signals
- **Queries** for analyzing and dashboarding

Run search expressions and queries in the same "search box", by pressing Enter, or clicking .



TEXT FRAGMENTS

Text fragments use **"double-quotes"**, and are a shortcut to searching for logs containing the text.

AS FREE TEXT

New user created

See note below about no double-quotes

WITH LOGICAL OPERATORS

"operation" and not "timed out"

Double-quotes required when operators are used


ESCAPING

"New user \"Lucy\" created"

The text fragment "prod" is equivalent to the expression:

@Message like '%prod%' ci or @Exception like '%prod%' ci

Note: If there are **no double-quotes** around an input, Seq will try to determine if it is a valid search expression before treating it as free text.

 You can click on the small *text* or *lambda* icon that appears below the filter bar, to inspect your input.

KEYWORDS

Keywords are **not** case-sensitive.

ci

and or not

for in

like

true false

null

if then else

select as from stream where group
by having order asc desc limit
refresh time window

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STRINGS

Unlike text fragments, string literals use **'single-quotes'** and are **case-sensitive**.

EXACT MATCH

```
Email = 'seq@example.com'
```

Single-quotes required for strings

CASE-INSENSITIVE

```
Environment = 'PRODUCTION' ci
```

LIKE OPERATOR

```
Environment like 'Prod%'
```

Single-character wildcard, underscore (_), also supported

REGULAR EXPRESSION

```
Source = /System.(Web|Api)/
```

ESCAPING

```
@Exception like '%can't find host%'
```

Use a single-quote to escape a single-quote, %% escapes % in like expressions

STRING FUNCTIONS

```
= <> like
```

COMPARATORS

```
Length(text)
```

```
ToLower(text)
```

```
ToUpper(text)
```

```
IndexOf(text, pattern)
```

```
StartsWith(text, pattern)
```

```
EndsWith(text, pattern)
```

```
Contains(text, pattern)
```

```
Substring(text, startIndex, length)
```

pattern can be a string or regex
Pass length as null to capture to end-of-string

NUMBERS

Integers, decimals (floats), and hexadecimal are all represented as 128-bit decimal values

EQUALITY

```
StatusCode = 200
```

COMPARISON

```
ElapsedMilliseconds > 1500
```

CONVERT STRING TO OBJECT

```
StatusCode = ToNumber('401')
```

NUMBER FUNCTIONS

```
= <> > >= < <=
```

COMPARATORS

```
+ - * / ^ %
```

ARITHMETIC OPERATORS

```
Round(num, places)
```

```
ToNumber(text)
```

NULL

Like JavaScript, Seq treats null as a value which you can compare using "=", "<>", "in", and other operators. By contrast, the "is null" operator (inherited from SQL) checks for existence.

CHECK IF A PROPERTY EXISTS

```
OrderId is not null
```

Has(OrderId) is also valid

CHECK IF A PROPERTY EXISTS AND HAS THE VALUE NULL

```
OrderId = null
```

CONDITIONAL IF/THEN/ELSE

```
if Quantity = 0 then 'None' else 'Some'
```

BOOLEAN AND NULL FUNCTIONS

```
if {expr} then {x} else {y}
```

IF/THEN/ELSE

```
is null/is not null
```

CHECK FOR EXISTENCE

```
Coalesce(first, second)
```

IF FIRST IS NULL, RETURN SECOND

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DATE AND TIME

Seq uses **ticks** — total number of 100 nanosecond intervals since 1 Jan, 0001 — as its time representation.

Note: ticks are **not** the same as milliseconds since Epoch.

There are 10,000 ticks in 1 millisecond.

GET EVENTS AFTER 2PM, 31 MAR 2020 GMT+10

```
@Timestamp > DateTime('2020-03-31
14:00:00 +10')
```

Most valid date and time string formats supported

Seq supports **duration literals** like 1d or 30m as a shorthand way of writing a duration in ticks.

GET EVENTS IN THE LAST DAY

```
@Timestamp >= Now() - 1d
```

GET EVENTS BEFORE 11AM LOCAL TIME

```
TimeOfDay(@Timestamp, 10) < 11h
```

DATE AND TIME FUNCTIONS

Now()	GET CURRENT TIME IN TICKS
DateTime(text)	CONVERT DATETIME STRING TO TICKS
ToIsoString(ticks)	CONVERT TICKS TO ISO-8601 STRING
TimeOfDay(ticks, offset)	CONVERT TICKS TO TIME OF DAY
TimeSpan(timespan)	CONVERT TIMESPAN STRING TO TICKS
TotalMilliseconds(ticks)	CONVERT TICKS TO MS

DURATION UNITS

d h m s ms us

DURATION UNITS

"us" is microseconds

COLLECTIONS (ARRAYS AND OBJECTS)

In Seq, collections include **arrays** and **objects**.

OBJECT SUB-PROPERTIES

```
User.Email = 'seq@example.com'
```

User['Email'] is also valid

MATCH AT ANY INDEX

```
Products[?].Name = 'Coffee'
```

Find events where at least one of the Products is 'Coffee'

MATCH ALL WILDCARD

```
Post.Tags[*] in ['Seq', '2021']
```

Find events where all Tags are either 'Seq', or '2021'

MATCH ALL WILDCARD, CHAINED

```
Order.Shipments[*].Items[*].Tax > 0
```

"An Order property where all items in all shipments were taxable."

