Output is not normally inverted, can be
inverted if error is made in function.

START_VCC

TP101

10K
R101

JP101

JUMPER_NC_TRACE
U101G1

S101

REED_SWITCH

2   4

JP102

START_OUT/16

JUMPER-SMT_2_NO_SILK

74HC1G04

START_VCC

U101G2   5   VCC

74HC1G04

VEE

3

DO NOT POPULATE

GND

V_BATT

U102

IN   OUT

START_VCC

EN

+ C101

GND BP

2.2uF

MIC5205

GND   GND

START_OUT/16   D101 560r   GREEN

R102

START_VCC   D102 560r   RED

R103

GND

S102

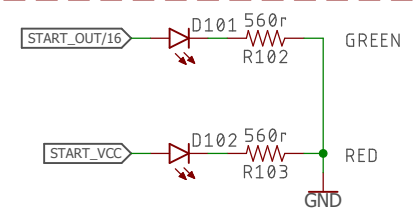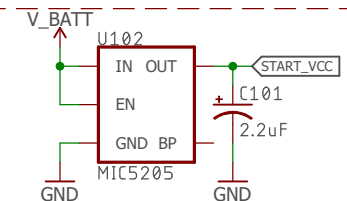START_OUT/16   START_VCC

A reed switch is released by a magnet. The
switch outputs a signal to begin the next
transfer.

"Participants must detach and remove a
magnet from the device; this action of
detaching the magnet must begin the chain
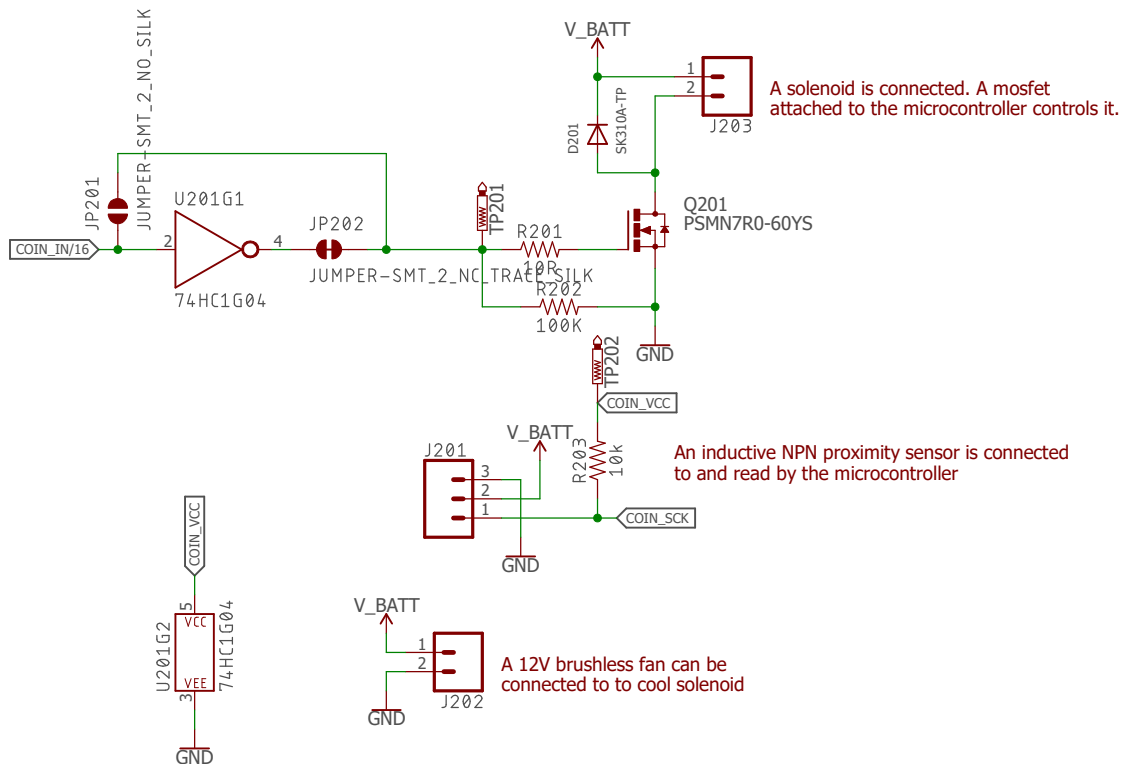of events due to the removal of the
magnetic force."

STARTING ACTION

TITLE: WMHS Eastern LI Invitational Circuit Board
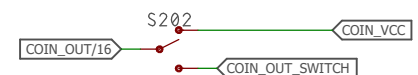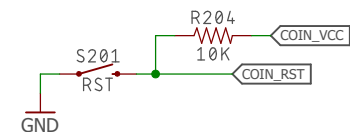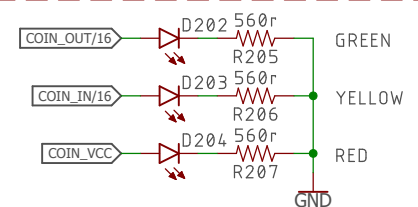
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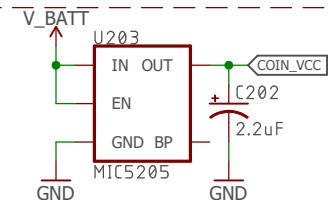
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U202

COIN_VCC — 8 VCC PB0(MOSI) 5 — COIN_MOSI
PB1(MISO) 6 — COIN_MISO
0.1uF PB2(SCK/ADC1) 7 — COIN_SCK
C201 PB3(ADC3) 2 — TP203
PB4(ADC2) 3 — COIN_OUT_SWITCH
4 GND PB5(NRES) 1 — COIN_RST

GND ATTINY25-20SSUR

JP201
JUMPER-SMT_2_NO_SILK

V_BATT

1
2
J203

A solenoid is connected. A mosfet attached to the microcontroller controls it.

D201
SK310A-TP

COIN_IN/16 — 2 U201G1 4 JP202 TP201 R201 Q201
74HC1G04 JUMPER-SMT_2_NC_TRACE_SILK 10R PSMN7R0-60YS
R202
100K
GND
TP202
COIN_VCC

V_BATT

R203 10k

An inductive NPN proximity sensor is connected to and read by the microcontroller

J201
3
2
1
GND COIN_SCK

U201G2
5 VCC
74HC1G04
3 VEE
GND

V_BATT

1
2
J202
GND

A 12V brushless fan can be connected to to cool solenoid

J204
MISO 1 2 VCC — COIN_VCC
COIN_MISO
COIN_SCK — SCK 3 4 MOSI — COIN_MOSI
COIN_RST — RST 5 6 GND
ICSP_HEADER
GND

V_BATT

U203
IN OUT — COIN_VCC
EN
GND BP
MIC5205
GND GND

C202
2.2uF

COIN_OUT/16 — D202 560r GREEN
R205
COIN_IN/16 — D203 560r YELLOW
R206
COIN_VCC — D204 560r RED
R207
GND

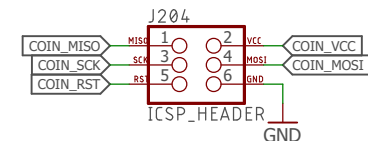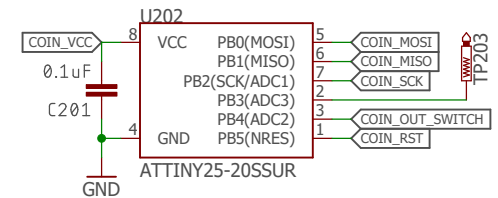R204
10K — COIN_VCC
S201
COIN_RST
RST
GND

S202 — COIN_VCC
COIN_OUT/16
COIN_OUT_SWITCH

A solenoid starts out on, with a penny sitting above its plunger, hanging off a ledge. The solenoid releases at the beginning of the transfer, flipping the penny airborne. The penny triggers an inductive proximity sensor which is connected to a microcontroller that triggers the next action.

"Flip an unmodified US quarter airborne so that it goes from heads up to tails up and begins the next action."

