

Learning Dirichlet Priors for Affordance Aware Planning

David Abel, Gabriel Barth-Maron, James MacGlashan, Stefanie Tellex Dept. of Computer Science, Brown University

Goal

Previous Work: Provided an MDP with knowledge in order to solve extremely complex, previously unsolved tasks.

Proposal: Learn this knowledge to remove dependence on expert.

Background

Affordances: Direct agent toward relevant action possibilities.



"What [the environment] offers [an] animal, what [the environment] provides or furnishes, either for good or ill"

- J.J. Gibson, 1977

Formalism:

$$\Delta = \langle p, g \rangle \longmapsto \mathcal{A}'$$

p = predicate on states

g = lifted goal description

A' = subset of OO-MDP Actions

Domain: Minecraft





≈ Turing Complete Legos

Affordance Example

Solve the MDP using expert provided affordances

 $\Delta_1 = \langle nearPlane, atLoc \rangle \longmapsto \{move\}$ $\Delta_2 = \langle nearTrench, atLoc \rangle \longmapsto \{place\}$

If Δ 's predicate is true and Δ 's goal type matches the current goal, use Δ 's actions



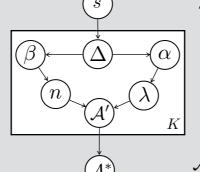
Learning

Goal: For a given state, for each affordance, learn which actions are most relevant:

$$\Pr(\mathcal{A}^* \mid s, \Delta_1 \dots \Delta_K)$$

Graphical Model:

s = 00-MDP State



 $\Delta = Affordance$ lpha= Action Counts

 $\beta =$ Action Set Size Counts

 $\lambda =$ Distribution on Actions

 $\eta=$ Distribution on Action Set Size

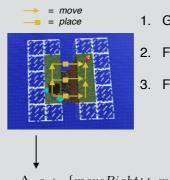
 ${\cal A}'={\it One}$ Affordance's Action Set $\mathcal{A}^* = \bigcup A_i'$

Where:

$$Pr(\lambda \mid \alpha) = DirMult(\alpha)$$

 $Pr(n \mid \beta) = Dir(\beta)$

Learning Example



- 1. Generate W simple worlds
- 2. Form policies (yellow) on each world
- 3. For each active affordance, count:

lpha= number of worlds in which each action was used

 $\beta=$ number of unique actions used in each world

 $\Delta_i.\alpha \leftarrow \{moveRight++, moveForward++, placeRight++\}$ $\Delta_i.\beta \leftarrow \{3++\}$

4. We have:

 $\lambda \leftarrow DirMult(\Delta_i.\alpha)$ $n \leftarrow Dir(\Delta_i.\beta)$ $\Delta_i.getActions(s)$: $\mathcal{A}' \leftarrow_n \lambda$ return: A'

5. When solving the MDP on a new state space, in each state s:

$$\mathcal{A}^* = \bigcup_{i=1}^K \left(\Delta_i.getActions(s) \right)$$

Results

Avg. # Bellman Updates Per Converged Policy

