SCAPv2 and OpenC2

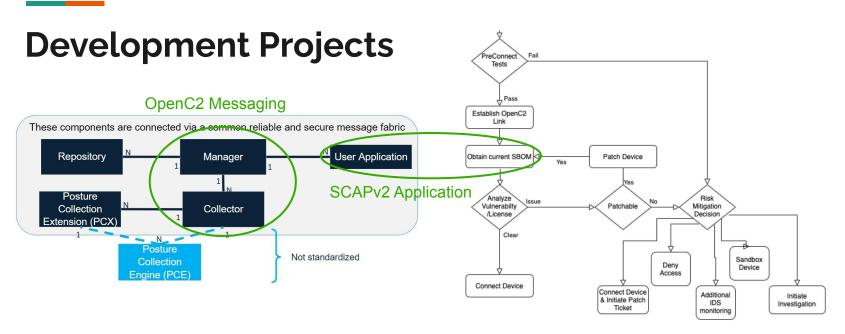
David Kemp, NSA Cybersecurity SCAPv2 Fall Virtual Workshop 29 Sept 2020

Relationship

- SCAP defines assessment data
- SCAPv2 includes ongoing assessment operations
- OpenC2 protocol communicates assessment requests and results
- Development Projects:
 - SCAPv2 Endpoint Data Collection Prototype
 - OpenC2 SBOM Proof of Concept







SCAPv2 Data Collection Prototype

OpenC2 Software Bill of Materials Proof of Concept

https://github.com/oasis-tcs/openc2-usecases/tree/master/SBOM-PoC

OpenC2 Scope

Remediation Cycle (OODA Loop):

- Sense
- Analyze
- Decide
- Act ______controls

OpenC2: vendor-agnostic vocabulary of core and extension commands, integrable into response playbooks.

- NETCONF vendor extensions
- OpenC2 function extensions

The Struggle Behind Long Remediation Cycles

A 2018 incident response survey by SANS showed an increase in the number of organizations detecting incidents within 24 hours, along with a general move to shorter detection. However, despite 53% of organizations detecting incidents within 24 hours, 61% took two or more days to remediate.

Without context, isolated events don't have much meaning and only add to alert fatigue, while data enrichment from correlating multiple sources reduces the scope of your investigation so you can focus faster on the real threat. Cisco Threat Response brings together data from across the architecture into one console. It gives you a data-enrichment tool for a more comprehensive story across multiple vectors.

Out of scope

Security that Works Together

See once block everywhere

Investigate and respond to threats across network, web, email and endpoints

Drive zero-trust for organizations with SecOps journey well underway



https://www.cisco.com/c/dam/en/us/products/collateral/security/amp-for-endpoints/amp4e-w-orbital-wp.pdf

What Is OpenC2?

- Content: control structure and cybersecurity vocabulary for discrete actions
 - o **Action** (verb): allow, deny, contain, scan, query, restart, ...
 - o Target (noun): device, file, ip address, ip connection, url, ...
 - o **Args**: additional details: where and how to perform the action
 - o Actuator (function): packet filtering, intrusion prevention, assessment, ...
- Message: content-agnostic payload structure
 - Headers
 - Content-type (openc2), Message-type (request, response, notification)
 - Content
- **Protocol:** message bindings for transport protocols
 - o HTTPS, MQTT, OpenDXL, ...
- Information Modeling Language
 - o abstract syntax for content in JSON, CBOR, XML, ... formats
 - o machine-readable schema ⇒ property tables, IDL, UML diagrams, node-edge graphs

```
Protocol
Protocol: http, mgtt, opendxl, ...
  Headers: carried in Protocol or Message
  Payload: Message or Content (as indicated by media-type)
                                                 Message
    "request id": "32cd9168-338f-11e4-0d01-0050569b7
    "body": {
      "openc2": {
        "request":
          { "action": "contain",
                                               Content
             "target": {
               "device": {
                 "hostname": "testdevice.local.com"
                               or using Compact JSON:
                    ["contain", "device": {...}]
```

Friendly Encoding: https://www.w3.org/2011/10/integration-workshop/s/ExperienceswithJSONandXMLTransformations.v08.pdf

