

March 12, 2014

Due: March 14

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

## Second-order linear equations

1. Find the roots of the characteristic equation for the differential equation  $y'' + 9y = 0$ . Note that the discriminant is negative, so they are complex. Call them  $r_1$  and  $r_2$ .
2. Evaluate  $(r_1 + r_2)/2$  and  $(r_1 - r_2)/2i$ . What do you notice about these numbers?
3. What complex exponential functions solve the differential equation? Use the roots you found and ape the exponential trick from before. (You want two different functions,  $u_1$  and  $u_2$ , with no  $c_1$  or  $c_2$ .)
4. Write these functions using Euler's formula. Use the identities  $\sin(-x) = -\sin(x)$  and  $\cos(-x) = \cos(x)$  to simplify.
5. Write down  $y_1 = (u_1 + u_2)/2$  and  $y_2 = (u_1 - u_2)/2i$  and simplify. What do you notice?

6. Apply the method to each differential equation, obtaining two independent *real-valued* solutions. (Independent means the Wronskian is nonzero.) Remember:

$$e^{(x+iy)t} = e^{xt} e^{iyt}$$

(a)  $y'' + 2y' + 8y = 0$

(b)  $3y'' + 6y' + 4y = 0$

(c)  $6y'' - 8y' + 10y = 0$