

ONT Ligation Sequencing Kit LSK-109

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COMMENTS 0

PROTOCOL INFO

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GUIDELINES

Tips for Successful Lab Research

Keep these in mind throughout your research to help prevent mistakes and ensure your work goes smoothly.

- Keep your workstation clean and be careful to not contaminate your samples and solutions
- Carefully and clearly label all your tubes
- Create a naming system for tubes and samples in your group to prevent confusion
- Always double check that you have the correct pipette with the correct amount BEFORE drawing up all solutions
- In fact, always double check that you are drawing up the correct solution using the wrong solution can ruin the whole experiment!
- Use your non-dominant hand, such as a pinky above the tip, to help balance your pipette (ask a demonstrator if unsure about this technique)
- As you progress through a protocol, check off completed steps
- Take thorough lab notes throughout the lab work, including notes on naming systems, issues encountered, and all results
 even take photos if you need to!
- Always ask questions if unsure of anything!

MATERIALS TEXT

Stock solutions

1 M Tris HCl (pH 8):

Add 🛕 15.7 g of Tris HCl to bottle. Add 🚨 75 mL ddH2O. Add 🚨 5 mL 5 M NaOH to adjust to 🕞 8 . Bring to 🚨 100 mL final volume with ddH2O. Place on HulaMixer until all solids dissolve.

0.5 M EDTA (pH 8):



1

4

Add 🗸 18.6 g of disodium EDTA dihydrate to bottle. Add 🗸 75 mL ddH2O and 🚨 10.2 mL **5 M NaOH** to adjust to 🕞 8 Bring to A 100 mL final volume with ddH20. Place on HulaMixer until all solids dissolve. 5 M NaCl: Dissolve A 29.2 g sodium chloride in A 75 mL ddH20. Bring to A 100 mL final volume with ddH20. 50% PEG 8000: To \pm 50 g polyethylene glycol 8000 add ddH20 to a final volume of \pm 100 mL . Place on HulaMixer until all solids dissolve. 10% Tween 20: To \perp 900 μ L ddH2O add \perp 100 μ L Tween 20. Invert repeatedly to mix. Note With the exception of 10% Tween 20 all stock solutions can be UV sterilised. Stock solutions can be stored at room temperature. Store 10% Tween 20 in the dark. **Working solutions** Oxford Nanopore Technologies (ONT) Ligation Sequencing Kit (LSK-109): ONT DNA CS (DCS) ONT Adapter Mix (AMX) ONT Ligation Buffer (LNB) ONT Elution Buffer (EB)

ONT Sequencing Buffer (SQB)

ONT Loading Beads (LB)

ONT Flow Cell Priming Kit:

ONT Flush Tether (FLT)

ONT Flush Buffer (FB)

NEBNext Companion Module for ONT Ligation Sequencing:

NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix

NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer

NEBNext Ultra II End-prep Reaction Buffer



NEBNext Ultra II End-prep Enzyme Mix

NEBNext Quick T4 DNA Ligase

Wash Solution:

To A 80 mL 100% ethanol add A 20 mL ddH20. Invert to mix.

Library Prep Bead Solution (for final A 10 mL vol):

Note

Working solutions should be stored on ice, except for *Library Prep Bead Solution* which can be stored at room temperature.

Bead suspension

It is simplest to take aliquots of beads from the Sera Mag SpeedBead bottle at adequate amounts for use, e.g. Z 200 µL in the case of Z 10 mL Library Prep Bead Solution. Allow Sera-Mag SpeedBeads bottle to reach room temperature. Vortex the bottle until the beads are completely resuspended - this may take some time but it is essential they are fully resuspended (i.e. they are not clumped on the base of the bottle). Immediately after resuspension transfer the desired volume of Sera-Mag SpeedBeads to a 1.5 ml tube. Store aliquots in the fridge ready for preparation.

Bead suspension preparation for 4 10 mL Library Prep Bead Solution:

- 1. Allow Sera-Mag SpeedBeads aliquot to reach room temperature.
- 2. Add A 200 µL ddH20. Vortex thoroughly to resuspend beads. Centrifuge briefly to remove droplets from tube lid.
- 3. Place on magnetic stand until supernatant is completely clear and beads are bound towards magnet. This should take approximately 00:02:00 but can take longer.
- 4. While on the stand carefully remove and discard supernatant without disturbing beads.
- 5. Add A 500 µL ddH20. Vortex tube to resuspend beads. Centrifuge briefly to remove droplets from tube lid.
- 6. Place on magnetic stand until supernatant is completely clear and beads are bound towards magnet. This should take approximately 600:10:00 but can take longer.
- 7. While on the stand carefully remove and discard supernatant without disturbing beads.
- 8. Repeat steps 5 to 7 three more times.
- 9. Add 200 µL *Elution Buffer* to match the starting volume of aliquot. Vortex tube to resuspend beads. Centrifuge briefly to remove droplets from tube lid.