COIN FLIP ACTION
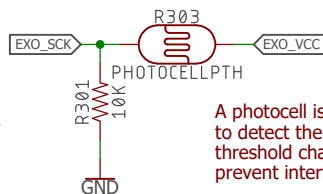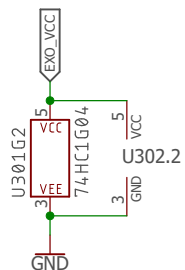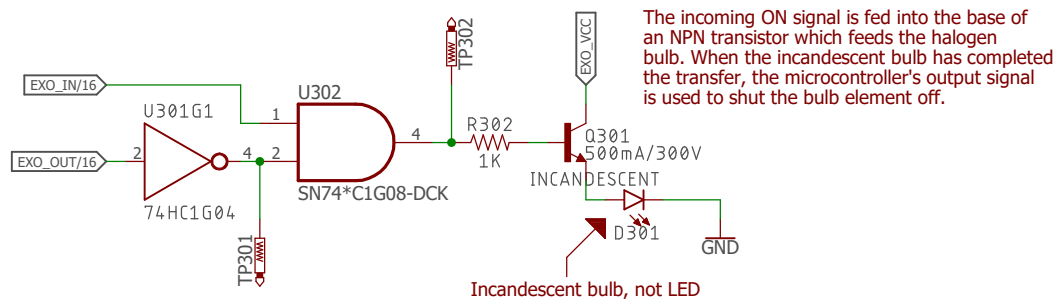
Schematic

U303 — ATTINY25-20SSUR

Pin	Signal
8	VCC
4	GND
5	PB0(MOSI) — EXO_MOSI
6	PB1(MISO) — EXO_MISO
7	PB2(SCK/ADC1) — EXO_SCK
2	PB3(ADC3)
3	PB4(ADC2) — EXO_OUT_SWITCH
1	PB5(NRES) — EXO_RST

EXO_VCC — 0.1uF C301 — GND
TP303

J301 — ICSP_HEADER

EXO_MISO — MISO 1	2 VCC — EXO_VCC	
EXO_SCK — SCK 3	4 MOSI — EXO_MOSI	
EXO_RST — RST 5	6 GND	

GND

V_BATT

U304 — MIC5205
IN OUT — EXO_VCC
EN
GND BP
C302 2.2uF
GND

LEDs

EXO_OUT/16 — D302 — 560r R305 — GREEN
EXO_IN/16 — D303 — 560r R306 — YELLOW
EXO_VCC — D304 — 560r R307 — RED
GND

R304 10K — EXO_VCC
S301 RST — EXO_RST
GND

S302 — EXO_VCC
EXO_OUT/16 — EXO_OUT_SWITCH

EXO_IN/16 — U301G1 — U302 — 1 ... 4 — R302 1K — Q301 500mA/300V
EXO_OUT/16 — 2 ... 4 2 — SN74*C1G08-DCK
74HC1G04
TP302
TP301
EXO_VCC
INCANDESCENT
D301
GND

Incandescent bulb, not LED

The incoming ON signal is fed into the base of an NPN transistor which feeds the halogen bulb. When the incandescent bulb has completed the transfer, the microcontroller's output signal is used to shut the bulb element off.

EXO_VCC — U301G2 — 5 VCC / VEE 3 — 74HC1G04 — U302.2 — 5 VCC / GND 3
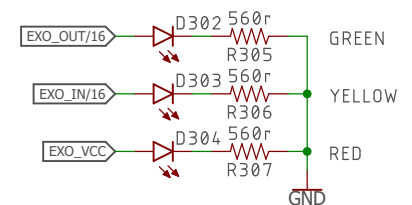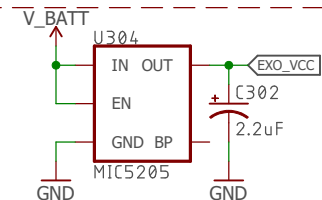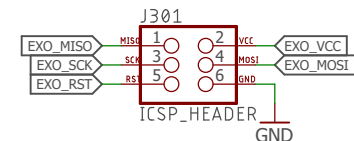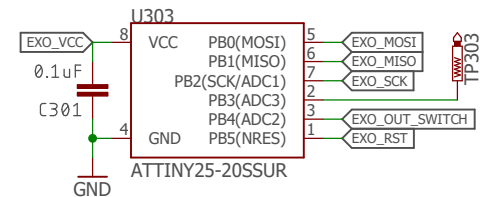GND

EXO_SCK — R301 10K — R303 PHOTOCELLPTH — EXO_VCC
GND

A photocell is connected to the microcontroller to detect the light coming from the bulb. A threshold change must be met in order to prevent interference from ambient light.

An incandescent bulb is turned on by the previous transfer and turned off by the output of the transfer. The microcontroller turns on the output when the photocell resistance drops a certain amount.

"Use an exothermic action that produces light to activate a photocell and begins the next action."

U403

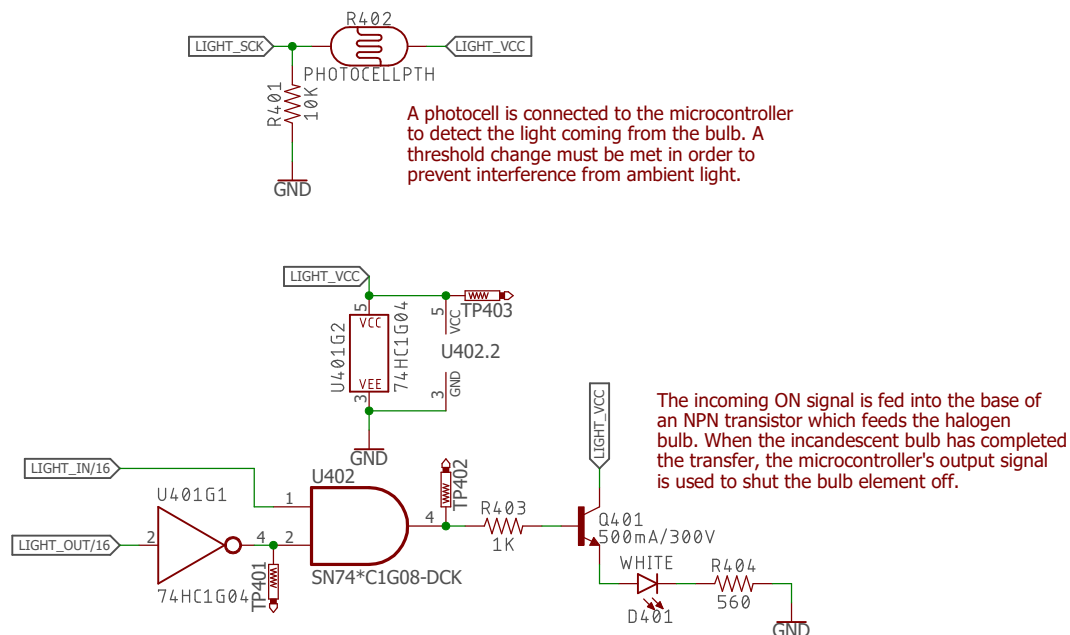LIGHT_VCC — 8 VCC PB0(MOSI) 5 — LIGHT_MOSI
0.1uF PB1(MISO) 6 — LIGHT_MISO
C401 PB2(SCK/ADC1) 7 — LIGHT_SCK
PB3(ADC3) 2 — TP404
PB4(ADC2) 3 — LIGHT_OUT_SWITCH
4 GND PB5(NRES) 1 — LIGHT_RST
GND
ATTINY25-20SSUR

R402
LIGHT_SCK — [R402] — LIGHT_VCC
PHOTOCELLPTH
R401
10K
GND

A photocell is connected to the microcontroller
to detect the light coming from the bulb. A
threshold change must be met in order to
prevent interference from ambient light.

J401
LIGHT_MISO — MISO 1 2 VCC — LIGHT_VCC
LIGHT_SCK — SCK 3 4 MOSI — LIGHT_MOSI
LIGHT_RST — RST 5 6 GND
ICSP_HEADER
GND

V_BATT
U404
LIGHT_VCC — VCC 5 TP403
U401G2 IN OUT — LIGHT_VCC
VCC 74HC1G04 EN + C402
U402.2 2.2uF
VEE 3 GND BP
GND GND MIC5205 GND

The incoming ON signal is fed into the base of
an NPN transistor which feeds the halogen
bulb. When the incandescent bulb has completed
the transfer, the microcontroller's output signal
is used to shut the bulb element off.

LIGHT_IN/16 — U401G1
1 TP402
U402 R403 Q401
LIGHT_OUT/16 — 2 4 2 1K 500mA/300V
74HC1G04 SN74*C1G08-DCK WHITE R404
TP401 D401 560
GND

LIGHT_OUT/16 — D402 560r — GREEN
R406
LIGHT_IN/16 — D403 560r — YELLOW
R407
LIGHT_VCC — D404 560r — RED
R408
GND

R405
S401 10K — LIGHT_VCC
RST — LIGHT_RST
GND

S402 — LIGHT_VCC
LIGHT_OUT/16 — LIGHT_OUT_SWITCH

An LED is turned on by the previous action.
The LED makes the phototransistor change
its resistance, signaling the microcontroller
to proceed to the next action. The output signal
turns the LED off again.

"Use light to initiate a chemical reaction to
begin the next action."

