Computer Networking Socket Programming Assignment 5: ICMP Pinger

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Code ICMP Pinger:

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Sun Apr 9 00:32:51 2017
@author: monilshah
11 11 11
import socket
import os
import sys
import struct
import time
import select
import binascii
ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST = 8
timeRTT = []
packageSent =0;
packageRev = 0;
def checksum(str):
  padd = 0
  countTo = (len(str) / 2) * 2
  count = 0
  while count < countTo:
    this Val = str[count+1] * 256 + str[count]
    padd = padd + thisVal
```

padd = padd & 0xffffffff

```
count = count + 2
  if countTo < len(str):
     padd = padd + ord(str[len(str) - 1])
    padd = padd & 0xffffffff
  padd = (padd >> 16) + (padd & 0xffff)
  padd = padd + (padd >> 16)
  answer = \simpadd
  answer = answer & 0xffff
  answer = answer >> 8 | (answer << 8 & 0xff00)
  return answer
def receiveOnePing(mySocket, ID, timeout, destAddr):
  global packageRev,timeRTT
  timeLeft = timeout
  while 1:
     startedSelect = time.time()
     whatReady = select.select([mySocket], [], [], timeLeft)
     howLongInSelect = (time.time() - startedSelect)
     if what Ready [0] == []: # Timeout
       return "0: Destination Network Unreachable,"
     timeReceived = time.time()
     recPacket, addr = mySocket.recvfrom(1024)
  #Fill in start
     #Fetch the ICMP header from the IP packet
     icmpHeader = recPacket[20:28]
    requestType, code, revChecksum, revId, revSequence =
struct.unpack('bbHHh',icmpHeader)
     if ID == revId:
       bytesInDouble = struct.calcsize('d')
       #struct.calcsize(fmt) Return the size of the struct (and hence of the string)
corresponding to the given format.
     #struct.unpack(fmt, buffer[, offset=0]) Unpack the buffer according to the
given format. The result is a tuple even if it contains exactly one item. The buffer
```

must contain at least the amount of data required by the format (len(buffer[offset:])

must be at least calcsize(fmt)).

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timeData = struct.unpack('d',recPacket[28:28 + bytesInDouble])[0]
       timeRTT.append(timeReceived - timeData)
       packageRev += 1
       return timeReceived - timeData
    else:
       return "ID does not match"
    #Fill in end
    timeLeft = timeLeft - howLongInSelect
    if timeLeft \le 0:
       return "1: Request timed out."
def sendOnePing(mySocket, destAddr, ID):
  global packageSent
  # Header is type (8), code (8), checksum (16), id (16), sequence (16)
  myChecksum = 0
  # Make a dummy header with a 0 checksum.
  # struct -- Interpret strings as packed binary data
  header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
  data = struct.pack("d", time.time())
  # Calculate the checksum on the data and the dummy header.
  myChecksum = checksum(header + data)
  # Get the right checksum, and put in the header
  if sys.platform == 'darwin':
    myChecksum = socket.htons(myChecksum) & 0xffff
    #Convert 16-bit integers from host to network byte order.
  else:
    myChecksum = socket.htons(myChecksum)
  header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
  packet = header + data
```

```
mySocket.sendto(packet, (destAddr, 1))
  packageSent += 1
  # AF_INET address must be tuple, not str
  #Both LISTS and TUPLES consist of a number of objects
  #which can be referenced by their position number within the object
def doOnePing(destAddr, timeout):
  icmp = socket.getprotobyname("icmp")
  #SOCK_RAW is a powerful socket type. For more details see:http://sock-
raw.org/papers/sock_raw
  #Fill in start
  #Create Socket here
  mySocket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_RAW, icmp)
  #Fill in end
  myID = os.getpid() & 0xFFFF #Return the current process i
  sendOnePing(mySocket, destAddr, myID)
  delay = receiveOnePing(mySocket, myID, timeout, destAddr)
  mySocket.close()
  return delay
def ping(host, timeout=1):
  #timeout=1 means: If one second goes by without a reply from the server,
  dest = socket.gethostbyname(host)
  print("Pinging " + dest + " using Python:")
  print("")
  #Send ping requests to a server separated by approximately one second
  while 1:
    delay = doOnePing(dest, timeout)
    print("RTT:",delay)
    time.sleep(1)# one second
  return delay
ping("www.google.com")
```

Output:

