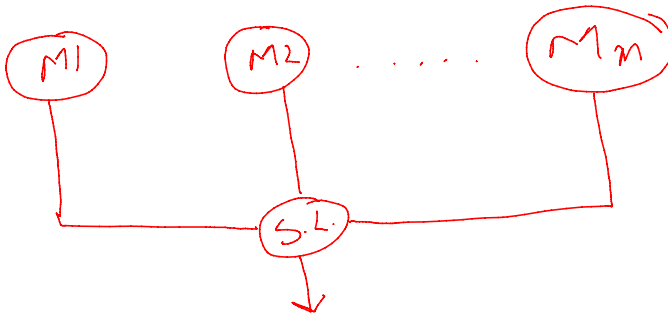


Ensemble Methods

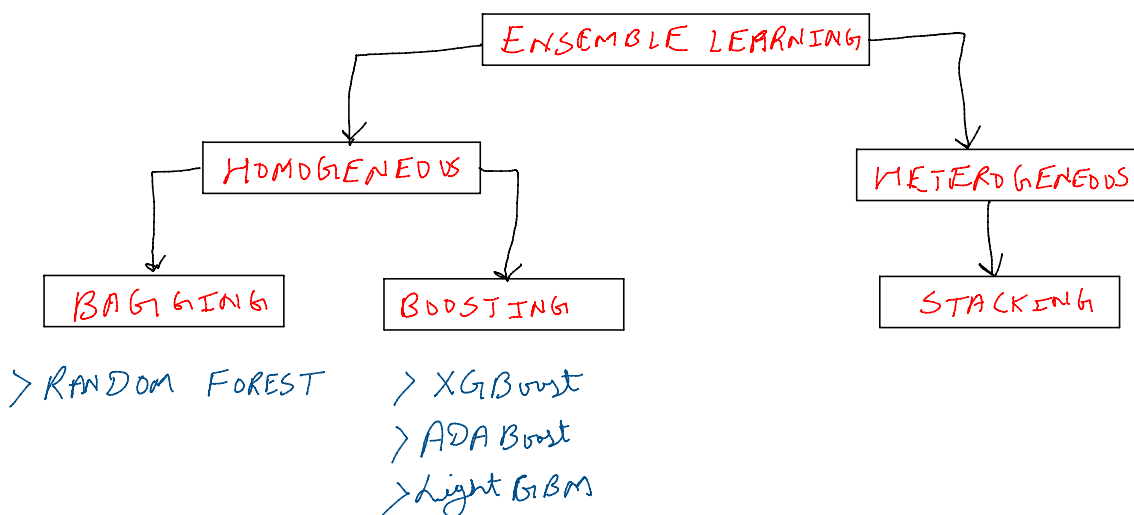
2 January 2024 08:11 PM

- Ensemble learning is a technique where we combine multiple models to get better results.
- Individual models can have problems such as:
 - Overfitting
 - Underfitting
 - Noise and errors
- A combination of multiple models nullifies the problems faced by individual models.



- The individual models are known as weak learners.
- The final combination, the ensemble, is known as a strong learner.

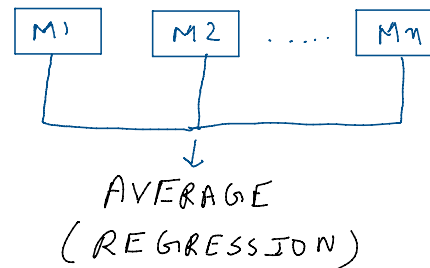
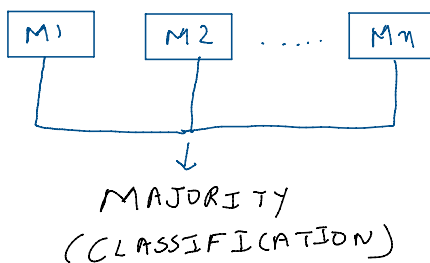
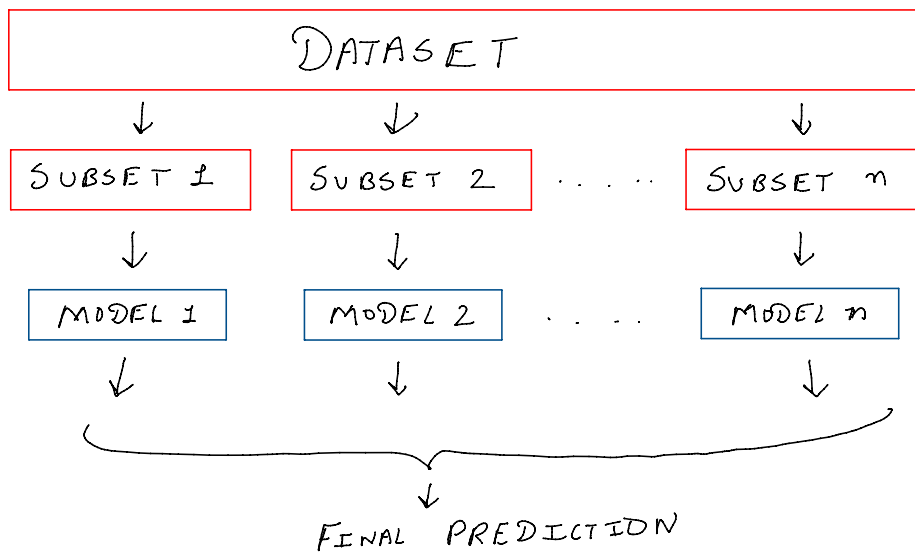
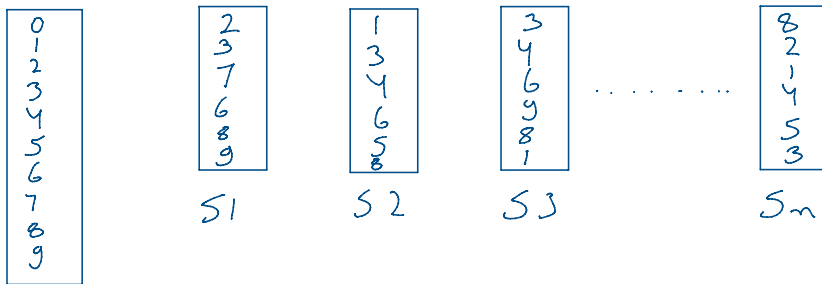
Types of ensembles:



- **Bagging**
 - It is a homogeneous ensemble.
 - Short for Bootstrapping + Aggregating
 - Involves two steps :
 - **Bootstrapping:**
 - Creating subsets from the dataset by random sampling with replacement.

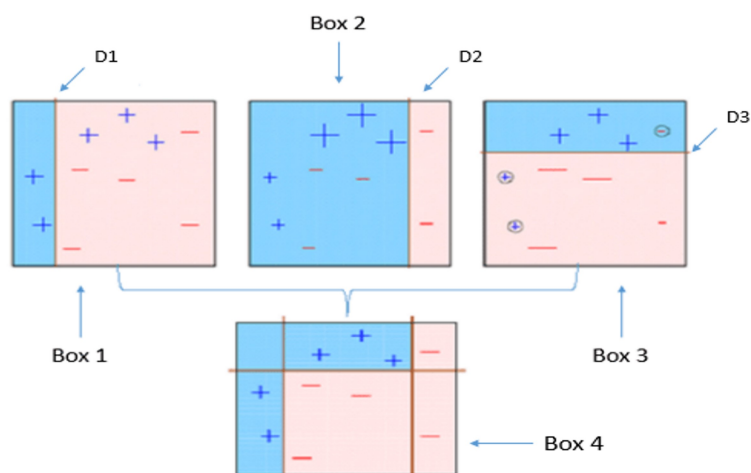
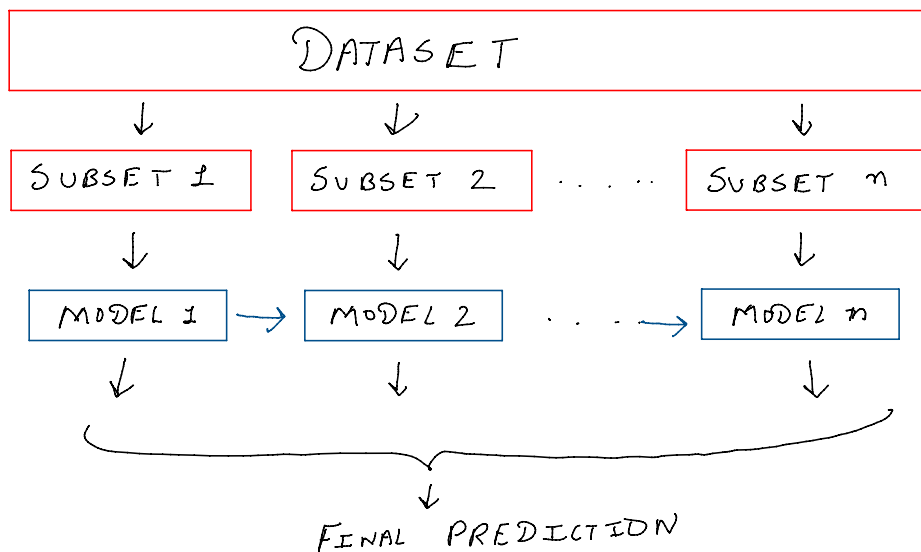
- Each Sample is used to train a decision tree.
- **Aggregating :**
 - The results of individual models are combined to make a final decision.
- All weak learners are trained parallelly.
- All weak learners are trained independent of each other.

* **BOOTSTRAPPING** :-



• Boosting

- It is a homogeneous ensemble.
- Each weak learner is trained in such a way that it corrects the mistakes of previous one.
- The weak learners are trained sequentially.
- The training of weak learners is not independent.



	D1	D2	D3	E	A
0	0	1	1	1	1
1	0	1	1	1	1
2	0	1	1	1	1
3	0	0	1	0	0
4	1	1	0	1	1
5	0	1	0	0	0
6	0	1	0	0	0
7	1	1	0	1	1
8	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	1	0	0	0

Stacking

- Multiple models belonging to different algorithms are trained on the dataset and their results are combined to make the final prediction.