CLARIFICATION:
"Use light to initiate the next action."
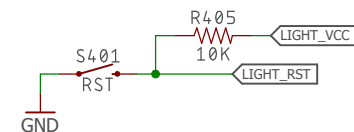
LIGHT TRIGGERED ACTION

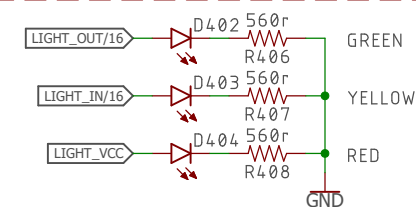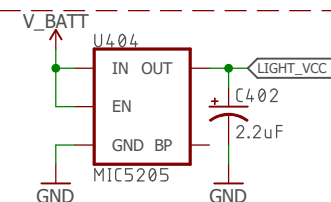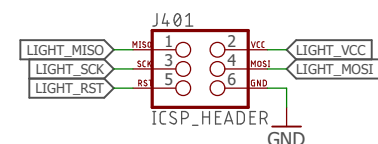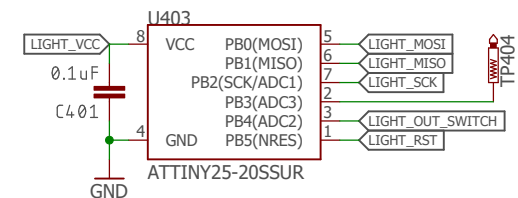| TITLE:	WMHS Eastern LI Invitational Circuit Board	
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TP504

U503
ENDO_VCC — 8 VCC   PB0(MOSI) 5 — ENDO_MOSI
                   PB1(MISO) 6 — ENDO_MISO
0.1uF   PB2(SCK/ADC1) 7 — ENDO_SCK
C501   PB3(ADC3) 2
                   PB4(ADC2) 3 — ENDO_OUT_SWITCH
          4 GND   PB5(NRES) 1 — ENDO_RST
GND   ATTINY25-20SSUR

J503
ENDO_MISO MISO 1 2 VCC   ENDO_VCC
ENDO_SCK   SCK   3 4 MOSI ENDO_MOSI
ENDO_RST   RST   5 6 GND
           ICSP_HEADER   GND

V_BATT
          U504
          IN OUT — ENDO_VCC
                    + C502
          EN   2.2uF
          GND BP
GND   MIC5205   GND

ENDO_OUT/16 — D502 560r R505 — GREEN
ENDO_IN/16 — D503 560r R506 — YELLOW
ENDO_VCC — D504 560r R507 — RED
                                GND

R504
S501   10K — ENDO_VCC
RST   — ENDO_RST
GND

S502 — ENDO_VCC
ENDO_OUT/16 — — ENDO_OUT_SWITCH

V_BATT

1
2
J502

A solenoid is connected to J502. A mosfet attached to the microcontroller controls it.

D501   SK310A-TP

Q501
PSMN7R0-60YS

ENDO_IN/16
U501G1   1
             U502
ENDO_OUT/16 2   4
                         R502
74HC1G04   4 2   10R
U501G1   R503
TP501   SN74*C1G08-DCK 100K
                    GND

TP502

ENDO_VCC

TP503

U501G2
VCC   5 VCC
           74HC1G04
VEE   U502.2
3   3 GND
           GND

ENDO_SCK — 0R R501 — 1
                     2
                     J501
GND

A thermistor is monitored continuously to detect when the endothermic action happens.

Revision Jan 2018: Add 10K resistor to back of PCB between ICSP pins SCK and VCC on this action only (nets ENDO_SCK and ENDO_VCC). Voltage divider resistor was improperly placed.

A solenoid dunks a thermistor into a container of ice water. The endothermic action of heat being transferred from the thermistor casing to the water is detected by the microcontroller which begins the next action.

"Use an endothermic action that begins the next action as a result of the reduction in temperature."
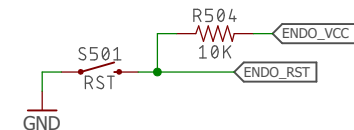
ENDOTHERMIC ACTION
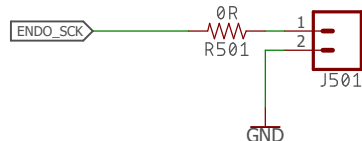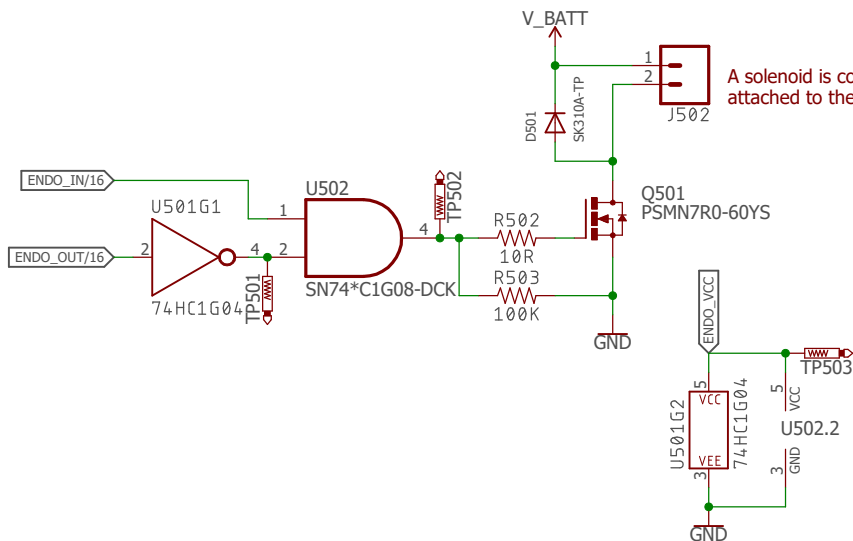
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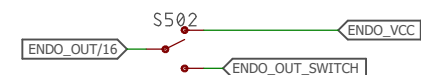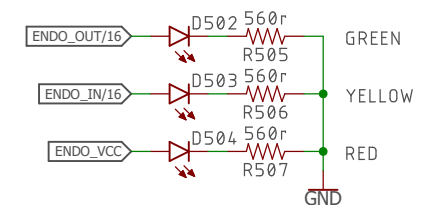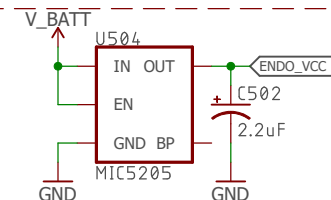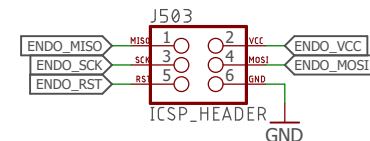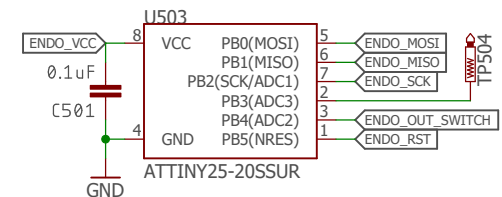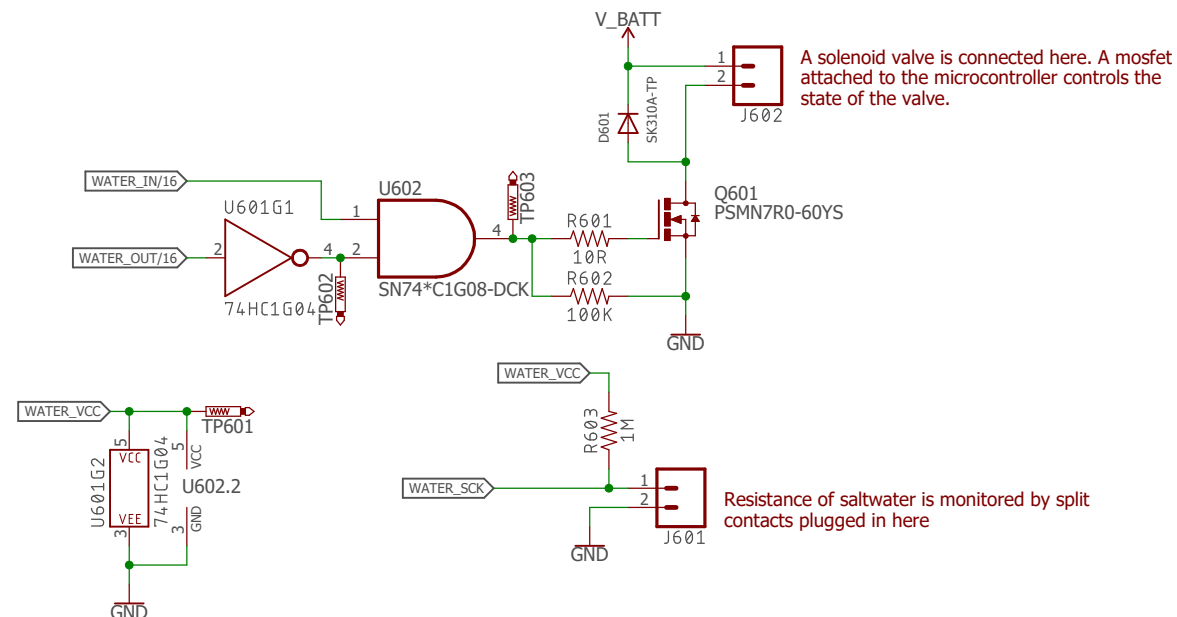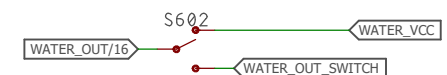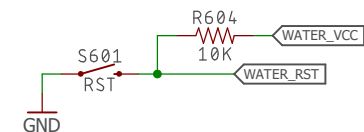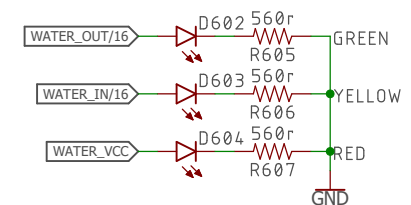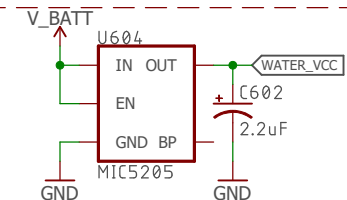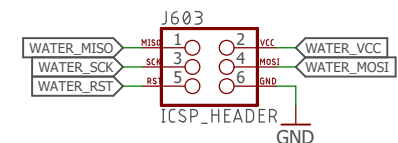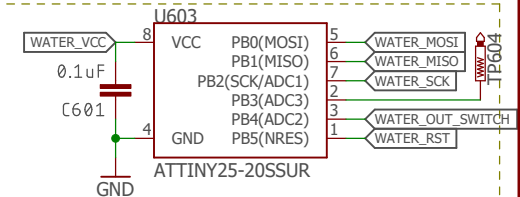
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Update 1/26/2018: Action has been combined with timer action. The mosfet is no longer required, but the microcontroller is being used as a switch with the water level and two probes.

