

# CSCA48 Exercise 8

Due: July 14, 2017. 5:00pm

Last week we worked on recursion, so let's kick it up a notch!

## More Complicated Recursion

In a file called `ex8.py` you must complete the following functions:

- `rsum`: Return the sum of all elements in a given list
- `rmax`: Return the maximum number in a given list
- `second_smallest`: Return the second smallest number in a given list <sup>1</sup>
- `sum_max_min`: Return the sum of the maximum and minimum elements in a given list

Wait a second... isn't this the same set of functions from last week? Almost... but here's the difference. We're no longer working with just lists of integers. We're working with **nested** lists of integers.

In particular, the lists for all four functions can be defined as lists of `Ls` where `L` is defined as either being an integer, the empty list, or a list of `Ls`.

Some example lists would be:

```
[1, 2, 3]
[1, [2, 3]]
[[1], [2, [3]], []]
```

As with the previous exercise, you must implement these functions **recursively**, you may not use loops anywhere in your code and you cannot rely on any built-in functions<sup>2</sup>. You should also be following the same rules of efficiency (you shouldn't pass through any list twice).

If you really planned your previous exercise properly, this shouldn't be a massive change, but make sure you really understand the problem before you start writing any code<sup>3</sup>. Remember, algorithm first, code second.

## What to Submit

As always, your code should not use `import`, `input` or `print` anywhere. Make sure your function and file names are exactly as specified in this handout.

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<sup>1</sup>This can be equal to the smallest number in the list, e.g., `second_smallest([1, 1, 3])` should return 1

<sup>2</sup>Except possibly for `isinstance`... hint hint...

<sup>3</sup>Remember that if you struggled with the previous exercise, you can always go to practicals to get help from the TAs