Informetis Assessment Q1

There are two dice. A person rolls the first die. If the number is higher than 2, they roll the first die again. Otherwise, they roll a second die. If the number on the second die is greater than 5, they score 1 point. If the number on the second die is less than or equal to 5, they score 2 points. What is the expectation value and variance if this game is played many times?

Answer

There are two dices (Dice a and Dice b) and three scenarios (x_1 , x_2 and x_3), each with their respective scores and probabilities.

Scenarios

<u>Aa</u> Scenario	■ Description	■ Probability	# Points Scored
<u>x1</u>	Dice <i>a</i> > 2	4/6=0.67	0
<u>x2</u>	Dice $a \le 2$ & Dice $b > 5$	2/6 * 1/6 = 0.056	1
<u>x3</u>	Dice $a \le 2$ & Dice $b \le 5$	2/6 * 5/6 = 0.278	2

Note that the Score for scenario x_1 is assumed to be 0, as it's not explicitly stated in the question.

Expected Value

The **expected value** (or mean) of X, where X is a discrete random variable, is a weighted average of the possible values that X can take, each value being weighted according to the probability of that event occurring.

$$E[X] = \sum x \cdot p$$

So the expected value is the sum of: [(each of the possible outcomes) \times (the probability of the outcome occurring)]. Note, here we're assuming that it is the score that we're getting the expected value of and NOT the number on the dice (1 to 6).

Hence, the expected value E = (0.67*0) + (0.056*1) + (0.278*2) = 11/18 = 0.61

Variance

The variance of a random variable tells us something about the spread of the possible values of the variable. For a discrete random variable X, the variance of X is written as Var(X).

$$Var(X) = \sum x^2 p \; - \; \mu^2$$

Where μ is the expected value of 0.61 calculated earlier. Hence, calculating variance for score $Var(X)=0^2*0.67+1^2*0.056+2^2*0.278-0.61=5/9=0.56$