

1、给定下面的程序段，要求用白盒测试法对其进行测试。依据判定覆盖、条件组合覆盖 2 种覆盖标准，请首先绘制流程图，然后设计出 2 组满足相应覆盖标准的“最小”的测试用例集。（共 10 分）

```
void MyFunc(int x, int y, int z, int &j, int k)
```

```
{
```

```
    j=k=0;
```

```
    if( (x>3) && (z<10))    k=x*y-1;
```

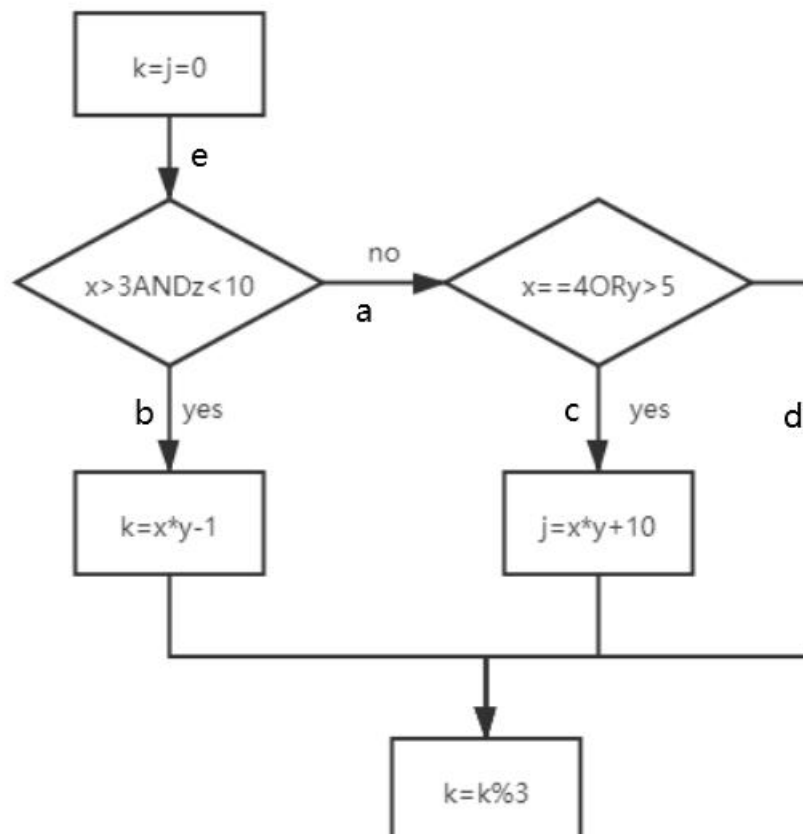
```
    else if ((x==4) || (y>5))    j=x*y+10;
```

```
    k=k%3;
```

```
}
```

答：

(1) 流程图；



(2)

a.判定覆盖

将所有条件定义为:

T1 =  $x > 3$ ; T2 =  $x \leq 3$ ;

T3 =  $z < 10$ ; T4 =  $z \geq 10$ ;

T5 =  $x = 4$ ; T6 =  $x \neq 4$ ;

T7 =  $y > 5$ ; T8 =  $y \leq 5$ ;

测试用例必须保证以上条件至少出现一次并且执行路径 $eb \wedge eac \wedge ead$

最小测试用例集为: [3,6,10],[3,4,10][4,6,9]

b.条件组合覆盖

满足以下覆盖情况:

1.  $x > 3, z < 10$     2.  $x > 3, z \geq 10$

3.  $x \leq 3, z < 10$     4.  $x \leq 3, z \geq 10$

5.  $x = 4, y > 5$     6.  $x = 4, y \leq 5$

7.  $x \neq 4, y > 5$     8.  $x \neq 4, y \leq 5$

用例编号	测试用例	覆盖条件	覆盖路径
1	X=4;y=6;z=9	$(x > 3) \text{ and } (z < 10), (x = 4) \text{ or } (y > 5)$	eb
2	X=4;y=5;z=10	$(x > 3) \text{ and } (z \geq 10), (x = 4) \text{ or } (y \leq 5)$	eac
3	X=3;y=6;z=9	$(x \leq 3) \text{ and } (z < 10), (x \neq 4) \text{ or } (y > 5)$	eac
4	X=3;y=5;z=9	$(x \leq 3) \text{ and } (z \geq 10), (x \neq 4) \text{ or } (y \leq 5)$	ead

