Automated Reasoning: Solutions for Tutorial 2

Exercise 1

An interpretation with a domain containing a single member (i.e. a singleton set) will satisfy the formula. For example, if the domain is $\{a\}$ then either p(a) is true or p(a) is false. In either case, the statement is true.

Note: There are many other possible solutions.

Exercise 2

See the Isabelle theory file.

Note: The statements from this exercise can be proved in several ways. Moreover, Isabelle has pre-proved lemmas that can make some of these proofs fairly trivial. You should attempt to prove the statements using only the basic Natural Deduction rules for classical FOL.

Exercise 3

1.
$$(\forall x.P \, x \to Q) \to (\exists x.P \, x \to Q)$$

$$\frac{\overline{P\,a \to Q \vdash P\,a \to Q}}{\forall x.P\,x \to Q \vdash P\,a \to Q} \begin{array}{c} assumption \\ all\,E \\ \hline \forall x.P\,x \to Q \vdash \exists x.P\,x \to Q \end{array} \begin{array}{c} all\,E \\ \hline \vdash (\forall x.P\,x \to Q) \to (\exists x.P\,x \to Q) \end{array} impI$$

2. $\forall x. \neg P x$, assuming that $\neg \exists x. P x$

$$\frac{Px_0 \vdash Px_0}{Px_0 \vdash \exists x. Px} \begin{array}{l} assumption \\ exI \\ \hline \neg \exists x. Px, Px_0 \vdash \bot \\ \hline \neg \exists x. Px \vdash \neg Px_0 \\ \hline \neg \exists x. Px \vdash \forall x. \neg Px \end{array} \begin{array}{l} notE \\ allI \end{array}$$

3. $\exists x. \neg P x$, assuming that $\neg \forall x. P x$ is true

$$\frac{\frac{\neg P \, x_0 \vdash \neg P \, x_0}{\neg P \, x_0 \vdash \exists x. \neg P \, x} \, exI}{\frac{\neg \exists x. \neg P \, x, \neg P \, x_0 \vdash \bot}{\neg \exists x. \neg P \, x \vdash P \, x_0}} \, \underset{ccontr}{notE} \\ \frac{\neg \exists x. \neg P \, x \vdash P \, x_0}{\neg \exists x. \neg P \, x \vdash \forall x. P \, x} \, allI}{\frac{\neg \forall x. P \, x, \neg \exists x. \neg P \, x \vdash \bot}{\neg \forall x. P \, x \vdash \exists x. \neg P \, x}} \, \underset{ccontr}{notE}$$