

# BesselJ

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## Notations

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### Traditional name

Bessel function of the first kind

### Traditional notation

$J_\nu(z)$

### Mathematica StandardForm notation

`BesselJ[\nu, z]`

## Primary definition

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$$03.01.02.0001.01 \\ J_\nu(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{\Gamma(k + \nu + 1) k!} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{2k+\nu}$$

## Specific values

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### Specialized values

#### For fixed $\nu$

$$03.01.03.0001.01 \\ J_\nu(0) = 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > 0 \vee \nu \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$03.01.03.0002.01 \\ J_\nu(0) = \tilde{\infty} \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\nu) < 0 \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$03.01.03.0003.01 \\ J_\nu(0) = \zeta \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\nu) = 0 \wedge \nu \neq 0$$

#### For fixed $z$

### Explicit rational $\nu$

## 03.01.03.0014.01

$$J_{-\frac{14}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{81 2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} z^{14/3}} \left( -288 \sqrt{3} (9 z^2 - 110) \text{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 288 (9 z^2 - 110) \text{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} - 3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} (81 z^4 - 4320 z^2 + 14080) \text{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + \sqrt[3]{2} 3^{2/3} (81 z^4 - 4320 z^2 + 14080) \text{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

## 03.01.03.0015.01

$$J_{-\frac{9}{2}}(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{(z^4 - 45 z^2 + 105) \cos(z) + 5 z (21 - 2 z^2) \sin(z)}{z^{9/2}}$$

## 03.01.03.0016.01

$$J_{-\frac{13}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{54 \sqrt[3]{2} 3^{5/6} z^{13/3}} \left( -168 \sqrt[6]{3} (9 z^2 - 80) \text{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 56 3^{2/3} (80 - 9 z^2) \text{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} (81 z^4 - 3024 z^2 + 4480) \text{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 2^{2/3} (81 z^4 - 3024 z^2 + 4480) \text{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

## 03.01.03.0017.01

$$J_{-\frac{11}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{27 2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} z^{11/3}} \left( 9 \sqrt{3} (9 z^2 - 160) \text{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 9 (160 - 9 z^2) \text{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} - 60 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} (9 z^2 - 32) \text{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 20 \sqrt[3]{2} 3^{2/3} (9 z^2 - 32) \text{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

## 03.01.03.0018.01

$$J_{-\frac{7}{2}}(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{3 (2 z^2 - 5) \cos(z) + z (z^2 - 15) \sin(z)}{z^{7/2}}$$

## 03.01.03.0019.01

$$J_{-\frac{10}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{9 \sqrt[3]{2} 3^{5/6} z^{10/3}} \left( 3 \sqrt[6]{3} (9 z^2 - 112) \text{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 3^{2/3} (9 z^2 - 112) \text{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 8 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} (9 z^2 - 14) \text{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 8 2^{2/3} (9 z^2 - 14) \text{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

## 03.01.03.0020.01

$$J_{-\frac{8}{3}}(z) = -\frac{1}{9 2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} z^{8/3}} \left( -90 \sqrt{3} \text{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 90 \text{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} - 3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} (9 z^2 - 40) \text{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + \sqrt[3]{2} 3^{2/3} (9 z^2 - 40) \text{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

## 03.01.03.0021.01

$$J_{-\frac{5}{2}}(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{3 z \sin(z) - (z^2 - 3) \cos(z)}{z^{5/2}}$$

03.01.03.0022.01

$$J_{-\frac{7}{3}}(z) = -\frac{1}{6 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} z^{7/3}} \left( -48 \sqrt[6]{3} \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} - 16 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} (9 z^2 - 16) \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 2^{2/3} (9 z^2 - 16) \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0023.01

$$J_{-\frac{5}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{3 2^{2/3} \sqrt[5]{3} z^{5/3}} \left( -9 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 9 \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 12 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) - 4 \sqrt[3]{2} 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0024.01

$$J_{-\frac{3}{2}}(z) = -\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\cos(z) + z \sin(z)}{z^{3/2}}$$

03.01.03.0025.01

$$J_{-\frac{4}{3}}(z) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[5]{3} z^{4/3}} \left( 3 \sqrt[6]{3} \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 2^{2/3} \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0010.01

$$J_{-\frac{2}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} z^{2/3}} \left( \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) - \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0005.01

$$J_{-\frac{1}{2}}(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\cos(z)}{\sqrt{z}}$$

03.01.03.0008.01

$$J_{-\frac{1}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{z}} \left( 3 \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0007.01

$$J_{\frac{1}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{2^{2/3} \sqrt[3]{3} \sqrt[3]{z}} \left( 3 \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) - \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0004.01

$$J_{\frac{1}{2}}(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\sin(z)}{\sqrt{z}}$$

03.01.03.0009.01

$$J_{\frac{2}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} z^{2/3}} \left( \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0026.01

$$J_{\frac{4}{3}}(z) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{2} \cdot 3^{5/6} z^{4/3}} \left( -3 \sqrt[6]{3} \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} - 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 2^{2/3} \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0027.01

$$J_{\frac{3}{2}}(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{\sin(z) - z \cos(z)}{z^{3/2}}$$

03.01.03.0028.01

$$J_{\frac{5}{3}}(z) = -\frac{1}{3 \cdot 2^{2/3} \cdot 3^{5/6} z^{5/3}} \left( 9 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 9 \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} - 12 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) - 4 \sqrt[3]{2} \cdot 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0029.01

$$J_{\frac{7}{3}}(z) = -\frac{1}{6 \sqrt[3]{2} \cdot 3^{5/6} z^{7/3}} \left( -48 \sqrt[6]{3} \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 16 \cdot 3^{2/3} \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} (9 z^2 - 16) \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 2^{2/3} (16 - 9 z^2) \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0030.01

$$J_{\frac{5}{2}}(z) = -\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{3 z \cos(z) + (z^2 - 3) \sin(z)}{z^{5/2}}$$

03.01.03.0031.01

$$J_{\frac{8}{3}}(z) = -\frac{1}{9 \cdot 2^{2/3} \cdot 3^{5/6} z^{8/3}} \left( 90 \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 90 \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} (9 z^2 - 40) \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + \sqrt[3]{2} \cdot 3^{2/3} (9 z^2 - 40) \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0032.01

$$J_{\frac{10}{3}}(z) = -\frac{1}{9 \sqrt[3]{2} \cdot 3^{5/6} z^{10/3}} \left( 3 \sqrt[6]{3} (9 z^2 - 112) \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 3^{2/3} (112 - 9 z^2) \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 8 \cdot 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} (9 z^2 - 14) \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 8 \cdot 2^{2/3} (14 - 9 z^2) \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0033.01

$$J_{\frac{7}{2}}(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{z (z^2 - 15) \cos(z) + 3 (5 - 2 z^2) \sin(z)}{z^{7/2}}$$

03.01.03.0034.01

$$J_{\frac{11}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{27 \cdot 2^{2/3} \cdot 3^{5/6} z^{11/3}} \left( 9 \sqrt{3} (9 z^2 - 160) \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 9 (9 z^2 - 160) \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} - 60 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} (9 z^2 - 32) \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 20 \sqrt[3]{2} \cdot 3^{2/3} (32 - 9 z^2) \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0035.01

$$J_{\frac{13}{3}}(z) = -\frac{1}{54 \sqrt[3]{2}^2 3^{5/6} z^{13/3}} \left( 168 \sqrt[6]{3} (9 z^2 - 80) \text{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 56 3^{2/3} (80 - 9 z^2) \text{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{2/3} + 2^{2/3} \sqrt{3} (-81 z^4 + 3024 z^2 - 4480) \text{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + 2^{2/3} (81 z^4 - 3024 z^2 + 4480) \text{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

03.01.03.0036.01

$$J_{\frac{9}{2}}(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{(5 z (2 z^2 - 21) \cos(z) + (z^4 - 45 z^2 + 105) \sin(z))}{z^{9/2}}$$

03.01.03.0037.01

$$J_{\frac{14}{3}}(z) = \frac{1}{81 2^{2/3} 3^{5/6} z^{14/3}} \left( 288 \sqrt{3} (9 z^2 - 110) \text{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 288 (9 z^2 - 110) \text{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) z^{4/3} + 3 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} (81 z^4 - 4320 z^2 + 14080) \text{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + \sqrt[3]{2} 3^{2/3} (81 z^4 - 4320 z^2 + 14080) \text{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right)$$

## Symbolic rational $\nu$

03.01.03.0006.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \left( \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \left(\nu - \frac{1}{2}\right) - z\right) \sum_{j=0}^{\lfloor \frac{2|\nu|-3}{4} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^j (2j+|\nu|+\frac{1}{2})! (2z)^{-2j-1}}{(2j+1)! (-2j+|\nu|-\frac{3}{2})!} - \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \left(\nu - \frac{1}{2}\right) - z\right) \sum_{j=0}^{\lfloor \frac{2|\nu|-1}{4} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^j (2j+|\nu|-\frac{1}{2})!}{(2j)! (-2j+|\nu|-\frac{1}{2})! (2z)^{2j}} \right); \nu - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

03.01.03.0011.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{\text{sgn}(\nu) (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}(|\nu| - \frac{1}{3})(\text{sgn}(\nu)+1)} 2^{||\nu| - \frac{5}{3}} z^{-|\nu|} \Gamma\left(-\frac{1}{3}\right)}{3^{5/6} \Gamma(1 - |\nu|)}$$

$$\left( \sqrt[6]{3} z^{2/3} \left( \sqrt{3} \text{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) - 3 \text{sgn}(\nu) \text{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{|\nu|-4}{3} \rfloor} \frac{(|\nu| - k - \frac{4}{3})!}{k! \left(|\nu| - 2k - \frac{4}{3}\right)! \left(\frac{4}{3}\right)_k (1 - |\nu|)_k} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^k + 2^{2/3} \left( \text{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) - \text{sgn}(\nu) \sqrt{3} \text{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{|\nu|-1}{3} \rfloor} \frac{(|\nu| - k - \frac{1}{3})!}{k! \left(|\nu| - 2k - \frac{1}{3}\right)! \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)_k (1 - |\nu|)_k} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^k \right) /; |\nu| - \frac{1}{3} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{03.01.03.0012.01} \\
 J_\nu(z) = & \frac{\operatorname{sgn}(\nu) (-1)^{\frac{1}{2} \left( |\nu| - \frac{2}{3} \right) (\operatorname{sgn}(\nu) + 1)} 2^{|\nu| - \frac{7}{3}} z^{-|\nu|} \Gamma\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)}{3^{5/6} \Gamma(1 - |\nu|)} \\
 & \left( 9 z^{4/3} \left( \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Ai}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + \operatorname{sgn}(\nu) \operatorname{Bi}\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor |\nu| - \frac{5}{3} \rfloor} \frac{\left(|\nu| - k - \frac{5}{3}\right)!}{k! \left(|\nu| - 2k - \frac{5}{3}\right)! \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)_k (1 - |\nu|)_k} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^k - 4 \sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[6]{3} \right. \\
 & \left. \left( 3 \operatorname{Ai}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) + \operatorname{sgn}(\nu) \sqrt{3} \operatorname{Bi}'\left(-\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{2/3} z^{2/3}\right) \right) \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor |\nu| - \frac{2}{3} \rfloor} \frac{\left(|\nu| - k - \frac{2}{3}\right)!}{k! \left(|\nu| - 2k - \frac{2}{3}\right)! \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)_k (1 - |\nu|)_k} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^k \right) /; |\nu| - \frac{2}{3} \in \mathbb{Z}
 \end{aligned}$$

## Values at fixed points

$$J_0(0) = 1$$

## Values at infinities

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{03.01.03.0038.01} \\
 \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} J_\nu(x) &= 0 \\
 & \text{03.01.03.0039.01} \\
 \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} J_\nu(x) &= 0 \\
 & \text{03.01.03.0040.01} \\
 J_\nu(e^{i\lambda} \infty) &= \begin{cases} 0 & \lambda = 0 \vee \lambda = \pi \\ \infty & \text{True} \end{cases} /; \operatorname{Im}(\lambda) = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{03.01.03.0041.01} \\
 J_\nu(\infty) &= 0 \\
 & \text{03.01.03.0042.01} \\
 J_\nu(-\infty) &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

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## General characteristics

### Domain and analyticity

$J_\nu(z)$  is an analytical function of  $\nu$  and  $z$  which is defined over  $\mathbb{C}^2$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{03.01.04.0001.01} \\
 (\nu * z) \rightarrow J_\nu(z) &:: (\mathbb{C} \otimes \mathbb{C}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Symmetries and periodicities

#### Parity

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{03.01.04.0002.01} \\
 J_\nu(-z) &= (-z)^\nu z^{-\nu} J_\nu(z)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{03.01.04.0003.01}$$

$$J_{-n}(z) = (-1)^n J_n(z) /; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

### Mirror symmetry

$$\text{03.01.04.0004.01}$$

$$J_{\bar{\nu}}(\bar{z}) = \overline{J_{\nu}(z)} /; z \notin (-\infty, 0)$$

### Periodicity

No periodicity

## Poles and essential singularities

### With respect to $z$

For fixed  $\nu$ , the function  $J_{\nu}(z)$  has an essential singularity at  $z = \tilde{\infty}$ . At the same time, the point  $z = \tilde{\infty}$  is a branch point for generic  $\nu$ .

$$\text{03.01.04.0005.01}$$

$$\text{Sing}_z(J_{\nu}(z)) = \{\{\tilde{\infty}, \infty\}\}$$

### With respect to $\nu$

For fixed  $z$ , the function  $J_{\nu}(z)$  has only one singular point at  $\nu = \tilde{\infty}$ . It is an essential singular point.

$$\text{03.01.04.0006.01}$$

$$\text{Sing}_{\nu}(J_{\nu}(z)) = \{\{\tilde{\infty}, \infty\}\}$$

## Branch points

### With respect to $z$

For fixed noninteger  $\nu$ , the function  $J_{\nu}(z)$  has two branch points:  $z = 0$ ,  $z = \tilde{\infty}$ . At the same time, the point  $z = \tilde{\infty}$  is an essential singularity.

$$\text{03.01.04.0007.01}$$

$$\mathcal{BP}_z(J_{\nu}(z)) = \{0, \tilde{\infty}\} /; \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\text{03.01.04.0008.01}$$

$$\mathcal{BP}_z(J_{\nu}(z)) = \{\} /; \nu \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\text{03.01.04.0009.01}$$

$$\mathcal{R}_z(J_{\nu}(z), 0) = \log /; \nu \notin \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\text{03.01.04.0010.01}$$

$$\mathcal{R}_z\left(J_{\frac{p}{q}}(z), 0\right) = q /; p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge q - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge \gcd(p, q) = 1$$

$$\text{03.01.04.0011.01}$$

$$\mathcal{R}_z(J_{\nu}(z), \tilde{\infty}) = \log /; \nu \notin \mathbb{Q}$$

$$\text{03.01.04.0012.01}$$

$$\mathcal{R}_z\left(J_{\frac{p}{q}}(z), \tilde{\infty}\right) = q /; p \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge q - 1 \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge \gcd(p, q) = 1$$

### With respect to $\nu$

For fixed  $z$ , the function  $J_\nu(z)$  does not have branch points.

$$\text{03.01.04.0013.01}$$

$$\mathcal{BP}_\nu(J_\nu(z)) = \{\}$$

## Branch cuts

### With respect to $z$

When  $\nu$  is an integer,  $J_\nu(z)$  is an entire function of  $z$ . For fixed noninteger  $\nu$ , it has one infinitely long branch cut. For fixed noninteger  $\nu$ , the function  $J_\nu(z)$  is a single-valued function on the  $z$ -plane cut along the interval  $(-\infty, 0)$ , where it is continuous from above.

$$\text{03.01.04.0014.01}$$

$$\mathcal{BC}_z(J_\nu(z)) = \{(-\infty, 0), -i\} /; \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\text{03.01.04.0015.01}$$

$$\mathcal{BC}_z(J_\nu(z)) = \{ \} /; \nu \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\text{03.01.04.0016.01}$$

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} J_\nu(x + i\epsilon) = J_\nu(x) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < 0$$

$$\text{03.01.04.0017.01}$$

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow +0} J_\nu(x - i\epsilon) = e^{-2i\pi\nu} J_\nu(x) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < 0$$

### With respect to $\nu$

For fixed  $z$ , the function  $J_\nu(z)$  is an entire function of  $\nu$  and does not have branch cuts.

$$\text{03.01.04.0018.01}$$

$$\mathcal{BC}_\nu(J_\nu(z)) = \{\}$$

## Series representations

### Generalized power series

#### Expansions at $\nu = \pm n$

$$\text{03.01.06.0019.01}$$

$$J_\nu(z) \propto J_n(z) + \left( \frac{\pi}{2} Y_n(z) + \frac{n!}{2} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{(n-k)k!} J_k(z) \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^k \right) (\nu - n) + \dots /; (\nu \rightarrow n) \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\text{03.01.06.0020.01}$$

$$J_\nu(z) \propto (-1)^n J_n(z) + \left( \frac{n!}{2} \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{(n-k)k!} J_k(z) \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^k + \frac{1}{n!} \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^n \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{1}{j} {}_1F_2 \left( j; j+1, n+1; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right) + \frac{\pi(-1)^n}{2} Y_n(z) + (-1)^{n-1} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(n-k-1)!}{k!} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{2k-n} \right) (\nu + n) + \dots /; (\nu \rightarrow -n) \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

#### Expansions at generic point $z = z_0$

## For the function itself

03.01.06.0021.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] z_0^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \left( J_\nu(z_0) + \left( \frac{\nu}{z_0} J_\nu(z_0) - J_{\nu+1}(z_0) \right) (z - z_0) + \frac{J_{\nu+1}(z_0) z_0 + J_\nu(z_0) ((\nu-1)\nu - z_0^2)}{2 z_0^2} (z - z_0)^2 + \dots \right);$$

$$(z \rightarrow z_0)$$

03.01.06.0022.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] z_0^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \left( J_\nu(z_0) + \left( \frac{\nu}{z_0} J_\nu(z_0) - J_{\nu+1}(z_0) \right) (z - z_0) + \frac{J_{\nu+1}(z_0) z_0 + J_\nu(z_0) ((\nu-1)\nu - z_0^2)}{2 z_0^2} (z - z_0)^2 + O((z - z_0)^3) \right)$$

03.01.06.0023.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] z_0^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{J_\nu^{(0,k)}(z_0)}{k!} (z - z_0)^k$$

03.01.06.0024.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(\nu + 1) \left(\frac{z_0}{4}\right)^{\nu} \left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] z_0^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right]$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{z_0^{-k} 2^k}{k!} {}_2F_3\left(\frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 1; \frac{1}{2}(\nu-k+1), \frac{1}{2}(\nu-k+2), \nu+1; -\frac{z_0^2}{4}\right) (z - z_0)^k$$

03.01.06.0025.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] z_0^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{-k}}{k!} \sum_{j=0}^k (-1)^j \binom{k}{j} J_{2,j-k+\nu}(z_0) (z - z_0)^k$$

03.01.06.0026.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] z_0^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right]$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{z_0^{-k}}{k!} \sum_{m=0}^k (-1)^{k+m} \binom{k}{m} (-\nu)_{k-m} \sum_{i=0}^m \frac{(-1)^{i-1} 2^{2(i-m)} (-m)_{2(m-i)} (\nu)_i}{(m-i)!} \left( \frac{z_0}{2} \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} \frac{(i-j-1)!}{j! (i-2j-1)! (-i-\nu+1)_j (\nu)_{j+1}} \left(\frac{z_0^2}{4}\right)^j J_{\nu-1}(z_0) - \right.$$

$$\left. \sum_{j=0}^i \frac{(i-j)!}{j! (i-2j)! (-i-\nu+1)_j (\nu)_j} \left(\frac{z_0^2}{4}\right)^j J_\nu(z_0) \right) (z - z_0)^k$$

