Machine Learing - Sklearn

basic ML workflow

```
1. split data
```

- 2. train model
- 3. score
- 4. evaluate

```
1 ## sklearn basics
 2 from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
 3 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
 4 import pandas as pd
 1 ## read data
 2 mtcars = pd.read_csv("https://gist.githubusercontent.com/seankross/a412dfbd88b3db70b74b/raw/5f23f993cd87c283ce766e7
 3 mtcars.head()
₹
                model mpg cyl disp hp drat
                                                  wt qsec vs am
                                                                  gear carb
            Mazda RX4 21.0
    0
                            6 160.0 110 3.90 2.620 16.46
        Mazda RX4 Wag 21.0
                            6 160.0 110 3.90 2.875 17.02
            Datsun 710 22.8
    2
                            4 108.0 93 3.85 2.320 18.61
                                                                          1
          Hornet 4 Drive 21.4
                            6 258.0 110 3.08 3.215 19.44
    4 Hornet Sportabout 18.7
                             8 360.0 175 3.15 3.440 17.02
Next steps: ( Generate code with mtcars ) ( View recommended plots )
                                                           New interactive sheet
  1 ## prepare data
  2 X = mtcars.drop(["model", "mpg"], axis = 1) ## axis = 1 (column)
  3 y = mtcars["mpg"]
  1 ## split data
  2 ## random_state = 42 (set.seed(42))
  3 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=42)
  1 ## train model
  2 model = LinearRegression()
  3 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
    ▼ LinearRegression ① ?
    LinearRegression()
  1 ## prediction (score)
  2 pred = model.predict(X_test)
  1 ## R squared (evaluate)
  2 model.score(X_test, y_test)
→▼ 0.7856209608689562
```

Ø RandomForestRegressor

1 model.score(X_train, y_train)

0.8667068951242609

```
1 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor

1 ## train model
2 model = RandomForestRegressor()
3 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
▼ RandomForestRegressor ① ?
    RandomForestRegressor()
  1 ## prediction (score)
  2 pred = model.predict(X_test)
  1 ## R squared (evaluate)
  2 model.score(X_test, y_test)
0.8862972637723459
  1 model.score(X_train, y_train)
→ 0.9699666651769879
  Output DecisionTreeRegressor
  {\tt 1} \; {\tt from} \; {\tt sklearn.tree} \; {\tt import} \; {\tt DecisionTreeRegressor}
  1 ## train model
  2 model = DecisionTreeRegressor()
  3 model.fit(X_train, y_train)
     ▼ DecisionTreeRegressor ① ?
    DecisionTreeRegressor()
 1 ## prediction (score)
  2 pred = model.predict(X_test)
 1 ## R squared (evaluate)
  2 model.score(X_test, y_test)
0.8550103368600268
  1 model.score(X_train, y_train)
→ 1.0
```