Working with Multidimensional Data Using NumPy

EXPLORING MULTIDIMENSIONAL DATA USING NUMPY



Janani Ravi CO-FOUNDER, LOONYCORN www.loonycorn.com

Overview

Fundamental package for scientific computing in Python

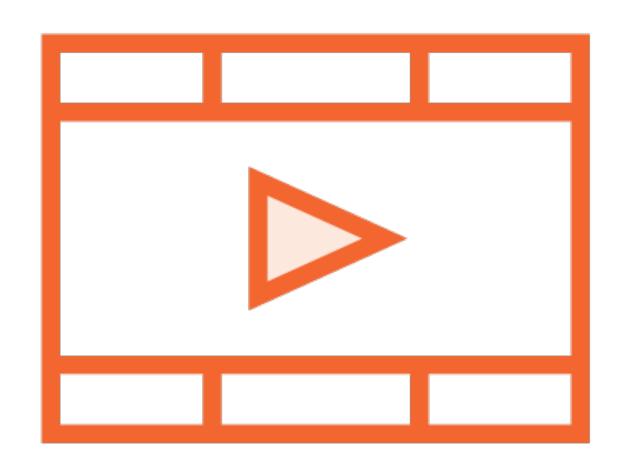
Basic building block is a powerful n-dimensional array

Forms the core of the Python ecosystem of open source software for math, science and engineering

Offers easy to use functions to process multi-dimensional arrays

Prerequisites and Course Outline

Prerequisite Courses



Python: Getting Started

Python Fundamentals

Advanced Python

Software and Skills



Be very comfortable programming in Python (Python 3)

Be comfortable working with Jupyter notebooks

Understand high school matrix operations



Course Outline

Exploring multidimensional data

- Creating, printing, basic operations
- Shape manipulation, deep and shallow copies

Complex indexing

- Indexing using array indices
- Broadcasting, stacking vectors
- Support Vector Machines for text and image classification, Gradient Boosting for regression