03.01.06.0027.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \left(\frac{1}{z_0}\right)^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] z_0^{\nu} \left[ \frac{\arg(z-z_0)}{2\pi} \right] J_\nu(z_0) (1 + O(z - z_0))$$

## Expansions on branch cuts

## For the function itself

## 03.01.06.0028.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto e^{2\nu\pi i \left[ \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right]} \left( J_\nu(x) + \left( \frac{\nu}{x} J_\nu(x) - J_{\nu+1}(x) \right) (z-x) + \frac{J_{\nu+1}(x) x + J_\nu(x) ((\nu-1)\nu - x^2)}{2x^2} (z-x)^2 + \dots \right) /; (z \rightarrow x) \wedge x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < 0$$

## 03.01.06.0029.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto e^{2\nu\pi i \left[ \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right]} \left( J_\nu(x) + \left( \frac{\nu}{x} J_\nu(x) - J_{\nu+1}(x) \right) (z-x) + \frac{J_{\nu+1}(x) x + J_\nu(x) ((\nu-1)\nu - x^2)}{2x^2} (z-x)^2 + O((z-x)^3) \right) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < 0$$

## 03.01.06.0030.01

$$J_\nu(z) = 2^{-2\nu} \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(\nu+1) e^{2\nu\pi i \left[ \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right]} x^\nu \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} {}_2\tilde{F}_3 \left( \begin{matrix} \nu+1, \nu \\ 2, \frac{1}{2} + 1; \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \middle| (\nu+1-k), \frac{1}{2}(\nu+2-k), \nu+1; -\frac{x^2}{4} \right) \frac{2^k (z-x)^k}{x^k k!} /;$$

$x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < 0$

## 03.01.06.0031.01

$$J_\nu(z) = e^{2\nu\pi i \left[ \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right]} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^{-k}}{k!} \sum_{j=0}^k (-1)^j \binom{k}{j} J_{2,j-k+\nu}(x) (z-x)^k /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < 0$$

## 03.01.06.0032.01

$$J_\nu(z) = e^{2\nu\pi i \left[ \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right]} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^{-k}}{k!} \sum_{m=0}^k (-1)^{k+m} \binom{k}{m} (-\nu)_{k-m} \sum_{i=0}^m \frac{(-1)^{i-1} 2^{2i-m} (-m)_{2(m-i)} (\nu)_i}{(m-i)!} \left( \frac{x}{2} \sum_{j=0}^{i-1} \frac{(i-j-1)!}{j! (i-2j-1)! (-i-\nu+1)_j (\nu)_{j+1}} \left( \frac{x^2}{4} \right)^j J_{\nu-1}(x) - \sum_{j=0}^i \frac{(i-j)!}{j! (i-2j)! (-i-\nu+1)_j (\nu)_j} \left( \frac{x^2}{4} \right)^j J_\nu(x) \right) (z-x)^k /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < 0$$

## 03.01.06.0033.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto e^{2\nu\pi i \left[ \frac{\arg(z-x)}{2\pi} \right]} J_\nu(x) (1 + O(z-x)) /; x \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x < 0$$

Expansions at  $z = 0$ 

## For the function itself

## General case

## 03.01.06.0001.02

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \left( \frac{z}{2} \right)^\nu \left( 1 - \frac{z^2}{4(\nu+1)} + \frac{z^4}{32(\nu+1)(\nu+2)} - \dots \right) /; (z \rightarrow 0)$$

## 03.01.06.0034.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \left( \frac{z}{2} \right)^\nu \left( 1 - \frac{z^2}{4(\nu+1)} + \frac{z^4}{32(\nu+1)(\nu+2)} + O(z^6) \right)$$

## 03.01.06.0002.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{\Gamma(k+\nu+1) k!} \left( \frac{z}{2} \right)^{2k+\nu}$$

## 03.01.06.0035.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k z^{2k}}{4^k (\nu+1)_k k!}$$

## 03.01.06.0036.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu {}_0F_1\left(\nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

## 03.01.06.0003.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(\nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

## 03.01.06.0004.02

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu + O(z^{\nu+2}) /; -\nu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

## 03.01.06.0037.01

$$J_\nu(z) = F_\infty(z, \nu) /; \left( \begin{aligned} F_n(z, \nu) &= \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-1)^k \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{2k+\nu}}{\Gamma(k+\nu+1) k!} = J_\nu(z) + \frac{(-1)^n 2^{-2n-\nu-2} z^{2n+\nu+2}}{\Gamma(n+\nu+2)(n+1)!} {}_1F_2\left(1; n+2, n+\nu+2; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) \end{aligned} \right) \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Summed form of the truncated series expansion.

## Special cases

## 03.01.06.0038.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\nu)} \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-\nu} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{4(1-\nu)} + \frac{z^4}{32(1-\nu)(2-\nu)} + \dots\right) /; (z \rightarrow 0) \wedge -\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

## 03.01.06.0039.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\nu)} \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-\nu} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{4(1-\nu)} + \frac{z^4}{32(1-\nu)(2-\nu)} + O(z^6)\right) /; (z \rightarrow 0) \wedge -\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

## 03.01.06.0040.01

$$J_\nu(z) = (-1)^\nu \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{\Gamma(k-\nu+1) k!} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{2k-\nu} /; -\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

## 03.01.06.0041.01

$$J_\nu(z) = (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}(|\nu|-\nu)} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{\Gamma(k+|\nu|+1) k!} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{2k+|\nu|} /; \nu \in \mathbb{Z}$$

## 03.01.06.0042.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\nu)} \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-\nu} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k z^{2k}}{4^k (1-\nu)_k k!} /; -\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

## 03.01.06.0043.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\nu)} \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-\nu} {}_0F_1\left(1-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) /; -\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

03.01.06.0044.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-\nu} {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(1-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right); -\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

03.01.06.0005.02

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\nu)} \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-\nu} + O(z^{2-\nu}) ; -\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

Generic formulas for main term

03.01.06.0045.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\Gamma(1-\nu)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-\nu} & -\nu \in \mathbb{N}^+ \\ \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu & \text{True} \end{cases} ; (z \rightarrow 0)$$

## For small integer powers of the function

For the second power

03.01.06.0046.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 \propto \frac{2^{-2\nu} z^{2\nu}}{\Gamma(\nu+1)^2} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{2+2\nu} + \frac{(3+2\nu)z^4}{16(1+\nu)^2(2+\nu)} + \dots\right); (z \rightarrow 0)$$

03.01.06.0047.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 \propto \frac{2^{-2\nu} z^{2\nu}}{\Gamma(\nu+1)^2} \left(1 - \frac{z^2}{2+2\nu} + \frac{(3+2\nu)z^4}{16(1+\nu)^2(2+\nu)} + O(z^6)\right)$$

03.01.06.0048.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 = \frac{z^{2\nu}}{2^{2\nu} \Gamma(\nu+1)^2} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k \left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right)_k z^{2k}}{(\nu+1)_k (2\nu+1)_k k!}$$

03.01.06.0049.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 = \frac{z^{2\nu}}{2^{2\nu} \Gamma(\nu+1)^2} {}_1F_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}; \nu+1, 2\nu+1; -z^2\right)$$

03.01.06.0050.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 = \frac{\sec(\pi\nu) \sqrt{\pi} z^{2\nu}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}-\nu\right)} {}_1\tilde{F}_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}; \nu+1, 2\nu+1; -z^2\right)$$

03.01.06.0051.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 \propto \frac{2^{-2\nu} z^{2\nu}}{\Gamma(\nu+1)^2} (1 + O(z^2))$$

03.01.06.0052.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 = F_\infty(z, \nu) /; \left( \begin{aligned} F_n(z, \nu) &= \frac{z^{2\nu}}{2^{2\nu} \Gamma(\nu+1)^2} \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{(-1)^k \binom{\nu + \frac{1}{2}}{k} z^{2k}}{(\nu+1)_k (2\nu+1)_k k!} = \\ J_\nu(z)^2 &+ \frac{(-1)^n z^{2n+2\nu+2} \Gamma\left(n+\nu+\frac{3}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(n+\nu+2) \Gamma(n+2\nu+2) (n+1)!} {}_2F_3\left(1, n+\nu+\frac{3}{2}; n+2, n+\nu+2, n+2\nu+2; -z^2\right) \end{aligned} \right) \wedge n \in \mathbb{N}$$

Summed form of the truncated series expansion.

## Asymptotic series expansions

### Expansions inside Stokes sectors

### Expansions containing $z \rightarrow \infty$

In exponential form ||| In exponential form

03.01.06.0053.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi z}} \left( e^{-i(z-\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi)} \left( 1 + \frac{i(1-4\nu^2)}{8z} - \frac{9-40\nu^2+16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \dots \right) + e^{i(z-\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi)} \left( 1 - \frac{i(1-4\nu^2)}{8z} - \frac{9-40\nu^2+16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \dots \right) \right) /; |\arg(z)| < \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0054.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi z}} \left( e^{i(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi-z)} \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\binom{\nu + \frac{1}{2}}{k} \binom{\frac{1}{2}-\nu}{k}}{k!} \left( \frac{i}{2z} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{n+1}}\right) \right) + e^{-i(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi-z)} \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\binom{\nu + \frac{1}{2}}{k} \binom{\frac{1}{2}-\nu}{k}}{k!} \left( -\frac{i}{2z} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{n+1}}\right) \right) \right) /; |\arg(z)| < \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0055.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi z}} \left( \exp\left(i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4}-z\right)\right) {}_2F_0\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-\nu; \frac{i}{2z}\right) + \exp\left(-i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4}-z\right)\right) {}_2F_0\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-\nu; -\frac{i}{2z}\right) \right) /; |\arg(z)| < \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0056.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi z}} \left( \exp\left(-i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4}-z\right)\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right) + \exp\left(i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4}-z\right)\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right) \right) /; |\arg(z)| < \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

In trigonometric form ||| In trigonometric form

## 03.01.06.0057.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi z}} \left( \cos\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 - \frac{9 - 40\nu^2 + 16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \frac{11025 - 51664\nu^2 + 31584\nu^4 - 5376\nu^6 + 256\nu^8}{98304z^4} + \dots \right) + \frac{1 - 4\nu^2}{8z} \sin\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 - \frac{225 - 136\nu^2 + 16\nu^4}{384z^2} + \frac{893025 - 656784\nu^2 + 137824\nu^4 - 10496\nu^6 + 256\nu^8}{491520z^4} + \dots \right) \right) /; |\arg(z)| < \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0058.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi z}} \left( \cos\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(1-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k k!} \left(-\frac{1}{z^2}\right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) + \frac{1 - 4\nu^2}{8z} \sin\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(5-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+5)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k k!} \left(-\frac{1}{z^2}\right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) \right) /; |\arg(z)| < \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

$$z) | < \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0059.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{2e^{i\pi\nu}}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{-z}} \left( \cos\left(\frac{1}{4}\pi(2\nu+1) + z\right) \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(1-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k k!} \left(-\frac{1}{z^2}\right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) + \frac{1 - 4\nu^2}{8z} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\pi(2\nu+1) + z\right) \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(5-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+5)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k k!} \left(-\frac{1}{z^2}\right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) \right) /; 0 < \arg(z) \leq \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0060.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi z}} \left( \cos\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) {}_4F_1\left(\frac{1-2\nu}{4}, \frac{3-2\nu}{4}, \frac{2\nu+1}{4}, \frac{2\nu+3}{4}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right) + \frac{1 - 4\nu^2}{8z} \sin\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) {}_4F_1\left(\frac{3-2\nu}{4}, \frac{5-2\nu}{4}, \frac{2\nu+3}{4}, \frac{2\nu+5}{4}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) /; |\arg(z)| < \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0061.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi z}} \left( \cos\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) + \frac{1 - 4\nu^2}{8z} \sin\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) \right) /; |\arg(z)| < \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

**Expansions containing  $z \rightarrow -\infty$** 

In exponential form ||| In exponential form

## 03.01.06.0062.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{(-1)^\nu}{\sqrt{2\pi z}} \left( e^{i\left(z+\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi\right)} \left( 1 - \frac{i(1-4\nu^2)}{8z} - \frac{9-40\nu^2+16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \dots \right) + \right.$$

$$\left. e^{-i\left(z+\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi\right)} \left( 1 + \frac{i(1-4\nu^2)}{8z} - \frac{9-40\nu^2+16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \dots \right) \right) /; 0 < \arg(z) \leq \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0063.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{(-1)^\nu}{\sqrt{-2\pi z}} \left( e^{i\left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi+z\right)} \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}-\nu\right)_k}{k!} \left( -\frac{i}{2z} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{n+1}}\right) \right) + \right.$$

$$\left. e^{-i\left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi+z\right)} \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}-\nu\right)_k}{k!} \left( \frac{i}{2z} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{n+1}}\right) \right) \right) /; 0 < \arg(z) \leq \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0064.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{(-1)^\nu}{\sqrt{-2\pi z}} \left( \exp\left(i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4}+z\right)\right) {}_2F_0\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-\nu; \frac{i}{2z}\right) + \exp\left(-i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4}+z\right)\right) {}_2F_0\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-\nu; \frac{-i}{2z}\right) \right) /; 0 < \arg(z) \leq \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0065.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{(-1)^\nu}{\sqrt{-2\pi z}} \left( \exp\left(-i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4}+z\right)\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right) + \exp\left(i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4}+z\right)\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right) \right) /; 0 < \arg(z) \leq \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

In trigonometric form ||| In trigonometric form

## 03.01.06.0066.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2}(-1)^\nu}{\sqrt{-\pi z}} \left( \cos\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 - \frac{9-40\nu^2+16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \frac{11025-51664\nu^2+31584\nu^4-5376\nu^6+256\nu^8}{98304z^4} + \dots \right) + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1-4\nu^2}{8z} \sin\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 - \frac{225-136\nu^2+16\nu^4}{384z^2} + \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \frac{893025-656784\nu^2+137824\nu^4-10496\nu^6+256\nu^8}{491520z^4} + \dots \right) \right) /; 0 < \arg(z) \leq \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0067.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2}(-1)^\nu}{\sqrt{-\pi z}} \left( \cos\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(1-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k k!} \left( -\frac{1}{z^2} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) + \frac{1-4\nu^2}{8z} \sin\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right.$$

$$\left. \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(5-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+5)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k k!} \left( -\frac{1}{z^2} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) \right) /; 0 < \arg(z) \leq \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0068.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2} (-1)^\nu}{\sqrt{-\pi z}} \left( \cos\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) {}_4F_1\left(\frac{1-2\nu}{4}, \frac{3-2\nu}{4}, \frac{2\nu+1}{4}, \frac{2\nu+3}{4}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right) + \frac{1-4\nu^2}{8z} \sin\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) {}_4F_1\left(\frac{3-2\nu}{4}, \frac{5-2\nu}{4}, \frac{2\nu+3}{4}, \frac{2\nu+5}{4}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) /; 0 < \arg(z) \leq \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0069.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2} (-1)^\nu}{\sqrt{-\pi z}} \left( \cos\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) + \frac{1-4\nu^2}{8z} \sin\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) \right) /; 0 < \arg(z) \leq \pi \wedge (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

**Expansions for any  $z$  in exponential form**

### Using exponential function with branch cut-containing arguments

## 03.01.06.0006.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} z^\nu (z^2)^{-\frac{2\nu+1}{4}} \left( e^{-i(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi)} \left( 1 + \frac{i(1-4\nu^2)}{8\sqrt{z^2}} - \frac{9-40\nu^2+16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \dots \right) + e^{i(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi)} \left( 1 - \frac{i(1-4\nu^2)}{8\sqrt{z^2}} - \frac{9-40\nu^2+16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \dots \right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0070.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} z^\nu (z^2)^{-\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)} \left( e^{i(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi - \sqrt{z^2})} \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2} - \nu\right)_k}{k!} \left( \frac{i}{2\sqrt{z^2}} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{n+1}}\right) \right) + e^{-i(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\pi - \sqrt{z^2})} \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2} - \nu\right)_k}{k!} \left( -\frac{i}{2\sqrt{z^2}} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{n+1}}\right) \right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0007.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} z^\nu (z^2)^{-\frac{2\nu+1}{4}} \left( \exp\left(i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4} - \sqrt{z^2}\right)\right) {}_2F_0\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \nu; ; \frac{i}{2\sqrt{z^2}}\right) + \exp\left(-i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4} - \sqrt{z^2}\right)\right) {}_2F_0\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \nu; ; -\frac{i}{2\sqrt{z^2}}\right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## 03.01.06.0008.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} z^\nu (z^2)^{-\frac{2\nu+1}{4}} \left( \exp\left(-i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4} - \sqrt{z^2}\right)\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right) + \exp\left(i\left(\frac{(2\nu+1)\pi}{4} - \sqrt{z^2}\right)\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

### Using exponential function with branch cut-free arguments

03.01.06.0071.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1} i^\nu (-z)^{-\nu-\frac{1}{2}} z^\nu}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( e^{iz} \left( 1 + \frac{i(-1+4\nu^2)}{8z} - \frac{9-40\nu^2+16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \dots \right) + e^{-iz} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \cos(\pi\nu) - \sin(\pi\nu) \right) \left( 1 - \frac{i(-1+4\nu^2)}{8z} - \frac{9-40\nu^2+16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \dots \right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0072.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1} i^\nu (-z)^{-\nu-\frac{1}{2}} z^\nu}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( e^{iz} \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}-\nu\right)_k}{k!} \left(-\frac{i}{2z}\right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{n+1}}\right) \right) + e^{-iz} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \cos(\pi\nu) - \sin(\pi\nu) \right) \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{2}-\nu\right)_k}{k!} \left(\frac{i}{2z}\right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{n+1}}\right) \right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0073.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1} i^\nu (-z)^{-\nu-\frac{1}{2}} z^\nu}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( e^{iz} {}_2F_0\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-\nu; -\frac{i}{2z}\right) + e^{-iz} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-z^2} \cos(\pi\nu)}{z} - \sin(\pi\nu) \right) {}_2F_0\left(\nu+\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}-\nu; \frac{i}{2z}\right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

 $(|z| \rightarrow \infty) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$ 

03.01.06.0074.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1} i^\nu (-z)^{-\nu-\frac{1}{2}} z^\nu}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( e^{iz} \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right) + e^{-iz} \left( \frac{\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \cos(\pi\nu) - \sin(\pi\nu) \right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0075.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1} i^\nu e^{-iz}}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{z}} - \frac{(-1)^{3/4} i^\nu e^{iz-i\pi\nu}}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{z}} & \arg(z) \leq 0 \\ \frac{\sqrt[4]{-1} i^\nu e^{-iz}}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{z}} + \frac{(-1)^{3/4} i^\nu e^{iz+i\pi\nu}}{\sqrt{2\pi} \sqrt{z}} & \text{True} \end{cases} /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