U603

WATER_VCC 8 VCC   PB0(MOSI) 5 WATER_MOSI
                     PB1(MISO) 6 WATER_MISO
0.1uF   PB2(SCK/ADC1) 7 WATER_SCK TP604
C601   PB3(ADC3) 2
                     PB4(ADC2) 3 WATER_OUT_SWITCH
          4 GND   PB5(NRES) 1 WATER_RST

GND   ATTINY25-20SSUR

J603

WATER_MISO MISO 1   2 VCC WATER_VCC
WATER_SCK   SCK   3   4 MOSI WATER_MOSI
WATER_RST   RST   5   6 GND

ICSP_HEADER   GND

V_BATT

V_BATT   U604
                     IN   OUT   WATER_VCC
                                      C602
          1   EN   + 2.2uF
A solenoid valve is connected here. A mosfet   2
attached to the microcontroller controls the   GND   BP
state of the valve.   J602
                     MIC5205
D601   GND   GND
SK310A-TP

WATER_IN/16 1   Q601
                           PSMN7R0-60YS
U601G1 U602   4 TP603   WATER_OUT/16 D602 560r
WATER_OUT/16 2   4 2   R601   R605   GREEN
                        10R   WATER_IN/16 D603 560r
74HC1G04 TP602 SN74*C1G08-DCK R602   R606   YELLOW
                        100K   WATER_VCC D604 560r
                     GND   R607   RED

                                                GND

WATER_VCC   TP601
                     WATER_VCC
U601G2 74HC1G04   R604
  VCC   VCC   WATER_VCC   WATER_VCC
                     S601   10K
         VEE   WATER_SCK   RST   WATER_RST
U602.2   R603
              1M
WATER_SCK   1 2   GND
Resistance of saltwater is monitored by split
GND   J601 contacts plugged in here

                     S602   WATER_VCC
WATER_OUT/16   WATER_OUT_SWITCH

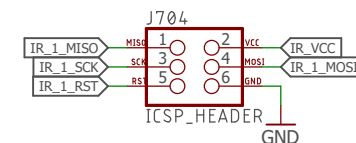WATER ACTION
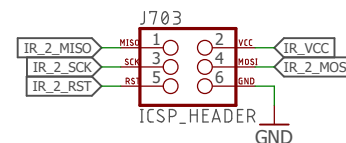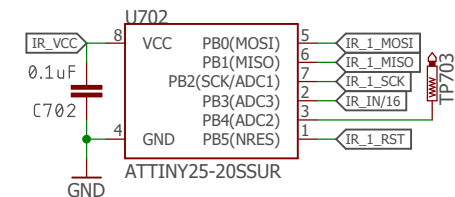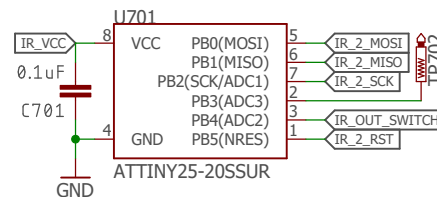
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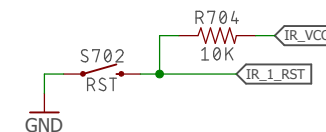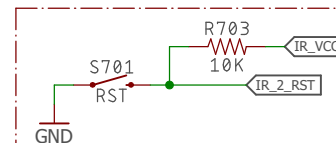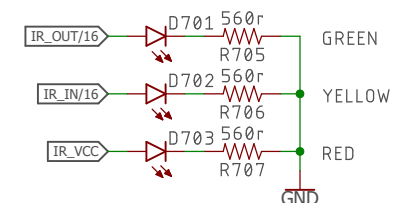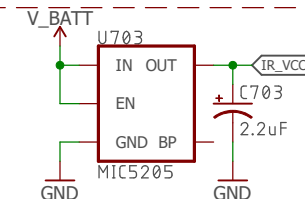Document Number: REV:

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U701

IR_VCC — 8 VCC PB0(MOSI) 5 — IR_2_MOSI
0.1uF — PB1(MISO) 6 — IR_2_MISO
C701 — PB2(SCK/ADC1) 7 — IR_2_SCK
— PB3(ADC3) 2
— PB4(ADC2) 3 — IR_OUT_SWITCH
4 GND PB5(NRES) 1 — IR_2_RST
GND
ATTINY25-20SSUR
TP702

U702

IR_VCC — 8 VCC PB0(MOSI) 5 — IR_1_MOSI
0.1uF — PB1(MISO) 6 — IR_1_MISO
C702 — PB2(SCK/ADC1) 7 — IR_1_SCK
— PB3(ADC3) 2 — IR_IN/16
— PB4(ADC2) 3
4 GND PB5(NRES) 1 — IR_1_RST
GND
ATTINY25-20SSUR
TP703

J703
IR_2_MISO — MISO 1 2 VCC — IR_VCC
IR_2_SCK — SCK 3 4 MOSI — IR_2_MOSI
IR_2_RST — RST 5 6 GND
ICSP_HEADER
GND

J704
IR_1_MISO — MISO 1 2 VCC — IR_VCC
IR_1_SCK — SCK 3 4 MOSI — IR_1_MOSI
IR_1_RST — RST 5 6 GND
ICSP_HEADER
GND

V_BATT
U703
IN OUT — IR_VCC
± C703
EN 2.2uF
GND BP
MIC5205
GND   GND

J701
3 — IR_VCC
2
1 — 33k
R702 — IR_2_SCK
GND

An IR diode recieves the LED pulses, which are then decoded by the microcontroller.

R701
IR_VCC — 330r — IR_1_MISO
TP701
J702

An LED connected to the first microcontroller pulses out a certain sequence of pulses.

IR_OUT/16 — D701 560r R705 — GREEN
IR_IN/16 — D702 560r R706 — YELLOW
IR_VCC — D703 560r R707 — RED
GND

R703
S701 RST — 10K — IR_VCC
— IR_2_RST
GND

R704
S702 RST — 10K — IR_VCC
— IR_1_RST
GND

S703 — IR_VCC
IR_OUT/16 — — IR_OUT_SWITCH

An LED is turned on by the previous action.
The LED makes the phototransistor change
its resistance, signaling the microcontroller
to proceed to the next action. The output signal
turns the LED off again.

"Use an infrared beam where the transmitter
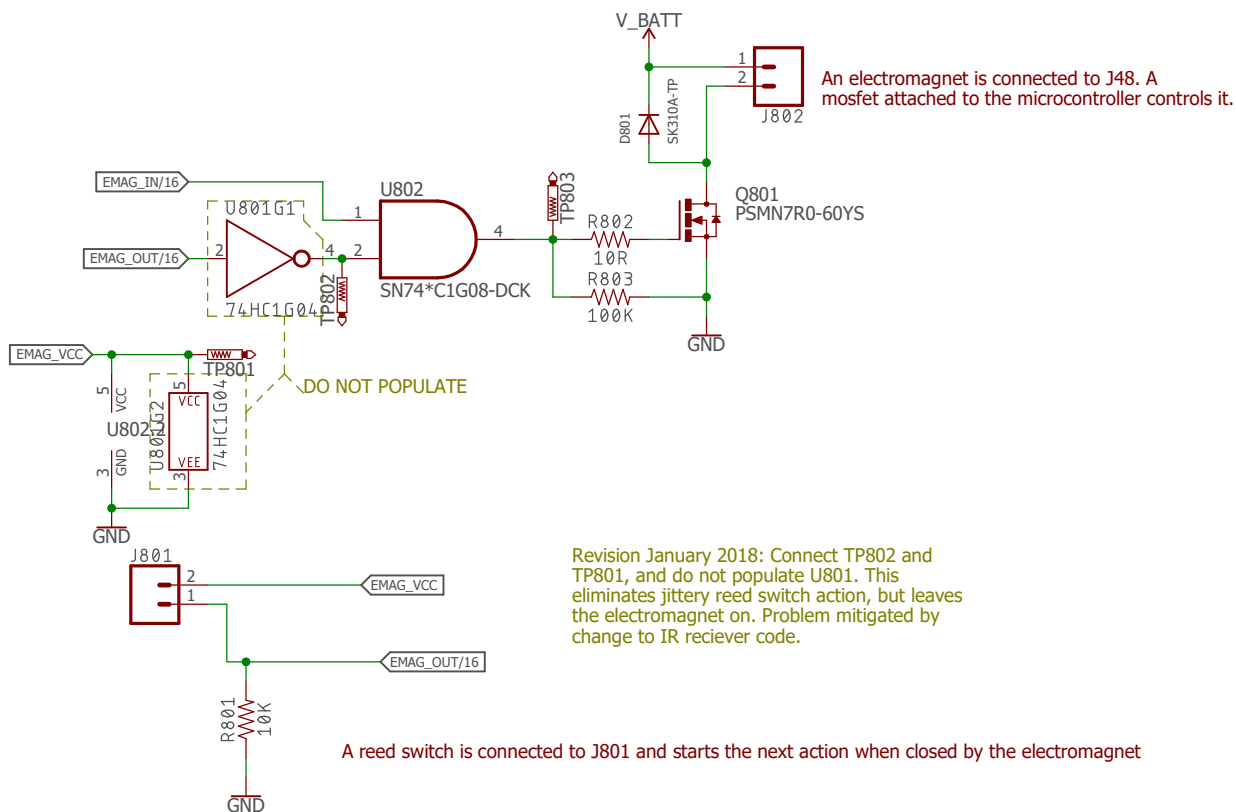and receiver are at least 20 cm apart to begin
the next action."