最小测试用例为[4,6,9],[4,5,10],[3,6,9],[3,5,9]

1、给定下面的程序段，要求用白盒测试法对其进行测试。首先绘制代码对应的控制流图，然后分别给出满足下面覆盖标准的“测试路径”。

- (1) 点/边覆盖；
- (2) 边对覆盖；
- (3) 主路径覆盖。

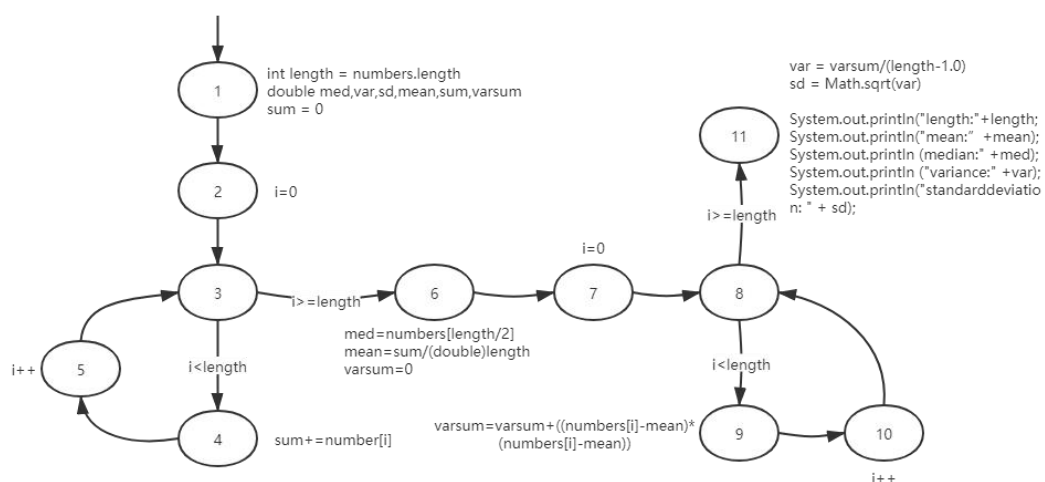
```
public static void computeStats (int [ ] numbers)
{
    int length = numbers.length;
    double med, var, sd, mean, sum, varsum;

    sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)
    {
        sum += numbers [ i ];
    }
    med = numbers [ length / 2];
    mean = sum / (double) length;

    varsum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)
    {
        varsum = varsum + ((numbers [ i ] - mean) * (numbers [ i ] - mean));
    }
    var = varsum / ( length - 1.0 );
    sd = Math.sqrt ( var );

    System.out.println ("length: " + length);
    System.out.println ("mean: " + mean);
    System.out.println ("median: " + med);
    System.out.println ("variance: " + var);
    System.out.println ("standard deviation: " + sd);
}
```

控制流图



- (1) 点/边覆盖；

点覆盖：

[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11]

测试路径:

[1,2,3,4,5,3,6,7,8,9,10,8,11]

边覆盖:

{(1,2),(2,3),(3,4),(4,5),(5,3),(3,6),(6,7),(7,8),(8,9),(9,10),(10,8),(8,11)}

测试路径:

[1,2,3,4,5,3,6,7,8,9,10,8,11]

(2) 边对覆盖:

{[1,2,3],[2,3,4],[2,3,6],[3,4,5],[3,6,7],[4,5,3],[5,3,6],[5,3,4],[6,7,8],[7,8,9],[7,8,11],[8,9,10],  
[9,10,8],[10,8,9],[10,8,11]}

测试路径:

[1,2,3,6,7,8,11],[1,2,3,4,5,3,6,7,8,9,10,8,11]

(3) 主路径覆盖。

[1,2,3,4,5],[1,2,3,6,7,8,11],[1,2,3,6,7,8,9],[3,4,5],[5,3,4],[8,9,10],[10,8,9],[4,5,3,6,7,8,9,10],  
[4,5,3,5,7,8,11]

测试路径:

[1,2,3,4,5,3,6,7,8,9,10,8,11]

[1,2,3,4,5,3,4,5,3,6,7,8,9,10,8,9,10,8,11]

[1,2,3,4,5,3,6,7,8,11]

[1,2,3,6,7,8,9,10,8,11]

[1,2,3,6,7,8,11]