**Expansions for any  $z$  in trigonometric form****Using trigonometric functions with branch cut-containing arguments**

03.01.06.0009.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} z^\nu (z^2)^{-\frac{2\nu+1}{4}}$$

$$\left( \cos\left(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 - \frac{9 - 40\nu^2 + 16\nu^4}{128z^2} + \frac{11025 - 51664\nu^2 + 31584\nu^4 - 5376\nu^6 + 256\nu^8}{98304z^4} + \dots \right) + \right.$$

$$\frac{1 - 4\nu^2}{8\sqrt{z^2}} \sin\left(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right)$$

$$\left. \left( 1 - \frac{225 - 136\nu^2 + 16\nu^4}{384z^2} + \frac{893025 - 656784\nu^2 + 137824\nu^4 - 10496\nu^6 + 256\nu^8}{491520z^4} + \dots \right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0076.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2} z^\nu (z^2)^{-\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)}}{\sqrt{\pi}}$$

$$\left( \cos\left(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(1-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k k!} \left(-\frac{1}{z^2}\right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) + \frac{1 - 4\nu^2}{8\sqrt{z^2}} \right.$$

$$\left. \sin\left(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(5-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+5)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k k!} \left(-\frac{1}{z^2}\right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0010.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2} z^\nu (z^2)^{-\frac{2\nu+1}{4}}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left( \cos\left(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) {}_4F_1\left(\frac{1-2\nu}{4}, \frac{3-2\nu}{4}, \frac{2\nu+1}{4}, \frac{2\nu+3}{4}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right) + \right.$$

$$\left. \frac{1 - 4\nu^2}{8\sqrt{z^2}} \sin\left(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) {}_4F_1\left(\frac{3-2\nu}{4}, \frac{5-2\nu}{4}, \frac{2\nu+3}{4}, \frac{2\nu+5}{4}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0011.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} z^\nu (z^2)^{-\frac{2\nu+1}{4}} \left( \cos\left(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) + \frac{1 - 4\nu^2}{8\sqrt{z^2}} \sin\left(\sqrt{z^2} - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

**Using trigonometric functions with branch cut-free arguments**

**03.01.06.0077.01**

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \left( 1 - \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \cos\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) + \frac{e^{i\pi\nu}}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \cos\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right)$$

$$\left( 1 - \frac{16\nu^4 - 40\nu^2 + 9}{128z^2} + \frac{256\nu^8 - 5376\nu^6 + 31584\nu^4 - 51664\nu^2 + 11025}{98304z^4} + \dots \right) +$$

$$\frac{1-4\nu^2}{8z\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \left( 1 - \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \sin\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) + \frac{e^{i\pi\nu}}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \sin\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right)$$

$$\left( 1 - \frac{16\nu^4 - 136\nu^2 + 225}{384z^2} + \frac{256\nu^8 - 10496\nu^6 + 137824\nu^4 - 656784\nu^2 + 893025}{491520z^4} + \dots \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

**03.01.06.0078.01**

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) e^{i\pi\nu} \cos\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \left( 1 - \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \cos\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right)$$

$$\left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(1-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+1)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)_k k!} \left( -\frac{1}{z^2} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) +$$

$$\frac{1-4\nu^2}{8z\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) e^{i\pi\nu} \sin\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \left( 1 - \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \sin\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right)$$

$$\left( \sum_{k=0}^n \frac{\left(\frac{1}{4}(3-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(5-2\nu)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+3)\right)_k \left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu+5)\right)_k}{\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)_k k!} \left( -\frac{1}{z^2} \right)^k + O\left(\frac{1}{z^{2n+2}}\right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

**03.01.06.0012.01**

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) e^{i\pi\nu} \cos\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \left( 1 - \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \cos\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right)$$

$${}_4F_1\left(\frac{1-2\nu}{4}, \frac{3-2\nu}{4}, \frac{2\nu+1}{4}, \frac{2\nu+3}{4}; \frac{1}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right) +$$

$$\frac{1-4\nu^2}{8z\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) e^{i\pi\nu} \sin\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \left( 1 - \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \sin\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right)$$

$${}_4F_1\left(\frac{3-2\nu}{4}, \frac{5-2\nu}{4}, \frac{2\nu+3}{4}, \frac{2\nu+5}{4}; \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0013.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) e^{i\pi\nu} \cos\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \left( 1 - \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \cos\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right) \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) + \\ \frac{1-4\nu^2}{8z\sqrt{2\pi}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{-z}} \left( 1 + \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) e^{i\pi\nu} \sin\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{z}} \left( 1 - \frac{i\sqrt{-z^2}}{z} \right) \sin\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) \right) \\ \left( 1 + O\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) \right) /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

03.01.06.0079.01

$$J_\nu(z) \propto \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi z}} \cos\left(z - \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) & \arg(z) \leq 0 \\ \frac{i e^{i\pi\nu} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{\pi z}} \cos\left(z + \frac{\pi(2\nu+1)}{4}\right) & \text{True} \end{cases} /; (|z| \rightarrow \infty)$$

## Residue representations

03.01.06.0014.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \pi 2^{-\nu} z^\nu \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{res}_s \left( \frac{\left(-\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^{-s}}{\Gamma(s + \frac{1}{2}) \Gamma(1 + \nu - s) \Gamma(\frac{1}{2} - s)} \Gamma(s) \right) (-j)$$

03.01.06.0015.01

$$J_\nu(z) = z^\nu (z^2)^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{res}_s \left( \frac{\left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^{-s}}{\Gamma(1 + \frac{\nu}{2} - s)} \Gamma\left(s + \frac{\nu}{2}\right) \right) \left(-j - \frac{\nu}{2}\right)$$

03.01.06.0016.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \pi z^\nu (-z^2)^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{res}_s \left( \frac{\left(-\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^{-s}}{\Gamma(\frac{\nu+1}{2} + s) \Gamma(1 + \frac{\nu}{2} - s) \Gamma(\frac{1-\nu}{2} - s)} \Gamma\left(s + \frac{\nu}{2}\right) \right) \left(-j - \frac{\nu}{2}\right)$$

03.01.06.0017.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{res}_s \left( \frac{\left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-2s}}{\Gamma(1 + \frac{\nu}{2} - s)} \Gamma\left(s + \frac{\nu}{2}\right) \right) \left(-j - \frac{\nu}{2}\right)$$

03.01.06.0018.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \pi z^\nu (\iota z)^{-\nu} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \operatorname{res}_s \left( \frac{\left(\frac{iz}{2}\right)^{-2s}}{\Gamma(\frac{\nu+1}{2} + s) \Gamma(1 + \frac{\nu}{2} - s) \Gamma(\frac{1-\nu}{2} - s)} \Gamma\left(s + \frac{\nu}{2}\right) \right) \left(-j - \frac{\nu}{2}\right)$$

## Integral representations

### On the real axis

#### Of the direct function

## 03.01.07.0001.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{2^{1-\nu}}{\sqrt{\pi} \Gamma\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right)} z^\nu \int_0^1 (1-t^2)^{\nu-\frac{1}{2}} \cos(zt) dt /; \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > -\frac{1}{2}$$

## 03.01.07.0002.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{\pi}} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(z \sin(t)) \cos^{2\nu}(t) dt /; \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > -\frac{1}{2}$$

## 03.01.07.0003.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right) \sqrt{\pi}} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu \int_0^\pi \cos(z \cos(t)) \sin^{2\nu}(t) dt /; \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > -\frac{1}{2}$$

## 03.01.07.0004.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \cos(z \sin(t) - t\nu) dt - \frac{\sin(\pi\nu)}{\pi} \int_0^\infty e^{-t\nu-z\sinh(t)} dt /; \arg(z) < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 03.01.07.0005.01

$$J_n(z) = \frac{i^{-n}}{\pi} \int_0^\pi e^{iz\cos(t)} \cos(nt) dt /; n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

## 03.01.07.0006.02

$$J_n(z) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \cos(tn - z \sin(t)) dt /; n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

## Contour integral representations

## 03.01.07.0007.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu \int_{\gamma-i\infty}^{\gamma+i\infty} e^{t-\frac{z^2}{4t}} t^{-\nu-1} dt /; \gamma > 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > 0$$

## 03.01.07.0008.01

$$J_\nu(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma-i\infty}^{\gamma+i\infty} \frac{\Gamma(s)}{\Gamma(1+\nu-s)} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\nu-2s} ds /; x > 0 \wedge 0 < \gamma < \frac{3}{4} + \frac{\operatorname{Re}(\nu)}{2}$$

## 03.01.07.0009.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{z^\nu (-z^2)^{-\frac{\nu}{2}}}{2\pi i} \int_{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\Gamma(s + \frac{\nu}{2})}{\Gamma(s + \frac{\nu+1}{2}) \Gamma(1 + \frac{\nu}{2} - s) \Gamma(\frac{1-\nu}{2} - s)} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^{-s} ds$$

## 03.01.07.0010.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{z^\nu (-z^2)^{-\frac{\nu}{2}}}{2i} \int_{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\Gamma(s + \frac{\nu}{2})}{\Gamma(s + \frac{\nu+1}{2}) \Gamma(1 + \frac{\nu}{2} - s) \Gamma(\frac{1-\nu}{2} - s)} \left(-\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^{-s} ds$$

## 03.01.07.0011.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\Gamma(s + \frac{\nu}{2})}{\Gamma(s + \frac{\nu+1}{2}) \Gamma(1 + \frac{\nu}{2} - s)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-2s} ds$$

## 03.01.07.0012.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{\pi z^\nu (iz)^{-\nu}}{2\pi i} \int_{\mathcal{L}} \frac{\Gamma(s + \frac{\nu}{2})}{\Gamma(s + \frac{\nu+1}{2}) \Gamma(1 + \frac{\nu}{2} - s) \Gamma(\frac{1-\nu}{2} - s)} \left(\frac{iz}{2}\right)^{-2s} ds$$

## Integral representations of negative integer order

For spherical Bessel functions

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 03.01.07.0013.01 \\
 j_n(z) &= \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{l}{2} \rfloor} c_{k,n} \frac{\partial^{n-2k} j_0(z)}{\partial z^{n-2k}} /; n \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge j_n(z) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2z}} J_{\frac{n+1}{2}}(z) \wedge c_{0,0} = 0 \wedge c_{1,2} = \frac{1}{2} \wedge \\
 c_{0,n} &= \frac{(-1)^n (2n-1)!!}{n!} \wedge \left( c_{k,n} = \frac{(n-1)c_{k-1,n-2}}{n} - \frac{(2n-1)c_{k,n-1}}{n} /; n \geq 1 \wedge k \leq n \right) \wedge (c_{k,n} = 0 /; k > n)
 \end{aligned}$$

## Limit representations

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 03.01.09.0001.01 \\
 J_\nu(z) &= \lim_{\lambda \rightarrow \infty} \lambda^\nu P_\lambda^{-\nu} \left( \cos \left( \frac{z}{\lambda} \right) \right) \\
 & 03.01.09.0002.01 \\
 J_\nu(z) &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^\nu} \left( \frac{2}{z} \right)^{-\nu} P_n^{(\nu,b)} \left( \cos \left( \frac{z}{n} \right) \right) \\
 & 03.01.09.0003.01 \\
 J_\nu(z) &= \left( \frac{z}{2} \right)^\nu \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^\nu} L_n^\nu \left( \frac{z^2}{4n} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{z^\nu}{2^\nu \Gamma(\nu + 1)} \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} {}_1F_1 \left( a; \nu + 1; -\frac{z^2}{4a} \right)$$

## Generating functions

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 03.01.11.0001.01 \\
 \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} t^k J_k(z) &= e^{\frac{1}{2} z(t - \frac{1}{t})} \\
 & 03.01.11.0002.01 \\
 \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} J_k(z) e^{ikq} &= e^{iz \sin(q)}
 \end{aligned}$$

P. Abbott

## Differential equations

### Ordinary linear differential equations and wronskians

For the direct function itself

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 03.01.13.0001.01 \\
 w''(z) z^2 + w'(z) z + (z^2 - \nu^2) w(z) &= 0 /; w(z) = c_1 J_\nu(z) + c_2 Y_\nu(z)
 \end{aligned}$$

## 03.01.13.0002.01

$$W_z(J_\nu(z), Y_\nu(z)) = \frac{2}{\pi z}$$

## 03.01.13.0003.01

$$w''(z) z^2 + w'(z) z + (z^2 - \nu^2) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 J_\nu(z) + c_2 J_{-\nu}(z) \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

## 03.01.13.0004.01

$$W_z(J_\nu(z), J_{-\nu}(z)) = -\frac{2 \sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi z}$$

## 03.01.13.0005.01

$$w''(z) + a z^n w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = \sqrt{z} \left( c_1 J_{\frac{1}{n+2}} \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a}}{n+2} z^{\frac{n+2}{2}} \right) + c_2 Y_{\frac{1}{n+2}} \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a}}{n+2} z^{\frac{n+2}{2}} \right) \right)$$

## 03.01.13.0006.01

$$W_z \left( \sqrt{z} J_{\frac{1}{n+2}} \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a}}{n+2} z^{\frac{n+2}{2}} \right), \sqrt{z} Y_{\frac{1}{n+2}} \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a}}{n+2} z^{\frac{n+2}{2}} \right) \right) = \frac{n+2}{\pi}$$

## 03.01.13.0007.01

$$w''(z) + a z^n w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = \sqrt{z} \left( c_1 J_{\frac{1}{n+2}} \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a}}{n+2} z^{\frac{n+2}{2}} \right) + c_2 J_{-\frac{1}{n+2}} \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a}}{n+2} z^{\frac{n+2}{2}} \right) \right) \wedge \frac{1}{n+2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

## 03.01.13.0008.01

$$W_z \left( \sqrt{z} J_{\frac{1}{n+2}} \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a}}{n+2} z^{\frac{n+2}{2}} \right), \sqrt{z} J_{-\frac{1}{n+2}} \left( \frac{2 \sqrt{a}}{n+2} z^{\frac{n+2}{2}} \right) \right) = -\frac{n+2}{\pi} \sin \left( \frac{\pi}{n+2} \right)$$

## 03.01.13.0009.01

$$w''(z) + \left( m^2 - \frac{1}{z^2} \left( \nu^2 - \frac{1}{4} \right) \right) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 \sqrt{z} J_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} z \right) + c_2 \sqrt{z} Y_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} z \right)$$

## 03.01.13.0010.01

$$W_z \left( \sqrt{z} J_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} z \right), \sqrt{z} Y_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} z \right) \right) = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

## 03.01.13.0011.01

$$w''(z) + \left( m^2 - \frac{1}{z^2} \left( \nu^2 - \frac{1}{4} \right) \right) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 \sqrt{z} J_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} z \right) + c_2 \sqrt{z} J_{-\nu} \left( \sqrt{m^2} z \right) \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

## 03.01.13.0012.01

$$W_z \left( \sqrt{z} J_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} z \right), \sqrt{z} J_{-\nu} \left( \sqrt{m^2} z \right) \right) = -\frac{2 \sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi}$$

## 03.01.13.0013.01

$$w''(z) + \left( \frac{m^2}{4z} - \frac{\nu^2 - 1}{4z^2} \right) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 \sqrt{z} J_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} \sqrt{z} \right) + c_2 \sqrt{z} Y_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} \sqrt{z} \right)$$

## 03.01.13.0014.01

$$W_z \left( \sqrt{z} J_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} \sqrt{z} \right), \sqrt{z} Y_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} \sqrt{z} \right) \right) = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

**03.01.13.0015.01**

$$w''(z) + \left( \frac{m^2}{4z} - \frac{\nu^2 - 1}{4z^2} \right) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 \sqrt{z} J_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} \sqrt{z} \right) + c_2 \sqrt{z} J_{-\nu} \left( \sqrt{m^2} \sqrt{z} \right) \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

**03.01.13.0016.01**

$$W_z \left( \sqrt{z} J_\nu \left( \sqrt{m^2} \sqrt{z} \right), \sqrt{z} J_{-\nu} \left( \sqrt{m^2} \sqrt{z} \right) \right) = - \frac{\sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi}$$

**03.01.13.0017.01**

$$w''(z) - \frac{2\nu - 1}{z} w'(z) + m^2 w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 z^\nu J_\nu(mz) + c_2 z^\nu Y_\nu(mz)$$

**03.01.13.0018.01**

$$W_z(z^\nu J_\nu(mz), z^\nu Y_\nu(mz)) = \frac{2}{\pi} z^{2\nu-1}$$

**03.01.13.0019.01**

$$w''(z) - \frac{2\nu - 1}{z} w'(z) + m^2 w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 z^\nu J_\nu(mz) + c_2 z^\nu J_{-\nu}(mz) \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

**03.01.13.0020.01**

$$W_z(z^\nu J_\nu(mz), z^\nu J_{-\nu}(mz)) = - \frac{2}{\pi} z^{2\nu-1} \sin(\pi \nu)$$

**03.01.13.0023.01**

$$z^2 w''(z) + (1 - 2p)z w'(z) + (m^2 q^2 z^{2q} + p^2 - \nu^2 q^2) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 z^p J_\nu(mz^q) + c_2 z^p J_{-\nu}(mz^q) \wedge \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

**03.01.13.0024.01**

$$W_z(J_\nu(m e^z), Y_\nu(m e^z)) = \frac{2}{\pi}$$

**03.01.13.0025.01**

$$w''(z) + (m^2 e^{2z} - \nu^2) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 J_\nu(m e^z) + c_2 Y_\nu(m e^z)$$

**03.01.13.0026.01**

$$W_z(J_\nu(m e^z), J_{-\nu}(m e^z)) = - \frac{2}{\pi} \sin(\pi \nu)$$

**03.01.13.0027.01**

$$(z^2 - \nu^2) z^2 w''(z) + (z^2 - 3\nu^2) z w'(z) + ((z^2 - \nu^2)^2 - z^2 - \nu^2) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 \frac{\partial J_\nu(z)}{\partial z} + c_2 \frac{\partial Y_\nu(z)}{\partial z}$$

**03.01.13.0028.01**

$$W_z \left( \frac{\partial J_\nu(z)}{\partial z}, \frac{\partial Y_\nu(z)}{\partial z} \right) = \frac{1}{2\pi z} (4 - \pi \nu J_{\nu+1}(z) Y_{\nu-1}(z) + \pi \nu J_{\nu-1}(z) Y_{\nu+1}(z))$$

**03.01.13.0029.01**

$$w^{(4)}(z) - \frac{m^4}{z^2} w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 z \left( I_2(2m\sqrt{z}) - J_2(2m\sqrt{z}) \right) + c_2 z \left( I_2(2m\sqrt{z}) + J_2(2m\sqrt{z}) \right) + c_3 G_{0,4}^{2,0} \left( \frac{m^4 z^2}{16} \middle| 0, 1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right) + c_4 G_{0,4}^{2,0} \left( \frac{m^4 z^2}{16} \middle| \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, 0, 1 \right)$$

**03.01.13.0034.01**

$$w''(z) - \left( \frac{g''(z)}{g'(z)} - \frac{g'(z)}{g(z)} \right) w'(z) - \left( \frac{\nu^2}{(g(z))^2} - 1 \right) g'(z)^2 w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 J_\nu(g(z)) + c_2 Y_\nu(g(z))$$

## 03.01.13.0035.01

$$W_z(J_\nu(g(z)), Y_\nu(g(z))) = \frac{2 g'(z)}{\pi g(z)}$$

## 03.01.13.0036.01

$$w''(z) - \left( -\frac{g'(z)}{g(z)} + \frac{2 h'(z)}{h(z)} + \frac{g''(z)}{g'(z)} \right) w'(z) - \left( \left( \frac{\nu^2}{g(z)^2} - 1 \right) g'(z)^2 + \frac{h'(z) g'(z)}{g(z) h(z)} + \frac{h(z) h''(z) - 2 h'(z)^2}{h(z)^2} - \frac{h'(z) g''(z)}{h(z) g'(z)} \right) w(z) = 0 /;$$

$$w(z) = c_1 h(z) J_\nu(g(z)) + c_2 h(z) Y_\nu(g(z))$$

## 03.01.13.0037.01

$$W_z(h(z) J_\nu(g(z)), h(z) Y_\nu(g(z))) = \frac{2 h(z)^2 g'(z)}{\pi g(z)}$$

## 03.01.13.0021.01

$$z^2 w''(z) + (1 - 2 s) z w'(z) + (a^2 r^2 z^{2r} - \nu^2 r^2 + s^2) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 z^s J_\nu(a z^r) + c_2 z^s Y_\nu(a z^r)$$