IR ACTION

V_BATT

EMAG_IN/16

EMAG_OUT/16

U801G1

U802

74HC1G04

SN74*C1G08-DCK

TP802

TP803

D801

SK310A-TP

1
2
J802

An electromagnet is connected to J48. A
mosfet attached to the microcontroller controls it.

Q801
PSMN7R0-60YS

R802
10R

R803
100K

GND

V_BATT

U803

IN OUT

EN

GND BP

MIC5205

GND

GND

C801
2.2uF

EMAG_VCC

EMAG_VCC

TP801

U802G2

U801G2

74HC1G04

VCC

VEE

VCC

GND

GND

DO NOT POPULATE

J801

2
1

EMAG_VCC

EMAG_OUT/16

R801
10K

GND

Revision January 2018: Connect TP802 and
TP801, and do not populate U801. This
eliminates jittery reed switch action, but leaves
the electromagnet on. Problem mitigated by
change to IR reciever code.

A reed switch is connected to J801 and starts the next action when closed by the electromagnet

EMAG_OUT/16

EMAG_IN/16

EMAG_VCC

D802 560r
R804

D803 560r
R805

D804 560r
R806

GREEN

YELLOW

RED
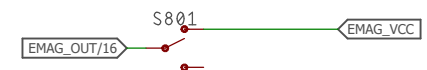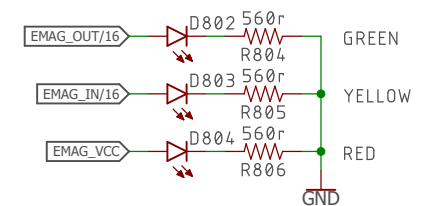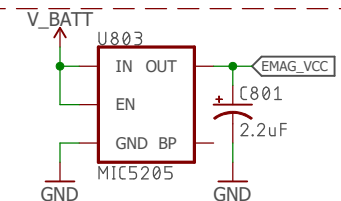
GND

S801

EMAG_OUT/16

EMAG_VCC

A reed switch triggers the next action after it is
closed by the electromagnet.

"Activate a student-made electromagnet that
begins the next action."

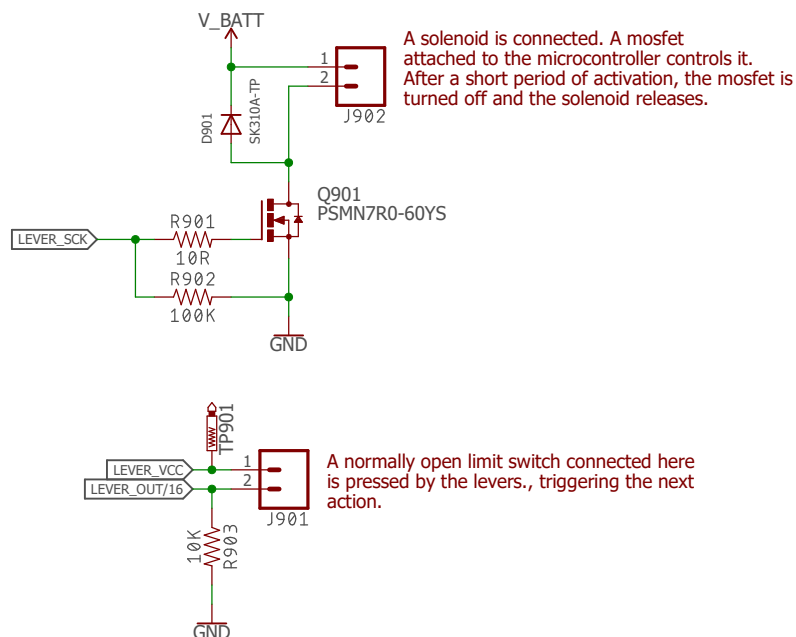# ELECTROMAGNET ACTION

TITLE: WMHS Eastern LI Invitational Circuit Board

Document Number:

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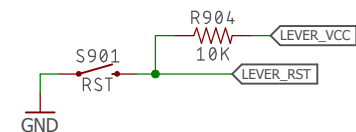Sheet: 8/16

LEVER ACTION

U901
LEVER_VCC — 8 VCC
0.1uF
C901
4 GND

PB0(MOSI) — 5 — LEVER_MOSI
PB1(MISO) — 6 — LEVER_MISO
PB2(SCK/ADC1) — 7 — LEVER_SCK
PB3(ADC3) — 2 — LEVER_IN/16
PB4(ADC2) — 3
PB5(NRES) — 1 — LEVER_RST

GND

ATTINY25-20SSUR

TP902

V_BATT

1
2
J902

D901
SK310A-TP

A solenoid is connected. A mosfet
attached to the microcontroller controls it.
After a short period of activation, the mosfet is
turned off and the solenoid releases.

Q901
PSMN7R0-60YS

LEVER_SCK — R901
10R
R902
100K

GND

J903

LEVER_MISO — MISO — 1 | 2 — VCC — LEVER_VCC
LEVER_SCK — SCK — 3 | 4 — MOSI — LEVER_MOSI
LEVER_RST — RST — 5 | 6 — GND

ICSP_HEADER

GND

V_BATT

U902
IN   OUT — LEVER_VCC
EN   C902
GND BP   2.2uF
MIC5205

GND   GND

TP901

LEVER_VCC — 1
LEVER_OUT/16 — 2
J901

A normally open limit switch connected here
is pressed by the levers., triggering the next
action.

10K R903

GND

LEVER_OUT/16 — D902 — 560r R905 — GREEN
LEVER_IN/16 — D903 — 560r R906 — YELLOW
LEVER_VCC — D904 — 560r R907 — RED

GND

R904
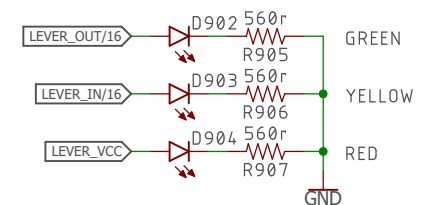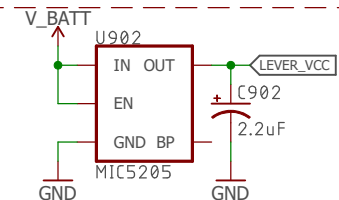10K
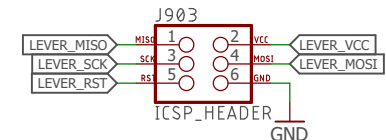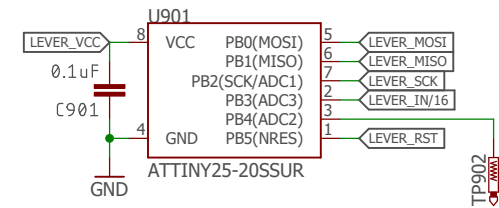S901
RST — LEVER_VCC
LEVER_RST

GND

S902 — LEVER_VCC
LEVER_OUT/16

A reed switch triggers the next action after it is
closed by the electromagnet.

"Use the mechanical advantage of all 3 classes
of levers in sequence to begin the next action."

TITLE:	WMHS Eastern LI Invitational Circuit Board	
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U1001

EXP_VCC — 8 VCC   PB0(MOSI) 5 — EXP_MOSI
                  PB1(MISO) 6 — EXP_MISO
0.1uF   PB2(SCK/ADC1) 7 — EXP_SCK
                  PB3(ADC3) 2 — EXP_IN/16
C1001   PB4(ADC2) 3 — EXP_IN/16
        4 GND   PB5(NRES) 1 — EXP_RST
GND
ATTINY25-20SSUR

TP1002

J1005

EXP_MISO MISO 1 2 VCC EXP_VCC
EXP_SCK   SCK 3 4 MOSI EXP_MOSI
EXP_RST   RST 5 6 GND
ICSP_HEADER
GND

V_BATT

U1002
IN OUT — EXP_VCC
EN   + C1002
GND BP   2.2uF
MIC5205
GND   GND

V_BATT

1 2 J1001
12V 40W ceramic cartridge heater is connected here. A mosfet attached to the microcontroller controls the heater, turning it on for 9.5 seconds

D1001 SK310A-TP

Q1001 PSMN7R0-60YS

EXP_MOSI — R1001 10R
R1002 100K
GND

TP1001
EXP_VCC — 1
EXP_OUT/16 — 2 J1004
1M R1004
GND
A set of probes is connected to this header. When salt water from the capillary tube bridges between the electrodes, the next action's microcontroller picks up the change and begins the next action.

