

Threat Hunting Report

Incident Snapshot – Solvi Systems

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Abstract—Solvi Systems, a key software provider for South Africa’s energy sector, was the target of a coordinated cyberattack involving reconnaissance, phishing, malware deployment, lateral movement, data theft, and attempted privilege escalation. The incident began with suspicious web traffic and multiple failed XSS attempts against the company’s public website. The attacker used several IP addresses and performed extensive reconnaissance before launching the intrusion. Phishing emails impersonating energy-industry news outlets were sent to multiple Solvi employees, containing malicious links to weaponized .docx files hosted on fake news domains. One employee, Carla Wharton, clicked a link leading to the execution of ecobug.exe, a malware sample that established persistent outbound connections to an attacker-controlled IP. The malware spread to 38 distinct employee machines, generating hundreds of connection attempts. The adversary attempted to create a new local administrator account and executed discovery commands on compromised hosts. On Alexei Petrov’s machine, the attacker accessed internal network shares, copied sensitive software development documents, compressed them, and exfiltrated the data to an external server via HTTPS. The threat actor also accessed internal development portals and sent social-engineering emails seeking additional documentation. The campaign shows a clear interest in Solvi’s software lifecycle, likely aiming to understand or manipulate the DOCKS ICS software used across the region’s power infrastructure.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Incident Overview
Trigger: WAF alert detecting XSS attempt + anomalous browsing patterns.
Impact: Malware execution, lateral movement, data exfiltration.
Scope: 38 hosts communicating with C2 + 2 compromised users.
Severity: Critical.

ATTACK FLOW

Attack Phases Identified
Reconnaissance
↓
Initial Access (phishing + malicious DOCX)
↓
Execution (ecobug.exe)
↓
Persistence (daily C2 connections)
↓
Privilege Escalation (creation of gu@rd!an)
↓
Discovery (net use, internal portal access)
↓
Lateral Movement (to Alexei’s machine)
↓
Collection (copying software lifecycle docs)
↓
Exfiltration (curl upload to attacker domain)

MITRE ATT&CK MAPPING

Tactic	Technique ID
Reconnaissance	TA0043
Initial Access	T1566.002 (Spearphishing Link)
Execution	T1204.002 (User Execution – Malicious File)
Persistence	T1053 (Scheduled/Recurring C2)
Privilege Escalation	T1136.001 (Create Local Account)
Discovery	T1087, T1135 (Account & Network Share Discovery)
Lateral Movement	T1021.002 (SMB/Network Shares)
Collection	T1005 (Data from Local System)
Exfiltration	T1041 (Exfiltration over C2 Channel)
Command & Control	T1071 (Application Layer Protocol)

RECOMMENDATIONS

Detection Improvements
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Block malicious domains and IPsRemove unauthorized user gu@rd!anReset credentials for affected usersDeploy EDR scanning for ecobug.exe hashHarden email filteringRestrict access to internal dev portalMonitor outbound HTTPS uploadsReview permissions on network sharesConduct phishing awareness training

INDICATORS OF COMPROMISE

IOCs Identified	
Category	IOC
Malicious JS	alert('xss')
Attacker IPs	98.117.26.236, 13.201.46.208, 105.78.23.64, 56.6.30.190
Malicious domains	energy-trends4u.net, news-on-industry.com, eco-awareness-update.net
Malware	ecobug.exe fcc075087c36825a5a8a6fefbc9a90e6c6ee53e7
C2	98.117.26.236:1337
Unauthorized user	gu@rd!an
Exfiltration URL	hxxps://api.eco-awareness-update.net/upload