## 03.01.13.0022.01

$$W_z(z^s J_\nu(a z^r), z^s Y_\nu(a z^r)) = \frac{2 r z^{2s-1}}{\pi}$$

## 03.01.13.0038.01

$$w''(z) - 2 \log(s) w'(z) + ((a^2 r^{2z} - \nu^2) \log^2(r) + \log^2(s)) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 s^z J_\nu(a r^z) + c_2 s^z Y_\nu(a r^z)$$

## 03.01.13.0039.01

$$W_z(s^z J_\nu(a r^z), s^z Y_\nu(a r^z)) = \frac{2 s^{2z} \log(r)}{\pi}$$

**Involving related functions**

## 03.01.13.0030.01

$$\left( \prod_{k=1}^4 \left( z \frac{d}{dz} \right) \right) w(z) - 2 (\mu^2 + \nu^2) \left( \prod_{k=1}^2 \left( z \frac{d}{dz} \right) \right) w(z) + (\nu^2 - \mu^2)^2 w(z) + 4 z^2 \left( \left( \prod_{k=1}^2 \left( z \frac{d}{dz} \right) \right) w(z) + 2 w(z) + 3 z w'(z) \right) = 0 /;$$

$$w(z) = c_1 J_\mu(z) J_\nu(z) + c_2 J_\nu(z) Y_\mu(z) + c_3 J_\mu(z) Y_\nu(z) + c_4 Y_\mu(z) Y_\nu(z)$$

## 03.01.13.0031.01

$$\left( \prod_{k=1}^4 \left( z \frac{d}{dz} \right) \right) w(z) - 2 (\mu^2 + \nu^2) \left( \prod_{k=1}^2 \left( z \frac{d}{dz} \right) \right) w(z) + (\nu^2 - \mu^2)^2 w(z) + 4 z^2 \left( \left( \prod_{k=1}^2 \left( z \frac{d}{dz} \right) \right) w(z) + 2 w(z) + 3 z w'(z) \right) = 0 /;$$

$$w(z) = c_1 J_\mu(z) J_\nu(z) + c_2 J_{-\mu}(z) J_\nu(z) + c_3 J_\mu(z) J_{-\nu}(z) + c_4 J_{-\mu}(z) J_{-\nu}(z)$$

## 03.01.13.0032.01

$$\left( \prod_{k=1}^3 \left( z \frac{d}{dz} \right) \right) w(z) + 4 (z^2 - \nu^2) z w'(z) + 4 z^2 w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 J_\nu(z)^2 + c_2 Y_\nu(z) J_\nu(z) + c_3 Y_\nu(z)^2$$

## 03.01.13.0033.01

$$z^3 w^{(3)}(z) + (4 z^2 - 4 \nu^2 + 1) z w'(z) + (4 \nu^2 - 1) w(z) = 0 /; w(z) = c_1 z J_\nu(z)^2 + c_2 z Y_\nu(z) J_\nu(z) + c_3 z Y_\nu(z)^2$$

**Transformations****Transformations and argument simplifications****Argument involving basic arithmetic operations**

03.01.16.0001.01

$$J_\nu(-z) = (-z)^\nu z^{-\nu} J_\nu(z)$$

03.01.16.0002.01

$$J_\nu(i z) = \frac{(iz)^\nu}{z^\nu} I_\nu(z)$$

03.01.16.0003.01

$$J_\nu(-i z) = \frac{(-iz)^\nu}{z^\nu} I_\nu(z)$$

03.01.16.0004.01

$$J_\nu\left(\sqrt{z^2}\right) = z^{-\nu} (z^2)^{\nu/2} J_\nu(z)$$

03.01.16.0005.01

$$J_\nu(c(dz^n)^m) = \frac{(c(dz^n)^m)^\nu}{(c d^m z^{mn})^\nu} J_\nu(c d^m z^{mn}) /; 2m \in \mathbb{Z}$$

## Addition formulas

03.01.16.0006.01

$$J_\nu(z_1 - z_2) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} J_{k+\nu}(z_1) J_k(z_2) /; \left| \frac{z_2}{z_1} \right| < 1 \quad \forall \nu \in \mathbb{Z}$$

03.01.16.0007.01

$$J_\nu(z_1 + z_2) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} J_{\nu-k}(z_1) J_k(z_2) /; \left| \frac{z_2}{z_1} \right| < 1 \quad \forall \nu \in \mathbb{Z}$$

## Multiple arguments

03.01.16.0008.01

$$J_\nu(z_1 z_2) = z_1^\nu \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k!} (z_1^2 - 1)^k J_{k+\nu}(z_2) \left(\frac{z_2}{2}\right)^k$$

03.01.16.0009.01

$$J_\nu(z_1 z_2) = z_1^{-\nu} \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} (z_1^2 - 1)^k J_{\nu-k}(z_2) \left(\frac{z_2}{2}\right)^k$$

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## Identities

### Recurrence identities

#### Consecutive neighbors

03.01.17.0001.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{2(\nu+1)}{z} J_{\nu+1}(z) - J_{\nu+2}(z)$$

03.01.17.0002.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{2(\nu-1)}{z} J_{\nu-1}(z) - J_{\nu-2}(z)$$

## Distant neighbors

### Increasing

**03.01.17.0003.01**

$$J_\nu(z) = 2^{n-1} z^{-n} (\nu + 1)_{n-1} \left( 2(n+\nu) \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(n-k)!}{k! (n-2k)! (-n-\nu)_k (\nu+1)_k} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^k J_{n+\nu}(z) - \right. \\ \left. z \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(n-k-1)!}{k! (n-2k-1)! (1-\nu-n)_k (\nu+1)_k} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^k J_{n+\nu+1}(z) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

**03.01.17.0015.01**

$$J_\nu(z) = 2^{n-1} z^{-n} (\nu + 1)_{n-1} \left( 2(n+\nu) {}_3F_4\left(1, \frac{1-n}{2}, -\frac{n}{2}; 1, -n, -n-\nu, \nu+1; -z^2\right) J_{n+\nu}(z) - \right. \\ \left. z {}_3F_4\left(1, \frac{1-n}{2}, 1-\frac{n}{2}; 1, 1-n, -n-\nu+1, \nu+1; -z^2\right) J_{n+\nu+1}(z) \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

**03.01.17.0007.01**

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{(4(\nu+1)(\nu+2)-z^2)J_{\nu+2}(z) - 2z(\nu+1)J_{\nu+3}(z)}{z^2}$$

**03.01.17.0008.01**

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{4(\nu+2)(2(\nu+1)(\nu+3)-z^2)J_{\nu+3}(z) + z(z^2-4(\nu+1)(\nu+2))J_{\nu+4}(z)}{z^3}$$

**03.01.17.0009.01**

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{z^4} ((z^4 - 12(\nu+2)(\nu+3)z^2 + 16(\nu+1)(\nu+2)(\nu+3)(\nu+4))J_{\nu+4}(z) + 4z(\nu+2)(z^2 - 2(\nu+1)(\nu+3))J_{\nu+5}(z))$$

**03.01.17.0010.01**

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{z^5} (2(\nu+3)(3z^4 - 16(\nu+2)(\nu+4)z^2 + 16(\nu+1)(\nu+2)(\nu+4)(\nu+5))J_{\nu+5}(z) - \\ z(z^4 - 12(\nu+2)(\nu+3)z^2 + 16(\nu+1)(\nu+2)(\nu+3)(\nu+4))J_{\nu+6}(z))$$

**03.01.17.0016.01**

$$J_\nu(z) = C_n(\nu, z) J_{\nu+n}(z) - C_{n-1}(\nu, z) J_{\nu+n+1}(z) /;$$

$$C_0(\nu, z) = 1 \bigwedge C_1(\nu, z) = \frac{2(\nu+1)}{z} \bigwedge C_n(\nu, z) = \frac{2(n+\nu)}{z} C_{n-1}(\nu, z) - C_{n-2}(\nu, z) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

**03.01.17.0017.01**

$$J_\nu(z) = C_n(\nu, z) J_{\nu+n}(z) - C_{n-1}(\nu, z) J_{\nu+n+1}(z) /; C_n(\nu, z) = 2^n z^{-n} (\nu+1)_n {}_2F_3\left(\frac{1-n}{2}, -\frac{n}{2}; \nu+1, -n, -n-\nu; -z^2\right) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

### Decreasing

## 03.01.17.0004.01

$$J_\nu(z) = 2^{n-1} (-z)^{-n} (1-\nu)_{n-1} \left( z \sum_{k=0}^{\left\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \right\rfloor} \frac{(n-k-1)!}{k! (n-2k-1)! (1-\nu)_k (\nu-n+1)_k} \left( \frac{z^2}{4} \right)^k J_{\nu-n-1}(z) + \right.$$

$$\left. 2(n-\nu) \sum_{k=0}^{\left\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \right\rfloor} \frac{(n-k)!}{k! (n-2k)! (1-\nu)_k (\nu-n)_k} \left( \frac{z^2}{4} \right)^k J_{\nu-n}(z) \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.17.0018.01

$$J_\nu(z) = 2^{n-1} (-z)^{-n} (1-\nu)_{n-1} \left( 2(n-\nu) {}_3F_4 \left( 1, \frac{1-n}{2}, -\frac{n}{2}; 1, -n, 1-\nu, \nu-n; -z^2 \right) J_{\nu-n}(z) + \right.$$

$$\left. z {}_3F_4 \left( 1, \frac{1-n}{2}, 1-\frac{n}{2}; 1, 1-n, 1-\nu, -n+\nu+1; -z^2 \right) J_{\nu-n-1}(z) \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.17.0011.01

$$J_\nu(z) = -\frac{2z(\nu-1)J_{\nu-3}(z) + (z^2 - 4(\nu-2)(\nu-1))J_{\nu-2}(z)}{z^2}$$

## 03.01.17.0012.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{z(z^2 - 4(\nu-2)(\nu-1))J_{\nu-4}(z) - 4(z^2 - 2(\nu-3)(\nu-1))(\nu-2)J_{\nu-3}(z)}{z^3}$$

## 03.01.17.0013.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{z^4} (4z(z^2 - 2(\nu-3)(\nu-1))(\nu-2)J_{\nu-5}(z) + (z^4 - 12(\nu-3)(\nu-2)z^2 + 16(\nu-4)(\nu-3)(\nu-2)(\nu-1))J_{\nu-4}(z))$$

## 03.01.17.0014.01

$$J_\nu(z) = -\frac{1}{z^5} (z(z^4 - 12(\nu-3)(\nu-2)z^2 + 16(\nu-4)(\nu-3)(\nu-2)(\nu-1))J_{\nu-6}(z) - 2(3z^4 - 16(\nu-4)(\nu-2)z^2 + 16(\nu-5)(\nu-4)(\nu-2)(\nu-1))(\nu-3)J_{\nu-5}(z))$$

## 03.01.17.0019.01

$$J_\nu(z) = C_n(\nu, z) J_{\nu-n}(z) - C_{n-1}(\nu, z) J_{\nu-n-1}(z) /;$$

$$C_0(\nu, z) = 1 \bigwedge C_1(\nu, z) = \frac{2(\nu-1)}{z} \bigwedge C_n(\nu, z) = \frac{2(-n+\nu)}{z} C_{n-1}(\nu, z) - C_{n-2}(\nu, z) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

## 03.01.17.0020.01

$$J_\nu(z) = C_n(\nu, z) J_{\nu-n}(z) - C_{n-1}(\nu, z) J_{-n+\nu-1}(z) /; C_n(\nu, z) = (-2)^n z^{-n} (1-\nu)_n {}_2F_3 \left( \frac{1-n}{2}, -\frac{n}{2}; 1-\nu, -n, \nu-n; -z^2 \right) \bigwedge n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

**Functional identities****Relations between contiguous functions**

## 03.01.17.0005.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{z(J_{\nu-1}(z) + J_{\nu+1}(z))}{2\nu}$$

**Relations of special kind**

## 03.01.17.0006.01

$$J_{\nu-1}(z) J_{-\nu}(z) + J_{1-\nu}(z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{2 \sin(\nu\pi)}{\pi z}$$

## Differentiation

### Low-order differentiation

With respect to  $v$

03.01.20.0001.01

$$J_v^{(1,0)}(z) = J_v(z) \log\left(\frac{z}{2}\right) - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k! \Gamma(k+v+1)} \psi(k+v+1) \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{2k+v}$$

03.01.20.0002.01

$$J_v^{(1,0)}(z) = \frac{1}{(v+1) \Gamma(v+2)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{v+2} F_{2 \times 0 \times 1}^{0 \times 1 \times 2} \left( \begin{matrix} ; 1; 1+v; \\ 2, 2+v; 2+v; \end{matrix} \left| -\frac{z^2}{4}, -\frac{z^2}{4} \right. \right) + J_v(z) (\log(z) - \log(2) - \psi(v+1))$$

03.01.20.0003.02

$$J_n^{(1,0)}(z) = \frac{n!}{2} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{(n-k) k!} J_k(z) \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^k + \frac{\pi}{2} Y_n(z) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

03.01.20.0018.01

$$\begin{aligned} J_{-n}^{(1,0)}(z) &= \frac{n!}{2} \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{1}{(n-k) k!} J_k(z) \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^k + \\ &\quad \frac{1}{n!} \left(-\frac{z}{2}\right)^n \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{1}{j} {}_1F_2 \left( \begin{matrix} j; j+1, n+1; \\ -\frac{z^2}{4} \end{matrix} \right) + \frac{(-1)^n \pi}{2} Y_n(z) + (-1)^{n-1} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{(n-k-1)!}{k!} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{2k-n} /; n \in \mathbb{N} \end{aligned}$$

03.01.20.0019.01

$$\begin{aligned} J_{n+\frac{1}{2}}^{(1,0)}(z) &= \\ &\frac{2(2z)^{\frac{1}{2}-n} \left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]}{n! \sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} (-1)^k 2^{2k} \binom{n}{2k+1} (2n-2k-1)! \left( \cos(z) \left( \psi\left(k+\frac{3}{2}\right) - \psi\left(k-n+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) - \cos(z) \text{Ci}(2z) - \sin(z) \text{Si}(2z) \right) z^{2k} - \\ &\frac{2(2z)^{-n-\frac{1}{2}} \left[\frac{n}{2}\right]}{n! \sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]} (-1)^k 2^{2k} \binom{n}{2k} (2n-2k)! \left( \left( \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right) - \psi\left(k-n+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) \sin(z) + \cos(z) \text{Si}(2z) - \text{Ci}(2z) \sin(z) \right) z^{2k} /; n \in \mathbb{N} \end{aligned}$$

Brychkov Yu.A. (2005)

03.01.20.0020.01

$$\begin{aligned} J_{-n-\frac{1}{2}}^{(1,0)}(z) &= \frac{(-1)^n 2(2z)^{-n-\frac{1}{2}}}{n! \sqrt{\pi}} \\ &\sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]} (-1)^k 2^{2k} \binom{n}{2k} (2n-2k)! \left( \cos(z) \left( \psi\left(k+\frac{1}{2}\right) - \psi\left(k-n+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) + \cos(z) \text{Ci}(2z) + \sin(z) \text{Si}(2z) \right) z^{2k} + \frac{(-1)^n 2(2z)^{\frac{1}{2}-n}}{n! \sqrt{\pi}} \\ &\sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]} (-1)^k 2^{2k} \binom{n}{2k+1} (2n-2k-1)! \left( \left( \psi\left(k+\frac{3}{2}\right) - \psi\left(k-n+\frac{1}{2}\right) \right) \sin(z) + \text{Ci}(2z) \sin(z) - \cos(z) \text{Si}(2z) \right) z^{2k} /; n \in \mathbb{N} \end{aligned}$$

Brychkov Yu.A. (2005)

**With respect to  $z$** 

03.01.20.0004.01

$$\frac{\partial J_\nu(z)}{\partial z} = J_{\nu-1}(z) - \frac{\nu}{z} J_\nu(z)$$

03.01.20.0005.01

$$\frac{\partial J_\nu(z)}{\partial z} = \frac{\nu}{z} J_\nu(z) - J_{\nu+1}(z)$$

03.01.20.0006.01

$$\frac{\partial J_\nu(z)}{\partial z} = \frac{1}{2} (J_{\nu-1}(z) - J_{\nu+1}(z))$$

03.01.20.0007.01

$$\frac{\partial J_0(z)}{\partial z} = -J_1(z)$$

03.01.20.0008.01

$$\frac{\partial (z^\nu J_\nu(z))}{\partial z} = z^\nu J_{\nu-1}(z)$$

03.01.20.0009.01

$$\frac{\partial (z^{-\nu} J_\nu(z))}{\partial z} = -z^{-\nu} J_{\nu+1}(z)$$

03.01.20.0010.01

$$\frac{\partial^2 J_\nu(z)}{\partial z^2} = \frac{1}{4} (J_{\nu-2}(z) - 2 J_\nu(z) + J_{\nu+2}(z))$$

**Symbolic differentiation****With respect to  $\nu$** 

03.01.20.0011.02

$$J_\nu^{(m,0)}(z) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k!} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{2k} \frac{\partial^m}{\partial \nu^m} \left( \frac{1}{\Gamma(k+\nu+1)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu \right) /; m \in \mathbb{N}$$

**With respect to  $z$** 

03.01.20.0012.01

$$J_\nu^{(0,n)}(0) = 0 /; n \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge \left( \nu \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge |\nu| > n \vee \sqrt{\frac{n-\nu-1}{2}} \in \mathbb{N} \right)$$

03.01.20.0013.01

$$J_\nu^{(0,n)}(0) = \frac{(-1)^{\frac{n-\nu}{2}} 2^{-n} n!}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(n-\nu+2)\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(n+\nu+2)\right)} /; n \in \mathbb{N}^+ \wedge \frac{n-\nu}{2} \in \mathbb{Z} \wedge |\nu| \leq n$$

## 03.01.20.0021.01

$$\frac{\partial^n J_\nu(z)}{\partial z^n} = z^{-n} \sum_{m=0}^n (-1)^{m+n} \binom{n}{m} (-\nu)_{n-m} \sum_{k=0}^m \frac{(-1)^{k-1} 2^{2k-m} (-m)_{2(m-k)} (\nu)_k}{(m-k)!} \\ \left[ \frac{z}{2} \sum_{j=0}^{k-1} \frac{(k-j-1)!}{j! (k-2j-1)! (1-k-\nu)_j (\nu)_{j+1}} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^j J_{\nu-1}(z) - \sum_{j=0}^k \frac{(k-j)!}{j! (k-2j)! (1-k-\nu)_j (\nu)_j} \left(\frac{z^2}{4}\right)^j J_\nu(z) \right]; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.20.0014.02

$$\frac{\partial^n J_\nu(z)}{\partial z^n} = 2^{n-2\nu} \sqrt{\pi} z^{\nu-n} \Gamma(\nu+1) {}_2\tilde{F}_3 \left( \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu+2}{2}; \frac{1}{2} (-n+\nu+1), \frac{1}{2} (-n+\nu+2), \nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.20.0015.02

$$\frac{\partial^n J_\nu(z)}{\partial z^n} = 2^{-n} \sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} J_{2k-n+\nu}(z); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

**Fractional integro-differentiation****With respect to  $z$** 

## 03.01.20.0016.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha J_\nu(z)}{\partial z^\alpha} = 2^{\alpha-2\nu} \sqrt{\pi} z^{\nu-\alpha} \Gamma(\nu+1) {}_2\tilde{F}_3 \left( \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu+2}{2}; \frac{1}{2} (-\alpha+\nu+1), \frac{1}{2} (-\alpha+\nu+2), \nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right); -\nu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

## 03.01.20.0017.01

$$\frac{\partial^\alpha J_{-n}(z)}{\partial z^\alpha} = (-1)^n 2^{\alpha-2n} \sqrt{\pi} z^{n-\alpha} \Gamma(n+1) {}_2\tilde{F}_3 \left( \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}; \frac{1}{2} (n-\alpha+1), \frac{1}{2} (n-\alpha+2), n+1; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right); n \in \mathbb{N}^+$$