EXP_OUT/16 — D1002 560r — GREEN
R1006
EXP_IN/16 — D1003 560r — YELLOW
R1007
EXP_VCC — D1004 560r — RED
R1008
GND

EXP_SCK — 100K R1003
1 2 J1002
GND
A thermistor connected to J39 provides feedback for the heater cartridge and is used in the PID loop (Incorrectly wired and unused in current device iteration)

R1005 10K
S1001 — EXP_VCC
RST — EXP_RST
GND

V_BATT
1 2 J1003
GND
An optional 12V brushless fan can be connected to J5 in order to cool the interface between the heater and the device.

S1002 — EXP_VCC
EXP_OUT/16

A sealed pressure chamber has an open capillary tube extending out of it that is filled with salt water. When a heater inside the pressure vessel turns on, it pushes the salt water out of the capillary tube and onto a pair of electrodes.

"Use a thermal reaction which expands a gas to activate the next action."

CLARIFICATION:
"Use a change in temperature which expands a gas to activate the next action."

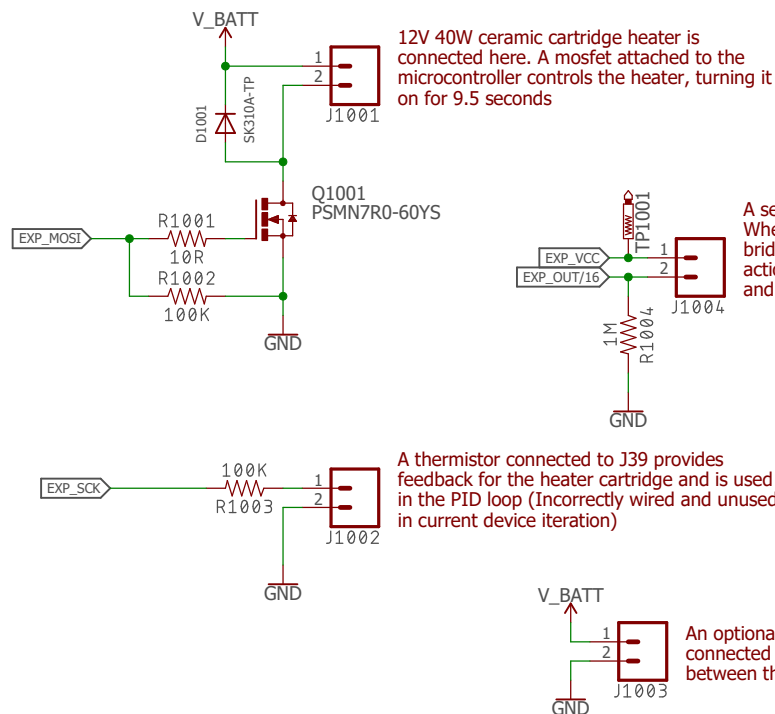# GAS EXPANSION ACTION

TITLE: WMHS Eastern LI Invitational Circuit Board

Document Number: REV:
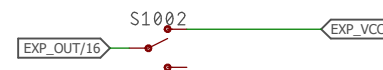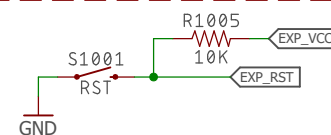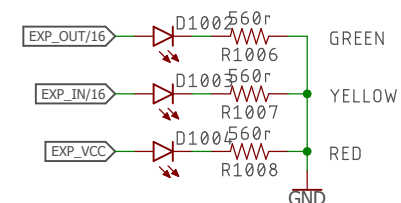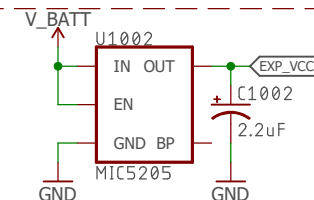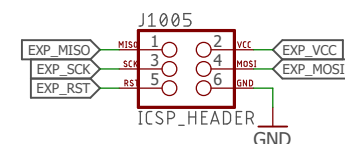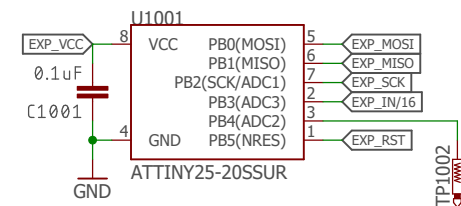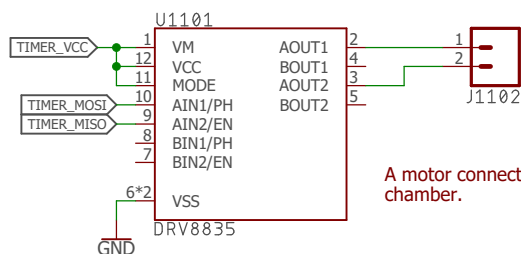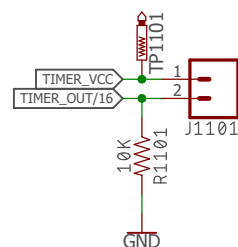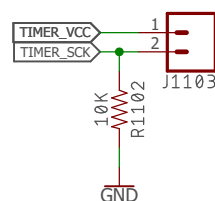
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U1102

TIMER_VCC	8 VCC	PB0(MOSI) 5 TIMER_MOSI
		PB1(MISO) 6 TIMER_MISO
0.1uF		PB2(SCK/ADC1) 7 TIMER_SCK
C1101		PB3(ADC3) 2 TIMER_IN/16
		PB4(ADC2) 3
	4 GND	PB5(NRES) 1 TIMER_RST

ATTINY25-20SSUR

TP1102

GND

J1104

TIMER_MISO	MISO 1	2 VCC	TIMER_VCC
TIMER_SCK	SCK 3	4 MOSI	TIMER_MOSI
TIMER_RST	RST 5	6 GND	

ICSP_HEADER

GND

U1101

TIMER_VCC	1 VM	AOUT1 2	1
	12 VCC	BOUT1 4	2
	11 MODE	AOUT2 3	
TIMER_MOSI	10 AIN1/PH	BOUT2 5	J1102
TIMER_MISO	9 AIN2/EN		
	8 BIN1/PH		
	7 BIN2/EN		
	6*2	VSS	

DRV8835

GND

A motor connected to this header flips the pressure chamber.

V_BATT IC1101
7805DT

	1 VI	VO 2	TIMER_VCC
0.33uF		GND	C1103
C1102		3	0.1uF

GND

TP1101

| TIMER_VCC | 1 | |
| TIMER_OUT/16 | 2 | |

J1101

10K R1101

GND

A normally open limit switch connected here is pressed by the float in the water container.

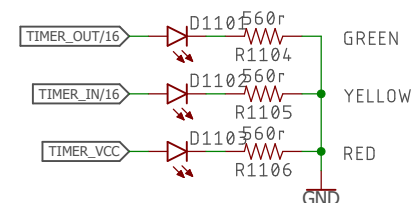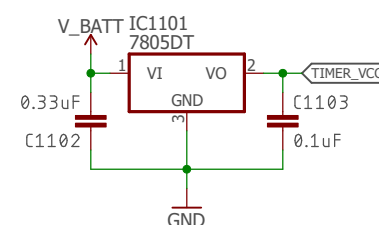| TIMER_OUT/16 | D1104 560r R1104 | GREEN |
| TIMER_IN/16 | D1105 560r R1105 | YELLOW |
| TIMER_VCC | D1106 560r R1106 | RED |

GND

| TIMER_VCC | 1 | |
| TIMER_SCK | 2 | |

J1103

10K R1102

GND

A normally open limit switch tells the motor driver when to shut off.

R1103

| S1101 | 10K | TIMER_VCC |
| RST | | TIMER_RST |

GND

S1102 TIMER_VCC

TIMER_OUT/16

Alkaseltzer and water start uncombined in pressure chamber. Chamber flips, combining them and beginning action. Tube connected to chamber contains water that is pushed through and into closed container by pressure. Water level raises, pushing up on a float switch.

"Add water to a closed container so that it completes an electric circuit and begins the next action."

