Prepared by: Dr. Saja Al Mamoori

Due Date: Sun Jun 21 (Sec. 57-59), Tues Jun 23 (Sec. 51-56)

It is time to start our Django E-learning webapp. In this lab, you will do the following tasks:

- Create the app models, Topic, Course, Student, and Order.
- Update the database with new models to create corresponding tables with their relationships.
- Populate the tables with data from the file lab4dataset.txt attached with the lab.
- Query the database to retrieve information and verify the tables' data is correct.

On BB, you should submit the file *models.py* in your project for Part 1 and a separate .txt or .pdf file for Part 3.

PART 1: Edit *models.py* to create the necessary models.

from django.db import models

import datetime

from django.contrib.auth.models import User

from django.utils import timezone

- 1. Add the following models.
- a. *Topic* with the following fields:

```
class Topic(models.Model):
   name = models.CharField(max length=200)
```

b. Course with the following fields:

```
class Course(models.Model):
    topic = models.ForeignKey(Topic, related_name='courses',
on_delete=models.CASCADE)
    name = models.CharField(max_length=200)
    price = models.DecimalField(max_digits=10, decimal_places=2)
    for_everyone = models.BooleanField(default=True)
    description = models.TextField(max_length=300, null=True, blank=True)
```

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c. Student with fields below:

- 2. <u>Create database tables</u> (make sure *myapp* is included under INSTALLED_APPS in *settings.py*). See what happens after each step.
 - a. Tools \rightarrow Run manage.py Task... (opens a window where you can type manage.py commands)
 - b. In *manage.py* window: Type **makemigrations myapp** in dialog box.
 - c. In manage.py window: Type sqlmigrate myapp 0001 #Check latest file in migrations dir
 - d. In manage.py window: Type migrate
- 3. Update database tables.
- a. Add a new model *Order* with fields:
 - course (ForeignKey(Course))
 - o indicates the *course* that was ordered
 - Student (ForeignKey(Student))
 - o indicates the *studnt* that ordered the *course*
 - *levels* (PositiveIntegerField)
 - o indicates how many levels of the *course* were ordered
 - order status(IntegerField)
 - o choices of valid values = $\{0,1\}$. The default value is **1**. The values are interpreted as: [(0, 'Cancelled'), (1, 'Order Confirmed')].
 - o **HINT**: Use similar format as *city* field in *Student* model.
 - *order_date*: (*DateField*)
 - o indicates the date the *order_status* was last updated

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- b. Add a new required field *category* to **Topic** model. This indicates the category/class of this topic, e.g., in *lab4dataset* file, Development is the category of Web Development Topic.
- c. Add a new 'optional' field *description* to **Course** model. This provides a description of the Course. The field should be of type *TextField*.
- d. Make the field *school* in **Student** model 'optional'. This field indicates the school (if any) the student is studying at.
- e. Set the default value of *city* field in **Student** model to 'Windsor'.
- f. Write __str__ methods for each model.
- g. For the **Order** model, write a method def total_cost(self): that returns the total cost for all courses in the order.

Run **makemigrations**, **sqlmigrate** and **migrate** again until there are no errors. What is the latest file in *migrations* dir? Open it and check its contents.

PART 2: Enter data into database through Admin interface.

1. Update *admin.py* as follows:

```
from django.contrib import admin
from django.db import models
from .models import Topic, Course, Student, Order

# Register your models here.
admin.site.register(Topic)
admin.site.register(Course)
admin.site.register(Student)
admin.site.register(Order)
```

- 2. Start your server ($Run \rightarrow Run 'mysite S20'$) and navigate to admin site (127.0.0.1:8000/admin).
- 3. Login using *superuser* name and password (done in Lab #3).
- 4. Enter the information for each Topic, Course, Student and Order as given in *lab4dataset* through the admin interface. How is the data being displayed? Would it be more useful to display additional information? Add other data as you see appropriate.

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Part 3: Querying the database.

Tools → Python or Debug Console. In Python console import Django then models from models.py,
then write queries to obtain the following information. Verify if your query generates the correct
answer using lab4dataset.

import django

from myapp.models import Topic, Course, Student, Order

- a. List all the courses in the db.
- b. List all the *students* in the db.
- c. List all the *orders* in the db.
- 2. Write queries to do the following.
 - a. List all students whose last name is 'Jones'
 - b. List all *courses* that for Topic 'Management'
 - c. List all students that live on 'Sunset Avenue'.
 - d. List all *students* that live on an 'Avenue' and live in 'Windsor' *city*.
 - e. List all the *students* that are interested in *Topic* 'Health & Fitness'
 - f. List the *courses* that cost more than \$150.00
 - g. List the students that do NOT live in Windsor.
 - h. List the *Orders* placed by a *student* whose *first_name* is 'Chris'.
 - i. List the *courses* that are currently NOT *for_everyone*.
 - j. Get the first name of the *student* of the *Order* with pk=1.
 - k. List all *topics* that the *studentt* with username 'john' is *interested_in*.
 - 1. List all the *courses* with a *price* < \$150 and is *for_everyone*.
 - m. List the categories that the students who ordered a Web Dev Bootcamp is interested_in.
 - n. List the *category* of the *topic* that 'alan' is interested in. (You may assume that 'alan' is interested in exactly one *topic*.)