**Integration****Indefinite integration****Involving only one direct function**

## 03.01.21.0001.01

$$\int J_\nu(a z) dz = 2^{-\nu-1} z (az)^\nu \Gamma\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_1\tilde{F}_2 \left( \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}; \nu+1, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{4} a^2 z^2 \right)$$

## 03.01.21.0002.01

$$\int J_\nu(z) dz = 2^{-\nu-1} z^{\nu+1} \Gamma\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_1\tilde{F}_2 \left( \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}; \nu+1, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right)$$

## 03.01.21.0003.01

$$\int J_0(z) dz = \frac{1}{2} z (\pi J_1(z) H_0(z) + J_0(z) (2 - \pi H_1(z)))$$

## 03.01.21.0004.01

$$\int J_1(z) dz = -J_0(z)$$

**Involving one direct function and elementary functions****Involving power function**

Involving power

## Linear arguments

03.01.21.0005.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_\nu(a z) dz = 2^{-\nu-1} z^\alpha (az)^\nu \Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha+\nu}{2}\right) {}_1\tilde{F}_2\left(\frac{\alpha+\nu}{2}; \nu+1, \frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\nu+2); -\frac{1}{4}a^2 z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0006.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_\nu(z) dz = 2^{-\nu-1} z^{\alpha+\nu} \Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2}\right) {}_1\tilde{F}_2\left(\frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2}; \nu+1, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

03.01.21.0007.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_0(z) dz = \frac{z^\alpha}{\alpha} {}_1F_2\left(\frac{\alpha}{2}; 1, \frac{\alpha}{2} + 1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

03.01.21.0008.01

$$\int z^{1-\nu} J_\nu(z) dz = -z^{1-\nu} J_{\nu-1}(z)$$

03.01.21.0009.01

$$\int z^{-\nu} J_\nu(z) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_1F_2\left(\frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

03.01.21.0010.01

$$\int z^{\nu+3} J_\nu(z) dz = \frac{z^{\nu+2} \Gamma(\nu+2)}{(\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} (2(\nu+1) J_{\nu+2}(z) - z J_{\nu+3}(z))$$

03.01.21.0011.01

$$\int z^{\nu+1} J_\nu(z) dz = z^{\nu+1} J_{\nu+1}(z)$$

03.01.21.0012.01

$$\int z^\nu J_\nu(z) dz = 2^{-\nu-1} z^{2\nu+1} \Gamma\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right) {}_1\tilde{F}_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}; \nu+1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

03.01.21.0013.01

$$\int z J_0(z) dz = z J_1(z)$$

03.01.21.0014.01

$$\int \frac{J_0(z)}{z} dz = -\frac{1}{2} G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z^2}{4} \middle| 0, 0, 0\right)$$

## Power arguments

03.01.21.0015.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_\nu(a z^r) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu-1} z^\alpha (az^r)^\nu}{r} \Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha+r\nu}{2r}\right) {}_1\tilde{F}_2\left(\frac{\alpha+r\nu}{2r}; \nu+1, \frac{\alpha+r(\nu+2)}{2r}; -\frac{1}{4}a^2 z^{2r}\right)$$

## Involving exponential function

Involving exp

## Linear arguments

03.01.21.0016.01

$$\int e^{-iaz} J_\nu(az) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z (az)^\nu}{(\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu+1; \nu+2, 2\nu+1; -2iaz\right)$$

03.01.21.0017.01

$$\int e^{iaz} J_\nu(az) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z (az)^\nu}{(\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu+1; \nu+2, 2\nu+1; 2iaz\right)$$

## Power arguments

03.01.21.0018.01

$$\int e^{-iaz^r} J_\nu(az^r) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z (az^r)^\nu}{(r\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{r}; \nu + \frac{1}{r} + 1, 2\nu + 1; -2iaz^r\right)$$

03.01.21.0019.01

$$\int e^{iaz^r} J_\nu(az^r) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z (az^r)^\nu}{(r\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{r}; \nu + \frac{1}{r} + 1, 2\nu + 1; 2iaz^r\right)$$

## Involving exponential function and a power function

Involving exp and power

## Linear arguments

03.01.21.0020.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} e^{-iaz} J_\nu(az) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (az)^\nu}{(\alpha+\nu) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \alpha+\nu; \alpha+\nu+1, 2\nu+1; -2iaz\right)$$

03.01.21.0021.01

$$\int z^{-\nu} e^{-iaz} J_\nu(az) dz = \frac{i 2^{-\nu} e^{-iaz} z^{-\nu}}{a(2\nu-1) \Gamma(\nu)} (-2e^{iaz}(az)^\nu + 2^\nu a z J_{\nu-1}(az) \Gamma(\nu) + 2^\nu a iz J_\nu(az) \Gamma(\nu))$$

03.01.21.0022.01

$$\int z^\nu e^{-iaz} J_\nu(az) dz = \frac{e^{-iaz} z^{\nu+1}}{2\nu+1} (J_\nu(az) + i J_{\nu+1}(az))$$

03.01.21.0023.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} e^{iaz} J_\nu(az) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (az)^\nu}{(\alpha+\nu) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \alpha+\nu; \alpha+\nu+1, 2\nu+1; 2iaz\right)$$

03.01.21.0024.01

$$\int z^{-\nu} e^{iaz} J_\nu(az) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z^{-\nu}}{a(2\nu-1) \Gamma(\nu)} (2i(az)^\nu - i 2^\nu a e^{iaz} z J_{\nu-1}(az) \Gamma(\nu) - 2^\nu a e^{iaz} z J_\nu(az) \Gamma(\nu))$$

03.01.21.0025.01

$$\int z^\nu e^{iaz} J_\nu(a z) dz = \frac{e^{iaz} z^{\nu+1}}{2\nu+1} (J_\nu(a z) - i J_{\nu+1}(a z))$$

## Power arguments

03.01.21.0026.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} e^{-iaz^r} J_\nu(a z^r) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (az^r)^\nu}{(\alpha + r\nu) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} {}_2F_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{r} + \nu; \frac{\alpha}{r} + \nu + 1, 2\nu + 1; -2ia z^r\right)$$

03.01.21.0027.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} e^{iaz^r} J_\nu(a z^r) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (az^r)^\nu}{(\alpha + r\nu) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} {}_2F_2\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{r} + \nu; \frac{\alpha}{r} + \nu + 1, 2\nu + 1; 2ia z^r\right)$$

## Involving trigonometric functions

### Involving sin

#### Linear arguments

03.01.21.0028.01

$$\int \sin(a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z (az)^\nu}{(\nu + 2) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 2, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0029.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sin(b + az) J_\nu(a z) dz = & \\ & \frac{1}{(\nu + 2) \Gamma(\nu + 1) \Gamma(\nu + 2)} \left( 2^{-\nu} z (az)^\nu \left( a z \cos(b) \Gamma(\nu + 2) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 2, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^2\right) \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + (\nu + 2) \Gamma(\nu + 1) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right) \sin(b) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

#### Power arguments

03.01.21.0030.01

$$\int \sin(a z^r) J_\nu(a z^r) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z (az^r)^\nu}{(\nu r + r + 1) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2r}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2r}, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^{2r}\right)$$

03.01.21.0031.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int \sin(a z^r + b) J_\nu(a z^r) dz = & \\ & \frac{1}{(r\nu + 1)(r\nu + r + 1)\Gamma(\nu + 1)} \\ & \left( 2^{-\nu} z (az^r)^\nu \left( a(r\nu + 1) \cos(b) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2r}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2r}, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) z^r + \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. + (r\nu + r + 1) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2r}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2r} + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) \sin(b) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

### Involving cos

## Linear arguments

03.01.21.0032.01

$$\int \cos(a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z (az)^\nu}{(\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0033.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int \cos(b + a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = & \\ & -\frac{1}{(\nu+1)(\nu+2) \Gamma(\nu+1)} \left( 2^{-\nu} z (az)^\nu \left( a z (\nu+1) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 2, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^2\right) \sin(b) - \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. (\nu+2) \cos(b) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

## Power arguments

03.01.21.0034.01

$$\int \cos(a z^r) J_\nu(a z^r) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z (az)^{\nu r}}{r \nu \Gamma(\nu+1) + \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2 r}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2 r} + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right)$$

03.01.21.0035.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int \cos(a z^r + b) J_\nu(a z^r) dz = & \frac{1}{(r \nu + 1) (r \nu + r + 1) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} \\ & \left( 2^{-\nu} z (az)^{\nu r} \left( (\nu r + r + 1) \cos(b) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2 r}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2 r} + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) - \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. a z^r (r \nu + 1) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2 r}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2 r}, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) \sin(b) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

## Involving trigonometric functions and a power function

### Involving sin and power

## Linear arguments

03.01.21.0036.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} \sin(a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (az)^{\nu+1}}{(\alpha+\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0037.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int z^{\alpha-1} \sin(b + a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = & \frac{1}{(\alpha+\nu) (\alpha+\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} \\ & \left( 2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (az)^\nu \left( a z (\alpha+\nu) \cos(b) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^2\right) + \right. \right. \\ & \left. \left. (\alpha+\nu+1) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right) \sin(b) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

## Power arguments

03.01.21.0038.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} \sin(a z^r) J_\nu(a z^r) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (a z^r)^{\nu+1}}{(\nu r + r + \alpha) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^{2r}\right)$$

03.01.21.0039.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int z^{\alpha-1} \sin(a z^r + b) J_\nu(a z^r) dz &= \frac{1}{(\alpha + r\nu)(\nu r + r + \alpha) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} \\ &\left( 2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (a z^r)^\nu \left( a(\alpha + r\nu) \cos(b) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. (\nu r + r + \alpha) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) \sin(b) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Involving cos and power

## Linear arguments

03.01.21.0040.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} \cos(a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (a z)^\nu}{(\alpha + \nu) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0041.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int z^{\alpha-1} \cos(b + a z) J_\nu(a z) dz &= \frac{1}{(\alpha + \nu)(\alpha + \nu + 1) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} \left( 2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (a z)^\nu \left( (\alpha + \nu + 1) \cos(b) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right) \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. a z (\alpha + \nu) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^2\right) \sin(b) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

## Power arguments

03.01.21.0042.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} \cos(a z^r) J_\nu(a z^r) dz = \frac{2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (a z^r)^\nu}{(\alpha + r\nu) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right)$$

03.01.21.0043.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int z^{\alpha-1} \cos(a z^r + b) J_\nu(a z^r) dz &= \frac{1}{(\alpha + r\nu)(\nu r + r + \alpha) \Gamma(\nu + 1)} \\ &\left( 2^{-\nu} z^\alpha (a z^r)^\nu \left( (\nu r + r + \alpha) \cos(b) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2}; \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. a z^r (\alpha + r\nu) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{4}, \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{5}{4}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}; \frac{3}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) \sin(b) \right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Involving functions of the direct function

Involving elementary functions of the direct function

Involving powers of the direct function

## Linear arguments

03.01.21.0044.01

$$\int J_\nu(a z)^2 dz = \frac{4^{-\nu} z (a z)^{2\nu}}{(2\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)^2} {}_2F_3\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}; \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}, 2\nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0045.01

$$\int J_\nu(z)^2 dz = \frac{2^{-2\nu-1} z^{2\nu+1}}{\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}\right) \Gamma(\nu+1)^2} {}_2F_3\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}; \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}, 2\nu + 1; -z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0046.01

$$\int \frac{1}{z J_{-\nu}(z) J_\nu(z)} dz = -\frac{1}{2} \pi \csc(\pi\nu) \log\left(\frac{J_{-\nu}(z)}{J_\nu(z)}\right)$$

## Power arguments

03.01.21.0047.01

$$\int J_\nu(a z^r)^2 dz = \frac{4^{-\nu} z (a z^r)^{2\nu}}{(2r\nu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)^2} {}_2F_3\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2r}; \nu + 1, \nu + \frac{1}{2r} + 1, 2\nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right)$$

Involving products of the direct function

## Linear arguments

03.01.21.0048.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int J_\mu(a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = & \\ & \frac{2^{-\mu-\nu} z (a z)^{\mu+\nu}}{(\mu+\nu+1) \Gamma(\mu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1; \mu + 1, \frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{3}{2}, \nu + 1, \mu + \nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right) \end{aligned}$$

03.01.21.0049.01

$$\int J_\nu(a z) J_{\nu+1}(a z) dz = 4^{-\nu-1} z (a z)^{2\nu+1} \Gamma(2\nu+2) {}_2\tilde{F}_3\left(\nu + 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2}; \nu + 2, \nu + 2, 2\nu + 2; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0050.01

$$\int J_0(a z) J_1(a z) dz = -\frac{J_0(a z)^2}{2a}$$

## Power arguments

03.01.21.0051.01

$$\begin{aligned} \int J_\mu(a z^r) J_\nu(a z^r) dz = & \\ & \frac{2^{-\mu-\nu} z (a z^r)^{\mu+\nu}}{(r(\mu+\nu)+1) \Gamma(\mu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_3F_4\left(\frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2r}; \mu + 1, \frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + \frac{1}{2r} + 1, \nu + 1, \mu + \nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) \end{aligned}$$

## Involving functions of the direct function and elementary functions

### Involving elementary functions of the direct function and elementary functions

Involving powers of the direct function and a power function

#### Linear arguments

03.01.21.0052.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_\nu(a z)^2 dz = \frac{4^{-\nu} z^\alpha (a z)^{2\nu}}{(\alpha + 2\nu) \Gamma(\nu + 1)^2} {}_2F_3\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \nu; \nu + 1, \frac{\alpha}{2} + \nu + 1, 2\nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0053.01

$$\int z^{1-2\nu} J_\nu(a z)^2 dz = -\frac{2^{-2\nu-1} z^{-2\nu}}{a^2 (2\nu - 1) \Gamma(\nu)^2} (-4(a z)^{2\nu} + 4^\nu a^2 z^2 J_{\nu-1}(a z)^2 \Gamma(\nu)^2 + 4^\nu a^2 z^2 J_\nu(a z)^2 \Gamma(\nu)^2)$$

03.01.21.0054.01

$$\int z^{2\nu+1} J_\nu(a z)^2 dz = \frac{z^{2(\nu+1)}}{4\nu + 2} (J_\nu(a z)^2 + J_{\nu+1}(a z)^2)$$

03.01.21.0055.01

$$\int z J_\nu(a z)^2 dz = \frac{1}{2} z^2 (J_\nu(a z)^2 - J_{\nu-1}(a z) J_{\nu+1}(a z))$$

03.01.21.0056.01

$$\int z J_0(a z)^2 dz = \frac{1}{2} z^2 (J_0(a z)^2 + J_1(a z)^2)$$

03.01.21.0057.01

$$\int \frac{1}{z J_\nu(z)^2} dz = \frac{\pi Y_\nu(z)}{2 J_\nu(z)}$$

03.01.21.0058.01

$$\int \frac{J_\nu(a z)^2}{z} dz = \frac{2^{-2\nu-1} (a z)^{2\nu}}{\nu^3 \Gamma(\nu)^2} {}_2F_3\left(\nu, \nu + \frac{1}{2}; \nu + 1, \nu + 1, 2\nu + 1; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

03.01.21.0059.01

$$\int \frac{J_\nu(a z)^2}{z^2} dz = \frac{1}{z(4\nu^2 - 1)} (2a^2 z^2 J_{\nu-1}(a z)^2 - 2a z J_\nu(a z) J_{\nu-1}(a z) + J_\nu(a z) ((1 - 2\nu) J_\nu(a z) - 2a^2 z^2 J_{\nu-2}(a z)))$$

#### Power arguments

03.01.21.0060.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_\nu(a z^r)^2 dz = \frac{4^{-\nu} z^\alpha (a z^r)^{2\nu}}{(\alpha + 2r\nu) \Gamma(\nu + 1)^2} {}_2F_3\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \nu; \nu + 1, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \nu + 1, 2\nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right)$$

Involving products of the direct function and a power function

#### Linear arguments

## 03.01.21.0061.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_\mu(a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = 2^{-\mu-\nu-1} z^\alpha (a z)^{\mu+\nu} \Gamma(\mu+\nu+1) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} (\alpha+\mu+\nu)\right) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{1}{2} (\mu+\nu+1), \frac{1}{2} (\mu+\nu+2), \frac{1}{2} (\alpha+\mu+\nu); \mu+1, \frac{1}{2} (\alpha+\mu+\nu+2), \nu+1, \mu+\nu+1; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

## 03.01.21.0062.01

$$\int z^{1-\mu-\nu} J_\mu(a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = \frac{2^{-\mu-\nu+1} z^{-\mu-\nu} (a z)^{\mu+\nu}}{a^2} \left( \frac{1}{(\mu+\nu-1) \Gamma(\mu) \Gamma(\nu)} - \Gamma(\mu+\nu-1) {}_2F_3\left(\frac{1}{2} (\mu+\nu-1), \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}; \mu, \nu, \mu+\nu; -a^2 z^2\right) \right)$$

## 03.01.21.0063.01

$$\int z^{\mu+\nu+1} J_\mu(a z) J_\nu(a z) dz = 2^{-\mu-\nu-1} z^{\mu+\nu+2} (a z)^{\mu+\nu} \Gamma(\mu+\nu+1) {}_2F_3\left(\frac{1}{2} (\mu+\nu+1), \frac{1}{2} (\mu+\nu+2); \mu+1, \nu+1, \mu+\nu+2; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

## 03.01.21.0064.01

$$\int z J_\nu(a z) J_\nu(b z) dz = \frac{z}{a^2 - b^2} (b J_{\nu-1}(b z) J_\nu(a z) - a J_{\nu-1}(a z) J_\nu(b z))$$

## 03.01.21.0065.01

$$\int z J_{-\nu}(a z) J_\nu(b z) dz = \frac{z}{a^2 - b^2} (-a J_{-\nu-1}(a z) J_\nu(b z) - b J_{\nu+1}(b z) J_{-\nu}(a z))$$

## 03.01.21.0066.01

$$\int \frac{((a^2 - b^2) z^2 + \mu^2 - \nu^2) J_\nu(a z) J_\mu(b z)}{z} dz = b z J_{\mu-1}(b z) J_\nu(a z) - J_\mu(b z) (a z J_{\nu-1}(a z) + (\mu - \nu) J_\nu(a z))$$

## 03.01.21.0067.01

$$\int \frac{J_\mu(a z) J_\nu(a z)}{z} dz = \frac{1}{\mu^2 - \nu^2} (a z J_{\mu-1}(a z) J_\nu(a z) - J_\mu(a z) (a z J_{\nu-1}(a z) + (\mu - \nu) J_\nu(a z)))$$

## 03.01.21.0068.01

$$\int \frac{J_\mu(a z) J_\nu(a z)}{z^2} dz = \frac{2^{-\mu-\nu} a (a z)^{\mu+\nu-1}}{(\mu+\nu-1) \Gamma(\mu+1) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_3\left(\frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} - \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\mu}{2} + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1; \mu+1, \nu+1, \mu+\nu+1; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

## 03.01.21.0069.01

$$\int \frac{J_{\nu-1}(a z) J_\nu(a z)}{z^2} dz = \frac{4^{-\nu} a (a z)^{2(\nu-1)} \Gamma(2\nu)}{\nu-1} {}_2F_3\left(\nu-1, \nu + \frac{1}{2}; \nu, 2\nu, \nu+1; -a^2 z^2\right)$$

