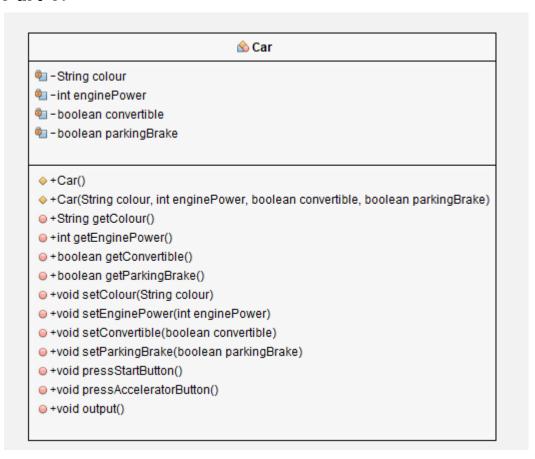
Workshop3

Part 1:



Part 2:

- Classes:
 - 1. Guitar:
 - Fields: serialNumber, price, builder, model, backWood, topWood
 - Methods: createSound
 - 2. Inventory:
 - Fields: list of guitars
 - Methods: addGuitar, searchBySerialNumber
- UML:

Guitar

-serialNumber: String
-price: Double

-builder: String
-model: String
-backWood: String
-topWood: String
+createSound(): void

Inventory
-guitars: List<Guitar>
+addGuitar(guitar: Guitar): void
|+searchBySerialNumber
(serialNumber: String): Guitar

Part 3:



Part 4:

- What is stored in the static heap, stack, dynamic heap?
 - Static heap, the class objects and static variables are stored.
 - Stack, the method calls, local variables, and object references are stored.
 - Dynamic heap, the objects are stored.

- What are objects in the program?

- The objects in the program are obj1 and obj2.

- What is the state of obj1, obj2?

- The state of obj1 is empty values for all fields.
- The state of obj2 is the values assigned during its constructor.

Do you access all fields of obj1 in the class Tester.java?Why?

- No.
- Because *obj1*'s fields are private and we can access all fields of *obj1* in its class.

- What is the current object when the program runs to the line "obj2.createSound();"?
 - It's obj2.
- In the method main, can you use the keyword "this" to access all fields of obj2? Why?
 - No.
 - Reason 1: main is a static method.
 - Reason 2: main is in Tester class, not in Guitar class.