NumPy with other libraries

- SciPy and Pandas
- KNN with TensorFlow

NumPy Ecosystem

statsmodel

Estimate statistical models, and perform tests

scikit-image

Collection of algorithms for image processing

scikit-learn

Simple and efficient tools for machine learning in Python

pandas

Data analysis and manipulation

matplotlib

Plotting library for 2D graphs and visualizations

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NumPy

Creating multidimensional arrays

Printing arrays

Basic arrays operations

Universal functions to perform familiar mathematical operations

Indexing and slicing of arrays

Iterating over arrays

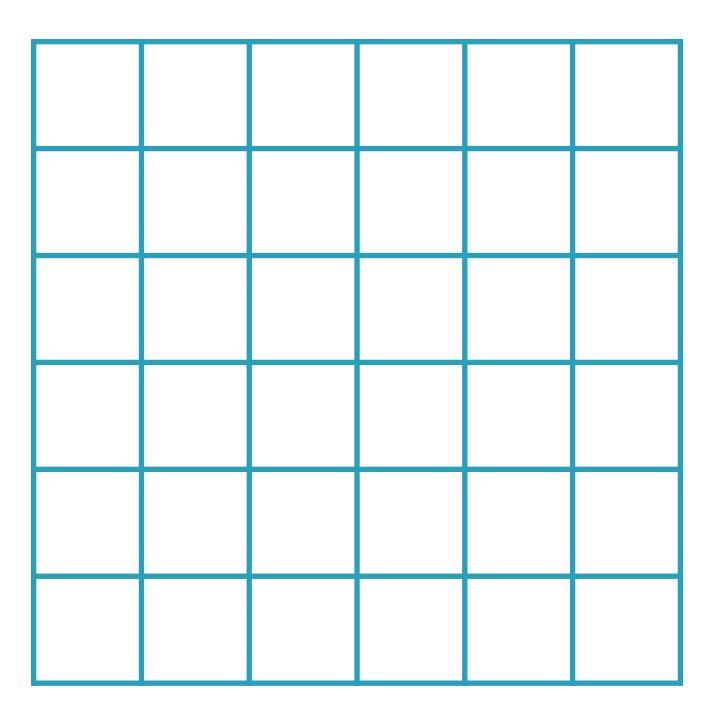
Changing the shape of an array

Splitting arrays

Image manipulation

