

Sử dụng phương thức khởi tạo không tham số.

```
class Student {
    String name;
    int age;

    public Student() {

    }

    public void display() {
        System.out.println("Name: " + name);
        System.out.println("Age: " + age);
    }
}

public class Entry {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Student[] students = new Student[3];
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
            students[i] = new Student();
        }
        students[0].name = "Tuan";
        students[0].age = 24;
        students[1].name = "Cuong";
        students[1].age = 25;
        students[2].name = "Duc";
        students[2].age = 24;
        for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
            students[i].display();
        }
    }
}
```