"IN" OPERATOR

```
@Level in ['Error', 'Warning']
```

COLLECTION FUNCTIONS

. [?] [*] in	ACCESSOR, WILDCARDS AND "IN" OPERATOR
Keys(obj)	RETURN ARRAY OF KEYS IN AN OBJECT
Values(obj)	RETURN ARRAY OF VALUES IN AN OBJECT
FromJson(string)	CONVERT STRING TO ARRAY OR OBJECT
ToJson(obj)	CONVERT ANY VALUE TO A STRING
ElementAt(col, accessor)	ELEMENT AT KEY OR INDEX

DEBUGGING OR TESTING EXPRESSIONS

Sometimes, we need to check if expressions are doing as we expect.

Debug an expression by wrapping it in `select <expr> from stream limit 1`

TESTING "1+1" EXPRESSION OUTPUT

```
select 1 + 1 from stream limit 1
```

Outputs 2

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QUERIES

Seq uses SQL-like query syntax.

QUERY SYNTAX

```
select [<column> [as <label>],]  
from stream  
[where <predicate>]  
[group by [<grouping>|time(<d>),]]  
[having <predicate>]  
[order by [time|<label>] [asc|desc]]  
[limit <n>]  
[for refresh]
```

"for refresh" is for bypassing the query cache,
only use if data is stale.

EXAMPLE QUERY

```
select count(*) as count  
from stream  
where StatusCode > 399  
group by RequestPath  
order by count desc  
limit 10
```

Find the top 10 RequestPaths that have returned a StatusCode of
400 or above

TIME SLICE QUERIES

Seq can generate timeseries data using the special
time() grouping, in conjunction with a **duration literal** (1d,
30m) that determines the time interval to use.

COUNT BY TIME SLICE

```
select count(*)  
from stream  
group by time(15m)
```

COUNT BY TIME SLICE, GROUPED BY PROPERTY

```
select count(*)  
from stream  
group by Environment, time(1h)
```

USING THE INTERVAL() FUNCTION

```
select count(*)/interval() as  
RateOfOrders  
from stream  
where @Properties['Order'] is not null  
group by time(5m)  
limit 1000
```

DURATION FUNCTIONS

interval()

RETURNS THE CURRENT TIME GROUPING DURATION

When used in a query with group by time(x), returns x

Tip: Chart your query results
as line, bar, and pie charts
directly in the events screen.



AGGREGATE FUNCTIONS

Aggregate functions perform a calculation on a set of
values and return a single value.

any() all()

```
select any(@Level = 'Error') from stream
```

Return true if expression is true

count()

```
select count(*) from stream
```

Counts all events

```
select count(IsAdmin) from stream
```

Counts number of events that contain IsAdmin = true.

distinct()

```
select distinct(@Level) from stream
```

List all distinct levels

```
select count(distinct(@EventType)) fr...
```

Count all distinct event types

min() max() sum() mean() percentile()

```
select min(Elapsed), max(Elapsed) fr...
```

Get smallest and largest Elapsed

```
select min(Elapsed), max(Elapsed),  
mean(Elapsed), percentile(Elapsed, 90)  
from stream group by time(1h)
```

Plot aggregates over time

first() last()

```
select first(ExceptionType) from stream  
where Application <> 'Admissions'
```

Machine data, for humans.

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SEQ EVENT ANATOMY, BUILT-IN PROPERTIES, AND PROPERTIES

Seq uses Serilog's Compact Log Event Format (CLEF) as its native JSON event format. If you export any event from Seq, it will look something like the below:

Export ▾

Copy raw JSON

Download raw JSON

```
{
  "@t": "2021-01-26T22:37:02.6297213Z",
  "@mt": "HTTP {RequestMethod} {RequestPath} responded {StatusCode}",
  "@m": "HTTP GET /example?q=123 responded 501",
  "@i": 123456,
  "@l": "Error",
  "@x": "System.Threading.Tasks.TaskCancelledException\nAt line...",
  "RequestMethod": "GET",
  "RequestPath": "/example?q=123",
  "StatusCode": 501,
  "Elapsed": 0.75233,
  "RequestId": "0AB12C3DE4FGH:00000001",
  "Application": "MyExampleApp",
  "Site": "Production"
}
```

Here is a table that outlines the relationship between CLEF properties, and **built-in properties**. You can use built-in properties in search expressions and queries.

Note: All property names are case-sensitive.

	CLEF	Built-in property	Extra notes
Timestamp	@t	@Timestamp	Timestamp in ticks
Message	@m	@Message	
Event Type	@i	@EventType	Maybe a number or hexadecimal string
Event Id		@Id	e.g. 'event-313db38ac31d...'
Level	@l	@Level	
Exception	@x	@Exception	Usually a stack trace
Arrival		@Arrived	Number representing order of arrival
Properties		@Properties	All event properties without '@' prefix
Message Template	@mt	@MessageTemplate	
Data		@Data	Event as JSON object
Document		@Document	Event as JSON string

More details on CLEF at <https://github.com/serilog/serilog-formatting-compact>