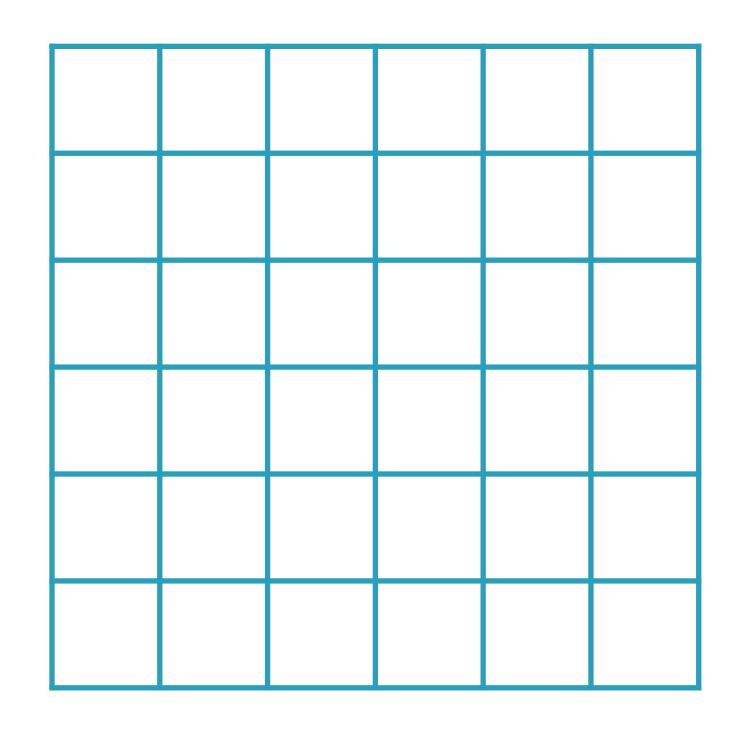






Each pixel holds a value based on the type of image

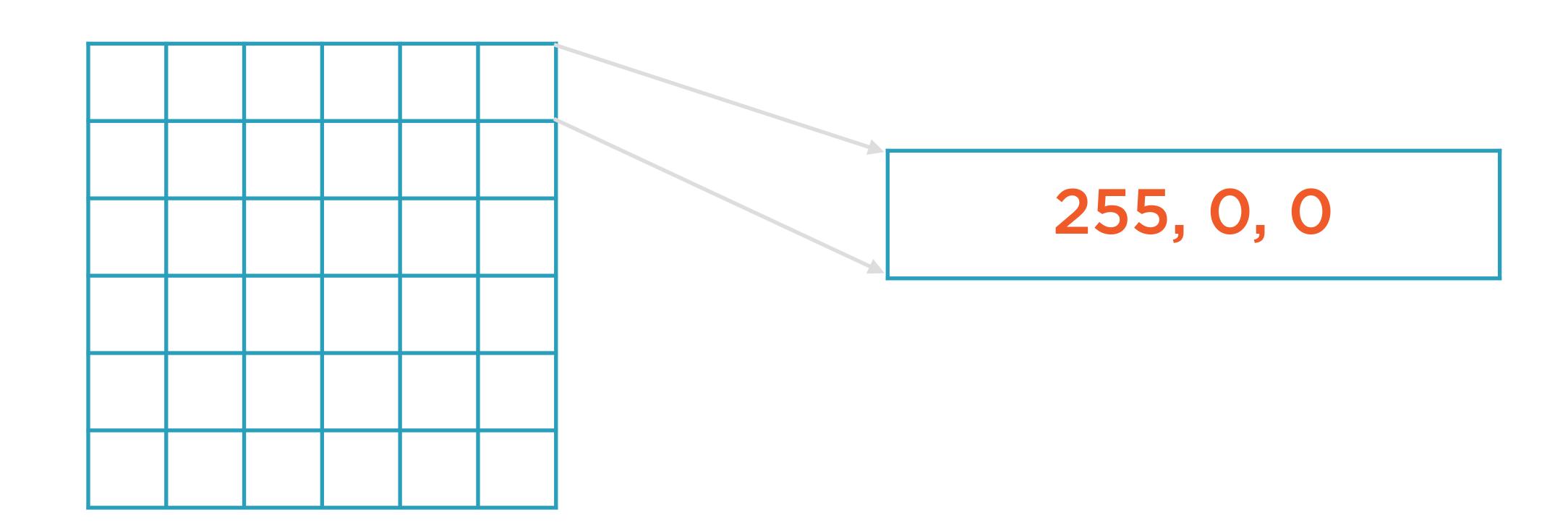




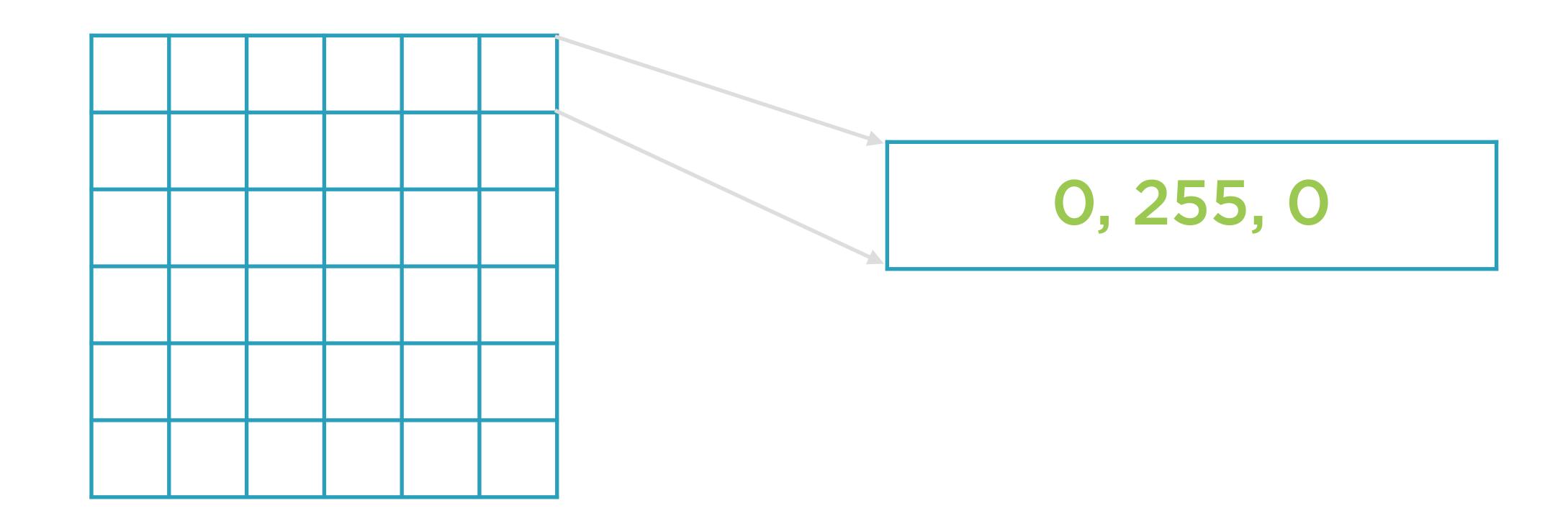
RGB values are for color images

R, G, B: 0-255

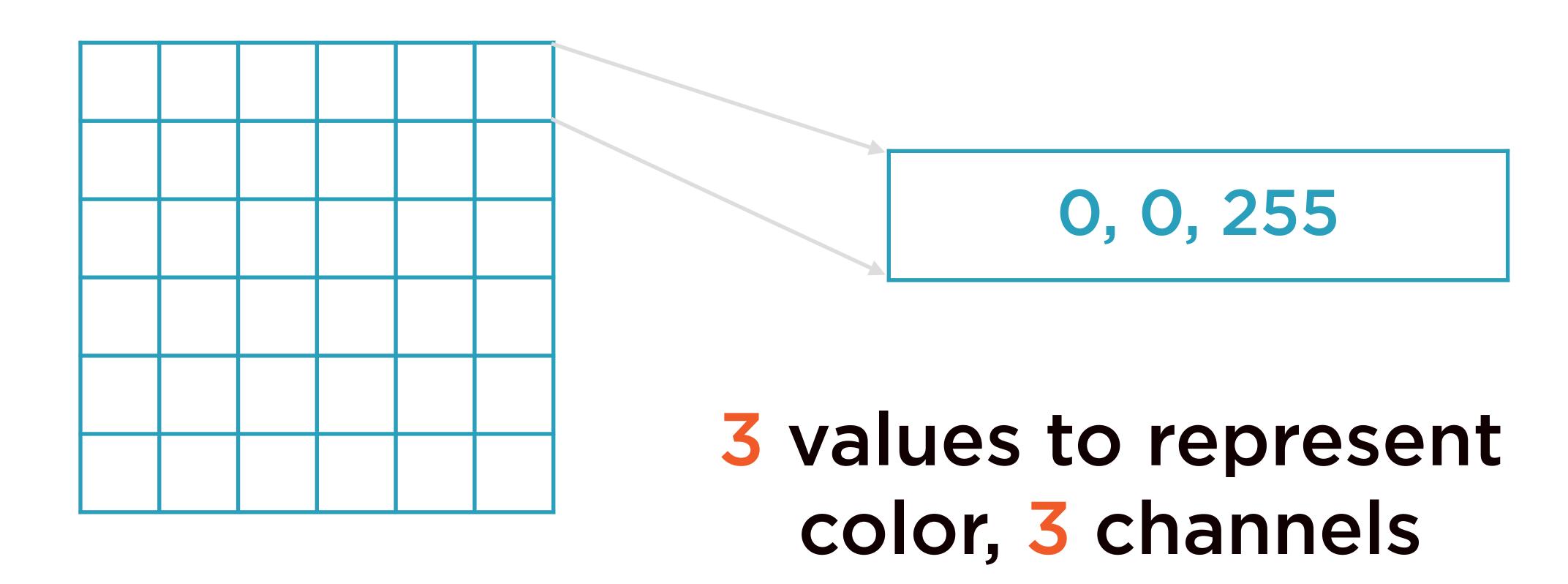