ICMP Pinger Bonus:

```
Code:
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Sun Apr 9 19:11:45 2017
@author: root
11 11 11
import socket
import os
import sys
import struct
import time
import select
import binascii
ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST = 8
def checksum(str):
  csum = 0
  countTo = (len(str) / 2) * 2
  count = 0
  while count < countTo:
    this Val = str[count+1] * 256 + str[count]
     csum = csum + this Val
```

csum = csum & 0xffffffff

```
count = count + 2
  if countTo < len(str):
    csum = csum + ord(str[len(str) - 1])
    csum = csum & 0xffffffff
  csum = (csum >> 16) + (csum & 0xffff)
  csum = csum + (csum >> 16)
  answer = \simcsum
  answer = answer & Oxffff
  answer = answer >> 8 | (answer << 8 & 0xff00)
  return answer
def receiveOnePing(mySocket, ID, timeout, destAddr):
  timeLeft = timeout
  while 1:
     startedSelect = time.time()
     whatReady = select.select([mySocket], [], [], timeLeft)
    howLongInSelect = (time.time() - startedSelect)
    if whatReady[0] == []: # Timeout
         return "Request timed out."
     timeReceived = time.time()
     recPacket, addr = mySocket.recvfrom(1024)
# Get the ICMPHeader from the IP address
    icmpHeader = recPacket[20:28]
    # bytes = struct.calcsize("d")
    # raw_TTL = struct.unpack("d", recPacket[8:8 + bytes])[0]
    # binascii -- Convert between binary and ASCII
    #TTL = int(binascii.hexlify(str(raw_TTL)), 16)
    icmpType, code, checksum, packetID, sequence = struct.unpack("bbHHh",
icmpHeader)
    if packetID == ID:
       bytes = struct.calcsize("d")
       timeS = struct.unpack("d", recPacket[28:28 + bytes])[0]
       return "Reply from %s: time=%f5ms bytes=%d" % (destAddr,
(timeReceived- timeS)*1000 ,len(recPacket))
    timeLeft = timeLeft - howLongInSelect
    if timeLeft \leq 0:
       return "Request timed out."
```

```
def sendOnePing(mySocket, destAddr, ID):
  # Header is type (8), code (8), checksum (16), id (16), sequence (16)
  myChecksum = 0
  # Make a dummy header with a 0 checksum
  # struct -- Interpret strings as packed binary data
  header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
  data = struct.pack("d", time.time())
  # Calculate the checksum on the data and the dummy header.
  myChecksum = checksum(header + data)
  # Get the right checksum, and put in the header
  if sys.platform == 'darwin':
    # Convert 16-bit integers from host to network byte order
    myChecksum = socket.htons(myChecksum) & 0xffff
  else:
    myChecksum = socket.htons(myChecksum)
  header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
  packet = header + data
  mySocket.sendto(packet, (destAddr, 1)) # AF_INET address must be tuple, not
str
  # Both LISTS and TUPLES consist of a number of objects
  # which can be referenced by their position number within the object.
def doOnePing(destAddr, timeout):
  icmp = socket.getprotobyname("icmp")
  # SOCK_RAW is a powerful socket type. For more details: http://sock-raw.org/
papers/sock raw
  mySocket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_RAW, icmp)
  myID = os.getpid() & 0xFFFF # Return the current process i
  sendOnePing(mySocket, destAddr, myID)
  delay = receiveOnePing(mySocket, myID, timeout, destAddr)
  mySocket.close()
  return delay
def ping(host, timeout=3):
  # timeout=1 means: If one second goes by without a reply from the server,
  # the client assumes that either the client's ping or the server's pong is lost
```

```
dest = socket.gethostbyname(host)
  print("")
  print("-----Pinging " + host + " with IP " + dest + " using Python-----")
  print("")
  i=0;
  #Send ping requests to a server separated by approximately one second
  while i<3:
    delay = doOnePing(dest, timeout)
    print(delay)
    time.sleep(1)# one second
    i=i+1;
  return delay
ping("www.harvard.edu") #USA
ping("www.tum.de") #germany
ping("www.ldce.ac.in") #india
ping("www.unsw.com") #australia
```

Output:

```
Last login: Sun Apr 9 19:53:27 on ttys001
[Monils-MBP:~ monilshah$ sudo python icmppinger.py
[Password:
-----Pinging www.harvard.edu with IP 104.16.155.6 using Python-----
Reply from 104.16.155.6: time=7.2660455ms bytes=36
Reply from 104.16.155.6: time=23.0131155ms bytes=36
Reply from 104.16.155.6: time=6.5832145ms bytes=36
-----Pinging www.tum.de with IP 129.187.255.228 using Python-----
Reply from 129.187.255.228: time=101.1319165ms bytes=36
Reply from 129.187.255.228: time=102.2470005ms bytes=36
Reply from 129.187.255.228: time=109.4141015ms bytes=36
-----Pinging www.ldce.ac.in with IP 166.62.10.189 using Python-----
Reply from 166.62.10.189: time=246.8290335ms bytes=36
Reply from 166.62.10.189: time=312.9508505ms bytes=36
Reply from 166.62.10.189: time=331.8638805ms bytes=36
----Pinging www.unsw.com with IP 202.58.60.194 using Python----
Reply from 202.58.60.194: time=332.4511055ms bytes=36
Reply from 202.58.60.194: time=326.0111815ms bytes=36
Reply from 202.58.60.194: time=334.9587925ms bytes=36
```