"To receive Bonus Points, participants must designate an action, either scorable or non-scorable, taking over 30 seconds that does not use electricity or springs for power."
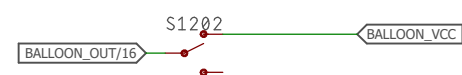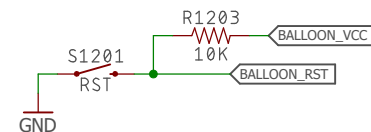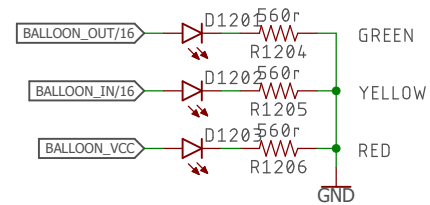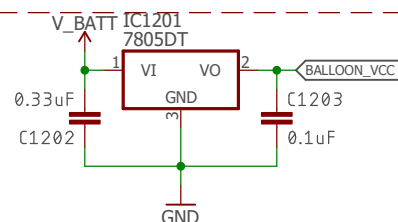
CHEMICAL TIMER/WATER

U1202
ATTINY25-20SSUR

- BALLOON_VCC — 8 VCC
- 0.1uF C1201
- 4 GND
- PB0(MOSI) 5 — BALLOON_MOSI
- PB1(MISO) 6 — BALLOON_MISO
- PB2(SCK/ADC1) 7 — BALLOON_SCK
- PB3(ADC3) 2 — BALLOON_IN/16
- PB4(ADC2) 3
- PB5(NRES) 1 — BALLOON_RST
- GND
- TP1202

J1204 ICSP_HEADER
- BALLOON_MISO — MISO 1 2 VCC — BALLOON_VCC
- BALLOON_SCK — SCK 3 4 MOSI — BALLOON_MOSI
- BALLOON_RST — RST 5 6 GND
- GND

IC1201 7805DT V_BATT
- 0.33uF C1202
- VI VO 2 — BALLOON_VCC
- GND
- C1203 0.1uF
- GND

- BALLOON_OUT/16 — D1201 560r R1204 — GREEN
- BALLOON_IN/16 — D1202 560r R1205 — YELLOW
- BALLOON_VCC — D1203 560r R1206 — RED
- GND

U1201 DRV8835
- BALLOON_VCC — 1 VM
- 12 VCC
- 11 MODE
- BALLOON_MOSI — 10 AIN1/PH
- 9 AIN2/EN
- BALLOON_MISO — 8 BIN1/PH
- 7 BIN2/EN
- AOUT1 2 — 1
- BOUT1 4 — 2
- AOUT2 3
- BOUT2 5
- J1203
- 6*2 VSS
- GND

A motor connected to J40 flips the pressure chamber then pulses back and forth to mix the fluids.

- TP1201
- BALLOON_VCC — 1
- BALLOON_OUT/16 — 2
- J1201
- 10K R1201
- GND

A normally open limit switch connected to J7 is pressed by the expanding balloon.

- BALLOON_VCC — 1
- BALLOON_SCK — 2
- J1202
- 10K R1202
- GND

A normally open limit switch tells the motor driver when to shut off.

- R1203 10K — BALLOON_VCC
- S1201 RST — BALLOON_RST
- GND

- S1202 — BALLOON_VCC
- BALLOON_OUT/16

Pressure chamber with baking soda and 30% warm vinegar is flipped, the two react and the resulting reaction inflates a balloon which hits a limit switch 20cm away.

"Use a chemical reaction that inflates a balloon so that the balloon strikes an object that originally was at least 20 cm away from the balloon, so that the action of striking the object continues the sequence of events."
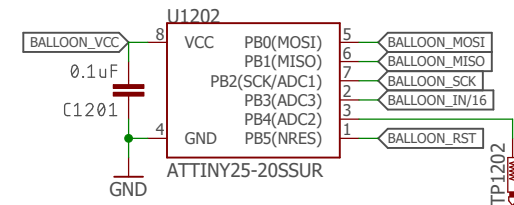
BALLOON ACTION	
TITLE: WMHS Eastern LI Invitational Circuit Board	
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U1302

| IMA7_VCC | 8 | VCC | PB0(MOSI) | 5 | IMA7_MOSI |

0.1uF

C1301

PB1(MISO) — IMA7_MISO
PB2(SCK/ADC1) — IMA7_SCK
PB3(ADC3) — IMA7_IN/16
PB4(ADC2)
4 GND PB5(NRES) 1 — IMA7_RST

GND

ATTINY25-20SSUR

TP1302

U1301

IMA7_VCC	1	VM	AOUT1	2	1
	12	VCC	BOUT1	4	2
	11	MODE	AOUT2	3	
IMA7_MOSI	10	AIN1/PH	BOUT2	5	J1303
IMA7_MISO	9	AIN2/EN			
	8	BIN1/PH			
	7	BIN2/EN			
	6*2	VSS			

GND   DRV8835

A motor connected here rotates, pulling the string that is connected to the mass

J1304

IMA7_MISO	MISO	1	2	VCC	IMA7_VCC
IMA7_SCK	SCK	3	4	MOSI	IMA7_MOSI
IMA7_RST	RST	5	6	GND	

ICSP_HEADER

GND

V_BATT   IC1301
7805DT

| 1 | VI | VO | 2 | IMA7_VCC |

0.33uF   C1303

C1302   GND   0.1uF

GND

TP1301

| IMA7_VCC | 1 |
| IMA7_OUT/16 | 2 |

J1301

A normally open limit switch connected here is pressed by the mass as it lifts

10K R1301

GND

IMA7_OUT/16	D1304 560r
	R1304	GREEN
IMA7_IN/16	D1305 560r
	R1305	YELLOW
IMA7_VCC	D1305 560r
	R1306	RED

GND

A normally closed limit switch connected to this header is pressed by the mass as it raises

100uF, 25V capacitor was added following MIT invitational because of jerky motor performance. Connected between IMA7_VCC and GND on ICSP header on rear of board.

| IMA7_VCC | 1 |
| IMA7_SCK | 2 |

J1302

10K R1302

GND

R1303
	WWW	IMA7_VCC
S1301	10K
RST		IMA7_RST

GND

S1302
| IMA7_OUT/16 | | IMA7_VCC |

The pulley system, powered by the motor, lifts a mass up 10cm and hits two limit switches, one turns off the motor and the other triggers the next action.

"Use a Pulley system with an ideal mechanical advantage (IMA) of at least 7, that lifts an object that is at least 500 g at least 10 vertical cm before the object initiates the next action."