OpenC2 Actuator Profiles

- Language Specification: defines the Content structure and a cybersecurity vocabulary of simple common objects:
 - o Target (noun): device, file, ip address, ip connection, url, ...
- Actuator Profiles: define application-specific objects that may be simple or complex:
 - o Target (noun):
 - slpf/rule_number
 - scap/assessment (to be defined)
- Device (OpenC2 Consumer) supports parts of the core Language and one or more Actuator Profiles

https://github.com/oasis-tcs/openc2-usecases/tree/master/SBOM-PoC/Schemas

```
Protocol
Protocol: http, mqtt, opendxl, ...
  Headers: carried in Protocol or Message
  Payload: Message or Content (as indicated by media-type)
                                                  Message
    "request id": "32cd9168-338f-11e4-0d01-0050569b7
    "body": {
      "openc2": {
        "request":
           { "action": "delete",
                                                Content
             "target": {
               "slpf": {
                 "rule number": 34
```

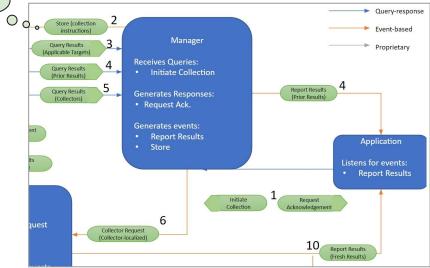


<u>List each Message sent between components</u>

- 1a. Initiate Collection
- 1b. Request Acknowledgement
- 2. Store (collection instructions)
- 3a. Query (Applicability)
- 3b. Query Results (Applicable Targets)

Every Message needs a unique name

- Message names used by SCAPv2 team ("Initiate Collection") reflect purpose (verb)
- Content names ("Assessment-Instructions") refer to data structure (noun)



SCAPv2

Data Collection Experiment

Assign Content name used in each Message

- 1a. Initiate Collection is a request message with specified content
- 1b. Request Acknowledgement is a response message, no content

Conceptual Design

(messages)

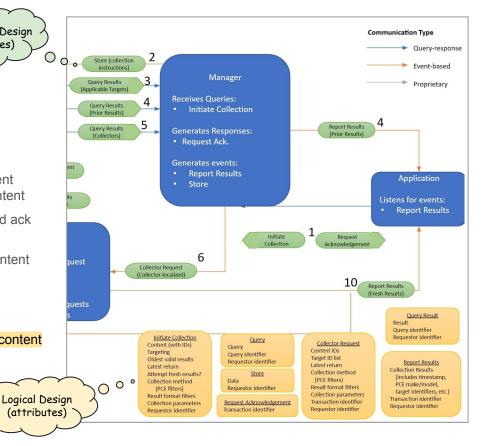
- 2. Store (collection instructions) shown as event, but may need ack
- 3a. Query (Applicability) is a request, need content
- 3b. Query Results (Applicable Targets) is a response, need content

4a. ...

For each Message:

- * pick an Action(verb) for each request. Target(noun) = name of content
- * define content types and attributes

Example: 1a: Initiate Collection message might contain
Action = scan, Target = Assessment-Instructions



Physical Design (information model with types)

Initiate Collection message:

Target Name: Assessment-Instructions Target Type: Record (JSON object)

Initiate Collection Content (with IDs)

Targeting Oldest valid results

Latest return

Attempt fresh results? Collection method

(PCE filters)

Result format filters Collection parameters

Requestor identifier

Assessment-Instructions = Record

1 content Assessment-Content 2 targets Assessment-Target [1..*]

SCAPv2 Actuator Profile

3 oldest DateTime 4 latest DateTime 5 refresh Boolean

6 methods PCE-Filter [1..*] Result-Format [1..*] 7 formats

Collection-Parameters 8 params

9 requestor Requestor-ID

Assessment-Content = String Assessment-Target = String PCE-Filter = String Result-Format = String Collection-Parameters = String

Requestor-ID = Binary /uuid

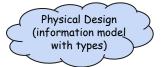
Make up attribute names and types

'Content (with IDs)" is from the system description "content" is a (made-up) attribute name (could be better) "Assessment-Content" is a (made-up) type name

"Targeting" sounds vaguely plural, so give it multiplicity [1..*] "Oldest valid results" sounds like a date-time, but may be more Create stubs (String) for unknown types Guess that "Requestor identifier" might be a UUID

Do the same for all Messages

OpenC2 schema for Data Collection Experiment is now defined in sufficient detail for experimenting. Fill in stubs later.



