Iron Regression Quest

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Project Overview

In this project, we are given a dataset of **House** sale prices in Seattle, US and our **Goal** is to:

- Analyze and clean the data to apply in machine learning
- Apply different supervised regression machine learning models.
- 3. **Assess the results** and choose the best model to deploy.

Dataset 💾

Description: House sale prices in Seattle (King County), US.

Timeframe: May 2014 to May 2015

Size: (21613 rows, 21columns)

Columns:

- **id:** Unique identifier for each house.
- date: Date of house sale.
- bedrooms: Number of bedrooms.
- **bathrooms:** Number of bathrooms per bedroom.
- **sqft_living:** Interior living space area.
- sqft_lot: Land space area.
- floors: Number of house floors.
- waterfront: Presence of waterfront view.
- view: Number of house viewings.
- condition: Overall house condition.
- **grade:** Overall grade based on King County grading system.
- sqft_above: Area excluding the basement.
- sqft_basement: Basement area.
- **yr_built:** Year of house construction.
- yr_renovated: Year of house renovation.
- **zipcode:** ZIP code area.
- lat: Latitude coordinate.
- long: Longitude coordinate.
- sqft_living15: Interior living space of nearest 15 neighbors in 2015.
- sqft_lot15: Land space of nearest 15 neighbors in 2015.
- TARGET > price: Sale price of the house (prediction target).

Data Cleaning 🐥

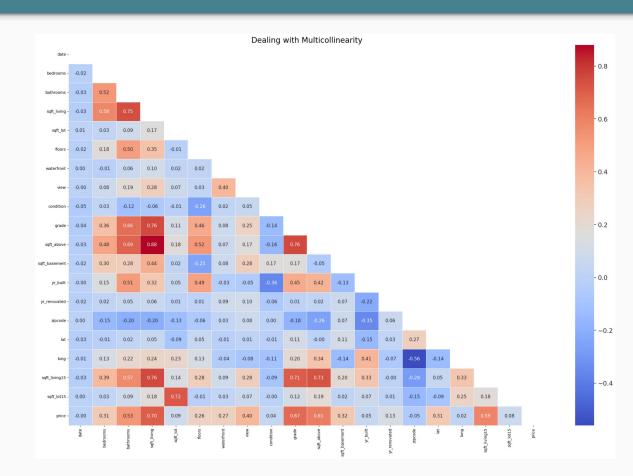
Actions:

- Using house id's as index
- Changing dates to datetime
- All columns are already numerical
- No null values
- Moving [price] to the right as target

Heatmap Conclusions:

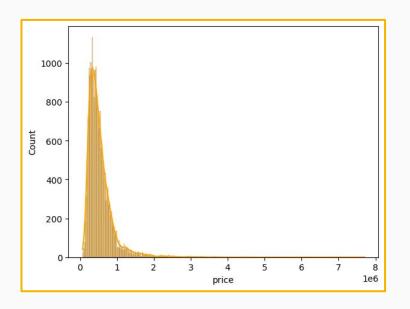
The **highest correlations** are with **sqft_living** and **sqft_above**, but both are **below 0.8 with** the target **price**.

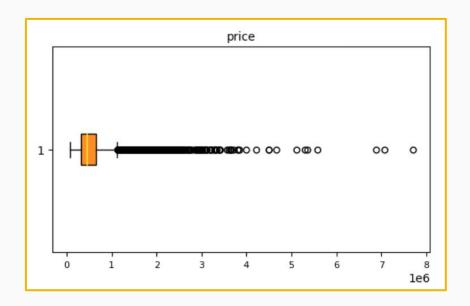
Not removing any column due to low correlation over target [Price].





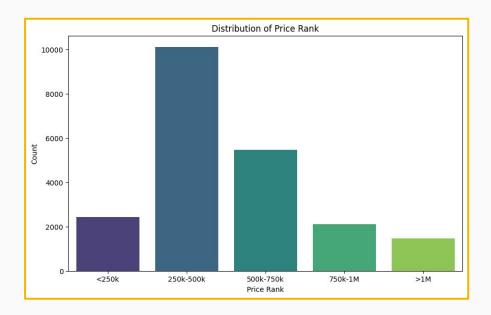
Insights:
No normal distribution of price data
High number of outliers with high house prices

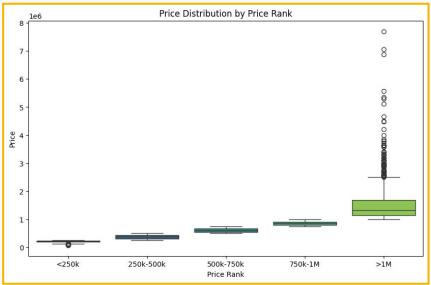




Target Exploration 🏠

- Price_ranks: (<250k), (250k-500k), (500k-750k), (750k-1M), (>1M)
- Most of the house prices are within two rank prices (250k-500k) + (500k-750k)
- Most of teh outliers are within teh price rank of houses above 1M





Regression ML Models tested

Train-test Split = 70% Train / 30% Test

Linear Regression



Decision Tree Regressor



Key Nearest Neighbor



Results 🎯



Linear Regression R2 = 0.6995 Linear Regression RMSE = 208296.7277 Linear Regression MSE = 43387526779.3553 Linear Regression MAE = 127486.8026



Decision Tree R2 = 0.7366

Decision Tree RMSE = 194996.9105

Decision Tree MSE = 38023795092.7977

Decision Tree MAE = 100868.8284







Key N Neighbour R2 = 0.4932
Key N Neighbour RMSE = 270495.0558
Key N Neighbour MSE = 73167575226.5868
Key N Neighbour MAE = 164982.8095

Normalization 🔮



Applying Normalization with MinMaxScaler to the Decision Tree Regressor

Before

Decision Tree R2 = 0.7366

Decision Tree RMSE = 194996.9105

Decision Tree MSE = 38023795092.7977

Decision Tree MAE = 100868.8284



After Normalization

Tree Model 2 R2 = 0.7386

Tree Model 2 RMSE = 194262.7442

Tree Model 2 MSE = 37738013765.2635

Tree Model 2 MAE = 101625.9621

Conclusions



- Decision tree is the best model to predict accurate house sale price in the Seatle (US) market:
 - Has the highest R2 score and Lowest RMSE, MSE and MAE metrics

```
Decision Tree R2 = 0.7366

Decision Tree RMSE = 194996.9105

Decision Tree MSE = 38023795092.7977

Decision Tree MAE = 100868.8284
```

Applying normalization with 'MinMaxScaler' to decision tree model it slightly improves the results

```
Tree Model 2 R2 = 0.7386

Tree Model 2 RMSE = 194262.7442

Tree Model 2 MSE = 37738013765.2635

Tree Model 2 MAE = 101625.9621
```