**Power arguments**

## 03.01.21.0070.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_\mu(a z^r) J_\nu(a z^r) dz = \frac{1}{r} \left( 2^{-\mu-\nu-1} z^\alpha (a z^r)^{\mu+\nu} \Gamma(\mu+\nu+1) \Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha+r(\mu+\nu)}{2r}\right) {}_3F_4\left(\frac{1}{2} (\mu+\nu+1), \frac{1}{2} (\mu+\nu+2), \frac{\alpha+r(\mu+\nu)}{2r}; \mu+1, \frac{\alpha+r(\mu+\nu+2)}{2r}, \nu+1, \mu+\nu+1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right) \right)$$

## 03.01.21.0071.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_{\nu-1}(a z^r) J_\nu(a z^r) dz = \frac{2^{1-2\nu} z^\alpha (a z^r)^{2\nu-1}}{(\alpha+r(2\nu-1)) \Gamma(\nu) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_3\left(\nu + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \nu - \frac{1}{2}; 2\nu, \nu+1, \frac{\alpha}{2r} + \nu + \frac{1}{2}; -a^2 z^{2r}\right)$$

03.01.21.0072.01

$$\int z^{\alpha-1} J_{-\nu}(az^r) J_\nu(az^r) dz = \frac{z^\alpha \sin(\pi\nu)}{\pi\alpha\nu} {}_2F_3\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{\alpha}{2r}; \frac{\alpha}{2r} + 1, 1 - \nu, \nu + 1; -a^2 z^{2r}\right)$$

03.01.21.0073.01

$$\int J_\nu(a\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(b\sqrt{z}) dz = \frac{2\sqrt{z}}{a^2 - b^2} (b J_{\nu-1}(b\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(a\sqrt{z}) - a J_{\nu-1}(a\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(b\sqrt{z}))$$

03.01.21.0074.01

$$\int J_{-\nu}(a\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(b\sqrt{z}) dz = \frac{2\sqrt{z}}{a^2 - b^2} (-a J_{-\nu-1}(a\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(b\sqrt{z}) - b J_{\nu+1}(b\sqrt{z}) J_{-\nu}(a\sqrt{z}))$$

## Definite integration

### For the direct function itself

03.01.21.0075.01

$$\int_0^\infty J_\nu(t) dt = 1 /; \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > 0$$

03.01.21.0076.01

$$\int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} J_\nu(t) dt = \frac{2^{\alpha-1}}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(2-\alpha+\nu)\right)} \Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha+\nu}{2}\right) /; \operatorname{Re}(\alpha+\nu) > 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\alpha) < \frac{3}{2}$$

### Involving the direct function

03.01.21.0081.01

$$\int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} J_\mu(at) J_\nu(bt) dt = \begin{cases} \frac{2^{\alpha-1} b^{-\alpha-\mu} a^\mu \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\mu+\nu)\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha-\mu+\nu)+1\right) \Gamma(\mu+1)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\mu+\nu), \frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\mu-\nu); \mu+1; \frac{a^2}{b^2}\right) & b > a \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\alpha) < 2 \\ \frac{2^{\alpha-1} a^{-\alpha-\nu} b^\nu \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\mu+\nu)\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha+\mu-\nu)+1\right) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\mu+\nu), \frac{1}{2}(\alpha-\mu+\nu); \nu+1; \frac{b^2}{a^2}\right) & a > b \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\alpha) < 2 \\ \frac{2^{\alpha-1} a^{-\alpha} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\mu+\nu)\right) \Gamma(1-\alpha)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha+\mu-\nu)+1\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha-\mu+\nu)+1\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\alpha+\mu+\nu)+1\right)} & b = a \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\alpha) < 1 \\ \int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} J_\mu(at) J_\nu(bt) dt & \text{True} \end{cases} /;$$

$$a > 0 \wedge b > 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\alpha + \mu + \nu) > 0$$

03.01.21.0082.01

$$\int_0^\infty J_\mu(at) J_\nu(bt) dt = \begin{cases} \frac{a^\mu b^{-\mu-1} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(\mu+\nu+1)\right)}{\Gamma(\mu+1) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-\mu+\nu-1)+1\right)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(\mu+\nu+1), \frac{1}{2}(\mu-\nu+1); \mu+1; \frac{a^2}{b^2}\right) & b > a \\ \frac{a^{-\nu-1} b^\nu \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(\mu+\nu+1)\right)}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(\mu-\nu-1)+1\right) \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(\mu+\nu+1), \frac{1}{2}(-\mu+\nu+1); \nu+1; \frac{b^2}{a^2}\right) & a > b \\ \int_0^\infty J_\mu(at) J_\nu(bt) dt & \text{True} \end{cases} /;$$

$$a > 0 \wedge b > 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\mu + \nu) > -1$$

03.01.21.0077.01

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1}{t} J_\nu(at) J_\nu(bt) dt = \frac{1}{2\nu} \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^\nu /; \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > 0 \wedge 0 < b < a$$

03.01.21.0078.01

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{J_\nu(t)^2}{t} dt = \frac{1}{2\nu} /; \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > 0$$

03.01.21.0079.01

$$\int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} J_\nu(t)^2 dt = -\frac{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\alpha}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(\frac{\alpha}{2} + \nu\right)}{\sqrt{\pi} \alpha \Gamma\left(-\frac{\alpha}{2}\right) \Gamma\left(-\frac{\alpha}{2} + \nu + 1\right)} /; \operatorname{Re}(\alpha + 2\nu) > 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\alpha) < 1$$

03.01.21.0080.01

$$\int_0^\infty J_\nu(a t) J_\nu(b t) t dt = \frac{\delta(a-b)}{a} /; a \in \mathbb{R} \wedge b \in \mathbb{R} \wedge \nu \in \mathbb{R}$$

03.01.21.0083.01

$$\int_0^\infty t^{\alpha-1} J_\lambda(a t) J_\mu(b t) J_\nu(c t) dt = \frac{2^{\alpha-1} a^\lambda b^\mu c^{-\alpha-\lambda-\mu} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\lambda+\mu+\nu)\right)}{\Gamma(\lambda+1) \Gamma(\mu+1) \Gamma\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}(\alpha+\lambda+\mu-\nu)\right)} F_{0 \times 1 \times 1}^{2 \times 0 \times 0} \left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{\alpha+\lambda+\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\alpha+\lambda+\mu-\nu}{2}; \\ ; \lambda+1; \mu+1; \end{array} \frac{a^2}{c^2}, \frac{b^2}{c^2} \right) /;$$

$$a \in \mathbb{R} \wedge b \in \mathbb{R} \wedge c \in \mathbb{R} \wedge a > 0 \wedge b > 0 \wedge c > a+b \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\alpha + \lambda + \mu + \nu) > 0 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\alpha) < \frac{5}{2}$$

## Integral transforms

### Fourier exp transforms

03.01.22.0006.01

$$\mathcal{F}_t[j_n(t)](z) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} i^n \theta(1-z^2) P_n(z), /; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge j_n(z) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2z}} J_{n+\frac{1}{2}}(z) \wedge z \in \mathbb{R}$$

### Fourier cos transforms

03.01.22.0001.02

$$\mathcal{F}_{C_t}[J_\nu(t)](z) = \frac{\theta(1-z)}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \cos(\nu \sin^{-1}(z)) - \frac{\theta(z-1) 2^{\frac{1}{2}-\nu} z^{-\nu-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu+2}{2}; \nu+1; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) /;$$

$$z > 0 \wedge z \neq 1 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > -1$$

### Fourier sin transforms

03.01.22.0002.02

$$\mathcal{F}_{S_t}[J_\nu(t)](z) = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}-\nu} z^{-\nu-1} \theta(z-1)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \cos\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) {}_2F_1\left(\frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu+2}{2}; \nu+1; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) + \frac{\theta(1-z)}{\sqrt{1-z^2}} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sin(\nu \sin^{-1}(z)) /;$$

$$z > 0 \wedge z \neq 1 \wedge \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > -2$$

### Laplace transforms

03.01.22.0003.01

$$\mathcal{L}_t[J_\nu(t)](z) = 2^{-\nu} z^{-\nu-1} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu+2}{2}; \nu+1; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right) /; \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > -1$$

For spherical Bessel functions

**03.01.22.0007.01**

$$\mathcal{L}_t[t^\mu j_n(t)](z) = 2^{-n-1} \sqrt{\pi} z^{-n-\mu-1} \frac{\Gamma(n+\mu+1)}{\Gamma(n+\frac{3}{2})} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{2}(n+\mu+1), \frac{1}{2}(n+\mu+2); n+\frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right);$$

$$n \in \mathbb{N} \bigwedge j_n(z) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2z}} J_{n+\frac{1}{2}}(z) \bigwedge \operatorname{Re}(\mu) > 0$$

**03.01.22.0008.01**

$$\mathcal{L}_t[j_n(t)](z) = i^{n+1} Q_l(i z); n \in \mathbb{N} \bigwedge j_n(z) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2z}} J_{n+\frac{1}{2}}(z)$$

**03.01.22.0009.01**

$$\mathcal{L}_t[j_n(t)](z) = 2^{-n-1} \sqrt{\pi} z^{-n-1} \frac{\Gamma(n+1)}{\Gamma(n+\frac{3}{2})} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+2}{2}; n+\frac{3}{2}; -\frac{1}{z^2}\right); n \in \mathbb{N} \bigwedge j_n(z) = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2z}} J_{n+\frac{1}{2}}(z)$$

**03.01.22.0010.01**

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_t[j_n(t)](z) &= z^n \left( \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{z}\right) \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]} c_{k,l} z^{-2k} - \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]} c_{k,l} \sum_{m=0}^{\left[\frac{n-1}{2}\right]-k} \frac{(-1)^m}{2m+1} z^{-2k-2m-1} \right); \\ n \in \mathbb{N}^+ \bigwedge j_n(z) &= \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2z}} J_{n+\frac{1}{2}}(z) \bigwedge c_{0,0} = 0 \bigwedge c_{1,2} = \frac{1}{2} \bigwedge c_{0,n} = \frac{(-1)^n (2n-1)!!}{n!} \bigwedge \\ &\left( c_{k,n} = \frac{(n-1)c_{k-1,n-2}}{n} - \frac{(2n-1)c_{k,n-1}}{n} ; n \geq 1 \wedge k \leq n \right) \bigwedge (c_{k,n} = 0 ; k > n) \end{aligned}$$

## Mellin transforms

**03.01.22.0004.01**

$$\mathcal{M}_t[J_\nu(t)](z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}(-z+\nu+2)\right)} 2^{z-1} \Gamma\left(\frac{z+\nu}{2}\right); \operatorname{Re}(z+\nu) > 0 \bigwedge \operatorname{Re}(z) < \frac{3}{2}$$

## Hankel transforms

**03.01.22.0005.02**

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{H}_{t;\mu}[J_\nu(t)](z) &= \frac{\sqrt{2} z^{-\nu-1} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}(2\mu+2\nu+3)\right) \theta(z-1)}{\Gamma(\nu+1) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}(2\mu-2\nu+1)\right)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}(-2\mu+2\nu+3), \frac{1}{4}(2\mu+2\nu+3); \nu+1; \frac{1}{z^2}\right) + \\ &\frac{\sqrt{2} z^{\mu+\frac{1}{2}} \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}(2\mu+2\nu+3)\right) \theta(1-z)}{\Gamma(\mu+1) \Gamma\left(\frac{1}{4}(-2\mu+2\nu+1)\right)} {}_2F_1\left(\frac{1}{4}(2\mu-2\nu+3), \frac{1}{4}(2\mu+2\nu+3); \mu+1; z^2\right); z > \\ &0 \bigwedge z \neq 1 \bigwedge \operatorname{Re}(\mu+\nu) > -\frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

## Summation

### Infinite summation

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} J_{k+\nu}(x) x^k = I_{\nu}(x)$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(2k+\nu)\Gamma(k+\nu)}{k!} J_{2k+\nu}(x) = \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\nu}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{k} J_{2k}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \log\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + \gamma \right) J_0(x) - \frac{\pi}{4} Y_0(x)$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k (2k+\nu)}{k(k+\nu)} J_{2k+\nu}(x) = -\frac{\nu!}{2} \left( \sum_{k=0}^{\nu-1} \frac{1}{(\nu-k)k!} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^k J_k(x) \right) \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{-\nu} - \frac{\pi}{2} Y_{\nu}(x) + J_{\nu}(x) \left( \log\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \psi(\nu+1) \right); \nu \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} J_k(x) t^k = e^{\frac{1}{2}x(t-\frac{1}{t})}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \cos(2k t) J_{2k}(x) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos(x \sin(t)) - J_0(x))$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} J_k(x)^2 = \frac{1}{2} (1 - J_0(x)^2)$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \sin((2k+1)t) J_{2k+1}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(x \sin(t))$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k \cos(2k t) J_{2k}(x) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos(x \cos(t)) - J_0(x))$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k \cos((2k+1)t) J_{2k+1}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(x \cos(t))$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} J_{2k}(x) = \frac{1}{2} (1 - J_0(x))$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k J_{2k}(x) = \frac{1}{2} (\cos(x) - J_0(x))$$

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^k J_{2k+1}(x) = \frac{\sin(x)}{2}$$

03.01.23.0014.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} i^{nk} J_{nk}(z) = \frac{J_0(z)}{2} + \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} e^{iz \cos\left(\frac{2\pi k}{n}\right)} /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

03.01.23.0015.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-i)^{nk} J_{nk}(z) = \frac{J_0(z)}{2} + \frac{1}{2n} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} e^{-iz \cos\left(\frac{2\pi k}{n}\right)} /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

03.01.23.0016.01

$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (4k+2\nu+2) J_{2k+\nu+1}(z) J_{2k+\nu+1}(w) = \frac{zw}{z^2-w^2} (z J_{\nu+1}(z) J_{\nu}(w) - w J_{\nu}(z) J_{\nu+1}(w)) /; \operatorname{Re}(\nu) > -1$$

## Representations through more general functions

### Through hypergeometric functions

#### Involving ${}_0\tilde{F}_1$

03.01.26.0001.01

$$J_{\nu}(z) = \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{\nu} {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(\nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

#### Involving ${}_0F_1$

03.01.26.0002.01

$$J_{\nu}(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^{\nu} {}_0F_1\left(\nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) /; -\nu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

#### Involving ${}_1F_1$

03.01.26.0003.01

$$J_{\nu}(z) = \frac{z^{\nu}}{2^{\nu} e^{iz} \Gamma(\nu+1)} {}_1F_1\left(\nu+1; 2\nu+1; 2iz\right)$$

03.01.26.0004.01

$$J_{\nu}(z) = \frac{z^{\nu}}{2^{\nu} \Gamma(\nu+1)} \lim_{a \rightarrow \infty} {}_1F_1\left(a; \nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4a}\right)$$

### Through Meijer G

#### Classical cases for the direct function itself

03.01.26.0005.01

$$J_{\nu}(z) = z^{\nu} (z^2)^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} G_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z^2}{4} \middle| \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}\right)$$

03.01.26.0006.01

$$J_{\nu}(z) = \pi z^{\nu} (-z^2)^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} G_{1,3}^{1,0}\left(-\frac{z^2}{4} \middle| \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}\right)$$

03.01.26.0107.01

$$J_\nu(z) = G_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z^2}{4} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

03.01.26.0007.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = G_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z}{4} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0008.01

$$J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) + J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\nu\pi}{2}\right) G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{4} \left| \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, 0 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0009.01

$$J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) - J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\nu\pi}{2}\right) G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{4} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

### Classical cases involving cos

03.01.26.0010.01

$$\cos(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0011.01

$$\cos(a + \sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{a}{\pi} + \frac{\nu+1}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{a}{\pi} + \frac{\nu+1}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

### Classical cases involving sin

03.01.26.0012.01

$$\sin(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0013.01

$$\sin(a + \sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{a}{\pi} + \frac{\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{a}{\pi} + \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

### Classical cases involving cos, sin

03.01.26.0014.01

$$\cos(\sqrt{z}) J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) + \sin(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = -\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}(2\nu-1)\pi\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0015.01

$$\cos(\sqrt{z}) J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) - \sin(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\pi(2\nu+1)\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0108.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) \cos(\sqrt{z}) + J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) \sin(\sqrt{z}) = \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\pi(2\nu+1)\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0109.01

$$\sin(\sqrt{z}) J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) - \cos(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\pi(2\nu-1)\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

Classical cases for powers of Bessel  $J$ 

## 03.01.26.0016.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z})^2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ \nu, 0, -\nu \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0017.01

$$J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z})^2 + J_\nu(\sqrt{z})^2 = \frac{2 \cos(\pi \nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, 0 \\ -\nu, \nu, 0, 0 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0018.01

$$J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z})^2 - J_\nu(\sqrt{z})^2 = \frac{2 \sin(\pi \nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\nu, \nu, 0 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

Classical cases for products of Bessel  $J$ 

## 03.01.26.0019.01

$$J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, \nu, -\nu \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0020.01

$$J_{\nu-1}(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \nu - \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \nu \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0021.01

$$J_\mu(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\mu - \nu - 1 \notin \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0110.01

$$J_{-n-\nu-1}(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{k+\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor} z^{\frac{1}{2}(2k-n-1)} \Gamma(k-n+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + \frac{1}{2}) (1-k+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor)_{n-\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}}{k! \Gamma(k-n-\nu) \Gamma(k+\nu+1)} -$$

$$\frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2} + \nu, -\frac{1}{2}(n+1), -\frac{1}{2}(n+1) - \nu \end{array} \right. \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0111.01

$$J_{-\nu-1}(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\nu - \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) - \frac{2 \sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi \sqrt{z}}$$

## 03.01.26.0112.01

$$J_{-\nu-2}(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ 1, \nu + 1, -1, -\nu - 1 \end{array} \right. \right) + \frac{4(\nu+1) \sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi z}$$

03.01.26.0022.01

$$J_{-\mu}(\sqrt{z}) J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) + J_{\mu}(\sqrt{z}) J_{\nu}(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(\mu + \nu)\pi\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, 0 \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; \frac{\mu + \nu - 1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

03.01.26.0023.01

$$J_{\mu}(\sqrt{z}) J_{\nu}(\sqrt{z}) - J_{-\mu}(\sqrt{z}) J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(\mu + \nu)\pi\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; \frac{\mu + \nu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

### Classical cases involving Bessel *I*

03.01.26.0024.01

$$J_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) I_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) = \sqrt{\pi} G_{0,4}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{2}, 0, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0025.01

$$J_{-\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) I_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) = \sqrt{\pi} G_{1,5}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu+1}{2} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

### Classical cases involving Bessel *K*

03.01.26.0026.01

$$J_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) K_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{\pi}} G_{0,4}^{3,0}\left(\frac{z}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0027.01

$$J_{-\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) K_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{\pi}} G_{0,4}^{3,0}\left(\frac{z}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0028.01

$$(J_{-\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) + J_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right)) K_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \cos\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) G_{0,4}^{3,0}\left(\frac{z}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, 0 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0029.01

$$(J_{-\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) - J_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right)) K_{\nu}\left(\sqrt[4]{z}\right) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\pi}} \sin\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) G_{0,4}^{3,0}\left(\frac{z}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