ICMP Traceroute Lab

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
Created on Sun Apr 9 18:05:54 2017
@author: root
import socket
import os
import sys
import struct
import time
import select
import binascii
ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST = 8
MAX HOPS = 30
TIMEOUT = 5.0
TRIES = 2
# The packet that we shall send to each router along the path is the ICMP echo
# request packet, which is exactly what we had used in the ICMP ping exercise.
# We shall use the same packet that we built in the Ping exercise
def checksum(str):
# In this function we make the checksum of our packet
# hint: see icmpPing lab
  padd = 0
  pcountTo = (len(str) / 2) * 2
  pcount = 0
  while pcount < pcountTo:
    this Val = str[pcount+1] * 256 + str[pcount]
    padd = padd + thisVal
    padd = padd & 0xffffffff
     pcount = pcount + 2
  if pcountTo < len(str):
    padd = padd + ord(str[len(str)-1])
```

```
padd = padd & 0xffffffff
  padd = (padd >> 16) + (padd & 0xffff)
  padd = padd + (padd >> 16)
  answer = \simpadd
  answer = answer & 0xffff
  answer = answer >> 8 | (answer << 8 & 0xff00)
  return answer
def build_packet():
# In the sendOnePing() method of the ICMP Ping exercise, firstly the header of our
# packet to be sent was made, secondly the checksum was appended to the header
and
# then finally the complete packet was sent to the destination.
# Make the header in a similar way to the ping exercise.
# Append checksum to the header.
# Dont send the packet yet, just return the final packet in this function.
# So the function ending should look like this
  myChecksum = 0
  ID = os.getpid() & 0xFFFF
  header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP_ECHO_REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
  data = struct.pack("d", time.time())
  myChecksum= checksum(header + data)
  if sys.platform == 'darwin':
    myChecksum = socket.htons(myChecksum) & 0xffff
  else:
    myChecksum = socket.htons(myChecksum)
  header = struct.pack("bbHHh", ICMP ECHO REQUEST, 0, myChecksum, ID,
1)
  packet = header + data
  return packet
def get_route(hostname):
  timeLeft = TIMEOUT
  for ttl in range(1,MAX HOPS):
    for tries in range(TRIES):
       destAddr = socket.gethostbyname(socket.gethostname())
#Fill in start
```

```
# Make a raw socket named mySocket
     icmp = socket.getprotobyname("icmp")
     mySocket= socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_RAW, icmp)
     mySocket.bind(("",12000))
#Fill in end
    mySocket.setsockopt(socket.IPPROTO_IP, socket.IP_TTL, struct.pack('I',
ttl))
     mySocket.settimeout(TIMEOUT)
     try:
       d = build_packet()
       mySocket.sendto(d, (hostname, 0))
       t= time.time()
       startedSelect = time.time()
       whatReady = select.select([mySocket], [], [], timeLeft)
       howLongInSelect = (time.time() - startedSelect)
       if what Ready[0] == []: # Timeout
            print("* * * Request timed out.")
       recPacket, addr = mySocket.recvfrom(1024)
       timeReceived = time.time()
       timeLeft = timeLeft - howLongInSelect
       if timeLeft <= 0:
         print (" * * * Request timed out.")
     except socket.timeout:
       continue
     else:
       #Fill in start
       header = recPacket[20:28]
       type, code, checksum, p_id, sequence = struct.unpack("bbHHh", header)
       # Fetch the icmp type from the IP packet
       #Fill in end
       if type == 11:
          bytes = struct.calcsize("d")
          timeSent = struct.unpack("d", recPacket[28:28 + bytes])[0]
         print (" %d rtt=%.0f ms %s" % (ttl,(timeReceived -t)*1000, addr[0]))
       elif type == 3:
         bytes = struct.calcsize("d")
```

```
timeSent = struct.unpack("d", recPacket[28:28 + bytes])[0]
         print (" %d rtt=%.0f ms %s" % (ttl,(timeReceived -t)*1000, addr[0]))
       elif type == 0:
         bytes = struct.calcsize("d")
         timeSent = struct.unpack("d", recPacket[28:28 +bytes])[0]
         print (" %d rtt=%.0f ms %s" % (ttl,(timeReceived -
timeSent)*1000,addr[0]))
         return
       else:
         print( "error")
       break
    finally:
       mySocket.close()
print("---www.google.com---")
get_route("www.google.com")
print("---www.twitter.com---")
get_route("www.twitter.com")
print("---www.facebook.com---")
get_route("www.facebook.com")
print("---www.yahoo.com---")
get_route("www.yahoo.com")
Output:
[Monils-MBP:Desktop monilshah$ sudo python icmp.py
 ---www.google.com---
  1 rtt=1 ms 192.168.1.1
 ---www.twitter.com---
  1 rtt=1 ms 192.168.1.1
 ---www.facebook.com---
  1 rtt=1 ms 192.168.1.1
 ---www.yahoo.com---
 1 rtt=1 ms 192.168.1.1
```