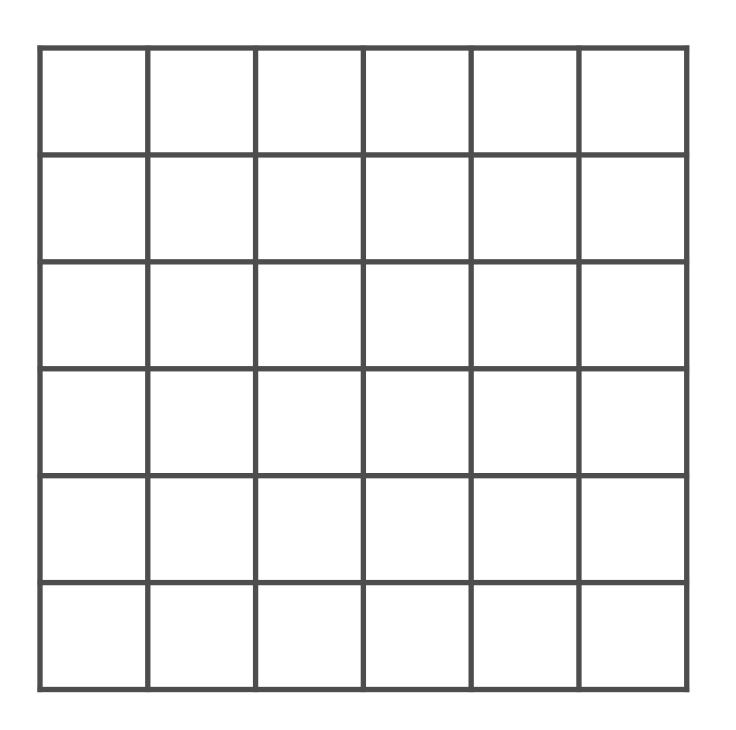




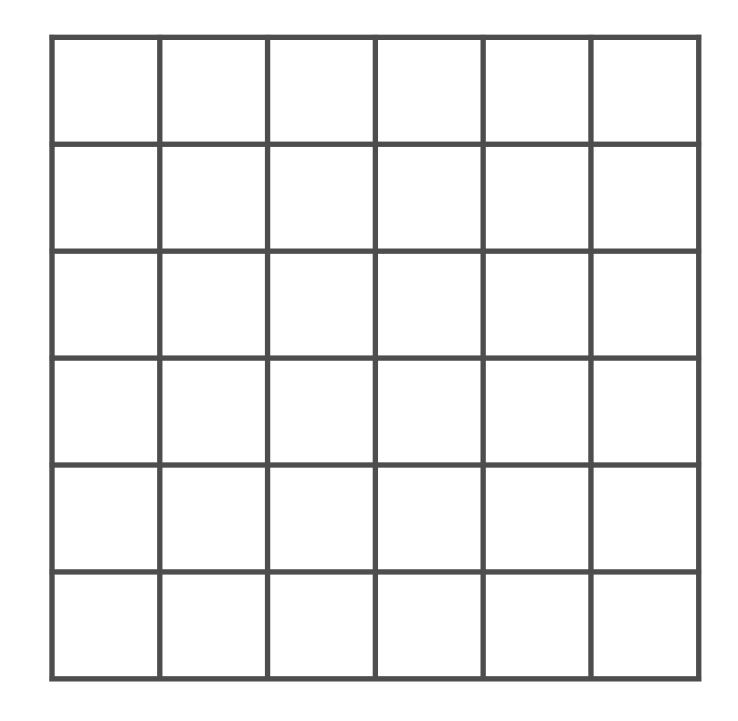








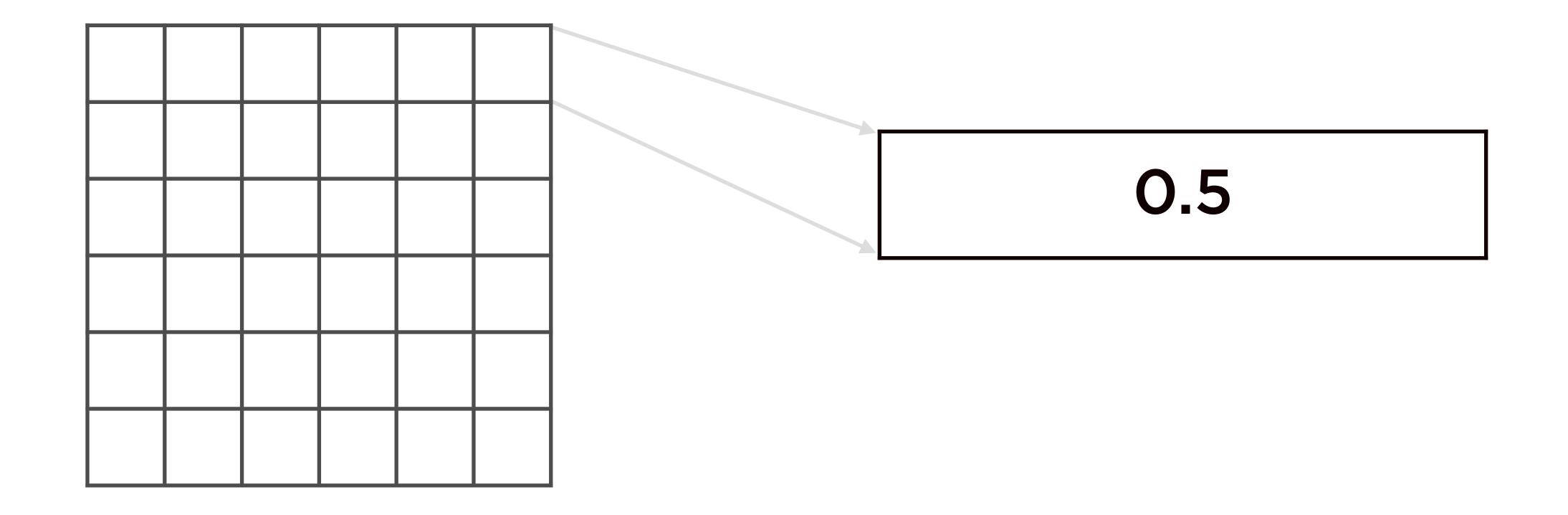




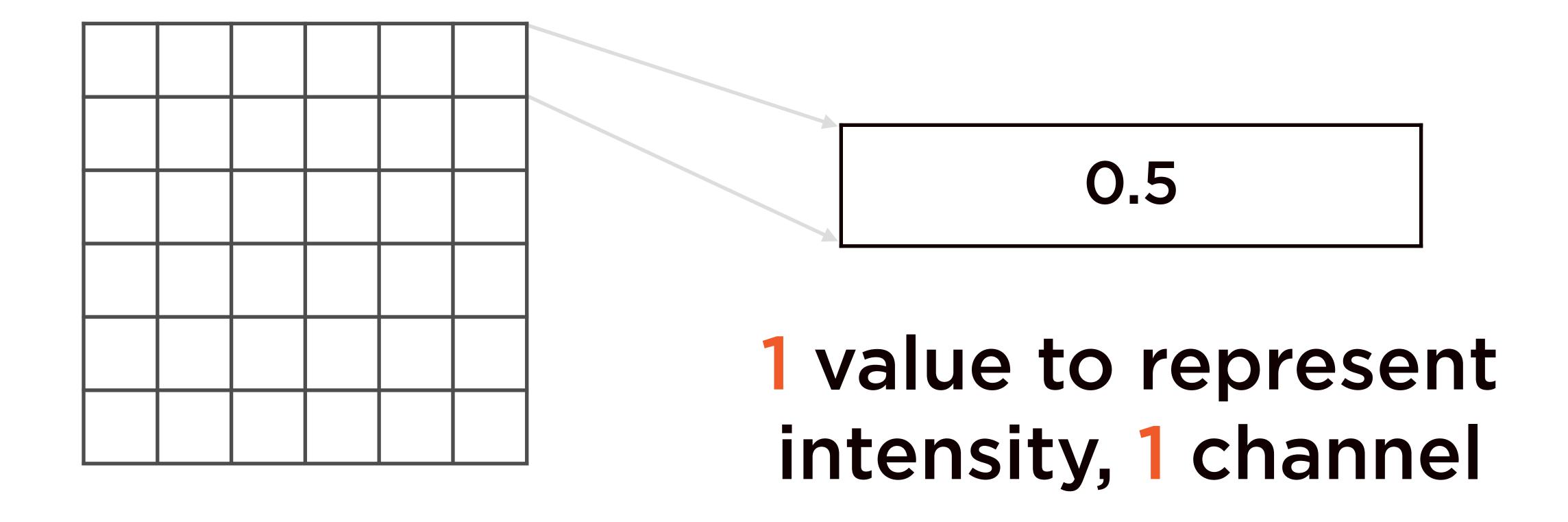
Each pixel represents only intensity information