### Classical cases involving Bessel *Y*

03.01.26.0030.01

$$\cos(a\pi) J_{\nu}\left(\sqrt{z}\right) + \sin(a\pi) Y_{\nu}\left(\sqrt{z}\right) = G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{4} \left| \begin{array}{c} -a - \frac{\nu}{2} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, -a - \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0113.01

$$\cos(a\pi) J_{\nu}\left(\sqrt{z}\right) - \sin(a\pi) Y_{\nu}\left(\sqrt{z}\right) = G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{4} \left| \begin{array}{c} a - \frac{\nu}{2} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, a - \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0031.01

$$J_{\nu}\left(\sqrt{z}\right) Y_{\nu}\left(\sqrt{z}\right) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, \nu, -\nu \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0032.01

$$J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, -\nu - \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -\nu, -\nu - \frac{1}{2}, \nu \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0033.01

$$J_{\nu+1}(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, 0 \\ \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2} - \nu \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0034.01

$$J_{\nu+2}(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ 1, \nu + 1, -1, -\nu - 1 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0035.01

$$J_\mu(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu+1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\mu - \nu - 1 \notin \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0114.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) Y_{-n-\nu-1}(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2} + \nu + 1 \\ \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2} + \nu, -\frac{1}{2}(n+1) - \nu, -\frac{1}{2}(n+1), \frac{n}{2} + \nu + 1 \end{array} \right. \right) - \frac{2 \cot(\nu \pi)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{k+\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor} z^{\frac{2k-n-1}{2}} \Gamma(k-n+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + \frac{1}{2})(1-k+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor)_{n-\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}}{k! \Gamma(k-n-\nu) \Gamma(k+\nu+1)} /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0115.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) Y_{-\nu-1}(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{2 \cos(\pi \nu)}{\pi \sqrt{z}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\nu - \frac{1}{2}, \nu + 1 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0116.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) Y_{-\nu-2}(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{4(\nu+1) \cos(\pi \nu)}{\pi z} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{3}{2} \\ 1, \nu + 1, -1, -\nu - 1, \nu + \frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0036.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) Y_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) + J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ \nu, -\nu, 0 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0037.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) Y_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) - J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{\sin(2\pi\nu)}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{1,3}^{3,1}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, \nu, -\nu \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0038.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) Y_\mu(\sqrt{z}) + J_\mu(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{3,0}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0039.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) Y_\mu(\sqrt{z}) - J_\mu(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{\sin(\pi(\nu-\mu))}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2}\left(z \left| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\mu - \nu - 1 \notin \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0040.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z})^2 + Y_\nu(\sqrt{z})^2 = \frac{2 \cos(\pi \nu)}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{1,3}^{3,1}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -\nu, \nu \end{array}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0041.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z})^2 - Y_\nu(\sqrt{z})^2 = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{3,0}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \nu \\ 0, -\nu, \nu, \frac{1}{2} - \nu \end{array}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0042.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) J_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) - Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) Y_{-\nu}(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{3,0}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -\nu, \nu, \frac{1}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0043.01

$$J_\mu(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) - Y_\mu(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{4,0}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-\mu-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\mu-\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0044.01

$$\begin{aligned} J_\mu(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) + Y_\mu(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) &= \\ \frac{\cos(\pi \mu)}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2} \end{array}\right) + \frac{\cos(\pi \nu)}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2} \end{array}\right) &/; \mu + \nu \notin \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

**Classical cases involving cos, sin, Y**

## 03.01.26.0045.01

$$\sin(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) + \cos(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = -\sqrt{2} G_{2,4}^{3,0}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0046.01

$$\cos(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) - \sin(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \sqrt{2} G_{2,4}^{3,0}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0047.01

$$\sin(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) - \cos(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = -\frac{\cos(\nu \pi)}{\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0048.01

$$\cos(\sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) + \sin(\sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{\cos(\nu \pi)}{\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0049.01

$$\sin(a + \sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) - \cos(a + \sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{\cos(\pi \nu)}{\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} G_{3,5}^{4,2}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} - \frac{a}{\pi} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} - \frac{a}{\pi} \end{array}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0117.01

$$\cos(a + \sqrt{z}) J_\nu(\sqrt{z}) + \sin(a + \sqrt{z}) Y_\nu(\sqrt{z}) = \frac{\cos(\pi \nu)}{\sqrt{2} \pi^2} G_{3,5}^{4,2}\left(z \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{a}{\pi} - \frac{\nu}{2} \\ \frac{1-\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{a}{\pi} - \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

### Classical cases involving ${}_0F_1$

03.01.26.0050.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\frac{z^2}{4}; b; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{\Gamma(b) 2^{b-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1-b}{2}, 1-\frac{b}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b+\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b-\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -b-\nu \notin \mathbb{N} \wedge -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

03.01.26.0118.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\frac{z^2}{4}; -n-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{-n-\nu-1} \Gamma(-n-\nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left( (-1)^{n-1} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}(n+\nu+1), \frac{n+\nu}{2}+1 \\ n+\frac{\nu}{2}+1, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, n+\frac{3\nu}{2}+1 \end{array} \right. \right) + 2 \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{k+\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor} z^{2k+\nu} \Gamma(k-n+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + \frac{1}{2}) (1-k+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor)_{n-\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}}{k! \Gamma(k-n-\nu) \Gamma(k+\nu+1)} \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N} \wedge -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

03.01.26.0119.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\frac{z^2}{4}; -\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = -\frac{2^{-\nu-1} \Gamma(-\nu)}{\pi} \left( 2 \sin(\pi \nu) z^\nu + \sqrt{\pi} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu+2}{2} \\ \frac{\nu+2}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2}+1 \end{array} \right. \right) \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

03.01.26.0120.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\frac{z^2}{4}; -\nu-1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = 2^{-\nu-2} \left( \frac{4 z^\nu}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} + \frac{\Gamma(-\nu-1)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{2}+1, \frac{\nu+3}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}+2, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2}+2 \end{array} \right. \right) \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

03.01.26.0121.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\frac{z^2}{4}; \nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{\nu-1} \Gamma(\nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-\frac{3\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

03.01.26.0122.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\frac{z^2}{4}; \nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^\nu \Gamma(\nu+1)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}(3\nu) \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

03.01.26.0123.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\frac{z^2}{4}; 1-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{-\nu} \Gamma(1-\nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1+\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

03.01.26.0051.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\frac{z^2}{4}; \nu+1; \frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \sqrt{\pi} 2^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} \Gamma(\nu+1) z^\nu (z^4)^{-\frac{\nu}{4}} G_{0,4}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z^4}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}, -\frac{3\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0052.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\frac{z^2}{4}; 1-\nu; \frac{z^2}{4}\right) = 2^{\nu/2} \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(1-\nu) G_{1,5}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z^4}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2-\nu}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4}, \frac{3\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

03.01.26.0124.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0F_1(b; -z) = \frac{\Gamma(b) 2^{b-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(4z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1-b}{2}, 1-\frac{b}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b+\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b-\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -b-\nu \notin \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0125.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0F_1(; -n-\nu; -z) = \frac{\Gamma(-n-\nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left( 2^{-n} z^{\nu/2} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{k+\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor} 4^k z^k \Gamma(k-n+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + \frac{1}{2}) (1-k+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor)_{n-\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}}{k! \Gamma(k-n-\nu) \Gamma(k+\nu+1)} - (-1)^n 2^{-n-\nu-1} G_{2,4}^{1,2} \left( 4z \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2}(n+\nu+1), \frac{n+\nu}{2}+1 \\ n+\frac{\nu}{2}+1, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, n+\frac{3\nu}{2}+1 \end{array} \right. \right) \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0126.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0F_1(; -\nu; -z) = \frac{\Gamma(-\nu)}{2\pi} \left( -2 \sin(\pi\nu) z^{\nu/2} - 2^{-\nu} \sqrt{\pi} G_{3,5}^{2,2} \left( 4z \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}+1, -\frac{\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}+1, -\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2}+1 \end{array} \right. \right) \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0127.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0F_1(; -\nu-1; -z) = \frac{z^{\nu/2}}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} + \frac{2^{-\nu-2} \Gamma(-\nu-1)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2} \left( 4z \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{\nu}{2}+1, \frac{\nu+3}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}+2, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2}+2 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0128.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0F_1(; \nu; -z) = \frac{2^{\nu-1} \Gamma(\nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1} \left( 4z \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{1-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-\frac{3\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0129.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0F_1(; \nu+1; z) = 2^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} \sqrt{\pi} z^{\nu/2} (z^2)^{-\frac{\nu}{4}} \Gamma(\nu+1) G_{0,4}^{1,0} \left( \frac{z^2}{4} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}, -\frac{3\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0130.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0F_1(; 1-\nu; z) = 2^{\nu/2} \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(1-\nu) G_{1,5}^{2,0} \left( \frac{z^2}{4} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{2-\nu}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4}, \frac{3\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Classical cases involving  ${}_0\tilde{F}_1$ 

## 03.01.26.0053.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1 \left( ; b; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right) = \frac{2^{b-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2} \left( z^2 \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{1-b}{2}, 1-\frac{b}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b+\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b-\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -b-\nu \notin \mathbb{N} \bigwedge -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 03.01.26.0131.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1 \left( ; -n-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4} \right) = \frac{2^{-n-\nu-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left( (-1)^{n-1} G_{2,4}^{1,2} \left( z^2 \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2}(n+\nu+1), \frac{n+\nu}{2}+1 \\ n+\frac{\nu}{2}+1, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, n+\frac{3\nu}{2}+1 \end{array} \right. \right) + 2 \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{k+\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor} z^{2k+\nu} \Gamma(k-n+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + \frac{1}{2}) (1-k+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor)_{n-\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}}{k! \Gamma(k-n-\nu) \Gamma(k+\nu+1)} \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N} \bigwedge -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 03.01.26.0132.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = -\frac{2^{-\nu-1}}{\pi} \left( 2 \sin(\pi\nu) z^\nu + \sqrt{\pi} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu+2}{2} \\ \frac{\nu+2}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2} + 1 \end{array} \right. \right) \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 03.01.26.0133.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(-\nu-1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = 2^{-\nu-2} \left( \frac{4(\nu+1)\sin(\pi\nu)z^\nu}{\pi} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \frac{\nu+3}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2} + 2, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2} + 2 \end{array} \right. \right) \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 03.01.26.0134.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{\nu-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1 - \frac{3\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 03.01.26.0135.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(\nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^\nu}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}(3\nu) \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 03.01.26.0136.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(1-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{-\nu}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z^2 \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1+\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 03.01.26.0054.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(\nu+1; \frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \sqrt{\pi} 2^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} z^\nu (z^4)^{-\frac{\nu}{4}} G_{0,4}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z^4}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}, -\frac{3\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0055.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(1-\nu; \frac{z^2}{4}\right) = 2^{\nu/2} \sqrt{\pi} G_{1,5}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z^4}{64} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2-\nu}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4}, \frac{3\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

## 03.01.26.0137.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0\tilde{F}_1(b; -z) = \frac{2^{b-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(4z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1-b}{2}, 1 - \frac{b}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b+\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b-\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right) /; 1-b-\nu \notin \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0138.01

$$\begin{aligned} J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0\tilde{F}_1(-n-\nu; -z) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left( 2^{-n} z^{\nu/2} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{k+\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor} 4^k z^k \Gamma(k-n+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + \frac{1}{2})(1-k+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor)_{n-\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}}{k! \Gamma(k-n-\nu) \Gamma(k+\nu+1)} - \right. \\ &\quad \left. (-1)^n 2^{-n-\nu-1} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(4z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}(n+\nu+1), \frac{n+\nu}{2} + 1 \\ n+\frac{\nu}{2} + 1, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, n+\frac{3\nu}{2} + 1 \end{array} \right. \right) \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N} \end{aligned}$$

## 03.01.26.0139.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0\tilde{F}_1(-\nu; -z) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left( -2 \sin(\pi\nu) z^{\nu/2} - 2^{-\nu} \sqrt{\pi} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(4z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, -\frac{\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, -\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2} + 1 \end{array} \right. \right) \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0140.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z})_0\tilde{F}_1(-\nu-1;-z) = \frac{(\nu+1)\sin(\pi\nu)z^{\nu/2}}{\pi} + \frac{2^{-\nu-2}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(4z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{2}+1, \frac{\nu+3}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}+2, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2}+2 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0141.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z})_0\tilde{F}_1(\nu;-z) = \frac{2^{\nu-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(4z \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-\frac{3\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0142.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z})_0\tilde{F}_1(\nu+1;-z) = 2^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} \sqrt{\pi} z^{\nu/2} (z^2)^{-\frac{\nu}{4}} G_{0,4}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z^2}{4} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}, -\frac{3\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0143.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z})_0\tilde{F}_1(1-\nu;-z) = 2^{\nu/2} \sqrt{\pi} G_{1,5}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z^2}{4} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{2-\nu}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4}, \frac{3\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right) /; -\frac{\pi}{2} < \arg(z) \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$$

**Generalized cases for the direct function itself**

## 03.01.26.0056.01

$$J_\nu(z) = G_{0,2}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0057.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \pi z^\nu (iz)^{-\nu} G_{1,3}^{1,0}\left(\frac{iz}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu+1}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0144.01

$$J_{-\nu}(z) + J_\nu(z) = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, 0 \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0145.01

$$J_{-\nu}(z) - J_\nu(z) = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

**Generalized cases involving cos**

## 03.01.26.0058.01

$$\cos(z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0059.01

$$\cos(a+z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{a}{\pi} + \frac{\nu+1}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{a}{\pi} + \frac{\nu+1}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

**Generalized cases involving sin**

## 03.01.26.0060.01

$$\sin(z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

03.01.26.0061.01

$$\sin(a+z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{a}{\pi} + \frac{\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{a}{\pi} + \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

**Generalized cases involving cos, sin**

03.01.26.0062.01

$$\cos(z) J_{-\nu}(z) + \sin(z) J_\nu(z) = -\sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\pi(2\nu-1)\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

03.01.26.0063.01

$$\cos(z) J_{-\nu}(z) - \sin(z) J_\nu(z) = \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\pi(2\nu+1)\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

03.01.26.0146.01

$$\sin(z) J_{-\nu}(z) + \cos(z) J_\nu(z) = \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\pi(2\nu+1)\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

03.01.26.0147.01

$$\sin(z) J_{-\nu}(z) - \cos(z) J_\nu(z) = \sqrt{2} \sin\left(\frac{1}{4}\pi(2\nu-1)\right) G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array}\right)$$

**Generalized cases for powers of Bessel J**

03.01.26.0064.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ \nu, 0, -\nu \end{array}\right)$$

03.01.26.0065.01

$$J_{-\nu}(z)^2 + J_\nu(z)^2 = \frac{2 \cos(\pi\nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, 0 \\ -\nu, \nu, 0, 0 \end{array}\right)$$

03.01.26.0066.01

$$J_{-\nu}(z)^2 - J_\nu(z)^2 = \frac{2 \sin(\pi\nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\nu, \nu, 0 \end{array}\right)$$

**Generalized cases for products of Bessel J**

03.01.26.0067.01

$$J_{-\nu}(z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, \nu, -\nu \end{array}\right)$$

03.01.26.0068.01

$$J_{\nu-1}(z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \nu - \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \nu \end{array}\right)$$

03.01.26.0069.01

$$J_\mu(z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2} \end{array}\right); -\mu - \nu - 1 \notin \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0148.01

$$J_{-n-\nu-1}(z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{k=0}^{\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]} \frac{(-1)^{k+\left[\frac{n+1}{2}\right]} z^{2k-n-1} \Gamma(k-n+\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]+\frac{1}{2}) (1-k+\left[\frac{n}{2}\right])_{n-\left[\frac{n}{2}\right]}}{k! \Gamma(k-n-\nu) \Gamma(k+\nu+1)} -$$

$$\frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2} + \nu, -\frac{1}{2}(n+1), -\frac{1}{2}(n+1) - \nu \end{array} \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0149.01

$$J_{-\nu-1}(z) J_\nu(z) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\nu - \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right) - \frac{2 \sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi z}$$

## 03.01.26.0150.01

$$J_{-\nu-2}(z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ 1, \nu + 1, -1, -\nu - 1 \end{array} \right) + \frac{4(\nu+1) \sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi z^2}$$

## 03.01.26.0070.01

$$J_{-\mu}(z) J_{-\nu}(z) + J_\mu(z) J_\nu(z) = \frac{2 \cos\left(\frac{1}{2}(\mu+\nu)\pi\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, 0 \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2} \end{array} \right) /; \frac{\mu+\nu-1}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

## 03.01.26.0071.01

$$J_\mu(z) J_\nu(z) - J_{-\mu}(z) J_{-\nu}(z) = -\frac{2 \sin\left(\frac{1}{2}(\mu+\nu)\pi\right)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2} \end{array} \right) /; \frac{\mu+\nu}{2} \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

**Generalized cases involving Bessel *I***

## 03.01.26.0072.01

$$J_\nu(z) I_\nu(z) = \sqrt{\pi} G_{0,4}^{1,0} \left( \frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{2}, 0, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0073.01

$$J_{-\nu}(z) I_\nu(z) = \sqrt{\pi} G_{1,5}^{2,0} \left( \frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu+1}{2} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0104.01

$$(J_{-\nu}(z) + J_\nu(z)) I_\nu(z) = 2 \cos\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) \sqrt{\pi} G_{2,6}^{3,0} \left( \frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4} \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0105.01

$$(J_{-\nu}(z) - J_\nu(z)) I_\nu(z) = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right) \sqrt{\pi} G_{2,6}^{3,0} \left( \frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{\nu+1}{4}, \frac{\nu+3}{4} \\ 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+3}{4}, \frac{\nu+1}{4} \end{array} \right)$$

**Generalized cases involving Bessel *K***

## 03.01.26.0074.01

$$J_\nu(z) K_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{\pi}} G_{0,4}^{3,0} \left( \frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

03.01.26.0151.01

$$J_{-\nu}(z) K_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{\pi}} G_{0,4}^{3,0}\left(\frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| 0, \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}\right)$$

03.01.26.0075.01

$$(J_{-\nu}(z) + J_\nu(z)) K_\nu(z) = \frac{\cos\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{0,4}^{3,0}\left(\frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, 0\right)$$

03.01.26.0076.01

$$(J_{-\nu}(z) - J_\nu(z)) K_\nu(z) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi\nu}{2}\right)}{2\sqrt{\pi}} G_{0,4}^{3,0}\left(\frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| 0, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

### Generalized cases involving Bessel Y

03.01.26.0077.01

$$J_\nu(z) \cos(a\pi) + Y_\nu(z) \sin(a\pi) = G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| -a - \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, -a - \frac{\nu}{2}\right)$$

03.01.26.0152.01

$$\cos(a\pi) J_\nu(z) - \sin(a\pi) Y_\nu(z) = G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| a - \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, a - \frac{\nu}{2}\right)$$

03.01.26.0078.01

$$J_\nu(z) Y_\nu(z) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{2,0}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| 0, \nu, -\nu\right)$$

03.01.26.0079.01

$$J_{-\nu}(z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{1}{2}, -\nu - \frac{1}{2}, 0, -\nu, -\nu - \frac{1}{2}, \nu\right)$$

03.01.26.0080.01

$$J_{\nu+1}(z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{1}{2}, \nu + \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\nu - \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

03.01.26.0081.01

$$J_{\nu+2}(z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{2,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| 0, \frac{1}{2}, 1, \nu + 1, -1, -\nu - 1\right)$$

03.01.26.0082.01

$$J_\mu(z) Y_\nu(z) = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}\right) /; -\mu - \nu - 1 \notin \mathbb{N}$$

