

1 Project 1

Dathan Pompa

CS 300 Analysis and Design

6/23/2024

Project 1

Step 1. Part 1. Binary Search Tree

Open file, reads data, parses each line and checks for errors

Function LoadCourses(filename):

Open file with name 'filename'

Initialize an empty list 'lines'

For each line in the file:

Strip any leading/trailing whitespace from the line

Append the line to 'lines'

Close the file

Return 'lines'

Function ValidateAndParseLines(lines):

Initialize an empty object 'courseObj'

For each line in 'lines':

Split the line by comma into 'tokens'

2 Project 1

If the number of 'tokens' is less than 2:

Print error message "Error: Line does not contain at least two parameters." to output

Return False

```
courseNumber = tokens[0]
```

```
courseTitle = tokens[1]
```

```
prerequisites = tokens[2:]
```

```
courseObj[courseNumber] = (courseTitle, prerequisites)
```

```
//prerequisites
```

For each course in 'courseObj':

```
courseNumber, (courseTitle, prerequisites) = course
```

For each prerequisite in 'prerequisites':

If prerequisite is not in 'courseObj':

Print error message "Error: Prerequisite course <prerequisite> for course <courseNumber> does not exist." to output

Return False

```
Return 'courseObj'
```

Part 2.

Creating course objects and storing in data structure.

3 Project 1

Function CreateCourseObjects(courseObj, bst):

 For each courseNumber in 'courseObj':

 courseTitle, prerequisites = courseObj[courseNumber]

 Create a new Course object 'course'

 Set course.courseNumber = courseNumber

 Set course.title = courseTitle

 Set course.prerequisites = prerequisites

 bst.Insert(course)

Part 3.

Print our course info and prerequisites

Function PrintCourseInformation(bst):

4 Project 1

Function InOrderTraversal(node):

 If node is not None:

 InOrderTraversal(node.left)

 Print "Course Number: " + node.course.courseNumber to output

 Print "Course Title: " + node.course.title to output

 If node.course.prerequisites is not empty:

 Print "Prerequisites: " + ", ".join(node.course.prerequisites) to output

 Else:

 Print "Prerequisites: None" to output

 InOrderTraversal(node.right)

InOrderTraversal(bst.root)

(The Vector)

File Opener

Courses

Set course number as string

Set course name as string

Vector of type string to store prerequisites

5 Project 1

Make hashtable

Struct node

create course pointer with name course

create node pointer with next

create integer key

node with

set key with max units

set next to null ptr

node(course pointer and new course) with node method

set current course to newcourse

node course pointer and newcourse with key to node method with parameters newCourse

Readfile(file and hashtable

Initialize the fstream and filestream

Then the string to hold data

Then string stream and line stream for its contents

Then a token for each word

Open file with filestream

fill each line with linestream

6 Project 1

create counter initialize to 1

make new course pointer with new course for each line in the file

get the token up to a comma ',' and continue until end of file

if counter is 1 || 2

set newcourse and course number to the token and counter ++

else

if token is present in table

add token to prerequisites

if counter is less than 1

print format error within file

add the course to table

clear line stream

Object Creator

Add course with parameters course pointer with newCourse

Make key for the new course, hash the course number

Make node to get the node by its key

If the node is null

make new node with add course, new course, and its key

7 Project 1

push the new course into table at key position

If nodes key is at max units

set the node key to key, node course to newcourse, next node to null

Else

while next node is not null

set node to next node

make a new node called addcourse with newcourse and its key

set the next node to addcourse

Data Search

Search by course number

Create empty course object

For each loop of object

if courses course number is equal to our created course object

return course

create a list node and set it to next node

while not nullptr

if listnode course number equals our course object

return course

the list node points to next node

8 Project 1

At the end return created object

Print

Create empty queue and enqueue the table

While queue is not empty

dequeue a node from the queue

print node course key and name

For each loop of course object

enqueue next node

While next node is not empty continue

Else return.