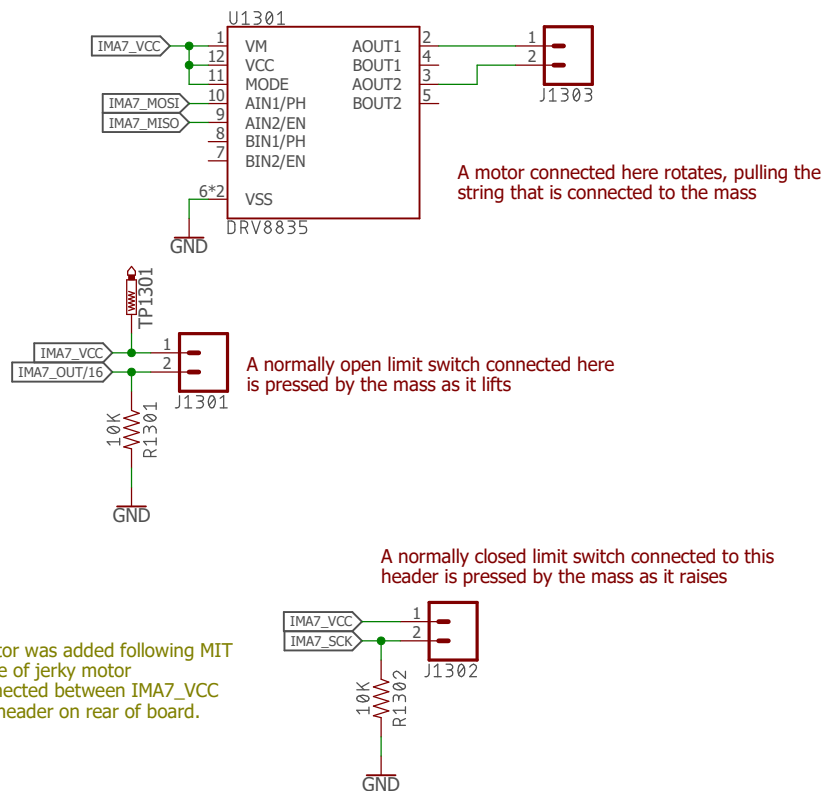# IMA 7 PULLEY ACTION

TITLE: WMHS Eastern LI Invitational Circuit Board

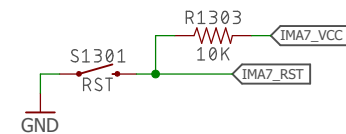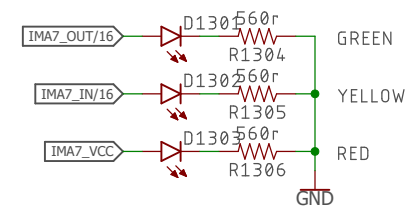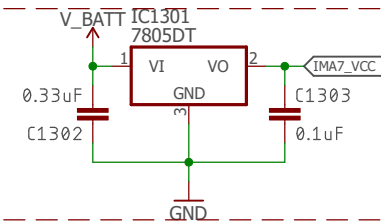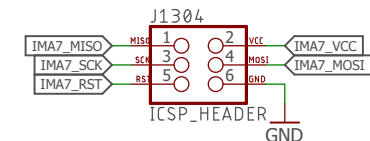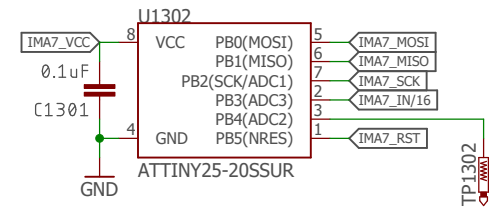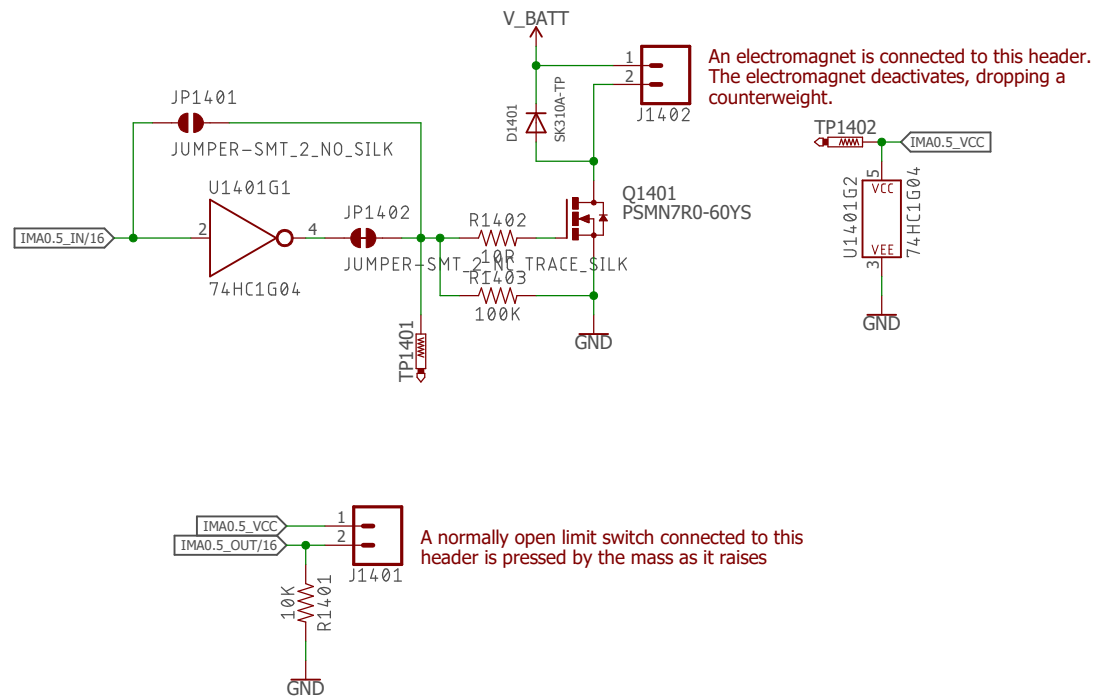Document Number: REV:

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V_BATT

JP1401
JUMPER−SMT_2_NO_SILK

U1401G1
74HC1G04

D1401
SK310A-TP

An electromagnet is connected to this header. The electromagnet deactivates, dropping a counterweight.

1
2
J1402

IMA0.5_IN/16

JP1402
JUMPER−SMT_2_NO_TRACE_SILK

R1402
10R

R1403
100K

Q1401
PSMN7R0-60YS

GND

TP1401

TP1402

U1401G2
74HC1G04

5 VCC
3 VEE

IMA0.5_VCC

GND

IMA0.5_VCC
IMA0.5_OUT/16

1
2
J1401

10K
R1401

GND

A normally open limit switch connected to this header is pressed by the mass as it raises

V_BATT

U1402
IN OUT
EN
GND BP
MIC5205

C1401
2.2uF

IMA0.5_VCC

GND   GND

IMA0.5_OUT/16   D1402 560r   GREEN
                     R1404
IMA0.5_IN/16   D1403 560r   YELLOW
                     R1405
IMA0.5_VCC   D1404 560r   RED
                     R1406
                                    GND

S1401
IMA0.5_OUT/16   IMA0.5_VCC

A counterweight is released by an electromagnet, which drops and pulls up a 500g mass. The mass raises 10cm then hits a limit switch, triggering the next action.

"Use a Pulley system that has an ideal mechanical advantage (IMA) of 0.50 that lifts an object that is at least 500 g at least 10 vertical cm before the object initiates the next action."

IMA 0.5 PULLEY ACTION

TITLE: WMHS Eastern LI Invitational Circuit Board

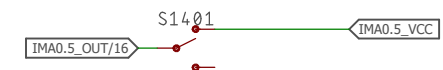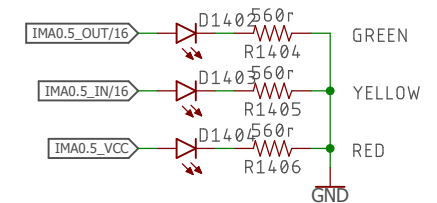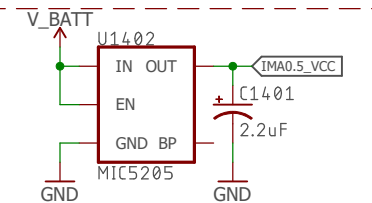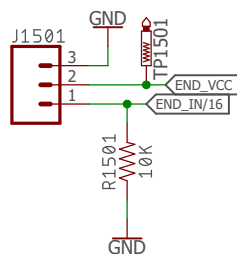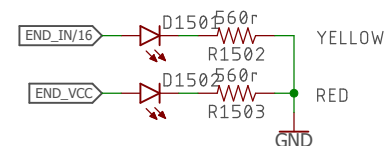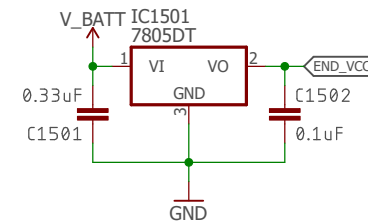Document Number: REV:

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V_BATT IC1501
7805DT

1 VI   VO 2   END_VCC
      GND
3
0.33uF
C1501   C1502
                   0.1uF

GND

GND
J1501   TP1501
3
2   END_VCC
1   END_IN/16

Previous transfer triggers DFrobot sound recording
module (connected to J6), which then plays
the end recording.

R1501
10K

GND

END_IN/16   D150   560r   YELLOW
                    R1502

END_VCC   D150   560r   RED
                    R1503

GND

END TASK

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"The device must play a recording of the
phrase "The End" to signal the end of the run.
This phrase must be clearly audible, and
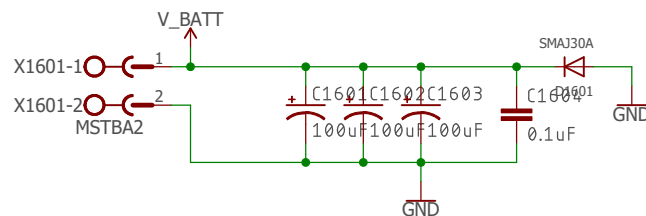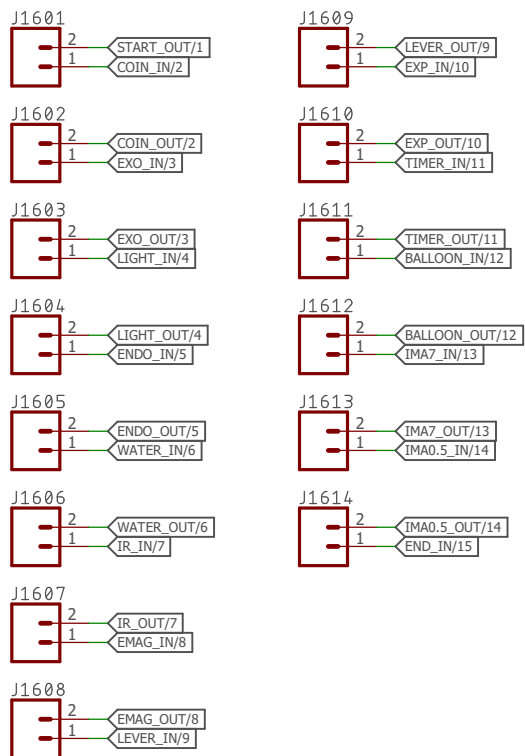demonstrated for the judges prior to the run."

J1601
2 START_OUT/1
1 COIN_IN/2

J1602
2 COIN_OUT/2
1 EXO_IN/3

J1603
2 EXO_OUT/3
1 LIGHT_IN/4

J1604
2 LIGHT_OUT/4
1 ENDO_IN/5

J1605
2 ENDO_OUT/5
1 WATER_IN/6

J1606
2 WATER_OUT/6
1 IR_IN/7

J1607
2 IR_OUT/7
1 EMAG_IN/8

J1608
2 EMAG_OUT/8
1 LEVER_IN/9

J1609
2 LEVER_OUT/9
1 EXP_IN/10

J1610
2 EXP_OUT/10
1 TIMER_IN/11

J1611
2 TIMER_OUT/11
1 BALLOON_IN/12

J1612
2 BALLOON_OUT/12
1 IMA7_IN/13

J1613
2 IMA7_OUT/13
1 IMA0.5_IN/14

J1614
2 IMA0.5_OUT/14
1 END_IN/15

V_BATT

X1601-1   1

X1601-2   2
MSTBA2

C1601 C1602 C1603
100uF 100uF 100uF

C1604
0.1uF

SMAJ30A
D1601
GND

GND

Jumpers are installed on all of the above
headers, with the following exceptions:

J1605 ENDO_OUT -> J1606 IR_IN
J1606 WATER_OUT -> J1611 BALLOON_IN

Power and Inter-Action

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