Add \bot 50 μ L of **10% Tween 20** to **Library Prep Bead Solution** (\bot 10 μ L) then add the prepared \bot 200 μ L aliquot of **Bead suspension.** Place on HulaMixer until mixed thoroughly.

Note

Once 10% Tween 20 and Bead Suspension are added to Library Prep Bead Solution it should be refrigerated, avoid prolonged exposure to light.

BEFORE STARTING

Thaw ONT DNA CS (DCS) at room temperature, spin down, mix by pipetting, and place on ice.

Prepare the **NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix** and **NEBNext Ultra II End repair / dA-tailing Module** reagents in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, and place on ice. NEB recommend the following:

- 1. Thaw all reagents on ice.
- 2. Flick and/or invert reagent tube to ensure they are well mixed.
- 3. Always spin down tubes before opening for the first time each day. The NEBNext Ultra II End-prep Reaction Buffer and NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer may have a little precipitate. Allow the mixture to come to room temperature and pipette the buffer up and down several times to break up the precipitate, followed by vortexing the tube for several seconds to ensure the reagent is thoroughly mixed.
- 4. The NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer may have a yellow tinge and is fine to use if yellow.

Spin down the ONT Adapter Mix (AMX) and NEBNext Quick T4 DNA Ligase, and place on ice.

Thaw *ONT Ligation Buffer* (*LNB*) at room temperature, spin down and mix by pipetting. Due to viscosity, vortexing this buffer is ineffective. Place on ice immediately after thawing and mixing.

Thaw the ONT Elution Buffer (EB) at room temperature, mix by vortexing, spin down and place on ice.

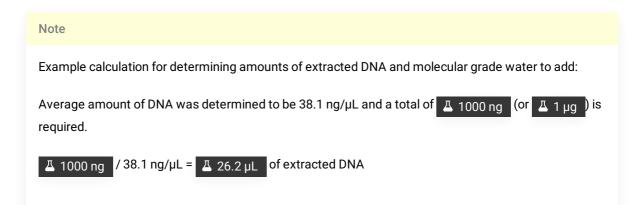
For flow cell loading:

Thaw the *ONT Sequencing Buffer* (*SQB*), *ONT Loading Beads* (*LB*), *ONT Flush Tether* (*FLT*) and one tube of *ONT Flush Buffer* (*FB*) at room temperature before mixing the reagents by vortexing, and spin down at room temperature.

Perform hardware check on MinION device then retrieve a MinION flow cell, allowing it to reach room temperature. Once it has reached room temperature, place the flow cell in the device and perform a flow cell check (minimum number of pores is 800).

DNA Repair and End-prep

- 1 Prepare DNA in molecular grade water
- 1.1 Transfer $\[\] \bot 1 \] \mu g$ of extracted DNA to a 1.5 ml LoBind tube and adjust volume to $\[\] \bot 47 \] \mu L$ with molecular grade water



- 1.2 Mix thoroughly by flicking tube
- 1.3 Centrifuge tube for 00:00:01
- Add \pm 47 μL of prepared DNA in molecular grade water and pipette mix 10-20 times
- 4 Add 🗸 3.5 µL of **NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Buffer** and pipette mix 10-20 times
- 5 Add 🗸 2 µL of **NEBNext FFPE DNA Repair Mix** and pipette mix 10-20 times
- 6 Add 🔼 3.5 µL NEBNext Ultra II End-prep Reaction Buffer and pipette mix 10-20 times
- 7 Add 🗷 3 µL NEBNext Ultra II End-prep Enzyme Mix and pipette mix 10-20 times
- 8 Centrifuge for 00:00:05

5s

1s

5m

5s

Note

Take *Library Prep Bead Solution* from the fridge and allow it to reach room temperature while in the Thermal Cycler