0.0 - 1.0





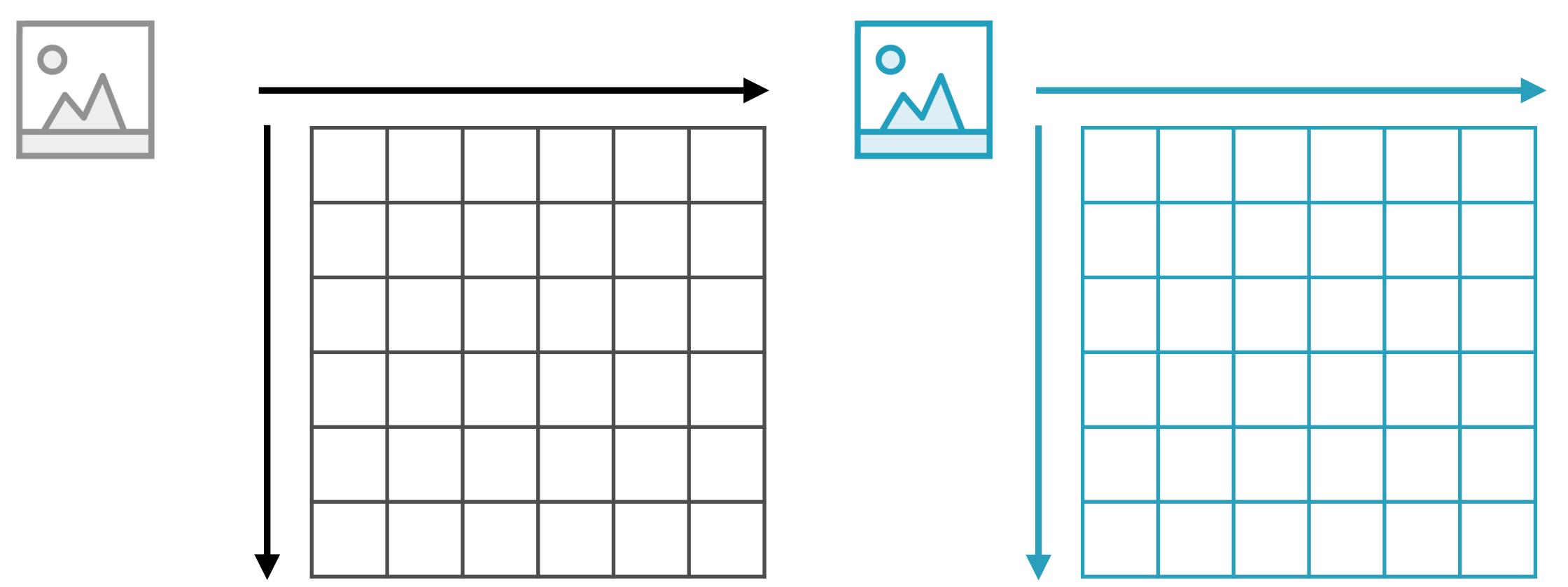




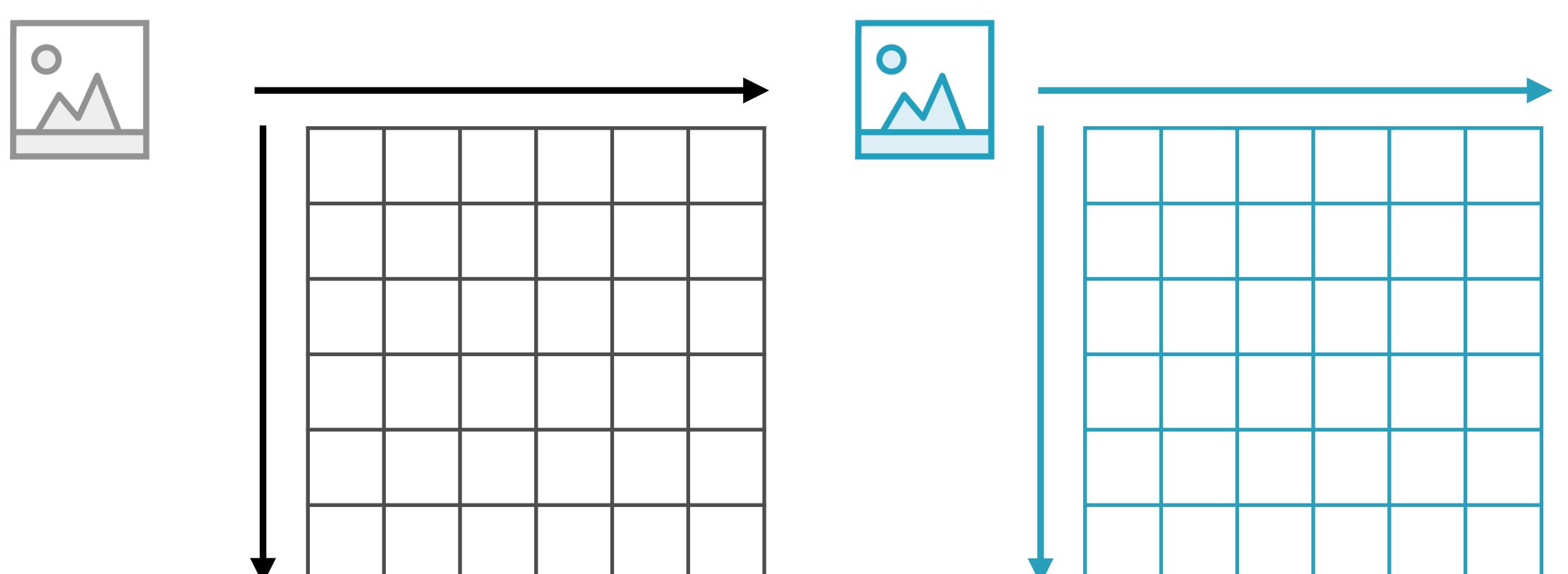




Single channel and multi-channel images

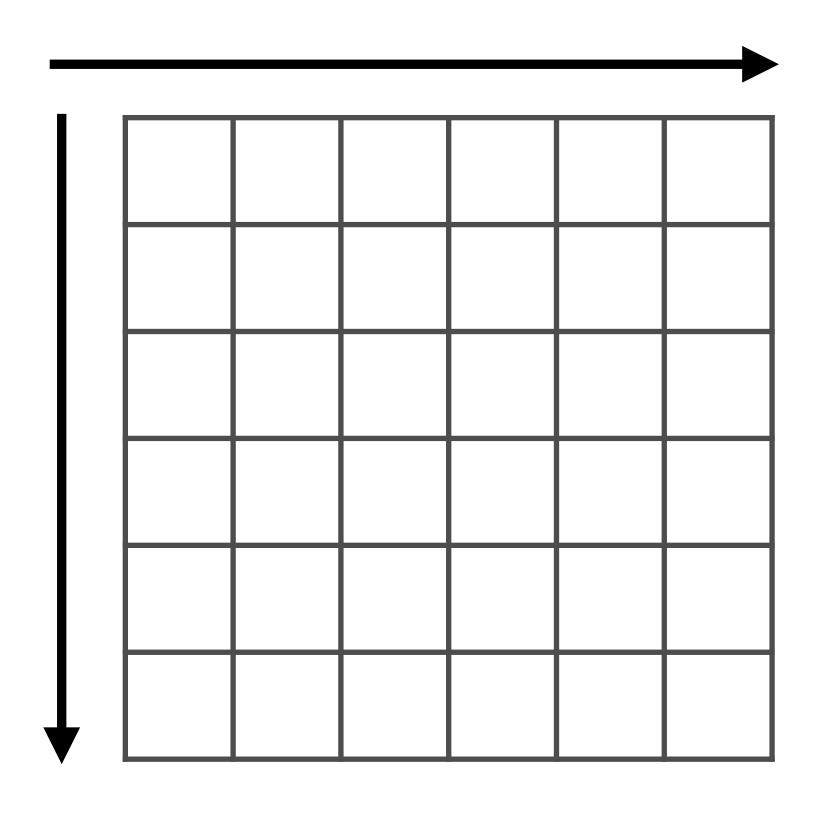


Images can be represented by a 3-D matrix

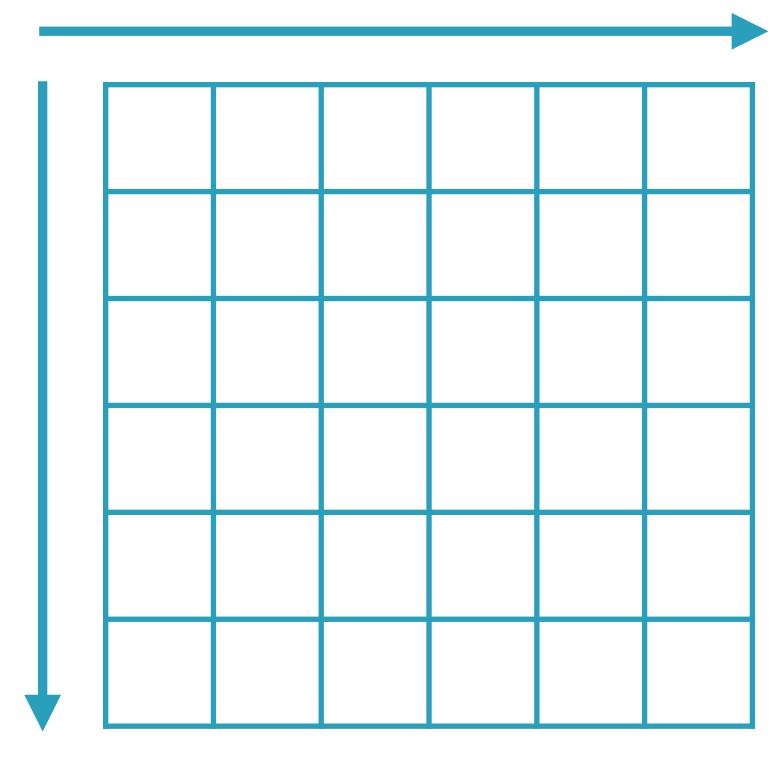


The number of channels specifies the number of elements in the 3rd dimension









Views - shallow copies of an array

Making deep copies of arrays

Summary

Fundamental package for scientific computing in Python

Basic building block is a powerful n-dimensional array

Offers easy to use functions to process multi-dimensional arrays

Basic operations, universal functions, reshaping, splitting, making shallow and deep copies