03.01.26.0153.01

$$J_\nu(z) Y_{-n-\nu-1}(z) = \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{2,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{n}{2} + \nu + 1, \frac{n+1}{2}, \frac{n+1}{2} + \nu, -\frac{1}{2}(n+1) - \nu, -\frac{1}{2}(n+1), \frac{n}{2} + \nu + 1\right) -$$

$$\frac{2 \cot(\nu\pi)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{k+\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor} z^{2k-n-1} \Gamma(k-n+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + \frac{1}{2}) (1-k+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor)_{n-\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}}{k! \Gamma(k-n-\nu) \Gamma(k+\nu+1)} /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0154.01

$$J_\nu(z) Y_{-\nu-1}(z) = \frac{2 \cos(\pi \nu)}{\pi z} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{2,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \nu+1 \\ \frac{1}{2}, \nu+\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\nu-\frac{1}{2}, \nu+1 \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0155.01

$$J_\nu(z) Y_{-\nu-2}(z) = -\frac{4(\nu+1) \cos(\pi \nu)}{\pi z^2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{2,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \nu+\frac{3}{2} \\ 1, \nu+1, -1, -\nu-1, \nu+\frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0083.01

$$J_\nu(z) Y_{-\nu}(z) + J_{-\nu}(z) Y_\nu(z) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{2,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ \nu, -\nu, 0 \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0084.01

$$J_\nu(z) Y_{-\nu}(z) - J_{-\nu}(z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{\sin(2\pi\nu)}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{1,3}^{3,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, \nu, -\nu \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0085.01

$$J_\nu(z) Y_\mu(z) + J_\mu(z) Y_\nu(z) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{3,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0086.01

$$J_\nu(z) Y_\mu(z) - J_\mu(z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{\sin(\pi(\nu-\mu))}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2} \end{array} \right) /; -\mu - \nu - 1 \notin \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0087.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 + Y_\nu(z)^2 = \frac{2 \cos(\pi \nu)}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{1,3}^{3,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -\nu, \nu \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0088.01

$$J_\nu(z)^2 - Y_\nu(z)^2 = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{3,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \nu \\ 0, -\nu, \nu, \frac{1}{2} - \nu \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0106.01

$$J_{-\nu}(z) J_\nu(z) + Y_{-\nu}(z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{2 \cos^2(\pi \nu)}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{1,3}^{3,1} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -\nu, \nu \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0089.01

$$J_\nu(z) J_{-\nu}(z) - Y_\nu(z) Y_{-\nu}(z) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{3,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \\ 0, -\nu, \nu, \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0090.01

$$J_\mu(z) J_\nu(z) - Y_\mu(z) Y_\nu(z) = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{3,5}^{4,0} \left( z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{array}{c} 0, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1-\mu-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\mu-\nu}{2} \end{array} \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0091.01

$$J_\mu(z) J_\nu(z) + Y_\mu(z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{\cos(\pi\mu)}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2} \end{matrix}\right) + \frac{\cos(\pi\nu)}{\pi^{5/2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} 0, \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, -\frac{\mu+\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu-\mu}{2}, \frac{\mu-\nu}{2} \end{matrix}\right); \mu + \nu \notin \mathbb{Z}$$

**Generalized cases involving cos, sin, Y**

## 03.01.26.0092.01

$$\sin(z) J_\nu(z) + \cos(z) Y_\nu(z) = -\sqrt{2} G_{2,4}^{3,0}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} \end{matrix}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0093.01

$$\cos(z) J_\nu(z) - \sin(z) Y_\nu(z) = \sqrt{2} G_{2,4}^{3,0}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{matrix}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0094.01

$$\sin(z) J_\nu(z) - \cos(z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{\cos(\nu\pi)}{\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} \end{matrix}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0095.01

$$\cos(z) J_\nu(z) + \sin(z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{\cos(\nu\pi)}{\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} G_{2,4}^{3,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4} \\ \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2} \end{matrix}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0096.01

$$\sin(a+z) J_\nu(z) - \cos(a+z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{\cos(\pi\nu)}{\pi^2 \sqrt{2}} G_{3,5}^{4,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} - \frac{a}{\pi} \\ -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{1-\nu}{2} - \frac{a}{\pi} \end{matrix}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0156.01

$$\cos(a+z) J_\nu(z) + \sin(a+z) Y_\nu(z) = \frac{\cos(\pi\nu)}{\sqrt{2} \pi^2} G_{3,5}^{4,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{4}, \frac{3}{4}, -\frac{a}{\pi} - \frac{\nu}{2} \\ \frac{1-\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu+1}{2}, -\frac{a}{\pi} - \frac{\nu}{2} \end{matrix}\right)$$

**Generalized cases involving  ${}_0F_1$** 

## 03.01.26.0097.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(; b; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{\Gamma(b) 2^{b-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1-b}{2}, 1 - \frac{b}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1 - b + \frac{\nu}{2}, 1 - b - \frac{\nu}{2} \end{matrix}\right); -b - \nu \notin \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0157.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(; -n - \nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{-n-\nu-1} \Gamma(-n - \nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left( (-1)^{n-1} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2}(n + \nu + 1), \frac{n+\nu}{2} + 1 \\ n + \frac{\nu}{2} + 1, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, n + \frac{3\nu}{2} + 1 \end{matrix}\right) + 2 \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{k+\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor} z^{2k+\nu} \Gamma(k - n + \lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + \frac{1}{2}) (1 - k + \lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor)_{n-\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}}{k! \Gamma(k - n - \nu) \Gamma(k + \nu + 1)} \right); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0158.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = -\frac{2^{-\nu-1} \Gamma(-\nu)}{\pi} \left( 2 \sin(\pi \nu) z^\nu + \sqrt{\pi} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{\frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu+2}{2}}{\frac{\nu+2}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2} + 1}\right) \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0159.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(-\nu-1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = 2^{-\nu-2} \left( \frac{4 z^\nu}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} + \frac{\Gamma(-\nu-1)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{\frac{\nu}{2} + 1, \frac{\nu+3}{2}}{\frac{\nu}{2} + 2, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2} + 2}\right) \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0160.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{\nu-1} \Gamma(\nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{\frac{1-\nu}{2}}{\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1 - \frac{3\nu}{2}}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0161.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^\nu \Gamma(\nu+1)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{\frac{1-\nu}{2}}{\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{3\nu}{2}}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0162.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(1-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{-\nu} \Gamma(1-\nu)}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{\frac{\nu+1}{2}}{\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2}}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0098.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(\nu+1; \frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \sqrt{\pi} 2^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} \Gamma(\nu+1) G_{0,4}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}, -\frac{3\nu}{4}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0099.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0F_1\left(1-\nu; \frac{z^2}{4}\right) = 2^{\nu/2} \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(1-\nu) G_{1,5}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \middle| \frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4}, \frac{3\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0163.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0F_1(\nu+1; z) = 2^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(\nu+1) G_{0,4}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}(3\nu)\right)$$

## 03.01.26.0164.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0F_1(1-\nu; z) = 2^{\nu/2} \sqrt{\pi} \Gamma(1-\nu) G_{1,5}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{\frac{2-\nu}{4}}{\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4}, \frac{3\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}}\right)$$

**Generalized cases involving  ${}_0\tilde{F}_1$** 

## 03.01.26.0100.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(b; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{b-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \middle| \frac{\frac{1-b}{2}, 1-\frac{b}{2}}{\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b+\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-b-\frac{\nu}{2}}\right) /; -b-\nu \notin \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0165.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(; -n-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{-n-\nu-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left( (-1)^{n-1} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{2}(n+\nu+1), \frac{n+\nu}{2}+1 \\ n+\frac{\nu}{2}+1, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, n+\frac{3\nu}{2}+1 \end{array} \right. \right) + 2 \sum_{k=0}^{\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor} \frac{(-1)^{k+\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor} z^{2k+\nu} \Gamma(k-n+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor + \frac{1}{2}) (1-k+\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor)_{n-\lfloor \frac{n}{2} \rfloor}}{k! \Gamma(k-n-\nu) \Gamma(k+\nu+1)} \right) /; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

## 03.01.26.0166.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(; -\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = -\frac{2^{-\nu-1}}{\pi} \left( 2 \sin(\pi \nu) z^\nu + \sqrt{\pi} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{\nu+1}{2}, \frac{\nu+2}{2} \\ \frac{\nu+2}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2}+1 \end{array} \right. \right) \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0167.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(; -\nu-1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = 2^{-\nu-2} \left( \frac{4z^\nu (\nu+1) \sin(\pi \nu)}{\pi} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{2,4}^{1,2}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{\nu}{2}+1, \frac{\nu+3}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}+2, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2}+2 \end{array} \right. \right) \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0168.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(; \nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{\nu-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{1-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, 1-\frac{3\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0169.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(; \nu+1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^\nu}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{1-\nu}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{3\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0170.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(; 1-\nu; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \frac{2^{-\nu}}{\sqrt{\pi}} G_{1,3}^{1,1}\left(z, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{\nu+1}{2} \\ \frac{\nu}{2}, -\frac{\nu}{2}, \frac{3\nu}{2} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0101.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(; \nu+1; \frac{z^2}{4}\right) = \sqrt{\pi} 2^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} G_{0,4}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}, -\frac{3\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0102.01

$$J_\nu(z) {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(; 1-\nu; \frac{z^2}{4}\right) = 2^{\nu/2} \sqrt{\pi} G_{1,5}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{2\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{4} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{2-\nu}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4}, \frac{3\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0171.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0\tilde{F}_1(; \nu+1; z) = 2^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} \sqrt{\pi} G_{0,4}^{1,0}\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4}, -\frac{1}{4}(3\nu) \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## 03.01.26.0172.01

$$J_\nu(2\sqrt{z}) {}_0\tilde{F}_1(; 1-\nu; z) = 2^{\nu/2} \sqrt{\pi} G_{1,5}^{2,0}\left(\frac{z}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{2-\nu}{4} \\ \frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{\nu+2}{4}, \frac{3\nu}{4}, -\frac{\nu}{4}, \frac{2-\nu}{4} \end{array} \right. \right)$$

## Through other functions

## 03.01.26.0103.01

$$J_\nu(z) = (-1)^{\nu - \frac{1}{2}} H_{-\nu}(z) /; \nu - \frac{1}{2} \in \mathbb{N}$$

## Representations through equivalent functions

### With related functions

## 03.01.27.0001.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{z^\nu}{(iz)^\nu} I_\nu(iz)$$

## 03.01.27.0002.01

$$J_\nu(iz) = \frac{(iz)^\nu}{z^\nu} I_\nu(z)$$

## 03.01.27.0003.02

$$J_\nu(z) = \csc(\pi\nu) Y_{-\nu}(z) - \cot(\pi\nu) Y_\nu(z)$$

## 03.01.27.0004.01

$$J_\nu(z) Y_{\nu+1}(z) - J_{\nu+1}(z) Y_\nu(z) = -\frac{2}{\pi z}$$

## 03.01.27.0005.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu {}_0\tilde{F}_1\left(; \nu + 1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right)$$

## 03.01.27.0006.01

$$J_\nu(z) = \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \left(\frac{z}{2}\right)^\nu {}_0F_1\left(; \nu + 1; -\frac{z^2}{4}\right) /; -\nu \notin \mathbb{N}^+$$

## 03.01.27.0007.01

$$J_\nu(z) = e^{\frac{3i\pi\nu}{4}} z^\nu (-(-1)^{3/4} z)^{-\nu} (\text{ber}_\nu(-(-1)^{3/4} z) - i \text{bei}_\nu(-(-1)^{3/4} z))$$

## 03.01.27.0008.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt[4]{-1} z) = e^{\frac{3i\pi\nu}{4}} z^{-\nu} (\sqrt[4]{-1} z)^\nu (\text{ber}_\nu(z) - i \text{bei}_\nu(z))$$

## 03.01.27.0009.01

$$J_\nu(\sqrt[4]{z}) I_\nu(\sqrt[4]{z}) = (-z)^{-\frac{\nu}{2}} z^{\nu/2} \left( \text{bei}_\nu(\sqrt[4]{-z})^2 + \text{ber}_\nu(\sqrt[4]{-z})^2 \right)$$

## Inequalities

## 03.01.29.0001.01

$$|J_\nu(z)| \leq 1 /; \nu \geq 0$$

## 03.01.29.0002.01

$$|J_\nu(z)| \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} /; \nu \geq 1$$

## 03.01.29.0003.01

$$0 < J_\nu(\nu) < \frac{\sqrt[3]{2} \sqrt[3]{\nu}}{3^{2/3}} \Gamma\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) /; \nu > 0$$

## 03.01.29.0004.01

$$|J_\nu(x)| \leq \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu+1)} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^\nu e^{|Im(x)|} /; \nu \geq -\frac{1}{2} \wedge x > 0$$

## 03.01.29.0005.01

$$|J_\nu(\nu x)| \leq \frac{x^\nu e^{\nu \sqrt{1-x^2}}}{\left(\sqrt{1-x^2} + 1\right)^\nu} /; \nu \in \mathbb{N} \wedge x > 0$$

**Zeros**

When  $\nu$  is real, the functions  $J_\nu(z)$  and  $\left(\frac{\partial J_\nu(z)}{\partial z}\right)$  each have an infinite number of real zeros, all of which are simple with the possible exception of  $z = 0$ .

## 03.01.30.0001.01

$$J_\nu(z) = 0 /; z = z_k \wedge k \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \nu \in \mathbb{R} \wedge \operatorname{Re}(z_k) = z_k$$

## 03.01.30.0002.02

$$\frac{\partial J_\nu(z)}{\partial z} = 0 /; z = z_k \wedge k \in \mathbb{N} \wedge \nu \in \mathbb{R} \wedge \operatorname{Re}(z_k) = z_k$$

When  $\nu \geq -1$ , the zeros of  $J_\nu(z)$  are all real. If  $\nu < -1$  and  $\nu$  is not an integer, the number of complex zeros of  $J_\nu(z)$  is  $2 \lfloor -\nu \rfloor$ ; if  $\lfloor -\nu \rfloor$  is odd, two of these zeros lie on the imaginary axis.

If  $\nu > 0$ , all zeros of  $\left(\frac{\partial J_\nu(z)}{\partial z}\right)$  are real.

**Theorems****Hankel transformation**

$$\hat{f}_\nu(y) = \int_0^\infty f(x) \sqrt{xy} J_\nu(xy) dx \Leftrightarrow f(x) = \int_0^\infty \hat{f}_\nu(y) \sqrt{xy} J_\nu(xy) dy /; \operatorname{Re}(\nu) \geq -\frac{1}{2}.$$

**Green's function for the Klein-Gordon equation**

Green's function for the Klein-Gordon equation  $(\square + m^2) G = \delta(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{0}) \delta(t)$  is given by

$$G(\mathbf{x}, t, \mathbf{0}, 0) = \frac{\theta(t)}{2\pi} \delta(t^2 - |\mathbf{x}|^2) - \frac{m}{2\pi} \theta(t - |\mathbf{x}|) \frac{J_1\left(m \sqrt{t^2 - |\mathbf{x}|^2}\right)}{m \sqrt{t^2 - |\mathbf{x}|^2}}.$$

**The initial value problem for a periodic chain of coupled harmonic oscillators**

The initial value problem for a periodic chain of coupled harmonic oscillators with Hamiltonian  $H = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{2} \left( p_j^2 + (q_j - q_{j+1})^2 \right)$  with periodic boundary conditions can be expressed as  $\xi_n(t) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \xi_k(0) J_{k-n}(t)$  where  $\xi_{2n}(t) = p_n(t)$  and  $\xi_{2n+1}(t) = q_{n+1}(t) - q_n(t)$ .

### The solution of the Kepler equation

The solution of the Kepler equation  $w(z) - \varepsilon \sin(w(z)) = z$  is  $w(z) = z + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(kz)}{k} J_k(k\varepsilon) /; 0 < \varepsilon < 1$ .

### The potential of a flat circular disk

The potential  $V(r, z)$  of a flat circular disk of radius 1 in cylindrical coordinates is given by  $V(r, z) \propto \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin(\xi)}{\xi} J_0(r\xi) e^{-\xi|z|} d\xi$ .

### The pair correlation function for two electrons

The pair correlation function  $g(r)$  for two electrons in the plane wave approximation is given by  $g(r) = 1 - \frac{9\pi}{4} \frac{J_{3/2}(k_F r)^2}{(k_F r)^3}$  where  $k_F$  is the Fermi wave length.

### A solution to the Toda equation

A solution to the Toda equation  $\partial^2 \frac{\Theta(x, n, t)}{\partial t^2} + \partial^2 \frac{\Theta(x, n, t)}{\partial x^2} = 2(e^{2(\Theta(x, n+1, t) - \Theta(x, n, t))} - e^{2(\Theta(x, n, t) - \Theta(x, n-1, t))})$  is given by

$$\Theta(x, n, t) = \frac{1}{2} \log \left( 1 + \frac{a^2 J_{n+1}^2 \left( 2 \sqrt{t^2 + x^2} \right)}{1 - a^2 \left( 1 + \sum_{k=n+1}^{\infty} J_k^2 \left( 2 \sqrt{t^2 + x^2} \right) \right)} \right) /; a^2 < \frac{1}{4}.$$

### The components of the magnetic field in a cylindrical coordinate

Let  $B_z, B_\phi, B_r$  the components of the magnetic field in a cylindrical coordinate system  $\{r, \phi, z\}$  such that  $\mathbf{B}$  is a force-free magnetic field (that is,  $\text{div } \mathbf{B} = 0$  and  $\text{curl } \mathbf{B} = a \mathbf{B}$  hold simultaneously). One such solution is

$$B_z = \xi e^{-lz} J_0(r\xi), B_\phi = a e^{-lz} J_1(r\xi), B_r = l e^{-lz} J_1(r\xi) /; \xi^2 = a^2 + l^2.$$

### The propagator for the inverse square potential

The function  $G(x, t; y) = \frac{\sqrt{xy}}{t} \exp\left(i \frac{x^2 + y^2}{2t}\right) J_{\lambda+\frac{1}{2}}\left(\frac{xy}{t}\right)$  is the propagator for the singular potential  $V(x) = \frac{\lambda(\lambda+1)}{2} \frac{1}{x^2}$  and satisfies

$$i \frac{\partial}{\partial t} G(x, t; y) = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} G(x, t; y) + V(x) G(x, t; y) \wedge G(x, 0; y) = \delta(x - y).$$

### The solution of the 1+1 dimensional Dirac equation

The spinor  $\psi(x, t) = \left\{ i \frac{(t+x)}{\sqrt{t^2-x^2}} J_1\left(\frac{m t}{\gamma}\right), J_0\left(\frac{m t}{\gamma}\right) \right\}$ ,  $\gamma = 1 / \sqrt{1 - \frac{x^2}{t^2}}$  is a solution of the 1+1 dimensional Dirac equation

$$i \frac{\partial \psi(x, t)}{\partial t} = -i \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{\partial \psi(x, t)}{\partial x} - m \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \psi(x, t).$$

## Vibrating circular membrane

### Eigenfunctions

The displacement  $u(\mathbf{r}, t)$  of a vibrating membrane, at each point  $\mathbf{r} \in \mathbb{R}^2$  as a function of  $t$ , satisfies the wave equation

$$\Delta u(\mathbf{r}, t) - \frac{1}{c_{ph}^2} \frac{\partial^2 u(\mathbf{r}, t)}{\partial t^2} = 0.$$

Here,  $\Delta$  is the Laplace operator and  $c_{ph}^2$  (= tension per unit surface density) is the phase velocity. For a circular membrane of radius  $r_0$  that is fixed at the boundary and assuming harmonic time dependence  $u(\mathbf{r}, t) = \cos(\omega t + \alpha) u(\mathbf{r})$  yields in a polar coordinate system

$$u_{m,k}(\mathbf{r}) = \cos(m\varphi) J_{|m|}\left(\sqrt{\lambda_{m,k}} r\right)$$

$$u_{m,k}(\mathbf{r}) = \sin(m\varphi) J_{|m|}\left(\sqrt{\lambda_{m,k}} r\right)$$

$\lambda_{m,k} = \mu_{m,k}^2 / r_0^2$  where  $\mu_{m,k}^2$  is the  $k$ th zero of the Bessel function  $J_m(z)$ .

## History

- J. Bernoulli (1703); D. Bernoulli (1733);
- F. W. Bessel (1816,1824)
- O. Schlömilch (1857) used the name "Bessel functions"
- E. Lommel (1868) used arbitrary real indices
- H. Hankel (1869) used arbitrary complex indices
- I. Todhunter (1875); N. J. Sonin (1880) derived the recurrence relations

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