- 10 Vortex Library Prep Bead Solution
- 11 Transfer \pm 60 μ L of the DNA sample to a 1.5 ml LoBind tube
- Add <u>Library Prep Bead Solution</u> and gently flick to resuspend beads (ensure all beads are resuspended with no clumps)
- Place on HulaMixer (continual rotation, 30 01 orbital rpm, reciprocal and vibro off) for 00:05:00
- 14 Centrifuge for (5) 00:00:05
- Place on magnetic stand until supernatant is clear and beads are bound towards magnet
- 16 While on the stand carefully remove and discard supernatant without disturbing beads
- 17 Add A 200 µL Wash Solution



5s

2m

- 22 Centrifuge for 00:00:05
- 23 Incubate 00:02:00 Room temperature
- 24 Place on magnetic stand until supernatant is clear and beads are bound towards magnet

Adapter Ligation and Clean-up

- 26 Add 4.25 µL ONT LNB to the DNA sample and pipette mix 10-20 times
- 27 Add 🗸 10 µL NEBNext Quick T4 DNA Ligase and pipette mix 10-20 times
- Add Δ 5 µL **ONT AMX** and pipette mix 10-20 times
- 29 Centrifuge for (5) 00:00:05
- 30 Incubate for 👏 00:20:00 👃 Room temperature
- Add <u>Add uL Library Prep Bead Solution</u> and and gently flick to resuspend beads (ensure all beads are resuspended with no clumps)

5s

20m

5m

5s

- Place on HulaMixer (continual rotation, 30 01 orbital rpm, reciprocal and vibro off) for 00:05:00
- Centrifuge for 00:00:05
- Place on magnetic stand until supernatant is clear and beads are bound towards magnet

- 35 While on the stand carefully remove and discard supernatant without disturbing beads 36 Add A 200 µL Wash Solution 30s 36.1 Incubate at room temperature for 00:00:30 37 While on the stand carefully remove and discard supernatant without disturbing beads 38 Repeat steps 36 to 37 a further time 5s 39 Centrifuge for 00:00:05 and place back on magnetic stand ensuring beads are bound towards magnet 39.1 Remove all remaining *Wash Solution* with a 🚨 10 µL pipette 39.2 Air dry tube with cap open until beads are completely dry (i.e. no longer shiny), but not long enough to allow the pellet to crack
- Centrifuge tube for 00:00:05

clumps)

40

5s

- 42 Place in Thermomixer 550 rpm, 37°C, 00:10:00
- Place on magnetic stand until supernatant is clear and beads are bound towards magnet
- Carefully transfer eluate to a fresh 1.5 ml LoBind tube without disturbing beads

Note

Priming and Loading Flow Cell

Note

The next steps will all be performed by a demonstrator for multiple groups.

- Prepare the *Priming Mix* by adding $\Delta 30 \, \mu L$ of *ONT FLT* directly to the tube of *ONT FB*
- 46.1 Vortex *Priming Mix*
- Slide the priming port cover clockwise to open the priming port on the MinION flow cell

- Set a P1000 pipette to \underline{L} 200 μL and insert the tip into the priming port
- Turn the wheel until the dial shows $\Delta 230~\mu L$, to draw back $\Delta 30~\mu L$, or until you can see a small volume of buffer entering the pipette tip

Note

Visually check that there is continuous buffer from the priming port across the sensor array and do not remove more than 20-30 μ l, and make sure that the array of pores are covered by buffer at all times

- Load $\underline{\mathsf{L}}$ 800 $\mu \mathsf{L}$ of the *Priming Mix* into the flow cell via the priming port, avoiding the introduction of air bubbles
- Thoroughly mix the contents of the *ONT LB* by pipetting

Note

These beads settle very quickly. It is vital that they are mixed immediately before use.

- To your $\[\[\] \]$ 12 μ L of final library, add $\[\] \]$ 37.5 μ L of **ONT SQB**
- Add \mathbb{Z} 25.5 μ L of **ONT LB**
- Gently lift the SpotON sample port cover on the MinION flow cell to make the SpotON sample port accessible
- Load Δ 200 μL of the *Priming Mix* into the flow cell via the priming port (not the SpotON sample port), avoiding the introduction of air bubbles
- Gently mix the final library by pipetting

- Add A 75 µL of sample to the flow cell via the SpotON sample port in a dropwise fashion (ensure each drop flows into the port before adding the next)
- 57.1 Gently replace the SpotON sample port cover, making sure the bung enters the SpotON port
- Close the priming port and replace the MinION device lid