SCAPv2 Actuator Profile

```
Assessment-Instructions = Record
  1 content
                Assessment-Content
                Assessment-Target [1..*]
  2 targets
  3 oldest
                DateTime
 4 latest
                DateTime
  5 refresh
                Boolean
  6 methods
                PCE-Filter [1..*]
                Result-Format [1..*]
  7 formats
                Collection-Parameters
  8 params
  9 requestor
                Requestor-ID
Assessment-Content = String
Assessment-Target = String
PCE-Filter = String
Result-Format = String
Collection-Parameters = String
Requestor-ID = Binary /uuid
```

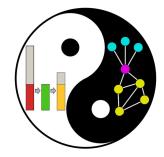
OpenC2 Command

OpenDXL payload serialized as JSON

```
carried in
    Physical Data Model
                                  Initiate Collection
      (serialized data)
                                       Message
                                                   Protocol
                                                  Message
                                                  Content
"action": "scan",
"target": {
 "scapv2": {
    "assessment": {
      "content": "foo".
      "targets": ["foo", "bar"],
      "oldest": "2020-08-23T22:07:48+00:00",
      "latest": "2020-09-23T22:07:48+00:00",
      "refresh": false,
      "formats": ["foo", "bar"],
      "params": "a bunch of stuff",
      "requestor": "22023fda-6596-45c7-96ac-ab31915a7be1"
```

OpenC2 JADN Interface Definition Language

OpenC2 Information Modeling



- OpenC2 created the JADN formal information modeling language based on information theory and graph theory.
 - A package is a namespace for a collection of type definitions
 - Every type definition is a graph node
 - Types define the information (entropy) contained in data instances
 - Serialization rules define data formats used to represent information instances
- Graph structure:
 - Encourages normalization and reuse of named types
 - o Supports evolution from conceptual design to concrete schemas.
- An IM is used to both generate specifications and validate data
 - Improves quality and ensures consistency
 - o IM is a **normative** definition, not just "a representation of concepts"

An **information model** is a representation of concepts and the relationships, constraints, rules, and operations to specify data semantics for a chosen domain of discourse.

Information theory studies the quantification, storage, and communication of information.

Graph theory is the study of graphs, which are mathematical structures used to model pairwise relations between objects.

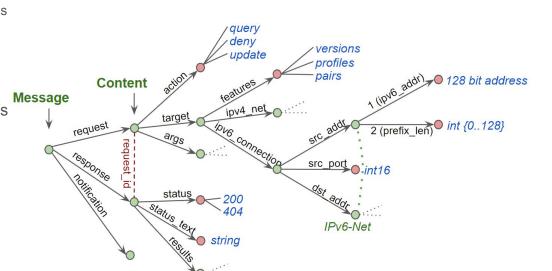
--- Wikipedia

OpenC2 Graph API

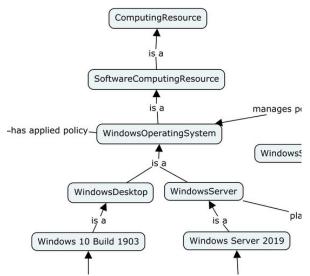
- Openc2 defines an attribute graph
 - o graph can be denormalized to a directed tree
- A graph bound to a protocol is an API
 - o one graph can be bound to multiple protocols
- Falcor: "The data is the API":
 - protocol payload is the entire graph
- REST API: graph is split between resource URLs and payload sub-graphs
 - resource supports only CRUD methods: (POST, GET, PUT, PATCH, DELETE)
 - graph API supports any noun or verb (request, notification, scan, stop, start, ...)

Falcor: https://netflix.github.io/falcor/

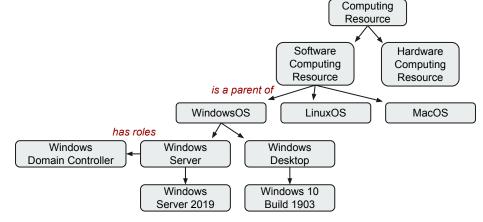
GraphQL: https://graphql.org/



Relationship Modeling

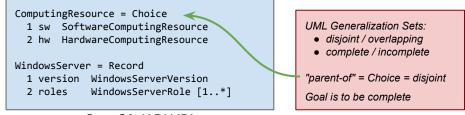


https://lists.oasis-open-projects.org/g/oca-architecture-wg/message/42



OpenC2 models data relationships as Directed Acyclic Graphs

- convert "is a" to "is a parent of" -- identifies alternatives
- undirected links support arbitrary relationships among data instances



OpenC2 JADN IDL