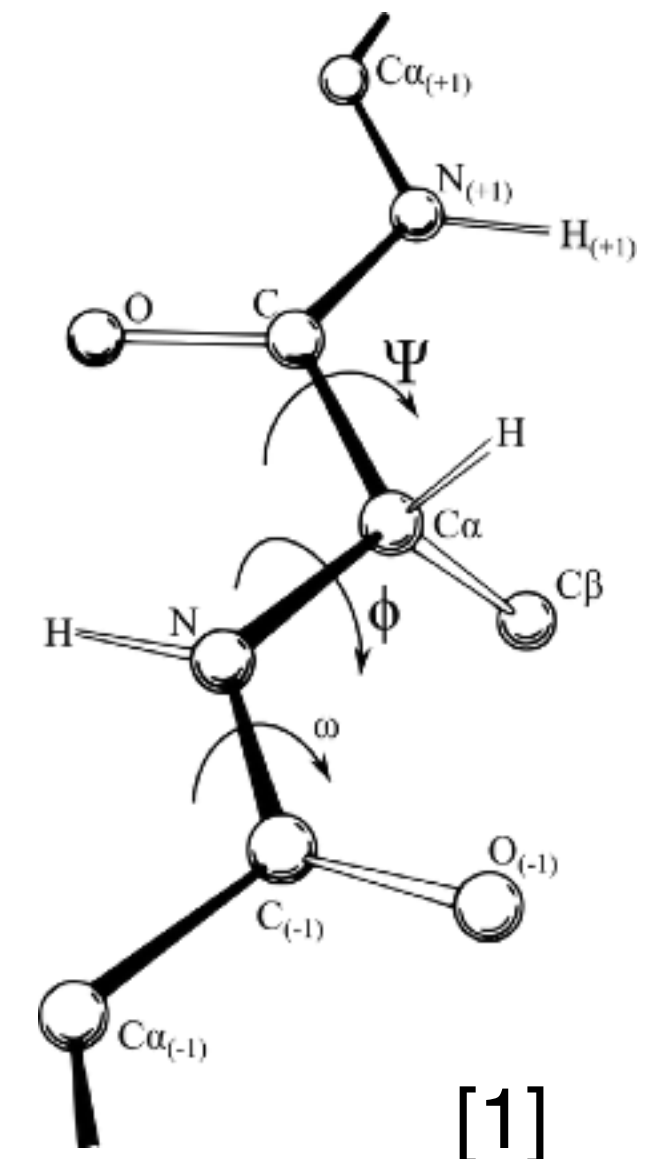
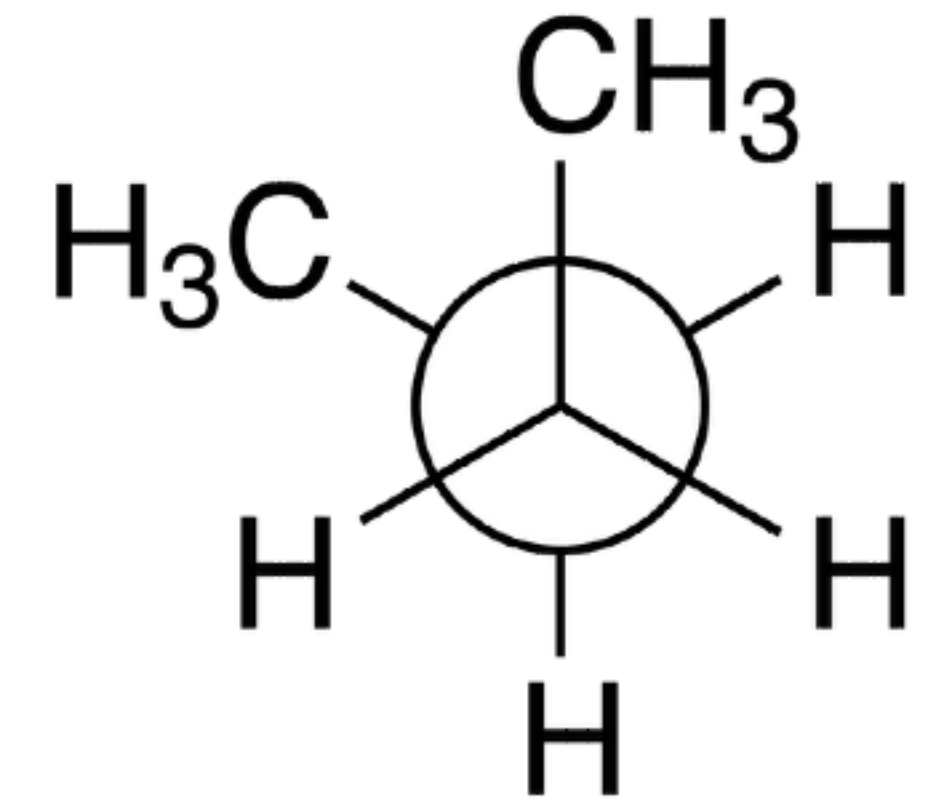


Dimensionality reduction

- Biomolecular simulations have $3N$ dimensions, but in practice, functionally relevant macromolecular motion can be described with a lot fewer.
- Cartesian coordinates (x , y , and z) of each atom are the most common description but molecular systems can be described by other coordinate systems
- You have probably already seen
 - the free energy of butane as a function of the dihedral angle
 - the Ramachandran diagram, where protein backbones are described by the ϕ and ψ angles



Principal component analysis (PCA)

- An *automated* way to do dimensionality reduction
- A linear transformation of coordinates in decreasing order of variance
 - First principal component has the largest variance
 - Second principal component has second largest variance
 - And so forth
- Dimensions can be reduced by keeping the highest-variance dimensions
- See https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Principal_component_analysis