(The Hash Table)

Part 1. Read and validate the file

Function readFile(filePath);

 Open the file at filePath in read mode as file

 Set courses = empty hash table

 AllCourses = emptyList;

 For each line in the file;

 Remove the leading and trailing space from the line

 If the line is not empty;

9 Project 1

```
tokens = split line with comma

if length of tokens is less than 2;

    print error

    continue

courseNum = tokens[0].strip()

title = tokens[1].strip()

prerequisites = []

if length of tokens > 2;

    for i =0 from 2 to length of tokens -1:

        prerequisite = tokens[i].strip()

        prerequisites.append(prerequisite)
```

Part 2. creating course objects and storing them

Defining course class

```
Class Course;
```

```
Course(courseNum, title, prerequisites);
```

```
    This.courseNum = courseNum
```

```
    This.title = title
```

```
    This.prerequisites = prerequisites
```

10 Project 1

```
newCourse = Course(courseNum, title, prerequisites)
```

```
courses[courseNum] = newCourse
```

```
add courseNum to allCourses
```

```
// Check for missing prerequisites
```

```
For course in courses:
```

```
For course in courses
```

```
for prerequisite in course.prerequisites:
```

```
if prerequisite is not in courses;
```

```
print error prerequisite in courseNum doesnt exist
```

```
remove prerequisite from course.prerequisites
```

```
Return courses;
```

Part 3. Printing course information and prerequisites

```
Function printCourses(courses);
```

```
For courseNum, course in courses
```

```
print course.courseNum
```

```
print course.title
```

```
if length of prerequisite is 0
```

11 Project 1

print no prerequisite

else

print join(course.prerequisites)

Step 2.

The menu

Main menu Function

Function MainMenu():

 Initialize bst as a new binary search tree

 Initialize courseObj as an empty object

 Declare filename as an empty string

 While True:

 Print "1: Load the file data into the data structure"

 Print "2: Print an alphanumerically ordered list of all the courses in the
 Computer Science department"

 Print "3: Print the course title and the prerequisites for any individual course"

 Print "9: Exit the program"

 Print "Enter your choice: "

 Read choice from user input

12 Project 1

If choice == 1:

Print "Enter the filename: "

Read filename from user input

lines = LoadCourses(filename)

If lines is not None:

courseObj = ValidateAndParseLines(lines)

If courseObj is not False:

CreateCourseObjects(courseObj, bst)

Print "Courses loaded successfully."

Else:

Print "Failed to validate and parse lines."

Else:

Print "Failed to load courses."

Else If choice == 2:

If bst.root is not None:

PrintCourseInformation(bst)

Else:

Print "Please load the course data first (Option 1)."

13 Project 1

Else If choice == 3:

 If bst.root is not None:

 Print "Enter the course number: "

 Read courseNumber from user input node =
 bst.Search(courseNumber)

 If node is not None:

 Print "Course Number: " + node.course.courseNumber

 Print "Course Title: " + node.course.title

 If node.course.prerequisites is not empty:

 Print "Prerequisites: " + "
 ".join(node.course.prerequisites)

 Else:

 Print "Prerequisites: None"

 Else:

 Print "Course not found."

 Else:

 Print "Please load the course data first (Option 1)."

Else If choice == 9:

 Print "Exiting the program."

 Break

14 Project 1

Else:

Print "Invalid choice. Please try again." // Error handling

// sorting in alphabetical order

Function PrintCourseInformation(bst):

Function InOrderTraversal(node):

If node is not None:

InOrderTraversal(node.left)

Print "Course Number: " + node.course.courseNumber

Print "Course Title: " + node.course.title

If node.course.prerequisites is not empty:

Print "Prerequisites: " + ", ".join(node.course.prerequisites) Else:

Print "Prerequisites: None"

InOrderTraversal(node.right)

InOrderTraversal(bst.root)

Evaluation

Operation	Vector	Hash table	Binary search tree
Loading courses	$O(n)$	$O(n)$	$O(n)$
Validate and parse lines	$O(nm)$	$O(nm)$	$O(nm)$

15 Project 1

Create and insert course objects	$O(n)$	$O(n)$	$O(n \log n)$
-------------------------------------	--------	--------	---------------

Loading courses is going to be the runtime $O(n)$ for all three structures.

Validating and parsing lines: runtime is $O(nm)$ with n as the number and m being the token.

Creating and inserting course objects: Vector and Hash table are $O(n)$ because vector takes a constant time $O(1)$ and Hash table takes an average constant time of $O(1)$ also. Binary Search Tree is $O(n \log n)$ because it inserts each object into a bst which takes an average time of $O(\log n)$.

Vectors: It's easy to use with $O(n)$ inserts time but cannot search efficiently.

Hash Table: This gives us an insert of $O(1)$ and search as well but can collide which would give it $O(n)$ worst case time.

BST: Gives $O(\log n)$ insert and search, it keeps a sorted order which would be the best choice for our ordered data traversal, this makes Binary Search Tree the best choice for our circumstances.